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War and Peace

BY LEO TOLSTOY

Translated by LOUISE and AYLMER MAUDE



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BIOGRAPHICAL NOTE

LEO TOLSTOY 18 8—1910

COUNT LEO ALOLAYEVICH TOLSTOY was born
in his family estate of Yasnaya Polyana

interested in the popular progress reform movement of the time and in 1871 he decided to go abroad and study the educational and municipal systems of other countries. That year he travelled in Europe. At Yasnaya Polyana

times. He had, however, done a great deal of reading, of French, English and Russian novels, the New Testament, the Bible and Herodotus. The execution of the greatest influence upon him at this time was Rousseau. He read his complete works and for some time wore a button on his neck in memory of Rousseau.

Immediately upon leaving the university Tolstoy returned to his estate and perhaps inspired by his enthusiasm for Rousseau prepared to devote himself to agricultural and to improve the condition of his serfs. His first attempt at social improvement disappointed him and after six months he withdrew to Moscow. St. Petersburg was his home for the next time. In 1880 he endeavored to escape military duty, more than anything his habit, but he had to join the Army as a volunteer. During the Caucasus. While in Tiflis, preparing for his examination, he wrote his first poem, "The Childhood Boyhood and Youth," which he elaborated to happiness. He was then in nature see whether immortality with her. He also began "The Cause of the War and Peace," which he regarded as the enemy of happiness. Although during his army life, he gradually came to realize that military career is the most difficult sooner I get out of it. He decided to rely on literature the better. His "Sevastopol Sketch" (1855) were so successful that Czar Nicholas issued orders that he should be exempted from post office duty.

Returning to St. Petersburg, Tolstoy was rewarded with great success both in official and literary circles of the capital. He soon became

shameful. He started making no provision for his future and the same time served as an official arbitrator for grievances between the nobles and the recently emancipated serfs. By the end of 1862 he was so exhausted that he could not attend to his duties and returned to the seppies and drank a great deal of health.

Tolstoy had been contemplating marriage for some time, and in 1862 he married Sophie Behrs, fifteen years his junior and the daughter of a fashionable Moscow doctor. The early married life of the young couple was tranquil. Family cares occupied the Countess, and in the course of the life she bore thirteen children, of whom survived only one. Yet he also acted as a copyist for her husband, who after their marriage turned again to writing. He was soon at work upon a novel of the 1800s, which bore the title "War and Peace." He went frequently to Moscow studying letters, dramas, and translated into Russian. He cumulated a whole library of historical material on the period. He reviewed the works of the best writers of that time and translated Borodino to draw up a map of the battleground. Finally in 1869, after he had undergone several changes in occupation and he had spent five years of uninterrupted and exceptional strenuous labor under the best conditions, he published his first novel, "War and Peace."

co-temporary writers.

The years immediately following the completion of "War and Peace" were passed in great variety of occupations, many of which Tolstoy found satisfactory. He tried busy

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himself with the affairs of his estate under took the learning of Greek to read the ancient classics turned again to education wrote a series of elementary school books and served as school inspector With much urging from his wife and friends he completed *Anna Karenina* which appeared serially between 1855 and 1869 Disturbed by what he considered his unreflective and prosperous existence Tolstoy became increasingly interested in religion At first he turned to the orthodox faith of the people Unable to find rest there he began a detailed examination of religions and out of his reading particularly of the Gospels gradually evolved his own personal doctrine

Following his conversion Tolstoy adopted a new mode of life He dressed like a peasant devoted much of his time to manual work learned shoemaking and followed a vegetarian diet With the exception of his youngest daughter Alexandra Tolstoy's family remained hostile to his teaching The breach between him and his wife grew steadily wider In 1879 he wrote the *Kreutzer Sonata* in which he attacked the normal state of marriage and extolled a life of celibacy and chastity In 1881 he divided his estate among his heirs and a few years later despite the opposition of his wife announced that he would forego royal ties on all the works published after his conversion

Tolstoy made no attempt at first to propagate his religious teaching although it attracted

many followers After a visit to the Moscow slums in 1881 he became concerned with social conditions and he subsequently aided the sufferers of the famine by sponsoring two hundred and fifty relief kitchens After his meeting and intimacy with Chertkov Tolstoyism began to develop as an organized sect Tolstoy's writings became almost exclusively preoccupied with religious problems In addition to numerous pamphlets and plays he wrote *What is Art?* (1897) in which he explained his new aesthetic theories and *My Life* (1903) which became the favorite work of his old age Although his activities were looked upon with increasing suspicion by the official authorities Tolstoy escaped official censure until 1901 when he was excommunicated by the Orthodox Church His followers were frequently subjected to persecution and many were either banished or imprisoned

Tolstoy's last years were embittered by

poverty living on his great estate Finally at the age of eighty-two with the aid of his daughter Alexandra he fled from home His health broke down a few days later and he was removed from the train to the station master's hut at Astopovo where he died November 19, 1910 He was buried at Yasnaya Polyana in the first public funeral to be held in Russia without religious rites

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THE PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS ARRANGED IN FAMILY GROUPS

THE BEZUKHOVS

Count Cyril Bezukh a wealthy nobleman of the 19th century
 Pierre his nephew legitimate first son of the Count
 Boris his illegitimate character of the novel
 Princess Catherine his cousin

THE ROSTOVs

son of the family as a cadet

Countess Vera Rostova the eldest daughter
 Countess Natalya (Natalie) Rostova the young daughter the central
 family
 Sonya youngest daughter of the Rostovs
 Lieutenant Alphonse de Berg officer who marries Vera

THE BOLKÓNSKIS

Prince Nicholas Andreyevich Bolkonsky the daughter

the most

Princess Anna (Anatole) Andreyevna Bolkonsky the daughter
 Prince Nikolai (Nikolai) Andreyevich Bolkonsky the son

THE KURÁGINs

Prince Ilia Kuragin the brother
 Prince Hippolyte Kuragin the nephew
 Prince Anatole Kuragin the illegitimate son
 Princess Hélène Kuragin his daughter the first Hélène

THE DRUBETSKOVS

Princess Maria (Maria) Drubetskaya the daughter
 Prince Boris (Boris) Drubetskoy the nephew
 Prince Nikolai (Nikolai) Drubetskoy the son

THE PRINCIPAL CHARACTERS ARRANGED IN FAMILY GROUPS

THE BEZUKHOVS

Co t Cyril Bezukho u lthy n blem f Cath rine the G e t s t me
P erre his u h l g i t m z e d f t r l s f t h e r s d e t h b e o m e s Count
B rukh -th e t l h c t r f t h e o u e l
P r n e s s Cat che P e e s c u s

THE ROSTOVS

Cou t Ilyá Rostó u lthy obl m n
Cou tess N t ly R tó a h u f
Co t N ch l R tó t l l d s u h g e s t t h e r m y a s a c a d e t
Count Pete (Pétya) R st t h e y
Count ss V é r a Rostó t h l d d h t
Co tess N t aly (N tá h) Rostó t h r y o g r d u g h t t h e c e n t r a l
f m l e h t e r
Só ya. p e f t h e R t
L i e t n n t A p l n s e k á r l c h B r g f i u h m m l é a

THE BOLKÓNSKIS

Pri ce N ch l a A n d é e c h B o l k ó k a t d g e r l
Prince A d e s B l k ó s k i h u s m m b o f k u t o u' s t f f
P r e s s M r y B l k s k a y a h d g h t
P e s s E l s a b e t h (L a s) B l k ó n k y a P r i A d e w u f t h m o s t
f a s t g m P t e b g
P r i n N c h l s (k k) A d é c h B o l k ó k P A d e w s o n

THE KURAGINS

Pri e l l k u r á g n l d e r l y b l m
P r i H p p o l y t e k u r á h u k m d d l d e r s
P r i e A n l e k u r á h p f l g t e y g s
P r e s H é l è k u r á g i h u s d a g l t t h b t f l H é l è e'

THE DRU ETSKOYS

P r i e s s A n M k h á l n D r u b t s k á y a m p o i r u s h d b l e u m n
P r B o (B r y) D r u b e t s k y h u h t t h m y
J l k r á g h w h l t m s B s

DATES OF PRINCIPAL HISTORICAL EVENTS

	O S	N S	
1805	Oct 11	Oct 3	Kutuzov inspects regiment near Braunau <i>Le malheureux Mack</i> arrives
	Oct 3	Nov 4	The Russian army crosses the Enns
	Oct 4	Nov 5	Fight at Amstetten
	Oct 28	Nov 9	The Russian army crosses the Danube
	Oct 30	Nov 11	Defeats Mortier at Durrenstein
	Nov 4	Nov 16	Napoleon retreats to Murat from Schonbrunn
	Nov 4	Nov 16	Battle of Schon Grabern
	Nov 19	Dec. 1	The Council of War at Ostrauitz
	Nov 6	Dec.	Battle of Austerlitz
1807	Jan 7	Feb 8	Battle of Preussisch Eylau
	June 2	June 14	Battle of Friedland
	June 13	June 25	The Emperors meet at Tilsit
1812	May 17	May 29	Napoleon leaves Dresden
	June 1	June 24	Napoleon crosses the Niemen and enters Russia
	June 14	June 6	Alexander sends Balashev to Napoleon
	July 13	July 25	" "
	Aug 4	Aug 16	" "
	Aug 5	Aug 17	" "
	Aug 7	Aug 19	Prince Nicholas Bolkónski leaves Bald Hills for Boguchirovo
	Aug 8	Aug 20	Kutuzov appointed Commander in Chief
	Aug 10	Aug 22	Prince Andrew's column abreast of Bald Hills
	Aug 17	Aug 29	Kutuzov reaches Tsirevo Zaymishche and takes command of the army
	Aug 17	Aug 29	Nicholas I ostón rides to Boguchirovo
	Aug 24	Sept 5	Battle of the Shevárdino Redoubt
	Aug 26	Sept 7	Battle of Borodinó
	Sept 1	Sept 13	Kutuzov orders retreat through Moscow
	Oct 6	Oct 18	Battle of Tarutino
	Oct 6 7 and 8	Oct 18 19 and 20	The French leave Moscow
	Oct 12	Oct 4	Battle of Málo Yaroslávets
	Oct 21	Nov 2	Cossacks harry the French at Vázma
	Oct 8	Nov 9	The French at Smolénsk
	Nov	Nov 14	" "
	Nov 4 8	Nov 16 20	Battles at Krísnoe
	Nov 9	Nov 21	Ney with rearguard reaches Orshá
	Nov 14 16	Nov 17 28	Crossing of the Berezina
	Nov 23	Dec 5	Napoleon abandons the army at Smorgóni
	Dec. 6	Dec 18	He reaches Paris

Book One 1805

*

CHAPTER I

m told with you dy r no l ng r my
frie d l ger my f thf l l you
call y rself But h w do y u do I se I h e
frie hte d you—sit d wn nd tell m all the
ne s.

It was n July 80 nd the speaker was th
w ll kn wn A n Pál n Schérér m d of
h d f rit of the Emp ess Márya Fe-
d ro n. W th these d she greeted P
V T k ra n m n f h h r a k d mpor-
t ce wh wa the first t r r e ther recep-
t A Pál n h d h d cou h f som
d ys. Sh as. he sa d sufferi g f om l
g pp grúppe be the new word n St.
P t en b rg, used ly by tl cl t

All her tat n with t ex ept n wht
t Fre ch d d l er ed by sca let l er
ed footman that m ru ra as f llow

If y h n thing b tter to d Co nt [r
P] d f the prospect of pe ding n
even w th poo al d n t too terr bl
I hall be ery h rmed t se y ut n ght be
t e 7 d o—A tt Sché

Hea en w l t r ul t t k l epl ed
th p th least d se cert d by th
re ept He h d j ter d ear n em
bro dered court n f rm knee b eeches, nd
hoes d had tars h breast d e
exp es h fl t f H pok n th t
refi ed F h wh ch grandf thers t
l pok b t d ght, d w th the gentl
p tr u n n tural to m n f
mport wh had grown ld soc ty nd
t urt H went p An Pál lovn k ssed
her h d present g her h b ld scen d
d sh head, d ompl cently sea d
h mself the sofa.

First f ll, dear fri nd tell m h w y

a e Set yo fr ends m d at rest sa d he
tho t lte n h s t ne beneath the pol te
ness and affected symp thy of wh ch nd fier
nc a d even irony could be d scerned.

Can e be w ll wh le sufferi g m rally?
Can o e be calm n t mes l ke these if one l
a y f l ng? sa d V na Pál na "You are
stay ng th hole even I hope"

And th fete at the E l h ambassad rs?
Tod y Wednesday I m t put n an appear
nce there sa d the p nce My dau l ter
com fo me to t ke me ther

I th u l t today fet had been ca celed
I co fess all these fest ties and fireworks are
be om g rison

If they h d kno n that y u w hed t, the
en rt nme t would h e be n put off sa d
the p ce wh l ke wound up clock by
fo ce of hab t sa d th n he d d n t e en wish
to b bel eved

D t tease Well and wh t has been de-
cided bo t N stser s disp tch? You kn w
everyth ng

Wh t can n say about t? epl ed th
p n cold l tless tone What h s be n
decided They h e decided th t B ap te
h b rnt h bo t and I bel eve that ar
re dy t b r nours

P e Vasil lw y poke l nou dl l k
n ct r peatu tal p rt Ann Pál o n
Schérér n the contrary desp t her fortyy rs
o fl w d w th m t n d m pl nes
T be n nthu a th d bec m h social o-
cat n d som tmes even wh n h d d not
f l l ke t she became enthu ast c n order
n t t d sappoint the expect t n f th se
wh k ew her Tl subd ed sm le wh h
th gh t did n t u t her f d d f tures al

-

WAR AND PEACE

I don't understand things but Austria never has wished and does not wish for war. She is betraying us! Russia alone must save Europe. Our gracious sovereign recognizes his high vocation and will be true to it. That is the one thing I have faith in! Our good and wonderful sovereign has to perform the noblest role on earth and he is so virtuous and noble that God will not forsake him. He will fulfill his vocation and crush the hydra of revolution which has become more terrible than ever in the person of this murderer and villain! We alone must avenge the blood of the just one.

Whom I ask you can we rely on? England with her commercial spirit will not and cannot understand the Emperor Alexander's

first secretary

abnegation of our Emperor who wants nothing for himself but only desires the good of mankind. And what have they promised? Nothing! And what little they have promised they will not perform! Prussia has always declared that Buonaparte is invincible and that all Europe is powerless before him. And I don't believe a word that Hardenburg says or Haugwitz either. This famous Prussian neutrality is just a trap. I have faith only in God and the lofty destiny of our adored monarch. He will save Europe!

She suddenly paused smiling at her own impetuosity.

I think said the prince with a smile that if you had been sent instead of our dear Wintzingerode you would have captured the king of Prussia's consent by assault. You are so eloquent. Will you give me a cup of tea?

In a moment *A propos* she added becoming calm again. I am expecting two very interesting men tonight. Le Vicomte de Mortemart who is connected with the Montmorencys through the Rohans one of the best French

first the
you
n re

carelessness as if it had only just occurred to him though the question he was about to ask was the chief motive of his visit. It is true that the Dowager Empress wants Baron Funke to be appointed first secretary at Vienna? The baron

by all accounts is a poor creature.

Prince Vasilı wished to obtain this post for his son but others were trying through the Dowager Empress Mırya Fedorovna to secure it for the baron.

Anna Pávlovna almost closed her eyes to indicate that neither she nor anyone else had a right to criticize what the Empress desired or was pleased with.

Baron Funke has been recommended to the Dowager Empress by her sister was all she said in a dry and mournful tone.

As she named the Empress Anna Pávlovna's face suddenly assumed an expression of profound and sincere devotion and respect mingled with sadness and this occurred every time she mentioned her illustrious patroness. She added that Her Majesty had deigned to show Baron Funke *beaucoup d'estime* and again her face clouded over with sadness.

The prince was silent and looked indifferent. But with the womanly and courtierlike quickness and tact habitual to her Anna Pávlovna wished both to rebuke him (for daring to speak as he had done of a man recommended to the Empress) and at the same time to console him so she said.

Now about your family. Do you know that since your daughter came out everyone has been enraptured by her? They say she is amazingly beautiful.

The prince bowed to signify his respect and gratitude.

I often think she continued after a short pause drawing nearer to the prince and smiling amiably at him as if to show that political and social topics were ended and the time had come for intimate conversation—I often think how unfairly sometimes the joys of life are distributed. Why has fate given you two such splendid children? I don't speak of Anatole your youngest. I don't like him she added in a tone admitting of no rejoinder and raising her eyebrows. Two such charming children. And really you appreciate them less than any

— them

Lavater

would have said. I lack the bump of paternity.

Don't joke. I mean to have a serious talk with you. Do you know I am dissatisfied with your younger son? Between ourselves (and her face assumed its melancholy expression) he was mentioned at Her Majesty's and you were pitted

The prince answered nothing but she

looked t h m s g n f i c a n t l y w a t g a r p l y
H f n e d

— A d h e a d a t
f r
n e d
b u t

ut fools H p p o y a
A a t l n c t n T h t s t h e o n l y d f
f e r e c e b e t w e n t h e m H e a d t h m l g
i a y m t r a l a n d n m t e d t h a n
l s o t h t t h e w r n k l e s r u d h s m o u t h
e r y c l e a r l y r e e l e d s m t h g u n e p e c t e d l y
o r s e a d u p l e s n t.

A d w h y e c h l d e n b n t o u c h m e n a s
y u ? I f y o u w n t f t h e r t h e w o l d b e
t h I o l d p h y o u w t h s d A n n a

m o s t d e o t e d s l a e ~ s l a f e s t h a n f a s a i l l a g e
e l d e r o f m e w r i t e s n h r e p o t s S h e i s r i c h
a n d f g o o d f m l y a n d t h t a l l f w n t
A n d w t h t h e f m l a r t y n d e a s y g r e
p e c l r t o h m h e r a i e d t h e m a d o f h n s
h n d t o h s l p s k i s s e d t n d s w u n g i t t o a n d
f r o s h e l y b k n h s r m c h r l o o k n g i t
n o t h e r d r c t o n

A t t e d s a d A n n a P á v l o v n a r e f l e c t u g
I l l p e a k t o L i s e y u n g B l k ó n s k i s f e t l
v e r y e n n g d p e r b p s t h e t h n c a b e
a r r a n g e d I t h l l b e o n y u r f m l y b e l l f
t h t I l l s t a r t m y a p p r e n t c e s h i p o l d m d

CHAPTER II

" d r e g n p r o o m w a s g r a d u a l l y

1

m e d t e d

H e y u e v t h o g h t f m r r y g y o u r
p d g a l n A t o l e ? h e a k e d " T h e y a y
l d m a d s h a e m n f o m t c h m k n g a n d
u k e s n m e l f

t t h m b s d s e t e r t a n m e t s l e w r e
b a l l d s s a n d h e b a d g e a m a d o f h o r T h e
y o u t h f u l l i t t l e P r n c e s B l k ó k a y a k n w n
a s l a f m m e l p l u s s d u a t d e P é t e s b u g

m e w t h M o r t e m r t w h m h e i n t r d u c d
T h e A b b é M o o a n d m n y t h e r a h d a l s o
c o m e

T o c h n e w a r r i l A n n P á l o n s a d
T u h e n o t y e t e n m y u n t r l y u d o
n t k w m y u n t ? n d e r y g r a e l y c o n
d u c t e d h m o h e r t o a l t l e o l d l y
l a r g e b o w s f b b o n n h e r c a p w h h d m e
s l g n f r m n t h e r r o o m a s s o o n t h e
g u e t b e g a n t o a r r i v n d s l o l y t r n h e
e y e s f r m t h e v t t o h e r a u n t A n n P á
l n m e n t d a c h o n e n m a d t h
l e f t t h e m

E a c h t p e r f m e d t h c e m n y o f
g r e e t n g t h o l d u n t w h m n t n f t h e m
k n w n t o f t h e m w n t e d t o k n o w a d
n o t o n f t h e m c r e d b t A P á l n
o b s e r v e d t h g r e t o s w t h m o r n f l a n d s o l
e m n n t e r t d s l t p p v a l T h e u n t
s p k e t o e a c h f t h e m n t h e s a m e w r d s a b o u t
t h e i r h e a l t h a d h e r w n a n d t h e h e l t h o f
H e r M j e s t y w h t h a n k G o d w a s b e t t e r t o

T h m o s t f a s t g m P b

q c k o f m e m r y a d p p t n b h t t g
m n f t h e w l d h d c a t d b y a m e
m t f t h e h e d t h t h e w a c n s d n g t h i s
f r m a t

D y k w h e s d a t l t d n t l y
b l t h k t h d r r t h u s t h g h t s,
t h t A t l c u n g m e f t y t h o u n d
r u b l e s y e a r ? A d h w e n t f t e r p e
h a t w l l t b n f i y r s f h e g o e o n l k e
t h P e s e t l y h e d d e d T h a t w h t w e
f t h e r s e t p t u p w t h I s t h i s p n c e s
f y r s c h

H e f h e r e r y h a n d s t u n g y H l e s
c h u n t r y f f e t h w f k n o w n P r c e
B l k ó k w h h d t t r e f r o m t h r m y u n d
t h l t e E m p d w a s n k a m d t h e
k g f P r u s s H e s e r y c l e v e r b t n
t r e d b o e T h p o o r g l i s e r y u h a p p y
S h h a b r o t h e r I t h k y k n w h m, h
m r i e d L i s e M i n n l t l y H i s a n d e d e
c m p f k u t d w i l l b h e t n g h t.
L a t e d e a r A e t t e s a d t h p n s d
d e l y t a k g A n P á l n h a d a d f r
s o m s o d r a w g i d n w r d l r r a
t h a t f f m e d l h a l l l y b e y u

her the whole evening

The young Princess Bolkónskaya had

too short for her teeth but it lifted all the more sweetly and was especially charming when she occasionally drew it down to meet the lower lip. As is always the case with a thoroughly attractive woman her defect—the shortness of her upper lip and her half open mouth—seemed to be her own special and peculiar form of beauty. Everyone brightened at the sight of this pretty young woman so soon to become a mother so full of life and health and carrying her burden so lightly. Old men and dull dispirited young ones who looked at her after being in her company and talking to her a little while felt as if they too were becoming like her full of life and health. All who talked to her and at each word saw her bright smile and the constant gleam of her white teeth thought that they were in a specially amiable mood that day.

The little princess went round the table with quick short swaying steps her workbag on her arm and gaily spreading out her dress sat down on a sofa near the silver samovar as if all she was doing was a pleasure to herself and to all around her. I have brought my work said she in French displaying her bag and addressing all present. Mind Annette I hope you have not played a wicked trick on me she added turning to her hostess. You wrote that it was to be quite a small reception and just see how badly I am dressed. And she spread out her arms to show her short waisted lace trimmed dainty gray dress girdled with a broad ribbon just below the breast.

Soyez tranquille Lise you will always be prettier than anyone else replied Anna Pávlovna.

You know said the princess in the same tone of voice and still in French turning to a general my husband is deserting me? He is going to get himself killed. Tell me what this wretched war is for? she added addressing Prince Vassili and without waiting for an answer she turned to speak to his daughter the beautiful Hélène.

cc

built young man with close-cropped hair spectacles the light colored breeches fashionable at that time a very high ruffle and a brown

dress coat. This stout young man was an illegitimate son of Count Bezukhov a well known grandee of Catherine's time who now lay dying in Moscow. The young man had not yet entered either the military or civil service as he had only just returned from abroad where he had been educated and this was his first appearance in society. Anna Pávlovna greeted him with the nod she accorded to the lowest hierarchy in her drawing room. But in spite of this lowest grade greeting a look of anxiety and fear as at the sight of something too large and unsuited to the place came over her face when she saw Pierre enter. Though he was certainly rather bigger than the other men in the room her anxiety could only have reference to the clever though shy but observant and natural expression which distinguished him from everyone else in that drawing room.

It is very good of you Monsieur Pierre to come and visit a poor invalid said Anna Pávlovna exchanging an alarmed glance with her aunt as she conducted him to her.

Pierre murmured something unintelligible and continued to look round as if in search of something. On his way to the aunt he bowed to the little princess with a pained smile as to an intimate acquaintance.

Anna Pávlovna's alarm was justified for Pierre turned away from the aunt without waiting to hear her speech about Her Majesty's health. Anna Pávlovna in dismay detained him with the words Do you know the Abbé Morio? He is a most interesting man.

Yes I have heard of his scheme for perpetual peace and it is very interesting but hardly feasible.

You think so rejoined Anna Pávlovna in order to say something and get away to attend to her duties as hostess. But Pierre now committed a reverse act of impoliteness. First he had left a lady before she had finished speaking to him and now he continued to speak to another who wished to get away. With his head bent and his big feet spread apart he began explaining his reasons for thinking the abbé's plan chimerical.

We will talk of it later said Anna Pávlovna with a smile.

And having got rid of this young man who did not know how to behave she resumed her duties as hostess and continued to listen a little watch ready to help at any point where the conversation might happen to flag. As the foreman of a spinning mill when he has set the hands to work goes round and notices here a

sp dl that has st pped there one that
 creaks makes more n e tha t sh uld, nd
 hasten t check the ma h e r set tin proper
 motion so A Pá l n mo ed about her
 drawin room approach n w l ent n w
 too-n usv gro p and b word l eht re
 rran'em nt kept th e creat nal ma h e
 steady proper d regular motu B t
 amid these cares her nxi ty about P err wa
 evicent. She kept n nx ou watch n hum
 hen he pproached th group ound M rt
 mart to l i ten t wh t was be ng said there nd
 ain hen he p ssed to an th group whose
 enter was the bbe

Perre had been ed cated broad and ths
 receptu at Ann P l vn wa th first h
 had tte ded Russ H knew that ll th
 int llectual hts f Petersburg were gathered
 there and, like ch ld tos h p d d not
 k w wh ch wa t look fraud of missing any
 clever co versati that wa to be heard. See
 in the self-co fid t d refined express o
 th fa es f those present he w l avs ex
 pectn t hear som ths erv prof u d. At
 last h came p t M rio Here the con ersa
 tion seemed interest d h stood waitin
 for an pportun ty t express his wn cws
 u. peopl ar f d of d

CHAPTER III

A N P lo n s recept was full swing
 The spindles hummed ead ly d caselessly
 on ll des. W th th excep so of th unit,
 beside hom sat onl on elderly l d wh
 w th her th careworn f was rather out of
 plac th brillia t soc ty th wh le com
 p h ds, tiled into three gro p O e chieff
 mascul had f rm d ound th bbe An
 other of g peopl wa crouped round
 th bea uful Princes H l Prince V sil s
 daugh er d th littl Pri cess Bolk n ka a
 erv pretty and rosy th b rather too plump
 f w her a, e. Th th rd gro p wa gathered
 rou d M rtemart and A Pá lo na.

Th comt was n look youn man
 w th soft features d pol shed man ers, who
 ev d ntr on dered himself a el brity but
 out f pol tenes modestly placed himself at
 th disposal f th circ in which h found
 h mself Anna Pá lovn was obvio sly servin
 him p treat to her guests. As clever
 mature d hôte serves up specta lly cho ce
 d linary pec fmez that o who had
 seen t the kitchen would ha cared t eat,
 so A na Pá lovna served up to her guests, first
 th accom.e and then the bbe as peculiarly

cho ce morsels. The gr up abo t M rtemart
 immediat l beand scuss gth m rder of tl
 D cd En h e Tle comte sa d that d e Duc
 d En h en h d perished b l o n ma
 n m t nd th t th e were part cular reason

the
 sou d of that se ten e C ter ous gela
 l e mt

Th vicomte bowed nd m led courteou l
 n t ken of hi will nness to comply Ann
 P l vn arra ed a group ro nd hum n t
 everso t l i n to his tal

Th comte knew the du person ll
 wh ppered Anna P lo n too e of the guests.
 Th comt wo derful ra out ur sa d
 s. t an ther H wes dently h belon to
 the best soc ety sa d she to a th d nd th
 vi omt wa served up t th comp n in the
 ch eat nd most ad antageou t l l le
 well-earn shed j nt of oa t beef on hot
 di h

Th comt wshed to begin his st ry and
 ga e ubtl m le

Come er her H lène dea sa d A n
 Pá lo n to the bea tful y u p cess ho
 was s tu w me wa ll, the c ter of nother
 gr up

The princess smiled. She rose w th the same
 u ch n o m le w th wh ch he h d first en
 tered the oom—the m le of a perfectly beaut
 f l wom W th l ht ru ll of h wh te
 d es trimmed w th moss nd th leam
 f wh te ho ld rs, los h r d sp kl
 duamo ds, sh passed between t e m n who
 m de wa f r her n t look n t ny of them
 but sm l g n all s f gr ously ll w n
 ea h th p ler f dm her beautif l
 fleur d shapel hould rs, back, and bosom
 —wh ch n th fash n of those d vs were ery
 m ch exposed—nd sh seemed to b e the
 glamou f b lloom th h he m ed
 t ward A n P l rn Helle wa so lo ef
 that n t l d d sh n t sh w trace of
 coquetry b t n the o trary sh ev n ppeared
 sh f h quest n bl nd ll oo t
 ou beaut Sh seemed t w sh, but t be un
 bl t d m n sh is effect.

H w joy ly sa d very n who saw h r
 and th comt l fted his h ulders nd
 dropped h eyes s f tartled by som thn ex
 tra rd ry wh sh took her seat oppos t nd
 beamed pon him also with her u chang
 stail

Madame I doubt my ability before such an audience said he smilingly inclining his head

The princess rested her bare round arm on a little table and considered a reply unnecessary. She smilingly waited. All the time the story was being told she sat upright glancing now at her beautiful round arm altered in shape by its pressure on the table now at her still more beautiful bosom on which she rested a diamond necklace. From time to time she smoothed the folds of her dress and when ever the story produced an effect she glanced at Anna Pavlovna at once adopted just the expression she saw on the maid of honor's face and again relapsed into her radiant smile.

The little princess had also left the tea table and followed Hélène.

Wait a moment I'll get my work. Now then what are you thinking of? she went on turning to Prince Hippolyte. Fetch me my workbag.

There was a general movement as the princess smiling and talking merrily to everyone at once sat down and gaily arranged herself in her seat.

Now I am all right she said and asking the vicomte to begin she took up her work.

Prince Hippolyte having brought the workbag joined the circle and moving a chair close to hers seated himself beside her.

Le charmant Hippolyte was surprising by his extraordinary resemblance to his beautiful sister but yet more by the fact that in spite of this resemblance he was exceedingly ugly. His features were like his sister's but while in her case everything was lit up by a joyous self-satisfied youthful and constant smile of animation and by the wonderful classic beauty of her figure his face on the contrary was dulled by imbecility and a constant expression of sullen self-confidence while his body was thin and weak. His eyes nose and mouth all seemed puckered into a vacant vacated grimace and his arms and legs always fell into unnatural positions.

It's not going to be a ghost story? said he sitting down beside the princess and hastily adjusting his lorgnette as if without this instrument he could not begin to speak.

Why no my dear fellow said the astonished narrator shrugging his shoulders.

Because I hate ghost stories said Prince Hippolyte in a tone which showed that he only understood the meaning of his words after he had uttered them.

He spoke with such self-confidence that his hearers could not be sure whether what he said was very witty or very stupid. He was dressed in a dark green dress coat knee breeches of the color of *cuisse de nymphe effrayée* as he called it shoes and silk stockings.

The vicomte told his tale very neatly. It was an anecdote then current to the effect that the Duc d'Enghien had gone secretly to Paris to visit Mademoiselle George that at her house he came upon Bonaparte who also enjoyed the famous actress's favors and that in his presence Napoleon happened to fall into one of the fainting fits to which he was subject and was thus at the duke's mercy. The latter spared him and this magnanimity Bonaparte subsequently repaid by death.

The story was very pretty and interesting especially at the point where the rivals suddenly recognized one another and the ladies looked astatel.

Charming! said Anna Pavlovna with an inquiring glance at the little princess.

Charming! whispered the little princess sticking the needle into her work as if to testify that the interest and fascination of the story prevented her from going on with it.

The vicomte appreciated this silent praise and smiling gratefully prepared to continue but just then Anna Pavlovna who had kept a watchful eye on the young man who so alarmed her noticed that he was talking too loudly and vehemently with the abbé so she hurried to the rescue. Pierre had managed to start a conversation with the abbé about the influence of power and the latter evidently interested

Europe and the rights of the people the abbé was saying. It is only necessary for one powerful nation like Russia—barbaric as she is said to be—to place herself disinterestedly at the head of an alliance having for its object the maintenance of the balance of power of Europe and it would save the world.

But how are you to get that balance? Pierre was beginning.

At that moment Anna Pavlovna came up and looking severely at Pierre asked the Italian how he stood the Russian climate. The Italian's face instantly changed and assumed an offensively affected sugary expression evidently habitual to him when conversing with women.

"I'm so enchanted by the brilliancy of the wit and culture of this society more especially of the feminine society in which I have had the honor to be received that I have not yet had time to think of the dilemma said he. The young abbé and Prince escape Anna Pavlova the more conveniently to keep them under observation brought them into the larger circle.

CHAPTER II

Just then another entered the drawing room. Prince Andrew Bolkonsky the little princess had said. He was very handsome.

I knew nothing of the drawing room, but had found them to be so tiresome that I wearied him to look to listen to them. And among all these faces that he found so tedious, seemed to bore him so much, that of his pretty wife. He tried to draw her with a grimace that distressed his handsome face, kissed Anna Pavlova's hand and screwed up his eyes scanned the whole company. It was the war Prince said Anna Pavlova.

General Kutuzov said Bolkonsky peaked in French dresses, though it is still the general, unlike Frenchmen has been pleased to take me as aide-de-camp.

And I like your wife.

"She will go to the country.

Are you not ashamed to discuss your harm?

He said his wife addressed her husband in the same coquettish manner in which she spoke to other men. The countess has been ill, us such tall, bou M demoiselle George and B. parte.

Prince Andrew screwed up his eyes and turned away from the moment. Prince Andrew entered the room and watched him though affectedly, not eyes, now came and looked his room. But he looked round. Prince Andrew frowned, expressing his annoyance with whoever was with him. But he saw Prince's beams of light, he expected to be and pleasant.

"There now! So you, too, are in the great world? said he to Prince.

I knew you would be here, replied Prince. I will come to supper with you. My dear

added in a voice so silent to disturb the vicomte who was continuing his story. Impossible said Prince Andrew. I understand, said Prince. He had to show that there was no need to ask the question. He

passed.

You must excuse me, dear vicomte said Prince. I will tell the Frenchman his long and won by the lecture naturally prevent his saying. "The unfortunate fate of the ambassador deprives me of a pleasure and obliges me to interrupt you. I am very sorry to leave your enchanting party said he turning to Anna Pavlova.

radiantly on her beautiful face. Prince gazed at her with rapacious, almost frightened, eyes. He passed him.

"Very likely said Prince Andrew.

"Very said Prince.

mean and thus the first time I have seen him in society. Nothing so necessary for young men as the society of level men.

Anna Pavlova smiled and promised to talk. Prince had said. She knew his father to be a connection of Prince Vassili. The elderly lady who had been with the old count rose hurriedly and overtook Prince Vasil in the anteroom. All the affection of interest she had as much as to let her kindly to return with her and then we pressed only anxiety and fear.

How about my son Boris, Prince said she, hurrying after him into the anteroom. I cannot remain any longer in Petersburg. Tell me what news I may take back to my poor boy.

Although Prince Vasil then reluctantly did not cry politely the elderly lady even betraying some impatience she gave him no reason and appeal of smile and took her hand that he might not go away.

What would it cost you to say word to the

Madame I doubt my ability before such an audience said he smilingly inclining his head

The princess rested her bare round arm on a little table and considered a reply unnecessary She smilingly waited All the time the story was being told she sat upright glancing now at her beautiful round arm altered in shape by its pressure on the table now at her still more beautiful bosom on which she readjusted a diamond necklace From time to time she smoothed the folds of her dress and whenever the story produced an effect she glanced at Anna Pavlovna at once adopted just the expression she saw on the maid of honor's face and again relapsed into her radiant smile

The little princess had also left the tea table and followed Hélène

Wait a moment I'll get my work Now then what are you thinking of? she went on turning to Prince Hippolyte Fetch me my workbag

There was a general movement as the princess smiling and talking merrily to everyone at once sat down and gaily arranged herself in her seat

Now I am all right she said and asking the vicomte to begin she took up her work

Prince Hippolyte having brought the workbag joined the circle and moving a chair close to hers seated himself beside her

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which was why Anna Pavlovna disapproved

The means are the balance of power in Europe and the rights of the people the abbé was saying It is only necessary for one powerful nation like Russia—barbaric as she is said to be—to place herself disinterestedly at the head of an alliance having for its object the maintenance of the balance of power of Europe and it would save the world!

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D = P t d to G ch la to ch

I hope this will prove the last drop that will make the bass run over" Anna Pálóna continued. "The sovereign will not be able to endure this man who menaces to every thing."

"The sovereign I do not speak of Russia," said the vicomte politely but hopelessly. "The ——— With these they done

rewarded and then the reward of their betrayal of the Bourbon cause. The sovereign who they are sending ambassadors to compliment the usurper."

And to him disdained full he was changed his position.

Prince Hippolyte who had been waiting for the vicomte for some time through his forerunner suddenly turned completely round toward the little princess. She had asked for and began tracing the Condé coat of arms on the table. He explained this to her with much gravity as if she had led him to do it.

Bonaparte's great enemies I do great things for ——— on C d said he

The princess listened smiling.

If Bonaparte remain on the throne of France earl on the throne continued with the same firmness. "Matter with his high is to be equanimity. He does not listen to others but follows the current of his own thoughts. Things will have gone too far Bonaparte. Hence exile and executions. Each society—I mean good French society—will have been forever destroyed, and then

He shrugged his shoulders and spread out his hands. Pierre would make remarks for the conversation interested him, but Anna Pálóna who had him under observation interrupted.

"The Emperor Alexander said she with the monarch which always accompanied reference of hers to the Imperial family. He declared that he will leave the French people themselves to choose their own form of government and I believe that once free from the usurper that whole nation will certainly throw itself into the arms of its rightful king. She concluded, trying to be amiable to the royalist emigrant.

"That is doubtful," said Prince Andrew. "Monseigneur Vicomte quite rightly supposes that matters have already gone so far I think will be difficult to return the old regime.

From what I have heard said Pierre blushing and breaking into the conversation almost all the aristocracy has already gone over to Bonaparte's side.

It is the Bonapartists who say that," replied the vicomte without looking at Pierre. At the present time it is difficult to know the real state of French public opinion.

"Bonaparte has said so," remarked Prince Andrew with a sarcastic smile.

It was evident that he did not like the vicomte and was aiming his remarks at him though without looking at him.

I showed them the path to glory but the

justified in saving so

"Not in the least," replied the vicomte. After the murder of the duke even the most partial ceased to regard him as a hero. If to some people he went on to turn to Anna Pálóna he never was a hero after the murder of the duke there was on martyr more in heaven and on earth less on earth.

Before Anna Pálóna and the others had time to smile their appreciation of the vicomte's epigram Pierre again broke into the conversation, and though Anna Pálóna felt sure he would say something inappropriately she was unable to stop him.

"The execution of the Duc d'Enghien," declared Monsieur Pierre "was a political necessity and it seems to me that Napoleon showed greatness of soul by not fearing to take on himself the whole responsibility of that deed.

D = Mon D = muttered Anna Pálóna in terrified whisper.

"What, Monsieur Pierre? Do you consider that assassination shows greatness of soul," said the little princess, smiling and drawing her work nearer to her.

"Oh, Oh," exclaimed several voices.

"Capital!" said Prince Hippolyte in English, and began slapping his knee with the palm of his hand.

The vicomte merely shrugged his shoulders. Pierre looked solemnly at him and once over his spectacles continued.

It is so he continued desperately "because the Bourbon fled from the Revolution leaving the people to anarchy and Napoleon alone understood the Revolution and guided it, and so for the general good, he could not stop short of the sake of a man's life.

difficult for me to ask the Emperor I should advise you to appeal to Rummyantsev through Prince Golitsyn That would be the best way

The elderly lady was a Princess Drubetskaya belonging to one of the best families in Russia but she was poor and having long been out of society had lost her former influential connections She had now come to Petersburg to procure an appointment in the Guards for her only son It was in fact solely to meet Prince Vasilı that she had obtained an invitation to Anna Pavlovna's reception and had sat listening to the vicomte's story Prince Vasilı's words frightened her an embittered look clouded her once handsome face but only for a moment then she smiled again and clutched Prince Vasilı's arm more tightly

Listen to me Prince said she I have never yet asked you for anything and I never will again nor have I ever reminded you of my father's friendship for you but now I entreat you for God's sake to do this for my son—and I shall always regard you as a benefactor she added hurriedly No don't be angry but promise! I have asked Golitsyn and he has refused Be the kindhearted man you always were she said trying to smile though tears were in her eyes

Papa we shall be late said Princess Hélène turning her beautiful head and looking over her classically molded shoulder as she stood waiting by the door

Influence in society has ever been capital which has to be economized if it is to last Prince Vasilı knew this and having once realized that if he asked on behalf of all who begged of him he would soon be unable to ask for himself he became chary of using his influence But in Princess Drubetskaya's case he felt after her second appeal something like qualms of conscience She had reminded him of what was quite true he had been indebted to her father for the first steps in his career More over he could see by her manners that she was one of those women—mostly mothers—who having once made up their minds will not rest until they have gained their end and are prepared if necessary to go on insisting day after day and hour after hour and even to make scenes This last consideration moved him

My dear Anna Mikháylovna said he with his usual familiarity and earnestness I'll do it

Guards Here is my hand on it Are you satisfied?

My dear benefactor! This is what I expected from you—I knew your kindness! He turned to go

Wait—just a word! When he has been transferred to the Guards she faltered You are on good terms with Michael Ilarionovich Kutuzov recommend Boris to him as adjutant! Then I shall be at rest and then

Prince Vasilı smiled

No I won't promise that You don't know how Kutuzov is pestered since his appointment as Commander in Chief He told me himself that all the Moscow ladies have conspired to give him all their sons as adjutants

No but do promise! I won't let you go! My dear benefactor

Papa said his beautiful daughter in the same tone as before we shall be late

Well *au revoir!* Good bye! You hear her?

Then tomorrow you will speak to the Emperor?

Certainly but about Kutuzov I don't promise

Do promise do promise Vasilı cried Anna Mikháylovna as he went with the smile of a coquettish girl which at one time probably came naturally to her but was now very ill suited to her careworn face

Apparently he had forgotten her age and by force of habit employed all the old feminine arts But as soon as the prince had seen her face resumed its former cold artificial expression She returned to the group where the vicomte was still talking and again pretended to listen while waiting till it would be time to leave Her task was accomplished

CHAPTER V

AND what do you think of this latest comedy the coronation at Milan? asked Anna Pavlovna and of the comedy of the people of Genoa and Lucca laying their petitions before Monsieur Buonaparte and Monsieur Buonaparte sitting on a throne and granting the petitions of the nations? Adorable! It is enough to make one's head whirl! It is as if the whole world had gone crazy

Prince Andrew looked Anna Pavlovna straight in the face with a sarcastic smile

Dieu me la donne gare à qui la touche! They say he is very fine when he said that he remarked repeating the words in Italian

God has given it to me let I know who touches it
I know!

Won't you come over to the other table? suggested Anna Pavlovna.

But Pierre continued his speech without heeding her.

No," cried he, becoming more and more eager. "Napoleon is great because he rose superior to the Revolution, suppressed its abuses, preserved all that was good in it—equality of citizenship and freedom of speech and of the press—and only for that reason did he obtain power."

Yes! having obtained power without availing himself of it to commit murder, he had restored it to the rightful king. I should have called him a great man," remarked the vicomte.

He could not do that. The people only gave him power that he might rid them of the Bourbons, and because they saw that he was a great man. The Revolution was a grand thing! continued Monsieur Pierre, betraying by this desperate and provocative proposition his extreme youth and his wish to express all that was in his mind.

What? Revolution and regicide a grand thing? Well, after that. But won't you come to this other table? repeated Anna Pavlovna.

said the vicomte.

I am speaking.

regretted

they

are not what is most important. What is important are the rights of man, emancipation from prejudices and equality of citizenship and all these ideas Napoleon has retained in full force.

been discredited. Who does not love liberty and equality? Even our Saviour preached liberty and equality. Have people since the Revolution become happier? On the contrary. We wanted liberty, but Buonaparte has destroyed it.

Prince Andrew kept looking with an amused smile from Pierre to the vicomte and from the vicomte to their hostess. In the first moment of Pierre's outburst Anna Pavlovna, despite her social experience, was horror-struck. But when she saw that Pierre's sacri-

legious words had not exasperated the vicomte and had convinced herself that it was impossible to stop him, she rallied her forces and joined the vicomte in a vigorous attack on the orator.

But my dear Monsieur Pierre," said she, "how do you explain the fact of a great man executing a duc—or even an ordinary man—who is innocent and untried?"

I should like," said the vicomte, "to ask how Monsieur explains the 18th Brumaire?" "Is no."

was horrible!," said the little princess, shrugging her shoulders.

He's a low fellow," say what you will," remarked Prince Hippolyte.

Pierre, not knowing whom to answer, looked at them all and smiled. His smile was unlike the half-smile of other people. When he smiled, his grave, even rather gloomy look was instantaneously replaced by another—a childlike, kindly, even rather silly look, which seemed to ask forgiveness.

The vicomte, who was meeting him for the first time, saw clearly that this young Jacobin was not so terrible as his words suggested. All were silent.

How do you expect him to answer you all at once? said Prince Andrew. Besides, in the actions of a statesman, one has to distinguish between his acts as a private person, as a general, and as an emperor. So it seems to me.

Yes, yes, of course! Pierre chimed in, pleased at the arrival of this reinforcement.

One must admit," continued Prince Andrew, "that Napoleon, as a man, was great on the bridge of Arcole, and in the hospital at Jaffa, where he gave his hand to the plague-stricken, but—but there are other acts which it is difficult to justify."

Prince Andrew, who had evidently wished to tone down the awkwardness of Pierre's remarks, rose and made a sign to his wife that it was time to go.

Suddenly Prince Hippolyte started up, making signs to everyone to attend, and asking them all to be seated, began:

I was told a charming Moscow story today, and must treat you to it. Excuse me, Vicomte—I must tell it in Russian or the point will be lost. And Prince Hippolyte began to tell his story in such Russian as a Frenchman would speak after spending about a year in

turning and glancing at her husband Prince Andrew's eyes were closed so weary and sleepy did he seem

Are you ready? he asked his wife looking past her

Prince Hippolyte hurriedly put on his cloak which in the latest fashion reached to his very heels and stumbling in it ran out into the porch following the princess whom a footman was helping into the carriage

Princesse au revoir cried he stumbling with his tongue as well as with his feet

The princess picking up her dress was taking her seat in the dark carriage her husband was adjusting his saber Prince Hippolyte under pretense of helping was in everyone's way

Allow me sir said Prince Andrew in Russian in a cold disagreeable tone to Prince Hippolyte who was blocking his path

I am expecting you Pierre said the same voice but gently and affectionately

The postilion started the carriage wheels rattled Prince Hippolyte laughed spasmodically as he stood in the porch waiting for the vicomte whom he had promised to take home

Well *mon cher* said the vicomte having seated himself beside Hippolyte in the carriage your little princess is very nice very nice indeed quite French and he kissed the tips of his fingers Hippolyte burst out laughing

Do you know you are a terrible chap for all your innocent airs continued the vicomte

I pity the poor husband that little officer who gives himself the airs of a monarch

Hippolyte spluttered again and amid his laughter said And you were saying that the Russian ladies are not equal to the French? One has to know how to deal with them

Pierre reaching the house first went into Prince Andrew's study like one quite at home and from habit immediately lay down on the sofa took from the shelf the first book that came to his hand (it was Caesar's *Commentaries*) and resting on his elbow began reading it in the middle

What have you done to Mlle Schérer? She will be quite ill now said Prince Andrew as he entered the study rubbing his small white hands

Pierre turned his whole body making the sofa creak He lifted his eager face to Prince Andrew smiled and waved his hand

That abbé is very interesting but he does

not see the thing in the right light In my opinion perpetual peace is possible but—I do not know how to express it not by a balance of political power

It was evident that Prince Andrew was not interested in such abstract conversation

One can't everywhere say all one thinks *mon cher* Well have you at last decided on anything? Are you going to be a guardsman or a diplomatist? asked Prince Andrew after a momentary silence

Pierre sat up on the sofa with his legs tucked under him

Really I don't yet know I don't like either the one or the other

But you must decide on something! Your father expects it

Pierre at the age of ten had been sent abroad with an abbé as tutor and had remained away till he was twenty When he returned to Moscow his father dismissed the abbé and said to the young man Now go to Petersburg look round and choose your profession I will agree to anything Here is a letter to Prince Vasilii and here is money Write to me all about it and I will help you in everything Pierre had already been choosing a career for three months and had not decided on anything It was about this choice that Prince Andrew was speaking Pierre rubbed his forehead

But he must be a Freemason said he referring to the abbé whom he had met that evening

That is all nonsense Prince Andrew again interrupted him let us talk business Have you been to the Horse Guards?

No I have not but this is what I have been thinking and wanted to tell you There is a war now against Napoleon If it were a war for freedom I could understand it and I should be the first to enter the army but to

at Pierre's childish words He put on the air of one who finds it impossible to reply to such nonsense but it would in fact have been difficult to give any other answer than the one Prince Andrew gave to this naive question

If no one fought except on his own conviction there would be no wars he said

And that would be splendid said Pierre Prince Andrew smiled ironically

Very likely it would be splendid but it will never come about

"Well, why are you going to the war?" asked Pierre.

"What for? I don't know. I must. Besides what I am going. He paused. I am going because the life I am leading here does not suit me!"

CHAPTER VII

THE STYLE of woman dress was heard in the next room. Prince Andrew shook himself as if waking up and himself assumed the look he had in Anna Pavlovna's drawing room. Pierre removed his feet from the sofa. The princess came in. She had changed her gown or house dress as fresh and elegant as the latter. Prince Andrew rose and politely placed his hand for her.

It was, as usual in French, settling down briskly and fussily in the easy chair. "How is it, Anne? never got married? How stupid you men all are not to have married! Excuse me for saying so, but you are no sense about women. What an argument! fellow you are, Monsieur Pierre!"

"And I am still arguing with your husband. I can't understand why he wants to go to the war," replied Pierre, addressing the princess. "It is none of the business of the women to be shown by young men in their intercourse with young women."

Pierre

demand why men can't live without wars. It was at that time women don't want anything of the kind. You need it? Now you shall have between us. I always tell him. Here he is. Uncle André's camp, most brilliant position. He so well known in such a position. He might easily become aide-camp to the Emperor. You know the Emperor spoke to him most graciously. An officer and I were speaking of how to arrange it. What do you think?

Pierre looked at his friend and, noticing that he did not like the conversation, no reply.

When they started, he asked,

"Oh, don't speak thus. I won't hear it. Speak to me, said the princess in the same politely playful manner in which she had spoken to him previously in the drawing room and

which was so plainly ill-suited to the family circle of which Pierre was almost a member. "Today when I remembered that all these delightful associations must be broken off and then you know André" (she looked significantly at her husband) "I'm afraid, I'm afraid," she whispered, and a shudder ran down her back.

Her husband looked at her as if surprised to notice that someone besides Pierre and himself was in the room, and addressed her in a tone of friendly politeness.

"What is it you are afraid of, Lise? I don't understand," said he.

"There, what egotists men all are! all egotists. Just for a while of his own goodness only knows why he leaves me and locks me up alone in the country."

"What if they and sister remember?" said Prince Andrew gently.

Alone all the same without my friends.

And he expects me not to be afraid.

Her tone was now querulous and her lips drawn up giving her not joyful, but a animal, squirrel-like expression. She paused as if she felt it indecorous to speak of her pregnancy before Pierre, though the gist of the matter lay in that.

I still can't understand what you are afraid of, said Prince Andrew slowly, not taking his eyes off his wife.

The princess blushed, and raised her arms with a gesture of despair.

No, Andrew, I must say you have changed.

short down his quivered. Prince Andrew rose, shrugged his shoulders, and walked about the room.

Pierre looked at his spectacles with despair, and then at him and then at her, moved as if about to rise too, but changed his mind.

"Why should I mind Monsieur Pierre's business here," exclaimed the little princess suddenly, her pretty face all at once distorted by a terrible grimace. "I have long wanted to ask you, Andrew, why you have changed so to me. What has it done to you? You are going to the war and have no pity for me. What?"

Lise was all Prince Andrew said. But that on which expressed an entreaty, threat, and all conclusion that she would herself regret her words. But she went on hurriedly.

You treat me like an animal do, child. I

see it all! Did you behave like that six months ago?

Lise I beg you to desist said Prince Andrew still more emphatically

Pierre who had been growing more and more agitated as he listened to all this rose and approached the princess. He seemed unable to bear the sight of tears and was ready to cry himself

Calm yourself I princess! It seems so to you because I assure you I myself have experienced and so because No excuse me! An outsider is out of place here No don't distress yourself Good by!

Prince Andrew caught him by the hand No wait Pierre! The princess is too kind to wish to deprive me of the pleasure of spending the evening with you

No he thinks only of himself muttered the princess without restraining her angry tears

Lisel said Prince Andrew dryly raising his voice to the pitch which indicates that patience is exhausted

Suddenly the angry squirrel like expression of the princess' pretty face changed into a winning and piteous look of fear. Her beautiful eyes glanced askance at her husband's face and her own assumed the timid deprecating expression of a dog when it rapidly but feebly wags its drooping tail

Mon Dieu mon Dieu! she muttered and lifting her dress with one hand she went up to her husband and kissed him on the forehead

Good night Lise said he rising and courteously kissing her hand as he would have done to a stranger

CHAPTER VIII

THE FRIENDS were silent. Neither cared to begin talking. Pierre continually glanced at Prince Andrew. Prince Andrew rubbed his forehead with his small hand

Let us go and have supper he said with a sigh going to the door

They entered the elegant newly decorated and luxurious dining room. Everything from the table napkins to the silver china and glass bore that imprint of newness found in the households of the newly married. Halfway through supper Prince Andrew leaned his elbows on the table and with a look of nervous agitation such as Pierre had never before seen on his face began to talk—as one who has long had something on his mind and suddenly determines to speak out

Never never marry my dear fellow! That's

my advice never marry till you can say to yourself that you have done all you are capable of and until you have ceased to love the woman of your choice and have seen her plainly as she is or else you will make a cruel and irrevocable mistake. Marry when you are old and good for nothing—or all that is good and

from yourself in the future you will feel at every step that for you all is ended all is closed except the drawing room where you will be ranged side by side with a court lackey and an idiot! But what's the good? and he waved his arm

Pierre took off his spectacles which made his face seem different and the good natured expression still more apparent and gazed at his friend in amazement

My wife continued Prince Andrew is an excellent woman one of those rare women with whom a man's honor is safe but O God what would I not give now to be unmarried. You are the first and only one to whom I mention this because I like you

As he said this Prince Andrew was less than ever like that Bolkonski who had lolled in Anna Pavlovna's easy chairs and with half closed eyes had uttered French phrases between his teeth. Every muscle of his thin face was now quivering with nervous excitement his eyes in which the fire of life had seemed extinguished now flashed with brilliant light. It was evident that the more lifeless he seemed at ordinary times the more impassioned he became in these moments of almost morbid irritation

You don't understand why I say this he continued but it is the whole story of life. You talk of Bonaparte and his career said he (though Pierre had not mentioned Bonaparte) but Bonaparte when he worked went step by step toward his goal. He was free he had nothing but his aim to consider and he reached it. But tie yourself up with a woman and like a chained convict you lose all freedom! And all you have of hope and strength merely weighs you down and torments you with regret. Drawing rooms gossip balls vanity and triviality—these are the enchanted circle I cannot escape from. I am now going to the war the greatest war there ever was and I know nothing and am fit for nothing. I am very amiable and have a caustic wit continued Prince Andrew and at Anna Pavlovna's

As they listened And that stupid set
 the two in my face not exist and the
 I knew what those society

neleman mongour wh le set res)
 a Choe e wh t you will us ll de

yo y should n d r yourself in p e
 d ur life a sp led life. You ha e very

and h w m ch he e pe ted of h m n th iu
 ?

What would you ha e my dear fellow?
 nsw r d Perre, l rugg g l ho lders.
 W men my d ar f ll w women!

I don't underst nd t r pl ed Pr nce An
 dre W men who ar omme l fa t l t as
 a differe t m t r but the kurágs s set of
 m n omen a d w ne I d nt under
 tand!

P rre was t yng t Pr ce V sil kurágs s
 and sharing the d ss pated l fe of his son Ana
 tol the son wh m they ere pl n t g to re
 form by marry g h m to Pr nce Andre s
 ster

D y u k ow? a d Perre a f s d d e ly

e eryth g and had n op n bout every
 th g) b t bo all t his cap ty f wo k
 d t dy A d f Perre was ft stru k by
 And ew l k of cap ty f r pl l soph cal
 m d at a (t wh ch he h m lf was p rt cu
 larly d d cted) l e garded n this t as
 defect b t as g f r ngth.

E en n the bet m t f r e d ly d m
 plet l t u f l fe, p se nd omme d
 t n are esse t l j t grease n essary to
 wh ls that th y m y run smoothly

My part is pl y d t d P nce An
 drew What th use f talk g b t m ?
 Let us talk bo t y u h d d d f e
 l e, sm l g th ssuri g th ights

Tl t m le w m m d at ly fl ted n
 P r r f

B t h t is t l e r t say bo t me? s a d
 P rre h f c l g t are le merry
 sm le Wh t am I? An ll g t m t so ! He

ddenly blushed cr mso d tw pl nth t
 he l d m d great eff t to say this. W th
 t am d w t l t mean A d t

really B the d d t say w l t really
 as, F r the p esent l am f e nd am ll
 rght O ly l ha e t h le t dea w l l n

t d l w ted to co ult y se sly
 Pr ce A d ew looked k ndly at l m y t

thing One head che and ne p ds ll
 o e m ney H ask d m f t nglt but
 I w t go

Y u g me your v d of h no not to
 g ?

O my hon !

CHAPTER IX

Ir As past ne o'clock wh n P err left h s
 f nd It was a l u d l ss n thern umn r
 ght Perre took an pen cab nt nd ng to
 dri tra ght home B t l e n arer h dre t
 th h use th m he fl t the mpo b l ty f
 go ng t l ep n such n ght It w l ght
 gh to lo g w y n t l d s ted str t
 d t med m e l k e m m r e n g

I l l u d l k to go t hu á g n tho ght
 he

B the m m d tely r all d l p m e to
 P n A dre n t t go th Then ash p
 p nst p pl f weak ch racter he de ed
 so pass c ly e m t joy that d ssu
 p t he was ccu tomed to that h de
 c d d to g Th th ught m m d ately occurred

see it all! Did you behave like that six months ago?

Lise I beg you to desist said Prince Andrew still more emphatically

Pierre who had been growing more and more agitated as he listened to all this rose and approached the princess He seemed unable to bear the sight of tears and was ready to cry himself

Calm yourself Princess! It seems so to you because I assure you I myself have experienced and so because No excuse me! An outsider is out of place here No don't distress yourself Good by!

Prince Andrew caught him by the hand

No wait Pierre! The princess is too kind to wish to deprive me of the pleasure of spending the evening with you

No he thinks only of himself muttered the princess without restraining her angry tears

Lise! said Prince Andrew dryly raising his voice to the pitch which indicates that patience is exhausted

Suddenly the angry squirrel like expression of the princess pretty face changed into a winning and piteous look of fear Her beautiful eyes glanced askance at her husband's face and her own assumed the timid deprecating

lifting her dress with one hand she went up to her husband and kissed him on the forehead

Good night Lise said he rising and courteously kissing her hand as he would have done to a stranger

CHAPTER VIII

THE FRIENDS were silent Neither cared to begin talking Pierre continually glanced at Prince Andrew Prince Andrew rubbed his forehead with his small hand

Let us go and have supper he said with a sigh going to the door

bore that imprint of newness found in the households of the newly married Halfway through supper Prince Andrew leaned his elbows on the table and with a look of nervous agitation such as Pierre had never before seen on his face began to talk—as one who has long had something on his mind and suddenly determines to speak out

Never never marry my dear fellow! That's

my advice never marry till you can say to yourself that you have done all you are capable of and until you have ceased to love the woman of your choice and have seen her plainly as she is or else you will make a cruel and irrevocable mistake Marry when you are old and good for nothing—or all that is good and noble in you will be lost It will all be wasted on trifles Yes! Yes! Yes! Don't look at me with such surprise If you marry expecting anything from yourself in the future you will feel at every step that for you all is ended all is closed except the drawing room where you will be ranged side by side with a court lackey and an idiot! But what's the good? and he waved his arm

Pierre took off his spectacles which made his face seem different and the good natured expression still more apparent and gazed at his friend in amazement

My wife continued Prince Andrew is an excellent woman one of those rare women with whom a man's honor is safe but O God what would I not give now to be unmarried You are the first and only one to whom I mention this because I like you

As he said this Prince Andrew was less than ever like that Bolkonski who had lolled in Anna Pavlovna's easy chairs and with half closed eyes had uttered French phrases between his teeth Every muscle of his thin face was now quivering with nervous excitement his eyes in which the fire of life had seemed extinguished now flashed with brilliant light It was evident that the more lifeless he seemed at ordinary times the more impassioned he became in these moments of almost morbid irritation

You don't understand why I say this he continued but it is the whole story of life You talk of Bonaparte and his career said he (though Pierre had not mentioned Bonaparte) but Bonaparte when he worked went step

had read and like a chained convict you lose all freedom! And all you have of hope and strength merely weighs you down and torments you with regret Draining rooms gossip balls vanity and triviality—these are the enchanted circle I cannot escape from I am now going to the war the greatest war there ever was and I know nothing and am fit for nothing I am very amiable and have a caustic wit continued Prince Andrew and at Anna's

in them b t there n th g oth g n u
mg! N d t marry my dear fellow d n t
m rry! ncluded Prince Andrew

It seems f y to me, sa d P erre th t
y u y u sh ld e s der yo rs l f nc p ble
nd yo lif a p led lfe Y u h e e cry

t e
H w an l e talk l l e th t? tho ght P erre
He d d h f nd a model f p ffect
t be e P e A drew p sse ed n the

e cry th g d l d n op n bout ery
th g) b t bo e ll th s cap city f wo k
d t dy A d f P rre w ft stru k by
And w s l ck f cap ty f phil soph cal
med tat n (t wh cl he h m self w s p t cu
l ly dd t d) h cg d de ntl t
d lect b t s a g f s r gth.

Ev the best m t f e dly nd m
pl t l t f l f e, p se d m m da
t se t l j t as gr e n cessary t
wheel that they m y run sm thly

My part pl yed o t a d P e An
de Wh t h t o t l k g b t m e?
Let t l k b t y u he dd d fte
l e m l g th s g th ught

Th t m l w m m da t ly r flect d
P r r f

B t wh t s t l t y b ut m? d
P rre h f l g t le merry
m le Wh t m l? A l l g t m te so ! He
dde ly bl shed cr m so d t spl nth t
h h d m d gr t f f t to y th s With
t am d w th t m And t
ally But h d d t say wh t t e lly

For th p nt l m f d m ll
ght O ly l h nth l t d wh t l m
t d l w t d t n lty ly

P A dr w look d k ndly t h m yet

l s gla ce—fr endly and affectionate as it was
—e pressed a sen e f h s own s p r rty

I a n f o d o f y u e j e c ally as y u are t h e
one l e n n a i n g o u r w h o l e s e t Y e s y u r e
a l l r i g h t! C l o o s e w h a t y o u w i l l t s l l t h e
s a m e Y u l l b e a l l r i g h t a n y w h e r e B t l o o k
h e r e g a e p s t i g t h o e k u s g n s a n d l a d
s g t l t s o r t o f l i f e I t s t s y o u s o b d y—l l
t l s d e b a l e r y d s j t n a d l e r e t o f
t l

W l a t w u l d y o u h v e m y d e a r f e l l w
a n s w e r e d P e r r e l r u g g g l s h o u l d r e
W o m e n m y d e r f l l w o m e n!

I d n t u d e r s t d u t r f l e d l r n c e A n
d r e w W m e n w h o a r e c m e l f u t h t s
a d f e r n t m t t e r b u t t h e k r a g n s s e t o f
w m e w o m e n d w i e l d o n t u n d e r
t a n d l

I e r r e w a s s t a y n g t P e c e v a l l i k u s g n s
a n d s h r g t l e d s s p a t e d l i f e o f l s o n A n
t o l e t h e s o n w l t h e y w e g l n n g t o r e
f o r m b y m r r y n g h m t o l r i n c e A d r e s
s i s t e r

D o y u k n w? s a d P e r r e a s f d d e l y
s t r u k b y a h p p y t h g h t e r l y l h e
l g b n t l k g f t. L e d g u c h
l f l c a n t d e c i d e o r t l k p r p e r l y b u t n y
t h n g O n e h e d a d a d o s e j e d s a l l
o e m e y H e a k d m e f r t g i t b u t
l w n t g

Y i g e m e y u r w d f l n o n o t t o
g?

O m y h o l

CHAPTER IX

I r a s p a s t c o l k w h e n P e e l e f t h s
f d l t w s l u d l e s s, n d u m e r
g h t. P e r t o o k n o p e n c a b t e d n g, t o
d e s t a g h t l m e B u t t h e n l d c w t s
t h h e t h e m r h e f e l t t h m j b l t y o f
g g t s l e p o n u c l n g h t I t w l g h t
e g h t s e e l g w y t l d e c e r t e d s t r e e t
d t m d m e l k e m n g e h

I l l d l k e t o g o t o k u s g t l u g l t
l e

B t h m m d t e l y r e a l l d l s p m e t o
P A d e n t t g t h e T h n h p
p s t o p e o p l f w e k c h a r t h e d e d
s o p t l y o e m e t e j y d t d s
p t h w s t o m d t o t l t h e d e
d d t o g T h e t h g h t m u n e d t e l y o c c r e d

to him that his promise to Prince Andrew was of no account because before he gave it he had already promised Prince Anatole to come to his gathering besides thought he all such words of honor are conventional things with no definite meaning especially if one considers that by tomorrow one may be dead or something so extraordinary may happen to one that honor and dishonor will be all the same! Pierre often indulged in reflections of this sort nullifying all his decisions and intentions. He went to Kuragin's.

Reaching the large house near the Horse Guards barracks in which Anatole lived Pierre entered the lighted porch ascended the stairs and went in at the open door. There was no one in the anteroom empty bottles cloaks and overshoes were lying about there was a smell of alcohol and sounds of voices and shouting in the distance.

Cards and supper were over but the visitors had not yet dispersed. Pierre threw off his cloak and entered the first room in which were the remains of supper. A footman thinking no one saw him was drinking on the sly what was left in the glasses. From the third room came sounds of laughter the shouting of familiar voices the growling of a bear and general

bear one pulling him by the chain and trying to set him at the others.

I bet a hundred on Stevens! shouted one.
Mind no holding on! cried another.

I bet on Dolokhov! cried a third. Kuragin you part our hands.

There leave Bruin alone here's a bet on

At one draught or he loses! shouted a fourth.

Jacob bring a bottle! shouted the host a tall handsome fellow who stood in the midst of the group without a coat and with his fine linen shirt unfastened in front. Wait a bit you fellows. Here is Petya! Good man! cried he addressing Pierre.

Another voice from a man of medium

the bets! This was Dolokhov an officer of the Semenov regiment a notorious gambler and duelist who was living with Anatole. Pierre smiled looking about him merrily.

I don't understand. What's it all about?

Wait a bit he is not drunk yet! A bottle

here said Anatole and taking a glass from the table he went up to Pierre.

First of all you must drink!

Pierre drank one glass after another looking from under his brows at the tipsy guests who were again crowding round the window and listening to their chatter. Anatole kept on refilling Pierre's glass while explaining that Dolokhov was betting with Stevens an English naval officer that he would drink a bottle of rum sitting on the outer ledge of the third floor window with his legs hanging out.

Go on you must drink it all said Anatole giving Pierre the last glass or I won't let you go!

No I won't said Pierre pushing Anatole aside and he went up to the window.

Dolokhov was holding the Englishman's hand and clearly and distinctly repeating the terms of the bet addressing himself particularly to Anatole and Pierre.

Dolokhov was of medium height with curly hair and light blue eyes. He was about twenty-five. Like all infantry officers he wore no mustache so that his mouth the most striking feature of his face was clearly seen. The lines of that mouth were remarkably finely curved. The middle of the upper lip formed a sharp wedge and closed firmly on the firm lower one and something like two distinct smiles played continually round the two corners of the mouth this together with the resolute insolent intelligence of his eyes produced an effect which made it impossible not to notice his face. Dolokhov was a man of small means and no connections. Yet though Anatole spent tens of thousands of rubles Dolokhov lived with him and had placed himself on such a footing that all knew them including Anatole himself respected him more than they did. Anatole Dolokhov could play all games and nearly always won. However much he drank he never lost his clearheadedness. Both Kuragin and Dolokhov were at that time notorious among the rakes and scapegraces of Petersburg. The bottle of rum was brought. The window frame which prevented anyone from sitting on the outer sill was being forced out by two footmen who were evidently flurried and intimidated by the directions and shouts of the gentlemen around.

Anatole with his swaggering air strode up to the window. He wanted to smash something. Pushing away the footmen he tugged at the frame but could not move it. He smashed a pane.

"You have my Hercules," said he, turning to Pierre.

Pierre seized the crossbeam, tugged, and wrenched the oak frame out with a crash.

"Take it right out, or they'll think I'm bowing on," said Dolokho.

"I bet the Englishman braggins Eh? Is it all right," said Anatole.

"First rate," said Pierre, looking at Dolokho who with bottle of rum in his hand was approaching the window from which the light of the sky the dawn mercurial with the afterglow of sunset, was visible.

Dolokho took the bottle of rum in his hand, jumped onto the window sill. Listen cried out, standing there and addressing those in the room. All were silent.

"I bet fifty imperials—he pokes French that the Englishman might understand him, but he did not speak it very well—I bet fifty imperials—or so you wish to make it," hum-dred, added he, addressing the Englishman.

No, fifty replied the latter.

All right. Fifty imperials—that I will drink when bottle of rum without taking it from my mouth sits outside the window on this spot (he stooped and pointed to the soap ledge outside the window) and without holding on to anything, I that right.

"Quite right," said the Englishman.

Anatole turned the Englishman and taking him by one of the buttons of his coat and looking at him—the Englishman was short—began repeating the terms of the wager to him in English.

"Wait," cried Dolokho, hammering with the bottle on the window sill to attract attention. "Wait, but, Kuragin. Listen. If an ounce does the same I will pay him a hundred imperials. Do you understand?"

The Englishman nodded, but gave no indication whether he intended to accept this challenge or not. Anatole did not release him, and though he kept mouthing so much that he understood, Anatole when translating Dolokho's words in English. A thin young lad, an ensign of the Life Guards, who had been loaned that evening limbed on the window sill, leaned over and looked down.

Oh Oh Oh he murmured, looking down from the window with strokes of the pavement.

"Shut up," cried Dolokho, pushing him away from the window. The lad jumped awkwardly back into the room, tripping over his spurs.

Placing the bottle on the window sill where he could reach it easily Dolokho limbed carefully and slowly through the window and lowered his legs. Pressing against both sides of the window he adjusted himself on his seat, crossed his hands, moved a little to the right and then to the left, and took up the bottle. Anatole brought two candles and placed them on the window sill, though it was already quite light. Dolokho's back to his white shirt, and his curly head, were lit up from both sides. Everyone crowded to the window where the Englishman in front. Pierre stood small but silent. One man, older than the others present, suddenly pushed forward with a scared and angry look and wanted to seize hold of Dolokho's shirt.

"Is this a fool? He'll be killed," said this more sensible man.

Anatole stopped him.

"Don't touch him! You'll startle him and then he'll be killed. Eh? What then? Eh."

Dolokho turned round and, with both hands, arranged himself on his seat.

Now then

Saying this he again turned round, dropped his hands, took the bottle and lifted it to his lips, threw back his head and raised his free hand to balance himself. One of the footmen who had stooped to pick up some broken glass remained in that position without taking his eyes from the window and from Dolokho's back. Anatole stood erect with staring eyes. The Englishman looked on sideways, pursing up his lips. The man who had wished to stop the affair ran to the corner of the room and threw himself on the sofa with his face to the wall. Pierre hid his face from which a faint smile refused to fade though his features now expressed horror and fear. All were still. Pierre took his hands from his eyes. Dolokho still sat in the same position only his head was thrown further back till his curly hair touched his shirt collar and the hand holding the bottle was lifted higher and higher and trembled with the effort. The bottle was empty in perceptibly and rising still higher and his head tilted further back. "What is it so long?" thought Pierre. It seemed to him that more than half an hour had elapsed. Suddenly Dolokho made backward movement with his

to him that his promise to Prince Andrew was of no account because before he gave it he had already promised Prince Anatole to come to his gathering besides thought he all such words of honor are conventional things with no definite meaning especially if one considers that by tomorrow one may be dead or something so extraordinary may happen to one that honor and dishonor will be all the same! Pierre often indulged in reflections of this sort nullifying all his decisions and intentions. He went to Kuragin's.

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gin you part our hands.

There leave Bruin alone here's a bet on
At one draught or he loses! shouted a fourth.

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Another voice from a man of medium height with clear blue eyes particularly striking among all these drunken voices by its sober ring cried from the window. Come here I art

here said Anatole and taking a glass from the table he went up to Pierre.

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I don't understand. What's it all about?
Wait a bit he is not drunk yet! A bottle

beha ed so properly at An P l re-
epu n.

ld nd kn h w to li he wa cu du
fro th d n t offered armises bout th
eather touched on quest f health,
som time in Russia and som times n cry
bad b t self c fident F en h then a like
man vary b t nll nchung n the fulfillm nt
of d ty h rose t see som is tors off nd,
stroking his scanty gra hairs er h bald
p tch, also asked th m t dinner Sometimes
on his wa ba k fr m the nteroom he w uld
thru h h co servatory nd pantry to

I m so sorry fo the poor ount, sa d the
ut He s n uch b d he lth and n w thus
t n bo th sson en ight kill m
Wh t is that led the nress s f d e
d d not know what the ator lluded t
th ough she h d al e d r lard about the ca se
of Cou t Berukh a distress some fifteen mes.
"Th t wh t omes f a mod n educa
t ex l med the v t It seems that
wh le he was abroad thus you g man w s l
lo ed t d as he l ked and n w in Petersburg
I h ar he h been do ng uch terrible th ngs
that he l as been expelled by the police."

You d n t say so epl ed the co tess.

He hose h f ends badly nterposed

A M kháylo na. Prince V sil s so he
d erta n Dol kh ha e t is sa d, been
up to hea e only kn w what. And they ha e
had t suffer f r t. Dol kh h s been de
graded to th ranks d Berukhov s son sent
ba k to Moscow An tole kurágn f d er
man ed sem h w t get his son all r
Iushed up b t even he was o dered out of
Petersburg

B t what ha they been p t led t
cou tess.

"They are regular brigands, espec ll D
l kho repl ed th su r H son f
Márya I áno na Dol kho a, such wortly
woman b t d ere ju t fancy. Those thr e got
h ld of bear som where, put t in carria e
and set ff w th t to sit some tresses. The
police tried to int fer and wh t d d t
young m n do. They t ed a policeman and the
bear back to b ck d put the bear t the
M yka Canal A d there was the be m-
m g bo t w th th pol eman o h b k

"Wh t figure the pol eman ust
h cut, my dear shouted the c u t, d t
th la ghter

Oh how dr dful H w can u l gh t
t, Count

Y t th lad es themsel es ld not help
l ghung

It wa ll th y could do t rescu th poo
man continued th sto And t th nk t
Cyril V l dínnro ch Berukh son who
muses himself n this sensible man er! And
h sa d to be so well educated a d ley
This is all that his f eign education has do
f him I h pe that here n Moscow n o e
w ll ee him n p of his money. Th y
wanted to introduce him to me, b t I quite
decli ed I ha e my d u lters to cons d r"

ask tabl li en h w ld call Dmitri V sile
ch, man of good fam l d th man get of
all his affairs, and wh le looking w th pleasure
t th en rmous t bl w ld sa "W ll

b uld return t th draw g room.

"Marva L n karagin nd her da gh
ter! an unced th countess gigantic foot
man in his bass o c ntern th draw
oom. Th co tess reflected moment d
took pinch from a gold uffbo w th her
husband portrait t

I m quite w m t by these call rs. How
ever I ll see her and n mo Sh is so affect ed,
Ask her sh sa d t th footman n sad
ice as if saying Verv well fin sh m off

A tall st ut, d pro d looki g woman w th
round-faced smil g da ghter entered th
dra ing oom, th ir dresses ru th

"Dear Coun ess, what an g She has
been laid p poo chld t th Razumó
ski ball and Coun ess Apraksina I was
so d l ghted came the so nds of anim ted
femini ces, terrupting on an ther d
mngli g w th th rustl ng f dresses d the
w rap g f cha rs. Then f those o er
sations began wh h last t until, t the first
p use th guests rise w th rustle of dresses
and say I am so d l oht d Mamma
health and Countess Apráksina and
then an rustl g pass into the anteroom
p t cloaks mantles, nd dri way The
eratu was th ch ft p of th dar-
th ill ess f th wealth d l brated be u
f Cathen da Count Berukh and bo t
h ill-umate so Perre the ou wh had

spine and his arm trembled nervously this was sufficient to cause his whole body to slip as he sat on the sloping ledge. As he began slipping down his head and arm wavered still more with the strain. One hand moved as if to clutch the window sill but refrained from touching it. Pierre again covered his eyes and thought he would never open them again. Suddenly he was aware of a stir all around. He looked up. Dolokhov was standing on the window sill with a pale but radiant face.

It's empty!

He threw the bottle to the Englishman who caught it neatly. Dolokhov jumped down. He smelt strongly of rum.

Well done! Fine fellow! There's a bet for you! Devil take you! came from different sides.

The Englishman took out his purse and began counting out the money. Dolokhov stood frowning and did not speak. Pierre jumped upon the window sill.

Gentlemen who wishes to bet with me? I'll do the same thing! he suddenly cried. Even without a bet there! Tell them to bring me a bottle. I'll do it. Bring a bottle!

Let him do it! let him do it! said Dolokhov smiling.

What next? Have you gone mad? No one would let you! Why you go giddy even on a staircase! exclaimed several voices.

I'll drink it! Let's have a bottle of rum! shouted Pierre, banging the table with a determined and drunken gesture and preparing to climb out of the window.

They seized him by his arms but he was so strong that everyone who touched him was sent flying.

No, you'll never manage him that way, said Anatole. Wait a bit and I'll get round him. Listen! I'll take your bet tomorrow but now we are all going to—

Come on then! cried Pierre. Come on! And we'll take Bruin with us.

And he caught the bear, took it in his arms, lifted it from the ground and began dancing round the room with it.

CHAPTER X

PRINCE VASILY kept the promise he had given to Princess Drubetskaya who had spoken to him on behalf of her only son Boris on the evening of Anna Pavlovna's soiree. The matter was mentioned to the Emperor, an exception made and Boris transferred into the regiment of Semenov Guards with the rank of cor-

net. He received however no appointment to Kutuzov's staff despite all Anna Mikhaylovna's endeavors and entreaties. Soon after Anna Pavlovna's reception Anna Mikhaylovna returned to Moscow and went straight to her rich relations the Rostovs with whom she stayed when in the town and where her darling Borys who had only just entered a regiment of the line and was being at once transferred to the Guards as a cornet had been educated from childhood and lived for years at a time. The Guards had already left Petersburg on the tenth of August and her son who had remained in Moscow for his equipment was to join them on the march to Radzivillov.

It was St. Natalia's day and the name day of two of the Rostovs—the mother and the youngest daughter—both named Nataly. Ever since the morning carriages with six horses had been coming and going continually bringing visitors to the Countess Rostova's big house on the Povarskaya so well known to all Moscow. The countess herself and her handsome eldest daughter were in the drawing room with the visitors who came to congratulate and who constantly succeeded one another in relays.

The countess was a woman of about forty-five with a thin Oriental type of face evidently worn out with childbearing—she had had twelve. A languor of motion and speech resulting from weakness gave her a distinguished air which inspired respect. Princess Anna Mikhaylovna Drubetskaya who as a member of the household was also seated in the drawing room helped to receive and entertain the visitors. The young people were in one of the inner rooms not considering it necessary to take part in receiving the visitors. The count met the guests and saw them off, inviting them all to dinner.

I am very very grateful to you *mon cher* or *ma chère*—he called everyone without exception and without the slightest variation in his tone, my dear, whether they were above or below him in rank—I thank you for myself and for our two dear ones whose name day we are keeping. But mind you come to dinner or I shall be offended *ma chère*! On behalf of the whole family I beg you to come *mon chère*! These words he repeated to everyone without exception or variation and with the same expression on his full cheerful clean shaven face the same firm pressure of the hand and the same quick repeated bows. As soon as he had seen a visitor off he returned to one of those who were still in the drawing room.

through arse of ghter and as h d h c f
The ator compelled t look on t d
family scene thou ht it ne essary to take some
part

"T l l m my dear s d she to N t l
M m a rel u f yours. A da ghter l
p pose?

N tasha did not l k the t s t e of
co desce u n to ch ldish th ngs. Sh d d n t
reply b t looked th ser usly

M whil t l y u ge generat t B
the ffer An M k h l n s son N d l
th und rgrad th counts l l s t w
So j a, t e u f i t n y r o l d i n d
l t l P t y b u gest boy h d l l u l d
l the dr groo n nd r b l
u r g e e s t r a th t l bou d f l o
rum th t d th that l e

l l th f es. E dently n d t k r u o u s
f wh d t e v had d shed t pet
sly he co rsate n h d bee m s
g h a d e d r a w g r o o n t l k o f s o c i e t y w a
d a l s, th w th r d C o u t e s s A p a k n a.
N w d t l y g l a e d t t l r
hardly bl u p p e s t l l g l t

Th t n t l t u d e n t d h e
f f e r f r i e n d f n d l d l o o d w e r f t l
s a m d b e t h h d o f l l w t l ?
t a l k B o l w t l l d f d l l m
d h d s o m f h d e v u l a d e l t f
t u r e s N d l w a s s t t d c u r l y h a d
p e p e s s n D a r k l r s w l r e d y
s h g h p p e r l y d l l l f
e p p e s s e m p e t u s i t y d n l u s m N l o
l b l s h e d w e n h n t r e d t h e d r a w r o o m
H e e d l t r i e d t o f i d s o m t h t o s a y
b i f l d B o l t l t r a r y t f u d
h f o u d l a t e d q t l y n d l m r

u s l h w h l d k w l t d l l M m w l e n
s l t l l q t y u g l d y b e f l o s e
b r o k h w l h d g e d d r i n g t l f i e
y e h l d k w h e r n d h w l l d
l d e r k e d r h t c r s t l k l l H g s a d
t h g l e d t n a s h S l t d n y
f m h u m d g l n d t l y o b t h e r
w h w a s s c r w n p h u y a n d d k a g
w t h p p e s s e d l a g h t d u n l l o n
t r o l h r s e l f y l n o e s h j u m p e d p a n d
r u s h e d f m t h o o m f a s t a s h b l
l t l f t w u l d c a r r y l B o l s d d n l h

Y u w m n g t g o u w r e t u
M m m? D y w t l r r h e
a s k e d h m t h e r w t h s m l e

"Yes, yes, go d l l t h m t r e t d y
s h a n s w e r e d, t u r n g h u s m l

B o q l y l f h r o o d n a

s e a r c h o f N a t a l a T h e p l u m p b o y r a n f e r
t h e m a n g r l y a s i f v e d t h t t h e r p r o v r a s
h a d b e e n d t u r b e d.

CHAPTER XII

T H E o l d y n g p e o p l e r e n a n i n g i n t h e
d r a w i n g r o o m n t c u t t i n g t h e y o u n g l d y
t r a n d t h c o u t e s s e l d e s t d a u g h t e r (w l
w f o r y e a r s l i e r t h n l e r s i s t e r a n d b e
l e d a l e a d y l i k e a g r o w i p p e r s o n) w e r e
N l l d s y t h e n i c e S o n y a w a
l i n d e r l i t l e b r u n u e w t h a t e n d e r l o o k
l r e y s w l l e r e c i e l e d b y l o n g l a i e s,
t h k b l k p l t s o l n g t e r u i d h e r l l
d t w n y t n n h r e s l o n n l e s p e
c l l v n t l o l r f l e r l e a d e r b u t g c f u l
a d n u u l a r r u s d n k l y t h e g r c e o f
l t t b y t h e s o f t n e s s a n d f l l i t y
f f r s m a l l t m b s, n d b y e r t a n c o y c s
d r e s e r v e f m n n e r s h e r n n e d o n e o f a
p r e t t y l l l g r w n k i t e n w h d p r o n s e t
b e c o e b e u s f l l l t l c a t. S h e e v d e n t l y
c o l n l t n r p e r t o d w i t e e s t t l e

a n y w t h u d p s s a n t e h f s t d o t
d t e r l e u l d n t f t g l e s t a t t
p o s e p o n a y n e d t w c l e a t t
t l k u e n l d s e t t l e d d o l y t y j
w t l n o e e r g y n d g n j a y w t h l r
n a s o o n a s t h e y t o c c o u l d l k N t a s h
d B o r s c a p e f o m t h e d r a w g r o o m
W l e s v d e s d t l u t d d e s

n d l s o l d f t h e r n d e t e r n g t h e n l
t a r y s e r v c m y d r a n d t h e s j l e
d e r y t h g w u f r l m n d l e A r
l D p t m t l n t t h t f e d s h j
e m k e d t h e c o u n t n n n q r n g t e

B u t t h e y s a y t h a t a h s b e n d e l l
r p l d t l s t o

"T h y e b e e n s a y g s o l o n g w l l
s a d t h c o t n d t l y l l s a y s o g n d
g a t d t h t w l l b t l e n d o f t M y d
t l f r n d s h p f y o u l r e p e a t e d
H j n g t h h u s s a r s.

T h s u n t k n w n g h a t t o s a y
s h o k l e r l e d

J t t l l l o m f r i d s h p d d e d
N d l f r i n g u p n d t u r n n g w y s f
f m s h a m f u l p e r s l t s n o t f m
f r i d s h p t l l l m j l y f e e l t h t t h e a r m y
y o c a t

Why do you say this young man is so rich? asked the countess turning away from the girls who at once assumed an air of inattention. His children are all illegitimate. I think Pierre also is illegitimate.

The visitor made a gesture with her hand.

I should think he has a score of them.

Princess Anna Mikháylovna intervened in the conversation, evidently wishing to show her connections and knowledge of what went on in society.

The fact of the matter is, said she significantly and also in a half whisper, everyone knows Count Cyril's reputation. He has lost count of his children, but this Pierre was his favorite.

How handsome the old man still was only a year ago! remarked the countess. I have never seen a handsomer man.

He is very much altered now, said Anna Mikháylovna. Well, as I was saying, Prince Vasilí is the next heir through his wife, but the count is very fond of Pierre, looked after his education and wrote to the Emperor about him, so that in the case of his death—and he is so ill that he may die at any moment—and Dr Lorrain has come from Petersburg—no one knows who will inherit his immense fortune, Pierre or Prince Vasilí. Forty thousand serfs and millions of rubles! I know it all very well for Prince Vasilí told me himself. Besides, Cyril Vladímirovich is my mother's second cousin. He's also my Bóry's godfather, she added as if she attached no importance at all to the fact.

Prince Vasilí arrived in Moscow yesterday. I hear he has come on some inspection business, remarked the visitor.

Yes, but between ourselves, said the princess, that is a pretext. The fact is he has come to see Count Cyril Vladímirovich, hearing how ill he is.

But do you know, my dear, that was a capital joke, said the count, and seeing that the elder visitor was not listening, he turned to the young ladies. I can just imagine what a funny figure that policeman cut!

And as he waved his arms to impersonate the policeman, his portly form again shook with a deep ringing laugh, the laugh of one who always eats well and in particular drinks well. So do come and dine with us! he said.

CHAPTER VI

SILENCE ENSUED. The countess looked at her callers smiling affably, but not concealing the

fact that she would not be distressed if they now rose and took their leave. The visitor's daughter was already smoothing down her dress with an inquiring look at her mother when suddenly from the next room were heard the footsteps of boys and girls running to the door and the noise of a chair falling over and a girl of thirteen, hiding something in the folds of her short muslin frock, darted in and stopped short in the middle of the room. It was evident that she had not intended her

and a plump rosy faced boy in a short jacket.

The count jumped up and, saying from side to side, spread his arms wide and threw them round the little girl who had run in.

Ah, here she is! he exclaimed laughing.

My pet, whose name day it is? My dear pet!

Ma chère, there is a time for everything, said the countess with feigned severity. You spoil her, Ilyá, she added turning to her husband.

How do you do, my dear? I wish you many happy returns of your name day, said the visitor. What a charming child, she added, addressing the mother.

This black-eyed, wide-mouthed girl, not pretty but full of life—with childish bare shoulders, which after her run heaved and shook, her bodice with black curls tossed back, and thin bare arms, little legs in lace-trimmed drawers and feet in low slippers—was just at that charming age when a girl is no longer a child though the child is not yet a young woman. Escaping from her father, she ran to hide her flushed face in the face of her mother's mantilla—not paying the least attention to her severe remark—and began to laugh. She laughed and in fragmentary sentences tried to explain about a doll which she produced from the folds of her frock.

Do you see? My doll, Mimi. You see, as all Natásha managed to utter (to

~ ~ ~

Now then go away and take your monstrousity with you, said the mother, pushing away her daughter with pretended sternness and turning to the visitor, she added, She is my youngest girl.

Natásha, raising her face for a moment from her mother's mantilla, glanced up at her

st p d q katl rn g was well brought up
and had a pleasa t e wh t she sa d w
true and ppropri t y t, tranget say e cry
one—the ist rs d co ntess like—turned
to look rheras fw nd ring why she had sa d
lf lf wkward.

W lu gnan
Our dear ntess w too cler r w th l e a
said th c u t. W ll what f that? She s
turn d t pl nd dly all the same he added
inking t Vera.

Th guests g t p a d took their lea e
promis ng to return to di ne

Whatm ers l th ght they w uld never
go sa d the countess, wh sh had see t he
guests t.

CHAPTER XIII

W E N tash ran t of th draw g room
she nly w t far tle co servatory The e
she p sed d tood l t n g t the e
sat th dra g room w tng f Borl
c m ut. Sh was lr dy grow g p
tent d tamped h r foot re dy to cry th s

m g th fl ert b d h d the

Bo p used th mddl f th room
look d r d brushed t l t d t f m th
slee f th r m dgo upt m r r
examined his h dsome l ce N tasha, cry
ll pee ed ut f m her mbush u g t
see what h w uld d He tood t tle wh l
bef re th gl ss m led and w lked to ard
th ther doo N tash was bo t t call h m
b tch wed h m d Let h m look f me
th ght sh. Hardly h d B r i gon than
So y f l shed tears nd m t r i angrily
cam n th th doo N tash checked
h first impulse t run u to h nd e-
ma ed h h d g pl ce w ch —as u
der sible cap— see wh t w nt n the
ld. Sh w p c r g n w d pecul
iar pl asur So y muttering to herself k pt
look gro nd wa d th dra g oom doo
lt pe d d N ch l m

So a wh t th m t w th u? H
ca y t sa d h ru g p t l

It n th g, n th g lea m al n t
sobbed So ya.

Ah, I kn wha is.

W ll, f y u d so m h the bett and

y u can go ba k to l e l

So-o-o ya! Look l e e! H c r u t r
t re me nd y rself l e that f r t
la c y? sa l \ chol t k ng l e r l nd.

Sony a d d n t pull t a ay nd left f r y
g \ t d l not t r r r r g nd s a c e l l eath
g wat hed f r n l e r mbush t l p r k l g
eyes. What w ll h p p n now th gl t l e

Se ya! Wh t s n y n e n the w ld to e?
y u l ne are cryl ng sa d \ h l a s

A d l l l p r e t t o y u

I don t l e you to t l k l e that

Well then I n e o l y f g e r e

So y! He drew her to h m d kiss d l e r

Oh how n e th h t m t a s l d w h n

Sony a d \ c l i s h d go e o t of the n

serv t r y she f l l wed and called B r i s to her

B r i s om l e r e sa d h e w th a s l y d

gn f i c a t l o o k l l e s o e t l n to t l l y u

Her her l a d h e l e d h m n t o the s e r v

atory to the pl ce among t l e tubs w l e r e l e

had be n h d ng

Bo i f l l wed h r s m l g

Wh t s the s m th g? k e d h e.

She gr w co fused gl n e d r u n d l see-

g the d l l sh had thrown down on ne of

th tubs, p k e d t u p

k s s the d l l sa d h e

Bo i l o o k d t u e n t e l y and k d i t l e r

eager f e b t d d t e p l y

D n t y u w a t t o? Well t l e o m e l e e

sa d she nd w t f r i h e n a m o g l e p l u s

and th r w d w n the d l l C l s e r l o s e sh

wh p e d.

Sh ca gl t th you g f i e r b y l f l and

look l s o l e m t y nd fear p p e a r d o n l e r

fl ush d f c

And m? Wo l d y u l k e to k s s me he

w h p e r e d a l m t u d b l y gl c g u p t

h u m f m u d e h e b r o w s m l and a l

most cry g f o t m n t.

B o r n b l s e d

H w l u n y y u r e h e sa d b e n d n g

d w n t h e r nd b l sh g s t l l m o b t l e

w a n t e d nd d i d n th g

S u d d l y h j u m p d u p o to a tub to b

h g h e r th n h e m b r a e d h m s o th t b o th h

l nd b e r m l p d h m a b o h n c k

nd t s s g b c k h e r h r k i s s e d h m f l l n

the l p s.

Th she a l p p d d w n a m the fl e r

p o t s n th th d of the tub nd t o o d

h g g h e r h e d

\ t a s h h e sa d y o u k n o w t l t l l e

y u b u t

y o u a r e n l t h m? \ t a s h b l e n

He glanced at his cousin and the young lady visitor and they were both regarding him with a smile of approbation

Schubert the colonel of the Pávlograd Hus

I have already told you Papa said his son that if you don't wish to let me go I'll stay But I know I am no use anywhere except in the army I am not a diplomat or a government clerk—I don't know how to hide what I feel As he spoke he kept glancing with the flirtatiousness of a handsome youth at Sónya and the young lady visitor

The little kitten feasting her eyes on him seemed ready at any moment to start her gambols again and display her kittenish nature

All right all right! said the old count He always flares up! This Buonaparte has turned all their heads they all think of how he rose from an ensign and became Emperor Well well God grant it he added not noticing his visitor's sarcastic smile

she giving him a tender smile

The young man flattered sat down nearer to her with a coquettish smile and engaged the smiling Julie in a confidential conversation without at all noticing that his involuntary smile had stabbed the heart of Sónya who blushed and smiled unnaturally In the midst of his talk he glanced round at her She gave him a passionately angry glance and hardly able to restrain her tears and maintain the artificial smile on her lips she got up and left the room All Nicholas' animation vanished He waited for the first pause in the conversation and then with a distressed face left the room to find Sónya

How plainly all these young people wear their hearts on their sleeves! said Anna Mikháylovna pointing to Nicholas as he went out *Cousinage—dangereux voisinage* she added

Yes said the countess when the brightness these young people had brought into the room had vanished and as if answering a question no one had put but which was always in her mind and how much suffering how much

Cousinhood is a dangerous neighborhood

anxiety one has had to go through that we might rejoice in them now! And yet really the anxiety is greater now than the joy One is always always anxious! Especially just at this age so dangerous both for girls and boys

It all depends on the bringing up remarked the visitor

Yes you're quite right continued the countess Till now I have always thank God been my children's friend and had their full confidence said she repeating the mistake of so many parents who imagine that their children have no secrets from them I know I shall always be my daughters' first confidante and that if Nicholas with his impulsive nature does get into mischief (a boy can't help it) he will all the same never be like those Petersburg young men

Yes they are splendid splendid youngsters chimed in the count who always solved questions that seemed to him perplexing by deciding that everything was splendid Just fancy wants to be an hussar What's one to do my dear?

What a charming creature your younger girl is said the visitor a little volcanel

Yes a regular volcano said the count Takes after me! And what a voice she has though she's my daughter I tell the truth when I say she'll be a singer a second Salomon! We have engaged an Italian to give her lessons

Isn't she too young? I have heard that it harms the voice to train it at that age

Oh no not at all too young! replied the count Why our mothers used to be married at twelve or thirteen

And she's in love with Boris already Just fancy! said the countess with a gentle smile looking at Boris' mother and went on evidently concerned with a thought that always occupied her Now you see if I were to be severe with her and to forbid it goodness knows what they might be up to on the sly (she meant that they would be kissing) but as it is I know every word she utters She will come running to me of her own accord in the evening and tell me everything I perhaps I spoil her but really that seems the best plan With her elder sister I was stricter

Yes I was brought up quite differently remarked the handsome elder daughter Countess Véra with a smile

But the smile did not enhance Véra's beauty as smiles generally do on the contrary it gave her an unnatural and therefore unpleasant expression Véra was good looking not at all

"The pleasant things were said to me
reminded Vera I said in to anyone.

M dame de Genl! M dame de Genl
shouted I ghing es thro' the door

Th handsome Vera wh p o d ced such an
ur iat g and u ple sant fl t on every o e
smiled and e de tly unmo ed by wh t ha l
been said t her we t to the looking glass d
arra ged her hair and scarf. Look g t l er

ha dsom face she seemed to become till
colder and calmer

In the draw g room the co ersati n was

— — —

the co try d w g t any est? Th uricals
b u g, and b n kn w s what bes d B t
d t l t s talk b t me tell m h w y u
ma god eryth g I often nder t yo
A t—h w t y e y can rush ff
al in carriag t M se w to P tersburg
t those m nsters d gre t p ple nd k
h w to deal w th them all! It qu te aston d
g H w d d y ug t things settled? I uldn t
pos s bly d t

Ah myl e anwered Ann M kháy! vn
God grant y u e kn w wh t t t be
left d w w th t means nd th a so
y l tod traction O el rn m yth gs
then l dded w th c rtain pride. Th t

He i just the sa ne as e er repl ed An a
M kháy! n o erflow ng with ami b lity
H po uon l as n t tu ned his he d t l l l e
sa d to ne I m sorry I can do so l tle fo
y u dear Pr n ess I am t y ur con u a d
Yes, h s fne fl w nd very kind rela
u n But A taly you k ow my lo e f r y
so I uld d y l f r h l p p n ess
And my fl rs res uch b d w y l t my
po u n n w terr ble one c nt nued
Ann M kháy! n sadly dropp ng her vo e
My wret d l w ut takes all I l e and
makes no progress. Wo l d y u bel e ve t I
ha el t raly n t p n y d d t n w how
t equ p Boris. She took out her l ndkercl ef
nd began to cry I need f e hu dred rubles,
and ha e o ly o e twenty five ruble note. I
h a t e My only l ope now s

godfather—a u

m teu nce all my tr ble l l h e be
thr wn away I shall n t be bl t er j y
him.

The co te eyes filled th tear nd she
poude d n l nce

I ofte th nk th ough perh y s t s
sa d th pr n ess that here l es Co t Cy l
Vladim ro h Bez kho sor ch l l al e
that treme d u fortu e nd wh t is l s
l f w rth? It s burden to h m a d B r y s
l l e ly j t b e n g

Su ly h w l l e e someth ng to Bor s,
d th cou tess.

t the f urum s— l l g t what I want.
I d t m d wh t they th k f me.

Well nd t wh m d d y u pply bout
Bor? ask d the o n ess y u se y urs
l r d n fl n the Guards h l my
ch las g cade There s n t
terest hum l f hum To wh m d d y u
ppl e

T P Vas l H w s so k nd. H t
greed to eryth and p t h m t
bef th Empero sa d Pr n ess Ann M
kháy! n th as cally qu t f rg t u gall
th huml t sh h d d ed to gas her
d.

H Pri V fl aged m ch? asked the
ess l h n t se h m ce w acted
w th t h Rumj á n so the t rcal l
pecth has l rgo m H p d m t nt s
n thos days, sa d th countess w th m l e.

to h m tr ght out Let p ple th nk what they
w l l of me t really l l the same t me he t
my so s f t s t take Th pr n ess rose
It n t o o lock nd y u d e at f ur
Th re w l l just be t me

And l k pract cal Petersburg l dy ho
kn w s h w t m k the m t of t me Ann
M kháy! n se t someone to call he so
and went to th nt room w th h m

Good by my dear s d she t h c u t ss
who saw her to th doo nd d d n
h per so that her son should n t l ear
Wul me good l ck

Ar y g g t Count Cyr l V l d m o-
ch, my d ar? sa d th count om g ar
from th d ng hall t th ant room and
h dded l f h bette l P err to dan
th us. H h been to th l se you k w
and d ced th th ch ldre Be u to n

Yes I am but please don't let us do like that In another four years then I will ask for your hand

Natasha considered

Thirteen fourteen fifteen sixteen she counted on her slender little fingers All right! Then it's settled?

A smile of joy and satisfaction lit up her eager face

Settled! replied Boris

Forever! said the little girl Till death itself

She took his arm and with a happy face went with him into the adjoining sitting room

CHAPTER XIV

AFTER RECEIVING her visitors the countess was so tired that she gave orders to admit no more but the porter was told to be sure to invite to dinner all who came to congratulate The countess wished to have a tête à tête talk with the friend of her childhood Princess Anna Mikháylovna whom she had not seen properly since she returned from Petersburg Anna Mikháylovna with her tear worn but pleasant face drew her chair nearer to that of the countess

With you I will be quite frank said Anna Mikháylovna There are not many left of us old friends! That's why I so value your friendship

Anna Mikháylovna looked at Véra and paused The countess pressed her friend's hand

Véra she said to her eldest daughter was as evidently not a favorite how is it you have so little tact? Don't you see you are not wanted here? Go to the other girls or

The handsome Véra smiled contemptuously but did not seem at all hurt

If you had told me sooner Mamma I would have gone she replied as she rose to go to her own room

But as she passed the sitting room she no-

out some verses for her the first he had ever written Boris and Natasha were at the other window and ceased talking when Véra entered Sonya and Natasha looked at Véra with guilty happy faces

It was pleasant and touching to see these little girls in love but apparently the sight of them roused no pleasant feeling in Véra

How often have I asked you not to take my things? she said You have a room of your

own and she took the inkstand from Nicholas

In a minute in a minute he said dipping his pen

You always manage to do things at the wrong time continued Véra You came rushing into the drawing room so that everyone felt ashamed of you

Though what she said was quite just perhaps for that very reason no one replied and the four simply looked at one another She lingered in the room with the inkstand in her hand

And at your age what secrets can there be between Natasha and Boris or between you two? It's all nonsense!

Now Véra what does it matter to you said Natasha in defense speaking very gently

She seemed that day to be more than ever kind and affectionate to everyone

Very silly said Véra I am ashamed of you Secrets indeed!

All have secrets of their own answered Natasha getting warmer We don't interfere with you and Berg

I should think not said Véra because there can never be anything wrong in my behavior But I'll just tell Mamma how you are behaving with Boris

Natasha's behavior very well to me remarked Boris I have nothing to complain of

Don't Boris! You are such a diplomat that it is really tiresome said Natasha in a mortified voice that trembled slightly (She used the word diplomat which was just then much in vogue among the children in the special sense they attached to it) Why does she bother me? And she added turning to Véra

You'll never understand it because you've never loved anyone You have no heart! You are a Madame de Genlis and nothing more (this nickname bestowed on Véra by Nicholas was considered very stinging) and your greatest pleasure is to be unpleasant to people! Go and flirt with Berg as much as you please she finished quickly

I shall at any rate not run after a young man before visitors

Well now you've done what you wanted put in Nicholas said unpleasant things to everyone and upset them Let's go to the nursery

All four like a flock of scared birds got up and left the room

A letter of this period a treasure of educational work and interest.—Fr.

he had d e n Petersburg at Anna Schérers
re ep

Try to serve well nd sh wj urs lf wo thy
add d he d d r e s s g B r i s w t h s e v t y f
a m g l d. Are you h e c o n l e e? he went
h u s u s a l t o e f n d i f f e n c e.

I m w a i t i n g r d e r s t j o n m y n e w e g
m e n t, y o u r e e l l c y r p l e d B o r i b e t r a y
i n g e t l e n n j n e t i h p r c s b r u s q u e
d e s e t n t e r n t o c o n e r s a u n

na that tw uld bed ff cult to get r d of An a
M kháy! n

Would not such meet g b e t o o t r y g f r
h m d e r A n a M kháylo na? s a d b e. Let
u s w t u n t l e e n g T h e d o c t o r s a r e e x p e c t
n g a c r s s

B t n e c a n o t d e l a y P r i n c e a t s u c h a m o -
m e n t! C o d e r t h a t t h e w e l l r e o f j s o u l i s
a t s t a k e A h, t i s w f u l t h e d u t e s o f a C l r s
t n

A d o o r o f o n e o f t h e e r r o o m s p e n e d i d
f h r s s e s t h e c o u t s n c e i t e d

taly Shunsh á s a d A n M kháylo na.

I l n w l k w a n e d P r i V a s i l n
h u s m t o c e I n e e r c o u l d u d e r
d h w N t a l y m a d e p h e m i d t o m a r r y

M kháy! w t h p t h t m u l e, a s t l g l
h e t o o k e w t l t C o n t R t d e r v e d t l
c e u r b t a s k d l m t t o b t o o h a r d
t h e p o o l d m a n W h t d t h e d o c t o r s a y?
a s k d t h p l t e r p e h w r n f c e
g a e x p e s s g d p s o r t w

T l y g l t l e h p p l e d t h e p r e
A d l h l d s o l k t o t h a k U l o c e
f l l h l d n e s t o m d B o f H u s h
g o d s o h e d d d, h e r t o g g e s t g t h t
t h u s f c t h r i g e P c e V l m c h t s -
f n.

P c e V a s i l b e c a m t h g h t f l a n d
f r n e d A M kháy! s w t h t h w a s
f d f i f d g h l f C o n t B
k h f t a n d h a s t e n e d t o e a s u r e h m
I f t e r n t f m y c e r e f f c t n n d
d t t U l d h u t t e g t h w d
w t h p u l a s s d u n c o c e r n I
k w h u s c h r a e r n b l u p r i g h t b t y u
h h a s n w t h h m c p t h j u g
p e s s T h e y a r t u l l y u g S h e
b e t h h e a d d o o t d n w h p e r
H a s h p f r m e d h u s f i a l d u t y P r c e? H w
p l e s a r t h l a t m m e t s l t c a n m a k
t h g s w r s d t b s o l t l y n e s s a r y
t o p p h m f h i s s o u l! W e w m n P r i c e
d l m l e d t d l y l y k w h w t o
s a y t h e t h g s. I b s o l t l y m u s t s e h m
h e v p a u l u t m a y b f m l m u s d t o
u f f g

E d t l y t h e p m e u d s t o o d h e r d a l
s o d t o o d a s h h a d d n t A n P á l

g² Well h w s h e

S t i l l t h e s a m e b u t w h a t c a n y o u e x p e c t t h s
n o i s e s a i d t h e p n e s s l o o k g t l i a
M kháylo na a s t s t r a n g e r

A h m y d e a r I h a d l y k n e w y o u s a d i n a
M kháylo n w t h h a p p y s m i l e, m b l n
l i g h t l y u p t o t h e c o t s n e c e I h s e c o m e
a n d a m t y o u r s e r v c e t o h e l p y o u u r s e m y
u l e l i m a g e w h a t y u h a e g o e d u g l
n d h y m p a t h e t c a l l y t u e d u p f e r e y s.

T h e s g a e n o e p l y a d d d n t e c

p^o armch t u g P n c e V a s l i t t a k a c a t
h e s d e h r

B o f h e d t o h e r s o n w t h a s m i l e I
h l l g n t o e e t h e c o t m y c l e b u t y u
m y d e r h d b e t t r g t P r r e m e a n w l l e a n d
d n t f r g t t o g e h m t h R o t s n v t a
t n T h e y a s k h m t o d n e r l u p p e l e
w t g? h e c o n t u d t u r n n g t d e p c e.
O t h e c o n t r a r y r e p l e d t h e p n c e w h o
h d p l a n l y b c o m d p e s s e d I h l l b e o l y
t o o g l d f y u l e e m f t h t y u n g m n
H e e h a n d t h e c o n t h a s n t e
a s k d f h m.

H e h r u g g d h h u l d e r s. A f o o t m n
d t d B o f d w n o f l i g h t o f t a u r s d u p
n t h t P e r r s r o o m s.

CHAPTER XVI

s e t t M c o w T l e t r y t l d b o u t h m t
C o t R t w s t r u e P r r h a d t a k e n p t
t y g p o l m n t o b r H e h d n w
b n f s o m e d y M c o w n d w a s t a y g
a s u s l a t h f t h h u s T h u g h h
p c t d t h t h t o r y f h e s c a p d w u l d b e

vite him my dear We will see how Tarás distinguishes himself today He says Count Orlów never gave such a dinner as ours will be!

CHAPTER XV

MY DEAR BORIS said Princess Anna Mikháylovna to her son as Countess Rostóva's carriage in which they were seated drove over the straw covered street and turned into the wide courtyard of Count Cyril Vladímirovich Bezukhov's house My dear Boris said the mother drawing her hand from beneath her old mantle and laying it timidly and tenderly on her son's arm be affectionate and attentive to him Count Cyril Vladímirovich is your godfather after all and your future depends on him Remember that my dear and be nice to him as you so well know how to be

If only I knew that anything besides humilation could come of it answered her son coldly But I have promised and will do it for your sake

Although the hall porter saw someone's carriage standing at the entrance after scrutinizing the mother and son (who without asking to be announced had passed straight through the glass porch between the rows of statues in niches) and looking significantly at the lady's old cloak he asked whether they wanted the count or the princesses and hearing that they wished to see the count said his excellency was worse today and that his excellency was not receiving anyone

We may as well go back said the son in French

My dear! exclaimed his mother imploringly again laying her hand on his arm as if that touch might soothe or rouse him

Boris said no more but looked inquiringly at his mother without taking off his cloak

My friend said Anna Mikháylovna in gentle tones addressing the hall porter I know Count Cyril Vladímirovich is very ill that's why I have come I am a relation I shall not disturb him my friend I only need see Prince Vasili Sergéevich he is staying here is he not? Please announce me

The hall porter sullenly pulled a bell that rang upstairs and turned away

Princess Drubetskáya to see Prince Vasili Sergéevich he called to a footman dressed in knee breeches shoes and a swallow tail coat who ran downstairs and looked over from the hallway laying

The mother smoothed the folds of her dyed silk dress before a large Venetian mirror in

the wall and in her trodden down shoes briskly ascended the carpeted stairs

My dear she said to her son once more stimulating him by a touch you promised me!

The son lowering his eyes followed her quietly

They entered the large hall from which one of the doors led to the apartments assigned to Prince Vasili

Just as the mother and son having reached the middle of the hall were about to ask their way of an elderly footman who had sprung up as they entered the bronze handle of one of the doors turned and Prince Vasili came out carrying a velvet coat with a single star on his breast as was his custom when at home—taking leave of a good looking dark haired man This was the celebrated Petersburg doctor Lorrain

Then it is certain? said the prince

Prince *humanum est errare* but replied the doctor swallowing his *rs* and pronouncing the Latin words with a French accent

Very well very well

Seeing Anna Mikháylovna and her son Prince Vasili dismissed the doctor with a bow and approached them silently and with a look of inquiry The son noticed that an expression of profound sorrow suddenly clouded his mother's face and he smiled slightly

Ah Prince! In what sad circumstances we meet again! And how is our dear invalid? said she as though unaware of the cold of

to his mother's face Prince Vasili without acknowledging the bow turned to Anna Mikháylovna and answered her query by a movement of the head and lips indicating very little hope for the patient

Is it possible? exclaimed Anna Mikháylovna Oh how awful! It is terrible to think

This is my son she added indicating Boris He wanted to thank you himself

Boris bowed again politely

Believe me Prince a mother's heart will never forget what you have done for us

I am glad I was able to do you a service my dear Anna Mikháylovna said Prince Vasili arranging his lace frill and in tone and manner here in Moscow to Anna Mikháylovna whom he had placed under a obligation assuming an air of much greater importance than

To be human

would come off badly. You know if the police gets across the Channel. I think the expedition is quite feasible. If only Villeneuve doesn't make mess of things."

Boris knew nothing about the Boulogne expedition, he did not read the papers and it was the first time he had heard Villeneuve's name.

"We better in Moscow are more occupied with dinner parties and scandal than with politics," said he in his quiet ironical tone. "I know nothing about it and have not thought about it. Moscow is chiefly busy with gossip," he continued. "Just now they are talking about you and your father."

Pierre smiled in his good-natured way as if afraid for his companion's sake that the latter might say something he would afterwards regret. But Boris spoke distinctly, clearly and dryly looking straight into Pierre's eyes.

Moscow has nothing else to do but gossip. Boris went on. "Everybody is wondering to whom the count will leave his fortune, though he may perhaps outlive us all, as I sincerely hope we will."

"Yes," said very bored, interrupted Pierre, very bored.

Pierre was still afraid that this officer might say something disconcerting to himself.

And it must seem to you, said Boris with a smile but not changing his ironical attitude, it must seem to you that everyone is trying to get something out of the rich man?

"So it does, though," said Pierre.

"But I just wish to say to you, don't misunderstand me, you are quite mistaken if you reckon me or my mother among such people. We are very poor but for my own part I am not for the very reason that your father is rich. I don't regard myself as a relation of his, and either I nor my mother would ever ask or take a penny from him."

For long time Pierre could not understand, but when he did, he jumped up from the sofa, seized Boris under the elbow in his quick, clumsy way, and, blushing far more than Boris, began to speak with feelings of mingled shame and exaltation.

"What is this strange? Do you suppose I do count think. I know very well."

But Boris again interrupted him.

"I am glad I have spoken out fully. Perhaps you did not like it. You must excuse me," said he, pausing. Pierre rose instead of being put to ease by him, "but I hope I have no offended you. I always make it a rule to speak out."

Well, what answer am I to take? Will you come to dinner at the Rost's?"

And Boris, having apparently relieved himself of an enormous weight and extricated himself from an awkward situation and placed another in it, became quite pleasant again.

"No, but I said," said Pierre, calming down, "you are a wonderful fellow. What you have just said is good, very good. Of course you do it."

—
I could not have done it myself, I know you would have had the courage but it is splendid. I am very glad to have made your acquaintance. It is queer, he said after pause, that should have suspected him. He began to laugh. Well, what of it? I hope we'll get better acquainted, and he pressed Boris's hand. Do you know I have not once been in to see the count. He has not sent for me. I am sorry for him as man, but what can one do?"

And so you think the poleon will manage to get an army across, asked Boris with a smile.

—
of the Boulogne expedition.

A footman came in to summon Boris—the princess was going. Pierre, in order to make Boris better acquainted as he promised to come to dinner and warm press his hand looked affectionately at his spectacles into Boris's eyes. After he had seen Pierre continued peacefully.

—
man.

As often happens in early youth, especially to one who leads a lonely life, he felt an unaccountable tenderness for this young man and made up his mind that they would be friends.

Prince Vasil saw the princess off. She held handkerchief to her eyes and her face was tearful.

It is dreadful, dreadful she was saying, "but cost me what it may I shall do my duty. I will come and spend the night. He must not be left like this. Every moment is precious. I can think why his messes put it off. Perhaps God will help me to find way to prepare him! Adieu, Prince Vasil God support you."

Adieu ma belle answered Prince Vasil turning away from her.

"Oh, he is in a dreadful state," said the mother.

already known in Moscow and that the ladies about his father—who were never favorably disposed toward him—would have used it to turn the count against him. He nevertheless on the day of his arrival went to his father's part of the house. Entering the drawing-room where the princesses spent most of their time, he greeted the ladies, two of whom were sitting at embroidery frames while a third read aloud. It was the eldest who was reading—the one who had met Anna Mikháylovna. The two younger ones were embroidering, both were rosy and pretty and they differed only in that one had a little mole on her lip which made her much prettier. Pierre was received as if he were a corpse or a leper. The eldest princess paused in her reading and silently stared at him with frightened eyes; the second assumed precisely the same expression while the youngest, the one with the mole, who was of a cheerful and lively disposition, bent over her frame to hide a smile probably evoked by the amusing scene she foresaw. She drew her wool down through the canvas and scarcely able to refrain from laughing, stooped as if trying to make out the pattern.

How do you do, cousin? said Pierre. You don't recognize me?

I recognize you only too well, too well.

How is the count? Can I see him? asked Pierre as lightly as usual, but unabashed.

The count is suffering physically and mentally, and apparently you have done your best to increase his mental sufferings.

Can I see the count? Pierre again asked.

Oh! If you wish to kill him, to kill him outright, you can see him. Olga go and see whether Uncle's beef tea is ready—it is almost time, she added, giving Pierre to understand that they were busy and busy making his father comfortable while evidently he, Pierre, was only busy causing him annoyance.

Olga went out. Pierre stood looking at the sisters; then he bowed and said: Then I will go to my rooms. You will let me know when I can see him.

And he left the room, followed by the low but ringing laughter of the sister with the mole.

Next day Prince Vasilí had arrived and settled in the count's house. He sent for Pierre and said to him: My dear fellow, if you are going to behave here as you did in Petersburg, you will end very badly; that is all I have to say to you. The count is very, very ill, and you must not see him at all.

Since then Pierre had not been disturbed

and had spent the whole time in his rooms upstairs.

When Boris appeared at his door, Pierre was pacing up and down his room, stopping occasionally at a corner to make menacing gestures at the wall as if running a sword through an invisible foe, and glaring savagely over his spectacles, and then again resuming his walk, muttering indistinct words, shrugging his shoulders and gesticulating.

England is done for, said he, scowling and pointing his finger at someone unseen. Mr Pitt is a traitor to the nation and to the rights of man, is sentenced to . . . But before Pierre—who at that moment imagined himself to be Napoleon in person and to have just effected the dangerous crossing of the Straits of Dover and captured London—could pronounce Pitt's sentence, he saw a well built and handsome young officer entering his room. Pierre paused. He had left Moscow when Boris was a boy of fourteen, and had quite forgotten him, but in his usual impulsive and hearty way he took Boris by the hand with a friendly smile.

Do you remember me? asked Boris quietly with a pleasant smile. I have come with my mother to see the count, but it seems he is not well.

Yes, it seems he is ill. People are always disturbing him, answered Pierre, trying to remember who this young man was.

Boris felt that Pierre did not recognize him, but did not consider it necessary to introduce himself, and without experiencing the least em-

bar, made Pierre feel uncomfortable.

Ah, Count Rostóv! exclaimed Pierre joyfully. Then you are his son, Ilyá? Only fancy! I didn't know you at first. Do you remember how we went to the Sparrow Hills with Madame

Boris, son of Princess Anna Mikháylovna Drujetskáya Rostov, the father is Ilyá, and his son is Nicholas. I never knew any Madame Jacquot.

Pierre shook his head and arms as if attacked by mosquitoes or bees.

Oh dear, what am I thinking about? I've mixed everything up. One has so many relatives in Moscow! So you are Boris? Of course. Well, now we know where we are. And what do you think of the Boulogne expedition? The English

they were kindhearted, and because they—friends from childhood—had to think about such base thing as money and because their youth was over. But those tears were pleasant to them both.

CHAPTER XVIII

"Hasn't she come yet?" They were expecting Marya Dmitrievna Akhromova, known in society as *le terrible*.

Marya Dmitrievna was not for wealth or rank, but for common sense and frank plainness of speech. Marya Dmitrievna was known to the Imperial family as well as to all Moscow and Petersburg and both cities wondered at her laughed privately at her rudenesses, and told good stories about her while in the less all about except to respect and feared her.

In the count's room, which was full of tobacco smoke, they talked of the war that had been announced, manifestos and about the recruits. None of them had yet seen the manifesto, but they all knew it had appeared. The count sat on the sofa between two guests who were smoking and talking. He neither smoked nor talked, but bending his head first to one side and then to the other watched the smokers with evident pleasure and listened to the conversation of his two neighbors, whom he eyed against each other.

Of them was a tall, clean-shaven, civilian with thin and wrinkled face, already growing old, though he was dressed like most fashionable young men. He sat with his legs up on the sofa as if quite at home and, having stuck an ambermouthpiece far into his mouth, as inhaled the smoke spasmodically and screwed up his eyes. This was an old bachelor Shunshin, cousin of the countess, man with sharp features as they said in Moscow society. He seemed to be no descendant to his companion. The latter, fresh, young officer of the Guards, irreproachably washed, brushed, and buttoned, held his pipe in the middle of his mouth and with red lips gently inhaled the smoke letting escape from his handsome mouth in rings. This was Lieutenant Berg, an officer in the Semenov regiment with whom Boris was to travel to join the army and about whom Natasha had teased her elder sister Vera, peaks of Berg as her intended. The count

sat between them and listened attentively. His favorite occupation when not playing no board game he was very fond of was that of listener especially when he succeeded in setting two loquacious talkers to one another.

"Well, then old chap," said Shunshin laughingly, ironically and mixing the most ordinary Russian expressions with the choicest French phrases—which was peculiarity of his speech. "I must propose *des nôtres* if you want to make something out of our company."

No Peter Nikolaevich, I only want to show that in the cavalry the dangers are far less than in the infantry. Just consider my own position now. Peter Nikolaevich.

Berg always spoke quietly and with great precision. His conversation always related entirely to himself, he would remain calm and silent when the talk related to any topic.

than two hundred rubles every four months, even with the rank of lieutenant, but as I receive two hundred and thirty said he looked at Shunshin and the count with a joyful, pleasant smile as if it were obvious to him that his success must always be the chief desire of everyone else.

Besides that, Peter Nikolaevich, by exchanging to the Guards I shall be in more prominent position. Continued Berg and vacancies occur much more frequently in the Foot Guards. Then just think what can be done with two hundred and thirty rubles. I even manage to put a little aside to send something to my father," he went on, emitting smoke.

Labla. A German knows how to kill. As the proverb says, remarked Shunshin, moving his pipe to the other side of his mouth and winking at the count.

The count burst out laughing. The other guests seem that Shunshin was talking calmly up to listen. Berg, blushing with irony of indifference, continued to explain how by exchanging.

You expect to make an income out of the government.

So that squares matters.

titude to Pierre? asked the son

The will will show that my dear our fate also depends on it

But why do you expect that he will leave us anything?

Oh my dear! He is so rich and we are so poor!

Well that is hardly a sufficient reason Mamma

Oh Heaven! How ill he is! exclaimed the mother

CHAPTER XVII

AFTER ANNA MIKHÁILOVNA had driven off with her son to visit Count Cyril Vladimirovich Bezukhov Countess Rostova sat for a long time all alone applying her handkerchief to her eyes At last she rang

What is the matter with you my dear? she said crossly to the maid who kept her waiting some minutes Don't you wish to serve me? Then I'll find you another place

The countess was upset by her friend's sorrow and humiliating poverty and was there fore out of sorts a state of mind which with her always found expression in calling her maid my dear and speaking to her with exaggerated politeness

I am very sorry ma'am answered the maid Ask the count to come to me

The count came waddling in to see his wife with a rather guilty look as usual

Well little countess? What a *sauté* of game *au mad re* we are to have my dear! I tasted it The thousand rubles I paid for Taras were not ill spent He is worth it!

He sat down by his wife his elbow on his knees and his hands ruffling his gray hair

What are your commands little countess?

You see my dear What's that mess? she said pointing to his waistcoat It's the *sauté* most likely she added with a smile

Well you see Count I want some money

Her face became sad

Oh little countess and the count began bustling to get out his pocketbook

I want a great deal Count! I want five hundred rubles and taking out her cambric handkerchief she began wiping her husband's waistcoat

Yes immediately immediately! Hey who's there? he called out in a tone only used by persons who are certain that those they call

will rush to obey the summons Send Dmitri to me!

Dmitri a man of good family who had been brought up in the count's house and now managed all his affairs stepped softly into the room.

This is what I want my dear fellow said the count to the deferential young man who had entered Bring me he reflected a moment yes bring me seven hundred rubles yes! But mind don't bring me such tattered and dirty notes as last time but nice clean ones for the countess

Yes Dmitri clean ones please said the countess sighing deeply

When would you like them your excellency? asked Dmitri Allow me to inform you

But don't be uneasy he added noticing that the count was beginning to breathe heavily and quickly which was always a sign of approaching anger I was forgetting Do you wish it brought at once?

Yes yes just so! Bring it Give it to the countess

What a treasure that Dmitri is added the count with a smile when the young man had departed There is never any impossible with him That's a thing I hate! Everything is possible

Oh money Count money! How much sorrow it causes in the world said the countess

But I am in great need of this sum

You my little countess are a notorious spendthrift said the count and having kissed his wife's hand he went back to his study

When Anna Mikháýlovna returned from Count Bezukhov's the money all in clean notes was lying ready under a handkerchief on the countess little table and Anna Mikháýlovna noticed that something was agitating her

Well my dear? asked the countess

Oh what a terrible state he is in! One would not know him he is so ill! I was only there a few moments and hardly said a word

Annette for heaven's sake don't refuse me the countess began with a blush that looked very strange on her thin dignified elderly face and she took the money from under the handkerchief

Anna Mikháýlovna instantly guessed her intention and stooped to be ready to embrace the countess at the appropriate moment

This is for Boris from me for his outfit.

Anna Mikháýlovna was already embracing her and weeping The countess wept too They wept because they were friends and because

A fine lad. My word! A fine lad! His father lies in his deathbed and he amuses himself setting policemen and a bear! For shame, or so sham! It would be better if you left the war.

She turned away and gave her hand to the man who could hardly keep from laughing.

"Well, I suppose it must be a terrible thing."

said Mária Dmitri.

The count went first with Mária Dmitriena, then the countess followed in the arm of Colonel Iliich, a man of importance to them both.

not coming as usual.

tutors, and governesses followed suit. The footmen began moving about, chairs scraped, the band struck up in the gallery and the guests settled down in their places. Then the train of the hunt household band were placed by the clatter of knuckles and flocks, the voices of visitors, and the soft tap of the footmen. At the end of the table sat the countess with Mária Dmitrievna on her right and Anna Mikháylovna on her left, the other ladies and tutors were farther down. At the other end sat the countess with the hussar colonel on his left and Shunshin on the other side. The tutors and hussars were in the middle.

As they threw significant glances from behind the people, her husband whose face and bald head seemed to their redness to trust more than usual with his gray hair. At the ladies' end an even chatter of voices was heard all the time, the men and the countess looked toward the door especially that the colonel of the hussars who grew more and more flushed and drank so much that the count held him back as he came to the other guests. Berg with the derisive smile was in the Véra's hand, is not earthly but he only feeling Boris was still his new friend. Perceval who both guests were and exchanging glances with Natasha who was sitting opposite Perceval, he but examined the new faces, and the great deal. Of the

two soups he chose turtle with saffron patties and went on to the game with tomato and a single dish of one of the wines. These latter the butler thrust mysteriously forward, wrapped in napkins from behind the next man's shoulders and whispered. Dry Mende.

Hugarian or Rhine wine as the case might be. Of the four crystal glasses engraved with the count's monogram the first stood before his plate. Perceval held out one at random and drank with enjoyment. The guests increased in amiability to the other guests. Natasha who sat opposite was looking at Boris as glasses of thirteen look at the boy they're new in and have just used the first time. Sometimes that same look fell on Perceval, and then the full eye of the girl looked at him lined to laugh with unknown by.

Nicholas sat some distance from Solyubev side Julia Kará, in town he was a talkative with the same natural smile. Sonva was a companion smile but was evidently tormented by jealousy. She turned pale when flushed and trained every nerve to overhear what Nicholas and Julia were saying to one another. The governess kept looking around easily as if preparing to resent a slight that might be put upon the children. The German tutor was trying to remember the dishes, wines, and kinds of dessert, in order to send full description of the dinner to his people in Germany and he felt greatly offended when the butler with bottles wrapped in paper passed him by. He frowned trying to get it. He did not want any of that wine, but it was mortified because no one would understand that it was not to quench thirst or for mere greediness that he wanted it but simply from a conscientious desire for knowledge.

CHAPTER XIX

AT THE MEN'S end of the table the talk grew more and more animated. The colonel told them that the declaration of war had already appeared in Petersburg and that a copy of the declaration had been seen by that day been forwarded by courier to the Imperial German.

And why then do we are we going to fight Bonaparte? remarked Shunshin. He has occupied Austria and I fear it will be our turn next.

The colonel was stout, tall plump German, densely devoted to the service of patriotically Russian. He resented Shunshin's remark.

ing into the Guards he had already gained a step on his old comrades of the Cadet Corps how in wartime the company commander might get killed and he as senior in the company might easily succeed to the post how popular he was with everyone in the regiment and how satisfied his father was with him Berg evidently enjoyed narrating all this and did not seem to suspect that others too might have their own interests But all he said as so prettily sedate and the naiveté of his youthful egotism was so obvious that he disarmed his hearers

Well my boy you'll get along wherever you go—foot or horse—that I'll warrant said Shishin patting him on the shoulder and taking his feet off the sofa

Berg smiled joyously The count followed by his guests went into the drawing room

It was just the moment before a big dinner when the assembled guests expecting the summons to *zakuska* avoid engaging in any long conversation but think it necessary to move about and talk in order to show that they are not at all impatient for their food The host and hostess look toward the door and now and then glance at one another and the visitors try to guess from these glances who or what they are waiting for—some important relation who has not yet arrived or a dish that is not yet ready

Pierre had come just at dinnertime and was sitting awkwardly in the middle of the drawing room on the first chair he had come across blocking the way for everyone The countess tried to make him talk but he went on naively looking around through his spectacles as if in search of somebody and answered all her questions in monosyllables He was in the way and was the only one who did not notice the fact Most of the guests knowing of the affair with the bear looked with curiosity at this big stout quiet man wondering how such a clumsy modest fellow could have played such a prank on a policeman

You have only lately arrived? the countess asked him

Our madame replied he looking around him

You have not yet seen my husband?

Non madame He smiled quite inappropria- tely

You have been in Paris recently I believe? I suppose it's very interesting

Very interesting

How does it

The countess exchanged glances with Anna Mikháylovna The latter understood that she was being asked to entertain this young man and sitting down beside him she began to speak about his father but he answered her as he had the countess only in monosyllables The other guests were all conversing with one another The Razumóvskis It was charming You are very kind Countess Apráksina was heard on all sides The countess rose and went into the ballroom

Márya Dmítrievna? came her voice from there

Herself came the answer in a rough voice, and Márya Dmítrievna entered the room

All the unmarried ladies and even the married ones except the very oldest rose Márya Dmítrievna paused at the door Tall and stout holding high her fifty-year-old head with its gray curls she stood surveying the guests and leisurely arranged her wide sleeves as if rolling them up Márya Dmítrievna always spoke in Russian

Health and happiness to her whose name day we are said in drowned

went on —

her hand you're feeling dull in Moscow I daresay? Now here to hunt with your dogs? But what is to be done old man? Just see how these nestlings are growing up and she pointed to the girls You must look for husbands for them whether you like it or not

Well said she how's my Cossack (Márya Dmítrievna always called Natásha a Cossack) and she stroked the child's arm as she came up fearless and gay to kiss her hand I know she's a scamp of a girl but I like her

She took a pair of pear-shaped ruby earrings from her huge reticule and having given them to the rosy Natásha who beamed with the pleasure of her saint's day fete turned away at once and addressed herself to Pierre

Eh eh friend! Come here a bit said she

tacles

Come nearer come nearer friend! I used to be the only one to tell your father the truth when he was in favor and in your case it's my evident duty She paused All were silent expectant of what was to follow for this was clearly only a prelude.

"I had better leave! a dith cou tess
Mamma! What cets re we going to
h N tasha ga cr d boldly w th saucy
ga ry co fident that he p kw uld betaken
good part.

So y nd fat l ttle P ty d ubl d up with
l ghier

I see! I ha asked wh pered Natasha
t her l il brother nd t Perr gla ci g t
hum a

I e p dd ng b t you w t get any said
Máry Dmítrév a.

Natasha w th e was othu g t b afra d
fa d so he b d en Márya Dmítríc n

Máry Dmítrév n! What k d of e pud
di g l d t lke ce cream.

C m

What sl ll we s ng? sl e sa d.
"The Brook s ggested N íolas.

W ll t en let s be qu ck. Boris come here
sa d Natasha. But whe e s Sony

Sl e looked rou d nd see h that her fr nd
w s n t n tle room ran to look for l cr

R n ng to So y s roo i nd; t f id g
her there Natásl ran t tle mery but So i
y a was not there e the N tá h a co luded that

swer b t t the cr d bl bold ess d smart
ess f th l t t l g l w l had dared to eat
Márya Dmítríc n this fash n

N tásh lydes t dwh n h h d b e told
th t tler l d b p eapple e. Bef e th
es champ n w r v d u d. Th b nd
ga tr u k p l l co t d countess k ssed
d t l guests l g th ts w t up to
co gra l t the co tess nd reached
cros t l t ble to d k g l sses w th the cou t
th the cl ldr dw t l o ther Aga
the footme ru hed bo t ch urs scrap d d
th sam de w l h t l y l d e t ed
b t w th edd f ces the guests t rned to
l d w oom d t th cou t tudy

CHAPTER XX

T CARD l f w drawn ut sets m d
p f bost d t l t t r s settled
them s e some th tw draw g ooms
som t l t t g oom some the l brary

Tl co t, hold g l e a ds fa w e k pt

h rp Jul by g ral q est pl y d first Aft
ers! had pl y d l t l w th
tl harp h j d t l t l e y u l d es
begg g n tá ha d N ch las, wh ted
f th mus l t l t to g som t l g
N tásha who w ted th gh h w
gr p w ev d ly ryp d f th b t
t th sam t me f l l y

that sa t s d y uddenly cl ged her eyes be-
came fi ed d then l er p ssed down her
broad neck d the co ers of l er m uil
drooped.

Sonyal What s t? Wl t is the matter?
O O Oo l A d N tásl sl rge
mouth w de ed, mak g h r look q te ugly
d l e bega t w l lke b by w t l ut know
g w l except that So y w cry So i
tr d t l f t her head t an wer b t could t t
d hid l e f e st l l deeper t tle bed. N tá
sha w pt, s t t go the bl e t j d f e t l er
bed d hugg g h fr e d. W t l n eff r
Sony sat up d began w p g l e r eyes nd
e pl n g

N chol s go ng aw y n a w e k s t me l
p pers ha e com he t l d me h n
self b t t l l l l d n t cry d l
h owed p per l e h l d n l r l d w t l tle
res N ch las had w t n stull l l o l d ot
cry b t y u cant o e ca u d rstand
wh t soul he has!

A d l began to cry ga n b cau e h e l d
such bl so l

It s l l cry well f r y I am n t e
ous I l y u d Borí also shew e to
ga n g a l ttle tre gh h s e there
ar d f ficult es y ur y B t N chol s
my us n n w uld l t the
M tr p l t n l mself de n t l t eant
b do And bes des f h t l l M m n
(So y) look d pon th co t s s a f e motl
d call d h r so) t t l I am p e l g
N h l ca e d m h rtless du gr t
f l wh l trul God s my ess d
h m d t l gn f the cross I l e l
much d ll of you o ly vé A d wh t

It is for the reason my good sir said he speaking with a German accent for the reason that the Emperor knows that He declares in the manifesto that he cannot view with indifference the danger threatening Russia and that the safety and dignity of the Empire as well as the sanctity of its alliances he spoke this last word with particular emphasis as if in it lay the gist of the matter

Then with the unerring official memory that characterized him he repeated from the opening words of the manifesto

and the wish which constitutes the Emperor's sole and absolute aim—to establish peace in Europe on firm foundations—has now decided him to despatch part of the army abroad and to create a new condition for the attainment of that purpose

That my dear sir is very he concluded drinking a tumbler of wine with dignity and looking to the count for approval

Connaissez vous le proverbe Jerome Jerome do not roam but turn spindles at home? said Shishin puckering his brows and smiling *Cela nous convient à merveille* Suворov now—he knew what he was about yet they beat him *à plate couture* and where are we to find Suворov now? *Je vous demande un peu* said he continually changing from French to Russian

will be well And we must discuss it as little as possible he dwelt particularly on the word *possible* as possible he ended again turning to the count That is how the old hussars look at it and there is an end of it! And how do you a young man and a young hussar how do you judge of it? he added addressing Nicholas who when he heard that the war was being discussed had turned from his partner with eyes and ears intent on the colonel

I am quite of your opinion replied Nicholas flaring up turning his plate round and moving his wineglasses about with as much decision and desperation as though he were at that moment facing some great danger I am convinced that we Russians must die or conquer he concluded conscious—as were others—after the words were uttered that his remarks were too enthusiastic and emphatic for

Do you know the proverb?
That says it is us do to the ground
Holla
I just ask you that

the occasion and were therefore awkward

What you said just now was splendid! said his partner Julie

Sonya trembled all over and blushed to her ears and behind them and down to her neck and shoulders while Nicholas was speaking

Pierre listened to the colonel's speech and nodded approvingly

That's fine said he

The young man's real hussar! shouted the colonel again thumping the table

What are you making such a noise about over there? Marya Dmitrievna's deep voice suddenly inquired from the other end of the table What are you thumping the table for? she demanded of the hussar and why are you exciting yourself? Do you think the French are here?

I am speaking of the truce replied the hussar with a smile

It's all about the war the count shouted down the table You know my son's going Marya Dmitrievna? My son is going

I have four sons in the army but still I don't fret It is all in God's hands You may die in your bed or God may spare you in a battle replied Marya Dmitrievna's deep voice which easily carried the whole length of the table

That's true!

Once more the conversations concentrated the ladies at the one end and the men at the other

You won't ask Natásha's little brother was saying I know you won't ask!

I will replied Natásha

Her face suddenly flushed with reckless and joyous resolution She half rose by a glance meeting Pierre who sat opposite to listen to what

of the table

What is it? asked the countess startled but seeing by her daughter's face that it was only mischief she shook a finger at her sternly with a threatening and forbidding movement of her head

The conversation was hushed

Mamma! What secrets are we going to have? and Natásha's voice sounded still more firm and resolute

The countess tried to frown but could not Marya Dmitrievna looked her father

Cossack! she said threateningly

Most of the guests uncertain how to regard this sally looked at the elders.

Natasha blushed and laughed.

Will callly Mamma Why should you?
Wh is there to be urprised t?

In the midst of the throng as there was
 a tier of chairs being pushed back in the
 dining room where the countess Márya Dmitri-
 tchén had been playing cards with the major
 in the midst of the throng as there was
 They were stretching themselves for a
 solid playing purses and pocket
 books, entered the ballroom. First came Márya
 Dmitri tchén and the countess, both with merry

What we pressed by the whole of the count's
pl mp figure n Marya Dmitri na found x
press o only n l e r m re a d m re b e m n g
face n d q r nose B t f l e u n t get
l m e t the w g f t, charmed

...ians d l uted up to tl r gallery d
...ess g th first lin

Sen Do you kn w l D l C p ?
Th was th cou t f rit da ce which
e had wa ed his y uth (Struly peak
ng, D l Coop was e figur of the

Look t P pal h ted N tasha to the
hol compa y nd q t f rg to g that sh
as da g w h gr wn up partner h bent
ser curly h d to h k ees dmadethe h le
oom n g w th l e r l g lter

A d indeed crybody th room looked
th ml fpl assure t th j l old g n
deman wh tand; bes de hus tall nd tout
partner Máry Dmatric curved his arms,

were watching the count and Mária Dom
tre n N tásha kept pulling everyone by
the collar, urging them to look at Pap I
the girls as they never took their eyes off
the couple. In the taverns the da cles
counted each girl deeply wounded and

ul turn gh part er round to l er seat he
 ex cu ed the fil al par raus „his soft foot back
 wards, bo gl is persp gh d sm l g d
 m k g w de w ep w th l rm amid
 th der of pplause nd l g lter led by A t d
 sha Both p rt ers too d st ll bre th ghea ly
 and w p their l ex w th their cambric
 ha dk rich fs

That's how we used to dance in our time
 I'll say the count.

"That was a D I C op" exclaimed Mary Dittie n tucking up her sleeves a d puffin' he ly

CHAPTER \N

d mo p pared tl o look rs f what
w t f ll w As soo as the p o ocate ly way
tra f D l C per (som wht eem
bl g h se f merry p asa t dan e) began
to so d, ll tl doorw f th ballroom
d ly filled b h d meat serfs—th
me d d th w men on tae other
—wh w tl beamu g f ceshad com to se their
m t m k g try

Just look the master A regular eagle
boldly remarked the ours he stood in
the doorway.

Th cou t d ed well d k w B hus
p r r ld d did n wan to da
w ll H rmous figu tood erect her pow
erf larmsha g gd n (h had ha ded her
et ul to th co ess) d ly her term
b t ha disome face eally jo ed the dance.

W LE the Rost ballroom the sixth
I u w be g d nced to t n w l h th
w ary mus cian blundered nd wh l t red
foom n nd ooks were gett the s pper
Cou t Ber kh had s th tr ke The doc
t rs pro u ed re o ry mpos s ble. After a
m te co less n commun n was dm ttered
to th d man p parat smad f th
sacram t of u t d hush hush th re
was the bustl and thrill f usp us al t
ch m us. O us de t h use b y nd th
gates, gr p of dertak rs, w o h d w l n
ever carr g dro eup wated n pectatio
of mporta t rder f r n exp fu e
al. Th Military Go ern of Moscow who

for? What have I done to her? I am so grateful to you that I would willingly sacrifice every thing *only I have nothing*

Sonya could not continue and again hid her face in her hands and in the feather bed Natásha began consoling her but her face showed that she understood all the gravity of her friend's trouble

Sonya she suddenly exclaimed as if she had guessed the true reason of her friend's sorrow I'm sure Véra has said something to you since dinner? Hasn't she?

Yes these verses Nicholas wrote himself and I copied some others and she found them on my table and said she'd show them to Mamma and that I was ungrateful and that Mamma would never allow him to marry me but that he'll marry Julie You see how he's been with her all day Natásha what have I done to deserve it?

ing her

Sonya don't believe her darling! Don't believe her! Do you remember how we and Nicholas all three of us talked in the sitting room after supper? Why we settled how everything was to be I don't quite remember how but

And we are only second cousins you know And Boris says it is quite possible You know I have told him all about it And he is so clever

anything to Mamma Nicholas will tell her himself and he doesn't care at all for Julie

Natásha kissed her on the forehead

Sonya sat up The little kitten brightened its eyes shone and it seemed ready to lift its tail jump down on its soft paws and begin playing with the ball of worsted as a kitten should

Do you think so? Really? Truly? she said quickly smoothing her frock and hair

Really truly! answered Natásha pulling in a crisp lock that had strayed from under her friend's plait

Both laughed

Well let's go and sing The Brook

Come along!

Do you know that fat Pierre who sat op-

posite me is so funny! said Natásha stopping suddenly

to

om of her dress close to her bony little chest ran after Natásha down the passage into the sitting room with flushed face and light joyous steps At the visitors request the young people sang the quartette The Brook with which everyone was delighted Then Nicholas sang a song he had just learned

At night the little stars fair glow

How sweet as fancies in the free

To feel that in this world there's one

Who still is the light but of the

Thou little starlight to cheer the

Wafting the music of the sea

It is for thee thou still star heart

Singing its message on to thee

Adieu thou little star

But I'll till the night

He had not finished the last verse before the young people began to get ready to dance in the large hall and the sound of the feet and the coughing of the musicians were heard from the gallery

Pierre was sitting in the drawing room where Shinskin had engaged him as a man recently returned from abroad in a political conversation in which several others joined but which bored Pierre When the music began Natásha came in and walking straight up to Pierre said laughing and blushing

Mamma told me to ask you to join the dancers

I am afraid of mixing the figures Pierre replied but if you will be my teacher And lowering his big arm he offered it to the slender little girl

with a smile happy she was dancing with a grown-up man who had been abroad She was sitting in a conspicuous place and talking to him like a grown-up lady She had a fan in her hand that one of the ladies had given her to hold Assuming quite the pose of a society woman (heaven knows when and where she had learned it) she talked with her partner fanning herself and smiling over the fan

Dear dear! just look at her! exclaimed the countess as she crossed the ballroom pointing to Natásha

talked business, Catherine, muttered the prince, seated himself wearily in the chair she had just vacated. "You have made the place warm, I must say," he remarked. "Well, sit down, let's have talk."

I thought perhaps something had happened, she said with her unchangeably severe expression, and, sitting down opposite the prince, she prepared to listen.

I wished to get napkins for you, but I can't.

"Well, my dear?" said Prince Vasil, taking her hand and bending down towards her as was his habit.

It was plain that this well-referred to much that they both understood without naming.

her. You know Catherine, that we—you three sisters, Maminov and myself—are the count only direct heirs. I know I know how hard it is for you to talk or think of such matters. It is no easier for me, but, my dear, I am getting on for sixty and must be prepared for anything. Do you know I have sent for Perre? The count, pointing to his portrait, definitely demanded that he should be called.

Prince Vasil looked questioningly at the princess, but could not make out whether she was considering what he had just said or whether she was simply looking at him.

"Then, no matter, I constantly pray God

might have been taken as an expression of sorrow and devotion. I weariness and hope of rest before I. Prince Vasil understood it as an expression of fear.

And then he said, do you think it is easier for me? I am as worn as a post horse, but still I must have talk with you Catherine, a cry sent us talk.

Prince Vasil said no more and his cheeks began to twitch nervously now and then. Now the other, in his face an unpleasant expression which was never to be seen on the count's face in the room. His eyes too seemed strangely. At that moment they looked impatiently and at the excited round in alarm.

The princess, holding her little dog on her lap with her thin hands, looked attentively at Prince Vasil's eyes. He seemed to be the first to break it. She had to wait till morning.

"Well, yes, my dear princess, I cousin Catherine. Semenov, continued Prince Vasil, returning to his theme, apparently not to the same struggle. At that moment as this must think of everything. On must think of the future, I tell you. I tell you all, like children, if my wife as you know.

The princess could not look at him without moving, and with the same dull expression.

And then, of course my family has also to be considered. Prince Vasil went on testily pushing away a little table without looking at Catherine.

that he had pushed away. But in short, that fact is, you know yourself that last winter the count made a will by which he left all his property to us his direct heirs, but to Perre.

He has made wills enough! quietly re-

clutching the little table and becoming more animated and talkative rapidly. What if a letter has been written to the Emperor in which the count asks for Perre's legitimation? Do you understand that in consideration of the count's services, his request would be granted?

The princess smiled as people do who think they know more about the subject under discussion than those they are talking with.

I can tell you more continued Prince Vasil, taking her hand, that letter was written though it was not sent, and the Emperor knew of it. The only question is, has it been destroyed or not? If not, then as soon as it is over and Prince Vasil has decided to intimate what he means by these words, it is over and the count's papers are opened, then will and the letter will be delivered to the Emperor.

ironically as if anything might happen only in that.

But, my poor Catherine, it is as clear as daylight. He will then be the legal heir to everything and you will get anything. You must

had been assiduous in sending aides de camp to inquire after the count's health came himself that evening to bid a last farewell to the celebrated grandee of Catherine's court Count Bezukhov.

The magnificent reception room was crowded. Everyone stood up respectfully when the Military Governor having stayed about half an hour alone with the dying man passed out slightly acknowledging their bows and trying to escape as quickly as possible from the glances fixed on him by the doctors, clergy and relatives of the family. Prince Vasilii who had grown thinner and paler during the last few days escorted him to the door repeating something to him several times in low tones.

When the Military Governor had gone Prince Vasilii sat down all alone on a chair in the ballroom crossing one leg high over the other, leaning his elbow on his knee and covering his face with his hand. After sitting so for a while he rose and looking about him with frightened eyes went with unusually hurried steps down the long corridor leading to the back of the house to the room of the eldest princess.

Those who were in the dimly lit reception room spoke in nervous whispers and when ever anyone went into or came from the dying man's room grew silent and gazed with eyes full of curiosity or expectancy at his door which creaked slightly when opened.

The limits of human life are fixed and may not be overpassed, said an old priest to a lady who had taken a seat beside him and was listening gravely to his words.

I wonder is it not too late to administer unction? asked the lady adding the priest's clerical title as if she had no opinion of her own on the subject.

Ah madam it is a great sacrament, replied the priest passing his hand over the thin grizzled strands of hair combed back across his bald head.

Who was that? The Military Governor himself? was being asked at the other side of the room. How young looking he is!

Yes and he is over sixty. I hear the count no longer recognizes anyone. They wished to administer the sacrament of unction.

I knew someone who received that sacrament seven times.

The second princess had just come from the sickroom with her eyes red from weeping and sat down beside Dr Lorrain who was sitting in a graceful pose under a portrait of Catherine

learning his elbow on a table.

Beautiful, said the doctor in answer to a remark about the weather. The weather is beautiful. Princess and besides in Moscow one feels as if one were in the country.

Yes indeed, replied the princess with a sigh. So he may have something to drink?

Lorrain considered.

Has he taken his medicine?

Yes.

The doctor glanced at his watch.

Take a glass of boiled water and put a pinch of cream of tartar and he indicated with his delicate fingers what he meant by a pinch.

There has never been a case, a German doctor was saying to an aide de camp, that one lifts after a stroke.

And what a well preserved man he is! remarked the aide de camp. And who will inherit his wealth? he added in a whisper.

It won't go begging, replied the German with a smile.

Everyone again looked toward the door which creaked as the second princess went in with the drink she had prepared according to Lorrain's instructions. The German doctor went up to Lorrain.

Do you think he can last till morning? asked the German addressing Lorrain in French which he pronounced badly.

Lorrain pursing up his lips waved a severe

self-satisfaction at being able clearly to understand and state the patient's condition.

Meanwhile Prince Vasilii had opened the door into the princess's room.

In this room it was almost dark, only a few tiny flames were burning before the icons and there was a pleasant scent of flowers and burnt pastilles. The room was crowded with small pieces of furniture, hats, cupboards and little tables. The quilt of a high white feather bed was just visible behind a screen. A small dog began to bark.

Ah is it you cousin?

She rose and stretched her hair which was as usual so extremely smooth that it seemed to be made of one piece with her head and covered with varnish.

Has anything happened? she asked. I am so terrified.

No, there is no change. I only came to have

BOOK ONE

talk bout bus ness Cat che mutte ed the
p e, se u gh m elf w ar ly o d e d air she
l d just ca d. l u l e made the place
w rm, l m t s y he emark d. W il st
d wn let ha e a talk.

I tho ght pe haps someth g had h p-
pe ed, sh d th her u ch g ng ston ly
ev ere exp ess n nd tu g d wn ppos te
the p in e she p ep red to l ten

I shed to get n p mon co n but I
cant.

W il my d ar? d P ce Va l tak g
her ha d and b d g t d nw ds was h s
hab t.

It was pl th t th s w ll? referred to
m ch th t they both u d stoo d w thout n m

p m e tgr y eyes Th he hook ne u
d gl n ed p t the co tl gh Th s
w rght h b e tak n exp es n f sor
d d e t f we nes dh pe f

A
f me? I m as w rm t a po th rse b t
still I must h a talk th y u Cat che
cry eri us talk
Pr v l d m e dh che kabe

o e m me t they look d mpude tly sly and
t the ext gl d und n larm.

Th p ess h ld gh l tle d g n her
l p th her ths bo y h ds look d tte
u ely t P Vasil s yes de tly e
sol ed t t b the first b e k l c f he
h d t t u l m g

W ll, y see my d p es d cou
Cath Sem n co u d P c Va
l t, eturn g to his theme pp ently n t
th t an e struggle t ch m m nt
as th must th k f r y th g O must
th k f the f tur fall f y u Il cy u
ll k chldr f my w y u kn w

Th pr ess co t u d t look t hum w th
t mo g d w th the m d ll exp es-
n.

A d th f course my fam ly h lso to b
ad d, Pr v l w t test ly
i h g y l tle tabl w th t look ng at
Cath ine.

ler Y u kn Cat d e that we--you three
s ters Mámonto nd my w fe--are the count s
ly dire tle rs l k w I kn w how hard it
f r y u to talk or tl k of such matters. It is
no e s e r f me but my dear I am getting o i
f r s y and must be prep red for n thing
Do you know I l a esent for P erre? Tl e count,
po nt g to his portrat defin tely demand d
l d h called.

h was s mply look ng at hum.

There s one th ng I co stantly p ay God
to grant mo ou l e repl ed, d it s
tl t lfe wo ld be merciful to h n and w ul l
all wh s ble soul pe efully to le etl s

Yes yes of course nt rrupted l ce v
il mp t e tly rubbing h s b ld head a dan
g ly p ll g b ck toward l m tle l tle table
t d l ed w y But n sh rt

Perr

H l as m de w lls e o gl l quetly re
m l d the p ccess. But l e ca tlea e the
est

d

tl co nt serv ce h req est would be
gr nted?

Tl p n ess m l d s people d w l o th nk
they kn w m about the s bject under d
uss n t l an t l e they e talk ng w th.

I can tell y u m re conu ued P nce V
sil se ng he ha d th t lett r was written
though t w n t ent, d the Empe r kn w
of t. The nly quest on s has t b e n de
st yed o not? If n t then as soon as ll is
ov and Pr ce V l s gh d to nt m te
wh t he me t by th w rds all is e and
th cou ts p pers e ope ed the w ll d

ro cally as f anyth g m ght happ only
n t th t.

B t my poo C tle t s as clear s day
l ghtl H w ll d n be the legal l e r to every
th ng d y won t get anyl ng y u must

know my dear whether the will and letter were written and whether they have been destroyed or not And if they have somehow been overlooked you ought to know where they are and must find them because

What next? the princess interrupted smiling sardonically and not changing the expression of her eyes I am a woman and you think we are all stupid but I know this an illegitimate son cannot inherit *un batar!* she added as if supposing that this translation of the word would effectively prove to Prince Vasilii the invalidity of his contention

Well really Catichel Can't you understand? You are so intelligent how is it you don't see that if the count has written a letter to the Emperor begging him to recognize Pierre as legitimate it follows that Pierre will not be Pierre but will become Count Bezukhov and will then inherit everything under the will? And if the will and letter are not destroyed then you will have nothing but the consolation of having been dutiful *et tout ce qui s'en suit!* That's certain

I know the will was made but I also know that it is invalid and you *mon cousin* seem to consider me a perfect fool said the princess with the expression women assume when they suppose they are saying something witty and stinging

My dear Princess Catherine Semenovna began Prince Vasilii impatiently I came here not to wrangle with you but to talk about your interests as with a kinswoman a good kind true relation And I tell you for the tenth time that if the letter to the Emperor and the will in Pierre's favor are among the count's papers then my dear girl you and your sisters are not heiresses! If you don't believe me then believe an expert. I have just been talking to Dmitri Onufriich (the family solicitor) and he says the same

At this a sudden change evidently took place in the princess ideas her thin lips grew white though her eyes did not change and her voice when she began to speak passed through such transitions as she herself evidently did not expect

That would be a fine thing! said she I never wanted anything and I don't now

She pushed the little dog off her lap and smoothed her dress

And this is gratitude—this is recognition for those who have sacrificed everything for his

And that is all

And that is all the first

she cried It's splendid! Fine! I don't want anything I resign

Yes but you are not the only one There are your sisters replied Prince Vasilii

But the princess did not listen to him

Yes I knew it long ago but had forgotten I knew that I could expect nothing but mean

insisted Prince Vasilii his cheeks twitching more than ever

Yes I was a fool! I still believed in people loved them and sacrificed myself But only the base the vile succeed! I know who has been intriguing!

The princess wished to rise but the prince held her by the hand She had the air of one who has suddenly lost faith in the whole human race She gave her companion an angry glance

There is still time my dear You must remember Catichel that it was all done casually in a moment of anger of illness and was afterwards forgotten Our duty my dear is to rectify his mistake to ease his last moments by not letting him commit this injustice and not to let him die feeling that he is rendering unhappy those who

Who sacrificed everything for him chime!

Remember that in this world one must expect no reward that in this world there is neither honor nor just ice In this world one has to be cunning and cruel

Now come come! Be reasonable I know your excellent heart

No I have a wicked heart

I know your heart repeated the prince I value your friendship and wish you to have as good an opinion of me Don't upset yourself and let us talk sensibly while there is still time be it a day or be it but an hour Tell me all you know about the will and above all where it is You must know We will take it at once and show it to the count He has no doubt for gotten it and will wish to destroy it You understand that at my sole desire I conscientiously carry out his wishes that is my only reason for being here I came simply to help him and you

Now I see it all! I know who has been intriguing—I know! cried the princess.

"That n t the po nt my de r
 Is s th t protégé f yours t at we et Pri
 cess Drubetsláya th t Ann M kháyo na
 hom l ld not take fo a h usema d

h le f rin ght. I kn w t as th n h wrote
 this le fam us paper b t I thou ght the
 thu g was inval d.

W egott t tl t—why d dy u not tell
 m bo t tsoo er?"

Its the lad portf lo that he k p un
 der h pillow said the pri cess, gn g his
 q est N w ik w lles f lha e a
 great n t h rd f th t le w ma l l
 most hneked the pr cess n v q te cha ged
 A d hat does le come w rm g lerself in
 ler fo? B t I w ll g e l r a p ece of my
 m d. Th tme w ll come!

CHAPTER XXII

W tze these c n rsat o were go g o n
 the re ept o oom d th p ss room, a
 arr ta g P rr (who had b nsent
 f) and A M kháyl (w l f u d t nec
 essary t mp y h m) w d g to the
 rt f Co t B kh l use. A the wheel
 roll d softly o e the traw h tl the w
 d A M kháyl na h g turned w th
 ds f comf rt t ler comp n l d
 hathe a sl p h corner and w ke him

fatl wh d ted h m He n t ed th t
 tl y had t come t th fr te trauc butt
 tl b ck door Wh le h w g tt g d w f m
 tl carr ge teps two me who looked like
 tradespeopl f rr díy f m the e tra ce
 d h d the had w ftl wall P us g f
 tnom t P rre tuced eral the men of
 the sam k d h d g tl sl d w of the
 bo se both dex. B t tl Ann M k
 háyl the footman th co chm

cou t at all st ll less why le had to go by the
 back ta rs yet judg g by An a M kl áyo na
 a r of ass ra ce a d haste P erre co d d ed
 that t w s all absolutely necessary H lf w y
 up the t rs they w re almost k ocked o er by
 some men who carry g p l came run ng
 d wn ta rs the r boots cl ttering Tl ese me
 pressed close to tl e wall to let P erre and A
 M kháyl vn pass nd did not e nce tl e least
 surp e t see g them there.

Is this the way to the pr ncesses i rt
 ments? asked Ann M kháyo na of o e f
 tlem

Yes repl ed footman n bold loud v ce
 as if nyth ng were now perm ss ble the door
 to the left ma am.

Pe hap the count did not a k for me sa d
 P erre when he reached the l d s g l d bet
 ter go to my own room

An M kl áylovna paused and waited for
 him to come up

Ah, my frie dl she said, touch g h s rm
 as he h d do e her sons when spe k ng to

m y la beend neyo Th k that le s your
 f lter perhaps n the go y f death. She
 ghed. I ha e lo ed y ul ke so from the
 fi t. Trust y urself to m P erre I shall not
 f rget yo terests.

P erre d d n t understa d w rd but the
 co t th t ll this had to b grew trong
 d he m ekly foll wed A na M kháyl n
 who was al dy open g doo

This door led nto a b ck a t room. An old
 man aserv t of the pri cesses s tin corn r
 kn tt g stock g P erre h d nev r been n
 thus p t f the h use nd d ote n kn
 f the ex tence f these rooms. Anna M kháyl
 lo n d d res g a m d who hurry
 p tw th decant on tr yas myd ar nd
 my w t ked bo tle prin cesses health
 nd then led P erre l g ston passage Th
 first doo tl e left led to th pri cesses
 ap rtm ts. Th m d w tl the d canter
 h haste h d n t closed th door (r yth g
 n th h use was d n n haste t that t m)
 nd P erre and Anna M kháyl na n pass g
 t ctly gl ced nto the room, wh e
 Pr n A l and the eldest princess wer t
 u g cl se t g ther talk g See g th m pass
 Pri e V l dr w b ck w th ob us mp
 t ne w lde th prin ess jumped up nd w th

know my dear whether the will and letter were written and whether they have been destroyed or not. And if they have somehow been overlooked you ought to know where they are and must find them because

What next? the princess interrupted smiling sardonically and not changing the expression of her eyes. I am a woman and you think we are all stupid but I know this: an illegitimate son cannot inherit *un bâtard!* she added as if supposing that this translation of the word would effectively prove to Prince Vasilii the invalidity of his contention.

Emperor begging him to recognize Pierre as legitimate it follows that Pierre will not be Pierre but will become Count Bezukhov and will then inherit everything under the will? And if the will and letter are not destroyed then you will have nothing but the consolation of having been dutiful *et tout ce qui s'en suit!* That's certain.

I know the will was made but I also know that it is invalid and you *mon cousin* seem to consider me a perfect fool said the princess with the expression women assume when they suppose they are saying something witty and stinging.

My dear Princess Catherine Semenovna began Prince Vasilii impatiently. I came here not to wrangle with you but to talk about your interests as with a kinswoman a good kind true relation. And I tell you for the tenth time that if the letter to the Emperor and the will in Pierre's favor are among the count's papers then my dear girl you and your sisters are not heiresses! If you don't believe me then believe an expert. I have just been talking to Dmitri Onufriich (the family solicitor) and he says the same.

when she began to speak passed through such transitions as she herself evidently did not expect.

That would be a fine thing! said she. I never wanted anything and I don't now.

She pushed the little dog off her lap and smoothed her dress.

And this is gratitude—this is recognition for those who have sacrificed everything for his

Alas!

All that at last for himself.

sake! she cried. It's splendid! Fine! I don't want anything. Prince.

Yes but you are not the only one. There are your sisters replied Prince Vasilii.

But the princess did not listen to him.

Yes I knew it long ago but had forgotten. I knew that I could expect nothing but mean

insisted Prince Vasilii his cheeks twitching more than ever.

Yes I was a fool! I still believed in people loved them and sacrificed myself. But only the base the vile succeed! I know who has been intriguing!

The princess wished to rise but the prince held her by the hand. She had the air of one who has suddenly lost faith in the whole human race. She gave her companion an angry glance.

There is still time my dear. You must remember Catherine that it was all done casually.

letting him commit this injustice and not to let him die feeling that he is rendering unhappy those who

Who sacrificed everything for him chimed in the princess who would again have risen had not the prince still held her fast though he never could appreciate it. No *mon cousin* she added with a sigh. I shall always remember that in this world one must expect no reward that in this world there is neither honor nor justice. In this world one has to be cunning and cruel.

Now come come! Be reasonable I know your excellent heart.

No I have a wicked heart.

I know your heart repeated the prince.

be it a day or be it but an hour. Tell me all you know about the will and above all where it is. You must know. We will take it at once and show it to the count. He has no doubt forgotten it and will wish to destroy it. You understand that my sole desire is conscientiously to carry out his wishes that is my only reason for being here. I came simply to help him and you.

Now I see it all! I know who has been intriguing—I know cried the princess.

It'd be proper to call the dying man the
 I should call him if the

nevertheless I did grasp that stroke

in good upw...
 The eldest priestess fell weeping him, and the
 priestess and deacon and some servants also
 heard the doo Throu h that doo was
 heard use fith gbe gmo ed bout, and
 the last Anna M kháy l 'na t l l w th the same
 exp ess pal b t resolut n the discharge
 of d ty ran tand t uch g P erre l ghtly on
 the arm s ad

"Th d d me mercy is nexhaustibl f U c
 to is bo t to be dm t ed. Come.

P erre w t t the door t pp the
 soft carpet, d n u ed that the tra ge lady
 the de-de-camp d some fith serva ts, l l
 f l l ed hum n, as f there were n w no fur
 ther ed f permissu n to nte that room.

CHAPTER XXIII

the columns, w th high lk-curtained nua ho
 y bedstead d d the other an

chair w w h u smooth p l l w s, ev d t
 ly freshly changed P erre saw--co ered to th
 us by bri ht gree quilt--th familiar ma
 jestu f ur f his f ther Co nt Bezukh
 th that gray man of ha bo his broad
 f head wh ch em ded f l d
 th deep charact ually n bl wrinkles of
 his ha d som ruddy f e. H l y just u der
 th co h large th k hands us de the
 q l l to th ght h d, which was lying
 palm d wards w taper had been thrust
 bet ee f f i ger d thumb dan ldserv
 ant, bendi g er from beh d th chair held
 it in positio By th chair tood th priests,

the long ha r fall go er their m g ficient
 gl iter ng estments, w th l ghted taper n the r
 ha d lowl nd solemnly co duct g th
 serv

you
 the J...
 est ister Cat che, w th a vicious nd deter
 m ned look te d ly fixed on the cons as tho gh
 de l r g to l l that she could n t n wer f r
 herself should he glance round. Anna M kháy
 l w th meek sorrowful a d l l forgi ng
 exp ess on n h f ce tood by the door near
 the tra ge lady P rnce Vasili n front of the
 doo near the n al d cha r a wax taper n h s

f c w re calm look of p ety d res gnati n
 to the will of God. If y u do ot u derstand
 these sentiments, he seemed to be say ng, so
 much the w rse fo you!

Beh nd h m tood th a de-de-camp the doc
 tors, d the messervants the men d wom
 en had sep rated as n church. All were lently
 cross g themsel es d the read g of the
 church serv ce th subdued cha t ng of de p

to wh P erre was standi d ga e him
 taper He l t t nd, distracted by observ g
 th se rou d hum began cross gh mself w th
 th ha d that held th tape

Soph e, the rosy l u hter l r, yo gest
 prin ess w th th mol watched h m. She
 m led hid her f ce n her handkerch ef nd
 cna ed w th t hudd n f r while then look

g p d seeing P erre sh gain began to
 l h. Sh e d d ly felt unabl to look t hum
 w th ut l u h g but could n t exist look g
 t hum so t be out f temptu ion he l pped
 qu tly behind of the columns. I th midst
 f th serv the es f the priests udd ly
 ceased, they whu pe ed to ne th and th
 old servant who was holdi g the count ha d
 got up d sa d something to the ladies. Ann
 M kháy l 'na t pped f rward and, toop ng o
 er th dy g man beck ed t Lorra n from
 beh d her back. Th F ench docto held n ta
 per h w leaning o ainst o e f th e lumina
 in respectful tutud mply ng that he a
 fo eign n sp te of all differen es of faith,

a gesture of desperation slammed the door with all her might

This action was so unlike her usual composure and the fear depicted on Prince Vasil's face so out of keeping with his dignity that Pierre stopped and glanced inquiringly over his spectacles at his guide Anna Mikháylovna. Convinced no surprise she only smiled faintly and sighed as if to say that this was no more than she had expected.

Be a man, my friend, I will look after your interests, said she in reply to his look and went still faster along the passage.

Pierre could not make out what it was all about and still less what watching over his interests meant, but he decided that all these things had to be. From the passage they went into a large dimly lit room adjoining the count's reception room. It was one of those sumptuous but cold apartments known to Pierre only from the front approach, but even in this room there now stood an empty bath and water had been spilled on the carpet. They were met by a deacon with a censor and by a servant who passed out on tiptoe without heeding them. They went into the reception room familiar to Pierre with two Italian windows opening in to the conservatory with its large bust and full length portrait of Catherine the Great. The same people were still sitting here in almost the same positions as before, whispering to one another. All became silent and turned to look at the pale tear worn Anna Mikháylovna as she

the count's son Is there any hope?

shoulders and eyes almost closing the latter sighed and moved away from the doctor to Pierre. To him in a particularly respectful and tenderly sad voice she said

Trust in His mercy! and pointing out a small sofa for him to sit and wait for her she went silently toward the door that everyone was watching and it creaked very slightly as she disappeared behind it.

Pierre having made up his mind to obey his mistress implicitly moved toward the sofa she had indicated. As soon as Anna Mikháylovna had disappeared he noticed that the eyes of all in the room turned to him with some thing more than curiosity and sympathy. He noticed that they whispered to one another

the priests rose and offered him her seat, an aide de camp picked up and returned a glove Pierre had dropped, the doctors became respectfully silent as he passed by and moved to make way for him. At first Pierre wished to take another seat so as not to trouble the lady and also to pick up the glove himself and to pass round the doctors who were not even in his way, but all at once he felt that this would not do and that tonight he was a person obliged to perform some sort of awful rite which everyone expected of him and that he was therefore bound to accept their services. He took the glove in silence from the aide-de-camp

be and that in order not to lose his head and do foolish things he must not act on his own ideas tonight but must yield himself up entirely to the will of those who were guiding him

stars or thinner since the morning his eyes seemed larger than usual when he glanced round and noticed Pierre. He went up to him took his hand (a thing he never used to do) and drew it downwards as if wishing to ascertain whether it was firmly fixed on

seriousness that the decisive moment had arrived. With the air of a practical Petersburg lady she not keeping Pierre close beside her entered the room even more boldly than that afternoon. She felt that as she brought with her the person the dying man wished to see her own admission was assured. Casting a rapid

yet seeming to grow suddenly smaller and respectfully received the blessing first of one and then of another priest.

God be thanked that you are in time, said she to one of the priests, all we relatives have been in such anxiety. This young man is the count's son, she added more softly. What a terrible moment!

Having said this she went up to the doctor. Dear doctor, said she, this young man is

di es f the count s f ce began to tw tch. l
 Th sed the ha dsome mouth l

re-
 In
 he
 t u ely at the s ck mai y s -- o
 hat he wanted sh po ted first to P erre, then
 to some drink, the named P ce Vasil n an
 inquiring wh per th n po ted to th quilt.
 Th eyes and f ce f th s k man ho ed im
 paten e. He mad an effort to look at the serv
 t ho stood co stantly t the he d of the
 bed.

"Wants to turn on the other side, whis-
 pered the serv nt, and got p to turn the
 co t hea y body toward th wall.

P erre rose to help him.

C
 t cold s per w u --

bered this small circular draw ng room w u a
 mirrors nd l tle tables. Du i g balls g en at
 the house P erre who d not know ho v to
 dance had l ked s tu g n this room to watch
 tl l des who as they passed thr ough in tl e r
 ball dresses w th d amonds and pe rls on tl e r
 bare h ulders looked t themsel es n th
 brill nly l ghed mirrors wh ch repeated the r
 reflect on several times. Now tl same room
 was dimly lighted by two ca dles. On one m ll
 table tea th g s d supper d shes stood in d s-
 order and n the m dle of th n ght motley
 thro g of people sat tl ere not m rrymak g
 b t somberly whisper ng nd betray n by ev
 ry wo d d mo ement that they n ne of
 them forgot what was h pp n d wh t was
 bout t happe n the bedroom. P erre d not
 eat nythng tl ough he would ery n uch ha e
 l ked to. H looked inquir n ly at h mo-
 tress and saw that sl was a n o ng on t ptoe
 to the rec pt room where they h d left
 Prince Vasil d the eldest p cessa. l erre
 co d ded that th lso was essent l nd lter
 a h rt tery l f llowed h r A na M kháylo
 n was ta ding bes de the p ess, and they
 wer both peak g n excited wh pers

whissid w th f ce to th wall He ghed.

H is don g, said Ann M kháy l na, ob-
 serv g that f th p ncesses was comi g
 to tak h turn t watchu Let us go.

P erre went out.

CHAPTER XXIV

T HERE WAS W NO ON the recep n
 room ex ep P Vasil nd th eldest prin-
 cess, who were u g u der th portra t f
 Cather th Grea nd talki g eare ly A
 soo as they saw P err d lu compan o they

Permit me Pri ess t kn w what s neces-
 sary and what is n t necessary sa d th you g
 er of the two peakers, ev de tly n the same
 tat of ex citeme t as when sl had l mm d
 th doo f her oom.

B t, my dear p cessa, nswe ed An a
 M kháy l na bl ndly but imp ess ly block
 g th way to the bedroom nd pre nu g th
 other from pass g. won t ths be too much
 f poor Uncle at m ment when h needs
 pose? Wo ldly co ersation at moment wh n
 his soul is al eady prepared

Pri Vasil was seated n easy ch ir in
 hu f mil ar att tude, w th leg croued l gl
 bo th old er His cheeks, which we so fl b-
 by that they looked hea er bel wer tw tch-
 ing l tly but h w re the ir f m n lit
 tl concerned in what th tw l dies were say-
 ing

Come, my dea Ann M kháylo n Jet Ca-
 tuche d as she pleases. You kn w how f nd
 the count is f her

in room, said Pri V il to A n M kháy
 l na. Go d tak som th g, my poo Anna
 M kháy l na, you will t hold out.

T P err he said th merely g his
 arm symp tl eu sq eez bel w th shoulder
 P erre w tw h An Mikháylo na to th
 small draw g room.

"Ther is thng so f shng lter sl ep-

understood the full importance of the rite now being performed and even approved of it. He now approached the sick man with the noiseless step of one in full vigor of life, with his delicate white fingers raised from the green quilt the hand that was free, and turning sideways felt the pulse and reflected a moment. The sick man was given something to drink, there was a stir around him, then the people resumed their places and the service continued. During this interval Pierre noticed that Prince Vasilki left the chair on which he had been leaning and—with an air which intimated that he knew what he was about and if others did not understand him it was so much the worse for them—did not go up to the dying man, but passed by him, joined the eldest princess, and moved with her to the side of the room where stood the high bedstead with its silken hangings. On leaving the bed both Prince Vasilki and the princess passed out by a back door, but returned to their places one after the other before the service was concluded. Pierre paid no more attention to this occurrence than to the rest of what went on, having made up his mind once for all that what he saw happening around him that evening was in some way essential.

The chanting of the service ceased, and the voice of the priest was heard respectfully congratulating the dying man on having received the sacrament. The dying man lay as lifeless and immovable as before. Around him every one began to stir, steps were audible and voices among which Anna Mikháylovna's was the most distinct.

Pierre heard her say

Certainly he must be moved onto the bed here it will be impossible.

The sick man was so surrounded by doctors, princesses, and servants that Pierre could no longer see the reddish yellow face with its gray mane—which, though he saw other faces as well, he had not lost sight of for a single moment during the whole service. He judged by the cautious movements of those who crowded round the invalid chair that they had lifted the dying man and were moving him.

Catch hold of my arm or you'll drop him! he heard one of the servants say in a frightened whisper. Catch hold from underneath! Here! exclaimed different voices, and the heavy

momentary glimpse between their heads and backs of the dying man's high stout uncovered chest and powerful shoulders raised by those who were holding him under the armpits, and of his gray curly leonine head. This head, with its remarkably broad brow and cheekbones, its handsome sensual mouth, and its cold majestic expression was not disfigured by the approach of death. It was the same as Pierre remembered it three months before, when the count had sent him to Petersburg. But now this head was saying helplessly with the uneven movements of the bearers, and the cold listless gaze fixed itself upon nothing.

After a few minutes' bustle beside the high bedstead, those who had carried the sick man dispersed. Anna Mikháylovna touched Pierre's hand and said: Come, Pierre, I went with her to the bed on which the sick man had been laid in a stately pose in keeping with the ceremony just completed. He lay with his head propped high on the pillows. His hands were symmetrically placed on the green silk quilt, the palms downward. When Pierre came up, the count was gazing straight at him, but with a look the significance of which could not be understood by mortal man. Either this look meant nothing, but that as long as one has eyes they must look somewhere, or it meant too much. Pierre hesitated, not knowing what to do, and glanced inquiringly at his guide, Anna Mikháylovna.

neck, so as not to touch the quilt, followed her suggestion and pressed his lips to the large boned fleshy hand. Neither the hand nor a single muscle of the count's face stirred. Once more Pierre looked questioningly at Anna Mikháylovna to see what he was to do next. Anna Mikháylovna, with her eyes indicated a chair that stood beside the bed. Pierre obeyed.

cal pose of an Egyptian statue, evidently distressed that his stout and clumsy body took up so much room and doing his utmost to look as small as possible. He looked at the count, who still gazed at the spot where Pierre's face had been before he sat down. Anna Mikháylovna indicated by her attitude her consciousness of the pathetic importance of these last moments of meeting between the father and son. This lasted about two minutes, which to Pierre seemed an hour. Suddenly the broad muscles

As the bearers, among whom was Anna Mikháylovna, passed the young man he caught a

yet been p n d. I k wy u well eno gh to be
sure that this will n t turn y ur he d but t
mpo esd t es n you, and y um t b aman.

Perre was le t.

P h ns l te o I m y tell y u my de r

u p m s u m
terday t t fo get Boris. B the had n time
I h pe my de fr d y u will carry out your
f the s w h?

Perre d rstood th g of all th and
col ing hly looked sile ce t P n es An

M kháy! a. After her talk w th Perre
A M kháy! a eturn d t th Rostó s

co a w u
that h u e d was n t o ly t uch g b t ed fy

h d b h ed b t r d g th wful mo-
me ts—th f ther wh em mbe ed cry
th g d everyb dy t the l tand had p ken
chp thet w ds to th son P rr wh m
t h d b p t f l to e so t k n w he

so d h Of th b ha f th ldest
pr ess d P e v il h poked pp
gly b t wh p rs d s gr t cr t.

CHAPTER XXV

A B l d H lls Pri N ch las André e ch
Bolk k t t th arr al fy g P
A drew d hus wif was d ly pe ted but
thi p tatú d d tup t th gul u
u flf th ld p e ho eh ld. Gen

tal, le t l l co u u d t l the co try
emark th t y ewh w ted t h m
ld com the h dr d m les f m M cow t
B l d H lls wh l h h m lf d d n ne d
thi g H u s d to say that th are o ly two
no e f h m ice—dleness and p rsu
uo and wly tw rtues—acty and int l

lge ce He himself undertook h s d ughter s
ed cat o a d to develop tl ese two ca d n l
rtues n l er ga e h r lssons in algeb a a d
gom try till she was twenty a d rra ged he
life s that her whole t me was occ p ed. He
wa h m elf lways ccup ed w t gh mem

was alw ys go ng on t l s est te A regular
ty a p me cond t n f c l t t g ctivity
r gul rity n h s h useh ld w s carr ed t the
highest p nt f exact tude He lway came to
table u der precusely the same co d tions and

e act g so that w th t bei g hardl earted
m he nsp red ch fea nd e pect as f w
h dhea ted men would ha e arou ed. Al
th ough he w n ret ment d h d now no
fluence; pol tical ff s e cry l gh off c al
pp nted to th p i ce n wh ch the p es
estat l yoo d d th s duty t v s th m and
w ted n tle lofty ntech mbe just s the ar

old m n w th powde ed w g ll w t l e d
h ds d bu hy gray yeb s w l ch wlen
h frow ed m t mes h d tle gle m of l s
hre d y u l f lly gl t g yes

On the morn g f l d y th t the you g
co ple w e to rr e Pr ess M ry e te ed

rym g hep y d th t the d ly t r ew
might pass ff well

An ld poud d man r vant who w s t
t g n th t d mb rr eq ctly ds d
wh per Pl s w lk

Th gh the d o came th egul hum of

work

Th e rmous tudy was full f th gs
dently n t t use The larg table co ered
w th books d pl ns, the tall gl s fro t d
bookcases w th keys the l cks the h gh desk

I don't even know what is in this paper said the younger of the two ladies addressing Prince Vasilii and pointing to an inland portfolio she held in her hand. All I know is that his real will is in his writing table and this is a paper he has forgotten.

She tried to pass Anna Mikháylovna but the latter sprang so as to bar her path.

I know my dear kind princess said Anna Mikháylovna seizing the portfolio so firmly that it was plain she would not let go easily.

Dear princess I beg and implore you have some pity on him! *Je vous en conjure*.

The princess did not reply. Their efforts in the struggle for the portfolio were the only sounds audible but it was evident that if the princess did speak her words would not be flattering to Anna Mikháylovna. Though the latter held on tenaciously her voice lost none of its honeyed firmness and softness.

Pierre my dear come here I think he will not be out of place in a family consultation is it not so Princess?

Why don't you speak cousin? suddenly shrieked the princess so loud that those in the drawing room heard her and were startled.

Why do you remain silent when heaven knows who permits herself to interfere making a scene on the very threshold of a dying

or two to keep her hold on the portfolio and changed her grip.

Prince Vasilii rose. Oh! said he with reproach and surprise this is absurd! Come let go I tell you.

Let go I tell you! I will take the responsibility I myself will go and ask him. It does that satisfy you?

But Prince said Anna Mikháylovna after such a solemn sacrament allow him a moment's peace! Here Pierre tell them your opinion said she turning to the young man who having come quite close was gazing with astonishment at the angry face of the princess which had lost all dignity and at the twitching cheeks of Prince Vasilii.

Remember that you will answer for the consequences said Prince Vasilii severely. You don't know what you are doing.

Vile woman! shouted the princess darting unexpectedly at Anna Mikháylovna and

snatching the portfolio from her.

Prince Vasilii bent his head and spread out his hands.

At this moment that terrible door which Pierre had watched so long and which had always opened so quietly burst noisily open and banged against the wall and the second of the three sisters rushed out wringing her hands.

What are you doing! she cried vehemently. He is dying and you leave me alone with him.

Her sister dropped the portfolio. Anna Mikháylovna stooping quickly caught up the object of contention and ran into the bedroom. The eldest princess and Prince Vasilii recovering themselves followed her. A few minutes later the eldest sister came out with a pale face again biting her underlip. At sight of Pierre her expression showed an irrepressible hatred.

Yes now you may be glad! said she this is what you have been waiting for. And bursting into tears she hid her face in her handkerchief.

He covered his face with his hand. Pierre noticed that he was pale and that his jaw quivered and shook as if in an ague.

Ah my friend! said he taking Pierre by the elbow and there was in his voice a sincerity and weakness Pierre had never observed in it before. How often we sin how much we deceive and all for what? I am near sixty dear friend I too. All will end in death all. Death is awful and he burst into tears.

Anna Mikháylovna came out last. She approached Pierre with slow quiet steps.

Pierre! she said

with her tears when a tear fell on his face. He is no more.

P

C

ing b

She led him into the dark drawing room and Pierre was glad no one could see his face. Anna Mikháylovna left him and when she returned he was fast asleep with his head on his arm.

In the morning Anna Mikháylovna said to

te ed

as t

the g

f h

fr d f m ch ldhood th t same Jul e k rá

g a wh h d be n t the Rostóv name-d y

party

Jul wrote n F ench

look I l ed so w ll d seem to see ue-

fo m l t ?

II g e d thu f P cess Mary s ghed
 dgl ced to the m rr wh ch tood n h r
 rght. It r flected w ak ungra ful figure d
 the f ce Hereye lw y sad, w look dw th
 particular h p less ess ther eff ct on n the

f g de p nd l m us (t m d as f at
 times lder rad t d f m them hafts f w rm
 ght)—w so beaut f lth t ery fte p te
 f hepl ess flier f ceth yga eh r n t
 tr cu m po f lth n that f be uty
 B tth p ces ever w th b ut f lex
 pes flier w eyes—the look d y had
 wl h was n t th kn f herself As w th
 e ry h f eas m d f c du at l
 expes soo as l looked glass. She
 t ead g

All M scow talks f th g b war O f my
 b other l eady b ad th h w th
 l G ds h ta t u gon th r m h to the
 f ver O dea Emper has l ef P ters b g
 and th gh tends t expose h p eci us
 pe son th cha ces f ar God gr t l th
 Conca m nster h u des y g th peace f
 eur j may be hr by th g l h m t
 l as pleased th Almighty Has goodness to g
 us as sovereign T say h g f my b thers this
 l ep ed m f f th socia so
 ea es y hea l y g N ch las Ros ó
 l hl th m co ld t be to em
 la d has l ef th er ty t j th
 my f d l confess to y dea M y th t p te
 of h ex en y th h dep f th my

d m f ds w d y am g r d

d p t cula ly he is so f k and l as so m l

h t H so p d poet that my l t ns

th hum tra ent as they h e be on

f th test comf t t my poo h rt wh h

ha l eady flier d so m ch So eday I l t ll

y bo t p t g d l lth t w sa d he

That is t ll too fesh Ah dea f d y e

h ppy n t t k w th se po g t j s d so

y ar f t t f the l t ar gen

lly th tr ge l l k w ery w ll th t Co t

N h) on g ex to be m e to m th

f end

p t u

gh

Moscow goss p t

b d his her ta ce F cy! Th th p

cesses h ece ed ery l t l P ce v l n th

g and t is M P r wh h s i h ted

l l t e p pe y d has be des b n ecogn zed

as l gut mate so that h w Co t Bez kh

d posseso of th fi est f t R l t

m d th t Pri v l pl yed ery desp

cabl p t ths ll d th t he t rned to

P l t e crest f l n.

kn was pla Mon eu Perr has becom Co t

B kh d h w f f th l gest

f t es Rus l m m h m d to w h

th h g th t e d m f th m m

mas b d ed by m rr geabl da ght d f

th y gl d es th m l t d h m th gh

b en y and m h lw y se med t m

poo so f fell w As f th past t years peopl

ha m sed themsel es by f d gh b ds f

m (most f wh m l d t ev kn w) th m t h

m ku g chr d f M sc w w pe k f m as

th f t Co tes Be kh B t y w ll d

ta d th t f h des f th post. A p p

f m g do y k w th t wh l g th t

f t Anna M kháy l told m n

d th seal f t secr y f pl f ma g

f y l t n th m less th th

P ce Vaal n An l wh m they w h to

f m by m rying h m t som h d d

t g e d t y th th l ch

has fallen l d t k w wh t y will th k f t

b t l con d t my d y t l t y k w f t. H

us d to be ery h dsom d t rribl scap

gr Th t is l l i ha bee bl to find t

bo th m

B ten gh f gos p l m t th end f my

seco d heet f p per d M m m has sent f m

to g d d t h Ap ákuna Read th my t l

book l m send gy t has rm ccess

her Th gh th th gs t d f f u l t f th

feeb l h ma m d grasp t d m s bl

for writing while standing up on which lay an open exercise book and the lathe with tools laid ready to hand and shavings scattered around—all indicated continuous varied and orderly activity. The motion of the small foot shod in a Tartar boot embroidered with silver and the firm pressure of the lean sinewy hand showed that the prince still possessed the tenacious endurance and vigor of hardy old age. After a few more turns of the lathe he removed his foot from the pedal wiped his chisel dropped it into a leather pouch attached to the

yet unshaven) and regarding her tenderly and attentively said severely

Quite well? All right. Then sit down. He took the exercise book containing lessons in geometry written by himself and drew up a chair with his foot.

For tomorrow! said he quickly finding the page and making a scratch from one paragraph to another with his hard nail.

The princess bent over the exercise book on the table

table onto which he threw it.

At the sight of the letter red patches showed themselves on the princess' face. She took it

teeth

colored the princess

was

I'll

you write much nonsense. I'll read the third

Read this if you like. Father said the princess blushing still more and holding out the letter.

The third I said the third! cried the prince abruptly pushing the letter away and leaning his elbows on the table he drew toward him the exercise book containing geometrical figures.

Well, madam, he began stooping over the book close to his daughter and placing an arm on the back of the chair on which she sat so

He p
for Juli
is la o
Voltaire

that she felt herself surrounded on all sides by the acrid scent of old age and tobacco which she had known so long. Now, madam, these triangles are equal, please note that the angle is 180°.

The princess looked in a scared way at her father's eyes glittering close to her; the red patches on her face came and went and it was plain that she understood nothing and was so

as the teacher's fault or the pupil's. This same thing happened every day. The princess's eyes grew dim; she could not see and could not hear anything, but was only conscious of her stern father's withered face close to her of his breath and the smell of him and could think only of how to get away quickly to her own room to make out the problem in peace. The old man was beside himself, moved the chair on which he was sitting noisily backward and forward, made efforts to control himself and not become vehement, but almost always did become vehement, scolded and sometimes flung the exercise book away.

The princess gave a wrong answer.

Well, now isn't she a fool! shouted the prince, pushing the book aside and turning sharply away, but rising immediately he paced up and down, lightly touched his daughter's hair and sat down again.

He drew up his chair and continued to explain.

This won't do! Princess, it won't do! said he when Princess Mary, having taken and closed the exercise book with the next day's lesson, was about to leave. Mathematics are most important, madam! I don't want to have it and it will

She turned to go, but he stopped her with a gesture and took an uncut book from the high desk.

Here is some sort of *Key to the Mysteries* that your Héloïse has sent you. Religious! I don't interfere with anyone's belief. I have looked at it. Take it. Well, now go. Go.

He patted her on the shoulder and himself closed the door after her.

Princess Mary cut back to her room with the sad scared expression that rarely left her and which made her plain sickly face yet plain. She sat down at her writing table on which stood miniature portraits and which was lit

tered w th books and papers. The pri cess was as u tidy as her father was tidy. She put down the geom try book d easterly broke the seal f her l tter. It was from her m t t mate f n d f o m huldhood that same Jul e kard g wh had been t the Rostó ame-day party

Jul wrote n F nch.

Dea and p eci us Friend If w t r r bl d f ightful th g is separatu Th gh I tell m self th t half my lif and half my happiness ar rapped p in yo and that sp f th distance separa hearts are u ted by dissol bl bonds, my heart bels ga st fate d n p te f th pleas res and distracti ns arou d me f ca t ecom certain secret sorrow th t has been in my heart ev since w parted. Why ar w t toether wer l t summ in vo b g st dy on th bl sof th co fid al sofa? Why can not I ow three m ths go draw fresh m ral tren th f m ur look so gentl calm and pen tr tin look I l ed so w ll and seem to see be f m ar l w r ?

Hi ng read thus far Pri cess Mary ghed and gl ed nto th turro which tood n her n ht. I effected weak, ungrac ful figur and du f ce. *Hereyes, alway sad, w looked w th paricular hopeless ess ther effecti n n the*

large, deep and lum us (t seemed as if t times there radi ted from them hafts of warm gh)—were so beautiful th t ery ften in p te f the pl in ess f her f ceth yga e her n t tractu mo powerful than that of beauty B t th p ess ever saw th beautiful ex press f her own eyes—the look they had wh he was n t th k f herself As w th every eh f e ass med f ed unn tural exp eas as soo as sh looked in glass. Sh went re di g

All Moscow talks of noth g b ar O of my brothers is already broad h ther is w th the Guz ds wh starti g on ther march to the fron et Our dear Empero has lef P tersburg and is th hit ends expose his p eci ous person th cha ces f ar God grant tha th Conica monster h is destru th th peace f E ope ma be erith by th angel wh m has pleased th Almight in His goodness, to gi us as sovereign T sa noth g f m brothers thar ar has epti ed m f on f th associati ns sea est m heart I can you ch las Ros ho h his enth siastm could bear ema inact and has lef th n s er jo the arm I ill n fess to y dear M r v th p te of h ex em y th h dep ri for th army

was great grief to me Th y g ma of h I poke to y u last summer so bl m ded d full f that real y thfulness wh ch one sel dom finds waday am g ld men f t wen y and pa ucular ly he is so fr k and has so m ch hea t. H is so p d poc c th t my r l ti ons w h him transient as they ere h e been on f th ee est ml is t my poor heart, wh ch ha al eady ff ed so m h Someday I will l l y bo t u partu g and ll that wa said then That is till too fresh. Ah dear friend you are b ppy ot k k w these po gna t j j d so f t t f th l ter ar gen

Moscow gossip is th death of Id Cou ner h and his herita ce. Fancy! The th ee p cesses ha ec ed ery l t l Pr ce \ sil n th in d is Monu Perre wh h inher ed all th p perry and has besides been ecogn red as lest ma so that h is w Co t Bez kho nd posseso of th finest f ri in Russia. It rum red that Prince Vasil pl yed ery desp cabl part in this ffair and that he rei rned to P ersburg quite crestfall n.

I co less I u derstand ry l l bo t ll these ma ters of wills and inherita ce b t I do kn w th t noce th y man h m w ll sed t kn was pla Monseu Perre has become Co t Berukho d h ner f of th largest f es in Russia, I am m h mused to w ch th chanve th to and man ers f th mam mas burd ed by m rri eabl da ghters, d of th y un ladies th msel es, ard him though bet een y u and m h al ys seemed t m poo sort f fell w As f th past t o years peopl ha am sed themsel es by finding husbands f m (most f wh m I don t even know) th mat h making chron cles f Moscow w peak of m th f re Co ess Ber kh a. B ty w ll u d stand that f ha n desir f th post. A pr pos f marriages do y know that whil go th t rversal t Anna M khayl n told m n der th seal f strict secrecy f plan of ma riag f y u. It is eith m no less than w th Prince Vasil so Anatol wh m they wish to e f rm by martyin him someone ch and is f gu d is y th t his relati cho has fallen. I don know wh t y will th k f b I consider t my d ty to t y kn w f t. H is said be ery handsome and erribl scape-gra e. That is all I ha been bl to find t bo him.

B t en th f gossip I m t th end f my second hee of p per and Mamma has sent for m

tes and with guttural s. She bro ht into
Pr cess Mary's trenu us, m urnful d
g r m w ld q te d f e r e n t m o s p h e r e

wh ch people compl ment the r host at a ball.
Let come qu ck qu ck! And with gla ce
round she miled at T'khon at her husb nd,
d at the footm n who accomp ed them.

Is that M r y practising? Let s go qu cly a d
tak her by urp se

Pr nce A drew followed her w th a cou teous
but sad e press on

"Y u e grown lder T'kho he sa d n
pass g to the l d m n who k sed l is ha d
Bef retl y e ched the room from wh ch tl
sounds of the cl ch rd came the pr ty f
haired Fench ma M demoucell Bour
e e, rustled ut apparently bes del erself w th

h r m r o e. B p p red.

Ah, dear fr end, repl ed Pr cess M r y I
ha asked y u never to arn me f the
humo my father is in. I d not all w my
self t j d hum and w uld n t ha e others
do so.

The pri cess glanced t her watch and, see-
th t sh was fi e m i tes lat n tartu
her pract e n the cla ch rd, went into the
sittin room w th look of alarm Betw en
twel e and t o clock as th day was mapped
t, th pri ested and the princess pl yed
th cl ch rd.

CHAPTER XXVI

T GRA HAIRIED al ew sittin g drow ly list-
t ni g to the ri g o f th prin e wh was n
his large t dy From th f r side f th h use
thro gh the closed doors came the sou d f
difficul passages—tw ty times epeated—of a
so ta by Dussek.

Just th closed carri ge and ther w th
hood dr p to the po th Pr n Andrew
out t f th carruag h lped his l tle w f t
alght, d l her pass to th h use bef
hum. Old T'kh w ar g w g, put his he d
t f the doo f th n e chamber eported
a whisper that l pri wa sleep g and
hasuly closed th doo T'kho knew that n
ther th so arri al n y other unusual
e must be ll wed t disturb th ppo ted
rder f the day Pr nce A d ew ppar tly
knew this as well as T'kh he look d t fu-
tchas f t asc rtain wh ther huf ther hab-
ush d changed nce h was t h mel d
ha g ssured h mself that they had t, he
urned t his w fe.

H wll g t p twe ty m tes. Le us go
across Mary oom he said.

Th littl pri cess had grown to ter durn
this time, b t he eyes a d her hort, d why
smil g lip l f e d whe she began t peak
just as merrily d pre tly as er

Why this is pal f she sa d o her hus-
ba d, lo k l g ar o d w th the exp ess w th
Th gu oral p f th let er
chiefly flect ed by P m —Tr.

They we t up to the doo f the sitt n room
fr m wh ch came the sound of the fr ep ared
passage of th sonata. Prince Andrew topped
d made a grima e, as if expectu g someth o
u pleasant.

Th littl p cess entered the oom. The
passa e broke ff n the middle cry w
h ard, th Prin cess Mary hea ytre d a d the
sou d f kiss g Wh n P nce A d w t
n tl two p esses wh h d ly m to
bef e f sh t t n at lu wedd were
each the rms w rml y p ess g the lps
t hate er pl c th y happe ed to to ch.
M demoucell Bour n n tood nea th emp ess-
g her ha d to her heart w th a beat fic an le
and b usly equally ready t cry o t lau h.
P ce A drew hrugged his should rs and
frowned, as l ers of mus do wh n they hea
false note. The two w men l t o of ne n
ther d th n as f afraid f be o too late,
seized ch othe s h ds k ss g them, nd
pull g them way nd ga n began kissin-
ch ther on the face d then to Pr nce A
dr w surprise both began t cry nd kissed
ga M dem sell Bounenne also began to
cry Pr nce Andrew e d nly felt ill at ease,
but to th two w me t emed qu te n tural
th t they should cry and pparently t never
tered their heads that t could ha been
therw se t this m u g

Ah! my dear! Ah! Mary! th y sud-
denly exclaimed, nd th n l ghed. I dreamed
last gh —"Y u w e n t expectin u

—Ah! Mary you h e got thinn e!
A d y u ha e grown to ter!

I knew the princess at once put in Made-
moiselle Bourienne

And I had no idea! exclaimed Prin-
cess Mary Ah Andrew I did not see you

Prince Andrew and his sister hand in
hand kissed one another and he told her she
was still the same crybaby as ever Princess
Mary had turned toward her brother and
through her tears the loving warm gentle
look of her large luminous eyes very beautiful
at that moment rested on Prince Andrew's
face

The little princess talked incessantly her
short downy upper lip continually and rapid-
ly touching her rosy nether lip when necessary
and drawing up again next moment when her
face broke into a smile of glittering teeth and
sparkling eyes She told of an accident they had
had on the Spasski Hill which might have been
serious for her in her condition and immedi-
ately after that informed them that she had left
all her clothes in Petersburg and that heaven
knew what she would have to dress in here
and that Andrew had quite changed and that
Kitty Odyntsova had married an old man and
that there was a suitor for Mary a real one
but that they would talk of that later Princess
Mary was still looking silently at her brother
and her beautiful eyes were full of love and
sadness It was plain that she was following a
train of thought independent of her sister in-
law's words In the midst of a description of
the last Petersburg fetes she addressed her broth-
er

So you are really going to the war Andrew?
she said sighing

Lise sighed too

Yes and even tomorrow replied her broth-
er

He is leaving me here God know why
when he might have had promotion

Princess Mary did not listen to the end but
continuing her train of thought turned to her
sister in law with a tender glance at her figure

Is it certain? she said

The face of the little princess changed She
sighed and said Yes quite certain Ah! it is
very dreadful

Her lip descended She brought her face
close to her sister in law's and unexpectedly
again began to cry

She needs rest said Prince Andrew with
a frown Don't you Lise? Take her to your
room and I'll go to Father How is he? Just the
same?

Yes just the same Though I don't know

what your opinion will be answered the prin-
cess joyfully

And are the hours the same? And the walks
in the avenues? And the lathe? asked Prince
Andrew with a scarcely perceptible smile which
showed that in spite of all his love and respect
for his father he was aware of his weaknesses

The hours are the same and the lathe and
also the mathematics and my geometry lessons
said Princess Mary gleefully as if her lessons
in geometry were among the greatest delights
of her life

When the twenty minutes had elapsed and
the time had come for the old prince to get up
Tikhon came to call the young prince to his
father The old man made a departure from his
usual routine in honor of his son's arrival he
gave orders to admit him to his apartments
while he dressed for dinner The old prince al-
ways dressed in old-fashioned style wearing an
antique coat and powdered hair and when
Prince Andrew entered his father's dressing
room (not with the contemptuous look and
manner he wore in drawing rooms but with
the animated face with which he talked to
Pierre) the old man was sitting on a large

a powder

Tikhon

o vanquish

Bonaparte? said the old man shaking his
powdered head as much as the tail which Tik-
hon was holding fast to plait would allow

You at least must tackle him properly or
else if he goes on like this he'll soon have us
too for his subjects! How are you? And he
held out his cheek

The old man was in a good temper after his
nap before dinner (He used to say that a nap
after dinner was silver—before dinner gold
en) He cast happy side-long glances at his son
from under his thick bushy eyebrows Prince
Andrew went up and kissed his father on the
spot indicated to him He made no reply on
his father's favorite topic—making fun of the
military men of the day and more particular-
ly of Bonaparte

Yes Father I have come to you and brought
my wife who is pregnant said Prince Andrew
following every movement of his father's face
with an eager and respectful look How is your
health?

Only fools and rakes fall ill my boy You
know me I am busy from morning till night
and abstemious so of course I am well

Thank God said his son smiling

God has nothing to do with it! Well go on

he continued, returning to his habitual tell me how the German has taught you to fight Bonaparte by this new science you call strategy.

Prince Andrew smiled.

"Come me time to collect my wits, Father," said he, with a smile that showed that his father's rebukes did no prevent his son from losing and honoring him. "Why I have not yet had time to settle down!"

"Nonsense, nonsense," cried the old man, shaking his pigtail to see whether it was firmly planted, and grasping his son by the hand. "The house for your wife is ready. Princess Mary will take her there and show her over, and they'll talk nineteen to the dozen. That's their woman's way. I am glad to have her sit down and talk. About Mikhail's army I understand—Toot too simultaneous expedition."

But what the southern army to do Prussia is neutral. I know that. What about Austria? said he, rising from his chair and pacing up and down the room followed by Tikhon, who ran after him, handing him different articles of clothing. What of Sweden? How will they cross Pomerania?

Prince Andrew, seeing that his father insisted, began—at first reluctantly but gradually—with more and more animation, and from his habitual unconsciously from Russian to French as he went on—to explain the plan of operations for the coming campaign. He explained how an army of ninety thousand strong was to threaten Prussia so as to bring her out of her neutrality and draw her into the war; how part of that army was to join some Swedish forces at Stralsund; how two hundred and twenty thousand Austrians, with a hundred thousand Russians, were to penetrate into Italy and take Rome; how fifty thousand Russians and as many English were to land at Naples, and how the total force of five hundred thousand men was to attack the French from different sides. The old prince did not evince the least interest during this explanation, but as if he were not listening to continued to dress himself, looking about and three times unexpectedly interrupted. Once he stopped to shout—"The white is the white!"

This meant that Tikhon was not handing him the waistcoat he wanted. Another time he interrupted, saying—

"And will she soon be confined? and shaking his head reproachfully said. "That's bad! Go on, go on."

The third interruption came when Prince Andrew was finishing his description. The old

man began to snore in the cracked voice of old age. "If I brook see what the guerre Dusseldorf is doing," said he.

His son only smiled.

"I don't say it's a plan I propose of," said the son. "I am only telling you what it is. Napoleon has also formed his plan by now not worse than this one."

"Well, you've told me nothing new," said the old man, peated, meditated and rapidly.

"Dusseldorf is going to do it," said he. "Go to the dining room."

∞

At the dinner table, where the guests were already waiting together with his architect, who by a transference of price of his employer was admitted to table though the position of that insignificant individual was such as could certainly not have caused him to expect that honor. The prince, who generally kept very strictly to social distinctions and rarely admitted even important government officials to his table, had unexpectedly selected Michael Ivanovich (who always went into the corner to blow his nose on his checked handkerchief) to illustrate the theory that all men are equals, and had more than once impressed on his daughter that Michael Ivanovich was not what worse than you or I. At dinner the prince usually poked to the taciturn Michael Ivanovich more often than to anyone else.

In the dining room, which like all the rooms in the house was exceedingly lofty, the members of the household and the footmen—one behind each chair—stood waiting for the prince to enter. The head butler, naphin on arm, was seen in the setting of the table, making signs to the footmen, and anxiously glancing from the clock to the door by which the prince was to enter. Prince Andrew was looking out of the large gilt frame, new to him, containing the genealogical tree of the Princes Bolkonoski, opposite which hung another such frame with a badly painted portrait (evidently by the hand of the rust-believing to the estate) of a ruling prince, a crown—an alleged descendant of Rurik and ancestor of the Bolkonoski. Prince Andrew looking at that genealogical tree, shook his head, laughing as many of his who looks at portraits so characteristically.

Marlborough is going to war, God knows when he'll return.

of the original as to be amusing

How thoroughly like him that is! he said to Princess Mary who had come up to him

Princess Mary looked at her brother in surprise. She did not understand what he was laughing at. Everything her father did inspired her with reverence and was beyond question.

Everyone has his Achilles' heel, continued Prince Andrew. Fancy with his powerful mind indulging in such nonsense!

Princess Mary could not understand the boldness of her brother's criticism and was about to reply when the expected footsteps were heard coming from the study. The prince walked in quickly and jauntily as was his wont as if intentionally contrasting the briskness of his manners with the strict formality of his house.

At that moment the great clock struck two and another with a shrill tone joined in from the drawing room. The prince stood still, his lively glittering eyes from under their thick bushy eyebrows sternly scanned all present and rested on the little princess. She felt as courtiers do when the Tsar enters the sensation of fear and respect which the old man inspired in all around him. He stroked her hair and then patted her awkwardly on the back of her neck.

I'm glad glad to see you, he said looking attentively into her eyes and then quickly went to his place and sat down. Sit down, sit down! Sit down, Michael Ivánovich!

He indicated a place beside him to his daughter in law. A footman moved the chair for her.

Ho, ho! said the old man, casting his eyes on her rounded figure. You've been in a hurry. That's bad!

He laughed in his usual dry, cold, unpleasant way with his lips only and not with his eyes.

You must walk and talk as much as possible as much as possible, he said.

The little princess did not or did not wish to hear his words. She was silent and seemed confused. The prince asked her about her father and she began to smile and talk. He asked about mutual acquaintances and she became still more animated and chattered away giving him greetings from various people and retailing the town gossip.

— An idea na poor thing has lost

at her more and more sternly and suddenly as if he had studied her sufficiently and had formed a definite idea of her, he turned away

and addressed Michael Ivánovich.

Well, Michael Ivánovich, our Bonaparte will be having a bad time of it. Prince Andrew (he always spoke thus of his son) has been telling me what forces are being collected against him! While you and I never thought much of him.

Michael Ivánovich did not at all know when you and I had said such things about Bonaparte, but understanding that he was wanted as a peg on which to hang the prince's favorite topic, he looked inquiringly at the young prince, wondering what would follow.

He is a great tactician! said the prince to his son, pointing to the architect.

And the conversation again turned on the war on Bonaparte and the generals and statesmen of the day. The old prince seemed convinced not only that all the men of the day were mere babies, but he did not know the ABC of war or of politics and that Bonaparte was an insignificant little Frenchy, successful only because there were no longer any Potemkins or Suvorovs left to oppose him, but he was also convinced that there were no political difficulties in Europe and no real war, but only a sort of puppet show at which the men of the day were playing, pretending to do something real. Prince Andrew gaily bore with his father's ridicule of the new men and drew him on and listened to him with evident pleasure.

The past always seems good, said he, but did not Suvorov himself fall into a trap? Moreau set him and from which he did not know how to escape?

Who told you that? Who? cried the prince, Suvorov! And he jerked away his plate which Tikhon briskly caught. Suvorov! Consider Prince Andrew, Tyo, Frederick and Suvorov, Moreau! Moreau would have been a prisoner if Suvorov had had a free hand, but he had the *Hofs kriegs uerst schnapps Rath* on his hands. It would have puzzled the devil himself! When you get there you'll find out what those *Hofs kriegs wurst Rath's* are! Suvorov couldn't manage them so what chance has Michael Kutuzov? No, my dear boy, he continued, you and your generals won't get on against Buonaparte, you'll have to call in the French, so that birds of a feather may fight together. The German Pahlen has been sent to New York in America to fetch the Frenchman Moreau, he said alluding to the invitation made that year to Moreau to enter the Russian

Co. rt ar sa xl || Co. l the
Au t n Cou cl of Wa - TR.

service. "Wonderful! Were the Poles, the Swedes, and the Orthodox Germans? No! I don't think either you fellows have all lost your wits, for I have the evidence. My God help you, but I'll see what will happen. But Bonaparte has become a great commander among them! Hm!"

"I don't at all say that all the plans are good," said Prince Andrew. "I am only surprised at your opinion of Bonaparte. You may laugh as much as you like, but all the same Bonaparte is a great general!"

"Michael! In the end," cried the old prince to the architect who was busy with his roast meat, "hoped he had been forgotten. Didn't I tell you Bonaparte was a great tactician? Here, he says the same thing."

"To be sure, your excellency replied the architect."

The prince gaily laughed his frigid laugh. Bonaparte was born with a silver spoon in his mouth. He has got splendid soldiers. Besides he began by attacking Germans. And the idlest has failed to beat the Germans. Since then would-be everybody has beaten the Germans. They beat no one—except each other. He made his reputation fighting them.

And the prince began explaining all the blunders which, according to him, Bonaparte had made in his campaigns and even in politics. His son made no order but it was evident that whatever arguments were presented he was as little able as his father to change his opinion. He listened, frowning from reply and incontinently wondered how this old man living all his life in the country for so many years, could know and discuss so minutely and cutely all the recent European military and political events.

"I think I'm an old man and don't understand the present state of affairs," concluded his father. "But it troubles me. I don't sleep tonight. Come now, where has this great commander of yours blown his kilt?" he concluded.

"That would take too long to tell," answered the son.

"Well, then go off to your Bonaparte! Made moussé Bounien here another dinner of that powder-mokey emperors of yours, he exclaimed in excellent French.

"I know, Prince! I am a Bonapartist! Deus est in quaerendo hummed the prince as if to himself, and with a laugh told more so, he quitted the table.

The little princess during the whole discussion

stood and the rest of the dinner sat silent, glancing with a frightened look now at her father, now at the Princess Mary. When they left the table she took her sister-in-law's arm and drew her into another room.

"What a clever man your father is," said she, "perhaps that is why I'm afraid of him. Oh, he is so kind!" answered Princess Mary.

CHAPTER XVIII

PRINCE ANDREW was to leave the next evening. The old prince, notwithstanding his routine, retired as usual after dinner. The little princess, as in her sister-in-law's room. Prince Andrew in a travelling coat with his epaulettes had been packing with his valet in the rooms assigned to him. After inspecting the carriage himself and seeing the trunks packed, he ordered the horses to be harnessed. Only those things he always kept with him remained in his room: a small box, a large canteen fitted with silver plate, two Turkish pistols and a saber—present from his father who had brought it from the Crimea of Ochska. All these travel effects of Prince Andrew were in every good order—new clean

— — —
for the future. Prince Andrew's face looked very thoughtful and tender. With his hands before him he paced briskly from corner to

—
wish to be seen in that mood. For hearing footsteps in the passage he hurriedly undressed his hands, topped the table as if by a coincidence of the small box, and assumed his usual tranquil and impenetrable expression. It was then he heard of Princess Mary that he heard.

"I hear you have given orders to harness," she cried, panting (she had apparently been running) and I did so wish to have another talk with you also. God knows how long we may again be parted. You are not angry with me for coming? You have changed so. Andrusha, she added, as if to explain such questions.

She smiled as she uttered his pet name. Andrusha. It was obviously strange to her to think that this stern handsome man should be Andrusha—the slender mischievous boy who had been her playfellows in childhood.

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of the original as to be amusing

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Countess Apráksina poor thing has lost her husband and she has cried her eyes out she said growing more and more lively.

As she became animated the prince looked at her more and more sternly and suddenly as if he had studied her sufficiently and had formed a definite idea of her he turned away

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Well, Michael Ivanovich, our Bonaparte will be having a bad time of it. Prince Andrew (he always spoke thus of his son) has been telling me what forces are being collected against him! While you and I never thought much of him.

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At war men of the day are convinced not only that all the men of the day were mere babies who did not know the ABC of war or of politics and that Bonaparte was an insignificant little Frenchy successful only because there were no longer any Potemkins or Suvorovs left to oppose him but he was also convinced that there were no political difficulties in Europe and no real war but only a sort of puppet show at which the men of the day were playing pretending to do something real. Prince Andrew gaily bore with his father's ridicule of the new men and drew him on and listened to him with evident pleasure.

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Who?

Suvorov.

Tikhon b. Prince Andrew Tikhon Frederick and Suvorov Moreau! Moreau would have been a prisoner if Suvorov had had a free hand but he had the Hofs kriegs uerst schnapps Rath on his hands. It would have puzzled the devil himself! When you get there you'll find out what those Hofs kriegs wu st Raths are! Suvorov couldn't manage them so what chance has Michael Kutuzov? No my dear boy he continued you and your generals won't get on against Buonaparte you'll have to call in the French so that birds of a feather may fight together. The German Tahlen has been sent to New York in America to fetch the Frenchman Moreau, he said alluding to the invitation made that year to Moreau to enter the Russian

Countess Apráksina poor thing has lost her husband and she has cried her eyes out she said growing more and more lively.

h o th ed m e. May God help y u, but we'll see h t will h ppen. Buon parte has becom a great command r am g them! Hm!

I d t at all say th t all the pl ar good sad Prin e And ew I am o ly surp used t y p m of B p rte. You may l u h as m ch as y ul k but all the same Bo parte is great general!

Michael I á chl cr d th ld prince to the architect who busy w th hi roast meat, h ped he had been f rgott n D dnt I tell y Bu o part was gre t tactici n? H e, he say the sam thi g

"T be ure y ur excellency repl ed the architect.

The prince a l ghed his fr gid l gh B parte was born w th sil er poon

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de t that what er arguments were p esented he as as l utl ble as his father to change his pin n. H hist ed, efray g from a eply d luntarily w der dh w th is ld ma li al e in the co ntry f so many years could kn w d discuss so m ut ly and cu e ly all th ecent European military d pol ti cale v is.

"I think I m an old m n nd don t un dstand the p ex t tate of ffairs? co cluded his f th B t t tro bles me. I d n t al p t ght. Com now wher has this great commander f y urs h n his kill? he con cluded.

"That would tak too l g to t ll, nswered th so

"I k Pr I am t Bo partist! Dru t qua d ei d humm d the pri e t f e d. w th lugh till mo so, h q tted th table. The l st p ess dur g the wh le discus-

s n and the est of the d nner sat s lent, glan g w th a frightened look now at her fat er law and n w t Princess Mary When they left the table she took l er ster n law s arm and drew her nto nother room.

"What a clever m n your fat er s, sa d she pe haps that is why I m afraid f h m Oh he is so kind! ns ered Pri ess Mary

CHAPTER XXIII

PRINCE ANDREW was to le en next even g The old prin e not lit ng hi ro t ne retired s usual ster din er The little pri ess as n her sister in l ws room. Prince Andrew in a

s ng the trunk put in h orde ed the h rses to be harnessed. O ly t lo e th ngs he al s kept w th h m rem ed n h roo sm ll bo large ca t en fitted w th l er pl t tw Turk h pistols and saber— pres t from h s f ther wh had brought it f om the ege of Ocháko All these tra el g ff ts of Pri e A drew s were n ery good rde n w cle and n cloth co ers carefully tied w th tapes.

When start g on a j urn y o cha their mode of life, men cap bl of r f ct n ar generally en us fram of m d. At ch m ments one re ws t e pa t nd pla fo the future. Pri Andrews f e looked ry th u htful nd tender W th h s h ds behu d him he p ced briskly f m or er to

w h t b n n th t mood, f l ean g foot t p n th p ssag he hurr edly unclasped his hands, st pped t t bl as fty g the co er f tl small box, nd assum d his usu l tran quil d impenetrable exp ss n lt as the hea y tread f Pr n ess Mary th th heard

I hear y u ha e g en o ders to harness

uo She smiled as h utter d his pet nam An drush It a b o ly tra ge to h to th nk th t this tern handsome man should be Andrush—the l der misch ous boy who had b n her pl yfell w in childhood.

And where is Lise? he asked, answering her question only by a smile.

She was so tired that she has fallen asleep on the sofa in my room. Oh, Andrew! What a treasure of a wife you have! said she, sitting down on the sofa, facing her brother. She is quite a child, such a dear, merry child. I have grown so fond of her.

Prince Andrew was silent, but the princess noticed the ironical and contemptuous look that showed itself on his face.

One must be indulgent to little weaknesses who is free from them, Andrew? Don't forget that she has grown up and been educated in society and so her position now is not a rosy one. We should enter into everyone's situation. *Tout comprendre c'est tout pardonner*. Think what it must be for her, poor thing, after what she has been used to, to be parted from her husband and be left alone in the country in her condition! It's very hard.

Prince Andrew smiled as he looked at his sister, as we smile at those we think we thoroughly understand.

You live in the country and don't think the life terrible, he replied.

I—that's different. Why speak of me? I don't want any other life, and can't, for I know no other. But think, Andrew, for a young society woman to be buried in the country during the best years of her life, all alone—for Papa is always busy, and I—well, you know what poor resources I have for entertaining a woman used to the best society. There is only Mademoiselle Bourienne.

I don't like your Mademoiselle Bourienne at all, said Prince Andrew.

No? She is very nice and kind and, above all, she's much to be pitied. She has no one, no one. To tell the truth, I don't need her, and she's even in my way. You know I always was a savage, and now am even more so. I like being alone. Father likes her very much. She and Michael Ivanovich are the two people to whom he is always gentle and kind, because he has been a benefactor to them both. As Sterne says, 'We don't love people so much for the good they have done us as for the good we have done them.' Father took her when she was homeless after losing her own father. She is very good-natured, and my father likes her way of reading. She reads to him in the evenings and I read splendidly.

To be quite frank, Mary, I expect Father's character sometimes makes things trying for you. I'd like to tell you of giving all

you doesn't it? Prince Andrew asked suddenly.

Princess Mary was first surprised and then agitated at this question.

For me? For me? Trying for me! said she.

He always was rather harsh, and now I should think he's getting very trying, said Prince Andrew, apparently speaking lightly of their father in order to puzzle or test his sister.

You are good in every way, Andrew, but you have a kind of intellectual pride, said the princess, following the train of her own thoughts rather than the trend of the conversation—and that's a great sin. How can one judge Father? But even if one might, what feeling except veneration could such a man as my father evoke? And I am so contented and happy with him. I only wish you were all as happy as I am.

Her brother shook his head incredulously.

The only thing that is hard for me, I will tell you the truth, Andrew, is Father's way of treating religious subjects. I don't understand how a man of his immense intellect can fail to see what is as clear as day, and can go so far astray. That is the only thing that makes me unhappy. But even in this I can see lately a shade of improvement. His satire has been less bitter of late, and there was a monk he received and had a long talk with.

Ah! my dear, I am afraid you and your monk are wasting your power, said Prince Andrew, banteringly yet tenderly.

Ah! *mon ami*, I only pray and hope that God will hear me, Andrew, she said timidly after a moment's silence. I have a great favor to ask of you.

What is it, dear?

No—promise that you will not refuse! It will give you no trouble and is nothing unworthy of you, but it will comfort me. Promise, Andrushka! said she, putting her hand in her reticule but not yet taking out what he was holding inside it, as if what she held were the subject of her request and must not be shown before the request was granted.

She looked timidly at her brother.

Even if it were a great deal of trouble, answered Prince Andrew, as if guessing what it was about.

Think what you please! I know you are just like Father. Think as you please, but do it is for my sake! Please do! Father's father, our grandfather, more than all his years. (She still

did not take out what he as hold g n h r
reucule.) So y up muste

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feel nd y u p er w uld l been n
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P And ew met M demoiselle Bour en e
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th t w th an est tuc nd des ml he had
met him secluded p ssa es.

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eady w ke nd h r m ry ce hurry g
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t th as f he wer try g to ch t old ge.
H ha h f M ry!

Thus ry t ce bout Countess Z bo

Th w l b means tooth and p this
is in et ded.—Tn.

and this same laugh Prince Andrew had already heard from his wife in the presence of others some five times. He entered the room softly. The little princess plump and rosy was sitting in an easy chair with her work in her hands talking incessantly repeating Petersburg reminiscences and even phrases. Prince Andrew came up, stroked her hair and asked if she felt rested after their journey. She answered him and continued her chatter.

The coach with six horses was waiting at the porch. It was an autumn night so dark that the coachman could not see the carriage pole. Servants with lanterns were bustling about in the porch. The immense house was brilliant with lights shining through its lofty windows. The domestic serfs were crowding in the hall waiting to bid good by to the young prince. The members of the household were all gathered in the reception hall. Michael Ivanovich, Mademoiselle Bourienne, Princess Mary and the little princess. Prince Andrew had been called to his father's study as the latter wished to say good by to him alone. All were waiting for them to come out.

When Prince Andrew entered the study the old man in his old age spectacles and white dressing gown in which he received no one but his son sat at the table writing. He glanced round.

Good! And he went on writing.

I've come to say good by.

I'll see here, and he touched his cheek. Thanks, thanks!

What do you thank me for?

For not dilly-dallying and not hanging to a woman's apron strings. The Service before everything. Thanks, thanks! And he went on writing so that his quill spluttered and squeaked. If you have anything to say say it. These two things can be done together, he added.

About my wife. I am ashamed as it is to leave her on your hands.

Why talk nonsense? Say what you want.

When her confinement is due send to Moscow for an *accoucheur*. Let him be here.

The old prince stopped writing and as if not understanding fixed his stern eyes on his son.

I know that no one can help if nature does not do her work, said Prince Andrew, evidently confused. I know that out of a million cases only one goes wrong, but it is her fancy and

to himself finishing what he was writing. I'll do it.

He signed with a flourish and suddenly turning to his son began to laugh.

It's a bad business eh?

What is bad, Father?

The wife! said the old prince briefly and significantly.

I don't understand! said Prince Andrew.

No, it can't be helped, said the prince.

They're all like that once you're married. Don't be afraid. I won't tell anyone, but you know it yourself.

He seized his son by the hand with small bony fingers, shook it, looked straight into his son's face with keen eyes which seemed to see through him, and again laughed at his friend's laugh.

The son sighed, thus admitting that his father had understood him. The old man continued to fold and seal his letter, snatching up and throwing down the wax, the seal and the paper with his accustomed rapidity.

What's to be done? She's pretty! I'll do everything. Make your mind easy, said he in abrupt sentences while sealing his letter.

Andrew did not speak, he was both pleased and displeased that his father understood him. The old man got up and gave the letter to his son.

Listen! said he, don't worry about your wife, what can be done shall be. Now listen! Give this letter to Michael Ilarionovich. I have written that he should make use of you in proper places and not keep you long as an adjutant, a bad position! Tell him I remember

half his words, but he's more accustomed to understand him. He led him to the desk, raised the lid, drew out a drawer and took out an exercise book filled with his bold, tall, close handwriting.

I shall probably die before you. So remember these are my memoirs, hand them to the Emperor after my death. Now here's a Lombard bond and a letter to the printer for the manuscript. I write a history of the wars. Send it to the Academy. Here are some jottings

but now

It read when I am gone. You will find them useful.

Andrew did not tell her that he would not believe in going to the He felt that he must try it.

I will do that, Father, he said.

Well, now good-by! He gave his son his hand to kiss, and embraced him. Remember this, Prince Andrew, if they kill you, it will hurt me, you old fellow, he paused unexpectedly and then querulously suddenly shrieked, but if I hear that you have not behaved like so fine a chivalrous Bolshoi, I shall be ashamed!

Yevsey said that to me, Father, said the son with a smile.

The old man was silent.

white dress in gown, spectacled and well-shod, in a grey coat.

Prince Andrew sighed and made no reply.

Will he said, turning to his wife.

And this well-sounded coldly, as if he were saying: Now go through your performance.

Andrew already said the little princess turning pale and looking with dismay at her husband.

He embraced her. She screamed and fell unconscious on his shoulder.

He cautiously released the shoulder, he leaned on looked into her face, and carefully placed her on a chaise.

Adie, Mary said he gently to his sister, taking her by the hand and kissing her, and then he left the room with rapid steps.

The little princess lay in the armchair. Madame de Bourienne chafed her temples. Princess Mary's poor sister-in-law still looked with her beautiful eyes full of tears at

yesterday

Prince.

And if the wife had him, said the old man, and he grieved.

They too, said, if in another. The old man's sharp eyes were fixed straight on his son's. Some things were touched in the last part of the old prince's face.

Well, said good-by, God! he suddenly added, loud, grey eyes, pen in his box.

What is it? What asked both princesses when they saw from the doorway Prince Andrew and the figure of the old man in

the frequent sound of the old man's orderly blow, his seat. Hardly had Prince Andrew gone when the study door opened quickly and the stern figure of the old man in the white dress gown looked out.

Go? That brought said he and look angrily at the unconscious little princess. He shook his head reproachfully and slammed the door.

and this same laugh Prince Andrew had already heard from his wife in the presence of others some five times. He entered the room softly. The little princess plump and rosy was sitting in an easy chair with her work in her hands talking incessantly repeating Petersburg reminiscences and even phrases. Prince Andrew came up stroked her hair and asked if she felt rested after their journey. She answered him and continued her chatter.

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I know that no one can help if nature does not do her work, said Prince Andrew contently confused. I know that out of a million cases only one goes wrong, but it is her fancy and

mine. They have been telling her things. She has had a dream and is frightened.

Hm, Hm, muttered the old prince to himself finishing what he was writing. I'll do it.

He signed with a flourish and suddenly turning to his son began to laugh.

It's a bad business, eh?

What is bad, Father?

The wife! said the old prince briefly and significantly.

I don't understand! said Prince Andrew.

No, it can't be helped, lad, said the prince.

They're all like that, one can't marry. Don't be afraid. I won't tell anyone, but you know it yourself.

He seized his son by the hand with small bony fingers, shook it, looked straight into his son's face with keen eyes which seemed to see through him, and again laughed his frigid laugh.

The son sighed thus admitting that his father had understood him. The old man continued to fold and seal his letter, snatching up and throwing down the wax, the seal, and the paper with his accustomed rapidity.

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Listen! said he. Don't worry about your wife, what can be done shall be. Now listen! Give this letter to Michael Ilarionovich. I have written that he should make use of you in proper places and not keep you long as an adjutant, a bad position! Tell him I remember and like him. Write and tell me how he receives you. If he is all right—serve him. Nicholas Bolkónski's son need not serve under any one if he is in disfavor. Now come here.

He spoke so rapidly that he did not finish half his words, but his son was accustomed to understand him. He led him to the desk, raised the lid, drew out a drawer and took out an exercise book filled with his bold tall cursive handwriting.

I shall probably die before you. So remember these are my memoirs, hand them to the Emperor after my death. Now where is a Lombard bond and a letter? It is a premium for the man who writes a story of St. Russians. Send it to the Academy. Here are some jottings.

Кутзов

appeared in his black. They were an de-de-camp f l l w d by Cossack.

The a de-de-camp was sent to confirm the order which had not been clearly worded the day before. Finally that the commander in chief had to see the regiment just in the instant which it had been on the march in their greatcoats, and p ecks, and without any

the army of the Archduke Ferdinand and the Black, did so to consider this judicious and suitable measure in the management in support of his new to show the Austrian general the wretched state in which the troops arrived from Russia. With this object in mind he decided to meet the regiment so that the worst of the conduct was that it pleased the commander in chief would be. Though the de-de-camp did not know these circumstances he nevertheless decided the definite order that the men should be in their greatcoats and in marching order so that the commander in chief would otherwise be dissatisfied. On hearing this the regimental commander himself had evidently shrugged his shoulders and passed this remark with a careless gesture.

Afraid of a mess made of this he remarked, "There would not tell you, Michael Mitroch that it was said the march meant greatcoats said he reproachfully to the battalions commander. Oh, my God! he added, to proceed resolutely forward. Company commanders he had not been accustomed to command. "Serve us may! How soon will he be here? he asked the de-de-camp with respectful politeness evidently listening to the person who was referring to

In a short time, I should say

Shall I have time to change clothes?

I do know G. G. G. G.

As to their companions, the sergeants may begin business (the greatcoats were not very good to do so) and instantly the squares did not had to be the regular der d le t l e r a to way d r t h d h u m w t l " O all des sold r s w e r r u g to n d f r t h r o p t h e i r k n p s a l s w t h j k f t h e i r s h o u l d r s d p u l l g t h t r a p e r t h r h e d s, u t r a p p t h i r o e r c o t s a n d d r w g t h s l e e e s w t h u p r a i s e d a r m s.

In half an hour all was again in order only the squares had become gray instead of black. The regimental commander walked with his jacket to the front of the command and examined it from a distance.

What is it? That he looked and stood still. Commander of the third company!

Commander of the third company was told by the general commander the general third company to the commander. The words passed also to the lieutenant and the lieutenant looked for the missing officer.

When the eagle flew the words had reached their destination in a cry of "The general to the third company the missing of

blowing on his toes toward the general. The captain face showed the uneasiness of school boy who is told to repeat lesson he has not learned. Spots appeared on his nose the redness of which was evidently due to intemperance, and his mouth twitched nervously. The general looked the captain in the face as he came up panting, and then he passed as a punishment.

You will soon be dressing in uniform! What is this? He showed the regimental commander thrust forward his jaw and pointing to a soldier in the ranks of the third company in greatcoat of bluish cloth which he trusted with the others. "What have you been doing? The commander in chief explained indignantly. "Your place? Eh? I'll teach you to dress the men in fancy coats for parade. Eh."

Will you don't you speak? When he came again dressed up as a full general said the commander with a masterly gesture.

Your excellency

"Will you excellency what? You excellency! But what about your excellency? nobody knows."

Your excellency is the first! I know what has been ordered to the ranks, said the captain solemnly.

"Will? Has he been degraded into field marshal or soldier? If sold he should be dressed regulation uniform like the others."

Book Two. 1805

*

CHAPTER I

IN OCTOBER 1805 a Russian army was occupying the villages and towns of the Archduchy of

found on every man a clean shirt and in every
issued the appointed number of articles

whom they were quartered Braunau was the
headquarters of the commander in chief Kutu

On October 11 1805 one of the infantry
regiments that had just reached Braunau had
halted half a mile from the town waiting to be
inspected by the commander in chief Despite
the un-Russian appearance of the locality and
surroundings—fruit gardens stone fences tiled
roofs and hills in the distance—and despite
the fact that the inhabitants (who gazed with
curiosity at the soldiers) were not Russians the
regiment had just the appearance of any Rus-
sian regiment preparing for an inspection any-
where in the heart of Russia

On the evening of the last day's march an or-
der had been received that the commander in
chief would inspect the regiment on the march
Though the words of the order were not clear
to the regimental commander and the ques-
tion arose whether the troops were to be in
marching order or not it was decided at a con-
sultation between the battalion commanders
to present the regiment in parade order on the
principle that it is always better to bow too
low than not bow low enough So the soldiers
after a twenty mile march were kept mending
and cleaning all night long without closing
their eyes while the adjutants and company
commanders calculated and reckoned and by
morning the regiment—instead of the strag-
gling disorderly crowd it had been on its last
march the day before—presented a well or-
dered array of two thousand men each of whom
knew his place and his duty had every button
and every strap in place and shone with clean-
liness And not only externally was all in or-
der but had it pleased the commander in chief
to look under the uniforms he would have

any fault of the regimental commander for in
spite of repeated demands boots had not been
issued by the Austrian commissariat and the
regiment had marched some seven hundred

letters which seemed to stand rather than lie

front of the line and at every step pulled him-
self up slightly arching his back It was plain
that the commander admired his regiment re-
joiced in it and that his whole mind was en-
grossed by it yet his strut seemed to indicate
that besides military matters social interests
and the fair sex occupied no small part of his
thoughts

Well Michael Mitroch said he said ad-
dressing one of the battalion commanders who
smilingly pressed forward (it was plain that
they both felt happy) We had our hands full

vial irony and laughed

It would not be turned off the field even on
the Tseritsin Meadow

What? asked the commander
At that moment on the road from the town
on which signals had been posted to men

The Tseritsin Meadow on St. Petersburg was
itself made a different scene

appeared on his back. They were an aide-de-
camp followed by Cossack

The de-de-camp was sent to confirm the order which had been clearly worded the day before, namely that the commander in chief wished to see the regiment just in the station which I had been on the march in their gratenats, and packs, and without any paraphernalia whatever.

Member of the Hofkriegsrath from Vienna had come to the city the day before with proposals and demands for him to join up with the army of the Archduke Ferdinand and Maximilian, but he refused to do this until he was disabled, in any case, by their arguments in support of his wish to stay with Austria. The general was elected to it in which the troops were to be raised. With this object he intended to go to Rome.

de-camp did not know these circumstances, nevertheless deliberated the definite order that the men should be the greatcoats and in marching order and that the commander in chief would otherwise be dissatisfied. On hearing this the regimental commander hunched his head, silently shrugged his shoulders, and spread his arms with a clerical gesture.

A fine mess w made of th h emarked.

"There was no doubt I tell you, Michael M. I think that it was said on the march it means in greater is said he proachfully to the battal command. Oh, in God he did, hepp resol el fward. Company commanders hesh ued n ceaccustomed to mamand. Ser'ra ts majo. H w soon if h be here h asked th and d camp with especful politeness en d nly rel tungs toth personage h was ref rri g to.

In an hour time, I should say

"Shall I have to change clothes?"

Id kn w G cral

The regimental commander goes up to the
himself, ordered the soldiers to change in-
to their greatcoats. The company commanders
ran first to their companies, the sergeants major
before an bustling (the greatcoats were not in very
good condition) and instantly the squares that
had put them in regular order and se-
lects began to swarmed into it and hummed
etc. On all sides soldiers were running to
and from, their voices were heard with
yet, their shoulders and pulling the straps
over their heads, unstrapping their ornaments
and drawing the sleeves with praised arms.

In half an hour it was again order only the squares had become gray instead of black. The regimental commander walked with his jerky steps to the front of the regiment and examined it from a distance.

What is this? This! he shouted and stood still. Commander of the third com

pany
C
by th

ran to look for the missing officer

to say that must be the words had

th habit of running trotted w wading, b
bling on his toes toward the general. The cap-
tain face h w ed the unea ness f a school
boy r l l t repeat less he has n t
lea
ne

general look d the capt n up and d wn as n
cam up pa u g slacken ng his pace as he p
prom hed

company n greatcoat of bluish cl th which
co tra ted w th the others. 'What ha e you
been lter The commander n ch ef is ex
pected d you lea e our place? Eh? I'll teach
you to dress the m n fa cy coats for
parade. Eh e

The commander of the company with his eyes fixed on his superior pressed two fingers more and more rigidly to his cap as if in this pressure lay his only hope of life.

"Well why do t u speak? Whom ha e
you got there dressed p as Hu gar an
said th comma der w th austere g be.

"Well, your excellency what? your excellency? what be your excellency? nobody knows.

“Your excellency and the office Dolkho who has been reduced to the ranks, said the captain softly.

Well. Has he been degraded into a field marshal, & into soldier? If soldier he should be dressed in regulation uniform like the others.

Your excellency you gave him leave your self on the march

Gave him leave? Leave? That's just like you young men said the regimental commander cooling down a little Leave indeed One says a word to you and you What? headded with renewed irritation I beg you to dress your men decently

And the commander turning to look at the adjutant directed his jerky steps down the line He was evidently pleased at his own display of anger and walking up to the regiment wished to find a further excuse for wrath Having snapped at an officer for an unpolished badge at another because his line was not straight he reached the third company

How are you standing? Where's your leg? Your leg? shouted the commander with a tone of suffering in his voice while there were still five men between him and Dólokhov with his bluish gray uniform

Dólokhov slowly straightened his bent knee looking straight with his clear insolent eyes in the general's face

Why a blue coat? Off with it Sergeant major! Change his coat the ras he did not finish

General I must obey orders but I am not bound to endure Dólokhov hurriedly interrupted

No talking in the ranks! No talking no talking!

Not bound to endure insults Dólokhov concluded in loud ringing tones

The eyes of the general and the soldier met The general became silent angrily pulling down his tight scarf

I request you to have the goodness to change your coat he said as he turned away

CHAPTER II

HE'S COMING! shouted the signaler at that moment

The regimental commander flushing ran to his horse seized the stirrup with trembling hands threw his body across the saddle righted himself drew his saber and with a happy and resolute countenance opening his mouth awry prepared to shout The regiment fluttered like a bird preening its plumage and became motionless

Attention! shouted the regimental commander in a soul shaking voice which expressed joy for himself severity for the regiment and welcome for the approaching chief

Along the broad country road edged on

both sides by trees came a high light blue Viennese *calèche* slightly creaking on its springs and drawn by six horses at a smart trot Behind the *calèche* galloped the suite and a company of Croats Beside Kutuzov sat an Austrian general in a white uniform that looked strange among the Russian black ones The *calèche*

ly he stepped down from the carriage just as if those two thousand men breathlessly gazing at him and the regimental commander did not exist

the feeble voice of the commander in chief was heard The regiment roared Health to your excellency! and again all became silent At first Kutuzov stood still while the regiment moved then he and the general in white accompanied by the suite walked between the ranks

From the way the regimental commander saluted the commander in chief and devoured him with his eyes drawing himself up obsequiously and from the way he walked through the ranks behind the generals bending forward and hardly able to restrain his jerky movements and from the way he darted forward at every word or gesture of the commander in chief it was evident that he performed his duty as a subordinate with even greater zeal than his duty as a commander Thanks to the strictness and assiduity of its commander the regiment in comparison with others that had reached Braunau at the same time was in splendid condition There were only 217 sick and stragglers Everything was in good order except the boots

Kutuzov walked through the ranks sometimes stopping to say a few friendly words to officers he had known in the Turkish war sometimes also to the soldiers Looking at their boots he several times shook his head sadly pointing them out to the Austrian general with an expression which seemed to say that he was not blaming anyone but could not help noticing what a bad state of things it was The regimental commander ran forward on each such occasion

softly spoken word to be heard followed so near twenty men of his suite These gentlemen talked among themselves and sometimes

hed. The rest of it to the commander
chief walk d a ha d some adj tant. This was
r e Bolkónsk. Be de h m was his comrade
Nes uski a tall staff fi er extrem ly stout,
th a ku dly smul ng, ha d some face nd
m t eyes. Nes usk e ld l rdly ke p f m
l hier pro k d by a w rthy hussar officer

to m ke grimace and tlen assume a most seri
ous deferent l nd nnocent e press on

Th thu d comp ny was the last a d kutu
zov po de ed, app e tly try ng to recollect
someth ng P n e A d ew stcped f rwa d
fr mamo g t e u tea d said softly n F e ch

Y u t ld me to em id you of the off er
D l khov educ d to tle ranks n t is regi
me t.

Whe e s Dol kho ? a ked kut ov
Dól kí o wí o h d al eady ch ged : to
n l

make them look at the w g

h kutov w lked lowly nd langu dly past

Ah, Tim kh l sa d he, cog z g the
r d osed captai who had b n ep m ded
co t f the bl greatcoat.

O ld ha e th ght t imposs ble f ra
man to tr tch hms lf m e than T mókhu
had do e when h was p manded by th
egm tal comm der b tn with t th com
m der ch f d dres d h m he drew hum
s lf p t s ch n ext t th t t seem d h
could tha e usta d t had the comm nnder
chief co t ed t look t h m nd so kutu
zov wh ev dently u d rstood h ca and
hed h m th g b t good qu ckly turn d
y scar ly per pt ble m le fl t go er
h scarred and p ffy f

An ther l m l m de d he Ab e
ficer! Are y u sat fied w th hum? h ask d
the egime tal comma d

A d th l tter-u co ca th t he was be
g effected th hus fi r as n look
g glass- t rted m d f rward, d
s r d d ghly sat f d y urex elle cy!

W lha e urweak esses sa d kut zo
ml g dw lk g wy f m h m He us d
to ha ped le t f B d

The egim l comm d was f d he
m ght be blam d f th d d d t w
Tl hussar t tha mom t n t ed the f e f
u red sed capt d his drawn t m
ch, and m m cked h p ess n d po
th ch exa t t d t Nes uski could n t
h lp l h g k t t d u d. Th
er ev d tly t d compl te trol f h
le d l l k t zo w turn gm ged

om u
ch ef and p esented rms

H e you a compl t t m ke? kutuzov
ask d w th l ght frown

"This is Dól kh v said Pri e A drew

Ah! sa d kut zov f f ope th s w ll be a
lesson to y u. Do your d ty The Emper r s
grac us nd l h n t f rget y u f y u des rve
w ll

The clear blue eyes looked at the comm der
chief just as boldly s they had looked t tle
regime tal comma der seem g by the ex
p ess n t tear pen the el of con ntu n
th t eparates comm nde n ch ef so w dely
fr m p te.

One t ng I ask of your excell ncy D lo
kh sa d n h s firm n del b rate ce
I ask n ppo tu tyt ato ef rmy fult d
pro e my de t n to H s M jesty tle E per
d to Russ !

kutuzo turned w y The same m le of the
yes w th wh ch he h d t rned f om C pt n

ld say h d l g been kn wnt h m th tle
wa w ry of t d t was n t t all wh t he
w ted. He turned w y nd went to t car
g

Tl gm t b l up t comp nes
wh ch w t t th r ppo nt ed qu t rs ar
Bra u w where they h p d t r boots d
cl thes nd to est ft the r hard marches

Y u w t b arm a grudge P khó lg
nátych? sa d th egimental comm d o er
t k g the th d comp y on t s w y to t s
q r ers dr d g p to Captai n T mókhu
w lo w walk g n f t (The egm ntal
mm nde s f n w that th n p t on was
h pply e be m d th r r p ess ble de
l ht) Its th Empe serv e t ca t
b h lp d o somet mes b th ty n

parade I am the first to apologize you know me! He was very pleased! And he held out his hand to the captain

Don't mention it General as if I'd be so bold! replied the captain his nose growing redder as he gave a smile which showed where two front teeth were missing that had been knocked out by the butt end of a gun at Ismail

And tell Mr Dolokhov that I won't forget him—he may be quite easy And tell me please—I've been meaning to ask—how is he behaving himself and in general

As far as the service goes he is quite punctilious your excellency but his character said Timokhin

And what about his character? asked the regimental commander

It's different on different days answered the captain One day he is sensible well educated and good natured and the next he's a wild beast In Poland if you please he nearly killed a Jew

Oh well! well! remarked the regimental commander Still one must have pity on a young man in misfortune You know he has important connections Well then you just

I will your excellency said Timokhin showing by his smile that he understood his

Dolokhov in the ranks and reining in his horse

thing nor did the mocking smile on his lips change

Well that's all right, continued the regimental commander A cup of vodka for the men from me he added so that the soldiers could hear I thank you all! God be praised! and he rode past that company and overtook the next one

Well he's really a good fellow one can serve under him said Timokhin to the subaltern beside him

In a word a hearty one said the subaltern laughing (there, mental commander was nicknamed King of Hearts)

And so he is! Quite blind!

No friend he is sharper eyed than you are Boots and leathers bands he noticed every thing

When he looked at my feet friend I'll think I

And that other one with him the Austrian looked as if he were smeared with chalk—as white as flour! I suppose they polish him up as they do the guns

I say Fudeshon! Did he say when the battles are to begin? You were near him Everybody said that Buonaparte himself was at Braunau

Buonaparte himself! Just listen to the fool what he doesn't know! The Prussians are up in arms now The Austrians you see are putting them down When they've been put down the war with Buonaparte will begin And he says Buonaparte is in Braunau! Shows you're a fool You'd better listen more carefully!

What devils these quartermasters are! See the fifth company is turning into the village already they will have their buckwheat cooked before we reach our quarters

Give me a biscuit you devil!

And did you give me tobacco yesterday? That's just it friend! Ah I'll never mind here you are

They might call a halt here or I'll have to do another four miles without eating

Wasn't it fine when those Germans gave us lifts! You just sit still and are drawn along

And here friend the people are quite beggarly There they all seemed to be princes—all under the Russan crown—but here they're all regular Germans

Singers to the front! came the captain's order

And from the different ranks some twenty men ran to the front. A drummer their leader turned round facing the singers and flourishing his arm began a long drawn-out soldiers' march commencing with the words *Morning* and *ended the sun was rising* and concluding

I t t m

heard on

eye?

as blind of one

soldier of forty—looked sternly at the singers

and screwed up his eyes. Then he satisfied himself that all eyes were fixed on him, he raised both arms as if carefully lifting some valuable but precious object above his head and, holding it there for some seconds, suddenly flung it down and began

Oh my brother, my brother

Oh my brother, my brother chimed in twenty

particulars. If threat him someone. The soldiers, swarming their arms and keeping in motion, cautiously marched with in steps. Behind the company the sound of wheels, the creak of prisoners, and the tramp of horses' hoofs were heard. Kutuzov and his suite were returning to town. The commander in chief made it so that the men should continue to march at ease, and he and all his suite showed pleasure that so did the singing and the smartly marching soldier and the gay and smartly marching men. In the second file from the right flank, beside which the carriage passed the company, a blue-eyed soldier in ol

asked Dolokhov

"The devil only knows! They say so.

I'm glad, answered Dolokhov briefly and clearly as the soldier demanded.

I say come round some evening and we'll have a game of faro," said Zherkov.

"Why have you too much money?

Do come.

I can't, I've sworn not to. I won't drink and won't play till I get reinstated.

"Well, that's only till the first engagement.

"We shall see.

They were again silent.

Come! You need anything? Of course at least be of use on the staff.

Dolokhov smiled. Don't trouble. If I want anything, I won't beg—I'll take it!

"Well, never mind. I only

And I only

Good by

Good health

It's long, long way

T'my in la d

sar corner of the house, the man who had mimicked the common talker, the commander fell back from the carriage and rode up to Dolokhov.

Hussar corner Zherkov had to come in from Petersburg, believed to the world selected by Dolokhov. Zherkov had met Dolokhov broad as a plate and had not seen fit to recognize him. But now that Kutuzov had spoken to the gentleman, he decided to shake hands with the comradely fan of the end.

"My dear fellow, how are you?" said he through the company, making his horse keep pace with the company.

"I want Dolokhov answered coldly. I am as you see.

The reply so gave a special flavor to the conversation and easy conversation with which Zherkov poked, and to the intentional coldness of Dolokhov's reply.

"And how do you get on with the officers?"

"I am attached to the staff."

Both were silent.

Zherkov touched his horse with the spurs, it pranced excitedly from foot to foot uncertain with which to start, then settled down galloped past the company and entered the carriage, still keeping gait to the soldier.

CHAPTER III

ON RETURN from the review Kutuzov took the Austrian general to his private room and, calling his adjutant, asked for some papers relating to the composition of the troops of their arrival and the letters that had come from the army. A chiduk, Ferdinand, who was in command of the Austrian army, Prince Andrew Bolkonski came into the room with the required papers. Kutuzov and the Austrian members of the High Command were sitting at the table, in which a plan was spread out.

Ahl! said Kutuzov glancing at Bolkonski as if by this exclamation he was asking the adjutant to wait, and he went on with the conversation in French.

All I can say General said he with pleasant elegance of expression and intonation that obliged to listen to each deliberately spoken word. It was evident that Kutuzov himself

parade I am the first to apologize you know me! He was very pleased! And he held out his hand to the captain

Don't mention it General as if I'd be so bold! replied the captain his nose growing redder as he gave a smile which showed where two front teeth were missing that had been knocked out by the butt end of a gun at Ismail

And tell Mr Dolokhov that I won't forget him—he may be quite easy And tell me please—I've been meaning to ask—how is he behaving himself and in general

As far as the service goes he is quite punctilious your excellency but his character said Timókhin

And what about his character? asked the

answered well educated and good natured and the next he's a wild beast In Poland if you please he nearly killed a Jew

Oh well! remarked the regimental commander Still one must have pity on a young man in misfortune You know he has important connections Well then you just

I will your excellency said Timókhin showing by his smile that he understood his commander's wish

Well of course of course!

The regimental commander sought out Dolokhov in the ranks and reining in his horse said to him

After the next affair epaulettes

Dolokhov looked round but did not say anything nor did the mocking smile on his lips change

Well that's all right continued the regimental commander A cup of vodka for the men from me he added so that the soldiers could hear I thank you all! God be praised! and he rode past at company and overtook the next one

Well he's really a good fellow one can serve under him said Timókhin to the subaltern beside him

1 1 1

The cheerful mood of their officers after the inspection infected the soldiers The company marched on gaily The soldiers' voices could be heard on every side

And they said Kutuzov was blind of one eye?

And so he is! Quite blind!

No friend he is sharper-eyed than you are Boots and leg bands he noticed every thing

When he looked at my feet friend well, thinks I

And that other one with him the Austrian looked as if he were smeared with chalk—as white as flour! I suppose they polish him up as they do the guns

I say Fédeshon! Did he say when the battles are to begin? You were near him Everybody said that Buonaparte himself was at Braunau

Buonaparte himself! Just listen to the fool what he doesn't know! The Prussians are up in arms now The Austrians you see are putting them down When they've been put down the war with Buonaparte will begin And he says Buonaparte is in Braunau! Shows you're a fool You'd better listen more carefully!

What devils these quartermasters are! See the fifth company is turning into the village already they will have their buckwheat cooked before we reach our quarters.

Give me a biscuit you devil!

And did you give me tobacco yesterday? That's just it friend! Ah well never mind here you are

They might call a halt here or we'll have to do another four miles without eating

Wasn't it fine when those Germans gave us lifts! You just sit still and are drawn along

And here friend the people are quite beggarly There they all seemed to be heroes—all under the Russian cross—but here they're all regular Germans

Singers to the front! came the captain's order

And from the different ranks some twenty men ran to the front A drummer their leader turned round facing these singers and flourishing his arm began a long drawn-out soldiers' song commencing with the words *Morní* in the sun was shining and concluding

Father Kármenski were rejoicing! Father Kutuzov

Having jerked out these last words soldiers do and waved his arms flourishing mailings to the ground the drummer—a lean handsomely soldier of forty—looked sternly at the soldiers

He took out a notebook and

He took out a notebook and
He took out a notebook and

He took out a notebook and
He took out a notebook and

He took out a notebook and
He took out a notebook and

He took out a notebook and
He took out a notebook and

He took out a notebook and
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He took out a notebook and

He took out a notebook and
He took out a notebook and

He took out a notebook and
He took out a notebook and

listened with pleasure to his own voice. All I can say, General, is that if the matter depended on my personal wishes, the will of His Majesty the Emperor Francis would have been fulfilled long ago. I should long ago have joined the archduke. And believe me on my honor that to me personally it would be a pleasure to hand over the supreme command of the army into the hands of a better informed and more skillful general—of whom Austria has so many—and to lay down all this heavy responsibility. But circumstances are sometimes too strong for us, General.

And Kutuzov smiled in a way that seemed to say: You are quite at liberty not to believe me and I don't even care whether you do or not, but you have no grounds for telling me so

out

On the contrary, he said in a querulous and angry tone that contrasted with his flattering words: on the contrary, your excellency's participation in the common action is highly valued by His Majesty, but we think the present delay is depriving the splendid Russian troops and their commander of the laurels they have been accustomed to win in their battles. He concluded his evidently prearranged sentence.

Kutuzov bowed with the same smile.

But that is my conviction, and judging by the last letter with which His Highness the Archduke Ferdinand has honored me, I imagine that the Austrian troops, under the direction of so skillful a leader as General Mack, have by now already gained a decisive victory and no longer need our aid, said Kutuzov.

The general frowned. Though there was no definite news of an Austrian defeat, there were many circumstances confirming the unfavorable rumors that were afloat, and so Kutuzov's suggestion of an Austrian victory sounded much like irony. But Kutuzov went on blandly smiling with the same expression, which seemed to say that he had a right to suppose so. And in fact the last letter he had received from Mack's army informed him of a victory and stated strategically the position of the army was very favorable.

Give me that letter, said Kutuzov, turning to Prince Andrew. Please have a look at it—and Kutuzov with an ironical smile about the corners of his mouth read to the Austrian general the following passage in German from the Archduke Ferdinand's letter:

We have fully concentrated forces of nearly seventy thousand men with which to attack and defeat the enemy should he cross the Lech. Also, as we are masters of Ulm, we cannot be deprived of the advantage of commanding both sides of the Danube, so that should the

try to direct his whole force against our faithful ally. We shall therefore confidently await the moment when the Imperial Russian army will be fully equipped and shall then in conjunction with it easily find a way to prepare for the enemy the fate he deserves.

Kutuzov sighed deeply on finishing this paragraph and looked at the member of the Hof

Excuse me, General, interrupted Kutuzov, also turning to Prince Andrew. Look here, my dear fellow, get from Kozlovskii all the reports from our scouts. Here are two letters from Count Nostitz and here is one from His Highness the Archduke Ferdinand and here are these, he said, handing him several papers.

give it to his excellency.

Prince Andrew bowed his head in token of having understood from the first not only what had been said but also what Kutuzov would have liked to tell him. He gathered up the papers and with a bow to both stepped softly over the carpet and went out into the waiting room.

Though not much time had passed since Prince Andrew had left Russia, he had changed greatly during that period. In the expression of his face in his movements in his walk, scarcely a trace was left of his former affected languor and indolence. He now looked like a man who has no time to think of the injury on him makes on others. But is occupied with a agreeable and interesting work. His face expressed more satisfaction with himself and these around him. His smile and glance were brighter and more attractive.

Kutuzov, whom he had overtaken in Poland, had received him very kindly, promising not to

Why are you so glum? asked Nesvitski noting Prince Andrew's pale face and glittering eyes.

There's nothing to be gay about answered Bolkonski.

Just as Prince Andrew met Nesvitski and Zherkov, they came toward them from the other end of the corridor. Struchin, Austrian general who as on Kutuzov's staff in charge of the provisioning of the Russian army and the member of the Hofkriegsrath who had arrived the previous evening. There was room enough in the wide corridor for the generals to pass the three officers quite easily but Zherkov pushing Nesvitski aside with his arm said in a breathless voice

I

I

ping forward and addressing the Austrian general. I have the honor to congratulate you.

He bowed his head and scraped first with one foot and then with the other awkwardly like

stupid smile could not but give him a moment's attention. He screwed up his eyes showing that he was listening.

I have the honor to congratulate you General Mack has arrived quite well only a little bruised just here he added pointing with a beaming smile to his head.

The general frowned, turned away and went on.

Gott wie naiv said he angrily after he had gone a few steps.

Nesvitski with a laugh threw his arms round Prince Andrew but Bolkonski turning still paler pushed him away with an angry look and turned to Zherkov. The nervous irritation aroused by the appearance of Mack, the news of his defeat and the thought of what lay before the Russian army found vent in anger at Zherkov's untimely jest.

If you sir choose to make a buffoon of yourself he said sharply with a slight trembling of the lower jaw. I can't prevent your doing so but I warn you that if you dare to play the

Good God that sniplet!

fool in my presence I will teach you to behave yourself.

Nesvitski and Zherkov were so surprised by this outburst that they gazed at Bolkonski silently with wide-open eyes.

What's the matter? I only congratulated them said Zherkov.

Come what's the matter old fellow? said Nesvitski trying to soothe him.

What's the matter? exclaimed Prince Andrew standing still in his excitement. Don't you understand that either we are officers serving our Tsar and our country rejoicing in the successes and grieving at the misfortunes of our common cause or we are merely lackeys who care nothing for their master's business. *Quarante mille hommes massacrés et l'armée de nos alliés détruite et vous trouvez là le motif rire* he said as if strengthening his views by this French sentence. *C'est bien pour un garçon de rien comme cet individu dont vous avez fait un ami mais pas pour vous pas pour vous* Only a hobble leg could amuse himself in this way he added in Russian—but pronouncing the word with a French accent—having noticed that Zherkov could still hear him.

He waited a moment to see whether the corner would turn or but he turned and went out of the corridor.

CHAPTER IV

THE PAVLOVGRAD HUSSARS were stationed two miles from Braunau. The squadron in which Nicholas Rostov served as a cadet was quartered in the German village of Salzeneck. The best quarters in the village were assigned to cavalry captain Denisov, the squadron commander known throughout the whole cavalry division as Vaska Denisov. Cadet Rostov ever since he had overtaken the regiment in Poland had lived with the squadron commander.

On October 11 the day when all was astir at headquarters over the news of Mack's defeat the camp life of the officers of this squadron was proceeding as usual. Denisov who had been losing at cards all night had in yet come home when Rostov rode back early in the morning.

jest gl

It is all very well for this gentleman
 still for what is he for
 for you not for

caut und ran, w th jerk to his horse, rod up to the porch, saw husle^r erth saddl w th sup^p. yo thful mo me t, tood for moment the utrup as if lost the t part from his horse, and t last pran do v n d called to his order!

Ah. Bo darenko dear friend! said he to who rushed up headl^y to the

Mind, walk him up d d w n well!

Another Hussar also rushed toward th horse, but Bo dart^y to had already thrown the reins of the snaffle bridl^y o er th horse head. It as ev dent that th cad t was l beral w th his ups and that paid t serve him. Rost^y pat ted the horse neck and then h s flank, and h n^rered f r mom t.

porch. His landlord, who in waistcoat d po ted cap, p thfork in hand, was clearin manure from th cowhouse, looked out, and his face immediatel bri l tened on seeing Rost^y. Sch gut M gen Sch gut M gen^r he said w nkin w th merry smile, evidently pleased to see th u man.

Sch fetu c^r said Rost^y w th th sam gay brotherly smil^y which did not lea e his ea ger face. Hoch O st uher Hoch Russe kesser Alexa der hoch^r said he, quoin wo, ds ften repeated b the German landlord.

Th Germa la hed came out f th cow shed, pulled f his cap nd waving t bo his head cried.

U d d i g e W l i hoch^r

Rost^y wa ed his cap bo his head like th Germa and cried la hing. U d nat d e g ne W l i^r Thou h either the German dies g his cowshed no Rost^y back w th his p^ratoo from t rags. I hay had an reason for p^ro g, they looked t each ther w th p^ryful wel hi and brotherly l e, wagged their heads in token of their mutual affection, and parted sm l w th German return- ing to us wished and Rost^y go g to th

I cry good morning A cry good morning! Bury ready Hurrah for th Austrians. Hurrah f th R. m^rta. Hurrah for he Empero Alexander! And hurrah for the hol l d.

cotta e he occup ed w th Deniso

What bout your maste t he asked La rushka Deniso sorderly wh m all the regiment knew f r ro^rue.

Hasi t been ns needl ev n n Must ha e been los n nswcred La rushka. I know by n w f he wins he comes back early to bra bo t t, but f he stary out till mornin^r t mea he s lo t nd will come back n a rage. W l l you ha e coffeee

"Yes, b some.

Ten minutes later La rushk bro ht th coffee. H s comi said l e. N w f r trou bl l R sto looked out of the w nd w a d saw Deniso comin home. Den so was small man w th red face, sparkl g bl k eyes, nd black tousled mustache and ha He wore an un f stened cloak, w de b eeches han^r down n cr ses, and crumpled shakoon the ba k of his head. H cam up to the po ch gloomily ha n his he d.

Lavi u la! he shouted loudly d a g nly tak t off, blockhe d

"Well I am tak^y g toff re j ed Lavrushka ce.

Ah, you re p already sad Deniso enter d room.

Lo go answered Rost^y I ha e al ead been f the hay and ha eseen Fraulein M thilde.

Such ill luck. A soo as you left, t began nd went on. H llo there Tea

And what d vil mad me go to that wat^r (n officer n ckn med th rat^y) he sa d, rub- b o h f el ead nd whole f ce w th both ha ds. Just fancy h didn t l t me w n sin- l c^rhd, o t o c^rhd.

H took the l hted p p e that was offered to him, gripped t in his fi t, and c^rapped t o th floo maki g the park fly while he co unued to sh ut.

H let on w n the s gles d collahs t as soon as one doubles t g^res th singles and sn tches th doubles

H scatt red th burnin t bacco mashed th p p e, and threw t way Then h remai ed silent f while, and all t once looked cheer full w th his gli ttering, black eyes t Rost^y

If t least w had som w men here but

that came to a stop and a respectful cough
The squadron quartermaster! said Lavrushka

Denisov's face puckered still more

Wretched! he muttered throwing down a purse with some gold in it Wostov deah fel low just see how much there is left and shove the purse undah the pillow he said and went out to the quartermaster

Rostov took the money and mechanically ranging the old and new coins in separate piles began counting them

Ah! Telyanin! How d'ye do? They plucked me last night came Denisov's voice from the next room

Where? At Bykov's at the rats I knew it replied a piping voice and Lieutenant Telyanin a small officer of the same squadron entered the room

Rostov thrust the purse under the pillow and shook the damp little hand which was offered him Telyanin for some reason had been transferred from the Guards just before this campaign He behaved very well in the regiment but was not liked Rostov especially detested him and was unable to overcome or conceal his groundless antipathy to the man

Well young cavalryman how is my Rook behaving? he asked (Rook was a young horse Telyanin had sold to Rostov)

The lieutenant never looked the man he was speaking to straight in the face his eyes continually wandered from one object to another

I saw you riding this morn'ng he added

Oh he's all right a good horse answered Rostov though the horse for which he had paid seven hundred rubbles was not worth half that sum He's begun to go a little lame on the left foreleg he added

The hoof's cracked! That's nothing I'll teach you what to do and show you what kind of rivet to use

Yes please do said Rostov

I'll show you I'll show you! It's not a secret And it's a horse you'll thank me for

Then I'll have it brought round said Rostov wishing to avoid Telyanin and he went out to give the order

In the pass he Denisov with a pipe was squatting on the threshold facing the quartermaster who was reporting to him On seeing Rostov Denisov screwed up his face and point-

ing over his shoulder with his thumb to the room where Telyanin was sitting he frowned and gave a shudder of disgust

Ugh! I don't like that fellow he said regardless of the quartermaster's presence

Rostov shrugged his shoulders as much as to say Nor do I but what's one to do? and having given his order he returned to Telyanin

Telyanin was sitting in the same indolent pose in which Rostov had left him rubbing his small white hands

Well there certainly are disgusting people thought Rostov as he entered

Have you told them to bring the horse? asked Telyanin getting up and looking carelessly about him

I have

Let us go ourselves I only came round to ask Denisov about yesterday's order Have you got it Denisov?

Not yet But where are you off to?

I want to teach this young man how to shoe a horse said Telyanin

They went through the porch and into the stable The lieutenant explained how to rivet the hoof and went away to his own quarters

When Rostov went back there was a bottle of vodka and a sausage on the table Denisov was sitting there scratching with his pen on a

pen in his hand and evidently glad of a chance to say quicker in words what he wanted to write told Rostov the contents of his letter

You see my friend he said we sleep when we don't love We are children of the dust but one falls in love and one's a God one is pure as on the first day of creation Who's that now? Send him to the devil I'm busy! he shouted to Lavrushka who went up to him not in the least abashed

Who should it be? You yourself told him to come It's the quartermaster for the money

Denisov frowned and was about to shout some reply but stopped

Wretched business he muttered to himself

How much is left in the purse? he asked turning to Rostov

Seven new and three old imperial

Oh it's wretched! Well what are you standing there for you scoundrel? Call the quartermaster he shouted to Lavrushka

Please Denisov let me lend you some I have some you know said Rostov blushing

"Do t like bow w ng from my wu fel
low, I don't, growled Deniso
E t f y w t accept mo e y f or a me like
comrade, vo will fend me. Really I ha e
some, Ro to epeated.
No, I tell y u.

A d Deniso we t to the bed to get the purse
fr m under the pill w

"Where ha ou put t. Wostó
U der the l wer pillow
It t there.

Deniso threw both pillows n the floor. The
purse was n t there.

"That m wacle.

"Wait, ha e t ou dr pped t. said Ros-
t p ck g p th pill w s one t time d
shak them.

He pulled ff th quilt and shook t. Th
purse was no there.

De m ca I ha f rgotten No f re-
member think g that u kept t u der your
head lik treasure sa d Rost I put t just
here. Wh re is t h asked, turn g to La ru-
shka.

I ha been n the room. It must be
her t p t t.

E t t u s t?

"E al ay I k that y u throw thin
do n y wher and f rget t. Feel n your
pocket.

"I I had t th ight f t being treas-
ure, sa d Rostó but I enember p t u g t
there.

La rushka turned ll the beddin er
looked under th bed and u der th table,
searched everywhere d tood u ll n th mid-
dl f th room. D so silently watched La
rushka mo ements, d wh n the l ter
threw p h s arms urprise saying t was no-
here to be f und D n so glanced t Rostó

"Wostó you n t been pl y schoolboy
t ck.

Rostó felt Deniso gaz fixed n him, raised
his eyes, and insta tl dropped them ga n. All
the blood which had seemed co gested some-
here bel w his throat rushed to his face and
eyes. H could t draw b eath.

A d ther has t be n nyo th room
except the l u s nant d y ur sel es. It must
be here somewher sa d La rushka.

N w then, y dev l p ppet, look al e
and hunt f tl sho ed D nso uddenly
urn g purpl and rush g the man w th
thra e n g gesture. If the purse is t f d
I ll fog u. I ll flow y ll.

Rostó hu eyes d g D nso began

b tton n his coat, buckled on his saber nd
put on his cap

I must h e th t purse, I tell you, shouted
De so sh kin his orderly by the l oulders
d knock h m ga nst the wall

Deniso I t h m alone I kn w who has
taken t, sa d Ro t go g towa d t le doo
w thout rais g his eyes. De so paused
thought moment, and, ev dently understa d
t g wh t Rostó hunted t, sei ed h rm.

N e sel he eried nd th o h s
fo ehead nd neck stood ut l k e l s. You
are mad, I tell y u. I won t allow t. The purse
is here! I ll fl y this scoundwel al e a d t
will be f und.

I kn w who has taken t," repe ted Rost
in an un teady o ce, and went to the doo

And I tell you, don't you d he t do tl
shouted De so rush g at the cadet to re-
tra him.

But Rost pulled way his arm nd w th as
much anger as thou h Den so were h s w rst
emy firmly fixed his eyes directly on h face.

Do you u derstand what ou say he
sa d n trembl o e. There wa no o e
else n the oom except myself. So th t I t u s
n t so then

He could not fi sh, and ran out of th room.

Ah, may the dev l take you nd e cw y body
were the last words Rost heard.

Rost went to Telyan n s quarters.

"The master is not n he gone to head
quarters, said Tel án n orde ly Has some-
th g happened? he dded surprised t the
cad t troubled f ce.

N n th

"You e only just missed him, sa d tl or-
derly

Th headquarters were tuated two miles
aw y from Salzenek, and Rostó w thout re-
turning home took horse and rod there
There was an nn n the ill ge wh ch the of-
ficers freque ted. Rostó rod up to t nd saw
Telyán n h rse t the porch.

In the seco d room of the inn th lieuten-
ant was t u g o er dish of sausages and a
botl f w ne.

nearest table.

Both were l nt. There w t o Germ
and Russ noff er n th room. N one poke
and th only so ds heard were th cl tter of
kn es nd the munch g of th li utenant.

there's nothing for one to do but drink. If we

that came to a stop and a respectful cough

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Denisov's face puckered still more

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They went through the porch and into the stable. The lieutenant explained how to rivet the hoof and went away to his own quarters

When Rostov went back there was a bottle

face and said I am writing to her

He leaned his elbows on the table with his pen in his hand and evidently glad of a chance to say quicker in words what he wanted to write told Rostov the contents of his letter

You see my friend he said we sleep when we don't love. We are children of the dust but one falls in love and one is a God one is pure as on the first day of creation. Who's that now? Send him to the devil I'm busy! he shouted to Lavrushka who went up to him not in the least abashed

Who should it be? You yourself told him to come. It's the quartermaster for the money Denisov frowned and was about to shout some reply but stopped

Wretched business he muttered to himself. How much is left in the purse? he asked turning to Rostov

Seven new and three old imperials.

Oh it's wretched! Well what are you standing there for you scoundrel? Call the quahtelmastel he shouted to Lavrushka

Please Denisov let me lend you some I have some you know said Rostov blushing

"Do t like bowwow from my own fel
l s, I d t growled Den so
B t fy o t cept m ney from me l ke
comrade will off d me. Really I have
som Ro t repe ted.

No It lly u.
A d De lso went the bed t get the purse
from der the p l l w

Whe eh ou p t t, Wostó ?
U d d l werpullo
It t there
D lso threw both pull wso d e floor The
p rse wa t there.

That m wade.
W t l t you dropped t? s a d Ros-
t p k g p h p l l s o e t t me and
hak g them.

He p l l d f the q l t and shook t. The
p rse a t t l

D me ca I h e f grotte No I re-
member th k g th t y k p t u der y ur
head l ke tr as s a d Rostó I p t t just
l e Where t? l led, turn t La ru
hka.

I ha e t b n the room It must be
here y p t t

B t t s t?
"I l y l k th t y u th wou th g
d n ywler d f g t t. Feel n y r
pocket.

A I had t l ght f i be g a treas-
e, s a d Ro to b t l e m ber p u g t
there.

I the oom. D so l tly w tched L
u hka mo eme t d whe the l tter
d ew plus arm rpr es y g t was no-
here to be l d De lso gl ced t Rostóv
"Wostó y o tbe p l y g schoolboy
u hka.
Rostóv felt D niso gaze fixed h m r sed
l eves and in t a l y d p p d i t h m g n All
the Wood huch had seen ed co gested some
here bel w has thr t ru h d to his face and
ova. He could not draw b eath.

And t w ha tbe y e d e room
except the l eut ant d y u rsel ea. It must
l be somewhere s a d La ru hka.
"Now w n. d l e p p p e t l o k
d h u t f o r t a l t e d Denov
turning p p p and rust g at
thru w g e s t u r If the p rse
p l l l g n I l l l g
Rostóv eves

butto g h s coat, buckled t l s s a b e r a n d
p t o n h cap.

I u t h e that purse l t e l l y u s h a n t e d
Den s s h a k i g h s r d e r l y b y the s l u l l e s
n l k n o c k g l m a g s t e l e v a l l

Den s o l e h t a l o n e I k n a t l s
t a k u t s a d R o s t ó v g o g t w a r t h e l r
th t r a s u g l s e y e s D e s y q u e s t
th o g h t a m e t a l e i d e n t l y u n l e s t l
n g w a t R o s t ó v l i m i t e d a t e d h i s m i n d

N e e l e c t e d e d l t h e v n n h s
f o r l e d d e c k t o o d o u t l i k e t l A u
r e m l I t e l l y o u I w n t a l l v i t I l e q u e
t l e r e l I l l l a y t h s s o u n h e l l y n l t
w l l b e f o u n d.

I k n o w l o h a s t a k e n i t r e q u e s t e d R o s t ó v
i n a n u n t e d y i c e a n d v e t t h e l r

A n d I t e l l y o u d r y i l h e t l u l
s h o t e d D e n s v r u l i g a t t h e c l e t t r e-
s t r a h

B t R o t ó v p l l e l a a y l e a r s a n d t h a s

t t l e
H e c o u l d s t f i h i d r n o u t f i l e s w m.
A l m a y t l e d e v i l t k e y u n d e s w y l e y
w e t h e l t w d s R t v h t d

R o s t ó v w e n t t o T e l y á n i s q u e r t e r s

T h e m s t r i n o t m l e s g n e v h e a d
q u e r t e r s s a d T e l y á n i s r d e r l y I f s o m
t h g h p p e e d h e d d e s t, s u s p i c i e s
c a d e t s o u l t e d f a c e

N n o t l n g
Y o u e o n l y j u s t m i s s e d h m, c a n b e r e-
d e r l y

T h e h e a d q u a r t e r s w e r e a m o n g t h e
a w y r m S a l e n e c k a n d Z a h a r w a n t e d
t n g l o n e, w h a z a d d e p a n t h e m
T h e r e w a s a l s o a m o n g t h e
f i c e r s f r o m t h e Z a h a r w a n t e d
T e l y á n i s s e p a n t h e m

I n a m o n g t h e m w a s a m o n g t h e
a n d w a s a m o n g t h e m
l o n e s t o w a n t

— v i e w e r s w e r e a m o n g t h e
a n d w a s a m o n g t h e m
l o n e s t o w a n t

— v i e w e r s w e r e a m o n g t h e
a n d w a s a m o n g t h e m
l o n e s t o w a n t

— v i e w e r s w e r e a m o n g t h e
a n d w a s a m o n g t h e m
l o n e s t o w a n t

— v i e w e r s w e r e a m o n g t h e
a n d w a s a m o n g t h e m
l o n e s t o w a n t

When Telyánin had finished his lunch he took out of his pocket a double purse and drawing its rings aside with his small white

may imagine muttered Telyánin taking up his cap and moving toward a small empty room. We must have an explanation

I know it and shall prove it said Rostov

The coin was a new one Rostov rose and went up to Telyánin

Allow me to look at your purse he said in a low almost inaudible voice

With shifting eyes but eyebrows still raised Telyánin handed him the purse

Yes it's a nice purse Yes yes he said growing suddenly pale and added Look at it young man

Rostov took the purse in his hand examined it and the money in it and looked at Telyánin

Every muscle of Telyánin's pale terrified face began to quiver his eyes still shifted from side to side but with a downward look not rising to Rostov's face and his sobs were audible

Count! Don't ruin a young fellow here is this wretched money take it He threw it on the table I have an old father and mother!

Rostov took the money avoiding Telyánin's eyes and went out of the room without a word. But at the door he stopped and then retraced his steps O God he said with tears in his eyes how could you do it?

Count said Telyánin drawing nearer to him

Don't touch me said Rostov drawing back. If you need it take the money and he threw the purse to him and ran out of the inn

where to spend it said he Well let me have it young man I'm going

Rostov did not speak

And you? Are you going to have lunch too? They feed you quite decently here continued Telyánin. No! then let me have it

He stretched out his hand to take hold of the

Yes yes I am putting my purse in my pocket and that's quite simple and is no one else's business

Well young man? he said with a sigh and from under his lifted brows he glanced into Rostov's eyes

Some flash as of an electric spark shot from Telyánin's eyes to Rostov's and back and back again and again in an instant

Come here said Rostov catching hold of Telyánin's arm and almost dragging him to the window. That money is Denisov's you took it he whispered just above Telyánin's ear

What? What? How dare you? What? said Telyánin

But these words came like a piteous despairing cry and an entreaty for pardon. As soon as Rostov heard them an enormous load of doubt fell from him. He was glad and at the same instant began to pity the miserable man who stood before him but the task he had begun had to be completed

Heaven only knows what the people here

CHAPTER V

THAT SAME EVENING there was an animated discussion among the squadron's officers in Denisov's quarters

And I tell you Rostov that you must apologize to the colonel! said a tall grizzly-haired staff captain with enormous mustaches and many wrinkles on his large features to Rostov who was crimson with excitement

The staff captain I listen had twice been reduced to the ranks for affairs of honor and had twice regained his commission

I will allow no one to call me a liar! cried Rostov. He told me I lied and I told him he lied. And there it rests. He may keep me on duty every day or may place me under arrest but no one can make me apologize because if he as commander of this regiment thinks it beneath his dignity to give me satisfaction then

You just wait a moment my dear fellow and listen interrupted the staff captain in his deep bass calmly stroking his long mustache

You tell the colonel in the presence of other officers that an officer has stolen

I'm not to blame that the conversation began in the presence of other officers. Perhaps I ought not to have spoken before them but I am not a diplomat. That's why I joined the hussars thinking that there one would not need finesse and he tells me that I am lying—so let him give me satisfaction

"That all ght. Noo e thinks you coward, but that's not the po t. A k Deniso w ether t is not t f the q estion f cadet to demand s f cu f his regimental command er

Deniso sat gloomily b t g his mustache and listen g to th con rsati ev dently th no wish to take part n t. He answered the staff captain q est n by disappro g shake f his head.

"I u pe k to the col nel bo t this nasty busi ess bef re other officers," continued the staff capta d Bogdan ch (the col nel as called Bo-dánich) shutt u p

He did t sh t me up, he said I was tell in u truth.

Well, ha e t so d you talked a lot f

capta s know u u to polov'e, but, man, t not only to him but to th whole erim nt—all of us—you re to blam all ro d. Th case is this you o ght to ha tho ght th m tter er d taken d cer b t no, o go and blurt t all traight out be fore the officers. N w what was th col nel to do. H th officer tred and disgrace the hol egument. Disrrac the whole regiment because f ex undrel? I that how you look t. W d t see t k that. And Bogdan ch was bri k h told u were say what as true. I n t pl asa t, b t what to be done, my dear f ll w? You landed yourself n t. A d w when e wants to mooth th thing over some con t p events your pologian and you wish to mak the whol ff ir p bl y off ded t be g p t duty

el) quick t tak g ff se, but you do t mind disgraci th whole regiment! The staff captain e began to tremble. "I ha been in th reiment next to no time, m lad, yo re here today and torrow you'll be ppo ted d j ta t somewhere nd ra snap ur fingers wh u t is said. Ther are threes amo g th P loerad officers. But t is not all the sam to us. Am I t ight, Deniso? It not th same!

Deniso rema ed silent d did n t mo but occasionally looked w th his glittering black eyes t Rostu

"You al e your n p d nd do t wish to polov'e, co un ed d staff captain but

w old fell ws, who ha e grown up in and, God will g, are go o to die n the er ment, we pri the hono of the regiment nd Bog da ch kn ws t. Oh, we do prize t, old fel l w! And all th is not ght, t not t ght! You may take ffense r not but I always tuck to mother truth. It s n t right!

A d the staff captain rose and turned away from Rost v

"That stwue, de sttake t! shouted D niso jumping up. N with n Wostó now then!

Rost grow n red nd pale altern tel looked first at on ff er and then t the other

N g nlemen no you mustn t think I quite u derstand. I u re wro g to think that of me. I fo me f th ho o of th reiment I d. Ah well, I'll show that in act and f rmeth hono of the flag. Well never mind, t true I m t blame, to blame all round. Well what else do you want

Come, that ht, Count! er ed the staff capta n, turn g rou d and clapp o Rostu on th shoulder w th his b g hand.

I tell you, shouted Deniso he fine fel l

Gentlem n I'll do nyth g Noo shall hear w rd from me, said Rostu in an unpl r ing o ce, but I can t polov'e by God I can t, do what you will! How can I go and pologize like a l t l boy askin f rgn enesse

Deniso began to l gh.

It'll be worse f you, Bo-dán ch is ndic u e d you l p y f your obstunacy said Kirsten.

No on my word t n t obstunacy! I can t describe the feeli o I can t

Well, t as you like, sa d th staff captain. And what has become of that scoundrel? he asked Deniso

He has weported himself sick, he to be stwuck off the list tomow w muttered Den iso

It is an illness, there no other way f ex plainin t, said th staff captain

Illness not, he d bet er not cw ss my path. I d kill him! sho ted D niso a bloodthirsty tone.

Just th n Zherk ntered th room.

"What bri es you here," cried th officers turning to th newcomer

We to go to ctuo gentlem nt M ck has urrendered with his whole army

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Rostov took the purse in his hand examined it and the money in it and looked at Telyánin The lieutenant was looking about in his usual way and suddenly seemed to grow very merry

If we get to Vienna I'll get rid of it there but in these wretched little towns there's nowhere to spend it said he Well let me have it young man I'm going

Rostov did not speak

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H d t l bett r n d e o e r y o u r e x c l l e c y ?

1 a d N e s l i

But the conv yman took n o n t e i t u
t l e a l a n d s h o u t d a t t h e s o l d e r s

they a t u a s
o r d e r e d d t h e f l m m b l e m a t e r l o n t h e
b r i d g e m u s t b e r e p e c t e d.

Very good, a n s e r e d N e s l i l i

He called the Cossack w t h h i s h o r s e t o l d
h i m t o p t a y t h k n p s a c k d f l a s k, a n d
s u g h s h e a y p e r s o n e l y n t o t h e s d d l e

I l l r e a l l y c a l l o n t h e n u s h e s d t o
t h e o f f i c e r s w h w t c h e d h m m u l n g l y a d h e
r o d o f f b y t h w d i g p a t l d n t l e h u l l

W t h e n l i t s e h w f a r t w l l c a r r y
C a p t a i n J u s t t r y l s a d t h e g e r a l t u n g t o
a r t i l l e r y o f f i c e r H e l t l e f n t p a s s
t h e t i m e.

C r e w t y o u r g u l c o m d e d t h e f
f i c e r

I m o m t t h m e c a m e r u n n g g a i l y
f r o m t h e i r c a m p f i r e s d b e g a l d i g

O l c a m t h e c o m m d.

N m b e e j u m p e d b s k l y a s d e T h e g u n
r a t w t h d e f g m e t a l l c o a r d
h t l g g r e d e f l e w b o e t h l d s f
o u r t r o o p s b e l w t h e h u l l a d f e l l f a s h o t f
t h m y l i t t l e m k e s h o w g t h e p o t
h e r e t b u r s t

T h e f c s f i f e r s d m n b r i g h t e n e d u p
a t t h s o d. E c r y e g o t u p d b e g a w t c h
g t h e m m u s f u r t r o o p b e l w a s
p l a i n l y s u b l f b t a s t e s t r o w w y
d t h m m u s f t h p p o a c h g m y
f a r t h e r f l. A t t h s a m e t a t t h e u n c a n
f u l l y t f r o m b e h d t h c l d s, d t h c l e a r
s o d f t h e s o l t a r y h t n d t h b r i l l n e o f
t h e b r i g h t h m e r g e d n s a g l e j y o u s
d p t e d i m p e s s n.

CHAPTER VII

T o t h e e m y s h t s h a d a l e a d y f l w n
c r o s s t h b r i d g e w h e r e t h e w a c r u s h. H l f
y a c r o s s t o o d P r N e s i t l i w h o h d
a l g h t e d f r o m h l r s e d w h o s e b g b o d y a s
j a m m e d a t t h r a i l g s. H e l o o k e d b a c k
l a t t h C o s s a c k w h o o o d f w t e p s
b e h d h m h o l d t w h r s e s b y t h i r b r i d l e s.
E a c h t u m P r N e s t k t r e d t m e o n
l d i n s d c a r t s p u s h e d h m b a c k a d
p r e s s e d h m g a n s t t h r a i l g s, n d a l l h
c o u l d d o w a s t o s m l e.

"W h a t l l w y o u a r e f r i d l s a i d t h e
C o s s a c k c o o y s o l d e r w t h w a r o w h o
w a s p r e s s g t o t h i n f a n t r y m n w h o w e r e

u n f r m l n g a v e s o f s o l d i e r s s t u l d e r
s t r a p c o e r e d h k o s, k n a p s a c k s b a y o n e t s
l o g m u k e t s, a n d u n d e r t h e s h a k o s, f e e s w i t h
b r o a d c h e k b o n e s, u n k e n c h e k s, n d l s t e s s
t r e d e x p r e s s n n d f e e t t h t m v e d t h r o u h
t h e s t u k y m u d t h a t c v e r e d t h e p l a k s o f t h e
b d g e. S o m e t i m e s t h r o g h t h e n o n t o n u s
w e s o f n n l k a s t c k o f w l t e f o a m o n t h e
w a e s o f t h e E n n s a n o f f i c e r n a c l o a k n d

o n f o o t o o d e r l y o t o w m a n w a s c a r r e d
t h r o g h t h e w a e s o f n f n t r y a d s o e t i m e s
l k a l o f l t u n d o w n t h e r e v e n o f f i c e r s o
c o m p a y b g g a e w a g o p l e d l g h l e t h e
c o e r e d, n d h m m e d n o n a l l s d e s n v e d
a c r o s s t h e b r d g e

I t s a s f a d m h a d b u r s t, s a d t h e C o s s a c k
h p e s s l y A r e t h e r e m a n y m o e o f y o u t o

I f l (h e t t h e e e m y) b e g s p o p
p u n g t h e b r i d g e n w s a d t h o l d s o l d e r
d i s m a l l y t o c o m r d e y u l l f r g t t o s c r a t c h
y u r s e l f

T h a t s o l d e r p s s e d o n a n d f t e r l u m c a m e
n t h e r t t g o n a c a r t.

W h e r t h e d e l l t h e l e g b n d s b e n
s h e d t ? s a d n o r d e r l y r u n g b e h u d
t h e c a r t n d f u m b l g n t h b c k o f t.

A n d h e a l s o p a s s e d o n w t h t h w o n T h e n
c a m s o m m r y s o l d i e r s w h o h d e d e n t l y

s o l d i e r w h o e g r e a t c o a t w s w e l l t u c k e d u p s a d
g a l l y w t h w d w g o f h s a r m.

Y e s, t h a m w j u t d l e u s n
s w e r e d a n o t h e r w t h l u d l g h. A n d t h e y

It's not true!

I've seen him myself!

What? Saw the real Mack? With hands and feet?

Into action! Into action! Bring him a bottle for such news! But how did you come here?

I've been sent back to the regiment all on account of that devil Mack. An Austrian general complained of me. I congratulated him on Mack's arrival. What's the matter, Rostov? You look as if you'd just come out of a hot bath.

Oh, my dear fellow, we're in such a stew here these last two days.

The regimental adjutant came in and confirmed the news brought by Zherkón. They were under orders to advance next day.

We're going into action, gentlemen!

Well, thank God! We've been sitting here too long!

CHAPTER VI

KUTÚZOV FELL BACK toward Vienna, destroying behind him the bridges over the rivers Inn (at Braunau) and Traun (near Linz). On October 23 the Russian troops were crossing the river Enns. At midday the Russian baggage train, the artillery and columns of troops were defiling through the town of Enns on both sides of the bridge.

It was a warm rainy autumnal day. The wide expanse that opened out before the heights on which the Russian batteries stood, guarding the bridge, was at times veiled by a diaphanous

mander in chief was sitting on the trail of a gun carriage. A Cossack who accompanied him had handed him a knapsack and a flask, and Nesvitski was treating some officers to pies and real *doppelkummel*. The officers gladly gathered round him, some on their knees, some squatting Turkish fashion on the wet grass.

Yes, the Austrian prince who built that castle was no fool. It's a fine place! Why are you not eating anything, gentlemen? Nesvitski was saying.

Thank you very much, Prince, answered one of the officers, pleased to be talking to a staff officer of such importance. It's a lovely place! We passed close to the park and saw two deer, and what a splendid house!

Look, Prince, said another who would have dearly liked to take another pie but felt shy and therefore pretended to be examining the countryside—See, our infantrymen have

I should like, added he, munching a pie in his moist-lipped handsome mouth, would be to slip in over there.

He pointed with a smile to a turreted nursery and his eyes narrowed and gleamed.

That would be fine, gentlemen!

be seen with its white, red-roofed houses, its cathedral and its bridge on both sides of which streamed jostling masses of Russian troops. At the bend of the Danube, vessels, an island and a castle with a park surrounded by the waters of the confluence of the Enns and the Danube became visible, and the rocky left bank of the Danube covered with pine forests with a mystic background of green treetops and blue gorges. The turrets of a convent stood out beyond a wild virgin pine forest, and far away on the other side of the Enns the enemy's horse patrols could be discerned.

Among the field guns on the brow of the hill the general in command of the rearguard stood

pointed out something to the general who

crossing. And why are they dawdling there?

On the opposite side the enemy could be seen by the naked eye, and from their battery a milk-white cloud arose. Then came the distant report of a shot, and our troops could be seen hurrying to the crossing.

Nesvitski rose, puffing, and went up to the general smiling.

Would not your excellency like a little refreshment? he said.

It's a bad business, said the general, without answering him, our men have been waiting long.

The solders crowded ga n t one tler
d i n fed f ces a d De iso j ed Nes t
k

"Tl re n w Zik tley ought to p it y u
n l se y ud look fine s d a corp ral
chaffng thi l tle sold er wlo be it u der
tle ght of h sk psack

T ke st ck betwee y u legs that ll su t
you for a h rs l the ht ssar sl outed b ck.

CHAPTER VIII

THE LAST fide i f try hurriedly crossed the
br d e q e gt getler s tley ppr act ed
t as f pass g through f l At last the
b gga ev rons l d ll crossed the crush w s
l ss nd the l t b t l l n came onto the br dge
Only De iso s squ dr n of hussars rema ed
n tl farther s de of the b dge fac g tle en
emv wlo could be s en from the l ll on the

er d l l k De iso Tl y k p uw g
g ul w g me t t d two ll d y lf they
to fight let f h l B t the de l knows
hat t l s

Wh t da dy y u are today! sa d Nes t
k looki at De iso s new t k ds saddle
d th.

De iso m led, took o t of h s sabr tache a
ha dk rch f th t d f used sm ll f p fume
d p t t to N lsk s ose

Of cours l g g to t n! l e
ha d b ushed my t eth d e t d my
self

Th mpo f g e f Nes lsk i f ll ed
by h Cossa k a d tled t rm t on f Den l
so l fl u l d l s w r d a d h t d fran
t lly had d eff t that tley ma g d to
sq eze th gl t tle f the de of the
b dge a d t pp d th fantry Bes d the
b dg Nes lsk f d tle colonel t wh m
hel d t d l th rde d h g d e
th h rod b ck

ther is ggr u d ly half a m leaw y l tle
foot of the l ll lay wastel nd o wh d a few

ffcers d men of D niso s squadron th ough
they t d to talk f other t l ngs d tol k n

h u s q dr draw Th n the l g f
hools as f everal h rses gallop g sou ded
th pl ks f th bridg d th qu d
ffcers fro t d me f ur b e t p ead
cross t b d d bega t m rge n h
de of t.

w the l d cle r d ga s ce oon d tle
u w s desc d g b ghly upo t l D ube
and th d k h l l ound it l t s calm a d
t t r l s th b gle ll nd the d uts of
th n my ld be heard f the h ll The e
e w b tw en the qu dr i d tle
e emy e ept few scattered sk r m l rs An
mpty l of some e en l d ed y ds w s
ll that sep rat d t l m Tl e my e ed fir

f d fter t rms llye u te o e th
tled n ma th ssars wh m d p t
l n gul d
Sm l ds O ly fit f f l sa d o
What good they? Th y led bo t

mud er some foot sold rs.
l d l k t l t y tw d y m rch

O t p b y o d t l t bou d ry l new ch
es m ltes th i d d g tle l g from t l
l d l u e t ty uff g d d e t l d
wh t stler? Wlo sth ?—tler b y d l at
fild t t tce that oof t t p by tle u ? N
k w s b t o e w t t k w l u f
d y e t l g t cr ss that l e dk th t
soo er l ier t m u t b cr ed dy u w l l
h to f d o w l t d e j t y o w l l
t blyh et l m w l t l e tle tler l
f death B t y u e r g l l l y ch f l
d e t d, dare urro ded by ther ch

too passed on so that Nesvitski did not learn
 & ho had been struck on the teeth or what the
 ham had to do with it

Bah! How they scurry He just sends a ball
 and they think they'll all be killed a sergeant
 was saying angrily and reproachfully

As it flies past me Daddy the ball I mean
 said a young soldier with an enormous mouth
 hardly refraining from laughing I felt like
 dying of fright I did upon my word I got that
 frightened! said he as if bragging of having
 been frightened

That one also passed Then followed a cart
 unlike any that had gone before It was a Ger-
 man cart with a pair of horses led by a German
 and seemed loaded with a whole household of
 effects A fine brindled cow with a large udder
 was attached to the cart behind A woman with
 an unweaned baby an old woman and a
 healthy German girl with bright red cheeks
 were sitting on some feather beds Evidently
 these fugitives were allowed to pass by special
 permission The eyes of all the soldiers turned
 toward the women and while the vehicle was
 passing at foot pace all the soldiers' remarks re-
 lated to the two young ones Every face bore
 almost the same smile expressing unseemly
 thoughts about the women

Just see the German sausage is making
 tracks too!

Sell me the missis said another soldier ad-
 dressing the German & ho angry and fright-
 ened strode energetically along with downcast
 eyes

See how smart she's made herself! Oh the
 devils!

There Fedotov you should be quartered
 on them!

I have seen as much before now mate!

Where are you going? asked an infantry
 officer who was eating an apple also half smil-
 ing as he looked at the handsome girl

The German closed his eyes signifying that
 he did not understand

Take it if you like said the officer giving
 the girl an apple

The girl smiled and took it Nesvitski like
 the rest of the men on the bridge did not take
 his eyes off the women till they had passed
 When they had gone by the same stream of
 soldiers followed with the same kind of talk
 and at last all stopped As often happens the
 horses of a convoy wagon became restive at the
 end of the bridge and the whole crowd had to
 wait

And why are they stopping? There's no

proper order! said the soldiers Where are
 you shoving to? Devil take you! Can't you wait?
 It'll be worse if he fires the bridge See here's
 an officer jammed in too—different voices
 were saying in the crowd as the men looked at
 one another and all pressed toward the exit
 from the bridge

Looking down at the waters of the Enns
 under the bridge Nesvitski suddenly heard a
 sound new to him of something swiftly ap-
 proaching something big that splashed in
 to the water

Just see where it carries to! a soldier near
 by said sternly looking round at the sound

Encouraging us to get along quicker said
 another uneasily

The crowd moved on again Nesvitski re-
 alized that it was a cannon ball

Hey Cossack my horse! he said Now
 then you there! get out of the way! Make way!

way for him but again pressed on him so that
 they jammed his leg and those nearest him
 were not to blame for they were themselves
 pressed still harder from behind

Nesvitski Nesvitski! you numskull! came
 a hoarse voice from behind him

Nesvitski looked round and saw some fif-
 teen paces away but separated by the living
 mass of moving infantry Vaska Denisov red
 and shaggy with his cap on the back of his
 black head and a cloak hanging jauntily over
 his shoulder

Tell these devils these fiends to let me
 pass! shouted Denisov evidently in a fit of
 rage his coal black eyes with their bloodshot
 whites glittering and rolling as he waved his
 sheathed saber in a small bare hand as red as
 his face

Ah Vaska! joyfully replied Nesvitski
 What's up with you?

The squad on can't pass shouted Vaska
 Denisov showing his white teeth fiercely and
 spurring his black thoroughbred Arab which
 twitched its ears as the bayonets touched it
 and snorted spurted white foam from his bit

They're like sheep! Just like sheep! Out of the
 way! Let us pass! Stop there you devil
 with the cart! I'll hack you with my saber! he
 shouted actually drawing his saber from its
 scabbard and flourishing it

would magnanimously extend the hand of reconciliation.

The hugh-shouldered figure of Zherko familiar to the Polish troops as he had but recently left their regiment, rode up to the colonel. After his dismissal from headquarters Zherko had not remained in the regiment, saying he was not such a fool as to stand at the front when he could get more rewards by doing nothing on the staff, and had succeeded in attaching himself as an orderly officer to Prince Bgrat. He now came to his former chief with an order from the commander of the rear guard.

"Colonel," he said, addressing Rostov, "seeing with an air of gloomy gravity and glancing round at his comrades, there is an order to stop and fire the bridge."

An order to who? asked the colonel morosely.

I don't myself know to who, replied the cornet in serious tone, but the prince told me to go and tell the colonel that the hussars must return quickly and fire the bridge.

Zherko was filled by an officer of the

u.
b

the sun to the
kó said he frowned.

With the bridge fire, he said in a solemn tone as if to announce that in spite of all the unpleasantness he had to endure he would still do the right thing.

Striking his horse with his long, muscular legs as if it were to blame for everything, the colonel moved forward and ordered the second squadron, that in which Rostov was serving under Denso, to return to the bridge.

"There, it's just as I thought," said Rostov to himself. He wishes to test me! His heart contracted and the blood rushed to his face. Let him see whether I am a coward! he thought.

Again on all the bright faces of the squadron the serious expression appeared that they had worn when under fire. Rostov watched his enemy the colonel closely—to find in his face confirmation of his own conjecture, but the colonel did not once glance at Rostov and looked as he always did when in the front, solemn and stern. Then came the word of command.

"Look sharp! Look sharp! Several voices re-

"How this, Colonel? he shouted sharply, approached. I told you to fire the bridge. And now someone has gone and blundered; they are all beset themselves over there and once cannot make anything of it."

The colonel deliberately stopped the regiment and turned to Nesvitski.

"I spoke to me of flammable material," said he, but you said nothing about fire."

"But, my dear sir," said Nesvitski as he drew up, taking off his cap and smoothing his hair, "with perspiration with his plump hands, wasn't it lying out to fire the bridge when the flammable material had been put in position?"

I am not your dear Mr. Staff Officer and need not be as nervous as you are! I know the service and it is my duty to order strict obedience. I said the bridge would be burned, but who would tell me I could not know about the holocaust?"

Ah, that always the way! said Nesvitski, taking up the hand. How did you get her to say that turn of Zherko?

O, the same business. But you dampen! Let me go on!

"You are saying, Mr. Staff Officer, continued the colonel, if I did it."

Colonel, interrupted the officer of the

not knowing what they were to do. The men were cross themselves. Rostov no longer looked at the colonel but had no time. He was afraid of falling behind the hussars, so much afraid that his heart stood still. He had trembled as he gave his horse its orderly charge, and he felt the blood rush to his heart with a thud. Denso rode past him leaning

Rostov did not think what they call for retreat here meant he ran on only to be ahead of the others but just at the bridge he looked at the ground, he came on some lucky trodden in, tumbled, and fell on his hands. The others outstripped him.

At those sides, Captain he heard the voice of the colonel who had given the order, had pulled up his horse near the bridge with a triumphant, cheerful face.

Rostov's muddy hands in his breeches looked at his enemy and was about to

excitedly animated and healthy men. So thinks or at any rate feels anyone who comes in sight of the enemy and that feeling gives a particular glamour and glad keenness of impression to everything that takes place at such moments.

On the high ground where the enemy was the smoke of a cannon rose and a ball flew whistling over the heads of the hussar squadron. The officers who had been standing together rode off to their places. The hussars began carefully aligning their horses. Silence fell on the whole squadron. All were looking at the enemy in front and at the squadron commander awaiting the word of command. A second and a third cannon ball flew past. Evidently they were firing at the hussars, but the balls with rapid rhythmic whistle flew over the heads of the horsemen and fell somewhere beyond them. The hussars did not look round but at the sound of each shot as at the word of command the whole squadron with its rows of faces so alike yet so different holding its breath while the ball flew past rose in the stirrups and sank back again. The soldiers without turning their heads glanced at one another curious to see their comrades' impression. Every face from Denisov's to that of the bugler showed one common expression of conflict, irritation and excitement around chin and mouth. The quartermaster frowned looking at the soldiers as if threatening to punish them. Cadet Mironov ducked every time a ball flew past. Rostov on the left flank mounted on his Rook—a handsome horse despite its game leg—had the happy air of a schoolboy called up before a large audience for an examination in which he feels sure he will distinguish himself. He was glancing at everyone with a clear bright expression as if asking them to notice how calmly he sat under fire. But despite himself on his face too that same indication of something new and stern showed round the mouth.

Who's that curtsying there? Cadet Mironov! That's not right! Look at me, cried Denisov who unable to keep still on one spot kept turning his horse in front of the squadron.

The black hairy snub-nosed face of Vaska Denisov and his whole short sturdy figure with the sinewy hairy hand and stumpy finger in which he held the hilt of his naked saber looked just as it usually did especially toward evening when he had emptied his second bottle he was only redder than usual. With his shaggy head thrown back like birds when they

drink pressing his spurs mercilessly into the sides of his good horse Bedouin and sitting as though falling backwards in the saddle he galloped to the other flank of the squadron and shouted in a hoarse voice to the men to look to their pistols. He rode up to Kirsten. The staff captain on his broad backed steady mare came at a walk to meet him. His face with its long mustache was serious as always only his eyes were brighter than usual.

Well what about it? said he to Denisov. It won't come to a fight. You'll see—we shall retire.

The devil only knows what they're about! muttered Denisov. Ah Wostov he cried noticing the cadet's bright face you've got it at last.

And he smiled approvingly evidently pleased with the cadet. Rostov felt perfectly happy. Just then the commander appeared on the bridge. Denisov galloped up to him.

Your excellency! Let us attack them! I'll drive them off.

Attack indeed! said the colonel in a bored voice puckering up his face as if driving off a troublesome fly. And why are you stopping here? Don't you see the skirmishers are retreating? Lead the squadron back.

The squadron crossed the bridge and drew out of range of fire without having lost a single man. The second squadron that had been in the front line followed them across and the last Cossacks quitted the farther side of the river.

The two Pavlograd squadrons having crossed the bridge retired up the hill one after the other. Their colonel Karl Bodanich Schubert came up to Denisov's squadron and rode at a footpace not far from Rostov without taking any notice of him although they were now meeting for the first time since their encounter concerning Telyanin. Rostov feeling that he was at the front and in the power of a man toward whom he now admitted that he had been to blame did not lift his eyes from the colonel's

and that his whole aim now was to test the cadet's courage so he drew himself up and looked around him merrily then it seemed to him that Bogdanich rode so near in order to show him his courage. Next he thought that his enemy would send the squadron on a desperate attack just to punish him—Rostov. Then he imagined how after the attack Bogdanich would come up to him as he lay wounded and

would magnanimously extend the hand of reconciliation.

The high-shouldered figure of Zherko familiar to the Pa-lograds as he had but recently left their regiment, rode up to the colonel. After a casual front headquarters Zherkov had not remained in the remotest service, he was not such a fool as to leave the front when he could get more rewards by doing nothing on the rear and had succeeded in attaching himself as an order's officer to Prince Bagration. He now came to his former chief with an order from the commander of the rearguard.

"Colonel," he said, addressing Rostov with an air of gloomy gravity and glancing round at his comrades, "there is an order to stop and fire the bridge."

"An order to who?" asked the colonel motionlessly.

"I don't mind know to who," replied the corner in serious tone, "but the prince told me to go and tell the colonel that the hussars must return quickly and fire the bridge."

Zherkov was followed by an officer of the rear who rode up to the colonel of hussars with the same order. After him the stout Verbitski came galloping up on a Cossack horse that could scarcely carry his weight.

"How was, Colonel?" he shouted as he approached. "I told you to fire the bridge, and now someone has gone and blundered, they are all beaten, themselves or were and one can't make anything out."

The colonel deliberately stopped the regiment and turned to Verbitski.

"You spoke to me of inflammation material," he said, "but or said something about firing it."

"But my dear sir," said Verbitski, "I drew up taking on us and smothering his hair with a perspiration with his pump hand, was I telling you to fire the bridge, when inflammation material had been put in position?"

"I am not your dear sir," said Staff Officer, "and you did not tell me to burn the bridge. I know the service, and it is my habit, orders strict, over you said the bridge would be burned, but who would it burn. I could not know by the box part!"

"It was a war like was," said Verbitski, "of the war. How did you get here?" said he turning to Zherkov.

"On the wide business. But on a camp let me wing out!"

"You were in my Mr. Staff Officer," continued the colonel in an excited tone.

"Colonel," interrupted the officer of the

suite, "you must be quick or the enemy will bring up his guns to use grapeshot."

The colonel looked silent at the officer of the suite, at the stout staff officer and at Zherkov and he frowned.

"I will the bridge fire," he said in a solemn tone as if to announce that in spite of all the unpleasantness he had to endure he would still

the colonel moved forward and ordered the second squadron, that in which Rostov was serving under Denisov, to return to the bridge.

"There, it just as I thought," said Rostov to himself. He wishes to test me! His heart contracted and the blood rushed to his face. "Let them see whether I am a coward!" he thought.

Amid all the bright faces of the squadron the serious expression appeared that they had worn when under fire. Rostov watched his enemy the colonel, close to find in his face confirmation of his own conjecture, but the colonel did not once glance at Rostov and looked as he always did when in the front, solemn and stern. Then came the word of command.

"Look sharp! Look sharp!" several voices repeated around him.

Their sabers clashing in the bristles and their spurs jangling, the hussars hastily dismounted, not knowing what they were to do. The men were crossing themselves. Rostov no longer looked at the colonel, he had no time. He was afraid of falling behind the hussars, so much afraid that his heart stood still. His hand trembled as he raised his horse into an order's charge, and he felt the blood rush to his heart with loud Denisov rode past him, leaning back and shouting something. Rostov saw nothing but the hussars running all around him, their spurs catching and their sabers clattering.

"Stretchers!" shouted someone behind him. Rostov did not think what this call for stretchers meant; he ran on, trying only to be ahead of the others; but just at the bridge, not looking at the ground, he came on some sticky trodden mud, stumbled, and fell on his hands. The others outstripped him.

A boss index, Captain, he heard the voice of the colonel, who, having ridden ahead, had pulled up his horse near the bridge, with triumphant, careful face.

Rostov wiped his muddy hands on his breeches, looked at his enemy and was about to

run on thinking that the farther he went to the front the better. But Bogdánich without looking at or recognizing Rostov shouted to him:

Who's that running on the middle of the bridge? To the right! Come back, Cadet! he cried angrily and turning to Denisov who showing off his courage had ridden on to the planks of the bridge.

Why run risks, Captain? You should dismount, he said.

Oh, every bullet has its billet, answered Vaska Denisov, turning in his saddle.

Meanwhile Nesvitski, Zherkov and the officer of the suite were standing together out of range of the shots, watching now the small group of men with yellow shakos, dark green jackets braided with cord and blue riding breeches who were swarming near the bridge and then at what was approaching in the distance from the opposite side—the blue uniforms and groups with horses easily recognizable as artillery.

Will they burn the bridge or not? Who'll get there first? Will they get there and fire the bridge or will the French get within grapeshot range and wipe them out? These were the questions each man of the troops on the high ground above the bridge involuntarily asked himself with a sinking heart—watching the

Nesvitski, they are within grapeshot range now.

He shouldn't have taken so many men said the officer of the suite.

True enough, answered Nesvitski, two smart fellows could have done the job just as well.

Ah, your excellency put in Zherkov, his eyes fixed on the hussars but still with that naive air that made it impossible to know whether he was speaking in jest or in earnest. Ah, your excellency! How you look at things! Send them to men? And who then would give us the Vladimir medal and ribbon? But now even if they do get peppered the squadron may be recommended for honors and he may get a ribbon. Our Bogdánich knows how things are done.

There now! said the officer of the suite, that's grapeshot.

He pointed to the French guns, the limbers of which were being detached and hurriedly removed.

the moment when the first report was heard a fourth was seen. Then two reports one after another and a third.

Oh! Oh! groaned Nesvitski as if in fierce pain, seizing the officer of the suite by the arm. Look! A man has fallen! Fallen, fallen!

Two! I think.

If I were Tsar I would never go to war, said Nesvitski, turning away.

The French guns were hastily reloaded. The infantry in their blue uniforms advanced toward the bridge at a run. Smoke appeared again but at irregular intervals and grapeshot cracked and rattled onto the bridge. But this time Nesvitski could not see what was happening there as a dense cloud of smoke arose from it. The hussars had succeeded in setting it on fire and the French batteries were now firing at them no longer to hinder them but because the guns were trained and there was someone to fire at.

The French had time to fire three rounds of grapeshot before the hussars got back to their horses. Two were misdirected and the shot went too high but the last round fell in the midst of a group of hussars and knocked three of them over.

Rostov absorbed by his relations with Bogdánich had paused on the bridge not knowing what to do. There was no one to help him (as

as if nuts were being spilt and the hussar nearest to him fell against the rails with a groan. Rostov ran up to him with the others. Again someone shouted, Stretcher! Four men seized the hussar and began lifting him.

Oooh! For Christ's sake let me alone! cried the wounded man but still he was lifted and laid on the stretcher.

Nicholas Rostov turned away and as if searching for something gazed into the distance at the waters of the Dnube at the sky and at the sun. How beautiful the sky looked, how blue, how calm and how deep! How bright and glorious was the setting sun! With what soft glitter the waters of the distant Danube shone. And farther still were the faraway blue mountains beyond the river, the nunnery, the mysterious gorges and the pine forests.

CHAPTER IX

ried in mist to their summits. There was peace and happiness. "I should wish for nothing else, nothing, if only I were there," thought Rostov. In himself alone and in that solitude there is so much happiness; but here—trains, suffering, fear and this uncertainty and hurry. There—they are shouting again, and again are all running back somewhere, and I shall run with them, and to death, is here about me and around. Another instant and I shall never again see the sun, this water that glows.

At that instant the sun began to hide behind the clouds, and other stretchers came into view before Rostov. And the fear of death and of the stretchers, and loss of the sun and of life, all merged into one feeling, of sickening agitation.

O Lord God! Thou who art in that heaven, save, forgive, and protect us!" Rostov whispered.

The hussars ran back to the men who held their horses; their voices sounded louder and clearer, the stretchers disappeared from sight.

"Well, friend. So you're smart powder!" shouted Vaska Denisov just behind his ear.

"It's all very well, but I am a coward—yes, coward," thought Rostov, and smiling deeply he took Rock, his horse, which stood resting one foot from the orderly and began to mount.

"Was that grape-shot?" he asked Denisov.

"Yes and no mistake," cried Denisov. "You looked like wet-war bricks and it was work! In Jack's pistol work! Hacking was it, the work. But this sort of thing is the very devil, with them wooden—like you like timber."

And Denisov rode up to a group that had stopped near Rostov, composed of the colonel, No. 100, Zherkov, and the officer from the 100th.

"Well, it seems that no one has noticed," thought Rostov. And this was true. No one had taken any notice, for everyone knew the sensation which the cadet under fire for the first time had experienced.

"Here something, for you to report," said Zherkov. "See if I don't get promoted to sub-lieutenant."

"Inform the prince that I the bridge fired!" said the colonel triumphantly and gaily.

And if he asks about the losses?"

A time, said the colonel in his bass voice: two hussars wounded, and one knocked out, beamed upward to restrain his happy smile, and pronounced the phrase "knocked out" in a singing monotone.

Pressed by the French army of a hundred thousand men under the command of Bonaparte, encountering a population that was unfriendly to it, losing confidence in its allies, suffering from shortness of supplies, and compelled to act under conditions of war unlike any thing that had been foreseen, the Russian army of thirty-five thousand men commanded by Kutuzov was hurriedly retreating, along the Danube, stopping where overtaken by the enemy and fighting rear-guard actions only as far as necessary to enable it to retreat without losing its heavy equipment. There had been actions at Lambach, Amstetten, and Melk, but despite the courage and endurance—acknowledged even by the enemy—with which the Russians fought, the only consequence of these actions was a yet more rapid retreat. Austrian troops that had escaped capture at Ulm and had joined Kutuzov at Braunau now separated from the Russian army, and Kutuzov was left with only his own weak and exhausted forces. The defense of Vienna was no longer to be thought of. Instead of an offensive, the plan of which, carefully prepared in accord with the modern science of strategy, had been handed to Kutuzov when he was in Vienna by the Austrian Hofkriegsrath, the sole and almost unattainable aim remaining for him was to effect a junction with the forces that were advancing from Russia, without losing his army as Melk had done at Ulm.

On the twentieth of October Kutuzov with his army crossed to the left bank of the Danube and took up position for the first time with the river between himself and the main body of the French. On the twentieth he attacked Mortier's division, which was on the left bank, and broke it up. In this action for the first time trophies were taken, banners, cannon, and two enemy generals. For the first time, after a fortnight's retreat, the Russian troops had halted and after a fight had not only held the field but had repulsed the French. Though the troops were indeed exhausted, and had lost a third of their number in killed, wounded, sick, and stragglers, though a number of sick and wounded had been abandoned on the other side of the Danube with a letter in which Kutuzov entrusted them to the humanity of the enemy, and though the big hospitals and the houses in Krems converted into military hospitals could no longer accommodate all the sick and wounded, yet the stand made at Krems and the victory over Mortier

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He shouldn't have taken so many men, said the officer of the suite.

True enough, answered Nesvitski, two smart fellows could have done the job just as well.

Ah, your excellency put in Zherkóv, his eyes fixed on the hussars but still with that naive air that made it impossible to know whether he was speaking in jest or in earnest. Ah, your excellency! How you look at things! Send a couple of men? And who then would give us the Vladimir medal and ribbon? But now even if they do get peppered, the squadron may be recommended for honors and he may get a ribbon. Our Bogdánich knows how things are done.

There now! said the officer of the suite, that's grapeshot.

He pointed to the French guns, the numbers of which were being detached and hurriedly removed.

On the French side amid the groups with cannon a cloud of smoke appeared, then a second and a third almost simultaneously, and at the moment when the first report was heard a fourth was seen. Then two reports one after another and a third.

Oh! Oh! groaned Nesvitski as if in fierce pain, seizing the officer of the suite by the arm. Look! A man has fallen! Fallen! fallen!

Two, I think.

If I were Tsar I would never go to war, said Nesvitski, turning away.

The French guns were hastily reloaded. The infantry in their blue uniforms advanced toward the bridge at a run. Smoke appeared again but at irregular intervals and grapeshot cracked and rattled onto the bridge. But this time Nesvitski could not see what was happening there as a dense cloud of smoke rose from it. The hussars had succeeded in setting it on fire and the French batteries were now firing at them no longer to hinder them but because the guns were trained and there was someone to fire at.

The French had time to fire three rounds of grapeshot before the hussars got back to their horses. Two were misdirected and the shot went too high but the last round fell in the midst of a group of hussars and knocked three of them over.

Rostóv absorbed by his relations with Bogdánich had paused on the bridge not knowing what to do. There was no one to help him (as he had always imagined battles to himself) nor could he help to fire the bridge because he had not brought any burning straw with him like the other soldiers. He stood looking about him when suddenly he heard a rattle on the bridge as if nuts were being spilt and the hussar nearest to him fell against the rails with a groan. Rostóv ran up to him with the others. Again someone shouted: Stretches! Four men seized the hussar and began lifting him.

Oooh! For Christ's sake let me alone! cried the wounded man but still he was lifted and laid on the stretcher.

Nicholas Rostov turned away and as if searching for something.

And farther still were the faraway blue mountains beyond the river, the monastery, the mysterious gorges and the pine forests.

appeared to wish to ward off any attempt at familiarity with part of the Russian messengers.

After the first moment, however, he found himself out of his usual feeling of self-seclusion, mediately turned into one of disdain which was quite unusual for him. His first feeling in regard to him was that of a fellow which

they proposed. His eyes narrowed disdainfully he entered the room with the Minister of War with a peculiarly deliberate step. This feeling of disdain was heightened when he saw the minister seated at large table ends some papers and making peculiar notes on them. For the first time he felt that he was in the midst of his affairs. As a candle stood at each of the minister's table he dwelt on his gray temples. He was not exactly good-looking, with his raised eyes the peculiar feeling of doom and the sound of footstep.

"Take this," he said to his daughter, taking him the papers and still taking no notice of the peculiar messengers.

Prince Andrew felt that either the chief of his army or the Minister of War less than any other minister he was concerned with. He wanted to get the Russian peculiar messengers together. But that was a matter of perfect indifference to me, he thought. The minister drew the remaining papers together arranged them only and then raised his head. He had an intellectual

on the table and looked at Prince Andrew decidedly considering something on his way say the affair was

you tomorrow after the parade. However, I will let you know.

The stupid smile, which had left his face while he was speaking reappeared.

Alexander. Thank you very much. His Majesty will probably desire to see you, he added, bowing his head.

When Prince Andrew left the palace he felt that all the interest and happiness the story had afforded him had been now left in the hands of the Minister of War and the polite adjutant. The whole of his illustrious instantaneously changed the battle scene of the memory of a moment of the past.

CHAPTER V

PRINCE ANDREW stayed at Brunnwald. The Russian equitation club in the diplomatic service.

Ah, my dear prince, I could not have welcomed you so, said Blon. He came out to meet Prince Andrew. Franz, put the papers in my bedroom, said to the servant.

He settled down comfortably behind the fire.

After his journey, the campaign during which he had been deprived of all the comforts of cleanliness and the refinement of life, Prince Andrew felt pleasant to pose himself in the accustomed surroundings. He had been accustomed to from childhood. Besides, it was pleasant, for he had accepted by the army to speak in front of the Russian (if they

particularly to go

Blon was a man of thirty-five, blond, with the same old Prince and Count Tolstoy had known him under the pseudonym of the erstwhile but he had become more intimate with Prince Andrew. And now, when the Kut

liberal had had a talk with him. His face took on the peculiar artificial smile (which does not tempt him to artificiality) of a man who is completely recognized by the public. It is another

From General Field Marshal Kuropatkin he asked, I hope it is good news? There he is an encounter with the Minister? A story? It was high time!

He took the dispatch which was addressed to him and began to read it with a mournful expression.

Oh, my God! My God! Schmitt! he exclaimed. German. What calamity! What calamity!

He gazed through his dispatches and

raised the spirits of the army considerably. Throughout the whole army and at headquarters most joyful though erroneous rumors were of the rise of the imaginary approach of columns from Russia of some victory gained by the Austrians and of the retreat of the frightened Bonaparte.

Prince Andrew during the battle had been in attendance on the Austrian General Schmidt who was killed in the action. His horse had been wounded under him and his own arm slightly grazed by a bullet. As a mark of the commander in chief's special favor he was sent with the news of this victory to the Austrian court now no longer at Vienna (which was threatened by the French) but at Brunn. Despite his apparently delicate build Prince Andrew could endure physical fatigue far better than many very muscular men and on the night of the battle having arrived at Krems excited but not weary with dispatches from Dokhturov to Kutuzov he was sent immediately with a special dispatch to Brunn. To be so sent meant not only a reward but an important step toward promotion.

The night was dark but starry the road showed black in the snow that had fallen the previous day—the day of the battle. Reviewing his impressions of the recent battle picturing pleasantly to himself the impression his news of a victory would create or recalling the send-off given him by the commander in chief and his fellow officers Prince Andrew was galloping along in a post chaise enjoying the feelings of a man who has at length begun to attain a long desired happiness. As soon as he closed his eyes his ears seemed filled with the rattle of the wheels and the sensation of victory. Then he began to imagine that the Russians were running away and that he himself was killed but he quickly roused himself with a feeling of joy as if learning afresh that this was not so but that on the contrary the French had run away. He again recalled all the details of the battle.

ing the off a brig in the sunshine the horses galloped quickly and on both sides of the road were forests of different kinds fields and villages.

At one of the post stations he overtook a convoy of Russian wounded. The Russian officer in charge of the transport lolled back in the front cart shouting and scolding a soldier with coarse abuse. In each of the long German

carts six or more pale dirty bandaged men were being jolted over the stony road. Some of them were talking (he heard Russian words), others were eating bread the more severely wounded looked silently with the languid interest of sick children at the envoy hurrying past them.

ube answered the soldier. Prince Andrew took out his purse and gave the soldier three gold pieces.

That's for them all he said to the officer who came up.

Get well soon lads! he continued, turning to the soldiers. There's plenty to do still.

What news sir? asked the officer evidently anxious to start a conversation.

Good news! Go on! he shouted to the driver and they galloped on.

It was already quite dark when Prince Andrew rattled over the paved streets of Brunn and found himself surrounded by high buildings the lights of shops houses and street lamps fine carriages and all that atmosphere of a large and active town which is always so attractive to a soldier after camp life. Despite his rapid journey and sleepless night Prince Andrew when he drove up to the palace felt even more vigorous and alert than he had done the day before. Only his eyes gleamed feverish and his thoughts followed one another with

casual questions that might be put to him and the answers he would give. He expected to be at once presented to the Emperor. At the chief entrance to the palace however an official came running out to meet him and learning that he was a special messenger led him to another entrance.

To the right from the corridor Euer Hoch geboren. There you will find the adjutant on duty said the official. He will conduct you to the Minister of War.

The adjutant on duty meeting Prince Andrew in the

Prince Andrew before him along a corridor the cabinet where the Minister of War was at work. The adjutant by his elaborate courtesy

BOOK TWO

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CHAPTER X

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raised the spirits of the army considerably. Throughout the whole army and at headquarters most joyful though erroneous rumors were rife of the imaginary approach of columns from Russia of some victory gained by the Austrians and of the retreat of the frightened Bonaparte.

Prince Andrew during the battle had been in attendance on the Austrian General Schmidt who was killed in the action. His horse had been wounded under him and his own arm slightly grazed by a bullet. As a mark of the commander in chief's special favor he was sent with the news of this victory to the Austrian court now no longer at Vienna (which was threatened by the French) but at Brunn. Despite his apparently delicate build Prince Andrew could endure physical fatigue far better than many very muscular men and on the night of the battle having arrived at Krems excited but not weary with dispatches from Dokhturov to Kutuzov he was sent immediately with a special dispatch to Brunn. To be so sent meant not only a reward but an important step toward promotion.

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At one of the post stations he overtook a convoy of Russian wounded. The Russian officer in charge of the transport lolled back in the front cart shouting and scolding a soldier with coarse abuse. In each of the long German

others were eating bread the more severely wounded looked silently with the languid interest of sick children at the envoy hurrying past them.

Prince Andrew told his driver to stop and asked a soldier in what action they had been wounded. Day before yesterday on the Danube answered the soldier. Prince Andrew took out his purse and gave the soldier three gold pieces.

That's for them all he said to the officer who came up.

Get well soon lad! he continued turning to the soldiers. There's plenty to do still.

What news sir? asked the officer evidently anxious to start a conversation.

Good news! Go on! he shouted to the driver and they galloped on.

It was already quite dark when Prince Andrew rattled over the paved streets of Brunn and found himself surrounded by high buildings the lights of shops houses and street lamps fine carriages and all that atmosphere of a large and active town which is always so attractive to a soldier after camp life. Despite his rapid journey and sleepless night Prince Andrew when he drove up to the palace felt

vividly recalled the details of the battle, no longer dim but definite and in the concise form in which he imagined himself stating them to the Emperor Francis. He vividly imagined the casual questions that might be put to him and the answers he would give. He expected to be at once presented to the Emperor. At the chief entrance to the palace however an official came running out to meet him and learning that he was a special messenger led him to another entrance.

To the right from the corridor *Euer Hoch geboren!* There you will find the adjutant on duty said the official. He will conduct you to the Minister of War.

The adjutant on duty meeting Prince Andrew asked him to wait and went in to the Minister of War. Five minutes later he returned and bowing with particular courtesy ushered Prince Andrew before him along a corridor to the cabinet where the Minister of War was at work. The adjutant by his elaborate courtesy

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appeared to ward off y attempt t familiarity n the part of th Russia messen ger

Prince Andrew's joyous feeling was considerably weakened as he approached the door of the minister's room. He felt the dead, death-like touch of his nose against the feeling of offense immediately turned into one of disdain which as quite uncalled for. His fertile mind instantly suggested him possibilities which gave him right to despise the djuta and the minister. Away from the smell of powder they probably thought it easy to gain a rest! He thought so. His eyes narrowed disdainfully he entered the room of the Minister of War with peculiar deliberation. This feeling of disdain was heightened when he saw the minister seated at a large table reading some papers and making notes in the margin, and for the first time he felt a little bit of uneasiness. He thought to himself, with utter raising his eyes to the peak of the door and the

on the table and looked at Prince Andrew evidently considering something.

Ah, what a calamity! I say the if it was decided? But Mr. it is not captured. Agg he pondered. I am crying death is my good news, though Schmitz death is my price to pay for the story. He just will not doubt wish to see you, but not today. I shall go. I must have a rest. Be it the leave tomorrow after the parade. He we cry I will let you know.

The stupid smile, which had lit his face while he was peeping, reappeared.

Au revoir. Thank you very much. He went easily will probably desire to see you, he added, bowing his head.

When Prince Andrew left the palace he felt that all the interest and happiness that he had afforded him had been now left in the different hands of the Minister of War and the political djuta. The whole life seemed to be lost simultaneously, faded the bright scene of the memory of a remote event to past.

CHAPTER V

PRINCE ANDREW stayed at Brussels with Bill Russian equitant of his in the diplomatic service.

Ah my dear prince I could not have more welcome. I read Bill's letter came to meet Prince Andrew. Franz put the papers in his bedroom. I said to the servant who was ushering Bolshakov. So the message for the story? Splendid! I will meet you here as usual.

After washing and dressing Prince Andrew came to the delightful luxurious study and sat down to the dinner prepared for him. He settled down comfortably beside the fire.

After his journey during the campaign which he had been deprived of all the comforts of cleanliness and all the refinements of life Prince Andrew felt pleasantly surprised to find himself surrounded by such a pleasant scene. It was pleasant, after his reception by the Austrians, to peak in the Russian (for they were peaking French) at least with a Russian who would, he supposed, share the general Russian opinion that the Austrians which was then particularly strong.

Bill was man of thirty-five, bald and of the same circle as Prince Andrew. They had known each other personally in Berlin, but he had become more intimate when Prince Andrew was in Vienna. He had

less than any of the other matters he was concerned with. He wanted to get the Russian special messenger that impressed him. That is a matter of perfect difference to me, he thought. The minister drew the remaining papers together arranged them evenly and then raised his head. He had no intellectual difficulties, but the instant he turned

attempt to understand the matter. He usually received the messages of the ministers in his office.

as

at the time

He took the dispatch which was addressed to him and began to read it with a mournful expression.

Oh, my God! My God! Schmitz! He exclaimed in German. What calamity! What calamity!

He glanced through the dispatch he had

Just as Prince Andrew was a young man who gave promise of rising high in the military profession so to an even greater extent Bilibin gave promise of rising in his diplomatic career. He was still a young man but no longer a young diplomat as he had entered the service at the age of sixteen had been in Paris and Copenhagen and now held a rather important post in Vienna. Both the foreign minister and our ambassador in Vienna knew him and valued him. He was not one of those many diplomats who are esteemed because they have certain negative qualities avoid doing certain things and speak French. He was one of those who liking work knew how to do it and despite his indolence would sometimes spend a whole night at his writing table. He worked equally well whatever the import of his work. It was not the question What for? but the question

How? that interested him. What the diplomatic matter might be he did not care but it gave him great pleasure to prepare a circular memorandum or report skillfully pointedly and elegantly. Bilibin's services were valued not only for what he wrote but also for his skill in dealing and conversing with those in the highest spheres.

Bilibin liked conversation as he liked work only when it could be made elegantly witty. In society he always awaited an opportunity to say something striking and took part in a conversation only when that was possible. His conversation was always sprinkled with wittily original finished phrases of general interest. These sayings were prepared in the inner laboratory of his mind in a portable form as if intentionally so that insignificant society people might carry them from drawing room to drawing room. And in fact Bilibin's witticisms were hawked about in the Viennese drawing rooms and often had an influence on matters considered important.

His thin worn sallow face was covered with

face. Now his forehead would pucker into deep folds and his eyebrows were lifted then his eyebrows would descend and deep wrinkles would crease his cheeks. His small deep-set eyes always twinkled and looked out straight.

Well now tell me about your exploits said he.

Bolkonski very modestly without once mentioning himself described the engagement and

his reception by the Minister of War.

They received me and my news as one receives a dog in a game of skittles said he in conclusion.

Bilibin smiled and the wrinkles on his face disappeared.

Cependant mon cher he remarked examining his nails from a distance and puckering the skin above his left eye *malgré la haute estime que je professe pour the Orthodox Russian army j'avoue que votre victoire n'est pas des plus victorieuses*.

He went on talking in this way in French, uttering only those words in Russian on which he wished to put a contemptuous emphasis.

Come now! You with all your forces fall on the unfortunate Mortier and his one division and even then Mortier slips through your fingers! Where's the victory?

But seriously said Prince Andrew we can at any rate say without boasting that it was a little better than at Ulm.

Why didn't you capture one just one marshal for us?

Because not everything happens as one expects or with the smoothness of a parade. We had expected as I told you to get at their rear by seven in the morning but had not reached it by five in the afternoon.

And why didn't you do it at seven in the

in the morning.

Why did you not succeed in impressing on Bonaparte by diplomatic methods that he had better leave Genoa alone? retorted Prince Andrew in the same tone.

I know interrupted Bilibin you're thinking it's very easy to take marshals sitting on a sofa by the fire! That is true but still why didn't you capture him? So don't be surprised if not only the Minister of War but also his Most August Majesty the Emperor and King Francis is not much delighted by your victory. Even I a poor secretary of the Russian Embassy do not feel any need or token of my joy to give my Franz a thaler or let him go with his *Liebeln* to the Prater. True we have no Prater here.

He looked straight at Prince Andrew and suddenly unwrinkled his forehead.

It is now my turn to ask you why? more. But your fellow Russian respect for the to say so particularly cautious.

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His thin worn sallow face was covered with deep wrinkles which always looked as clean and well washed as the tips of one's fingers after a Russian bath. The movement of these wrinkles formed the principal play of expression on his face. Now his forehead would pucker into deep folds and his eyebrows were lifted, then his eyebrows would descend and deep wrinkles would crease his cheeks. His small deep-set eyes always twinkled and looked out straight.

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And why didn't you do it at seven in the

in the morning?

Why did you not succeed in impressing on Bonaparte by diplomatic methods that he had better leave Genoa alone? retorted Prince Andrew in the same tone.

I know, interrupted Bilibin, you're thinking it's very easy to take marshals sitting on a sofa by the fire! That is true, but still why didn't you capture him? So don't be surprised if not only the Minister of War but also His Most August Majesty the Emperor and King Francis is not much delighted by your victory. Even I, a poor secretary of the Russian Embassy, do not feel any need in token of my joy to give my Franz a thaler or let him go with his *Liebchen* to the Prater. True, we have no Prater here.

He looked straight at Prince Andrew and suddenly unwrinkled his forehead.

It is now my turn to ask you why? *mon*

But my dear friend, all my respect for the Emperor and the Russian Emperor, said that your victory is not particularly glorious.

France and projects for peace a secret peace concluded separately

Impossible! cried Prince Andrew. That would be too base.

If we live we shall see, replied Bilbin, his face again becoming smooth as a sign that the conversation was at an end.

When Prince Andrew reached the room prepared for him and lay down in a clean shirt on the feather bed with its warmed and fragrant pillows, he felt that the battle of which he had brought tidings was far, far away from him. The alliance with Prussia, Austria's treachery, Bonaparte's new triumph, tomorrow's levee and parade, and the audience with the Emperor

now again drawn out in a thin line, the musketeers were descending the hill, the French

He woke up

Yes, that all happened! he said, and smiling happily to himself like a child, he fell into a deep, youthful slumber.

CHAPTER VI

NEXT DAY he woke late. Recalling his recent impressions, the first thought that came into his mind was that today he had to be presented to the Emperor Francis; he remembered the Minister of War, the polite Austrian adjutant Bilbin, and last night's conversation. Having dressed for his attendance at court in full parade uniform, which he had not worn for a long time, he went into Bilbin's study, fresh, animated, and handsome, with his hand bandaged. In the study were four gentlemen of the diplomatic corps. With Prince Hippolyte Kuragin, who was a secretary to the embassy, Bolkonski was already acquainted. Bilbin introduced him to the others.

The gentlemen assembled at Bilbin's were young, wealthy, gay society men, who here, as in Vienna, formed a special set which Bilbin, their leader, called *les notres*. This set consisted almost exclusively of diplomats, evidently had its own interests, which had nothing to do with war or politics, but related to high society, to certain women, and to the officials of the

service. These gentlemen received Prince Andrew as one of themselves, an honor they did not extend to many. From politeness and to start conversation, they asked him a few questions about the army and the battle, and then

Chancellor told him flatly that his appointment to London was a promotion and that he was so to regard it. Can you fancy the figure he cut?

But the worst of it, gentlemen—I am giving Kuragin away to you—is that that man suffers, and this Don Juan, wicked fellow, is taking advantage of it!

Prince Hippolyte was lounging in a lounge chair with his legs over its arm. He began to laugh.

Tell me about that! he said.

Oh, you Don Juan! You serpent! cried several voices.

You Bolkonski don't know, said Bilbin, turning to Prince Andrew, that all the atrocities of the French army (I nearly said of the Russian army) are nothing compared to what this man has been doing among the women!

Bilbin and the rest of ours burst out laughing in Hippolyte's face, and Prince Andrew saw that Hippolyte, of whom—he had to admit—he had almost been jealous on his wife's account, was the butt of this set.

ity!

He sat down beside Hippolyte and wrinkling his forehead began talking to him about politics. Prince Andrew and the others gathered round these two.

The Berlin cabinet cannot express a feeling of alliance, began Hippolyte, gazing round with importance at the others, without expressing, as in its last note, you understand, *Bes des*, unless His Majesty the Emperor derogates from the principle of our alliance.

Wait, I have not finished, he said to

ly one cannot impute the nonreceipt of our dis-
Wom n s m a n s c m p n i n

patch f No emb r is That s how i will
A d d he rele ed B l kó kis arm to in

bble
i B l
ed

th sat fact n-

F r body l ghed nd H ppolyte l der

e f atures

"Well w ge tleme s d B l b n B l
kó kis my guest n th s ho nd n Bru n
ts If I wa t t t t n h m a f s l c n
th l th pleasu es of l se here If we we c n
v t w uld be asy but her n th s
ched M ra n h le t s m re d f ficult
d I be you l t help me Brunn t t r a c
n must be hown hum. Y u c a u d e r t k e

y ho p t i ty ge tlem t s i r dy t e
f m t go pl ed Pr nce Andrew look ng
th s watch.

"Whe t ?

"T th Emper r

Oh! Oh! Oh!

"Well ev Bolkó k l Au ev o
Pr l Com b k arly to d n r cr d ev
eral es. W l t k y u n h d

k mil g

W l talk much as y u can y way He
has pass f g de es but h d es
t k talk gh m ell d c a t d t asy u
w l ee

CHAPTER XII

Ar n l e P And w tood m g the
Austr f b e r s l h d b t l d t d th
Emp Fra m ly look d f edly nt l u s
f d j t odd d t h m w th h l g head
B t fter tw th d j tan th h d n
thep us day m usly f r med Bol
kó k i th t th Emp des ed t g i h m

an a d e n e Tle Emperor Fran s rec ed
hm ta d g i i the m d dle f t e room B
f re the con ers t n be n n P nce Andrew
w t r u k by t h e f c t t a t t l e Empe o seemed
co fu ed and blus ed s f n t know i g l a t
to say

"Tell me hen d d the battle beg ' l e
a ked hurr edly

P e Andrew repl ed Tle f l l wed ot l

t rest h m

At what o clock d d the b ttle be n a ked
the Emper r

I ca n t f r m Your Majesty t w l t
o cl k the battle began at the f t b t t
D r n t e n l e r e l w s o u a t t k began f i
er f i e t the after oon repl ed Bolkón k i
gr w g m o e m t d i d e p e c t g t l the
wo l l h a v a c h n e t g e a r e l b l e a c c o u t
wh h h e h d r e d y n h s m n d o f l l e k i e w
d h a d s e e B t t l e Empero s m l e d a n d n
t r u p t e d h m

How m n y m l e s

"The F e n h l e b d e d t l e l e f t b a n k ?

A c r d g t t l e s c o u t s t h e f t o f t l e m
c r o e d n r a f t s d u g t h e n g l t

I s t h e s s f i c i e t f o r a g e t k r e m s ?

F r a g h n o t b e e n u p p l i e d t o t h e e x
t n t

The Emperor t r u p t e d h m

A t h t o c l c k w a s G e r l S c h m d t
k l l d ?

A t e n l o c k i b l e e.

A t e e o c l k ? l t r y s d r y d i

The Empe th ked Pr e And ew a d
bowed Pr e A d w w th d ew d w a m
med t l y u r r o d e d b y c o r e s o n f l d e s
E r y w h e h w f e n d l y l o o k s a n d h e a r d
f d l y w d s. Y t d a y s d j t t r e
p h e d h m f t l g s t a y e d t t h e p l
e n d f d h m h o w n l u e T l e M

t f W c a m e p d e n e r a t u l t e d h m
n th M Th e s a O d e o f t h e t h r d g r a d
w h c h t h E m p e w f r m g o n h u m T h e
E p e s c h m b e l t e d h m t o s e e H e
M j t y T h e l d h s s l o w h d t e
h m. H d d n t k n w h m t o a n w e a n d f o r
f e w e n d l l e t e d h t h g h t s T h n t h e
R u s s n a m b d t o o k h m b y t l s h l d e r

France and projects for peace a secret peace concluded separately

Impossible! cried Prince Andrew That would be too base

If we live we shall see replied Bilbin his face again becoming smooth as a sign that the conversation was at an end

When Prince Andrew reached the room prepared for him and lay down in a clean shirt on the feather bed with its warmed and fragrant pillows he felt that the battle of which he had brought tidings was far far away from him The alliance with Prussia Austria's treachery Bonaparte's new triumph tomorrow's levee

now again drawn out in a thin line the musketeers were descending the hill the French were firing and he felt his heart palpitating as he rode forward beside Schmidt with the bullets merrily whistling all around and he experienced tenfold the joy of living as he had not done since childhood

He woke up

Yes that all happened! he said and smiling happily to himself like a child he fell into a deep youthful slumber

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Bilbin and the rest of ours burst out laugh

count was the butt of this set

Oh I must give you a treat Bilbin whispered to Bolkónski Kuragin is exquisite when he discusses politics—you should see his gravity!

He sat down beside Hippolyte and wringing his forehead began talking to him about politics Prince Andrew and the others gathered round these two

The Berlin cabinet cannot express a feeling of alliance began Hippolyte gazing round with importance at the others without expressing as in its last note you understand Besides unless His Majesty the Emperor derogates from the principle of our alliance

Wait I have not finished he said to Prince Andrew seizing him by the arm I believe that intervention will be stronger than nonintervention And he paused Finally one cannot impute the nonrecognition of our dis-

Woman's map on

mak Pri ce A ersperg acquainta ce In a
rd those gentleme Gascons deed so be
idered him w th fi w rds d he is so flat
tered by his rap dly establ hed t macy w th
th Fre ch marshals, d so dazzled by the gl t
f Murat ma tie dostrich pl mes q l y
ot q d feu t ble el q ldeva t f e
f su Pen em I p te of th a im u n
f hu peech, Bul h d d t f roet t p use
ster this m t t g et melf usd pp ect
u n. Th F ch b tial n rushes t the
b dgehead, pikes the gu nd the brd're is
taken! B t what is best of all h went hus

A ersperg d sa Pri y u are b g de
ei ed, herea. the F ch! Murat ee o that
all is lost f the sergea t is all wed t peak,
turn to A ersperg w th f med ast hm t
(he is tru Gasco) and says I d t eco
nue th w rid fam us Austri n d scipl e f
yo all w subord t t d d res y u l k
that It was trok f g t us, Prin Auers
perg feels h s dign ty t take d rd is the
sergea t to be arrested. Com you must wn
that this affair f th Thabo B d is d l ht
ful It is texa tly t p d ty rascal ty

"It may be treachery sa d Prince A drew
n dly mae g th gray ex o ts, wo ds
th sm k f m

bac
no

is -h eemed betryn to fi d the
n ht express C t c f d M k \ us
sorm mo k f It is tis bt f M ck. We
ar M k d f h co d ded, f li g that h
had p od ed good p ram, fresh that
ould be epea ed. H huthert puckered
brow became smooth as gn of pleasur a d
w th light mul h bevan to exam e hus
nails.

Where ar y f h sa d dd ly to
Prince A drew who had sen and was go
toward his room.

I am go way
"Where to

Tha th fir gets into his eyes and h f rgets
that h uoh to be fir t th enemy

"To the rmy
B t you meant to st y ther two d y
But now I am off at once.

And Pri ce A drew lter g ng d rect ons
bo t f us dep t e went to h room

Do y u know m cher sa d B l b n f l
l w gh m I ha e been th nk abo t you.
Why are y u go g

And p oof f the co clus e ss of h s
op ll the wr kles an hed from h f ce
P ce A d w looked qu r ly at h m
d ga e o eply

Why e you go g I k w you th nk t
your d ty to gall p back to the army now that
it s d er l u dersta d th t M he t
is hero sm l

N t t ll sa d P ce \ drew

B t as y are philosopher be con t
ent one look at the ther s de of the quest on
d y u w ll see that y r d ty on the co
trary is to take care f y unself Lea e it to
th e wh e l ger fit fo nyth ng el e
y u h e n t been ordered to return a d
h n t been dsm sed from here therel re
you can stay nd go w th us wherever o ll
l ck takes us. They say we are go t Olm tz.

O -

eri! Wher a d why ar y go n when you
m ght ema he e? y u e f ced by one of
tw things d th k n o er his left temple
pucke ed, ther you w ll n t reach your ree
ment bef re pea e co luded or yo w ll
l are defeat and disrrace w th Kutuzo wh l
army

A d B l b u wr kled his temple feel ng
that th dilemma wa nsol bl

"I can t rgue bo t t, repl ed Pri ce
Andrew told y but h thought I am go g to
ss the army

My dear fell w you e a herol sa d Bul
b n.

CHAPTER XIII

Th t sa d e r ha n e taken lea e of th

In Bru n everybody it hed to th court
wa p k gup d the hea y baggag was l
ready be g d sp tched t Olm tz Near Het
lsd f Pri Andrew tru k th high d
al g which the Russ n army was m r g

led him to the window and began to talk to him

Contrary to Bilbín's forecast the news he had brought was joyfully received. A thanks giving service was arranged. Kutuzov was awarded the Grand Cross of Maria Theresa and the whole army received rewards. Bolkónski

ernoon having made all his calls he was returning to Bilbín's house thinking out a letter to his father about the battle and his visit to Brunn. At the door he found a vehicle half full of luggage. Franz Bilbín's man was dragging a portmanteau with some difficulty out of the front door.

Before returning to Bilbín's Prince Andrew had gone to a bookshop to provide himself with some books for the campaign and had spent some time in the shop.

What is it? he asked

is again at our heels!

Oh? What? asked Prince Andrew.

Bilbín came out to meet him. His usually calm face showed excitement.

There now! Confess that this is delightful said he. This affair of the Thabor Bridge at Vienna. They have crossed without striking a blow!

Prince Andrew could not understand.

But where do you come from not to know what every coachman in the town knows?

I come from the archduchess. I heard nothing there.

And you didn't see that everybody is packing up?

I did not. What is it all about? inquired Prince Andrew impatiently.

What is it all about? Why the French have crossed the bridge that Auersperg was defending and the bridge was not blown up so Murat is now rushing along the road to Brunn and will be here in a day or two.

What is it?

Bonaparte knows why.

Bolkónski shrugged his shoulders.

The French entered Vienna as I told you. Very

well. Next day which was yesterday those gentlemen *messieurs les mar'chaux* Murat, Lannes and Belliard mounted and rode to the bridge. (Observe that all three are Gascons.) Gentlemen says one of them you know the Thabor Bridge is mined and doubly mined and that there are menacing fortifications at its head and an army of fifteen thousand men has been ordered to blow up the bridge and not let us cross? But it will please our sovereign the Emperor Napoleon if we take this bridge so let us three go and take it! Yes let us say the others. And off they go and take the bridge cross it and now with their whole army are on this side of the Danube marching on us you and your lines of communication.

Stop jesting said Prince Andrew sadly and seriously. This news grieved him and yet he was pleased.

As soon as he learned that the Russian army was in such a hopeless situation it occurred to him that it was he who was destined to lead it out of this position that here was the Toulon that would lift him from the ranks of obscure officers and offer him the first step to fame! Listening to Bilbín he was already imagining how on reaching the army he would give an opinion at the war council which would be the only one that could save the army and how he alone would be entrusted with the executing of the plan.

Stop this jesting he said.

I am not jesting Bilbín went on. Nothing is truer or sadder. These gentlemen ride onto the bridge alone and wave white handkerchiefs they assure the officer on duty that they the marshals are on their way to negotiate with Prince Auersperg. He lets them enter the *tête de pont*. They spin him a thousand gisconades saying that the war is over that the Emperor Francis is arranging a meeting with Bonaparte that they desire to see Prince Auersperg and so on. The officer sends for Auersperg these gentlemen embrace the officers crack jokes sit on the cannon and meanwhile a French battalion gets to the bridge unobserved flings the bags of incendiary material into the water and approaches the *tête de pont*. At length appears the lieutenant general our dear Prince Auersperg von Mautern himself. Dearest foe! Flower of the Austrian army hero of the Turkish wars! Hostilities are ended we can shake one another's hand. The Emperor Napoleon burns with impatience.

The marshals
B ligehead.

mak Pr ce Auerspergs equ tance In a
and y he

"To the army

an her two days?

t The F ch b tial n ru i es i e
-- y- h m d the bridge s

Why re you go g?

And p oof of the co clus eness of h s
op n o all the wr kles an shed from h s f ce
Prince A d ew looked inqu r gly at h m
nd ga e n reply

"Wly re y i go ng? I kn w you th nk t
y ur d ty to gallop back to the army now that
t d ge I underst nd th t. M n cher it
s hero m!

N t at ll sa d P ce And ew

But as y u re pl lowple be a c n t
ent one look at the d s de of the quest on
d you will see that yo r d ty on the co
trary i t take care of yours lf Lea e it t

A ersperg dsav Pri ce y u re be g de-

(he is tru G co) ds ys I d t
e th w ldfmous Aut d pl e if
yo all w bord te t ddress y Ik
that It a trok of gen Pri e Auers-
per feel h d gn ty t take d orders the
sergea t t be rrested Com you mu t wn
that thus ff lth Th bo B dge d l ht
ful It is tex dly t p d ty n ra cal ty

"It m y be tre chery s d Pri Andrew
v dly m g th grayo erco is wou ds
th sm ke fgu powd th sou ds ffi
a d th gl ry th t w ted h m.

N t that e d Tl t puts th cou t n too
bad l ht, repl ed B l b It n t treachery
rascal ty t p d ty t j t t Ulm
tus -he cem dt be try t fi d the
t te p es C e t c' t d M k. N us
mm m k e [It is tus b t of M k. We
M k d] he co d ded, feel th t he
had p od ed good p gram fesho e that
ould be epeated. H hutherto puck ed
brow became mooth gn fple u nd
th lght smile he began to xam ne h u
als.

Where e y ff t? I sa d udde ly to
Pri A d w wh had se d was go g
to ardh oom.

I mgo way

"Wh to

Th th fi gets huse eyes dh f rgets
that h g t be fi g t th my

O - n - w n n l l

lared se ta d d tra ew th kut whole
army

And B l b n w kled h s temple feel ng
that the d l mm wa soluble

I ca t rgue about t, repl ed Pri ce
Andrew coldly b tle th ght l mgo g to
sa eth rmy

My dear fello you are a hero! sa d B l l
b n.

CHAPTER XIII

T t sa re r h t k l e f the
M t [War B l k k et off t r] n the
rmy not kn w gwhe l w ldf d t and
f ri g t be capt ed by th I nch on the
way to k ems.

I Bru rybody it hed t th cou t
wa p k gup d th l ca y baggage was l
dy be g d p tch d to Olm tz. Near H t
z lsd f Pri e A d w str k tle h gh o d
l g which th Russ n rmy wa m g

led him to the window and began to talk to him

Contrary to Bilbin's forecast the news he had brought was joyfully received. A thanks giving service was arranged. Kutuzov was awarded the Grand Cross of Maria Theresa and the whole army received rewards. Bolkónski was invited everywhere and had to spend the whole morning calling on the principal Austrian dignitaries. Between four and five in the afternoon, having made all his calls, he was returning to Bilbin's house thinking out a letter to his father about the battle and his visit to Brunn. At the door he found a vehicle half

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cross. And off they go and take the bridge cross it and now with their whole army are on this

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Oh, your excellency! said Franz with diffi-

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said

Victor

a blow!

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is now rushing along the road to Brunn and will be here in a day or two.

What? Here? But why didn't they not blow up the bridge if it was mined?

That is what I ask you. No one—not even Bonaparte—knows why.

That's just it, answered Bilbin. Listen! The French entered Vienna as I told you. Very

pleased.

As soon as he learned that the Russian army was in such a hopeless situation it occurred to him that it was he who was destined to lead it out of this position—that here was the Toulon that would lift him from the ranks of obscure officers and offer him the first step to fame! Lis-

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The marshal is Bridgehead.

me P once Auersp rg sacqua ntan e In
rd those gentlemen G cons ndeed so be-
ldde h m n th f n w ds a d the s st c
er d by his rap dly establi hed ne m cy w th
m st ls d so dazzled by the gl t
me a lny

u e
brɪd ɛθ d ɒk ɛs θ ɡu s d ɪ e ɪ s
wɛn! B ɪ w ɪ b ɛst f ɪ l h w ɛnt ɒ h ɪ s
e ɪ b ɪ d ɡu d ɛ θ d ɛl h ɪ f ɪ n
recant in

La es tayed his hia u.
 ev dly w se tha hus general goes up to
 A ensp rg dsay P ce y u e be gd
 ce d, here are th F ch Murat e nght
 all lxi f the rgea t ll wed t pe k
 turns to A nsp erg w th f gn dast nishment
 (h u tru G sco) d ys id t e
 ue th w rid fam u Au t an disci pl ne f
 j ll w s bo d t e dd ex; u like
 that I was trok fgen u Prnc Aucra-
 pers feels his dgn ty t tak nd ders the
 serment to be rested. Come y unu t own
 that this aff f th Thabo B dge sd l hr
 ful It is t ex dly t p d ty n ra cal ty

"It may be t each r v s a d Pr Andrew
en d) magi g th gray etco is w u ds
8

too
here
Ulm

b d p o d e d g o o d e p g r a m . t e s u a t
n i d b e r e p e a e d . H h a t h e n p u c k e r e d
b r o w b e c a m s m o o t h a s g n f l e a u r e d
h i g h m e t h b e g a n t o e x a m i n e h u s
n a l e

When you felt his dead body
Pr. A drew with him and was going
toward his room.

I am go way

When to

Tha th ir fi gets into his eyes and h f rgets
tha b g' to be fi th enemy

To the army

But you meant to stay another two days?

But he is I am. It is once

And Price in few after g d directions
about 1/2 left it to his room

D you know m che sad B l s t n f l
I w n g f u m l h e b e e n t l k n a b o u t y o u

Why are you going?

And in proof of the conclusiveness of his
opinion all the wrinkles are bed from the ce

Prince Andrew looked indignantly at him and gave no reply.

Why are you going? I know you think it
your duty to go back to the army now that
it is in the hands of the enemy. I understand that. (Moncl
is heroic)

Not at all said Prince Andrew

But as you are a philosopher be content one look at the north side of the question and you will see that your duty on the contrary is to take care of yourself. Leave it to the finger for anything else.

erl Where and why e y b you
m rht rema n he e? l u are faced by o e of
t f m le

27334

A d B l' b n unwr kled h temple feel ng
that the d lemma wa : sol ble

I can't argue about it replied Pnce
A drew coldly b t l tho ght I am going to
see th rmy

My dear fellow you are a hero! as d B H

CHAPTER XIII

$f(x) \in L^1(\mathbb{R})$

1 Bru e crybody att cted t the co t
wa p ki g p and the e vy h ggagge was l
dy be gd p scted t Olmutz Ne Het
ld if Pri e A d ew struck the h ghro d
l g whch the R ss army was movi g

with great haste and in the greatest disorder. The road was so obstructed with carts that it was impossible to get by in a carriage. Prince Andrew took a horse and a Cossack from a Cossack commander and hungry and weary making his way past the baggage wagons rode in search of the commander in chief and of his own baggage. Very sinister reports of the position of the army reached him as he went along and the appearance of the troops in their disorderly flight confirmed these rumors.

Cette armée russe que l'on dit de l'Angleterre a transportée des extrémités de l'univers nous allons lui faire éprouver le même sort—(le sort de l'armée d'Ulm) He remembered these words in Bonaparte's address to his army at the beginning of the campaign and they awoke in him astonishment at the genius of the French general.

He looked with disdain at the endless confused mass of detachments, carts, guns, artillery and again baggage wagons and vehicles of all kinds overtaking one another and blocking the muddy road, three and sometimes four abreast. From all sides behind and before as far as ear could reach there were the rattle of wheels, the creaking of carts and gun carriages, the tramp of horses, the crack of whips, shouts, the urging of horses and the swearing of soldiers, orderlies and officers. All along the sides of the road fallen horses were to be seen, some flayed, some not and broken down carts beside which solitary soldiers sat waiting for some thing and again soldiers straggling from their companies, crowds of whom set off to the neighboring villages or returned from them dragging sheep, fowls, hay and bulging sacks. At each ascent or descent of the road the crowds were yet denser and the din of shouting more incessant. Soldiers floundering knee-deep in mud pushed the guns and wagons themselves. Whips cracked, hoofs slipped, traces broke and lungs were strained with shouting. The officers directing the march rode backward and forward between the carts. Their voices were but feebly heard amid the uproar and one saw by their faces that they despaired of the possibility of checking this disorder.

Here is our dear Orthodox Russian army

That Russian army, which has been left from the ends of the earth to the same fate—(the fate of the army at Ulm)

though?

Wife

Up to a convoy. Directly opposite to him came a strange one-horse vehicle evidently rigged up by soldiers out of any available materials and looking like some thing between a cart, a cabriolet and a calèche. A soldier was driving and a woman enveloped in shawls sat behind the apron under the leather hood of the vehicle. Prince Andrew rode up and when I

ate shr... in the vehicle. An officer in charge of transport was beating the soldier who was driving the woman's vehicle for trying to get ahead of others and then

a... b... turn arms from under the woolen shawl, cried

Mr Aide-de-camp! Mr Aide-de-camp! For heaven's sake! Protect me! What will be come of us? I am the wife of the doctor of the

Mr Aide-de-camp! Help me! What does it all mean? screamed the doctor's wife.

Kindly let this cart pass. Don't you see it's a woman? said Prince Andrew riding up to the officer.

The officer glanced at him and without replying turned again to the soldier. I'll teach you to push on! Back!

Let them pass. I tell you! repeated Prince Andrew, compressing his lips.

And who are you? cried the officer, turning on him with tipsy rage. Who are you? Are you in command here? Eh? I am commander here, not you! Go back or I'll flatten you into a pancake, repeated he. This expression evidently pleased him.

That was a nice snub for the little aide-de-camp, came a voice from behind.

Prince Andrew saw that the officer was in that state of senseless tipsy rage when a man does not know what he is saying. He saw that his championship of the doctor's wife in her queer trap might expose him to what he dreaded more than anything in the world—to ridicule, but his instinct urged him on. Before the officer finished his sentence Prince Andrew's face darkened with fury, rode up to him and

ra edh d gwhp
k d ly let—them—pass!
The off er flour hed his rm and hast ly
rode y
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that there this disorder he muttered. Do as
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Eh Come qu k he shouted
Pr A d ew w Nes

g t
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Bolkó k.

Her that h w red th dju
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u ked Nesvitsk.

I was go ge ky u I know n th g ex
cept th t twas ll I could dot get h e

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worse sad N itski. B t t d wn dh
som th gt t.

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other dy tane.

"Wher e headquarters?

"W t pend the ght n Zn m.

"W ll I ha got ll I eed to p cks f
tw horses dN itsk They made up
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fell l But what s the matter w th you You
mu t be ill t shu er l ke that he ad led no-
ti g that Prince Andrew wined a at an elec
t csh ck

Pr A drew

c r
"What is the comma der n ch ef do
here? he a ked

I can t make out at all sa d Nes-itsk

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Pr nce B grat ón and Weyrothler Weyrother
w the Austr a general who had uccceeded
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lerk w th cuff tu ed up wa hast l wr t g
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Seco dl e h ey unwritten t? h co
t nued d ct t ng t th clerk "The k es Gren
ad rs Pod l n

O e ca t w te so f t you l n sa l
the clerk gl ncing gr ly nd dis espe tfully
t ho ló k

Th gh the doo cme the sou d of k tu
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d of thes ces th natt t ewa ho
ló k looked th m th d esp tful m ne
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f l t th t m th g mporta t d d d st
wa bo t to happ n

He turned to k lóvsk w th ur e t q es
t s.

Immedi tely Pr nce s dk zl k D s-
po to f Ba rrat ón

"Wh t bout cap tul t n?

N th g of th sort O ders e issued f

b tl

Pr e A d ew m dt w d tle doo f m

with great haste and in the greatest disorder. The road was so obstructed with carts that it was impossible to get by in a carriage. Prince Andrew took a horse and a Cossack from a Cossack commander and hungry and weary making his way past the baggage wagons rode in search of the commander in chief and of his own luggage. Very sinister reports of the position of the army reached him as he went along and the appearance of the troops in their disorderly flight confirmed these rumors.

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him the thought: Well, if need be I shall do it no worse than others.

He looked with disdain at the endless confused mass of detachments, carts, guns, artillery and again baggage wagons and vehicles of all kinds overtaking one another and blocking the muddy road three and sometimes four abreast. From all sides behind and before as far as ear could reach there were the rattle of wheels, the creaking of carts and gun carriages, the tramp of horses, the crack of whips, shouts

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Here is our dear Orthodox Russian army

That Russian army I have thought of in the ends of the earth. I shall call it to share the same fate—(the fate of the army at Ulm)

thought Bolkonski, recalling Bilibin's words.

Wishing to find out where the commander in chief was, he rode up to a convoy. Directly opposite to him came a strange one-horse vehicle evidently rigged up by soldiers out of any available materials and looking like something between a cart, a cabriolet and a calèche. A soldier was driving and a woman enveloped in shawls sat behind the apron under the leather hood of the vehicle. Prince Andrew rode up and was just putting his question to a soldier when his attention was diverted by the desperate shrieks of the woman in the vehicle. An officer in charge of transport was beating the soldier who was driving the woman's vehicle for trying to get ahead of others and the strokes of his whip fell on the apron of the equipage. The woman screamed piercingly. Seeing Prince Andrew she leaned out from behind the apron and waving her thin arms from under the woolen shawl cried:

Mr. Aide de camp! Mr. Aide de camp! For heaven's sake! Protect me! What will be come of us? I am the wife of the doctor of the Seventh Chasseurs. They won't let us pass we are left behind and have lost our people.

I'll flatten you into a pancake! shouted the angry officer to the soldier. Turn back with your slut!

Mr. Aide de camp! Help me! What does it all mean? screamed the doctor's wife.

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Let them pass, I tell you! repeated Prince Andrew, compressing his lips.

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the Zim was shorter and better than the
 the Russian from Krems to Zaim.
 The night he received the news Kutuzo
 was a guard four thousand

the army On receipt of the news he immediately
 dispatched Adjutant General Winterger
 od who was on attendance on him to the en
 emy camp. Wintergerode was not merely to
 meet the truce but also to offer terms of ca

his rear and his success
 Frech was told by them as possible
 Kutuzo himself with his transport took the
 road to Zaim.
 March thirty miles that the army night

husted and hungry the
 covered this movement of the transport and
 of the whole army had to remain stationary
 in face of an enemy eight times as strong as
 self

But to expect that the proposal of
 capitulation (which were in no way binding)
 might give time for repair of the transport to
 pass is also that Murat's mistake would cry
 soon be discovered proved correct. As soon as
 Bonaparte (who was at Shnabrunn) teen

It made the possibility
 of the attack that had placed
 the hands of the French
 the Venetian battle
 the French mular

Schöbrunth Bruma re Ro
 the clock the m m

To the
 I can find words to present you in dis
 please I commandly in diva ce guard
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 my order you can get lose the fruits
 f can p gn. Break the m tice immediately

tragedy ralloccup gth d a ed pot be
 leved Murat emissary d r t red, lea g
 B gratio di exposed A ther em s
 sary rode to the Russian line to u ce the

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 posters this h d Th A t let
 themselves be tracked the cross g fth Venna
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APOLLO

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report that he had received.

A true was his sole chance of gain
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 some rest, ditte the transport nd h vy
 (wh se m em nts were concealed
 from the French) d a f b t o tage
 care Zaim. Th fier f tru ga th n
 l d q u pected chance of sa ng

ded d warned themselves cooked the
 porridge the first time f three dy nd
 nt of them k ewo mag ed what was in
 tore f him.

whence voices were heard. Just as he was going to open it the sounds ceased, the door opened and Kutuzov with his eagle nose and puffy face appeared in the doorway. Prince Andrew stood right in front of Kutuzov but the expres-

out recognizing him.

Well, have you finished? said he to Kozlovski.

One moment, your excellency.

Bagratión, a gaunt middle-aged man of medium height with a firm, impassive face of Oriental type, came out after the commander in chief.

I have the honor to present myself, repeated Prince Andrew rather loudly, handing Kutuzov an envelope.

Ah, from Vienna? Very good. Later, later!

Kutuzov went out into the porch with Bagratión.

Well, good by, Prince, said he to Bagratión. My blessing, and may Christ be with you in your great endeavor!

His face suddenly softened and tears came in to his eyes. With his left hand he drew Bagratión toward him, and with his right, on which

him on the neck instead.

Christ be with you! Kutuzov repeated and went toward his carriage. Get in with me, said he to Bolkonski.

Your excellency, I should like to be of use here. Allow me to remain with Prince Bagratión's detachment.

Get in, said Kutuzov, and noticing that Bolkonski still delayed, he added, I need good officers myself, need them myself!

They got into the carriage and drove for a few minutes in silence.

There is still much, much before us, he said, as if with an old man's penetration he understood all that was passing in Bolkonski's mind. If a tenth part of his detachment returns, I shall thank God, he added, as if speaking to himself.

Prince Andrew glanced at Kutuzov's face only a foot distant from him and involuntarily noticed the cruelly washed seams of the scar near his temple where an Ismail bullet had pierced his skull and the empty eye socket.

Yes, he has a right to speak so calmly of those

men's death, thought Bolkonski.

That is why I beg to be sent to that detachment, he said.

Kutuzov did not reply. He seemed to have forgotten what he had been saying and sat plunged in thought. Five minutes later, gently swaying on the soft springs of the carriage, he turned to Prince Andrew. There was not a trace of agitation on his face. With delicate irony he questioned Prince Andrew about the details of his interview with the Emperor, about the remarks he had heard at court concerning the Krems affair, and about some ladies they both knew.

CHAPTER XIV

ON NOVEMBER 1 Kutuzov had received through a spy news that the army he commanded was in an almost hopeless position. The spy reported that the French, after crossing the bridge at Vienna, were advancing in immense force upon Kutuzov's line of communication with the troops that were arriving from Russia. If Kutuzov decided to remain at Krems, Napoleon's army of one hundred and fifty thousand men would cut him off completely and surround his exhausted army of forty thousand, and he would find himself in the position of Mack at Ulm. If Kutuzov decided to abandon the road connecting him with the troops arriving from Russia, he would have to march with no road into unknown parts of the Bohemian mountains, defending himself against superior forces of the enemy and abandoning all hope of a junction with Buxhöfden. If Kutuzov decided to retreat along the road from Krems to Olmutz to unite with the troops arriving from Russia, he risked being forestalled on that road by the French who had crossed the Vienna bridge and encumbered by his baggage and transport, having to accept battle on the march against an enemy three times as strong who would hem him in from two sides.

Kutuzov chose this latter course.

The French, the spy reported, having crossed the Vienna bridge, were advancing by forced marches to and Znaim, which lay sixty-six miles off on the line of Kutuzov's retreat. If he reached Znaim before the French, there would be great hope of saving the army, to let the French forestall him at Znaim meant the exposure of his whole army to a disgrace such as that of Ulm, or to utter destruction. But to forestall the French with his whole army was impossible. The road for the French from Vi-

a d p t the r horses t a trot to escape from
th poison ed atm ph re fth sel tri es
i l a l orme t de c mps mo eu le
p s dth taff off c r

They rode pth ppo te hll From there
the F ch c ould alr dy bes e P ce A
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t 'Thats r b ttery sa dth st ff ffice n

Pr e

bley rs lff th r

Thes ff ffice m n d b h nd a d Pr nce
A drew od l e

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he w t, th m d rly nd che f l we

p he u a i u u
e P e A d ew cam t the F enchl es
th m e fide t was th pp ra ce of our
troop Th sold rs n th greatc ts wer
ra ved l es the s rgea t mayo d com
p y ffers we e t gth me p k gth
l tm ch t the bs d tll g
h m t h ld h s h d up Sold rs catt ed
o er the h l pl ew dragg g l o rs and
bru h wood d w e bul d ng h l t rs w th
merry ch tter d l ghter u d th fires
sat th rs dres ed d d es ed dry gth r
shirts d leg b d me d i g boot o o e
u d cr wd g d th b lers d po
rd cookers l e mp ny d ner w s
eady d th sold raw ga g e gerly t
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ood bowl t ff wl t nal gbe
f h helter h d be tasted

A ther comp y lucky f t llth
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m ked b d h ld d g tm j wh
t l g keg filled e fe th th can
tee l d l d t hm Th solders l fted
th ca t l d st th l p w th e e t l
f es empt ed them roll gth dk ntl
m hs d walked w y f m h erg t
m j w th l ght d e p ex l k g
th l p d w p g them n th l es f
Th pl gets camp P

the greatcoats. All the r faces were as serene
as f llth s were h ppen ng at home awa t ng
pe cef l encampme t nd n tw thins g l t of
the enemy b f re n ct o i w l d t least
h l f f them would be left o tle field. After
p ss a chasseur regiment a d tle l e of
the h e grenad ers—f e fell wsb yw t l s m
ilar pea ef l affa rs—ne ril shelter f the reg
ime tal comm de h gher th d d ff rent
from tle tlers Pr nc A d ew ca e t in
fro t fa pl toon of gren l ers before whom

So th sw hngs o d of the trokes a d tle
desperate but un t ral cream c t ued

Go ga nl d the m j

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e p e n on h f ce tepped aw y fr m tle
n n nd looked rou d q gly t the d
j tant a he rode by

Prince Andrew h g reached tle fro t
l e rode lo g t O fro t l e and th t of
tl enemy were f p t ther l t and left
fl nks b t the ter where the m w l
flag f tru h d p ed th tm rn g th l es
we so near t th r that th men could ee
o the s f es and speak t one ther
Bes des the ld rs who f rm d th pck t l e
ne th d ther we e m y cu ou o look
rs wh jest ga d l ugh g tared at the

Look! Look the el o sold was say
t ther po t to a Ru m keteer
wh h d go up t th p ket l w l n of
f e d was rap dly dex t dly talk g t
F h gre d H k t h m j bber gl
F e nt t? It llth F nch yca d t ke p
up w th h m Th n w Sid l
W tab t d l st l t fi l w ed
Sid wh was cons d em an dept t F ench

CHAPTER XV

BETWEEN three and four o'clock in the afternoon Prince Andrew who had persisted in his request to Kutuzov arrived at Grunth and reported himself to Bagration. Bonaparte's adjutant had not yet reached Murat's detachment and the battle had not yet begun. In Bagration's detachment no one knew anything of the general position of affairs. They talked of peace but did not believe in its possibility; others talked of a battle but also disbelieved in the nearness of an engagement. Bagration, knowing Bolkonski to be a favorite and trusted adjutant, received him with distinction and special marks of favor, explaining to him that there would probably be an engagement that day or the next and giving him full liberty to remain with him during the battle or to join the rearguard and have an eye on the order of retreat, which is also very important.

However, there will hardly be an engagement today, said Bagration as if to reassure Prince Andrew.

If he is one of the ordinary little staff aides sent to earn a medal, he can get his reward just as well in the rearguard; but if he wishes to stay with me, let him, he'll be of use here if he's a brave officer, thought Bagration. Prince Andrew, without replying, asked the prince's permission to ride round the position to see the disposition of the forces, so as to know his bearings should he be sent to execute an order. The officer on duty, a handsome elegantly dressed man with a diamond ring on his forefinger, who was fond of speaking French, though he spoke it badly, offered to conduct Prince Andrew.

On all sides they saw rain-soaked officers with

sitting at the table eating and drinking.

Now what does this mean, gentlemen? said the staff officer in the reproachful tone of a man who has repeated the same thing more than once. You know it won't do to leave your posts like this. The prince gave orders that no one should leave his post. Now you, Captain, and he turned to a thin, dirty little artillery officer who without his boots (he had given them to the canteen-keeper to dry) in only his stockings, rose when they entered, smiling not altogether comfortably.

Well, aren't you ashamed of yourself, Captain Tushin? he continued. One would think that as an artillery officer you would set a good example; yet here you are without your boots! The alarm will be sounded and you'll be in a pretty position without your boots! (The staff officer smiled.) Kindly return to your posts, gentlemen, all of you, all! he added in a tone of command.

Prince Andrew smiled involuntarily as he looked at the artillery officer Tushin, who silent and smiling, shifting from one stocking to the other, glanced inquiringly with his large, intelligent, kindly eyes from Prince Andrew to the staff officer.

The soldiers say it feels easier without boots, said Captain Tushin, smiling shyly in his uncomfortable position, evidently wishing to adopt a jocular tone. But before he had finished he felt that his jest was unacceptable and had not come off. He grew confused.

Kindly return to your posts, said the staff officer, trying to preserve his gravity.

" - - - - - " " "

but extremely attractive.

The staff officer and Prince Andrew mounted their horses and rode on.

Having ridden beyond the village, continually meeting and overtaking soldiers and officers of various regiments, they saw on their

lows, said the staff officer, pointing to the soldiers. The officers don't keep them in hand. And there, he pointed to a sutler's tent, they crowd in and sit. This morning I turned them all out and now look! it's full again. I must go there, Prince, and scare them a bit. It won't take a moment.

Yes, let's go in and I will get myself a roll and some cheese, said Prince Andrew, who had not yet had time to eat anything.

Why don't you mention it, Prince? I would have offered you something.

They dismounted and entered the tent. Several officers, with flushed and weary faces, were

despite the cold wind, swarmed in these earthworks like a host of white ants, spadefuls of red clay were continually being thrown up from behind the bank by unseen hands. Prince Andrew and the officer rode up, looked at the entrenchment and went on again. Just behind it they came upon some dozens of soldiers, continually replaced by others who ran from the entrenchment. They had to hold their noses

and p t the h rises t a trot to escape from
th poison ed atm phere f these l ur nes.
F la f même t des c mp mons eu le

p ce said th staff officer
They rode up the ppos t h ll From there
th French could al eady be n Pr n An
drew t pped and began exam n ng th pos
tion

"That s urb ttery sa d the st ff fice n
ducat th highest point Its n charge f
th q ee fell w we saw w th ut h boots. You
ca see rythin from the e l t s go there
Pr e.

"Tha k you ery much I w ll go n al ne
sa d Pri ce Andrew w h t d h ms lf of
th s staff fice s c mp ny please don t trou
ble rself further

Th staff officer m ned b h d nd Prince
d drew n l e

Th f rther f rwa d nd ne r the enemy
xe ent, th m derly d cheerful were
the troop Th gre test d sorder d dep es-
s had bee the b ggaetra nh had p ss d
that morn ng n th Z m ro d even m les
a ay from th F ch. At Gru th lso som p-
prehens d l rm could be f lt, but t e
carer Pri e A drew cam to h F enchl es
the more fid t was th ppearan of ou
troops. Th sold ers n th ur greatcoats w r
he sergea ts m j d com

over th h l pl wer ar on
brushwood d were buld g shelt rs w th
merry cha t d l u lter ro d th fires
sat thers, dressed d u dressed dry g th
shirts and le b nds m d boots r e
coats d crowd rou d th boilers nd por
nd, cookers. l e mp n d r was
read and th sold rs w ga g eaverly t
th exam g boiler wa t ll th sampl
luch quart rmas er sergea t was carry n n
wooden bo l an fter w h sa n lo be-
fore has sh lter had bee tas ed.

Another comp y lucky f t l l th
comp es had odka, cr wded round pock
marked, broad hould ed sergea t major who
tiltur keg, filled f er n ther th ca
teen lds h ld t h m Th soldiers lifted
t. can een lds to th l ps w th revere ual
fa es, empt ed t em, roll th odka their
mouths, d walked a from th sergeant
major w th brightened p ess ns lck g
ear lips and w p g them n th leaves of

"Th s pleasu on gets in camp Prince.

th r greatco ts. All the r faces were as serene
s f l l th s were h ppen ng t home wa t n
pe efule campment, and not w l n s ht of
the nemy bef e n ction in wh h at least
half of them would be left the field. After
pass n chasseur egime t and n the l es of
the k e grenad ers—f e fell w s bu y w t s m
l r peaceful aff rs—near the shelter of the reg
imental commander h her than nd d fter nt
from th o lers Prince An drew came out in
fro t f platoon f gren d ers bef re whom
l y n ked man Two sold ers held h m w l e
tw others were fl u l n d e r s w tches and
st k g h m reul ly n h bare b ck Tle
man sh cked u turaly A tout major wa
p c p and d wn the l ne and regardless of
th screams kept repeat n

Its ham f r sold er to steal sold er
must be honest, h n rable d bra e but if
he robs his fell w s there s no h r n h m
he scoundr l Go on Go on

So the sw sh g so d f the strokes nd tle
desperate but unnatural screams co t nued.

G eo n sa d the mayo d o a ned
m the
the ad

l rode along t G e front
the enemy w f part on the r ht and left
fl ks but n the c ter where the men w th a
fl g f tru e h d p ssed that m rn n the l nes
were so near to ther that th m n could see
other s f ces a d peak to one an ther
Bes des the sold ers wh f rmed the p ket l ne
ne ther de there were many cur u onlook
rs who jestu and l ough sta ed t the
tra gef m nemes.

S n earl m rn —despte n njunct n
not to pproach th p ket l e—th fers
had been u ble t keep ht-seers way The
sold ers f rm the p cket l ne l kesh wmen
exhib t g curios ty n l nner looked t the
F e ch b tpa d t t nuo t th s ht-seers d
grew weary wa ung t be el e ed. Prin e An
drew halted to ha e look t the French.

Look Look there o e sold er was say n

F isn t t. It all the F nchy can dot keep
up w th hum. There n w S d ro l

"W t b t d listen It fi el w ered
S doro who was cons dered deptat F ench

The soldier to whom the laughers referred was Dolokhov. Prince Andrew recognized him and stopped to listen to what he was saying. Dolokhov had come from the left flank where their regiment was stationed with his captain.

Now then go on go on! incited the officer bending forward and trying not to lose a word of the speech which was incomprehensible to him. More please more! What's he saying?

Dolokhov did not answer the captain. He had been drawn into a hot dispute with the French grenadier. They were naturally talking about the campaign. The Frenchman confusing the Austrians with the Russians was trying to prove that the Russians had surrendered and had fled all the way from Ulm while Dolokhov maintained that the Russians had not surrendered but had beaten the French.

We have orders to drive you off here and we shall drive you off said Dolokhov.

Only take care you and your Cossack are not

vórov said Dolokhov.

Qu'est-ce qu'il chante? asked a Frenchman.

It's ancient history said another guesser that it referred to a former war. The Emperor will teach your Suvarov as he has taught the others.

Bonaparte began Dolokhov but the Frenchman interrupted him.

Not Bonaparte. He is the Emperor! *Sacré nom!* cried he angrily.

The devil skin your Emperor.

And Dolokhov swore at him in coarse soldier's Russian and shouldering his musket walked away.

Let us go Iván Lukich he said to the captain.

Ah that's the way to talk French said the picket soldiers. Now Sidorov you have a try!

Sidorov turning to the French winked and began to jabber meaningless sounds very fast. *Kari mala tafa safi muter kaskd* he said trying to give an expressive intonation to his voice.

Ho! ho! ho! Ha! ha! ha! ha! Ouh! ouh!

Nothing left to do seemed to be to unload the muskets explode the ammunition and all return.

Qu'est-ce qu'il a dit?

What's he saying about?

home as quickly as possible.

But the guns remained loaded. The loopholes in blockhouses and entrenchments looked out just as menacingly and the unlimbered cannon confronted one another as before.

CHAPTER XVI

HAVING RIDDEN round the whole line from the flank to left Prince Andrew made his way up to the battery from which the staff officer had told him the whole field could be seen. Here

at a sign resumed his measured monotonous pacing. Behind the guns were their limbers and still farther back picketropes and artillery men's bonfires. To the left not far from the farthest shed was a small newly constructed wattle shed from which came the sound of officers' voices in eager conversation.

It was true that a view over nearly the whole Russian position and the greater part of the enemy's opened out from this battery. Just facing it on the crest of the opposite hill the village of Schon Grabern could be seen and in

self and behind the hill. To the left from that village amid the smoke was something resembling a battery but it was impossible to see it clearly with the naked eye. Our right flank was posted on a rather steep incline which dominated the French position. Our infantry were stationed there and at the farthest point the dragoons. In the center where Tushins battery stood and from which Prince Andrew was surveying the position was the easiest and most direct descent and ascent to the brook separating us from Schon Grabern. On the left our troops were close to a copse in which smoked the bonfires of our infantry who were selling wood. The French line was wider than ours and it was plain that they could easily outflank us on both sides. Behind our position was a steep and deep dip making it difficult for artillery and cavalry to retire. Prince Andrew took out his notebook and leaning on the cannon sketched a plan of the position. He made some notes on the points intending to mention them to Bagration. His detaching first to concentrate all the artillery in the center and secondly to withdraw the cavalry to the other side of the dip Prince Andrew began at once

ear the commande n d e f clo ely f low
the mass m e m e u s n d general orders
n d co ta tly tudy gh st r cal counts of
battles. lu t rily p ctured to h m s lf the
co rse f ev u s n tle forthcom n ct n n
broad tle He m g ed only mporta t
poss b l t e s If the e m y att ks the r l t
f k h s a d to h m s e l the k gre ad e r s
d the Pod s l k chasseurs m t h l d the r po-
u t u l l e s e r v e s from the ente c m e u p l
that case the dra o o co l d successfull m k
a f l a k c u t e r a t t c k If they t t a k o u r c e n t e
h a the c t b a t t r y t h u h h
gro d h l l w t h d r a w the left f l n k u n d e t s
co e r a d t e a t to the d p b y e c h e l n s. So
he e a s o e d. All th t m h e h d b e e n b e
s d t h g u h l d h e d t h c e s o f t l e o f f i
e r s d t u l y b t s f i e n h p p n s l d n t
u n d e r s t o o d w r d o f w h t t h e y w e e s a y
S d d e n l y h w e r l w a t r u k b y a c e

superhum n f r e e t h r o w i g u p a m a s s o f e r t h.
The grou d s e e m e d to g r o n t t h e t e r r b l e i m
p a c t.

And m m e d a t e l y T s h i n w i t h s h o r t p i p e
n t h e c o r n e r o f h s m u t h a n d l s k n d i n t e l
l e n t f a c e r a t h e r p a l e r u l e d o u t o f t h e s h e d
f l l w e d b y t l e o w n r o f t h e m a n l y v o c e a
d a s h g i f t r y f f e w h o h u r r i e d f f t o h u
c o m p y b u t t n g u p h c o a t s l e r a n.

CHAPTER XVII

MOUNT G I S H O S E g a n P r e c e A n d e w l

h r e l o o k g a t t h e p u f f m

y e s r a n

l y s a w

o f t h e

F r n c h n o w w a y d n d t h a t t h e r e r e a l l y w a s a
b t t r y t t h e l e f t T h e s m k e b o e t h d
n o t y t d s p e r s e d. T w o m u t e d F e n h m e n
p r o b b l y d j u t a n t s w e r e g a l l p n u p t h h l l.

t
s e e m e d t o P e A d w f m l o e
w h t I s a y s t h t f t w e r e p o s s b l e t o k w
w h t b e y d d e a t h n f u s w u l d b e
a f r a d f t T h a t s o f e n d.

A t h e r y g e n t e r r u p t e d h m
A f r a d t y u c a n t e s c a p e t y h w

A l l t h e s a m f r a d O h y u c l e v
p e o p l s a d a t h d m l y c e n t r u p t
n t h e m b o t h O f c o r s e y u t l l r y m e n
a r e r y w e b c a u s e u c a n t k e e v e r t h g
l w t h y - o d k a n d c k s.

A d t h e n e r f t h m a n l y e d t l y
f t r y f f l g h d.

Y e s f r a d c o n t i n u e d t h e f i r s t s p e a k
e r h o f t h e f m l v o c e O e s f r a d o f
t h k w t l t w h t t s. W h t e r w
m a y s a y b o t t h s o u l g o g t o t h k y w e
k n w t h n k y b t n l y n t m p h e

T h m l y g a n t e r r u p t e d t h a
t a l l e r y f i e

"W l l s t a d u s s m e o f y u r h e r b o d k
T u s h t s a d

"W h y t h h t P r e c e A n d r e w t h t t h e
c a p t a w h o o d p t h u t l e r h u t w t h
t h b o o t s H e c o o d t h e o r e a b l e
p h l o s o p h i z m v w t h p l e a s e.

"S o m h e r b o d k ? C e r t a l y ! s a d T u s h
B t t i l l t e f t l f e

H d d o t f i h. J u s t t h e n t h w a s a w h i s-
t l t h a i r e a r r d n e a e r f t e r n d
l o d e r l d e r d f t e c a n b l l a s f
t h a d t f i s h e d s a y w h w a s e s s a r y
t h d d e d t t h e g r d e a r t h e d w t h

g r w g l u d e r n d m r e f e q u e n t E d e t l y
o g u n h d b e g u n t r e p l y F o m t h e b o t t m
o f t h e s l p e h e r e t h p a r l e y h a d t k n p l a c e
c a m e t h r e p o t o f m k e t r y

L e m a r r h a d j u t a r r i e d t g a l l o p w i t h
B o p a r t s t e r n l e t t e r a d M r a t, h u m l
t e d d x i o u s t o e x p i a t e l f u l t h a d t
c e m e d h u s f e s t t t k t h c e n t e r a d
o u t l i n k b o t h t h R u s s n w g s h p g b e
f e v e n d b e f r e t h e m r i a l o f t h e E m-
p r o r t o c r u s h t h c o n t e m p t u b l d t a c h m e n t
t h t o o d b e f e h m.

I t h a b e g u n H e t i s t h o u h t P r i n c e
A n d w f l t h e b l o o d r u h t o h h e a r t
B u t w h e r e n d h w w i l l m y T u l n p r e s e t
t s l f ?

P s s b e t w e e n t h e c o m p e s t h t h a d b e e n
e a t p o r n d g n d d r i k o d k a q u a r t e r
o f h b e f h e s a w r y w h e r e t h e s a m e
r a p d m e m e t o f s o l d r s f r m r a n k s n d
g e t h m u s t e a d y d o n a l l t h e
f e s h e c o m m i z e d t h a m e e r n e s s t t
f i l l e d h u s h r t. I t h a s b e g u n ! H e r e t s d d
f l b u t n y y a b l l w a s w h t l f e o f e a c h
s o l d d c h o f f i e s e m e d t s a y

B f e h e h a d r e a c h d t h e e m b a k i n n t s t h a t
w e r b e g t h r o w n u p h s a w i n t h e l i g h t o f
t h d u l l u t u m n e v e n g m u t e d m e n c o m

ing toward him. The foremost, wearing a Cosack cloak and lambskin cap and riding a white horse, was Prince Bagration. Prince Andrew stopped waiting for him to come up. Prince Bagration reined in his horse and recognizing Prince Andrew nodded to him. He still looked ahead while Prince Andrew told him what he had seen.

The feeling! It has begun! Here it is! was seen even on Prince Bagration's hard brown face with its half-closed dull sleepy eyes. Prince Andrew gazed with anxious curiosity at that

himself as he looked. Prince Bagration bent his head in sign of agreement with what Prince Andrew told him and said: "Very good!" in a tone that seemed to imply that everything that took place and was reported to him was exactly what he had foreseen. Prince Andrew, out of breath with his rapid ride, spoke quickly. Prince Bagration, uttering his words with an Oriental accent, spoke particularly slowly as if to impress the fact that there was no need to hurry. However, he put his horse to a trot in the direction of Tushin's battery. Prince Andrew followed with the suite. Behind Prince Bagration rode an officer of the suite, the prince's personal adjutant Zherkov, an orderly officer, the staff officer on duty riding a fine bobtailed horse, and a civilian—an accountant who had asked permission to be present at the battle out of curiosity. The accountant, a stout full-faced man, looked around him with a naive smile of satisfaction and presented a strange appearance among the hussars, Cossacks, and adjutants in his camel coat, as he jolted on his horse with a convoy officer's saddle.

"He wants to see a battle," said Zherkov to Bolkonski, pointing to the accountant, "but he feels a pain in the pit of his stomach already."

"Oh, leave off!" said the accountant with a beaming but rather cunning smile, as if flattered at being made the subject of Zherkov's joke, and purposely trying to appear stupider than he really was.

"It is very strange, *mon Monsieur Prince*," said the staff officer. (He remembered that in French there is some peculiar way of addressing a prince, but could not get it quite right.)

By this time they were all approaching Tushin's battery, and a ball struck the ground in front of them.

"What's that that has fallen?" asked the accountant with a naive smile.

A French pancake, answered Zherkov.

"So that's what they hit with?" asked the accountant. "How awful!"

He seemed to swell with satisfaction. He had hardly finished speaking when they again heard an unexpectedly violent whistling which suddenly ended with a thud into something soft, *fflop!* and a Cossack riding a little to their right and behind the accountant crashed to earth with his horse. Zherkov and the staff officer bent over their saddles and turned their horses away. The accountant stopped facing the Cossack and examined him with attentive curiosity. The Cossack was dead, but the horse still struggled.

Prince Bagration screwed up his eyes, looked round, and seeing the cause of the confusion turned away with indifference as if to say: "Is it worth while noticing trifles?" He reined in his horse with the ease of a skillful rider and slightly bending over disengaged his saber which had caught in his cloak. It was an old-fashioned saber of a kind no longer in general use. Prince Andrew remembered the story of Suvorov giving his saber to Bagration in Italy, and the recollection was particularly pleasant at that moment. They had reached the battery at which Prince Andrew had been when he examined the battlefield.

"Whose company?" asked Prince Bagration of an artilleryman standing by the ammunition wagon.

He asked: "Whose company?" but he really meant: "Are you frightened here?" and the artilleryman understood him.

"Captain Tushin's, your excellency!" shouted the red-haired, freckled gunner in a merry voice, standing to attention.

"Yes, yes," muttered Bagration as if considering something, and he rode past the limbers to the farthest cannon.

see the gunners who had seized it straining to roll it quickly back to its former position.

hand placed a charge in the cannon's mouth. The short, round-shouldered Captain Tushin, stumbling over the tail of the gun carriage, moved forward and, not noticing the general, looked out shading his eyes with his small hand.

"Last two lines m e n d t w i l l b e j u s t
n h e c r i e d h i s a f e e b l e v o i c e t w h i l h e
t r i e d t o i m p a r t d a h n n t e l l s t e d t h
w e a k f i o u r N u m b e r T w o h e s q u e a k e d.
F r e M e d e d e v l

m d T u h r a n

t e n d e d t o c a n n o n d t h e v a l l y
c e n d i a r y b a l l t h e U g e f S c h n G r a
b e r n i s b l e j u s t p p o s t e f r o t f w h i c h
l a r g e m a s s e s o f F r e c h w e r e d a n c i n

W o o d s a i d B g r a t o n t h e r e p o r t.
d b e g a d e l b e r a t l y t o e x a m i n e t h
h o l b u l e f i d e t e n d e d b e f r e h m. T h e
F r e n c h h a d d a e d e a r e s t n o u r h u B
l o w t h e h e i g h t w h i c h t h e k e y r e v i n t w a s
t a e d, t h e h i l l w h e r e t h r i u l e t
f l e d, t h e s o u l s t u r n g r o l l g a n d c r a c k l g
f m u s t r y w a s h e a r d. d m u c h f r t h e r t
t h r i g h t b e y o n d t h d r a o o n t h o f f i c e r o f
t h u n e p o n t e d t B g r a t o n F r e n c h
c o l u m n t h a t w a s u n t i l k g u s. T h l f t
t h h o r i z o w a s b o u d e d b y t h e d j c e t w o o d.
P r i n c e B g r a t o n r d e d t w b a t t a l o f r o m
t h e c e t e r t o b e e n t t r e f r e t h e r i g h t
f l a n k. T h f i c e r o f t h u n t u r e d t r e m a r k
t o t h e p r i c e t h a t f t h e s e b a t t a l i n w e n t
a y t h g u n s w o u l d e m a n w t h u t u p p o r t.
P r i B g r a t o n t u r n e d t o t h o f f i c e r n d w t h
h i s d u l l e y e s l o o k e d t h u m n l e n e. I t s e e m e d
t o P r i n c e A d r e w t h a t t h f i c e r e m a r k w a s
j u s d t h a t e a l l n s w e r u l d b e m a d e
t o B t i s t a t m m e n t n d j u n i a n t g a l l p e d
p w t h m e s s a g e f r o m t h c o m m a n d e r o f t h
e n u m e n n t h e h o l l w d n e w s t h a t u n m e n s e
m a s s e s f t h e F r e c l w e r e m u d w n u p o n
t h e m d t h a t h u s e o m e n w a d i s o r d e r

V e r y g o o d s a i d B g r a t o n
A s h w a s l e a g t h e b t t e r y f i r i n g w a h e a r d
o t h e l e f t a l s o n d s t w a s t o o f r t o t h l e f t
f l n k f h m t o l a e t m e t o g o t h e r e h m s e l f
P r c e B a g r a t o n s e t Z i r k v t t e l l t h e g e n
e r a l n c o m m d (t h e o e w h o h d p r a d e d
h r e g m e n t b e f r e k u t u t B r a u n a u) t h a t
m r e t e t a s q u c k l y a s p o s s i b l e b e h i d

t e n t l y t o B g r a t o n s c o l l o q u e s e
c o m m a d i g f i c e r s n d t h o r d e r s h e g a e
t h e m a n d t h i s s u r p r i s e f o u n d t h t n o r d e r s
w e r e r e l l y g i e n, b u t t h a t P r i c e B g r a t n
t r i e d t m a k e i t p p e a r t h a t v e r y t h n g d e
b y n e c e s s i t y b y c i d e n t, o b y t h e w i l l o f u l d
r d n t e c o m m a d e r s w a s d n f n t b y h
d e c t c o m m d, t l e a s t a c c o d w t h h i s
t e t n s. P r i n c A d r e w n t c e d, h w e v e r t h a t
t h o h w h a t h a p p e n e d w a d u e t o c h a n c e a d
w a i n d e p e n d e n t o f t h c o m m a n d e r w i l l o w
t t h t a c t B a g r a t o n h o w e d h s p e s n e e
w a s e r y v a l u a b l e O f f i c e r s w h o p p r o a c h e d h u m
w t h d t u r b e d c o u n t e n n e s b e c a m c a l m s o l
d e r s n d o f f i c e r s g r e e t e d h m g a l y g r e w m o
c h e e r f u l n h i s p e s e n c e n d w e e c v d e n t l y
a n x i o u s t o d i s p l y t h e r c o u r a g b e f r e h u m.

CHAPTER XVIII

P R I N C E B G R A T O N h g r e a c h e d t h e h h
e s t p o i n t o f u r r i g h t f l a n k, b e g a n r i d i g d w h
h i l l t o w h e r e t h e r o l l o f m u s k e t r y w a s h e a r d
b t w h o n c e o t f i t h m o k e n t h g
c o u l d b e s e e n. T h e n e a r t h e y g o t t o t h e h o l
l w t h l e s s t h e y c o u l d s e e b u t t h m o r e t h e y
f l t t h e n e a r n e s s f t h c t u a l b a t t l f i e l d. T h e y
b e g a n t m e e t w o u d e d m e n O e w t h
b l e e d g h e a d n d n o c a p w a s b n d r a g e d
l g b y t w s o l d e r s w h o u p p o r t e d h m u n
d t h e a r m s. T h e r w a s g u r g l e h t h r o t
n d h w a p t t i n g b l o o d. A b l i e t h a d e v
d e n t l y h u t h u m n t h t h r o a t m o u t h. A n o t h e r
w a s w a l k g t u r d i l y b y h i m s e l f b t w t h u t
h i s m u s k e t, g r o a g a l u d n d s w o n g h i s
a r m w h i c h h a d j u s t b e e n h u r t, w h i l e b l o o d
f r o m t w a s t r e a m i n o e r h i s g r e a t c o a t s
f r o m b o t t l e. H h a d t h a t m o m e n t b e e n
w o u n d e d d h f s h w e d f e a r r a t h e r t h a n
s u f f e r i n C r o s s r o a d t h e y d e s c n d e d a
t e e p c l d s a w s e v e r a l m n l y n n t h e
g r o n d t h e y l o s m t c r o w d o f s o l d e r s s o m
o f w h o m w e r u n w o u n d e d. T h s o l d i e r s w e r e
a s c e n d i n g t h h i l l b r e a t h i n g h e a v i l y n d d e

g a l u s e a l j u a t o u u t u s
w t h r e f e r s t o t r a c k t h F e n c h. B u t t h i s d
j u t r e t u r n e d h a l f n h u r l a t e r w i t h t h
e w s t h a t t h c o m m a d e r o f t h d r a o o n s h a d
r e a d y r e t r e a t e d b e y o d t h d i p n t h g r o u n d,
a s h e a v y f i r e h a d b e e n p e d o n h u m d h
w a s l o s e n u s e l e s! d s o h a d h a s t e d
t t h r o w s o m s h a r p s h o o t e r s i n t o t h w o o d.

ing toward him. The foremost wearing a Cosack cloak and lambskin cap and riding a white horse was Prince Bagration. Prince Andrew stopped waiting for him to come up. Prince Bagration reined in his horse and recognizing Prince Andrew nodded to him. He still looked ahead while Prince Andrew told him what he had seen.

The feeling. It has begun! Here it is! was seen even on Prince Bagration's hard brown face with its half-closed dull sleepy eyes. Prince Andrew gazed with anxious curiosity at that impassive face and wished he could tell what if anything this man was thinking and feeling at that moment. Is there anything at all behind that impassive face? Prince Andrew asked himself as he looked. Prince Bagration bent his head in sign of agreement with what Prince Andrew told him and said: Very good! in a tone that seemed to imply that everything that took place and was reported to him was exact.

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— — — — — Cosacks and his

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still struggled.

Prince Bagration screwed up his eyes, looked

his horse with the ease of a skillful rider and slightly bending over disengaged his saber which had caught in his cloak. It was an old-fashioned saber of a kind no longer in general use. Prince Andrew remembered the story of Suvorov giving his saber to Bagration in Italy and the recollection was particularly pleasant at that moment. They had reached the battery at which Prince Andrew had been when he examined the battlefield.

Whose company? asked Prince Bagration of an artilleryman standing by the ammunition wagon.

He asked: Whose company? but he really meant: Are you frightened here? and the artilleryman understood him.

Captain Tushin's, your excellency! shouted the red-haired, freckled gunner in a merry voice standing to attention.

Yes, yes, muttered Bagration as if considering something, and he rode past the limbers to the farthest cannon.

As he approached a ringing shot issued from it deafening him and his suite and in the smoke that suddenly surrounded the gun they could see the gunners who had seized it straining to roll it quickly back to its former position.

hand placed a charge in the cannon's mouth.

he stepped lightly with his muscular legs

Forward with God said Bagration in a

looked now at the perfect officers and now
back at the men with the loss of step his whole
powerful body turned flexibly it was as if all
the powers of his soul were concentrated on
passing the commander in the best possible

happened.

The French were already near Prince An-
drew walk besides Bagration could clearly
distinguish the red epaulettes and
even the faces. (He distinctly saw an old
French officer who with gauged legs and
turned-out toes limbed the hill with difficulty

said muskets marched in step and each
of these hundreds of soldiers seemed to be
repeating to himself each alternate step
"Left! left! left! At the mayo turned
bush, puffin and fall out of step a sol-
dier who had fallen behind, his face shown
arm this defection, ran to trot, past it

the uneven ranks, and musket shots sounded.
Several of the men fell, among them the ro-
saced officer who had marched so gallantly and
completely. But at the moment the first re-
port was heard, Bagration looked round and
shouted, Hurrah!

Hurrah—ah—ah—ra—lo—drawn back
from our ranks, passed Bagration and rac-
ing one after the other rushed in an irregular
but furious and eager crowd down the hill at
the disordered foe.

CHAPTER XX

THEATTACK of the Swiss Chasseurs secured the

beau with good unison seemed
to bear left left left

"Well do you, lads," said Prince Bagration

Glad to do our best, your excellency
can be fused back from the ranks. A mo-
ment soldier march on the left turned his
eyes. Bagration he showed with an ex-
pression on that seemed say: "We know that
ourselves. Another without looking round,
as though fearing to relax, shouted with his
mouth wide open, passed on.

The order was given to halt and with knap-
sacks.

Bagration rode round the ranks that had
marched past him and dismounted. He gave
the reins to the Cossack took off his hat
over his felt coat, stretched his legs, and set his
cap on his head. The head of the French column
which was slowly leading, appeared from behind
the hill.

the French were put
out of the fire which the wind was spreading
thus gave us time to retreat. The retirement of
the center to the other side of the dip in the
ground with rear was hurried and so very
the different companies did not get mixed. But
on the left—where the center of the Austrian Po-
dolsk Infantry and the Polish Hussars—was
multaneously attacked and flanked by su-
perior French forces under Laas and was
thrown into confusion. Bagration had sent
Zherkov to the general command that left
flank with orders to retreat immediately.

Zherkov not removing his hand from his
cap turned his horse back and galloped off.
But no sooner had he left Bagration than his
courage failed him. He was seized by panic and
could not go where it was dangerous.

He reached the left flank, instead of go-
ing to the front where the fire was, he began
to look for the general and his staff where they

spite the general's presence were talking loudly and gesticulating. In front of them rows of gray cloaks were already visible through the smoke, and an officer catching sight of Bagration rushed shouting after the crowd of retreating soldiers, ordering them back. Bagration rode up to the ranks along which shots crackled

soldiers were blackened with it. Some were using their ramrods, others putting powder on the touchpans or taking charges from their pouches, while others were firing, though who they were firing at could not be seen for the smoke which there was no wind to carry away. A pleasant humming and whistling of bullets were often heard. What is this? thought Prince Andrew, approaching the crowd of soldiers. It can't be an attack for they are not moving; it can't be a square—for they are not drawn up for that.

The commander of the regiment, a thin feeble-looking old man with a pleasant smile—his eyelids drooping more than half over his old eyes, giving him a mild expression—rode up to Bagration and welcomed him as a host welcomes an honored guest. He reported that his regiment had been attacked by French cavalry and that, though the attack had been repulsed, he had lost more than half his men. He said

hour to the troops entrusted to him, and could not say with certainty whether the attack had been repulsed or his regiment had been broken up. All he knew was that at the commence-

ry! and our men had begun firing. They were still firing, not at the cavalry which had disappeared, but at French infantry who had come into the hollow and were firing at our men. Prince Bagration bowed his head as a sign that this was exactly what he had desired and expected. Turning to his adjutant he ordered him to bring down the two battalions of the Sixth Chasseurs whom they had just passed

into the water. The dull, sleepy expression was no longer there, nor the affectation of profound thought. The round, steady hawk's eyes

The commander of the regiment turned to Prince Bagration, entreating him to go back, as it was too dangerous to remain where they were. 'Please your excellency for God's sake!' he kept saying, glancing for support at an officer of the suite who turned away from him. 'Here you see! and he drew attention to the bullets whistling, singing and hissing continually around them. He spoke in the tone of entreaty and reproach that a carpenter uses to a gentleman who has picked up an axe. 'We are used to it, but you, sir, will blister your hands.' He spoke as if those bullets could not kill him.

ply, he only gave an order to cease firing and reform, so as to give room for the two approaching battalions. While he was speaking the curtain of smoke that had concealed the

hand and the plume moving about on it, opened out before them. All eyes fastened involuntarily on this French column advancing against them and winding down over the uneven ground. One could already see the soldiers' shaggy caps, distinguish the officers from the men, and see the standard slipping against its staff.

They march splendidly, remarked some one in Bagration's suite.

The head of the column had already descended into the hollow. The clash would take place on this side of it.

The remains of our regiment which had been

est to Bagration, he arched a company commander, a fine round-faced man with a stupid and happy expression—the same man who had

ply resolute on you see on the face of a man on a hot day takes a final run before plunging

the commander

With the self-satisfaction of a man on pa-

"If only they would be quick," thought Rostov, feeling that at last the time had come to experience the joy of an attack of which he had so often heard from his fellow hussars.

"Forward, with God! Lad's legs out! Denisov to the rear! At twice the pace!"

The horses croaked and began to sway in the front line. Rook pulled at the reins and started for his own column.

Before him, on the right, Rostov saw the front lines of his hussars and till farther ahead a dark line which he could not see distinctly, but took to be the enemy. Shots could be heard, but from a way off.

Faster! came the word of command, and Rostov felt Rook's flanks droop as he broke into a gallop.

Rostov anticipated his horse's movements and became more and more elated. He had noticed a solitary tree ahead of him. The tree had been in the middle of the line that had seemed so terrible—and now he had crossed the line and not only was there the terrible, but everything was becoming more and more happy and animated. Oh, how I will slash them! thought Rostov, gripping the hilt of his sabre.

Hurrah! came a roar of voices. Let come my way now, thought Rostov, driving his spurs to Rook and letting him go to full gallop so that he outstripped the others. Ahead, the enemy was already visible. Suddenly something like a birch broom seemed to sweep over the squadron. Rostov raised his sabre ready to strike, but at that instant the trooper Nikita, who was galloping ahead, shot away from him, and Rostov felt as in a dream that he could be carried forward with unnatural speed but yet stayed on the same spot. From behind him Bondarchuk, a hussar he knew well, galloped against him and looked anxiously at him. Bondarchuk's horse swerved and galloped past.

How is it? am not mortally wounded, I am killed. Rostov asked and answered the same thing. He was alone in the middle of the field. Instead of the moving horses and hussars' backs, he saw nothing before him but the motionless earth and the hubbub around him. There was warm blood under his arm. "No! I am wounded and the horse is killed. Rook tried to rise on his forelegs but fell back, putting his rider down. Blood was flowing from his head. He struggled but could not rise. Rostov tried to rise but fell back, his sabretache having become entangled in the saddle. Where

our men were, and where the French, he did not know. There was no one near.

He dismounted and his leg hurt. "Where on which side, was now the line that had so sharply divided the two armies," he asked himself and could not answer. "Can something have happened to me?" he wondered as he

examined his leg. Ah, here are people coming, he thought joyfully seeing some men running toward him. "They will help me. In front came a man wearing a Russian shako and a blue cloak swarthy sunburned, and with a hooked nose. Then came two more and many more running behind. One of them said something in Russian. In coming the hindmost of these men wearing military haks was a Russian hussar. He was being held by the reins and his horse was being led behind him.

It must be of our prisoner. Yes. Can it be that they will take me too? Who are these men? thought Rostov, scarcely believing his eyes. Can they be French? He looked at the approaching Frenchmen, and though but a moment before he had been galloping, he got

no. Can they be coming to me? And why do they kill me? He whom everyone is so fond of? He remembered his mother's face and his

realized the situation. The foremost Frenchman the one with the hooked nose was so ready so close that the expression of his face could be seen. And then, excited, he felt that that man's bayonet had come down holding his death, and running so lightly frightened

show the catchplay now and then turning his

could not possibly be and so did not deliver the order

The command of the left flank belonged by seniority to the commander of the regiment Kutuzov had reviewed at Braunau and in which Dólokhov was serving as a private But the command of the extreme left flank had been assigned to the commander of the Pávlograd regiment in which Rostóv was serving and a mis understanding arose The two commanders were much exasperated with one another and long after the action had begun on the right flank and the French were already advancing were engaged in discussion with the sole object of offending one another But the regiments both cavalry and infantry were by no means ready for the impending action From privates to general they were not expecting a battle and were engaged in peaceful occupations the cavalry feeding the horses and the infantry collecting wood

He higher iss dan I in rank said the German colonel of the hussars flushing and addressing an adjutant who had ridden up so let him do what he will but I cannot sacrifice my hussars Bugler sound ze retreat!

But haste was becoming imperative Cannon and musketry mingling together thundered on the right and in the center while the capotes of Lannes sharpshooters were already seen crossing the milldam and forming up within twice the range of a musket shot The general in command of the infantry went toward his horse with jerky steps and having mounted drew himself up very straight and tall and rode to the Pávlograd commander The commanders met with polite bows but with secret malevolence in their hearts

I beg of you yourself not to mix in what is not your business! suddenly replied the irate colonel If you were in the cavalry

I am not in the cavalry Colonel but I am a Russian general and if you are not aware of the fact

Quite aware your excellency suddenly shouted the colonel touching his horse and turning purple in the face Will you be so good to come to the front and see what this position is or not? I don't wish to destroy my men for your pleasure!

You forget yourself Colonel I am not considering my own pleasure and I won't

allow it to be said!

Taking the colonel's outburst as a challenge to his courage the general expanded his chest and rode frowning beside him to the front line as if their differences would be settled there amongst the bullets They reached the front several bullets sped over them and they halted in silence There was nothing fresh to be seen from the line for from where they had been before it had been evident that it was impossible for cavalry to act among the bushes and broken ground as well as that the French

title each vainly trying to detect signs of cowardice in the other Both passed the examination successfully As there was nothing to be said and neither wished to give occasion for it to be alleged that he had been the first to leave the range of fire they would have remained there for a long time testing each other's courage had it not been that just then they heard the rattle of musketry and a muffled shout almost behind them in the wood The French had attacked the men collecting wood in the copse It was no longer possible for the hussars to retreat with the infantry They were cut off from the line of retreat on the left by the French However inconvenient the position it was now necessary to attack in order to cut away through for themselves

The squadron in which Rostóv was serving had scarcely time to mount before it was halted facing the enemy Again as at the Enns bridge there the error

line of separating the living from the dead—lay between them All were conscious of this unseen line and the question whether they would cross it or not and how they would cross it, agitated them all

The colonel rode to the front angrily gave some reply to questions put to him by the officers and like a man desperately insisting on having his own way gave an order No one said anything definite but the rumor of an attack spread through the squadron The command to form up rang out and the sabers whizzed as they were drawn from their scabbards Still no one moved The troops of the left flank infantry and hussars alike felt that the commander did not himself know what to do and this irresolution communicated itself to the men

"If only they would be quick! thou hit Rostov! feel that! It is the time had come to experience the joy of an attack of which he had often heard from his fellow hussars.

Forward, with God, lads! Forward! Denisov roared. At that word

The horses crossed began to waver. The first of them, Rook pulled them round and started of his own accord.

Before him, the right, Rostov saw the two lines of his hussars and still farther ahead dark line which he could not see distinctly. He took to be the enemy. Shots could be heard, but some way off.

Forward! came the word of command. Rostov! Rostov's flanks drooped. He broke into gallop.

Rostov anticipated his horse's movements and became more and more excited. He had noticed solitary tree ahead of him. The tree had been in the middle of the line that had seemed so terrible—and now he had crossed that line and not only was there nothing there. But everything was becoming more and more happy and animated. Oh, how I will slash at him! thought Rostov, gripping the hilt of his saber.

Here! ah! came the voice. Let us go on my way now, thou hit Rostov driving his pike to Rook and letting him go to full gallop so that he stripped the others ahead. The enemy was already visible. Suddenly something like birch broom seemed sweep over the squadron. Rostov raised his saber ready to strike, but then he saw the trooper Nikolenko who was galloping ahead. He was from him. Rostov felt as if he were being carried forward with unnatural speed but it lasted only a few moments. From behind him Bondarchuk, a hussar he knew well, was not him and looked angrily at him. Bondarchuk's horse swerved and galloped past.

How is it! am I no longer alive? I have been killed! Rostov asked and answered it himself. Instantly he was also in the middle of the line. He saw nothing, but he felt the motionless earth and the struggle around him. There was arms blood under his arm. He was wounded and his horse killed. Rostov tried to rise on his forelegs but fell back, pressing his rider. Blood was flowing from his head. He struggled but could not rise. Rostov also tried to rise but fell back, his sabretache having become entangled in the saddle. Where

our men were, and where the French, he did not know. There was no one near.

He indignantly led his horse. "Where on which side was now the line that had so sharply divided the two armies? he asked himself. He could not answer. Can something had happened to him? He wondered as he got up and that moment he felt that something superfluous was hanging on his numb left arm. The wrist felt as if it were not his. He examined his hand carefully, vainly trying to find blood on it. Ah, here are people coming, he thought joyfully, seeing some men running toward him. "They will help me. In front came a man wearing strange hako and blue cloak, swarthy, sunburned, and with a hooked nose. Then came two more and many more running behind. One of them said something strange, not in Russian. In among the midst of these men wearing many shakos was Russian hussar. He was being held by the Russian and his horse was being led behind him.

It must be one of ours, a prisoner, yes. Can it be that they will take me too? Who are these men? thou hit Rostov scarcely believing. Yes, yes. Can they be French? He looked at the Frenchmen and thought but a

Can they be coming at me? A voice asked him. He remembered his mother's face, his family, and his friends and the enemy's intention to kill him seemed impossible. But perhaps they may catch him. For more than ten seconds he stood, moving from the spot or rather in the situation. The farthest Frenchman the one with the hooked nose was already so close that the expression of his face could be seen. And the excited, almost face of that man, his bayonet hanging down, held his breath, drawing so lightly frightened Rostov. He seized his pistol, in stead of firing, he ran at the Frenchman and ran with all his might toward the bushes. He did not now run with the feeling of doubt and conflict which he had trodden in the Enns bridge, but with the feeling of hare fleeing from the hounds. One single sentiment, that of fear for his young and happy life possessed his whole being. Rapidly leaping the furrows he fled across the field with the impetuosity he used to show at catchplay now and then turning his

good natured pale young face to look back. A shudder of terror went through him. No bet

ties had arrived. Would this disorderly crowd of soldiers attend to the voice of their commander?

round the first man changed his run to a walk and turning shouted something loudly to a comrade farther back. Rostov paused. No there's some mistake, thought he. They can't have wanted to kill me. But at the same time his left arm felt as heavy as if a seventy pound weight were tied to it. He could run no more. The Frenchman also stopped and took aim. Rostov closed his eyes and stooped down. One bullet and then another whistled past him. He mustered his last remaining strength, took hold of his left hand with his right and reached the bushes. Behind these were some Russian sharpshooters.

CHAPTER XX

THE INFANTRY regiments that had been caught unawares in the outskirts of the wood ran out of it, the different companies getting mixed and retreated as a disorderly crowd. One soldier in his fear uttered the senseless cry, Cut off! that is so terrible in battle and that word infected the whole crowd with a feeling of panic.

Surrounded! Cut off! We're lost! shouted the fugitives.

The moment he heard the firing and the cry from behind, the general realized that something dreadful had happened to his regiment and the thought that he, an exemplary officer of many years' service who had never been to blame, might be held responsible at headquarters for negligence or inefficiency so staggered him that forgetting the recalcitrant cavalry colonel, his own dignity as a general and above all quite forgetting the danger and all regard for self-preservation, he clutched the crupper of his saddle and spurring his horse galloped to the regiment under a hail of bullets which fell around but fortunately missed him. His one desire was to know what was happening and at any cost correct or remedy the mistake if he had made one, so that he, an exemplary officer of twenty-two years' service who had never been censured, should not be held to blame.

his furious purple countenance distorted, not of all likeness to his former self, and the first

fate of battles was as evidently culminating in a panic.

The general had a fit of coughing as a result of shouting and of the powder smoke and stopped in despair. Everything seemed lost but at that moment the French who were attack

selves in the copse. It was Timókhin's company which alone had maintained its order in the wood and having him in ambush in a ditch now attacked the French unexpectedly. Timókhin armed only with a sword had rushed at the enemy with such a desperate cry and such mad drunken determination that taken by surprise the French had thrown down their muskets and run. Dolokhov, running beside Timókhin, killed a Frenchman at close quarters and was the first to seize the surrendering French officer by his collar. Our fugitives returned, the battalions reformed and the French who had nearly cut our left flank in half were for the moment repulsed. Our reserve units were able to join up and the fight was at an end. The regimental commander and Major Ekonov had stopped beside a bridge, letting the retreating companies pass by them when a soldier came up and took hold of the commander's stirrup almost leaning against him. The man was wearing a bluish coat of broadcloth, he had no knapsack or equipment, his head was bandaged and over his shoulder a French munition pouch was slung. He had an officer's sword in his hand. The soldier was pale, his blue eyes looked impudently into the commander's face and his lips were smiling.

said Dolokhov, pointing to the French sword and pouch. I have taken an officer prisoner. I stopped the company. Dolokhov breathed heavily from exertion and spoke in abrupt sentences. The whole company can bear witness

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enemy's cannon balls from the flushed and wanted to say A cannon ball flying close to him caused him to duck and bend over his

from the sight of an insect as a world of his own had taken possession of his brain and at that moment afforded him pleasure The enemy's guns were in his fancy not guns but pipes from which occasional puffs were blown by an invisible smoker

There he's puffing again muttered Tushin to himself as a small cloud rose from the hill and was borne in a streak to the left by the wind

Now look out for the ball we'll throw it back

What do you want your honor? asked an artilleryman standing close by who heard him muttering

Nothing only a shell he answered

Come along our Matvévna! he said to himself Matvévna was the name his fancy gave to the farthest gun of the battery which was large and of an old pattern The French swarming round their guns seemed to him like ants In that world the handsome drunkard Number One of the second gun's crew was uncle Tushin looked at him more often than at any one else and took delight in his every movement The sound of musketry at the foot of the hill now diminishing now increasing seemed like someone's breathing He listened intently to the ebb and flow of these sounds

Ah! Breathing again breathing! he muttered to himself

He imagined himself as an enormously tall

let me down! he was saying as he moved from the gun when a strange unfamiliar voice called above his head Captain Tushin! Captain!

voice

Are you mad? You have twice been ordered to retreat and you

Why are they down on me? thought Tushin looking in alarm at his superior

I don't he muttered holding up two fingers to his cap I

But the staff officer did not finish what he Daughter of Mathew

distance

The soldiers laughed A moment later an adjutant arrived with the same order

It was Prince Andrew The first thing he saw on riding up to the space where Tushin's guns were stationed was an unharnessed horse with

other passed over as he approached and he felt a nervous shudder run down his spine But the mere thought of being afraid roused him again I cannot be afraid thought he and dismounted slowly among the guns He delivered the order and did not leave the battery He decided to have the guns removed from their positions and withdrawn in his presence Together with Tushin stepping across the bodies and under a terrible fire from the French he attended to the removal of the guns

A staff officer was here a minute ago but skipped off said an artilleryman to Prince Andrew Not like your honor!

Prince Andrew said nothing to Tushin They were both so busy as to seem not to notice one another When having limbered up the only two cannon that remained uninjured out of the four they began moving down the hill (one shattered gun and one unicorn were left behind) Prince Andrew rode up to Tushin

Well till we meet again he said holding out his hand to Tushin

Good by my dear fellow said Tushin Dear soul! Good by my dear fellow! and for some unknown reason tears suddenly filled his eyes

CHAPTER XXI

THE WIND had fallen and black clouds merging with the powder smoke hung low over the field of battle on the horizon It was growing dark and the glow of two conflagrations was the more conspicuous The cannonade was dying down but the rattle of musketry behind and on the right sounded oftener and nearer As soon as Tushin with his guns continually driving round or coming upon wounded men was out of range of fire and had descended in to the dip he was met by some of the staff

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had been tw ce ent to T shun s battery but
had ever reached t. Interrupt ng one anothe
r they ll ga e, d tra mitted rders as t
h to proceed, reprimand nd reproach

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pl ius

It wa pl th t this cad t had lready re-
peatedly asked f l t d be n fused He

f nte soldie A d where is th w u ded
flier?

H has been t d wn H died repl ed
someo e.

H lp h m up St d wn dear f ll w t
d wn Spread t th cloak A tó o

The cad t wa Rostó W th e h nd he
supported th other h was p le d h j w
trembled shu erin f erushly H w pl ed
o M t é v n a, the gun f m wh ch they h d
removed th dead flier Th cloak they p ead
der h m was w t w th blood which t ned
h b eeches d rm.

"What, are y w u ded my lad sa d Tú
sh pp oach the gu n w l u ch Rostó sat.

N pra n
"Then what th blood n the gun ca
nag inqu ed T hun

I was th off er y h ta ed t
an ered th artill ryman w p g way the

lesy

l nt gl nces as they w ted the r fate The fir
i g d ed down a d sold ers, talk g e gerly
streamed out of s de treet.

N t hurt Pet ó ? ked o e

"We e g en it em hot m tel! They w n t
make nother push n w sa d a oher

"You could t see a th n H w they hot at
the own fellows! Noth ng could be seen
P ich-da k, brother! I n t the someth ng to
dr k?

The F ch had be n repul ed for the l t
t me. And ga n a d ga n n the complete
darkness Tu h s gun m ed f rward s r
rou ded by th h m m u g fantry as by
frame

In the dark ess t seemed sthou hagloomy
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tu humm g w th whispers d talk and tle
so d f hools and wheels. Am d th general
rumbl the groa d vo ces f the wounded
w e m re d st ctly heard th n ny other
sound n th darkness of the n ght. Th gloom
that en el ped th army w s filled with the
groa s, which seemed to melt nto ne with the
dark ess f the n ght. After a wh le the m

g mass became ntated, someo e rode p t
n wh t h rise f llowed by his s te and
sa d someth a pass "What d d h say?
Where to now? H lt, is t? D d he th nk u
cam eager quest s f m ll des. The wh le
m g m s began press g close t gether
a d report spread th t they were o dered to
halt e dently th se fro t had halted All
em ed whe e they were n th m ddle of the
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F es were l fted nd the talk becam mo e
ud bl Capta n Tushun ha g g en orders
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esistibly masterin him but he was kept wake

I had grown so dark that co ld not dis-
t u h th u f rms t pa es fi d th
firi had be u t ub s de. S ddenly n ar by
the ight, sho t ng d firi g were ga n

enemys cannon balls from the flushed and

emys side (always followed by a ball flying past and striking the earth a man a gun a horse) from the sight of all these things a fantastic world of his own had taken possession of his brain and at that moment afforded him pleasure. The enemys guns were in his fancy not guns but pipes from which occasional puffs were blown by an invisible smoker.

There he s puffing again muttered Tushin to himself as a small cloud rose from the hill and was borne in a streak to the left by the wind.

Now look out for the ball we ll throw it back.

What do you want your honor? asked an artilleryman standing close by who heard him muttering.

Nothing only a shell he answered.

Come along our Matvévna! he said to himself. Matvévna was the name his fancy gave to the farthest gun of the battery which was large and of an old pattern. The French swarming round their guns seemed to him like ants. In that world the handsome drunkard Number One of the second guns crew was uncle. Tushin looked at him more often than at any one else and took delight in his every move.

tered to himself

He imagined himself as an enormously tall powerful man who was throwing cannon balls at the French with both hands.

Now then Matvévna dear old lady don t let me down! he was saying as he moved from the gun when a strange unfamiliar voice called above his head. Captain Tushin! Captain!

Tushin turned round in dismay. It was the stiff officer who had turned him out of the booth at Grunth. He was shouting in a gasping voice.

Are you mad? You have twice been ordered to retreat and you

Why are they down on me? thought Tu

wanted to say. A cannon ball flying close to him caused him to duck and bend over his horse. He paused and just as he was about to

distance

The soldiers laughed. A moment later an adjutant arrived with the same order.

It was Prince Andrew. The first thing he saw on riding up to the space where Tushin s guns were stationed was an unharnessed horse with a broken leg that lay screaming piteously beside the harnessed horses. Blood was gushing from its leg as from a spring. Among the limbers lay several dead men. One ball after another passed over as he approached and he felt a nervous shudder run down his spine. But the mere thought of being afraid roused him again. I cannot be afraid thought he and dismounted slowly among the guns. He delivered the order and did not leave the battery. He decided to have the guns removed from their positions and withdrawn in his presence. Together with Tushin stepping across the bodies and under a terrible fire from the French he attended to the removal of the guns.

A stiff officer was here a minute ago but skipped off said an artilleryman to Prince Andrew. Not like your honor!

Prince Andrew said nothing to Tushin. They were both so busy as to seem not to notice one another. When having limbered up the only two cannon that remained uninjured out of the four they began moving down the hill (one shattered gun and one uncorrupted were left behind). Prince Andrew rode up to Tushin.

Well till we meet again he said holding out his hand to Tushin.

Good by my dear fellow said Tushin. Dear soul! Good by my dear fellow! and for some unknown reason tears suddenly filled his eyes.

CHAPTER XXI

THE WIND had fallen and black clouds merging with the powder smoke hung low over the field of battle on the horizon. It was growing dark and the glow of two conflagrations as the more conspicuous. The cannonade was dying down but the rattle of musketry behind and on the right sounded oftener and nearer. As soon as Tushin with his guns continually

a French officer prisoner my presence and particular loyalty guarded himself

I saw the Palograd Hussars attack the excellent cavalry regiment Zhekov looking easily around. He had the Hussars with him about them from near and try for them. They broke into two squares, excellent

Several of those present smiled at Zhkov's words expressing of his usual jokes but understanding that what he was saying referred to the glory of our arms and of the day's work, they assumed serious expressions though many of them knew that what he was saying

was a task both to the gunnery and the flank battery that all the guns there had been doing this very beginning of the action. I think I sent you? He added to get the staff officer duty

Our was damaged, and the staff officer died there. I can understand it was there all the time going on and had only just finished. It is true that with it there he died modestly

Someone mentioned that Captain Tikhonov was back close to the line and had already been sent for

Oh, but they are there? said Prince Bagrat. Address P. And so

32

Prince Andrew coldly and abruptly

All were different. The preparation of the third line made him way to me. He had the batteries firing generally. He felt embarrassed as he always was by the sight of his personnel. He died the staff of the batteries and died. Several of those present laughed.

He was the gun was broken and asked Bagrat if he was so much with the captain as those who were in the line

O
surrender
the
peace

ror. He had been so excited that he had not thought about it until that moment. The officers' laughter confirmed his mistake. He stood before Bagrat with his lower jaw trembling and was hardly able to mutter, "I don't know your excellency. I had no means you excellent"

He might have taken some from the company troop

Tushon did not say that there were no other troops than that was perfectly true. He was afraid of getting some other officer to trouble himself with fixed his eyes on Bagrat as a schoolboy who has blundered looks at the examiner

Thelence laid some to me. Prince Bagrat apparently not wishing to be severe so

normally

Your excellency! Prince Andrew broke the line with his abruptness. They were pleased to send met Captain Tikhonov's battery. I went there and found two thirds of the men and horses killed. The gun was smashed, and no sports left

Prince Bagrat said Tushon looked with equal interest at Bolko who spoke with suppressed gratification

And if you excellency will allow me to express my opinion on his conduct, we are today's chess players to the extent of the battery. The hero died as the Captain Tushon died his company with the two wings. Reply Prince Andrew and I felt the noble

Prince Bagrat looked at Tushon's denials. He did not know distrust in Bolko's emphasis. He yet not feel grateful fully to credit to be the head and told Tushon that he could go. Prince Andrew went with him.

Thank you, you said me my dear fellow said Tushon

Prince Andrew gave him a look but said nothing and went away. He felt disappointed. It was all so strange so unlike what he had hoped.

What are they? Why are they here? What do they want. And when will all this end? The first look at the chaotic had a belief in him. The personal arm became more tense. Irresistible draws essence empowered him red in the face. He closed his eyes and the impression of those eyes faded and a sense of loneliness merged with the

beside him Tushin's large kind intelligent eyes were fixed with sympathy and commiseration on Rostov who saw that Tushin with his whole heart wished to help him but could not.

From all sides were heard the footsteps and talk of the infantry who were walking driving past and settling down all around. The sound of voices the tramping feet the horses' hoofs moving in mud the crackling of wood fires near and afar merged into one tremulous rumble.

It was no longer as before a dark unseen river flowing through the gloom but a dark sea swelling and gradually subsiding after a storm. Rostov looked at and listened listlessly to what passed before and around him. An infantryman came to the fire squatted on his heels held his hands to the blaze and turned away his face.

You don't mind your honor? he asked Tushin. I've lost my company your honor. I don't know where such bad luck!

With the soldier an infantry officer with a bandaged cheek came up to the bonfire and addressing Tushin asked him to have the guns moved a trifle to let a wagon go past. After he had gone two soldiers rushed to the campfire. They were quarreling and fighting desperately each trying to snatch from the other a boot they were both holding on to.

You picked it up? I dare say! You're very smart! one of them shouted hoarsely.

Then a thin pale soldier his neck banded with a bloodstained leg band came up and in angry tones asked the artillerymen for water.

Must one die like a dog? said he.

Tushin told them to give the man some water. Then a cheerful soldier ran up begging a little fire for the infantry.

A nice little hot torch for the infantry! Good luck to you fellow countrymen. Thanks for the fire—we'll return it with interest said he carrying away into the darkness a glowing stick.

Who the devil has put the logs on the road? snarled he.

He's dead—why carry him? said another.

Shut up!

And they disappeared into the darkness with their load.

Still aching? Tushin asked Rostov in a whisper.

Yes.

Your honor you're wanted by the general. He is in the hut here said a gunner coming up to Tushin.

Coming friend.

Tushin rose and buttoning his greatcoat and pulling it straight walked away from the fire.

Not far from the artillery campfire in a hut that had been prepared for him Prince Bagration sat at dinner talking with some commanding officers who had gathered at his quarters. The little old man with the half-closed eyes was there greedily gnawing a mutton bone and the general who had served blamelessly for

them all and Prince Andrew pressed lips and feverishly glittering eyes.

In a corner of the hut stood a standard captured from the French and the accountant with the naive face was feeling its texture shaking his head in perplexity—perhaps because the banner really interested him perhaps because it was hard for him hungry as he was to look on at a dinner where there was no place for him. In the next hut there was a French colonel who had been taken prisoner by our dragoons. Our officers were flocking in to look at him. Prince Bagration was thanking the individual commanders and inquiring into details of the action and our losses. The general whose regiment had been inspected at Braunau was informing the prince that as soon as the action began he had withdrawn from the wood mustered the men who were woodcutting and allowing the French to pass him had made a layonet charge with two battalions and had broken up the French troops.

When I saw your excellency that their first battalion was disorganized I stopped in the road and thought I'll let them come on and I will meet them with the fire of the whole battalion—and that's what I did.

The general had so wished to do this and

French officer prisoner in my presence and particularly distressed himself.

I saw the Polish hussars attack there your excellency chimed in Zherk looking easily at it. He had not seen the hussars at that distance but had heard about them from an Irish officer. "They broke up two squares, our excellency."

Several of those present smiled at Zherk's words, expecting in his usual jokes, but noting that what he was saying reflected the glory of our arms and of the day's work, they assumed a serious expression though many of them knew that what he was saying was devoid of any foundation. Prince Bagration turned to the old colonel.

"General, I thank you all. All arms have behaved heroically. Infantry, cavalry, and artillery. How was it that two guns were abandoned in the center? he inquired, searching with his eyes for someone. (Prince Bagration did not ask about the guns on the left flank, he knew that all the guns there had been abandoned at a very beginning of the action.) "I think I sent you," he added, turning to the staff officer on duty.

"One was damaged," answered the staff officer, "and the other I can understand. I was there all the time giving orders and had no spare. It is true that it was not there, but it is not a disaster."

Someone mentioned that Captain Tushin was wounded close to the edge and had already been sent for.

"Oh, but you were there," said Prince Bagration, addressing Prince Andrew.

"Of course, we were just massed on another side," said the officer with some embarrassment.

"I had no time to get to you," said Prince Andrew cold and brusque.

All were silent. Tushin appeared, the wounded and pale as wax, unable to be helped back to the general. As he stepped past the general in the crowded tent, feeling embarrassed as he always was by the sight of his superior, he did not notice the smile of the general and stumbled over several of those present lying on the ground.

"How was the gun abandoned?" asked Bagration, frowning, not so much at the captain as at those who were laughing among themselves at a laughing matter.

Only now when he was confronted by the general's question, did his own and the danger of having lost two guns and of having a great number of guns in all their hands

He had been so excited that he had not thought about it until that moment. The officers further confused him still more. He stood before Bagration with his lower jaw trembling and was hardly able to mutter: "I don't know your excellency. I had no men in our excellency."

"You must have taken some from the other troops."

Tushin did not say that there were no other troops, though that was perfectly true. He was afraid of setting some other officer to trouble and silently fixed his eyes on Bagration as schoolboy who has blundered looks at an examiner.

The silence lasted some time. Prince Bagration appeared not to wish to be severe, found nothing to say, the others did not venture to intervene. Prince Andrew looked at Tushin from under his brows and his fingers twitched nervously.

"Your excellency," Prince Andrew broke the silence with his abrupt voice. "You were pleased to send me to Captain Tushin's battery. I went there and found two thirds of the men and horses knocked out, two guns smashed, and no supports at all."

"Prince Bagration and Tushin looked with equal interest at Bolikonski, who spoke with suppressed animation.

"And, if your excellency will allow me to express my opinion," he continued, "we owe you a success chiefly to the action of that battery and the heroic endurance of Captain Tushin and his company and without waiting."

Replying Prince Andrew rose and left the table.

"Thank you, you saved me my dear fellow," said Tushin.

Prince Andrew gave him a look, but said nothing and went away. He felt sad and depressed. It was all so strange, so unlike what he had hoped.

"Who are they? Where are they here. What do they want? And when will all this end?" thought Rostov looking at the changing shadows before him. The pain in his arm became more and more intense. Irritation, drowsiness overpowered him, red rings danced before his eyes, and the impression of low voices and faces and a sense of loneliness merged with the

physical pain. It was they these soldiers—wounded and unwounded—it was they who were crushing weighing down and twisting the sinews and scorching the flesh of his sprained arm and shoulder. To rid himself of them he closed his eyes.

and Ieyanina and

and Bogdanich. That affair was the same thing as this soldier with the harsh voice and it was that affair and this soldier that were so agonizingly incessantly pulling and pressing his arm and always dragging it in one direction. He tried to get away from them but they would

to get rid of them

to get rid of them

to get rid of them

He opened his eyes and looked up. The black canopy of night hung less than a yard above the glow of the charcoal. Flakes of fall

ing snow were fluttering in that light. Tushin had not returned the doctor had not come. He was alone now except for a soldier who was sitting naked at the other side of the fire warming his thin yellow body.

Nobody wants me! thought Rostov.

There is no one to help me or pity me. Yet I was once at home strong happy and loved. He sighed and doing so groaned involuntarily.

Eh is anything hurting you? asked the soldier shaking his shirt out over the fire and not waiting for an answer he gave a grunt and added. What a lot of men have been crippled today—frightful!

Rostov did not listen to the soldier. He looked at the snowflakes fluttering above the fire and remembered a Russian winter at his warm bright home his fluffy fur coat his quickly gliding sleigh his healthy body and all the affection and care of his family. And why did I come here? he wondered.

Next day the French army did not renew their attack and the remnant of Bagration's detachment was reunited to Kutuzov's army.

Book Three 1805

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CHAPTER I

— had liberat ly

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respected. His whole time was taken up with dinners and balls and was spent chiefly at Prince Vasilis' house in the company of the princess, his wife and his beautiful daughter Hélène.

Like the others, André Pavlovich Schérier showed Perré the change of attitude toward him that had taken place in society.

Formerly, André Pavlovich's presence, Perré had always felt that what he was saying was that of a place tactless and unbecomingly that remarks which seemed to him clever while they formed him and became foolish as soon as he uttered them while in the contrary Hippolyte's pretensions came out clever and pitiful. Now everything Perré said was harmful to André Pavlovich. André Pavlovich did not say so he could see that he wished to do only refrain to reward for his modesty.

In the beginning of the winter of 1805-6 Perré received a letter from André Pavlovich's usual punktes with invitation to which was added "I will find the beautiful Hélène here, whom it is always delightful to see."

When he read that sentence Perré felt

commanded on a battlefield to whom thousands of new and brilliant ideas occur which there is hardly time to put in action—see Perré touched his sleeve with her finger say "not so."

let Perré go.

Perré replied sincerely agreed with her as to Hélène's perfection for a man. If he ever thought of Hélène, it was just of her beauty and her remarkable skill in appearance, silently dignified in society.

The old knight received the two young people in her corner but seemed desirous of leaving her door for Hélène and declined rather than how her fear of Ann Pavlovna. She looked at her niece as inquiring what he was to do with these people. Olena greeted them. André Pavlovich gave her a look. Perré's sleep came. "I hope you won't say that it is still in my house as usual and he glided at Hélène."

Hélène smiled, with a look implying that he did not admit the possibility of anyone recognizing her without being charmed. They talked, swam, walked, and said in French that he was very pleased to see Hélène, that he turned to Perré with the same words of welcome. In the middle of dull and half-conscious Hélène turned to Perré with the beautiful bright smile that she gave to everyone. Perré was so used to that smile and had so little mean feeling, that he did not think of it. The unit was just peaks of collection of boxes that had belonged to Perré's father, Count Bezukho. He showed them her own box. Princess Hélène asked to see the portrait of the unit husband and the box lid.

"This is probably the work of Vinesse," said

him which counts as a group as a humankind. André Pavlovich proposed. André Pavlovich At Home was like the former only that he offered her guests this time as a reminder of the details of the Emperor Alexander VI to the President and showed the two guests had pledged themselves an dissoluble alliance to uphold the cause of justice against the enemy of the human race. André Pavlovich received Perré with his familiarly evocative relation of the voice made it less by the death of Count Bezukho (everyone could tell by the considered duty to assure Perré that he was greatly affected by the death of his father who had hardly known) and her melancholy was just like the gust of cholera which he had

till. The large group in which were Prince Vasilis and the general had been fit of the diplomat. Another group was at the tea table. Perré wished to join the former but André Pavlovich—how was in the excited condition of a

began knitting a striped scarf for him
Do this for my sake *mon cher* after all she
had to put up with a great deal from the de-
ceased said Prince Vasilii to him handing him
a deed to sign for the princess benefit

Prince Vasilii had come to the conclusion
that it was necessary to throw this bone—a bill
for thirty thousand rubles—to the poor prin-
cess that it might not occur to her to speak of
his share in the affair of the inlaid portfolio
Pierre signed the deed and after that the prin-
cess grew still kinder The younger sisters also
became affectionate to him especially the
youngest the pretty one with the mole who
often made him feel confused by her smiles
and her own confusion when meeting him

altered We start tomorrow and I'm giving
you a place in my carriage I am very glad All

asked him for you and you have been entered
in the diplomatic corps and made a Gentleman
of the Bedchamber The diplomatic career now
lies open before you

Notwithstanding the tone of wearied assur-
ance with which these words were pronounced,
Pierre who had so long been considering his
career wished to make some suggestion But
Prince Vasilii interrupted him in the special
deep cooing tone precluding the possibility of
interrupting his speech which he used in ex-
treme cases when special persuasion was need-
ed

Mais mon cher I did this for my own sake
to satisfy my conscience and there is nothing
to thank me for No one has ever complained

could not but believe in the sincerity of those
around him Besides he had no time to ask
himself whether these people were sincere or
not He was always busy and always felt in a
state of mild and cheerful intoxication He
felt as though he were the center of some im-

Vasilii sighed Yes yes my boy And my wife
can go in your carriage Ah! I was nearly for-
getting he added You know *mon cher* your
father and I had some accounts to settle so I
have received what was due from the Ryazan
estate and will keep it you must require it
We'll go into the accounts later

By what was due from the Ryazan estate
Prince Vasilii meant several thousand rubles
quittance received from Pierre's peasants which
the prince had retained for himself

In Petersburg as in Moscow Pierre found
the same atmosphere of gentleness and affec-
tion He could not refuse the post or rail or
the rank (for he did nothing) that Prince Va-
silii had procured for him and acquaintances
invitations and social occupations were so num-
erous that even more than in Moscow he felt
a sense of bewilderment bustle and continual
expectation of some good always in front of
him but never attained

Of his former bachelor acquaintances many

but still that happy result always remained in
the future

More than anyone else Prince Vasilii took
possession of Pierre's affairs and of Pierre him-
self in those early days From the death of
Count Bezukhov he did not let go his hold of
the lad He had the air of a man oppressed by
business weary and suffering who yet would
not for pity's sake leave this helpless youth
who after all was the son of his old friend and
the possessor of such enormous wealth to the
caprice of fate and the designs of rogues Dur-
ing the few days he spent in Moscow after the
death of Count Bezukhov he could call Pierre
or go to him himself and tell him what ought
to be done in a tone of weariness and assurance
as if he were adding every time You know I

if here in the provinces Prince Andrew was

eyes and fingering Pierre's elbow I could say as
if he were saying something which had long
since been agreed upon and could not now be

respected. His whole time was taken up with dinners and balls and was spent chiefly at Prince Vasil's house in the company of the stout princess, his wife, and his beautiful daughter Hélène.

Like the others, Anna Pavlovna Schéerer showed Pierre the chance of intimacy toward him that had taken place in society.

Formerly in Anna Pavlovna's presence, Pierre had always felt that what he was saying was tactless and unbecoming; that remarks which seemed to him clever while they formed in his mind became foolish as he uttered them, while on the contrary Hippolyte's stupidest remarks came out clever. Now everything Pierre said was heard. Even if Anna Pavlovna did not say so he could see that he wished to and only refrained to reward his modesty.

In the beginning of the winter of 1866 Pierre received from Anna Pavlovna usual packages with invitations to which was added, "You will find the beautiful Hélène here, whom it is always delightful to see."

When he read that sentence, Pierre felt for the first time that some link which other people recognized had grown up between himself and Hélène, and that this link both alarmed him, as if some obligation were being imposed on him which he could not fulfill, and pleased him as an entreaty to propose it.

Anna Pavlovna. At Home was like the former society. Elysée flattered her guests.

the human race. Anna Pavlovna received Pierre with her melancholy and only relating the very recent loss by the death of Count Bezukhov (every constant consolation) and tried to assure Pierre that he was greatly affected by the death of the father he had hardly known and her melancholy was just like the usual melancholy he showed to the men in her most trusted society the Empress Marya Fedorovna. Pierre felt flattered by this. Anna Pavlovna arranged the different groups in her drawing-room with her habitual. The large group in which were Prince Vasil and the generals, had to be fit of the diplomat. Another group was the table. Pierre wished to join the former but Anna Pavlovna—who was in the excited condition of a

commander on a battlefield to whom thousands of new and brilliant ideas occur which there is hardly time to put in action—seeing Pierre touched his sleeve with his finger saying—

"What a beautiful something it is! You this evening" (She glanced at Hélène and smiled at her) "My dear Hélène be charming to me—"

— who adores you Go and keep

"Isn't she exquisite?" he pointed to the lately beauty as she led a way. And how she carries herself! For so young girl such tact such masterly perfection of manner! It comes from her heart. Hippolyte the man who was here! With her the least wordly of men would occupy most brilliant position in society. Don't you think so? I only wanted to know your opinion and Anna Pavlovna let Pierre go.

Pierre sincerely agreed with her as to Hélène's perfectness of manner. If he ever thought of Hélène it was just of her beauty and her remarkable skill in appearing silently and disappearing in society.

The old aunt received the two young people in her corner but seemed desirous of hindering their conversation. Hélène and dined rather to her wherefore of Anna Pavlovna. She looked at him as he was to do

again and he glanced at Hélène.

Hélène smiled, with a look implying that she did not doubt the possibility of anyone seeing her with out being enchanted. The aunt coughed, swallowed, and said in French that he was very pleased to see Hélène then he turned to Pierre with the same words of welcome and the same look. In the middle of dull conversation Hélène turned to Pierre with the beautiful bright smile that she gave to everyone. Pierre was so used to that smile and that so little meaning for him, that he paid no attention to it. The aunt was just peaking of collecting the snuffboxes that had belonged to Pierre's father Count Bezukhov and showed them her own box. Princess Hélène asked to see the portrait of the aunt's husband on the box lid.

"That is probably the work of Vassilievsky" said

began knitting a striped scarf for him

Do this for my sake *mon cher* after all she had to put up with a great deal from the deceased said Prince Vasili to him handing him a deed to sign for the princess benefit

Prince Vasili had come to the conclusion that it was necessary to throw this bone—a bill for thirty thousand rubles—to the poor princess that it might not occur to her to speak of his share in the affair of the inland portfolio Pierre signed the deed and after that the princess grew still kinder The younger sisters also became affectionate to him especially the youngest the pretty one with the mole who often made him feel confused by her smiles and her own confusion when meeting him

It seemed so natural to Pierre that everyone should like him and it would have seemed so unnatural had anyone disliked him that he could not but believe in the sincerity of those around him Besides he had no time to ask himself whether these people were sincere or not He was always busy and always felt in a state of mild and cheerful intoxication He felt as though he were the center of some important and general movement that something was constantly expected of him that if he did not do it he would grieve and disappoint many people but if he did this and that all would be well and he did what was demanded of him but still that happy result always remained in the future

More than anyone else Prince Vasili took possession of Pierre's affairs and of Pierre himself in those early days From the death of Count Pechukhov he did not let go his hold of the lad He had the air of a man oppressed by business weary and suffering who yet would not for pity's sake leave this helpless youth who after all was the son of his old friend and the possessor of such enormous wealth to the

altered We start tomorrow and I'm giving you a place in my carriage I am very glad All our important business here is now settled and I ought to have been off long ago Here is some thing I have received from the chancellor I asked him for you and you have been entered in the diplomatic corps and made a Gentleman of the Bedchamber The diplomatic career now lies open before you

Notwithstanding the tone of wearied assurance with which these words were pronounced, Pierre who had so long been considering his career wished to make some suggestion But Prince Vasili interrupted him in the special deep cooing tone precluding the possibility of interrupting his speech which he used in extreme cases when special persuasion was needed

Mais *mon cher* I did this for my own sake to satisfy my conscience and there is nothing to thank me for No one has ever complained yet of being too much loved and besides you are free you could throw it up tomorrow But you will see everything for yourself when you get to Petersburg It is high time for you to get away from these terrible recollections Prince Vasili sighed Yes yes my boy And my valet can go in your carriage Ah! I was nearly for getting he added You know *mon cher* your father and I had some accounts to settle so I have received what was due from the Ryzan estate and will keep it you won't require it We'll go into the accounts later

By what was due from the Ryzan estate Prince Vasili meant several thousand rubles quitrent received from Pierre's peasants which the prince had retained for himself

In Petersburg as in Moscow Pierre found the same atmosphere of gentleness and affection He could not refuse the post or rather the rank (for he did nothing) that Prince Vasili had procured for him and acquaintances invitations and social occupations were so numerous that even more than in Moscow he felt a sense of bewilderment bustle and continual expectation of some good always in front of him but never attained

Of his former bachelor acquaintances many were no longer in Petersburg The Guards had gone to the front D. Iokhov had been reduced to the ranks Anatole was in the army some where in the provinces Prince Andrew was abroad so Pierre had not the opportunity to spend his nights as he used to like to spend them or to open his mind by intimate talks with a friend older than himself and whom he

or go to him himself and tell him what ought to be done in a tone of weariness and assurance as if he were adding every time You know I am overwhelmed with business and it is purely out of charity that I trouble myself about you and you also know quite well that what I propose is the only thing possible

Well my dear fellow tomorrow we are off

and looks and the words and looks of those who had seen them together. He recalled Anna Pavlovna's words and looks when she spoke to him about his house, recalled thousands of such hints from Prince Vasili and others, and was seized by terror lest he had already in some way bound himself to do something that was contrary to what he ought not to do. But at the very time he was expressing this conviction to himself, in another part of his mind her image rose in all its womanly beauty

CHAPTER II

As neglected estates, the same time and place, up to now Anatole where his regiment was stationed, and take him to visit Prince Nicholas Koltousski in order to arrange a match for him with the daughter of that rich old man. But before leaving home and undertaking these new affairs, Prince Vasili had to settle matters with Pierre, who, as it were, had lately spent whole days at home that is, in Prince Vasili's house where he was staying, and had been heard, excited, and foolish in Helen's presence (as a lover should be), but had not yet proposed to her.

"This is all very fine but times must be set," said Prince Vasili to himself, with sorrowful sigh, one morning, feeling that Pierre who was under such obligations to him ("But never mind that") was not behaving, very well in this matter. Youth, frivolity, well, God be with him, thought he, relishing his own goodness of heart, "but must be brought to head. The day after tomorrow will be Helene's name day. I will invite two or three people, and if he does not understand what he ought to do then, will be my affair—yes, my affair I am her father."

A few weeks after Anna Pavlovna's. A Homage and the sleepless night when he had decided that to marry Helene would be calamitous and that he ought to void her and so was Pierre, deep in this decision, had not left Prince Vasili and felt with error that in proportion to his every day more and more connected with her was impossible for him to return to his former conception of her that he could not break away from her and that though it would be terrible, better he would do so than his life with her. He might perhaps have been able to free himself but that Prince Vasili (who had rarely before given receptions) now

hardly let days go by without his new evening party to which Pierre had to be present unless he wished to spoil the general pleasure and disappoint everyone's expectation. Prince Vasili, in the rare moments when he was at home, would take Pierre's hand to pass and draw it downwards, or absent-mindedly hold out his wrinkled, clean-shaven cheek for Pierre to kiss and would say "Till tomorrow or before dinner or I shall not see you," or "I am staying in for your sake, and so on. And though Prince Vasili, when he stayed in (as he said) for Pierre's sake, hardly exchanged a couple of words with him, Pierre felt unable to drop point him. Every day he said to himself on and the same thing. It is true I understand her and made up my mind what she really is. Well, I mistaken before, or am I mistaken now? No, she is not stupid, she is an excellent girl, but sometimes said to himself, she never makes mistake, never says anything stupid. She is intelligent but what she does is always clear and simple, so she is not stupid. She never was

Pierre her superiority. She was right in regard to all arguments as nonsense in comparison with the smile.

She always addressed him with a radiant confidence, meant for him alone in which there was something more significant than in the general smile that usually brightened her face. Pierre knew that everyone was waiting for him on his word and cross, certain line, and he knew that sooner or later he would step across it, but an incomprehensible terror seized him. He thought of that dreadful step. A thousand times during that month and half while he felt himself drawn nearer and nearer to that dreadful abyss, Pierre said to himself "What am I doing? I need resolution. Can be that I have no courage?"

He wished to take decision, but still with dismay that in this matter he lacked that strength of will which he had known in himself and really possessed. Pierre was one of those who are only strong when they feel themselves quite innocent, and once that day when he was empowered by feelings of desire while stood up to the snuffbox of Anna Pavlovna's, an unacknowledged sense of the

Pierre mentioning a celebrated miniaturist and he leaned over the table to take the snuff box while trying to hear what was being said at the other table

He half rose meaning to go round but the aunt handed him the snuff box passing it across Hélène's back. Hélène stooped forward to make room and looked round with a smile. She was as always at evening parties wearing a dress such as was then fashionable cut very low at front and back. Her bust which had always seemed like marble to Pierre was so close to him that his shortsighted eyes could not but perceive the living charm of her neck and shoulders so near to his lips that he need only have bent his head a little to have touched them. He was conscious of the warmth of her body the scent of perfume and the creaking of her corset as she moved. He did not see her marble beauty forming a complete whole with her dress but all the charm of her body only covered by her garments. And having once seen this he could not help being aware of it just as we can not renew an illusion we have once seen through.

So you have never noticed before how beautiful I am? Hélène seemed to say. You had not noticed that I am a woman? Yes I am a woman who may belong to anyone—to you too said her glance. And at that moment Pierre felt that Hélène not only could but must be his wife and that it could not be otherwise.

He knew this at that moment as surely as if he had been standing at the altar with her. How and when this would be he did not know he did not even know if it would be a good thing (he even felt he knew not why that it would be a bad thing) but he knew it would happen.

Pierre dropped his eyes lifted them again and wished once more to see her as a distant

who has been looking at a tuft of steppe grass through the mist and taking it for a tree can again take it for a tree after he has once recognized it to be a tuft of grass. She was terribly close to him. She already had power over him and between them there was no longer any barrier except the barrier of his own will.

Well I will leave you in your little corner came Anna Pávlovna's voice. I see you are all right there.

And Pierre anxiously trying to remember whether he had done anything reprehensible

looked round with a blush. It seemed to him that everyone knew what had happened to him as he knew it himself.

A little later when he went up to the large circle Anna Pávlovna said to him: I hear you are refitting your Petersburg house?

This was true. The architect had told him that it was necessary and Pierre without knowing why was having his enormous Petersburg house done up.

I know something about that. Don't it? And you are still so young. You need advice. Don't be angry with me for exercising an old woman's privilege.

She praised as women always do expecting something after they have mentioned their age.

If you marry it will be a different thing she continued uniting them both in one glance. Pierre did not look at Hélène nor she at him. But she was just as terribly close to him. He muttered something and colored.

understood that the woman he had known as a

might belong to him.

But she's stupid. I have myself said she is stupid he thought. There is something nasty something wrong in the feeling she excites in me. I have been told that her brother Anatole was in love with her and she with him, that there was quite a scandal and that that's why he was sent away. Hippolyte is her brother. Prince Vasilí is her father. It's bad he reflected but while he was think

she would love him and become quite different

whole body only veiled by its gray dress. But not. Why did this thought never occur to me

BOOK THREE

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CHAPTER II

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guilt of that desire paralyzed his will

On Hélène's name day a small party of just their own people—as his wife said—met for supper at Prince Vasil's. All these friends and relations had been given to understand that the fate of the young girl could be decided that evening. The visitors were seated at supper. Princess Kuragina, a portly imposing woman who had once been handsome, was sitting at the head of the table. On either side of her sat the more important guests—an old general and his wife and Anna Pavlovna Schérer. At the other end sat the younger and less important guests and there too sat the members of the family and Pierre and Hélène side by side. Prince Vasil was not having any supper. He went round the table in a merry mood sitting down now by one, now by another of the guests. To each of them he made some careless and agreeable remark except to Pierre and Hélène whose presence he seemed not to notice. He enlightened the whole party. The wax candles burned brightly, the silver and crystal gleamed, so did the ladies' toilets and the gold and silver of the men's sequels; servants in scarlet liveries moved round the table and the clatter of plates, knives and glasses mingled with the voices of the guests.

“You are a woman that he loved her passionately at which she laughed at the other could be heard the story of the misfortune of some Mary Viktorovna.”

A general of Petersburg had received and read the then famous rescript of the Emperor Alexander from the army to Sergéy Kuzmich in which the Emperor said that he was receiving from all sides declarations of the people's loyalty that the declaration from Petersburg gave him particular pleasure and that he was proud to be at the head of such a nation and would endeavor to be worthy of it. This rescript began with the words: “Sergéy Kuzmich, From all sides reports reach me etc.”

Well and so he never got farther than “Sergéy Kuzmich?” asked one of the ladies. Exactly not a hair's breadth farther answered Prince Vasil, laughing. “Sergéy Kuzmich, From all sides. From all sides,” said Sergéy Kuzmich. Poor Vyazmitinov could not get any farther. He began the rescript again.

and again but as soon as he uttered “Sergéy Kuzmich” he sobbed. “Kuzmich, tears and From all sides.”

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Do not be unkind, cried Anna Pavlovna from her end of the table holding up a threatening finger. He is such a worthy and excellent man, our dear Vyazmitinov.

Everybody laughed a great deal. At the head of the table where the honored guests sat, everyone seemed to be in high spirits and under the influence of a variety of exciting sensations. Only Pierre and Hélène sat silently side by side almost at the bottom of the table, a suppressed smile brightening both their faces, a smile that looked like—

ings B

and joked much as they enjoyed their Rine wine, sauté and ices and however they avoided looking at the young couple and heedless and unobservant as they seemed of them one could feel by their looks that

gave that

laughter

that the whole attention of that company was directed to—Pierre and Hélène. Prince Vasil mimicked the sobbing of Sergéy Kuzmich and at the same time his eyes glanced toward his daughter and while he laughed the expression on his face clearly said: “Yes, it is getting on it will all be settled today. Anna Pavlovna threatened him on behalf of our dear Vyazmitinov and in her eyes a flicker for an instant glanced at Pierre. Prince Vasil read a congratulation on his future son-in-law and on his daughter's happiness. The old princess sighed sadly as she offered some wine to the old lady next to her and glanced angrily at her daughter and her sigh seemed to say: “Yes, there's nothing left for you and me but to sip sweet wine, my dear, now that the time has come for these young people.”

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“You see the attraction of a healthy and handsome young man and woman for one another. And this human feeling dominated

everything else and soared above all their infected chatter. Jests fell flat; news was not interesting; and the atmosphere was evidently frosty. Not only the guests but even the footmen waiting at table seemed to feel this, and they fidgeted and tittered; they looked at the

Prince Vasili smiled and Pierre not ceased to converse as smiling at him and Hélène. "I know it," thought

from end

ed to want to know thus in our old dispute

H. Can one talk or think of such trifles then? Pierre

Yes from Olmütz he answered with a sigh.

After supper Pierre with his partner followed the others into the drawing room. The guests began to disperse somewhat taking leave of Hélène. Some if unwilling to detach from an important occupation came up to her for a moment and made haste to go away refusing to let her see them off. The diplomatist preserved mournful silence behind the drawing room. He pictured the destiny of his diplomatic career in comparison with Pierre's happiness. The old general grumbled at his wife when she asked how his life was. Oh the old fool he thought. "That Princess Hélène will be beautiful till her nose falls off."

"I think I may congratulate you, wife," said Anna Pavlovna to the lady, "cess, kiss me heartily. If I hadn't this headache I should have stayed longer."

The old princess did not reply; she was tormented by jealousy of her daughter-in-law.

While the guests were taking their leave, Pierre remained for a moment in the drawing room where they were sitting. He had often before during the last few weeks meditated with her but had never poked her off. Now he felt that it was inevitable but he could not make his mind to take the final step. He felt ashamed himself that he was occupying someone else's place here beside Hélène. "This happiness is for those who have it in them, while there is none in you."

But as he had to say something, he began by asking her whether she was satisfied with the party. She replied in her usual implacable manner that this morning of hers had been one of the pleasantest she had ever had.

Some of the nearest acquaintances had not yet left. They were talking the large drawing room. Prince Vasili came to Pierre with languid footsteps. Pierre rose and said it was getting

to be

Pierre felt that he was the center of all and this both pleased and embarrassed him. He was like many a lonely, bored, and somewhat occupied man. He did not see her understand anything clearly. Only now and then detached ideas and impressions from the world of reality shot unexpectedly through his mind.

"So it is all finished," he thought. And how has all happened. How quickly! Now I know what it is because of her alone. Not of myself at all, but because of every one. I must never talk to her. They are all expecting it. There are so many that it will happen that I cannot let it, I disapprove of them. But how will it be? I do not know but it will certainly happen! thought Pierre glancing at those dazzling jewels close to his eyes.

Oh he would suddenly feel ashamed if he knew not what. He felt that awkward attraction of the servant and he could not be contented with his place and, with his place, to be looked at as sort of Paris possessed of Helen. But no doubt it always is and must be so. He consoled himself. And besides what has he done to be in trouble? He did not begin. I traveled from Moscow with Prince Vasili. Then there was nothing. So why should I not say to his house? Then I played cards with her and picked up her reticule and dropped it with her. How did he begin when did it all come about? And here he was sitting by her side, her betrothed, see, he can feel her nearness, her breath, her movements, her beauty. Then it would suddenly seem to him that it was not he but she who was so usually beautiful and that that was why they all looked so at him, and flattered by this general admiration he could expand his chest, raise his head, and reply to her good fortune. Suddenly he heard from her lips the repeated something to him and he did not deny it. But Pierre was so bored that he did not deny it. What was said.

I must ask you when you last heard from Poliksha repeated Prince Vasili third time. He has been much lately in my dear life with

late Prince Vasili gave him a look of stern inquiry as though what Pierre had just said was so strange that one could not take it in. But then the expression of severity changed and

to his daughter and addressing her with the careless tone of habitual tenderness natural to parents who have petted their children from babyhood but which Prince Vasili had only acquired by imitating other parents

And he again turned to Pierre

Sergéy Kuzmich—From all sides— he said unbuttoning the top button of his waistcoat

Pierre smiled but his smile showed that he knew it was not the story about Sergéy Kuzmich that interested Prince Vasili just then and Prince Vasili saw that Pierre knew this. He suddenly muttered something and went away. It seemed to Pierre that even the prince was disconcerted. The sight of the discomposure of that old man of the world touched Pierre he looked at Hélène and she too seemed disconcerted and her look seemed to say: Well it is your own fault.

Kuzmich asking what the point of the story was as he had not heard it properly. Hélène answered with a smile that she too had missed it.

When Prince Vasili returned to the drawing room the princess his wife was talking in low tones to the elderly lady about Pierre.

Of course it is a very brilliant match but happiness my dear

Marriages are made in heaven replied the elderly lady.

Prince Vasili passed by seeming not to hear the ladies and sat down on a sofa in a far corner of the room. He closed his eyes and seemed to be dozing. His head sank forward and then he roused himself.

Aline he said to his wife go and see what they are about.

The princess went up to the door passed by it with a dignified and indifferent air and glanced into the little drawing room. Pierre and Hélène still sat talking just as before.

Still the same she said to her husband Prince Vasili frowned twisting his mouth

and with resolute steps went past the ladies in to the little drawing room. With quick steps he went joyfully up to Pierre. His face was so unusually triumphant that Pierre rose in alarm on seeing it.

Thank God! said Prince Vasili. My wife has told me everything! — (He put one arm around Pierre and the other around his daughter) — My dear boy Lelja I am very pleased. (His voice trembled) I loved your father and she will make you a good wife.

God bless you!

He embraced his daughter and then again Pierre and kissed him with his malodorous mouth. Tears actually moistened his cheeks.

Princess come here! he shouted.

The old princess came in and also wept. The elderly lady was using her handkerchief too. Pierre was kissed and he kissed the beautiful Hélène's hand several times. After a while they were left alone again.

All this had to be and could not be otherwise thought Pierre so it is useless to ask whether it is good or bad. It is good because it is definite and one is rid of the old tormenting doubt. Pierre held the hand of his betrothed in silence looking at her beautiful bosom as it rose and fell.

Hélène! he said aloud and paused.

Something special is always said in such cases he thought but could not remember what it was that people say. He looked at her face. She drew nearer to him. Her face flushed.

Oh take those off those she said pointing to his spectacles.

Pierre took them off and his eyes besides the strange look eyes have from which spectacles have just been removed had also a frightened and inquiring look. He was about to stoop over her hand and kiss it but with a rapid almost brutal movement of her head she intercepted his lips and met them with her own. Her face struck Pierre by its altered unpleasantly excited expression.

It is too late now it's done besides I love her thought Pierre.

Je vous aime he said remembering that has to be said at such moments but his voice sounded so weak that he felt ashamed of himself.

Six weeks later he was married and settled

CHAPTER III

THE PRINCE NICHOLAS BOLKÓNSKI received a letter from Prince Vasil in November announcing that his son would be paying him a visit. I am starting on journey of

deep respect that, emulating his father, he feels for you.

It seems that there will be no need to bring Mary out, suitors are coming to us with iron accord, incarnations remarked the little princess, hearing the news.

Prince Nicholas frowned, but said nothing. A few days after the elder Prince Vasil's servant came to even a dance of him, and he did so arrived today.

Old Bolkónski had always had poor opinion of Prince Vasil's character but more so recently because of the new opinion of Paul and Alexander. Prince Vasil had risen to his position of honors. A day now from the hunt to the table, he let everyone know by the little princess, he saw what was the end was but was it, and he, low person, had not felt so empty as he was. He smiled whenever he mentioned him. On the day of Prince Vasil's arrival Prince Bolkónski was particularly discontented. It is impossible whether he was in bad temper because Prince Vasil was coming or whether he became in bad temper because he specially loved Prince Vasil. He was in bad temper and in the morning Tikhon had already used the architect not to go to the prince with his report.

Do you hear how he walks? said Tikhon, drawing the architect's attention to the sound of the prince's footsteps. Stepping flat on his heels—know what that means.

However, in a clock the prince hurried as with a sabre collar and cap went on his usual walk. It had snowed the day before and the path to the hothouse in which the prince was in the habit of walking, had been swept with mats of the broom were still white. The wind should have been left to the soft snowbanks that bordered the paths. The prince went through the conservatories, the service quarters, and the outbuildings, frowning and silent.

Calling to pass he asked his overseer a servant Bourienne with a bright smile, so she

venerable man resembling his master in manners and looks, who was accompanying him back to the house.

The wind is deep. I am having the entrance swept, your honor.

The prince bowed his head and went up to the porch. God be thanked, thought he, the overseer's storm has blown over!

It would have been hard to drive up to the house, he added. I heard, your honor, that my sister comes to visit your honor.

The prince turned round to the overseer and fixed his eyes on him, frowning.

What a monster! What monster! Who gives orders? he said in his shrill harsh voice. The road is not swept for the princess's maid but for a minister! From there are no ministers.

I urgh nor I thought.

I understood, he thought the prince, his words coming more and more rapidly and distinctly. I understood. Rascal! Blackguards! I'll teach you to think and I'll teach you to think. And would he let Alpatych, the overseer, had not let it be told that he was. The blackguards had used the prince rapidly.

him, perhaps for the first time, the prince thought he continued to shout. Blackguard!

Throw the snow back on the road, did not let him stick again but hurried into the house.

Before entering Princess Mary and Madame de Bourienne, who knew that the prince was in bad humor, took warning from Madame de Bourienne with a radiant face that said:

I know nothing. I am the same as usual. said Princess Mary pale, frightened, and with downcast eyes. What she found hardest to bear was to know that on such occasions he would be like Madame de Bourienne but could not. She thought: "If I seem not to notice he will think that I do not sympathize with him. I seem sad and not of spirits myself he will say (as he has done before) that I am in the dumps."

The prince looked at his daughter, frightened face and red.

Fool or dummy! he muttered.

won't come down. It is natural in her state.

Hm! Hm! muttered the prince sitting down.

His plate seemed to him not quite clean, and pointing to a spot he flung it away. Tikhon caught it and handed it to a footman. The little princess was not unwell, but had such an overpowering fear of the prince that, hearing he was in a bad humor, she had decided not to appear.

I am afraid for the baby, she said to Mademoiselle Bourienne. Heaven knows what a fright might do.

In general at Bald Hills the little princess lived in constant fear, and with a sense of antipathy to the old prince which she did not realize because the fear was so much the stronger feeling. The prince reciprocated this antipathy, but it was overpowered by his contempt for her. When the little princess had grown accustomed to life at Bald Hills she took a special fancy to Mademoiselle Bourienne, spent whole days with her, asked her to sleep in her room, and often talked with her about the old prince and criticized him.

mar her Excellence Prince Vasilı Kuragin and his son
re- ding His
t

and Princess Mary know. I don't want him. (He looked at his blushing daughter.) Are you unwell today? Eh? Afraid of the minister as that idiot Alpatych called him this morning?

No, mon père.

Though Mademoiselle Bourienne had been so unsuccessful in her choice of a subject, she did not stop talking, but chattered about the conservatories and the beauty of a flower that had just opened, and after the soup the prince became more genial.

After dinner he went to see his daughter in law. The little princess was sitting at a small table chattering with Masha, her maid. She grew pale on seeing her father-in-law.

She was much altered. She was now plain rather than pretty. Her cheeks had sunk, her lips drawn up, and her eyes drawn down.

Yes, I feel a kind of oppression, she said in reply to the prince's question as to how she felt.

Do you want anything?

No, merci, mon père.

Well, all right, all right.

He left the room and went to the waiting room where Alpatych stood with bowed head. Has the snow been shoveled back?

Yes, your excellency. Forgive me for heaven's sake. It was only my stupid ty.

All right, all right, interrupted the prince, and laughing in his unnatural way, he stretched out his hand for Alpatych to kiss, and then proceeded to his study.

Prince Vasilı arrived that evening. He was met in the avenue by coachmen and footmen, who, with loud shouts, dragged his sleigh up to one of the lodges over the road purposely laden with snow.

Prince Vasilı and Anatole had separate rooms assigned to them.

Anatole, having taken off his overcoat, sat with arms akimbo before a table on a corner of

which someone for some reason had to provide for him. And

her if she really has so much money? That never does any harm, thought Anatole.

He shaved and scented himself with the care and elegance which had become habitual to him, and he

two valets were busy dressing him, and he

I say, Father, joking apart, is she very handsome? Anatole asked, as if continuing a conversation the subject of which had often been mentioned during the journey.

Enough! What nonsense! Above all, try to be respectful and cautious with the old prince.

If he starts a row, I'll go away, said Prince Anatole. I can't bear those old men! Eh?

Remember for you everything depends on this.

In the meantime, not only was it known in the maidservants' rooms that the minister and his son had arrived, but the appearance of both had been minutely described. Princess Mary was sitting alone in her room, vainly trying to master her agitation.

BOOK THREE

121

"Why d d they writ why d d Lise tell m the nat e nd firm conv ct on women h e
n en! she s d look m t f c pretty

retty
M ry
ma oon
to the
But d
fate of you r hol l e m y be a c
o e is too l ght it not becom ng
h f e d whole

ty
he
t
the
h r comb d up a d the blue sca i oed
lo e on the l t m roon dr s nd so on all
ould be well They f rgot d at the fr hten d
f ce and the f our c ld n t be alte ed and
th th we e theym ht change the etung and

I know they e ome M r / sa u ue
l tle p ess, w d d l n nd nk gh
ly t m h
Shew s l nth loo e gown she gen
erally w e th m n g but had none of
h r best dresses. H ha w e s fully done
d he f was n m ted wh h h we er
did t co l ts unk n nd f d d o t n s
Dressed h d t b n P tersbu g so ty
t was st l m t ce ble h w m ch pl e
h had b me S me u btru t h h d
be dd d t M demo elle B e est
let huch de ed her fresh d prettyf y t
m e tra t

Wh t Ar y g gt e m a n a s y u are
d p ? sh beoan 'They ll be an
th t the g tlemen th draw
room d w sh l l h t g d w n nd

y h t m t ed y rs lf p t l l
The l t l p ssgot p ra g f r th m d
a dh r edly d merr ly b gant de d
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be dressed. P ess M r y s lf esteem was
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g tated h d t l l m e so by both h om
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t l d b th w e T t l l them th t he f l t
hamed f h r s lf d f them w uld b t
betray h g tat wh let d d e theur of
f r s t d ess h w ld p l g th b te
d t She fl hed her bea t f l y es
grew d m ed bl tches cam h f e nd t
took th tra t e m ty r k p ess
t so ft s he b m tted h r s lf t
M demo ll Bou d L e. Both thes
omen g t er ly tr ed to m ke h look
p etty Sh as so pl n that e ther f them
ld th k f l e r l so they began
d ess he w th p e f e c t e ty nd w th

first n s de a d th n on the other
N tw l n t d h a d d e d d ly clasp
n gher h nd N Mary re lly th s dress d es
n t s t you l p efer y u n y u l tle gray

sell B u e n h w I hall rrange t he
dded mil g d f tat of r t c pleas
ur

But when h t e b ought the req ed dress
Pri cess M r y em d t t g m t onless be
f re th gl s look ng th f ce d saw m
th m r r h y f l l f tears nd h r mouth
qu eri ready t burst nt bs

Com d pri ess d M demo selle
B u enn ju t e m e l tle eff rt.

Th l tle pri cess t k ng the dress f om the
m d cam p t P ess Mary

'W l l n w well tra ge someth o qu te
mpl d b com sh s a d

The th e e ces hers M demo selle Bour
d k t wh w l u hung t some
th g m gl d n m rry sound l i k e th ch rp
ng f b ds

N le me l aid P n e Mary
He eso d d s oser u d o sad that
th ch rp g f th b r d was l n e i to ce.

WAR AND PEACE

won't come down. It is natural in her state
Hm! Hm! muttered the prince sitting
down

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caught the prince
overp

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So we are to have visitors *mon prince?* remarked Mademoiselle Bourienne unfolding her white napkin with her rosy fingers. His Excellency Prince Vasil Kuragin and his son. I understand? she said inquiringly

Hm!—his excellency is a puppy. I got him his appointment in the service said the prince disdainfully. Why his son is coming I don't understand. Perhaps Princess Elizabeth and I Princess Mary know. I don't want him. (He looked at his blushing daughter.) Are you well today? Eh? Afraid of the minister is that idiot Alpatych called him this morning?

No *mon père*

Though! — — —
so unsuccessful did not
conservative and the beauty of a flower that had just opened and after the soup the prince became more general

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No *merci mon père*

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Anatole having taken off his overcoat sat with arms akimbo before a table on a corner of which he smilingly and absent minded fixed his large and handsome eyes. He regarded his whole life as a continual round of amusement which someone for some reason had to provide for him. And he looked on this visit to a dear old man and a rich and ugly heiress in the same way. All the night he thought turn out very well and amusingly. And why not marry her if she really is so good?

er

I

him and his handsome head held high entered his father's room with the good humored and victorious air natural to him. Prince Vasil's two valets were busy dressing him and he looked round with much animation and cheerfully nodded to his son as the latter entered as if to say: Yes that's how I want you to look

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BOOK THREE

foot, and with his head all tilted,

And our little table?

Oh yes!

Why is it you were never at Annet's? the
little princess asked Anatole. Ah I know I
knew he said that as a glance of your brother
r Hppolyte told me about your going on
Oh and she hooked the finger through the
e e head of your dress P s

And didn't Hppolyte tell you that
Princess Valerine was going to her son's
with little princess arm full of velvet

ready eloquence in conversation
he felt so valuable in company of com-
pare himself to the others. If
man lack confidence in himself
first introduced to a d betrays conscious-
ness of the imp propriety of his conduct
ty to find something to say the effect is
bad. But Anatole was dumb with his foot
smilingly examined the process of his
evident that he could be silent in the way of
cry to him. If he finds the length

in the conversation, but I don't want
to have seemed to say. Besides this, his be-
havior to me in Anatole had made me
particularly suspicious of his curiosity
development - perceiving us to be of
his superior intelligence as he did them.
I know I know you, but why should I
bother to try to understand too good of
course. Perhaps I didn't really think that
his heart was not - a probability had
that general thought very little - but
he looks down at the ground in
The princess felt this, and as for him, how
him that he did not expect to
interest him, he turned to his father. The
emperor now general and named, thanks to
Princess Louise, did not win the
life of her white teeth. She met Prince
Valerine with the playful manner of an employed
by the happy people of the court in the
simpler than the women in their so
addressed them less there are some semi-
private established jokes of course
emotions, though such emotions are
easily excited - the excited in this case
Princess Louise easily depicted her
little princess also drew Anatole whom he
hardly knew that she was going to collect
with the third occurred. M. de
M. de Boissac also hated them. He
Princess Marie felt hers if pleasantly made
his merry emotions

Princess Louise

She took the liberty of asking whether the
little princess had not

that little companion of his would be
he in with her when were married
little gentle

The little princess dressed herself in his study

to him. If what appeared to him was that the
coming of these is to be revised in mind
unsatisfied question on the way to the office
about which he always decided himself. The
question was whether he could ever be
elf in the presence of his daughter and her
husband. The prince ever directly
himself that question knew before he had
that he would have to answer it justly. Just
understand not only with his feelings but with
the possibility of his life with the
Princess Marie as he seemed to feel he was
unthinkable to him. And why should he
marry? he thought. "But you have
told me that Louise married to Andrew - bet-
ter husband now would this could hardly be
if you would do this he would be
The little one is charming

Her least wish was to have her fit of
company to herself, dearest
with the little princess (four French)
Princess Louise in the antechamber
when always ran away from
member of the family

Ah, but you won't talk politics to me like
Aunt

Aunt

They looked at the beautiful large thoughtful eyes full of tears and of thoughts gazing shiningly and imploringly at them and understood that it was useless and even cruel to insist

At least change your coiffure said the little princess Didn't I tell you she went on turning reproachfully to Mademoiselle Bourienne Mary's is a face which such a coiffure does not suit in the least Not in the least! Please change it

Leave me alone please leave me alone! It is all quite the same to me answered a voice struggling with tears

Mademoiselle Bourienne and the little princess had to own to themselves that Princess Mary in this guise looked very plain worse than usual but it was too late She was looking at them with an expression they both knew an expression thoughtful and sad This expression in Princess Mary did not frighten them (she never inspired fear in anyone) but they knew that when it appeared on her face she became mute and was not to be shaken in her determination

You will change it won't you? said Lise And as Princess Mary gave no answer she left the room

Princess Mary was left alone She did not comply with Lise's request she not only left her hair as it was but did not even look in her glass Letting her arms fall helplessly she sat with downcast eyes and pondered A husband a man a strong dominant and strangely attractive being rose in her imagination and carried her into a totally different happy world of his own She fancied a child *her own*—such as she had seen the day before in the arms of her nurse's daughter—at her own breast the husband standing by and gazing tenderly at her and the child But no it is impossible I am too ugly she thought

Please come to tea The prince will be out in a moment came the maid's voice at the door

She roused herself and felt appalled at what she had been thinking and before going down she went into the room where the icons hung and her eyes fixed on the dark face of a large icon of the Saviour lit by a lamp she stood before it with folded hands for a few moments A painful doubt filled her soul Could the joy of love of earthly love for a man be for her? In her thoughts of marriage Princess Mary dreamed of happiness and of children but her strongest most deeply hidden longing was for

earthly love The more she tried to hide this feeling from others and even from herself the stronger it grew O God she said how am I to stifle in my heart these temptations of the devil? How am I to renounce forever these vile fancies so as peacefully to fulfill Thy will And scarcely had she put that question than God gave her the answer in her own heart

Desire nothing for thyself seek nothing be not anxious or envious Man's future and thy own fate must remain hidden from thee but live so that thou mayest be ready for anything If it be God's will to prove thee in the duties

longing) Princess Mary sighed and having crossed herself went down thinking neither of her gown and coiffure nor of how she would go in nor of what she would say What could all that matter in comparison with the will of God without Whose care not a hair of man's head can fall?

CHAPTER IV

WHEN PRINCESS MARY came down Prince Vasili and his son were already in the drawing room talking to the little princess and Mademoiselle Bourienne When she entered with her heavy step treading on her heels the gentlemen and Mademoiselle Bourienne rose and the little princess indicating her to the gentlemen said *Voilà Marie* Princess Mary saw them all and saw them in detail She saw Prince Vasili's face serious for an instant at the sight of her but immediately smiling again and the little princess curiously noting the impression

Marie produced on the visitors And she saw Mademoiselle Bourienne with her ribbon and pretty face and her unusually animated look which was fixed on him but him she could not see she only saw something large brilliant and handsome moving toward her as she entered the room Prince Vasili approached first and she kissed the bold forehead that bent over her hand and answered his question by saying that on the contrary she remembered him quite well Then Anatole came up to her She still could not see him She only felt a soft hand taking hers firmly and she touched with her lips a little forehead over which was beautiful light brown hair smelling of pomade When she looked up at him she was struck by his beauty Anatole stood with his right thumb under a button of his uniform his chest expanded and his back drawn in slightly swinging

BOOK THREE

ing one foot and with his head a little bent
looked at the magnificent at the principal with
utter king and evidently thinking about
her at all. An towel not quick tried nor
ready relegate inners in but had
the culty so in luabl ns ety of compo-
sure and impu-ly ble s lfp s on If a
If onfid ne rem ns dumb

And url title a table?

Oh yes!

Oh yes!

Hipp lyte t ld me bout your g ngs on
Oh! d le shook her finger t l m I have

Oh! I'd shake her finger at
even he'd find your dings in Paris asked

And didn't H pylori tell you asked

Prince V fl tung t flew ull crun

p n ess he added

When Press was mentored by M. Demelle

When P r s wa ment o e d m d e m
Bou nne f r h r p r t e z d t e p p o t t y

joining the general current of recollection

She took the liberty of inquiring whether it

She took the liberty of acquiring with their money
wings that I had left Paris and had

he had liked the city Anat le answered the

Fr. cl woman very easily and look at her

h m l talk d to her bo t her n t

... I hope to see you

the little company of hope few of
her, long with the who were married,

her log with her who were married, I
believe it is

The ldp ed e cd! ely: his stud

The coming of the victors annoyed him.

The c m g of tl e v tors an oyed h n
n v fl d tl tso fh t

... V il d il tso in

dth

d th
n sh

self-employment, children, and other

self t p t f m h s d g h t e r d g e h e n
a h b d T h p r i c e n e v e r d e t l y a s h

a h b d Th pri ce never d e tly ask
himself th t q st k ow ng befo chu

th t h e y w o u l d h a v e t o a s s e r t j u s t l y a d

fit f t e d h e d n o t o n l y w t h h i s f e e l s b u w
c e t h e c r u e n a b l e f i l l f o l u n a b o u t F

the cry pos bly file Life w thout P
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th k ble t l m. And why should

yo re-marry? h th ht. To be u happy lo

The e. l. married to And. w—

me like ter h b d ew uld think could ha d
f d n wadays—but is he con-ter-ter-

Th little one is charming.

her lot? And who would marry Marie for love? Plain and awkward! They'll take her for her connections and wealth. Are there no women living unmarried and even the happier for it? So thought Prince Bolkónski while dressing and yet the question he was always putting off demanded an immediate answer. Prince Vasilí had brought his son with the evident intention of proposing and today or tomorrow he would probably ask for an answer. His birth and position in society were not bad. Well, I've nothing against it; the princess to him self but he must be worthy of her. And that is what we shall see.

That is what we shall see! That is what we shall see! he added aloud.

He entered the drawing room with his usual alert step glancing rapidly round the company. He noticed the change in the little princess's dress. Mademoiselle Bourienne's ribbon! Princess Mary's unbecoming coiffure. Mademoiselle Bourienne's and Anatole's smiles and the loneliness of his daughter amid the general conversation. Got herself up like a fool! he thought looking irritably after her. She is shameless and he ignores her!

He went straight up to Prince Vasilí.

Well! How do you do? How do you do? Glad to see you!

Friendship plagues at distance began Prince Vasilí in his usual rapid self-confident familiar tone. Here is my second son please love and befriend him.

Prince Bolkónski surveyed Anatole.

Fine young fellow! Fine young fellow! he said. Well come and kiss me and he offered his cheek.

Anatole kissed the old man and looked at him with curiosity and perfect composure waiting for a display of the eccentricities his father had told him to expect.

Prince Bolkónski sat down in his usual place in the corner of the sofa and drawing up an armchair for Prince Vasilí pointed to it and began questioning him about political affairs and news. He seemed to listen attentively to what Prince Vasilí said but kept glancing at Princess Mary.

And so they are writing from Potsdam already? he said repeating Prince Vasilí's last words. Then rising he suddenly went up to his daughter.

Is it for visitors you've got yourself up like that eh? said he. Fine very fine! You have done up your hair in this new way for the visitors, and before the visitors I tell you that in

future you are never to dare to change your way of dress without my consent.

It was my fault *mon père* interceded the little princess with a blush.

You must do as you please said Prince Bolkónski bowing to his daughter in law but she need not make a fool of herself she's plain enough as it is.

And he sat down again paying no more attention to his daughter who was reduced to tears.

On the contrary that coiffure suits the princess very well said Prince Vasilí.

Now you young prince what's your name? said Prince Bolkónski turning to Anatole come here let us talk and get acquainted.

Now the fun begins thought Anatole sitting down with a smile beside the old prince.

Well my dear boy I hear you've been educated abroad not taught to read and write by the deacon like your father and me. Now tell me my dear boy are you serving in the Horse Guards? asked the old man scrutinizing Anatole closely and intently.

No I have been transferred to the line said Anatole hardly able to restrain his laughter.

Ah! That's a good thing. So my dear boy you wish to serve the Tsar and the country? It is war time. Such a fine fellow must serve. Well are you off to the front?

No Prince our regiment has gone to the front but I am attached what is it I am attached to Papa? said Anatole turning to his father with a laugh.

A splendid soldier splendid! What am I attached to! Ha ha ha! lau hed Prince Bolkónski and Anatole laughed still louder. Suddenly Prince Bolkónski frowned.

You may go he said to Anatole.

Anatole returned smiling to the ladies.

And so you've had him educated abroad. Prince Vasilí haven't you? said the old prince to Prince Vasilí.

I have done my best for him and I can assure you the education there is much better than ours.

Yes everything is different nowadays everything is changed. The lad's a fine fellow a fine fellow! Well come with me now. He took Prince Vasilí's arm and led him to his study. As soon as they were alone together Prince Vasilí announced his hopes and wishes to the old prince.

Well do you think I shall prevent her that I can't part from her? said the old prince and

only "What an idea I'm ready for to me
row O ly let me tell you I don't know my
so law better I u kn my p n c ples—
everyth g bo board I will k he t mo
row your p es e f h will g th n he
ca t y n. H ca t ya d ill ee The old
pri s orted. "Let her marry t If the same
t m he scream d n the sam p ercin tone
he p rti g from his son.
I will tell you frankly d Pr ce v as fl
th t e f crafty man co n ed of the

u her a d carry her off and here at l st
wa Russ npr nce Mademoiselle Bourienne
knew a st ry heard from her aunt but finished
n h r own way which she l ked to repeat to
herself It wa the tory f g r l w l o h d been
seduced a d to whom her poor mothe (s
p u re m e) p pe red and repro ched h r
f y eld g to a m n w thout be "m r r ed
M dem lle Bour enne was often t u l ed to
tears as n m a r i t he told th st ry t
i m he sed ce And s w l e real Rus n
p nce had appea ed. He would carry l er
way d the p r e m e w uld ppear
d h would marry her So l e r f ture shaped
tself n M demo ell Bourien es head t che
ry t me she wa t l k i g t An tole bout
m i f h

All right, all right, well e
A l ays happens wh n w men lead l nely
l es f y l gth f t me w th o t male soc
tyo A t le ppears all th t e e w m
f Pri ce Bolk k s h u eh l d f l t h t
th r l d had n t been e l t l l th n Th r
po ers f easo g f l d observ g

w hed d t ed to pleas him s much s pos
s ble

m f i c a e
Pri est M ry grew quit u ns us f h r
f d co f f e. Th ha dsome pen f c of
th ma wh m l t p haps be her husba d
lso bed l l her t n t n H seemed t h
k d bra determ ed ma ly nd m on n
mous. She f l t co ed f that. Th us nd
f d eams f f ture f m ly l f e cont ually
rose her imag t n. Sh dro them way
d t ed co eal them.

Th l ttle pri cess, l'ke n ld war horse
that hears th trumpet, unco sciously nd qu te
f r e t h c nd uon p e pa ed so the f
m l a gal! p f coquetry w t out ny u ltern
m t e o ny truggle but w th n a n d

E t m l t too cold w th h m? tho ght
th p ess. I try t be es ried beca n
th d pth f may so l l feel too nea to h m l
ead b the h ca k w what l t h k f
h m d ay ma that l d n t l k him

pectacle f h power o er thes three w me
f e f f h

A d Pri es M r y tried b l d t m n
be d f t h ewgues Poo gurl
sh s del h ly th ht A t le
M dem sell Bou n lso roused t
great ex teme by A t l m r l th l t
nothe w y O l co r s l handsom
y ma w th t y d f i t pos n
tho t l n u try d d t
tend t dev t her l f to r y g Pr Bol
k m k t ead l d t h m d be
f end w h Pri est M ry M dem iselle
Be en had l g be wa t f Rus
p wh bl t pp ca t t gl
her pe t y t th pl b dly d esed un
ga ly Russia p essess wo ld fall n l

cuons.

Alt r tea tle comp ny went t the t t n
room nd Princess M ry wa ked to p ly n
th l ch rd An t l l u h g and m l h
p nts, cam d l e ed on lu l bows, f c g
h d bes d M dem ll B u r e n e Prin
ess M ry f l t h look w l pa nfully joy
us em t H f t so ta bore he n
t most nt m tely poet c w rld nd the look
he f l t upo l m de that w rld still m e
poet c. B t Anat l exp ess on tlo gh
his eyes were f ied on her e f r e d t t
h b t t th m ements f M dem elle
Bour e e l t l foot h u d h wa then
t h g w th h own under the l ch d
M demo selle B u r e was also look
g t Pr ess M ry nd n her l ly eyes
th w a look of fear l j y nd h pe

her lot? And who would marry Marie for love? Plain and awkward! They'll take her for her connections and wealth. Are there no women living unmarried and even the happier for it? So thought Prince Bolkónski while dressing and yet the question he was always putting off demanded an immediate answer. Prince Vasilí had brought his son with the evident intention of proposing and today or tomorrow he would probably ask for an answer. His birth and position in society were not bad. Well, I've nothing against it, the princess said to himself, but he must be worthy of her. And that is what we shall see.

That is what we shall see! That is what we shall see! he added aloud.

He entered the drawing room with his usual alert step, glancing rapidly round the company. He noticed the change in the little princess's dress. Mademoiselle Bourienne's ribbon princess Mary's unbecoming coiffure. Made-

shame

Well! How do ye do? How do ye do? Glad to see you!

befriend him

Prince Bolkónski surveyed Anatole

Fine young fellow! Fine young fellow! he said. Well, come and kiss me, and he offered his cheek.

Anatole kissed the old man and looked at him with curiosity and perfect composure waiting for a display of the eccentricities his father had told him to expect.

Prince Bolkónski sat down in his usual place in the corner of the sofa and drawing up an armchair for Prince Vasilí, pointed to it and began questioning him about political affairs and news. He seemed to listen attentively to what Prince Vasilí said, but kept glancing at Princess Mary.

And so they are writing from Potsdam already? he said, repeating Prince Vasilí's last word. Then rising, he suddenly went up to his daughter.

Is it for visitors you've got yourself up like that eh? said he. Fine, very fine! You have done up your hair in this new way for the visitors, and before the visitors I tell you that in

future you are never to dare to change your way of dress without my consent.

It was my fault, *mon père*, interceded the little princess with a blush.

You must do as you please, said Prince Bolkónski, bowing to his daughter in law, but she need not make a fool of herself, she's plain enough as it is.

And he sat down again, paying no more attention to his daughter, who was reduced to tears.

On the contrary, that coiffure suits the princess very well, said Prince Vasilí.

Now you young prince, what's your name? said Prince Bolkónski, turning to Anatole.

Well, my dear boy, I hear you've been educated abroad, not taught to read and write by the deacon, like your father and me. Now tell me, my dear boy, are you serving in the Horse Guards? asked the old man, scrutinizing Anatole closely and intently.

No, I have been transferred to the line, said Anatole, hardly able to restrain his laughter.

Ah! That's a good thing. So, my dear boy, you wish to serve the Tsar and the country? It is wartime. Such a fine fellow must serve. Well, are you off to the front?

No, Prince, our regiment has gone to the front, but I am attached. What is it I am attached to, Papa? said Anatole, turning to his father with a laugh.

A splendid soldier, splendid! What am I

You may go, he said to Anatole. Anatole returned smiling to the ladies.

And so you've had him educated abroad, Prince Vasilí, haven't you? said the old prince to Prince Vasilí.

I have done my best for him, and I can assure you the education there is much better than ours.

Yes, everything is different nowadays, everything is changed. The lad's a fine fellow, a fine fellow! Well, come with me now. He took Prince Vasilí's arm and led him to his study. As soon as they were alone together, Prince Vasilí announced his hopes and wishes to the old prince.

Well, do you think I shall prevent her that I can't part from her? said the old prince, and

"Come to bed," asked the prince.

Tikhon, like all good valets, instinctively knew the direction of his master's thoughts. He pressed last the question referred to Prince Vasil and his son.

"They have gone to bed and put out their lights, your excellency."

"A good night," said the prince, and thrusting his feet into his slippers and his arms into the sleeves of his dressing gown, he went to the couch on which he slept.

Though no words had passed between Anatole and M. demoiselle Bounenne, they quite understood one another as to the first part of her routine upon the appearance of the prince. They understood that they had much to say to one another in private and so they had been seeking an opportunity since evening to meet one another alone. When Princess Mary went to her father's room the usual hour M. demoiselle Bounenne and Anatole met in the conservatory.

Princess Mary went to the door of the study with special trepidation. It seemed to her that not only did everybody know that her father would be decided that day but that they also knew what she thought about it. She read this in Tikhon's face and in that of Prince Vasil, who made her bow low when she met him in the corridor carrying her water.

The old prince was very affectionate and careful in his treatment of his daughter that morning. Princess Mary well knew this painstaking expression of her father's. His face wore the expression when his dry hands clenched with emotion, when not understanding something in arithmetic, when rising from his chair he would walk away from her repeating in a low voice the same words several times over.

He came to the point, once, treating her ceremoniously.

"I had a proposition made me concerning you," he said with an unnatural smile. "I expect you have guessed that Prince Vasil has proposed to me and brought his pupil with him (for some reason Prince Bolkonski referred to Anatole as pupil) for the sake of my beautiful eyes. Last night proposition was made me on your account and, as you know my principle is to refer to you."

How am I to understand you, father?" said the princess, growing pale and then blushing.

"How understand me?" cried her father angrily. "Prince Vasil finds you to his taste as daughter-in-law and makes proposal to you

on his pupil's behalf. That's how it is to be understood. 'H' we understand it! And I ask you."

"I do not know what you think, Father," whispered the princess.

"P. P. What of me? Leave me out of this. I am not married. What

moment the thought occurred to her that her father would be decided now or never. She lowered her eyes so as not to see the glare under which she felt that she could not think, but would only be able to submit from habit, and she said, "I wish only to do your will, but if I had to express my own desire—" She had no time to finish. The old prince interrupted her.

"That's admirable," he shouted. "He will take you with your dowry and take M. demoiselle Bounenne into the bargain. She'll be the wife, while you—"

The prince stopped. He saw the effect these words had produced on his daughter. She lowered her head and was ready to burst into tears.

"Now then now then, I'm only joking," he said. "Remember this, Princess, I hold to the principle that a maiden has a full right to choose. I give you freedom. Only remember that your life's happiness depends on your decision. Never mind me."

"But I did not know, Father."

"There's no need to talk. He receives his orders and will marry you or anybody but you are free to choose. Go to your room, think it over and come back in an hour and tell me in his presence yes or no. I know you will pray over it. Well, pray if you like, but you had better think it over. Go. Yes or no yes or no yes or no—he still shouted when the princess, as if lost in fog, had already staggered out of the study.

Her father was decided and happily decided. But what her father had said about M. demoiselle Bounenne was dreadful. It was untrue to be sure but still it was terrible, and he could not help thinking of it. She was so nervous that on thorough the conservatory neither seeing nor hearing anything, when suddenly the well-known whispering of M. demoiselle Bounenne aroused her. She raised her eyes, and two steps away saw Anatole embracing the Frenchwoman and whispering something to her. With a horrified expression on his handsome face, Anatole looked Princess Mary but did not take his arm from the waist of M. demoiselle.

that was also new to the princess

How she loves me! thought Princess Mary. How happy I am now and how happy I may be with such a friend and such a husband! Husband? Can it be possible? she thought not daring to look at his face but still feeling his eyes gazing at her

In the evening after supper when all were about to retire Anatole kissed Princess Mary's hand. She did not know how she found the courage but she looked straight into his hand some face as it came near to her shortsighted eyes. Turning from Princess Mary he went up and kissed Mademoiselle Bourienne's hand. (This was not etiquette but then he did every thing so simply and with such assurance!) Mademoiselle Bourienne flushed and gave the princess a frightened look.

What delicacy! thought the princess. Is it possible that Amélie (Mademoiselle Bourienne) thinks I could be jealous of her and not value her pure affection and devotion to me? She went up to her and kissed her warmly. Anatole went up to kiss the little princess hand.

No! No! No! When your father writes to tell me that you are behaving well I will give you my hand to kiss. Not till then! she said. And smiling raising a finger at him she left the room.

CHAPTER V

THEY ALL SEPARATED but except Anatole who fell asleep as soon as he got into bed all kept

thing thought Princess Mary and fear which she had seldom experienced came upon her

—the devil—and he was also this man with the white forehead black eyebrows and red lips

She rang for her maid and asked her to sleep in her room

Mademoiselle Bourienne walked up and down the conservatory for a long time that eve

rebuking her for her fall

The little princess grumbled to her maid that her bed was badly made. She could not lie either on her face or on her side. Every position was awkward and uncomfortable and her

burden oppressed her now more than ever because Anatole's presence had vividly recalled to her the time when she was not like that and when everything was light and gay. She sat in an armchair in her dressing jacket and night cap and I am sleepy and disheveled beat and turned the heavy feather bed for the third time muttering to herself

I told you it was all lumps and holes! the little princess repeated. I should be glad enough to fall asleep so it's not my fault! and her voice quivered like that of a child about to cry

The old prince did not sleep either. Tikhon half asleep heard him pacing angrily about and snorting. The old prince felt as though he had been insulted through his daughter. The insult was the more pointed because it concerned not himself but another his daughter whom he loved more than himself. He kept telling himself that he would consider the whole matter and decide what was right and how he should act but instead of that he only excited himself more and more

The first man that turns up—she forgets her father and everything else runs upstairs and does up her hair and wags her tail and is unlike herself! Glad to throw her father over. And she knew I should notice it. For I see that that idiot had eyes only for Bourienne—I shall have to get rid of her. And how is it she has not pride enough to see it? If she has no pride for herself she might at least have some for my sake! She must be shown that the blockhead thinks nothing of

old his daughter she was making a mistake and that Anatole meant to flirt with Mademoiselle Bourienne. Princess Mary's self esteem would be wounded and his point (not to be parted from her) would be gained so pacifying himself with this thought he called Tikhon and began to undress

What devil brought them here? thought he while Tikhon was putting the nightshirt over his dried up old body and gray haired chest. I never invited them. They came to disturb my life—and there is not much of it left.

Devil take em! he muttered while his head was still covered by the sheet

Tikhon knew his master's habit of sometimes thinking aloud and therefore met with unaltered looks the angrily inquisitive expression of the face that emerged from the shirt.

Go to bed? led the prince
 Tikhon, like all good valets instinctively
 knew the directness of his master's thoughts. He
 guessed that the question referred to Prince
 Vasil's son.

"They have gone to bed and put out their
 lights," he answered efficiently.
 "And in good season," said the prince.

Then he went down to the
 study and found Masha and the Burenne they quite
 understood the matter. It was the first part of
 the room occupied by the prince's private
 study and the study of the prince's private
 study. The prince's private study was the
 study of the prince's private study.

Prince Masha went to the door of the study
 to inspect the preparation of the room. He
 found that the room was not ready for his
 visit. He decided that the room was not
 ready for his visit.

Tikhon, who made his bow when he met
 him, the corridor carried him to the
 study. The prince's private study was the
 study of the prince's private study.

He came to the point where the treasure
 was hidden. He had proposed to the prince
 that he should go to the study. The prince
 had agreed to his proposal.

He went to the study and found the prince
 waiting for him. The prince had been
 waiting for him.

He went to the study and found the prince
 waiting for him. The prince had been
 waiting for him.

on his pupil's behalf. That shows to be un-
 derstood! How understand it! And I shall
 say it!

I do not know what you think, Father
 when he spoke of the prince's

Is it? What of me? Leave me out of the
 question. I am not going to get married. What
 about you? That is what I want to know.

The princess saw that her father regarded
 her with disapproval but at that mo-
 ment she said nothing.

only be able to submit to it. I
 said I wish only to do your will but if I had
 to express my own desire. She had not time
 to finish. The old prince interrupted her.
 That is admirable! he shouted. He will
 take you with you and take Masha
 with him into the bargain. She will be the
 wife of his pupil.

choose. I give you the choice. I
 that you will happiness depends on your de-
 cision. Never mind me!

But I don't know Father!
 The princess need not talk! He receives his
 and she will marry you anybody but you
 are free to choose. Go to your room think
 to yourself and come back and tell me
 what you decide. Yes, I know you will pray
 over it. Well, pray for you! But you had bet-
 ter think of it. Go! Yes or no, yes or no, yes
 or no! He will be decided when the prince as-
 sults him. He had already tagged at the
 study.

Her father was decided and happily decided.

to take his arm from the waist of Masha.

sele Bourienne who had not yet seen her
Who's that? Why? Wait a moment! Ana

then shrugging his shoulders went to the door that led to his own apartments

An hour later Tikhon came to call Princess Mary to the old prince he added that Prince Vasili was also there When Tikhon came to her Princess Mary was sitting on the sofa in her room holding the weeping Mademoiselle Bourienne in her arms and gently stroking her hair The princess beautiful eyes with all their former calm radiance were looking with tender affection and pity at Mademoiselle Bourienne's pretty face

No Princess I have lost your affection for ever!

aid Prince
can for
your happiness

But you despise me You who are so pure can never understand being so carried away by passion Oh only my poor mother

I quite understand answered Princess Mary with a sad smile Calm yourself my dear I will go to my father she said and went out

Prince Vasili with one leg thrown high over the other and a snuffbox in his hand was sit

My desire is never to leave you Father never to separate my life from yours I don't wish to marry she answered positively glancing at Prince Vasili and at her father with her beautiful eyes

Humbbug! Nonsense! Humbu humbu humbug! cried Prince Bolkonski frowning and taking his daughter's hand he did not kiss her but only bending his forehead to hers just touched it and pressed her hand so that she winced and uttered a cry

Prince Vasili rose

My dear I must tell you that this is a moment I shall never never forget But my dear will you not give us a little hope of touching this heart so kind and generous Say perhaps The future is so long Say perhaps

Prince what I have said is all there is in my heart I thank you for the honor but I shall never be your son's wife

Well so that's finished my dear fellow! I am very glad to have seen you Very glad! Go back to your rooms Princess Gol said the old prince Very very glad to have seen you repeated he embracing Prince Vasili

My vocation is a different one thought Princess Mary My vocation is to be happy with another kind of happiness the happiness of love and self sacrifice And cost what it may I will arrange poor Amélie's happiness she loves him so passionately and so passionately

shall be so happy when she is his wife She is so unfortunate a stranger alone helpless! And oh God how passionately she must love him if she could so far forget herself! Perhaps I might have done the same! thought Princess Mary

CHAPTER VI

It was long since the Rostovs had news of Nicholas Not till midnight was the count at last handed a letter addressed in his own hand writing On receiving it he ran on tiptoe to his study in alarm and haste trying to escape notice closed the door and began to read the letter

Anna Mikháylovna who always knew everything that passed in the house on hearing of the arrival of the letter went softly into the

when Princess Mary entered He hurriedly took a pinch of snuff

Ah my dear my dear! he began kissing and taking her by both hands Then sighing he added My son's fate is in your hands Decide my dear good gentle Marie whom I have always loved as a daughter!

He drew back and a real tear appeared in his eye

For for snorted Prince Bolkonski

The prince is making a proposition to you in his pupils—I mean his son's—name Do you wish or not to be Prince Anatole Kuragin's wife? Reply yes or no he shouted and then I shall reserve the right to state my opinion also Yes my opinion and only my opinion added Prince Bolkonski turning to Prince Vasili and answering his imploring look Yes or no?

BOOK THREE

129

in ces had impro ed, was till l : g w th the
Rostóv.

My dear frie d s d she in t ne of p
theuc nqu ry prep red to ymp thize in any

y
Th count sobbed yet more
"Nikóle ka lette va a
h count

hol time abo t the wa news nd to I
k -- h j t letter h d

Each time that these h nts began to ma c
co tess a xú us and h gl ed unea ily at
th co t d t Ann M kháyl 'na the l t
ter ery dr ily turned the co ersatú n to n

press pri ked up her rs f m the begin
f the meal d was c rta n th t there
wa som secret between her f ther nd An
M kháyl vn that t h d som th g to d w th
he b the nd th t An M kháylovn wa
p ep n g them f t. B ld sh wa N tá
h h k ew h w t e he m ther w
t ythu rel t g to N kól nka d d n t ven
t et ask y q est t d but he

h fl g herself n her eck as soon as h
--

p-l k w y u kn w som thu g
A M kháyl book h head.
Ar l tl lyboots l sa d.
A letter from N kól k l m ure of tl
exl med N tásha ead g co firmatú n n
A M kháyl n fce.
B t f God sake be ca l l y u kn w
how t may ftec y ur mamma.

I w ll I w ll only tell me! You w n t I ten
I w ll go id tell at once

few words told l er
th t

N tá
a d

she ran off t once to Sónya.

N kólenka w unded a letter she
ann u ced n gleeful triumph.

A h las was all S ya sa d instantly
turn n wh te

N tá h eing the imp ess on the news of
he brother s wound prod ced on Sónya felt fo
the first t me the sorrow ful de of the news
She rushed t Sónya hugged her and begat
t cry

A l tle w und but he h s been m de n
offi r he s well n w he wrote h mself sa d
he th ough her tears

"Th re now It true that all o i wome
re cry b bes emarked Pétya p c i g the
room w th large esolute st des. N w I m

N tásha miled thro gh her tears.

-- k d So va

But perh p sh dece ed y u. Let us go to
M mma

Pétya p ed the room n lence for a t me
If I d been n N kólenka s pl ce I w uld
ha e k lled e n m f th e F encl men
he sa d. "What nasty brutes they are! I d ha e
killed so many th t the d ha e been heap
f them

H ld your t noue Pétya what a goo e you
I m n t goo but they are who cry bout
trilles, sa d Pétya

Do y urem mbe him? N tásh dd nly
k d after m ment il nce.
Só ya sm led.

D I remember A holas?
"No So ya but do y u remember so th t
y u remember h m p fctly remember ery
th g? sa d N tásh w th n exp ess e ges-
ture, ev d ntly wish t g her w rds ery
d sin teme n g I em mbe N kól nka too
I em mber him well she sa d. B t I d n t
remembe Boris. I d n t remember h m b t.
"What! You d n t emember Bori? ked
Só ya n urpri e.

It is not that I don't remember—I know what he is like but not as I remember Nikólenka Him—I just shut my eyes and remember but Boris Nol (She shut her eyes) Nol there's nothing at all

Oh Natásha! said Sónya looking ecstatically and earnestly at her friend as if she did not consider her worthy to hear what she meant to say and as if she were saying it to someone else with whom joking was out of the question I am in love with your brother once for all and whatever may happen to him or to me shall never cease to love him as long as I live

Natásha looked at Sónya with wondering and inquisitive eyes and said nothing She felt that Sónya was speaking the truth that there was such love as Sónya was speaking of But Natásha had not yet felt anything like it She believed it could be but did not understand it

Shall you write to him? she asked

Sónya became thoughtful The question of how to write to Nicholas and whether she ought to write tormented her Now that he was already an officer and a wounded hero would it be right to remind him of herself and as it might seem of the obligations to her he had taken on himself?

I don't know I think if he writes I will write too she said blushing

And you won't feel ashamed to write to him?

Sónya smiled

No

And I should be ashamed to write to Boris I'm not going to

Why should you be ashamed?

Well I don't know It's awkward and would make me ashamed

And I know why she'd be ashamed said Pétya offended by Natásha's previous remark "It's because she was in love with that fat one in spectacles (that was how Pétya described his namesake the new Count Bezukhov) and now she's in love with that singer (he meant Natásha's Italian singing master) that's why she's ashamed!

Pétya you're a stupid! said Natásha

Not more stupid than you madam said the nine-year-old Pétya with the air of an old brigadier

The countess had been prepared by Anna Mikháylovna's hints at dinner On returning to her own room she sat in an armchair her eyes fixed on a miniature portrait of her son on the lid of a snuffbox while the tears kept coming into her eyes Anna Mikháylovna with the let-

ter came on tiptoe to the countess door and paused

Don't come in she said to the old count who was following her Come later And she went in closing the door behind her

The count put his ear to the keyhole and listened

At first he heard the sound of indifferent voices then Anna Mikháylovna's voice alone in a long speech then a cry then silence then both voices together with glad intonations and then footsteps Anna Mikháylovna opened the door Her face wore the proud expression of a surgeon who has just performed a difficult operation and admits the public to appreciate his skill

It is done! she said to the count pointing triumphantly to the countess who sat holding in one hand the snuffbox with its portrait and in the other the letter and pressing them alternately to her lips

When she saw the count she stretched out her arms to him embraced his bald head over which she again looked at the letter and the portrait and in order to press them again to her lips she slightly pushed away the bald head Véra Natásha Sónya and Pétya now entered the room and the reading of the letter began After a brief description of the campaign and the two battles in which he had taken part and his promotion Nicholas said that he kissed his father's and mother's hands ask-

him dear Sónya whom he loved and thought of just the same as ever When she heard this Sónya blushed so that tears came into her eyes and unable to bear the looks turned upon her ran away into the dancing hall whirled round it at full speed with her dress puffed out like a balloon and flushed and smiling plumped down on the floor The countess was crying

Why are you crying Mamma? asked Véra From all he says one should be glad and not cry

That's quite true but the count the countess and Natásha looked at her reproachfully And who is it she takes after? thought the countess

Nicholas' letter was read over hundreds of times and those who were considered worthy to hear it had to come to the countess for she did not let it out of her hand The tutors came and the nurses and Dmitri and several ac-

quantances, and the countess reread the letter each time with fresh pleasure and each time discovered in it fresh proofs of Nikolénka's virtues. How strange, how extraordinary, how joyful it seemed, that her son, the scarcely perceptible motion of whose tiny limbs she had felt twenty years ago within her that son about whom she used to quarrel with the too-indifferent count, that son who had first learned to sit, to crawl, and then to walk—that this son should now be within a few hours' hand amid strange surroundings, manly warlike things were kind to him, work of his own, without help or guidance. The universal experience of ages, showing that children do grow imperceptibly from the cradle to manhood, did not exist for the countess. Her son's growth toward manhood, each of its stages, had seemed as extraordinary to her as if there had never existed the millions of human beings who grew up in the same way. As twenty years before, it seemed impossible that the little creature who lived somewhere under her heart would ever cry suck her breast, or begin to speak, so now she could not believe that that little creature could be this troika-bra man, this model son and officer that, pulling by this little hair, now was.

"What still! How charming!" he describes and she reads the descriptive part of the letter. And his soul's little world about himself. Not a word about some Den or other though he himself is sure it is his brother that is in it. He says nothing about his enemies. What heart. How like him it is. And how he has remembered everybody. Not forget me, you. I always said when he was only a boy—I always said

For more than a week preparations were being made. Rough drafts of letters to Nicholas from all the household were written and copied out, while under the supervision of the countess and the soldier of the count, money and things necessary for uniforms and equipment for the newly commissioned officer were collected. A naïf Mikhailovna, practical woman that she was, had even managed to borrow with arm-thrusts a secure advantageous means of communication for herself and her son. She had opportunities for sending her letters to the Grand Duke Constantin Pavlovich, who commanded the Guards. The Rostovs supposed that the Rostovs' address was quiet and safe, and that the letter reached the Grand Duke, commander of the Guards, there was no reason why it should not reach the Pavlograd regiment, which was present

anywhere in the same neighborhood. And so it was decided to send the letters and money by the Grand Duke's courier to Boris and Boris was to forward them to Nicholas. The letters were from the old count, the countess, Pétia, Vera, Nicholas, and Sonya, and finally there were six thousand rubles for his outfit and various other things the old count sent to his son.

CHAPTER VII

ON THE TWELFTH OF NOVEMBER Kutuzov's army camp before Olmütz, was preparing to be reviewed next day by the two Emperors—the Russian and the Austrian. The Guards, just arrived from Russia, spent the night ten miles from Olmütz and next morning were to come straight to the review reaching the field at Olmütz by ten o'clock.

That day Nicholas Rostov received a letter from Boris, telling him that the Ismaylov regiment was quartered for the night ten miles from Olmütz and that he wanted to see him as he had letters and money for him. Rostov was particularly in need of money now that the troops, after their drive service were rationed near Olmütz and the camp swarmed with well-provisioned soldiers and Austrian Jews offering all sorts of tempting wares. The Pavlograd had left after feast, celebration, wards they had received for the campaign and made expeditions to Olmütz to visit certain Caroline the Hungarian who had recently opened restaurant there with girls as waitresses. Rostov

A low officer of Olmütz died there, drank a bottle of wine and then set off alone to the Guards camp to find his old platoon. Rostov had not yet had time to get his uniform. He had on a shabby cadet jacket, decorated with soldier's cross, equally shabby cadet riding breeches, and with worn leather and an officer's saber with sword knot. The Don horse, which was riding was one he had bought from a Cossack during the campaign, and he wore crumpled hussar cap tucked jauntily back on the side of his head. As he rode up to the camp he thought how he would impress Boris and all his comrades of the Guards by his appearance—that of fighting hussar who had been under fire.

The Guards had made their whole march as if on pleasure trip, parade with cleanliness and discipline. They had come by easy

It's not that I don't remember—I know what he is like but not as I remember Nikólenka Him—I just shut my eyes and remember but Boris! Nol (She shut her eyes) Nol there's nothing at all

Oh Natishal said Sónya looking ecstatically and earnestly at her friend as if she did not consider her worthy to hear what she meant to say and as if she were saying it to someone else with whom joking was out of the question. I am in love with your brother once for all and whatever may happen to him or to me shall never cease to love him as long as I live.

Natasha looked at Sonya with wondering and inquisitive eyes and said nothing. She felt that Sonya was speaking the truth: that there was such love as Sonya was speaking of. But Natasha had not yet felt anything like it. She believed it could be, but did not understand it. Shall you write to him? she asked Sonya, however.

Sónya became thoughtful. The question of how to write to *Nicholas* and whether she ought to write tormented her. Now that he was already an officer and a wounded hero would it be right to remind him of herself and as it might seem of the obligations to her he had taken on himself?

I don't know I think if he writes I will write too she said blushing

And you won't feel ashamed to write to him?

S'nya smiled

No

And I should be ashamed to write to Boris
I'm not going to

Why should you be ashamed?

Well I don't know It's awkward and would make me ashamed

And I know why she'd be ashamed

FUJISAKI is in love with that singer (he meant Natishiki's Italian singing master) she is ashamed!

I étya you re a stupid! said Natásha
Not more stupid!

Not more stupid than you madam said the nine year-old Petya with the air of an old brigadier

The countess had been prepared by Anna Mikháylovna's hints at dinner. On retiring to her own room she sat in an armchair, her eyes fixed on a miniature portrait of her son on the lid of a snuffbox while the tears kept coming into her eyes. Anna Mikháylovna, with the let-

ter came on tiptoe to the countess door and paused

Don't come in she said to the old woman who was following her. Come later. And she went in closing the door behind her.

The count put his ear to the keyhole and listened.

At first he heard the sound of indifferent voices then Anna Mikháylovna's voice alone in a long speech then a cry then silence then both voices together with glad intonation and then footsteps Anna Mikháylovna opened the door Her face wore the proud expression of a surgeon who has just performed a difficult operation and admits the public to appreciate his skill

It is done! she said to the count pointing triumphantly to the countess who sat holding in one hand the snuffbox with its portrait and in the other the letter and pressing them alternately to her lips.

When she saw the count she stretched out her arms to him embraced his bald head over which she again looked at the letter and the portrait and in order to press them again to her lips she slightly pushed away the bald head Véra Natásha Sónya and Pétya now entered the room and the reading of the letter began After a brief description of the campaign and the battles in which he had taken part and his promotion Nicholas said that he kissed his father's and mother's hands asking for their blessing and that he kissed Véra Natásha and Pétya Besides that he sent greetings to Monsieur Schelling Madame Gros

She blushed so that tears came into her eyes and unable to bear the looks turned upon her ran at bay into the dancing hall. She hurried round it at full speed with her dress puffed out like a balloon and flushed and smiling plumped down on the floor. The countess was crying.

Why are you crying Mamma? asked Vera
From all he says one should be glad and not
cry

This was quite true but the count the count
ess and Natissel looked at her reproachfully
And who's it she takes after? thought the
countess

Nicholas' letter was read over hundreds of times and those who were considered worthy to hear it had to come to the countess for she did not let it out of her hands. The tutors came and the nurses and Dinit and several ac-

ever, he did not believe in the letter.

"Well, they have sent you a tidy sum," said Boris, "the heavy purse that sank into the net of us, Count, without loss on our part. I can tell you for myself."

"I say, Boris, my dear fellow," said Rostov, "you get a letter from him and meet me and your own people whom you want to talk everything over with. It happens to be there all the while to be out of your way! From some here you take to the devil!"

How do you know I speak from my own experience?

"Oh, don't tell me that, Count. I quite understand," said Boris, getting up and peaking muffled and guttural voice.

Go across to our hosts they invited you added Boris.

Boris picked the cleanest of coats with not a speck of dust, took before looking glass and brushed the hair on his temples up and down the way affected by the Emperor Alexander and having assured himself in this way Rostov looked at that his coat had been noticed in the room with pleasant smile.

"Oh dear what a beast I am!" muttered Rostov, "he read the letter."

"Why?"

"Oh, what a piece of I am not to have written down his given them such fright! Oh what a piece of I am," he repeated, flushing suddenly. "Will he have you sent G. B. I for some work?"

All right, he said. The letter from his parents was enclosed in the letter of recommendation to the Baroness which the late Countess Anna Mikhailovna's device had been edged through the queue and he had so kindly taken it to be used for making use of it.

What use self? He had heard that said Rostov, throwing the letter under the table.

Why have you thrown that away? asked Boris.

It is some letter of recommendation he has decided I was to tell.

Why? What the devil? said Boris, pecking at the card with the address. "Thus the letter would be of great use to you."

I was nothing, said I would be anyone's adjutant.

Why not, you read Boris.

It is lackey's job!

You are still the same dreamer. I see remarked Boris, shaking his head.

And you rest still the same diplomatist! But that is not the point. Come, how are you asked Rostov.

Well as you see. So far everything is all right, but I confess I should much like to be adjutant and not in the front.

"Why?"

Because when no one can stand on military service he should try to make as successful career of it as possible.

Oh that still said Rostov, evidently thinking of something else.

He looked at Rostov and inquired lightly into his friend's eyes and tried to get him to find the new way to some question.

Old G. B. I brought with me.

Shouldn't we now send for Berg? asked Rostov. "He would drink with you. I can tell."

He tried to be honest, as usual, fellow answered Boris.

Again Rostov looked tentatively to Boris's eyes and smiled. Berg returned and over the bottle of wine conversed on between the three.

They poked of the sayings and doings of their

himself but in connection with this to the Countess the Grand Duke's quick temper he had dealt with the Grand Duke when the latter made a tour of the regiments and was annoyed by the irregularity of his command. With a pleasant smile Berg related how the Grand Duke had given him a pleasant pass on his way to the army. (Armies with Tsar's chief of staff expression when he was in a rage) and called for the company commander. "Would you believe it, Count, I was not killed because I knew I was going to die."

Anna Tikhonovna for the Albanians who supplied the Turks with irregular cavalry.

stages their knapsacks conveyed on carts and the Austrian authorities had provided excellent dinners for the officers at every halting place. The regiments had entered and left the town with their bands playing and by the Grand Duke's orders the men had marched all the way in step (a practice on which the Guards prided themselves) the officers on foot and at their proper posts. Boris had been quartered and had marched all the way with Berg who was already in command of a company. Berg who had obtained his captaincy during the campaign had gained the confidence of his superiors by his promptitude and accuracy and had arranged his money matters very satisfactorily. Boris during the campaign had made the acquaintance of many persons who might prove useful to him and by a letter of recommendation he had brought from Pierre had become acquainted with Prince Andrew Bolkónski through whom he hoped to obtain a post on the commander in chief's staff. Berg and Boris having rested after yesterday's march were sitting clean and neatly dressed at a round table in the clean quarters allotted to them playing chess. Berg held a smoking pipe between his knees. Boris in the accurate way

in which this Boris embraced him in a quiet, friendly way and kissed him three times.

They had not met for nearly half a year and, being at the age when young men take their first steps on life's road each saw immense changes in the other quite a new reflection of the society in which they had taken those first steps. Both had changed greatly since they last met and both were in a hurry to show the changes that had taken place in them.

Oh you damned dandies! Clean and fresh as if you'd been to a fete not like us sinners of the line cried Rostóv with martial swagger and with baritone notes in his voice met in Boris pointing to his own mud bespattered breeches. The German landlady hearing Rostóv's loud voice popped her head in at the door.

Is she pretty? he asked with a wink. Why do you shout so? You'll frighten them said Boris. I did not expect you today he added. I only sent you the note yesterday by Bolkónski—an adjutant of Kutuzov's—a horse friend of mine. I did not think he could get it to you so quickly. Well how are you? Been under fire already? asked Boris.

Without answering Rostóv shook the sol-

game as he always thought only of whatever he was engaged on.

Well how are you going to get out of that? he remarked.

We'll try to replied Berg touching a pawn and then removing his hand.

At that moment the door opened.

Here he is at last! shouted Rostóv. And Berg too! Oh you *petusenfans allay cushay dormir!* he exclaimed imitating his Russian nurse's French at which he and Boris used to laugh long ago.

Dear me how you have changed!

Boris rose to meet Rostóv but in doing so did not omit to steady and replace some chess men that were falling. He was about to embrace his friend but Nicholas avoided him. With that peculiar feeling of youth that dread of beaten tracks and wish to express itself in a manner different from that of its elders which is often insincere Nicholas wished to do something special on meeting his friend. He wanted to pinch him push him do anything but kiss him—a thing everybody did. But notwithstanding

Little childre go to bed and sleep —Tr.

Indeed? Yes yes! said Boris with a smile. And we too have had a splendid march. You know of course that His Imperial Highness rode with our regiment all the time so that we had every comfort and every advantage. What receptions we had in Poland! What dinners and balls! I can't tell you. And the Tsarévich was very gracious to all our officers.

And the two friends told each other of their doings: the one of his hussar revels and life in the fighting line the other of the pleasures and advantages of service under members of the Imperial family.

Oh you Guards! said Rostóv. I say send for some wine.

Boris made a grimace.

If you really want it said he.

He went to his bed drew a purse from under the clean pillow and sent for wine.

Yes and I have some money and a letter to give you he added.

Rostóv took the letter and throwing the money on the sofa put both arms on the table and began to read. After reading a few lines he glanced angrily at Berg then meeting his

eyes had been behind the letter

Well they sent you today, um said
Boris, the letters still sank into the
soil. Airus Cou t w oet l ng on our
p lca tell you from el

I say Berg my dear fell said R tóv
t j get a letter from me and meet
e f y ur wn people w m you want to
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Wha sel M h l ed t l sa d Ros-
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Why h you throw that way? asked

fo It som l tter f ecomm d tion

ha h d l d I wa t t f

Why What th d l? sa d Boris p cki g
p d ead g th dd ess. Th l tter
w ld be f great use to y u.

I wa t th g d I won t b any

d j ta t

Why t q ed Boris.

It l keys job!

You are still the me d eamer I see re
marked Boris al k gh s head

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that n t the po t. Come how are yo
a ked Rost v

Well as you see So far everyth n all
ght but I confess I sl ould mu h l ke to be
djutant a d n t em n t the front.

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t l nwer to me questu n

Old G b el bro ght n the w e

Sh uld n t we now s nd f Berg? asked
Bo is. H would d nk w th y u. I can t.

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on th th t G rm n? a ked Rostóv w th a
cont mpt us u l

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f ll w n we d B r s.

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l t well l d th Lo ds Pray So
Cou t lter ne r s ny egl gence n my

Am t T k h nam f th Alb
h ppl ed th Turks w h r regula ca alry
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company and so my conscience was at ease I came forward (Berg stood up and showed how he presented himself with his hand to his eye and really it would have been difficult for a face to express greater respect and self complacency than his did) Well he stormed at me as the saying is stormed and stormed and stormed! It was not a matter of life but rather of death as the saying is Albanians! and devils! and To Siberia! said Berg with a sagacious smile I knew I was in the right so I kept silent was not that best Count? Hey are you dumb? he shouted Still? —

That's the way Count said Berg to his pipe

But he was preparing to make fun of Berg and skillfully changed the subject He asked him to tell them how and where he got his wound This pleased Rostov and he began talking about it and as he went on became more and more animated He told them of his Schon Grabern affair just as those who have taken part in a battle generally do describe it that is as they would like it to have been as they have heard it described by others and as sounds well but not at all as it really was Rostov was a truthful young man and would on no account have told a deliberate lie He began his story meaning to tell everything just as it happened but imperceptibly involuntarily and inevitably he lapsed into falsehood If he had told the truth to his hearers—who like himself had often heard stories of attacks and had formed a definite idea of what an attack was and were expecting to hear just such a story—they would either not have believed him or still worse would have thought that Rostov was himself to blame since what generally happens to the narrators of cavalry attacks had not happened to him He could not tell them simply that everyone went at a trot and that he fell off his horse and sprained his arm and then ran as hard as he could from a Frenchman into the wood Besides — even — — — — —

had tasted flesh and he had fallen exhausted, and so on And so he told them all that

In the middle of his story just as he was saying You cannot imagine what a strange frenzy one experiences during an attack Prince Andrew whom Boris was expecting entered the room Prince Andrew who liked to help young men was flattered by being asked for his assistance and being well disposed to aid Boris who had managed to please him the day before he wished to do what the young man wanted Having been sent with papers from Kutuzov to the Tsarvich he looked at

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Andrew could not

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line

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one might ask about our plans

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possible

And having glanced round the room Prince

Andrew turned to Rostov whose state of

unconquerable childish excitement now

changing to anger he did not condescend to

notice and said I think you were talking of

the Schon Grabern affair? Were you there?

BOOK THREE

135

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CHAPTER VIII

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r m y w e s h r p l y d t g u h d k u t u s
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company and so my conscience was at ease I came forward (Berg stood up and showed how he presented himself with his hand to his eye and really it would have been difficult for a face to express greater respect and self complacency than his did) Well he said I am silent

est Com >

opened in the Orders of the Dry That's what keeping one's head means This's the way Count said Berg lighting his pipe and emitting rings of smoke

Yes that was fine said Rostov smiling

But Boris noticed that he was preparing to make fun of Berg and skillfully changed the subject He asked him to tell them how and where he got his wound This pleased Rostov and he began talking about it and as he went on became more and more animated He told them of

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He threw himself and all aflame with excitement he had flown like a storm at the square cut his way in slashed right and left how his saber

had tasted flesh and he had fallen exhausted, and so on And so he told them all that

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in a

mile Prince Andrew could not endure that sort of man he gave Boris a pleasant smile frowned as with half closed eyes he looked at Rostov bowed slightly and easily and sat down languidly on the sofa he felt it unpleasant to have dropped in on bad company Rostov flushed up on noticing this but he did not care this as a mere stranger Glancing however at Boris he saw that he too seemed ashamed of the hussar of the line

In spite of Prince Andrew's disagreeable ironical tone in spite of the contempt with which Rostov from his fighting army point of view regarded all these little adjutants on the staff of whom the newcomer was evidently one Rostov felt confused blushed and became silent Boris inquired what news there might be on the staff and what without indiscreet on one might ask about our plans

We shall probably advance replied Bolkonski evidently reluctant to stay more in the presence of a stranger

Berg took the opportunity to ask with great politeness whether as was rumored the allowance of forage money to captains of companies would be doubled To this Prince Andrew answered with a smile that he could give no opinion on such an important government order and Berg laughed gaily

As to your business Prince Andrew continued addressing Boris we will talk of it later (and he looked round at Rostov) Come to me after the review and we will do what is possible

And having glanced round the room Prince Andrew turned to Rostov whose state of unconquerable childish excitement was now changing to anger He did not condescend to notice and said I think you were talking of the Schon Grabern affair? Were you there?

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CHAPTER IV.

THE. DAY. AFTER. the. rev. ew. Boris, in. his. best.
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 wishes. fo. success. rod. to. Olm. t. t. see. Bol-
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 so. immeasurably. abo. e. h. m. an. n. gn. fica. t.
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 body. was. heartily. s. ck. f. them. In. p. te. of. this,

flank of the front) those recently arrived from Russia both Guards and regiments of the line and the Austrian troops. But they all stood in the same lines under one command and in a like order.

Like wind over leaves ran an excited whisper. They're coming! They're coming! Alarmed voices were heard and a stir of final preparation swept over all the troops.

From the direction of Olmutz in front of them a group was seen approaching. And at that moment though the day was still a light gust of wind blowing over the army slightly stirred the streamers on the lances and the unfolded standards fluttered against their staffs. It looked as if by that slight motion the army itself was expressing its joy at the approach of the Emperors. One voice was heard shouting:

Eyes front! Then like the crowing of cocks at sunrise this was repeated by others from various sides and all became silent.

In the deathlike stillness only the tramp of horses was heard. This was the Emperors' suites. The Emperors rode up to the flank and the trumpets of the first cavalry regiment played the general march. It seemed as though not the trumpeters were playing but as if the army itself rejoicing at the Emperors' approach had naturally burst into music. Amid these sounds only the youthful kindly voice of the Emperor

stronger and fuller and merging into a deafening roar.

Till the Tsar reached it each regiment in its silence and immobility seemed like a lifeless body but as soon as he came up it became alive its thunder joining the roar of the whole line along which he had already passed. Through the terrible and deafening roar of those voices amid the square masses of troops standing motionless as if turned to stone hundreds of riders composing the suites moved

ate attention of that whole mass of men was concentrated.

The handsome young Emperor Alexander in the uniform of the Horse Guards wearing a cocked hat with its peaks front and back with his pleasant face and resonant throat loud voice attracted everyone's attention.

Rostov was not far from the trumpeters and

distinguish every detail of his handsome happy young face he experienced a feeling of tenderness and ecstasy such as he had never before known. Every trait and every movement of the Tsar's seemed to him enchanting.

Seeing that smile Rostov involuntarily smiled himself and felt a still stronger flow of love for his sovereign. He longed to show that love in some way and knowing that this was impossible was ready to cry. The Tsar called the colonel of the regiment and said a few words to him.

Oh God what could happen to me if the Emperor spoke to me? thought Rostov. I should die of happiness!

The Tsar addressed the officers also. I thank you all gentlemen. I thank you with my whole heart. To Rostov every word sounded like a voice from heaven. How gladly would he have died at once for the Tsar!

You have earned the St. George's standard and will be worthy of them.

Oh to die to die for him! thought Rostov.

The Tsar said something more which Rostov did not hear and the soldiers strain

fully that the men themselves were awed by their multitude and the immensity of the power they constituted.

Rostov standing in the front lines of Kutuzov

proud consciousness of might and a passion at attraction to him who was the cause of this triumph.

He felt that at a single word from that man all this vast mass (and he himself an insignificant atom in it) could go through fire and water commit crime die or perform deeds of highest heroism and so he could not but tremble and his heart stand still at the immensity of that word.

Hurrah! Hurrah! Hurrah! thundered from all sides one regiment after another greeted him then and

Prince Andrew always became specially keen when he had to guide a young man and help him to obtain

kept in touch with the circle in which he was and which attracted him. He very readily took up Boris' cause and went with him to Dolgorukov.

It was late in the evening when they entered the palace at Olmitz occupied by the Emperor and their retinues.

That same day a council of war had been held in which all the members of the Hofkriegsrath and both Emperors took part. At that council, contrary to the views of the old general Kutuzov and Prince Schwartzberg, it had been decided to advance immediately and give battle to Bonaparte. The council of war was just over when Prince Andrew accompanied by Boris arrived at the palace to find Dolgorukov. Everyone at headquarters was still under the spell of the day's council, in which the party of the young had triumphed. The voices of those who counseled delay and tried waiting for some thing else before advancing had been so completely silenced and their arguments confuted by such conclusive evidence of the advantages of attacking that what had been discussed—the council—the coming battle and the victory that would certainly result from it—no longer seemed to be in the future but in the past. All the advantages were on our side. Our enormous forces, undoubtedly superior to Napoleon's, were concentrated in one place, the troops inspired by the Emperor's presence were eager for action. The strategic position where the operations would take place was familiar in all its details to the Austrian General Weyrother. Luck indeed had ordered that the Austrian army should meet the French the previous year in the very fields where the French had now to be fought. The adjacent locality was known and shown in every detail on the maps, and Bonaparte, evidently weak now, was undertaking nothing.

Dolgorukov, one of the warmest advocates of attack, had just returned from the council, tired and exhausted but eager and proud of the victory that had been gained. Prince Andrew introduced his protégé but Prince Dolgorukov politely and firmly pressed his hand and nothing to Boris and, evidently unable to suppress the thoughts which were perpetually haunting him, at that moment addressed Prince Andrew in French.

Ah, my dear fellow what battle we have gained! God grant that the one that will result from it will be as victorious. However my dear fellow he said abruptly and earnestly "I must confess to having been unjust to the Austrians

"So the attack is definitely resolved?" asked Bolkonski.

smiled significantly.

"Is that so? And what did he say?" inquired Bolkonski.

"What can he say? Tra-di-ri-dra and so on

tured laugh, "was that we could not think how to address the reply! If not as Consul and of course not as Emperor it seemed to me it should be to 'General Bonaparte'.

But between not recognizing him as Emperor and calling him General Bonaparte, there is a difference, remarked Bolkonski.

"That just it, interrupted Dolgorukov quickly laughing. "You know Bilbin—he is a very clever fellow. He suggested addressing him as 'Usurper and Enemy of Mankind'.

Dolgorukov laughed merrily.

"Only that?" said Bolkonski.

All the same, it was Bilbin who found a suitable form for the address. He is a wise and clever fellow.

"What was it?"

"To the Head of the French Government
"*Monsieur le Chef du gouvernement français*" said Dolgorukov with grave satisfaction. Good, wasn't it?

"Yes, but he will dislike it extremely," said Bolkonski.

Oh yes, very much. My brother knows him, he dealt with him—the present Emperor—more than once in Paris, and tells me he never met more cunning or subtle diplomatist—you know combination of French adroitness and Italian pliancy. Do you know the tale about him and Count Markov? Count Markov

or rather because of it next day November 15 after dinner he again went to Olmutz and entering the house occupied by Kutuzov asked for Bolkónski. Prince Andrew was in and Boris was shown into a large hall probably formerly used for dancing but in which five beds now stood and furniture of various kinds a table chairs and a clavichord. One adjutant near the door was sitting at the table in a Persian dressing gown writing. Another the red stout Nesvitski lay on a bed with his arms under his head laughing with an officer who had sat down beside him. A third was playing a Viennese waltz on the clavichord while a fourth lying on the clavichord sang the tune. Bolkónski was not there. None of these gentlemen changed his position on seeing Boris. The one who was writing and whom Boris addressed turned round crossly and told him Bolkónski was on duty and that he should go through the door on the left into the reception room if he wished to see him. Boris thanked him and went to the reception room where he found some ten officers and generals.

When he entered Prince Andrew his eyes drooping contemptuously (with that peculiar expression of polite weariness which plainly says "If it were not my duty I would not talk to you for a moment") was listening to an old Russian general with decorations who stood very erect almost on tiptoe with a soldier's obsequious expression on his purple face reporting something.

"Very well then be so good as to wait," said Prince Andrew to the general in Russian speaking with the French intonation he affected when he wished to speak contemptuously and noticing Boris Prince Andrew paying no more heed to the general who ran after him imploring him to hear something more nodded and turned to him with a cheerful smile.

At that moment Boris clearly realized what he had before surmised that in the army besides the subordination and discipline prescribed in the military code which he and the others knew in the regiment there was another more important subordination which made this tight-laced purple-faced general wait respectfully while Captain Prince Andrew for his own pleasure chose to chat with Lieutenant Drubetskói. More than ever was Boris resolved to serve in future not according to the written code but under this unwritten law. He felt now that merely by having been recommended to Prince Andrew he had already risen above the general who at the front had

the power to annihilate him a lieutenant of the Guards Prince Andrew came up to him and took his hand.

"I am very sorry you did not find me yesterday. I was fussing about with Germans all day. We went with Weyrother to survey the dispositions. When Germans start being accurate there's no end to it!"

Boris smiled as if he understood what Prince Andrew was alluding to as something generally known. But it was the first time he had heard Weyrother's name or even the term dispositions.

"Well my dear fellow so you still want to be an adjutant? I have been thinking about you."

"Yes I was thinking—for some reason Boris could not help blushing—of asking the commander in chief. He has had a letter from Prince Kurágin about me. I only wanted to ask because I fear the Guards won't be in ac-

gentleman's business and I shall be at your disposal."

While Prince Andrew went to report about the purple-faced general that gentleman evidently not sharing Boris' conception of the advantages of the unwritten code of subordination—looked so fixedly at the presumptuous lieutenant who had prevented his finishing what he had to say to the adjutant that Boris felt uncomfortable. He turned away and waited impatiently for Prince Andrew's return from the commander in chief's room.

"You see my dear fellow I have been thinking about you," said Prince Andrew when they had gone into the large room where the clavichord was. "It's no use your going to the commander in chief. He would say a lot of pleasant things ask you to dinner. (That would not be bad as regards the unwritten code thought Boris) but nothing more could come of it. There will soon be a battalion of us at the de camp and adjutants! But this is what I will do. I have a good friend an adjutant general and an excellent fellow Prince Dolgorukov and though you may not know it the fact is that now Kutuzov with his staff and all of us count for nothing. Everything is now centered round the Emperor. So we will go to Dolgorukov. I have to go there anyhow and I have already spoken to him about you. We shall see whether he cannot attach you to himself or find a place for you somewhere nearer the sun."

dragon who was being brought on foot by
two Cossacks.

One of them was led by the bundle a fine
large Fenchels he had taken from the pris-

Sell us that himself. Don so called out to
the Cossacks.

If you have him.

The officers got up and stood round the Cos-
sacks. The Fenchels drew on.

Fenchel spoke. He begged a piece of
the officers, addressed first on them. The
He said he would not have been taken it was

round the corner.

He said struck the mail. It was plain
that the dead to the grape which was. Now
he cursed himself for having been taken pris-
son. He was angry with himself. He
was assisted. He sold the dead. He
said that the officers. He brought with him
the rear guard. He felt the freshness of atmos-
phere. The Fenchel was very well so as to
tell us.

The Cossack sold the horses for two gold
pieces. He said that he got the chest of the
Fenchel. He said that he had the horse. He
bought it.

But it hurt my little horse. He said that
all the good things. He said that the
mail was dead. He said that the hussar

Rostov. He said that the hussar and
the hussar.

Alley. Alley. He said that the Cossack. He
said that the hussar.

The Emperor. He said that the hussar.
He said that the hussar.

All began to run. He said that the hussar.
He said that the hussar.

Rostov. He said that the hussar.
He said that the hussar.

He said that the hussar.

and the feast. He said that the hussar.
He said that the hussar.

The Pálgrad hussars? he asked.

The reserves replied. He said that the hussar.

The Pálgrad hussars?

The Emperor drew level with Rostov. He
halted. Alexander's face was even more be-
autiful than it had been three days before.
He was with the youth. He said that the hussar.
He said that the hussar.

gallied on.

The younger Emperor could not restrain his
wish to be present at the battle. He said that the hussar.
He said that the hussar.

He said that the hussar.
He said that the hussar.

was the only man who knew how to handle him. You know the story of the handkerchief? It is delightful!

And the talkative Dolgorukov, turning now to Boris, now to Prince Andrew, told him

how Markov picked it up for him and how Markov immediately dropped his own beside it and picked it up without touching Bonaparte's.

Delightful! said Bolkonski. But I have come to you, Prince, as a petitioner on behalf of this young man. You see, but before Prince Andrew could finish an aide de camp came in to summon Dolgorukov to the Emperor.

Oh, what a nuisance! said Dolgorukov, getting up hurriedly and pressing the hands of Prince Andrew and Boris. You know I should be very glad to do all in my power both for you and for this dear young man. Again he pressed the hand of the latter with an

He was conscious that here he was in contact with the springs that set in motion the enormous movements of the mass of which in his regiment he felt himself a tiny, obedient and insignificant atom. They followed Prince Dolgorukov out into the corridor and met—coming out of the door of the Emperor's room by which Dolgorukov had entered—a short man in civilian clothes with a clever face and sharply projecting jaw which without spoiling his face gave him a peculiar vivacity and shiftiness of expression. This short man nodded to Dolgorukov as to an intimate friend and stared at Prince Andrew with cool intensity, walking straight toward him and evidently expecting him to bow or to step out of his way. Prince Andrew did neither; a look of animosity appeared on his face and the other turned away and went down the side of the corridor.

Who was that? asked Boris.

He is one of the most remarkable but to me most unpleasant of men—the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Prince Adam Czartoryski. It is such men as he who decide the fate of nations, added Bolkonski with a sigh he could not suppress as they passed out of the palace.

Next day the army began its campaign and up to the very battle of Austerlitz Boris was unable to see either Prince Andrew or Dolgorukov again and remained for a while with the Ismaylov regiment.

CHAPTER X

AT DAWN

COSSACKS

AND WHIGS

ment moved from the place where it had spent the night, advancing into action as arranged and after going behind other columns for about two thirds of a mile was stopped on the highroad. Rostov saw the Cossacks and then the first and second squadrons of hussars and infantry battalions and artillery pass by and go forward and then Generals Bagration and Dolgorukov ride past with their adjutants. All the fear before action which he had experienced is previously all the inner struggle to conquer that fear, all his dreams of distinguishing himself as a true hussar in this battle had been wasted. Their squadron remained in reserve and Nicholas Rostov spent that day in a dull and wretched mood. At nine in the morning he heard firing in front and shouts of hurrah and saw wounded being brought back (there were not many of them) and at last he saw how a whole detachment of French cavalry was brought in, convoyed by a *sotnya* of Cossacks. Evidently the affair was over and though not big had been a successful engagement. The men and officers returning spoke of a brilliant victory, of the occupation of the town of Wischau and the capture of a whole French squadron. The day was bright and sunny after a sharp night frost and the cheerful glitter of that autumn day was in keeping with the news of victory which was conveyed not only by the tales of those who had taken part in it but also by the joyful expression on the faces of soldiers, officers, generals and adjutants as they passed Rostov going or coming. And Nicholas, who had vainly suffered all the dread that precedes a battle and had spent that happy day in inactivity, was all the more depressed.

Come here, Wostov! Let's drink to drown our grief! shouted Denisov, who had settled down by the roadside with a flask and some food.

The officers gathered round Denisov's can

and the other was French. The Emperor had a very high opinion of the French, and he was determined to be the first to make his move. He was determined to be the first to make his move.

It was indeed the French who had been the first to move to make a treaty with the Emperor. The Emperor had been the first to make a treaty with the French. The Emperor had been the first to make a treaty with the French.

The Emperor had been the first to make a treaty with the French. The Emperor had been the first to make a treaty with the French. The Emperor had been the first to make a treaty with the French.

On the second day of the month of the Emperor's move, the Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move.

The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move.

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The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move. The Emperor's move was the first move.

It was indeed the French who had been the first to move to make a treaty with the Emperor. The Emperor had been the first to make a treaty with the French. The Emperor had been the first to make a treaty with the French.

Just as in a clock, the work of the clockwork is the work of the clockwork. The work of the clockwork is the work of the clockwork. The work of the clockwork is the work of the clockwork.

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there had been some rather heavy firing before the Emperor's arrival lay several killed and wounded soldiers whom there had not been time to move. The Emperor surrounded by his suite of officers and courtiers w

bob
thrt
bent
lorgi
who lay prone with blood on his uncovered head. The wounded soldier was so dirty coarse and revolting that his proximity to the Emperor shocked Rostov. Rostov saw how the Emperor's rather round shoulders shuddered as if a cold shiver had run down them. He left for
side w

horse
An adjutant dismounting lifted the soldier under the arms to place him on a stretcher that had been brought. The soldier groaned.

Gently gently! Can't you do it more gently? said the Emperor apparently suffering more than the dying soldier and he rode away.

Rostov saw tears filling the Emperor's eyes and heard him as he was riding away say to Czartoryski: What a terrible thing war is what a terrible thing! *Quelle terrible chose que la guerre!*

The troops of the vanguard were stationed before Wischau within sight of the enemy's lines which all day long had yielded ground to us at the least firing. The Emperor's gratitude was announced to the vanguard: rewards were promised and the men received a double ration of vodka. The campfires crackled and the soldiers' songs resounded even more merrily than on the previous night. Denisov celebrated his promotion to the rank of major and Rostov who had already drunk enough at the end of the feast proposed the Emperor's health.

Not our Sovereign the Emperor as they say at official dinners said he but the health of our Sovereign that good enchanting and great man! Let us drink to his health and to the certain defeat of the French!

If we fought before he said not letting the French pass as at Schon Grabern I at shall we not do now when he is at the front? We will all die for him gladly! Is it not so gentlemen? Perhaps I am not saying it right. I have drunk a good deal—but that's how I feel and so do you too! To the health of Alexander the First! Hurrah!

Hurrah! rang the enthusiastic voices of the officers.

And the old cavalry captain Kirsten shouted enthusiastically and no less sincerely than the twenty year old Rostov.

W
the
slee
went glass in hand to the soldiers bonfires and with his long gray mustache his white chest showing under his open shirt he stood in a majestic pose in the light of the campfire.

Lads! he
or and vict
exclaimed as his dashing old hussars' baton.

The hussars crowded round and responded heartily with loud shouts.

Late that night when all had separated Denisov with his short hand patted his favorite Rostov on the shoulder.

As there's no one to fall in love with on campaign he's fallen in love with the Tsar he said.

Denisov don't make fun of it! cried Rostov. It is such a lofty beautiful feeling such a

I believe it I believe it friend and I share and approve.

No you don't understand!

And Rostov got up and went wandering among the campfires dreaming of what happiness it would be to die—not in saving the Emperor's life (he did not even dare to dream of that) but simply to die before his eyes. He really was in love with the Tsar and the glory of the Russian arms and the hope of future triumph. And he was not the only man to experience that feeling during those memorable days preceding the battle of Austerlitz: nine tenths of the men in the Russian army were then in love though less ecstatically with their Tsar and the glory of the Russian arms.

CHAPTER VI

THE NEXT DAY the Emperor stopped at Wischau and Villier his physician was repeatedly summoned to see him. At he la

those around him reported. The cause of this indisposition was the strong impression made on his sensitive mind by the sight of the killed and wounded.

At daybreak on the seventeenth a French officer who had come with a flag of truce demanding an audience with the Russian Emperor was brought into Wischau from our out

posts. Thus after was S vary. The Empero
h do ly just f llen asleep and so Sa ary had
t a t. At m dday h was admitted to the Em
pero d h urlate he rode off w th Pri ce
Dolgorukovt th advanced post of the F ench
army

It was rum ed that S ary had been e t to
propose to Alexa der a meeti g w th N po-
leo. To the joy a d p de of the wh le army
perso al nterv ew was r fused and instead
of the So regn Prince Dolgoruk the c
t t Wschau was ent with S ary t negoti-
ate w th N poleon f ontrary t expect t ns
thes negot t s we e actu ted by eal de-
ure fo pea e.

T ard even ng D lgorukov came b ck
ent straight to the Tar and rem ed alo e
w th hum fo a l ng time.

O the ght e th and ninetee th of No-
ember the army d anced tw days march
a d th e my outposts fter bri f ter
ch ge fsh ts etreated. In the highest army
ci des from mudd y on the net e th a great,
excitedly bustl g cu ty bega which lasted
till the m rn g f the tw nt eth wh n the
mem rabl b tll f Auste l tz was f ught.

Till m d d y o the n teen th the ct ty
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p tchu g f dj ta ts-was confi ed t th Em

n t yet eached Wheels cre k on their axles as
the cogs engage one an ther nd the revolv g
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cated motu n of nnumerable wheels and pul-
leys sme ely slow nd regular m vement of
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Pri e Andrew was on d ty th t day and n
co ta t atte da e on the commander in
ch f.

At x n the even g Kutúzov we t t the
Empero headquarters nd fter t yng but
sho t t me with the T a we t t se the grand
marsh l of th court Cou t Tolstóy

B lkón k took the opp rtun ty t go in t

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wh mo tr m tted to tlem the
parts f th m cha m wh ch the mpulse has

th ef re w hed to peak to Dolgorukov

"W ll h w d you do my dear f llow? s d
D lg ruko who was tti g at tea w th B li
b n "The f te f t m rrow H w is y ur
old fell w? Out of sorts

I w n tsay h s ut of rts but f f ncy he
w uld l ke to be h rd.

But th y h d h m t th council of war
a d w ll hear h m when he talks en e but to
temporize d wa t f som th g n w when
B prt fers th g much as g eral
battle is m possible.

"Yes y u h e en hum? sa d P nce An
drew "Well wh t is B nap rtel k? How did
he mp ess y u?

"Yes I saw h m d m n n ed th t h
fears n th g so much as a ge ral gage-
m t repeat d D lgoruk de tly priz-
ing this general conclus n which he had ar

arrived at from his interview with Napoleon. If he weren't afraid of a battle why did he ask for that interview? Why negotiate and above all why retreat when to retreat is so contrary to his method of conducting war? Believe me he is afraid afraid of a general battle. His hour has come! Mark my words!

But tell me what is he like eh? said Prince Andrew again.

He is a man in a gray overcoat very anxious that I should call him Your Majesty but who to his chagrin got no title from me! That's

Despite my great respect for old Kutuzov he continued we should be a nice set of fellows if we were to wait about and so give him a chance to escape or to trick us now that we certainly have him in our hands! No we mustn't forget Suворов and his rule—not to put yourself in a position to be attacked but yourself to attack. Believe me in war the energy of young men often shows the way better than all the experience of old Cunctators.

But in what position are we going to attack him? I have been at the outposts today and it is impossible to say where his chief forces are situated said Prince Andrew.

He wished to explain to Dolgorukov a plan of attack he had himself formed.

Oh that is all the same Dolgorukov said quickly and getting up he spread a map on the table. All eventualities have been foreseen. If he is standing before Brunn.

And Prince Dolgorukov rapidly but distinctly explained Weyrother's plan of a flank movement.

Prince Andrew began to reply and to state his own plan which might have been as good as Weyrother's but for the disadvantage that Weyrother's had already been approved. As soon as Prince Andrew began to demonstrate the defects of the latter and the merits of his own plan Prince Dolgorukov ceased to listen to him and gazed absent-mindedly not at the map but at Prince Andrew's face.

There will be a council of war at Kutuzov's tonight though you can say all this there remarked Dolgorukov.

I will do so said Prince Andrew moving away from the map.

Whether tomorrow brings victory or defeat, the glory of our Russian arms is secure. Except your Kutuzov there is not a single Russian in command of a column! The commanders are Herr General Wimpfen le Comte de Lanzeron le Prince de Lichtenstein le Prince de Hohenlohe and finally Prishprish and so on like all those Polish names.

Be quiet backbiter! said Dolgorukov. It is not true there are now two Russians Milorádovich and Dokhturov and there would be a third Count Arakchéev if his nerves were not too weak.

However I think General Kutuzov has come out said Prince Andrew. I wish you good luck and success gentlemen! he added and went out after shaking hands with Dolgorukov and Bilibin.

On the way home Prince Andrew could not refrain from asking Kutuzov who was sitting silently beside him what he thought of tomorrow's battle.

Kutuzov looked sternly at his adjutant and after a pause replied I think the battle will be lost and so I told Count Tolstoy and asked him to tell the Emperor. What do you think he replied? But my dear general I am engaged with rice and cutlets look after military matters yourself! Yes That was the answer I got!

CHAPTER XII

SHORTLY AFTER nine o'clock that evening Weyrother drove with his plans to Kutuzov's quarters where the council of war was to be held. All the commanders of columns were summoned to the commander in chief's and with the exception of Prince Bagration who declined to come were all there at the appointed time.

Weyrother who was in full control of the proposed battle by his eagerness and briskness presented a marked contrast to the dissatisfied and drowsy Kutuzov who reluctantly played the part of chairman and president of the council of war. Weyrother evidently felt himself to be at the head of a movement that had already become unrestrainable. He was like a horse running downhill harnessed to a heavy cart. Whether he was pulling it or being pushed by it he did not know but rushed along at headlong speed without time to consider that this movement might lead to Weyrother having been twice that evening to the enemy's picket line to reconnoiter personally and twice to the

General Przebyszewski.—T

and now was evidently ready with a joke

Emperors R ss n a d Austr to repo t
d expla d to h headquarters wh r he
had d clated th d spos to s i Germ nd
m hexh usted h arr ed t kut ro s.
He was de dly so busy that he even f r
gott be pol te to th comma de nch f He
terrupted h m talked rap dly a d d t nct
ly w th t look g t the man he was dd ess-
— d t to h m.

K t wa occupy g a oblem n s castle
L f modest dimens n near Ostral tz. I the
l rge dra g oom wh ch had become the
comma der ch eff f i we gath red ku
— — —

1th room.

S Pri B gration is t com g we
nay beg sa d Weyrother hurriedly r g
rom h t d go g up t the tabl on
h ch en rmous m p of the en rons of
Bru p d t.

k t u w th h s n f rm u butt ned so
that his f t eck b lged o e his collar as f es-
cap g was tt galmost leep n l wch ir
w th h podry ld h ds est g ymmetr
cally is rms. At th sou d f W yr ther s
— — —

D spos tuo s for an att k on the enemy
po t n bel nd kob l tz and Sokoln tz No-
embe 3 180

The dispo t ons w re very complicated and
d fficult. They began s f llows

As the enemys left w g rests on wooded
hills and his r ght exte ds long Kobeln tz
and Sok l tz beh nd the ponds th t are there
wh l w on the the ha d with our left w ng
by f outfl k h s right, t s d anta eous to

that Th first column m hes The
se o d column ma d es The thurd column
marches a d so on read Weyrother

The g eral eemed to l st reluct ntly to
the d fficult d po t on The tall fat h red
G neral B xh wden stood lean g his b ck
ga n t th wall h s eye fied on a burn g
candle nd seemed n t to l t n or ev n to
w sh to be thou ht to l ten Exactly opp te
Weyroth w th h gl ten gw de-open yes
fied pon h m d h s mu tach twisted up-
wa ds sat the ruddy M lorád ch n a m l
tary pose lu lbows t rned outwards h s
ha ds on h k es d h s h ulders ra ed
Herem ed t bbornly s lent gaz g t Wey
rothers s f d o ly t rned away his eyes
wh n the Austr n h ef of taff f n hed read
— — —

La g ron wh w th ubtle sm le t l t
l f th typ cally so thern F e ch f c durri
the whole t m f there d g gar d thud l
cat f i gers wh ch rap dly tw led by its cor
ners gold s uffbox wh ch was po tra t
In the m ddl of one of the lon est ente ces

B t th Austr ge eral co tinu g to read
frowned or ly nd jerked his lbow f t
say y u cant tell m y ur ewslat but n w
b so good s t look t t le m p and l sten
La ge n l fted h s y w th an express n of
perpl ty tur ed u d t M l rád vich
ifs k g nexpl u but me t g th l t

as p u g leep u
no da h ose mitted d r g the e d g
that I l l wed p ed th t the comm der n
ch f t th t m m t was bso bed by a f r
more serio m tter tha desure to h w h
on tempt f th d po t yth gel
— h was e gaged sa fy g the rres t bl
human eed f leep H eally was leep
Weyrother w th th gest e f man too busy
to lose moment, gl ed t k t ov d,
ha ed h m lf that he was asleep
took p a p per d n l d, m t us
voce bega t ead t the d pos t ons f
the mpe d g bat le u der a h d g wh ch
he ho ead t

rived at from his interview with Napoleon. If he weren't afraid of a battle why did he ask for that interview? Why negotiate and above all why retreat when to retreat is so contrary to his method of conducting war? Believe me he is afraid afraid of a general battle. His hour has come! Mark my words!

But tell me what is he like eh? said Prince Andrew again.

He is a man in a gray overcoat very anxious that I should call him Your Majesty but who to his chagrin got no title from me! That's the sort of man he is and nothing more replied Dolgorukov looking round at Bilbimin with a smile.

Despite my great respect for old Kutuzov he continued we should be a nice set of fellows if we were to wait about and so give him a chance to escape or to trick us now that we certainly have him in our hands! No we mustn't forget Suворов and his rule—not to put yourself in a position to be attacked but yourself to attack. Believe me in war the energy of young men often shows the way better than all the experience of old Cunctators.

But in what position are we going to attack him? I have been at the outposts today and it is impossible to say where his chief forces are situated said Prince Andrew.

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There will be a council of war at Kutuzov's

away from the map.

Whatever are you bothering about gentlemen? said Bilbimin who till then had listened with an amused smile to their conversation and now was evidently ready with a joke.

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General Przebys ówski—TR

Emperors Russ d Austr to report
-and expla d t h s headquarters whe e he
-had dictated the d pos t s n Germa d
-ow m hexh ted, h rred t hutuzo s.

He was evidently so busy that he even forgot to be polite to the commander in chief. He interrupted him, talked rapidly and distinctly without looking at him; he was addressing me, I did not reply to his questions put to him. He was beset by a multitude and had a painful, weary and distracted air though at the same time he was happy and self-confident.

K. turo was occupying a fifteen castle
of modest dimensions near Ostratiz. In the
large drawing room which had become the
commander chief's office were gathered Ku
turo himself, Petrovich and the members of
the council of war. They were drinking tea,

send Prince Andrew came in to see the commander in chief of this and, asking him self permission previously given him by Kutuzov to be present at the council, he remained in the room.

"Since Prince Bagration is not coming, we may begin," said Werrother hurriedly rising from his seat and going up to the table on which an enormous map of the environs of Baku was spread out.

K turned with his uniform unbuttoned so that his fat neck bared over his collar as if escape was sure as air as he sat in a low chair with his pudgy old hands resting symmetrically on a pair of the second Westrothermore he bought his coat with an effort.

7. The rest of the money is almost lost, and he will continue to work for it, and will not stop.

[illegible]

Depositions for an attack on the enemy
position behind Koblenz and Sokoletz, No-
vember 30 18 5

The disputes were very complicated and difficult. They began as follows:

As the enemy's left wing rests on wooded hills and height extends along Kobelnitz and Sokolnitz behind the ponds that are there while we, on the other hand with our left wing by force flank him right, it is sad to count to attack the enemy's latter wing especially if we occupy the villages of Sokolnitz and Kobelnitz whereby we can both fall on his flank and pursue him over the plain between Schlappnitz and the Thuerassitz, a distance of the defiles of Schlappnitz and Bellwitz which cover the enemy's front. For this object it is necessary that the first column marches. The second column marches. The third column marches and so on read Weyrother.

The generals seemed to list in elucta-
tively to the difficult dispositions. The tall fair haired
General Buxowden stood, lean his back
against the wall his eyes fixed on a burning

laid his hands on his knees, and his shoulders raised.

left his typewriter so that the whole turn of the reading-gazed this d-
eat sinners which rapidly twirled by is cor-
ners a golden fibron which was portrait.
In the middle of one of the nearest senten-
ce stopped the rotary motion of the snuffbox,
raised his head, and with a musical politeness
lurking in the corners of his thin lips a ter-
rupted Weyrother wished to say something

for a new explanation, but meeting the lat

ter's impressive but meaningless gaze drooped his eyes sadly and again took to twirling his snuffbox.

A geography lesson! he muttered as if to himself but loud enough to be heard.

At last of a man absorbed in attention Dohkturov a little man sat opposite Weyrother with an assiduous and modest mien and stooping over the outspread map conscientiously studied the dispositions and the unfamiliar locality. He asked Weyrother several times to repeat words he had not clearly heard and the difficult names of villages. Weyrother complied and Dohkturov noted them down.

When the reading which lasted more than an hour was over Langeron again brought his snuffbox to rest and without looking at Weyrother or at anyone in particular began to say how difficult it was to carry out such a plan in which the enemy's position was assumed to be known whereas it was perhaps not known since the enemy was in movement. Langeron's objections were valid but it was obvious that their effect was

er—self
chila —that he had to do not with fools but with men who could teach him something in military matters.

When the monotonous sound of Weyrother's voice ceased Kutuzov opened his eye as a miller wakes up when the soporific drone of the mill is

sterned to
So you
ly closed
his eye again and let his head sink still lower.

Langeron trying as virulently as possible to sting Weyrother's vanity as author of the mili-

a
t
A younger met all objections with a firm and contemptuous smile evidently prepared beforehand to meet all objections be they what they might.

If he could attack us he would have done so today said he.

So you think he is powerless? said Langeron.

He has forty thousand men at most replied Weyrother with the smile of a doctor to whom an old wife wishes to explain the treatment of a case.

In that case he is inviting his doom by awaiting our attack said Langeron with a subtly ironical smile again glancing round for support to Milorádovich who was near him.

But Milorádovich was at that moment evidently thinking of anything rather than of what the generals were disputing about.

Ma foi! said he tomorrow we shall see all that on the battlefield.

Weyrother again gave that smile which seemed to say that to him it was strange and ridiculous to meet objections from Russian generals and to have to prove to them what he had not merely convinced himself of but had also convinced the sovereign Emperors of.

The enemy has quenched his fires and a continual noise is heard from his camp said he. What does that mean? Either he is retreating which is the only thing we need fear of he is changing his position. (He smiled ironically.) But even if he also took up a position in the Thuerassa he merely saves us a great deal of trouble and all our arrangements to the minutest detail remain the same.

How is that? began Prince Andrew who had for long been waiting an opportunity to express his doubts.

Kutuzov here woke up coughed heavily and looked round at the generals.

Gentlemen the dispositions for tomorrow—or rather for today for it is past midnight—cannot now be altered said he. You have heard them and we shall all do our duty. But before a battle there is nothing more important he paused than to have a good sleep.

He moved as if to rise. The generals bowed and retired. It was past midnight. Prince Andrew went out.

The council of war at which Prince Andrew had not been able to express his opinion as he had hoped to left on him a vague and uneasy impression. Whether Dolgorukov and Weyrother or Kutuzov Langeron and the others who did not approve of the plan of attack were right—he did not know. But was it really not possible for Kutuzov to state his views plainly to the Emperor? Is it possible that on account of court and personal considerations tens of thousands of lives and my life my life he thought must be risked?

Yes it is very likely that I shall be killed tomorrow he thought. And suddenly at the thought of death a whole series of most distant most intimate memories rose in his mind.

BOOK THREE

and two her rememb red husl stp ru fr m
 b f ther a d his w fe h emembered the
 d ys hen he first l ed her He thou ht of
 her pregn cy a d felt sorry f her and f r
 himself dan nervusly em t n land sof
 tened mood h w nt ut of the hut in which
 h wa bull ted w th Nes iuku nd began to
 lk pa dd wn befo e t.

The n ght was f ggy nd through the fog the
 moonl ght gleamed myst riously "Yes t m r
 row tom row he tho ght. "T m row ev
 eryth g may be o er fo mel All these mem
 es will be om en f them w ll h e
 a ymea gl rme T morr wpe haps e en
 certa ly I ha e a pese tment that fo th
 first t m I hall h e to sh w all I can d
 A d his f cyp ctu ed the b tll ts) ss the
 co e trau f fighting t n point nd the
 hes tatu f ll the comma ders And then
 that happy m me t that To lon fo wh ch he
 had so l g w ted pese ts itself to h m at
 last. H firmly d clea ly exp es es h s op
 t k tur t Weyr ther nd to th Em
 perors. All are tru k by th just ess f hus
 cws but dertakes t carry them
 t, so h takes egume t a d is n—supu
 r fer w th his ar

these men here he thought as he l stened to
 ces kutu o courtyard. The vo ces ere
 those of the d rles who were p cking up
 one o ce p ob bly a co chim n s w s tea
 kut sold cook wh m Pr nce Andrew knew
 and who was called Tit. He was saying "Tit
 I say T t!

Well? returned th old m n
 Go Tit, thresh a b t! sa d th wag
 Oh go to the dev ll called out a vo ce
 drowned by th laughter of the rd rles and
 serva ts.

All the same I lo e and value oth n but
 triumph o er them all I alue th myst c pow
 e and glory that is fl ting here bo e me in
 th s mu tl

CHAPTER XIII

T IAT SA NI IT Rostó was w th a pl toon
 fro t of B erat ó s

c m g e h m. An en rm s p h
 our rmys campf es dunly gl w n the for

A drew h wayer d d n t n wer that o ce
 d w t d eam g f his triumphs. The
 d post f rth ext b tle repl n ed by
 humal e. N m lly he is o ly n djuta t
 k t r s staff but he does everyth g
 l The ext b tll is won by h m al ne.
 k uzo em ed d he is ppo ted
 "W ll a d th ?" ked the ther ce If
 bef that y n t ten t mes w u ded
 killed be ra ed well wh t th n?
 "W ll th Pri ce A drew answered h m elf
 l d t k w wh t w ll happ n d don t

wh re the e emy ought t be n w i e u
 h owne es. H eyes

eyes and w clos befo h m the he u u

say Go nd find ut what s ther I h e a
 many st ries fh gett ng to know n off er n

noth g b t f m d men est em D th,
 w ds, th loss f m ly—I fea th g A d
 p cc us d dea ma y perso are t m—
 f her er w f—those dea est t m—yet
 dreadf l d tural t seems, lwo ldg e
 them ll t f mom nt f gl ry f tr
 mph er m n f l e f m men l d n t
 k w d ever hall k ow f th l f

d ot n to th so ereign R tó p ctured to
 h m s f n nemy dec tful German w l m
 hew ld t nly k ll w th pleasu but w h m
 h w uld sl p n the f b f e th Emper
 S dd ly a dista t h ut aroused him. He
 tarted a d pened his ey

ter's impressive but meaningless gaze drooped his eyes sadly and again took to twirling his snuffbox.

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Yes it is certain that I shall be killed tomorrow he thought of definitely at this moment of the most important

even go that kn ll if they had etreated
they w ld ha e w thdrawn from th t too
Offi e l sa d B grat ó t Ro tó the en
emys sk rmishers st ll ther ?

"They w re th re th s e n g b t n I
d n t k w y e cellency Sh ll I go w th
som I my hussars to e? epl ed R tó
B grat n st pped a d bef eply g
tr ed to s R tó f e n them t.

"W ll go d see he sa d after a pause

"Yes s r

t f m wh ch th sh ut came He test
both f ght ed d pl as d t ber d ng l ne

the hull t t go bey nd the tream but Ros-
tó p e ded n t to h a h m nd d d n t
st pb t odeo d c t llym stak g
bushes f r trees nd gull es fo me a d con-
t ually d sco r h s m tak s Ha g d
sc ded th h ll t tr t he no l er saw e
ther wn the e emy fires b t heard
the h t f the F h m l udly nd
d t cly I the alley h w bef e h m
som th l k e b t h l e ched t
he f d t was a r d. H g c m out o to
th d h e d h h rs hes tat g
wh ther t de l g t or cros t d rid
rth bl k f ld p t h ll d To keep to
th ro d wh ch gleamed wh t th m st
wo ld h bee fer b cause t w uld be
ea cr to ee people com g l g t. F ll w
m l sa d he cro ed the d d bega r d
g p th h ll t gall p tow d the po nt
here the F e ch p ckets had be n st d g
that eve g

"I h t l r he l cr d o e of the
hussars beh d h m A d b f e R tó had
t me t m k t wh t th bl k th g w

missed fire b t f ll shed the p R tó v
turned h h rse d gall ped b ck F m re
report f ll wed t terval d th bull ts
p ved somewhere th fog g g nd f
ent t es. Rostó r ed h h rse whos
p u had sen l k h own t th f g a d
w t ba k t footp e Well some m re!
Some mo m rry o ce wa say g n his
soul. B t mo e h ts came.

O l wl appro ch g Bar rati ó n d d R

dec e u

"What d es that pr e? I e was ay ng as
Rostó rode up Th y m ght retre ta d le e
the p ckets

l m s

"Very good ery good s d B grat n
"Thank you offic

"I ur xc lle cy s d Rost m y I ka
fa ?

"What s t?

"Tom rrow ursqu d on to be n esers
M y I kt be t t cled t th frst qu l n?

"What s you me

Cou t Ro tó

Oh ery well y u m y ta t t nd
on me

Cou t Ilyá R t s so ? a ked D lgor
ko

B t R tó d d n t reply

"Then I m y e k n o n t y ll ncy?

I w ll g th o der

"I m r w ery l kely I m y b t w th
som mess g t the Empe d ht Rostó
Th k God!

Th fi es d sh t g t l my army
w cca d by t l f ct th t w l l N pol
sp l nat n wa be g d to th t oop
the Empe l mself ode ro d l b u cs.
Th sold ers o e gh m l t p f str w
a d ran ft h m sh ut g, f fEmper
N p leo sp oclam t nw f ll s

Sold rs! Th R ss army is f u ga t
t t nge th A t my f U l m Th y
th sam battal ns y b k H ll b d
h p rs ed e th pl Th pos
occupy t g d h l h y
m h g t go d m th ht they w ll
expose f k me. Sold rs I ll f d ect
y b t al I ll keep t f f y h
h l l l l carr d so der d co f on
th my k l t h l l ct ry be
d l cn f m t y ll se y Em-

Where am I? Oh yes in the skirmishing line pass and watchword—*shaft Olmutz* What a nuisance that our squadron will be in reserve tomorrow he thought I'll ask leave to go to the front this may be my only chance of seeing the Emperor. It won't be long now before I am off duty I'll take another turn and when I get back I'll go to the general and ask him. Here he adjusted himself in the saddle and touched up his horse to ride once more round his hussars. It seemed to him that it was getting lighter. To the left he saw a sloping descent lit up and facing it a black knoll that seemed as steep as a wall. On this knoll there was a white patch that Rostov could not at all make out. Was it a glade in the wood lit up by the moon or some unmelted snow or some white houses? He even thought something moved on that white spot.

I expect it's snow that spot—a spot—*une tache* he thought. There now it's not a *tache*. Natásha sister black eyes. *Natásha* (Won't she be surprised when I tell her how I've seen the Emperor?) Natásha take my *sabretache*—Keep to the right your honor there are bushes here—came the voice of an hussar past whom Rostov was riding in the act of falling asleep. Rostov lifted his head that had sunk almost to his horse's mane and pulled up beside the hussar. He was succumbing to irresistible youthful childish drowsiness. But what was I thinking? I mustn't forget. How shall I speak to the Emperor? No that's not it—that's tomorrow. Oh yes! *Natásha sabretache* sberber them! Whom? The hussars. Ah the hussars with mustaches. Along the Tverskaya Street rode the hussar with mustaches. I thought about him too just opposite Guryev's house. Old Guryev.

Oh but Denisov's a fine fellow. But that's all nonsense. The chief thing is that the Emperor is here. How he looked at me and wished to say something but dared not. No it was I who dared not. But that's nonsense. The chief thing is not to forget the important thing I was thinking of. Yes *Natásha sabretache* oh yes yes! That's right! And his head once more sank to his horse's neck. All at once it seemed to him that he was being fired at. What? What? What? Cut them down! What? said Rostov waking up. At the moment he opened his eyes he heard in front of him where the enemy was the long-drawn shouts of thousands of voices. His horse and the horse of the hussar near him pricked their ears at these shouts. Over there where the shouting came from a fire flared up and went out again then

another and all along the French line on the hill fires flared up and the shouting grew louder and louder. Rostov could hear the sound of French words but could not distinguish them. The din of many voices was too great all he could hear was *ahahahl* and *rrrr!*

What's that? What do you make of it said Rostov to the hussar beside him. That must be the enemy's camp!

The hussar did not reply.

Why don't you hear it? Rostov asked again after waiting for a reply.

Who can tell your honor? replied the hussar reluctantly.

From the direction it must be the enemy repeated Rostov.

It may be or it may be nothing muttered the hussar. It's dark. Steady! he cried to his fidgeting horse.

Rostov's horse was also getting restive.

For that only an army of several thousand men could produce. The lights spread farther and farther probably along the line of the French camp. Rostov no longer wanted to sleep. The gay triumphant shouting of the enemy army had a stimulating effect on him. *Une l'Empereur! l'Empereur!* he now heard distinctly.

They can't be far off probably just beyond the stream he said to the hussar beside him.

The hussar only sighed without replying and coughed angrily. The sound of horse's hoofs approaching at a trot along the line of hussars was heard and out of the foggy darkness the figure of a sergeant of hussars suddenly appeared looming huge as an elephant.

Your honor the generals! said the sergeant riding up to Rostov.

Rostov still looking round toward the fires and the shouts rode with the sergeant to meet some mounted men who were riding along the line. One was on a white horse Prince Bagration and Prince Dolgorukov with their adjutants had come to witness the curious phenomenon of the lights and shouts in the enemy's camp. Rostov rode up to Bagration inquired to him and then joined the adjutants listening to what the generals were saying.

Believe me said Prince Dolgorukov addressing Bagration it is not a trick but a trick! He has retreated and ordered the rear guard to kindle fires and make a noise to deceive us.

Hardly said Bagration I saw them thus

even g that kn ll of they h d ret e ted
they o ld ha e w thdrawn from th t too
the en

ow I

do t kn w y ur exce) w th
some [my hussars t ee? repl ed Rostó
Bagrató st pped nd bef e reply
tried t se Rostó sf ce them t.

"W ll go d ee h sa d after a p use.

"Yes,

Rostó purred h h rse called t Sergeant
Fédche k d tw other hu sars, t ld them to
f ll w h m nd trotted down h ll n the d ec
u from wh ch th shout cam He felt
both fr htene d plea ed t berid g lo e
w th three h sars t that myst r u and
dangerous m ty d ta ce where n had
been bef e him. Bagrat called t h m from
th hull t t go beyo d the stream b t Rostó
p etc ded t t h r h m d d d not
t pb trode n d co t nually m tak g
bushes f r trees a d gull es fo men d con
t uall d co ern h m takes. H g de
sce ded th hull t trot he n l gersa e
ther ur n th e emy fires but heard
the h t of the F ch more l dly and
distu cily I the alley he saw bef h m
som th gl ke rier b h he ched t
h f d t was ro d. H g com ut o t
the road he ed his h rse hes tat g
bether t nd l g t o cro t d ride
ov the bl ck fi ld up tl b lls de To keep to
the ro d wh ch gleamed wh t n th m t
would ha bee saf beca se t w uld be
eas er t ee peopl com g l g t. F ll w
m sa d be crossed th ro d, d bega rid
ing p th h ll t gall p toward the po t
where th Fre ch p ckets had been tand g
tha even

"h ther he t cred o f the
hussars behu d h m. A d bef e R tó h d
tum mak t wh t th bl k th wa
that h d dd ly pp ar d the fog there
was flash, f ll wed by r port, d bull t
huzz g h gh up th rust w th pl t e
so d passed t of hea A ther musket
mused fir b t fl hed n th p Rostó
t rned h h rs d gall p d b ck F u m re
ports f ll wed t eral d the b ll ts
passed somewher th fog g n d ff
e to es. Rostó re ed h h rs whose
prish d rise l k h own t th fi g d
wen back loo p W ll som m
Some mo t merry o ce was say g n h
soul. B t no m h ta cam

dece e us.

"What does that pro e? I e wa saying as
R tó rod up 'They m g t retreat nd lea e
the p kets.

Its pl that they ha e n t ll go e yet
Pr ce sa d Bagratón. W t ll tom rr w
mori g we ll fi lout everyth tomorrow

"The p ckets s ll n the h ll your excel
no t

Very good cry good s d ll grat t

"Th k you off er

"Your xcellency sa d Rostó ma I k
f o ?

"What s it?

"T m rrow ou quadro t t be n reserv
M y l k to beatta hed t the frst squ d

What s t ur n me?

Co t Ro t

Oh cry well u m ta u da
o me.

Cou t Ilyá Rostó s so ? ked Dolgoru
k

B t Rostó d d t reply

Then I may eck t your e ll cr

I w ll g e th o der

"T m rr w ery l kely I m y be se t w tl
som messag t the Empero t lo ht Rostó
"Tha k God!

Th fies d sl ut ntlee emy may
w eocca ed by th f ct th tw l \ pole
on p ocl nat n wa be g d t tl troop
th Empero h ms ll rode ro d l l ou es.
The sold rs n ee h m l tw ps f traw
d ra fte h m h utu I e f Emper
e A polcon sp ocl m t on as as f ll s

Sold ers Th R ss mny is l ci ga t
) venge h A tna my f l l m They
th sam ba tal ns) brok t H ll bru n d
h p ed ect th pl Th pos
w occupy tro g d wh l ley
m h g t go ro d m th l t th y ll
expose fl kt me. Sold ers l dl self d ect
) b tial I ll keep f f t y w th
) h t l al carr dso d d co f on
d h m k b t sh ld ct ry be
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enon of the lights camp Rostov rode up to him and then joining to what the general

Believe me said Prince Bioratov He has retreated and I kindle fires and make a no

Hardly said Bioratov

maned svery dfficult to defi e b t t cer
t ly s mmu cated vrys ly a d fl s
rs dl mp c pt bly a d ur p es bly as

f m na gem t became ge er
t b t s t n the d so d r w e d ly
a d t rally ttr buted to the t p d German
d ery ew co ed th t ad nge us
m d d l h d been o ca ned by the s e
t rs

Why h ewe topped? I the w y bl led?
O h ewe al dy c m up ga n t the
Fre ch?

N e can t hear them They d be fir g
f we h d.

They were n hurry en h t start us
d whe we ta d n the m d dle of f ld
w th tr h me r It ll those d m ed
G rma m d d l gl What t p d de ls!

Yes Id d them n f nt b t n fe
they cr d gup b hnd. And ow he w
sta d h gry

I y h ll e soo be le ? Th y s y th
ca lry bl k ng the way d an off r
Ah, th e d mn d G rmanst! Th y d n t
k w th w try! d ther

Wh t d is on ar y u? h ut d an d ju
ta t, r d g p

Th Eght e th

The why ar y u here? Y u hould ha e
go e l g go wy u wo t gettle t ll
ere g

Wh t t p d ders! They d t t l msel es
k w w th they ar d gl d th ff c nd
rod ff

The ge ral r dep t hout g m th g
gry t Russ n

T l l f l B t w th s j bb g no o e
ca mak t d sold mm k g the
gen ral w h d dd n wy Id hoot l m
the soo dr l f

W w d ed t be t l pl e b f e
b t w h e t go th l f w y F o ders!
A be g pe ted n d ff ent d

A d th f l g f ergy w th wh ch the
troop h d ta ted began t turn e t n
d ge t the t p d rra g me ts a d t
th Germa

The f the f n was th t wh le

crossed n fr nt of the s f ntry w lo had t
wa t.

At the fro ta lter cat on occurred f tween
a Austr ngu de a d Rus ange eral Tle
ge eral sh ued a dem nd that tle cavalry
slo ld be halted the A st an argued that n t
he but the h gler c mm d was to blame
The troop me wh le stood gr wing l tles
a d d spr ted. Afte an l ur delay tley at
last m d on desce dl g the h ll Tle s
th t was d p rs ng on the h ll l y st l l r e
den ely bcl w wh re they were descend n In
fro t the f ga lot wa he d nd ther a
th r t f st rregul rly t r y g t e r l -
trata t t - d then more a d more r g lar
ly d rap dly nd the ct at the Goldbach
Stre m bega

N t expect g to come on the e cmv d w
by tle st cam a d h ng tumbled l m
the f g hea ng o nc urag g w l f m

R xch ged sh ts w th the enemy l
z ly d d ed a daga l lted rece g
not mely rd ts fr m the fficers o adj t ts

umn w w n
Prat en H ghts

uuu o t

wasqu tel ght. Abo eh mwa clear bl ky
d the ns t bq d l k e a h ge h l
f w crmson fl t on the su f e of th t m lky
f m t The wh le F ch rmy de

peror exposing himself to the first blows of the enemy for the cause must be no doubt of victory especially on this day when what is at stake is the honor of the French infantry so necessary to the honor of our nation

Do not break your ranks on the plea of removing the wounded! Let every man be fully imbued with the thought that we must defeat these hirelings of England inspired by such hatred of our nation! This victory will conclude our campaign and we can return to winter quarters in these fresh French troops who are being raised in France will join us and the peace I shall conclude will be worthy of my people of you and of myself

NAPOLEON

CHAPTER XIV

AT FIVE in the morning it was still quite dark. The troops of the center, the reserves, and Bagration's right flank had not yet moved, but on the left flank the columns of infantry, cavalry, and artillery, which were to be the first to descend the heights to attack the French right flank and drive it into the Bohemian mountains according to plan, were already up and astir. The smoke of the campfires, into which they were throwing everything superfluous, made the eyes smart. It was cold and dark. The officers were hurriedly drinking tea and breakfast, the soldiers munching biscuit and beating a tattoo with their feet to warm themselves, gathering round the fires, throwing into the flames the remains of sheds, chairs, tables, wheels, tubs, and everything that they did not want or could not carry away with them. Austrian column guides were moving in and out among the Russian troops and served as heralds of the advance. As soon as an Austrian officer showed himself near a commanding officer's quarters, the regiment began to move, the soldiers ran from the fires, thrust their pipes in to their boots, their bags into the carts, got their muskets ready and formed rank. The officers buttoned up their coats, buckled on the rapiers and pouches and moved along the ranks shouting. The train drivers and orderlies hurried and packed the wagons and tied on the loads. The adjutants and battalion and regimental commanders mounted, crossed themselves, gave final instructions, orders, and commissions to the baggage men who remained behind, and the monotonous tramp of thousands of feet resounded. The column moved forward without knowing where and unable, from the masses around them, the smoke and the increasing fog, to see either the place they were leaving or that to which they were going.

A soldier on the march is hemmed in and borne along by his regiment as much as a sailor is by his ship. However far he has walked, whatever strange, unknown, and dangerous places he reaches, just as a sailor is always surrounded by the same decks, masts, and rigging of his ship, so the soldier always has around him the same comrades, the same ranks, the same sergeant-major Iván Mitriukh, the same company dog Jack, and the same commanders. The sailor rarely cares to know the latitude in which his ship is sailing, but on the day of battle—heaven knows how and whence—a stern note of which all are conscious sounds in the moral atmosphere of an army, announcing the approach of something decisive and solemn and awakening in the men an unusual curiosity. On the day of battle the soldiers excitedly try to get beyond the interests of their regiment, they listen intently, look about, and eagerly ask concerning what is going on around them.

The fog had grown so dense that though it was growing light they could not see ten paces ahead. Bushes looked like gigantic trees and level ground like cliffs and slopes. Anywhere on any side one might encounter an enemy in visible ten paces off. But the columns advanced for a long time always in the same fog, descending and ascending hills, avoiding gardens and enclosures, going over new and unknown ground and nowhere encountering the enemy. On the contrary, the soldiers became aware that in front, behind, and on all sides other Russian columns were moving in the same direction. Every soldier felt glad to know that to the unknown place where he was going many more of our men were going too.

There now, the *Kurskies* have also gone past, as being said in the ranks.

It is wonderful what a lot of our troops have gathered! Last night I looked at the campfires and there was no end of them. A regular Moscow!

Though none of the column commanders rode up to the ranks or talked to the men (the commanders, as we saw at the council of war, were out of humor and dissatisfied with the affair and so did not exert themselves to cheer the men but merely carried out the orders) yet the troops marched gaily, as they always do when going into action, especially to an attack. But when they had marched for about an hour in the dense fog, the greater part of the men had to halt and an unpleasant consciousness of some dislocation and blunder spread through the ranks. How such a consciousness is com-

man cated is very difficult to define but to cer-
tainly is comm cated ery urely nd flows
nd imperceptibly nd irrepresibly as

f mismanagement became genera-
to but was, the disorder was read ly
and rural trib ted to the t p d Germans,
and every was convi ced that a da erous
muddl had been occasi oned by the sause-
eaters.

"Why ha w st pped? Is the way blocked?
Or ha e we already come up ga nst the
French.

No, o can t hear them. They d be firing
if we had.

"They were in hurry en u h t start us,
and now here w ta d in the muddl f fild
witho t hyme reason. It all those damned
Germans muddl g! What t p d de ls

"Yes, I d send them n in front, but no fear
they re crowd p beh nd. And now her we
stand hungr

"I say shall we soo be clear? They say the
cavalry ar block g th way sa d n officer

Ah, those damned Germans! They don t
know their wn country said an ther

"What division are you, shouted an adju-
tant, ridng p.

"The Eighth ee th.

"Then wh are yo here? You should have
gon lo go now you won t get th re t ll
evening

"What stup d rders They d n t themsel es
know what they are d in said th offi er and
rod ff.

The general rode past shoutng somethin
angrily not in Russian.

"T falaf B wha b jabber o o
can make t, sa d soldier mum k th
general b had ridden way "I d hoot them,
th sc undrels

"W were rdered to be t the pl ce bef
nin but w ha got halfway F rders
was ber grepea ed different des.

And th feelin f ergy w th which th
troops had tarted began to turn exation
and anger t th tupid arrangem nts and t
the Germans.

Th cause f the confusion was that while
the Austrian cavalry was movng ward ur
lef flank, the higher command f d that our
cen er was too far separated from our right
flank and L. cavalry er all rd ed to turn
back to the ri h Several thousa d calry

crossed in front of the infantry who had to
wa L

At the front a literat occurred between
a Austri ngu de a d a Rus an general The
ge eral houted a dema d that the cavalry
should be halted the Austrian rgued th t not
he but the higher command was to bl me.
The troops mea wh le stood growng l ties
nd disp nited. After n hours delay they at
l st mo ed o descendin the h ll. The for-
that was dispers on the h ll lay t ll more
densely below where they were desce d In
front n the fog a shot was heard nd then a
other at first irregul rly at vary g tervals—
trata tat—a d then more a d more regul r
l d rap dly and the ction t the Goldb ch
Stream began.

N t expect to come on the enem d w
by the stream a d ha ng tumbled on h m n
the lo hearng no enco ragng word from
the comma ders, d w th a consc ou nes of
be too late spread thro h th ra ks,
nd bo e ll be gunable t see n th n s
front r round them n the thick for the
Russ ns exchanged shots w th the emv l
zily nd advanced nd a n halted, rece-
o um ly orders from th officers o adjuts ts
who wandered bo t n th for n those un-
known surrou d gs un ble to f d their own
regim nts. In th way the ct on began f r
the first, seco d, d third col mns, wh ch had
gon d wn to the valley The f urth col
um with wh ch Kuturo was, stood on the
Pratren H ghts.

Bel w where the f ht was bein nung ther

whether they were ear by n that sea of mist,
no n knew till ster ght o clock

was quite light. Abo e hum was clear bl k
and the sun vast o bqu ered like hure hol
low crimson fl t on th surf e of that milk
sea f m t. The whol F ench rmy and ev n
N poleon himself w th his taff were not on
th far de of th t eams nd holl ws of Sok
lutz and Schlappanitz beyo d which w

peror exposing himself to the first blows of the enemy for there must be no doubt of victory especially on this day when what is at stake is the honor of the French infantry so necessary to the honor of our nation

Do not break your ranks on the plea of removing the wounded! Let every man be fully imbued with the thought that we must defeat these hirelings of England inspired by such hatred of our nation! The victory will conclude our campaign and we can return to our quarters where fresh French troops who are being raised in France will join us and the peace I shall conclude will be worthy of my people of you and of myself

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occupies the same ranks the same sergeant-major Ivan Mitin, the same company dog Jack, and the same commanders. The sailor rarely cares to know

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foot Napoleon in the blue cloak which he had

were being more and more denuded by Russian troops moving down the valley to their left

rise out of the sea of mist and on which the Russian troops were moving in the distance and he listened to the sounds of firing in the valley. Not a single muscle of his face—which in those days was still thin—moved. His gleaming eye were fixed intently on one spot. His predictions were being justified. Part of the Russian force had already descended into the valley toward the ponds and lakes and part were leaving these Pratzen Heights which he intended to attack and regarded as the key to the position. He saw over themist that in a hollow between two hills near the village of Pratzen the Russian columns their bayonets glittering were moving continuously in one direction toward the valley and disappearing one after another into the mist. From information he had received the evening before from the sound of wheels and footsteps heard by the outposts during the night by the disorderly movement of the Russian columns and from all indications he saw clearly that the allies believed him to be far away in front of them and that the columns moving near Pratzen constituted the center of the Russian army and that that center was already sufficiently weakened to be successfully attacked. But still he did not begin the engagement.

Today was a great day for him—the anniversary of his coronation. Before dawn he had slept for a few hours and refreshed vigorous

heights visible above the mist and his cold face wore that special look of confident self com-

tion. He looked now at the Pratzen Heights not at the sun floating up out of the mist.

When the sun had entirely emerged from the fog and fields and mist were aglow with dazzling light—as if he had only awaited this to begin the act on—he drew the glove from his

CHAPTER XV

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK KUTUZOV rode to Pratzen at the head of the fourth column Miloradovich's, the one that was to take the place of Przybyszewski's and Langeron's columns which had already gone down into the valley. He greeted the men of the foremost regiment and gave them the order to march, thereby indicating that he intended to lead that column himself. When he had reached the village of Pratzen he halted. Prince Andrew was behind among the immense number forming the commander in chief's suite. He was in a state of suppressed excitement and irritation though controlledly calm as a man is at the approach of a long-awaited moment. He was firmly convinced that this was the day of his Toulon or his bridge of Arcola. How it would come about he did not know but he felt sure it would do so. The locality and the position of our troops were known to him as far as they could be known to anyone in our army. His own strategic plan which obviously could not now be carried out was forgotten. Now entering into Weyrother's plan, Prince Andrew considered possible contingencies and formed new projects such as might call for his rapidity of perception and decision.

To the left down below in the mist the musketry fire of unseen forces could be heard. It was there Prince Andrew thought the fight would concentrate. There we shall encounter difficulties and there, thought he, I shall be

He could not look calmly at the standards of the passing battalions. Seeing them he kept thinking. That may be the very standard with which I shall lead the army.

In the morning all that was left of the night mist on the heights was a hoar frost now turning to dew but in the valleys it still lay like a milk white sea. Nothing was visible in the valley to the left into which our troops had descended and from whence came the sounds of firing. Above the heights was the dark clear sky and to the right the vast orb of the sun. In front far off on the farther shore of that sea of

The scene of Napoleon's battle of Austerlitz in 1805. The scene of Napoleon's battle of Austerlitz in 1805. The scene of Napoleon's battle of Austerlitz in 1805.

BOOK THREE

some wooded hill were discernible and
 it was there the enemy probably was for some-
 thing could be discerned. On the right the
 Guards were entering the misty region with a
 sound of hoof and wheel and now and then
 glimmers of bayonets that flitted behind the
 line of miles. Finally came up and his
 appeared the semi-front. In front and behind
 the infantry. The commander himself was
 dining the end of the line letting the
 troops pass by him. That morning Kutuzov
 seemed worn and irritable. The infantry pass
 before him came to him without any
 command being given presently obstructed
 by something in front.

"Do order them to form into battalions col-
 umns," he growled. "The line is dangerous."
 "But general," he had ridden up. "Don't you
 understand, you excellency, my dear sir, that
 you must divide them into narrow lanes
 between the woods, march on the edge of
 the woods."

"I decided to form them behind the line
 have your excellency ordered the general."
 "— he'd better."

"The disposition excellently." "What do you think?" "Handily as you
 are ordered."

"Yes."

"My dear fellow," he asked, "whispered to
 Prince Andrew the old man is as usual."

— he

and he happened to fall upon him. Kutuzov
 drew him away from him. See him. Kutuzov
 was a little indignant to express his

g

Bolkonski

Go my dear fellow and see whether the
 third division has passed the village. Tell it to
 stop and wait my dear.

Hardly had Prince Andrew started than he
 stopped him.

And when the horse hooted he began
 posted, he added. "What are they doing?"
 "What are they doing?" he murmured to him-

self still not replying to the Austrian
 Prince Andrew galloped off to execute the
 order.

Ordering the battalions that continued to
 advance he tapped the third division and con-
 vinced himself that there really were no sharp-
 shooters in front of our columns. The colonel
 at the head of the column was much surprised
 at the commander's chief's order to throw out
 skirmishers. He had felt perfectly sure that
 there were other troops in front of him and
 that the enemy must be at least a mile away.
 There was really nothing to be seen in front
 except barren descent hidden by dense mist.
 He gave orders to the commander
 of the name to rectify this. Prince
 Andrew galloped back. Kutuzov still in the
 same place he sat at body rest, gently in
 the saddle with the attitude of a cat yawning
 and wearily with closed eyes. The troops were
 not longer moving but stood with the backs of
 the muskets on the ground.

All right, he replied, he said to Prince An-
 drew and turned to the general who was in
 hand with saying to him they started a
 thin left flank column had already descended.
 Plenty of time your excellency muttered
 Kutuzov in the midst of a yawn. Plenty of
 time he repeated.

Just then the distant behind Kutuzov was
 heard the sound of regiments saluting. A
 thin sound rapidly came earl along the whole
 extended line of the advancing Russian col-
 umns. Evidently the person they were greet-
 ing was riding quickly. When the soldiers of the
 regiment in front of which Kutuzov was stand-
 ing began to shout, he rode a little one
 and looked round with frown at the road
 he from Pruten galloped what looked like a

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firmed. He put on the air of a subordinate
 who obeys without reason. With a flicker
 of respect which evidently struck Alex-
 ander unpleasantly he rode up and saluted.
 This unpleasant impression merely flattered
 over the young and happy face of the Emperor

like a cloud of haze across a clear sky and vanished. After his illness he looked rather thinner that day than on the field of Olmutz where Bolkónski had seen him for the first time abroad but there was still the same

prevalent expression of goodhearted innocent youth

At the Olmutz review he had seemed more majestic here he seemed brighter and more energetic. He was slightly flushed after galloping two miles and reining in his horse he sighed restfully and looked round at the faces of his suite young and animated as his own Czartoryski Novosiltsev Prince Volkónsky Strogonov and the others all richly dressed grey young men on splendid horses

ren some black horse looking about him very erect on his hand

o'clock they started thought Prince Andrew watching his old acquaintance with a smile he could not repress as he recalled his reception at Brunn In the Emperors suite were the picked young orderly officers of the Guard and line regiments Russian and Austrian Among them were grooms leading the Tsars beautiful relay horses covered with embroidered cloths

As when a window is opened a whiff of fresh air from the fields enters a stuffy room so a whiff of youthfulness energy and confidence of success reached Kutuzovs cheerless staff with the galloping advent of all these brilliant young men

same time at the Emperor Francis

I am waiting Your Majesty answered Kutuzov bending forward respectfully

The Emperor frowning slightly bent his ear forward as if he had not quite heard

Waiting Your Majesty repeated Kutuzov (Prince Andrew noted that Kutuzovs upper lip twitched unnaturally as he said the word waiting) Not all the columns have formed up yet Your Majesty

The Tsar heard but obviously did not like the reply he shrugged his rather round shoulder

der him

on the Tsar with another glance at the Emperor Francis as if inviting him if not to join in at least to listen to what he was saying Put the Emperor Francis continued to look about him and did not listen

That is just why I do not begin sire said Kutuzov in a resounding voice apparently to preclude the possibility of not being heard and again something in his face twitched That is just why I do not begin sire because we are not on parade and not on the Empress Field said he clearly and distinctly

In the Emperors suite all exchanged rapid looks that expressed dissatisfaction and reproach Old though he may be he should not he certainly should not speak like that their glances seemed to say

The Tsar looked intently and observantly into Kutuzovs eye waiting to hear whether he would say anything more But Kutuzov with respectfully bowed head seemed also to be waiting The silence lasted for about a minute

However if you command it Your Majesty said Kutuzov lifting his head and again assuming his former tone of a dull unreasoning but submissive general

He touched his horse and having called Milorádovich the commander of the column gave him the order to advance

The troops again began to move and two battalions of the Nóvgorod and one of the Ápscheron regiment went forward past the Emperor

As this Ápscheron battalion marched by the red faced Milorádovich without his greatcoat with his Orders on his breast and an enormous tuft of plumes in his cocked hat worn on one side with its corners front and back galloped strenuously forward and with a dashing salute reined in his horse before the Emperor

God be with you general said the Emperor

Ma foi sire nous ferons ce qui se a dans not e possibilité he answered gaily raising nevertheless ironic smiles among the gentlemen of the Tsars suite by his foot French

Milorádovich wheeled his horse sharply and Ind est possible to do so shall do everything that it is

stationed himself just behind the Emperor. The Apsheron men, excited by the Tsar's presence, passed step by step before the Emperors and their suites in a bold, brisk pace.

"Lads!" shouted Miloradovich in a loud, self-confident, and cheery voice, obviously so elated by the sound of firing, by the prospect of battle, and by the sight of the gallant Apsheron, his comrades in Suvorov's time, now passing so gallantly before the Emperors, that he forgot the sovereign's presence. Lads, it is not the first village you've had to take," cried he.

"Glad to do our best," shouted the soldiers.

The Emperor's horse started at the sudden cry. This horse that had carried the so-called Emperor in Russia bore him also here on the field of Austria, enduring the heedless blows on his left foot and prickings in ears with the sound of shoes just as they do on the Empress Field, not understanding the significance of the firing, nor of the earnestness of the Emperor Francis, black cob, nor of all that was being said, thought, and felt that day by its rider.

The Emperor turned with a smile to one of his followers and made remark to him, pointing to the gallant Apsheron.

CHAPTER XVI

KUTUZOV accompanied by his adjutants rode walking pace behind the carabineers.

When he had gone less than half a mile in the rear of the column he stopped at a solitary deserted house that had probably once been an inn, where two roads parted. Both of them led downhill and troops were marching down both.

The fog had begun to clear and enemy troops were already dimly visible about a mile and half off on the opposite heights. Down below on the left the firing became more distinct. Kutuzov had stopped and was speaking to an Austrian groom. Prince Andrew who was like John's and looking at them, turned to an attendant and asked him for field glass.

"Look, look!" said his adjutant, looking over the troops in the distance, but down the hill before him. "The French!"

The two emperors and the adjutant took hold of the field glass, turned search in from one another. The expression on all their faces suddenly changed to one of horror. The French were supposed to be gone and half were but had suddenly and unexpectedly appeared just in front of them.

"The emperor," said Prince Andrew, "yes, see it is."

I am certain. But how is that?" said Prince Andrew.

With the naked eye Prince Andrew saw below them to the right, not more than five hundred paces from where Kutuzov was standing, a dense French column coming up to meet the Apsheron.

Here it is! The decisive moment has arrived. My turn has come," thought Prince Andrew and striking his horse he rode up to Kutuzov.

"The Apsheron must be stopped, your excellency," cried he. But at that very instant a cloud of smoke spread all round, firing was heard quite close at hand, and the voice of noise and terror barely two steps from Prince Andrew shouted, "Brothers! All's lost! And thus voice as if at command, everyone began to run.

Confused and ever increasing crowds were running back to where five minutes before the troops had passed the Emperor. Not only

his cheek. Prince Andrew forced his way to him.

"You are wounded!" he asked, hardly to master the trembling of his lower jaw.

"The wound is not here, it is there!" said Kutuzov, pressing the handkerchief to his wounded cheek and pointing to the bleeding so deep. "Stop them!" he shouted, and at the same moment, probably realising that it was impossible to stop them, spurred his horse and rode to the right.

A fresh wave of the flying mob caught him and bore him back with it.

The troops were running in such a dense mass that once surrounded by them it was difficult to get out again. One was shouting, "Get on! Where are you hindering us!" Another in the same place turned round and fired in the air a third was striking the horse Kutuzov himself rode. Having by great effort got away to the left from this flood of men, Kutuzov with his suite diminished by more than half, rode toward sound of artillery fire near by. Having forced his way out of the crowd of fugitives,

like a cloud of haze across a clear sky and vanished. After his illness he looked rather thinner that day than on the field of Olmutz where Bolkonski had seen him for the first

time. On his delicate lips the same fine gray capacity for varying expression and the same prevalent appearance of goodhearted innocent youth.

At the Olmutz review he had seemed more majestic here he seemed brighter and more energetic. He was slightly flushed after galloping two miles and reining in his horse he sighed restfully and looked round at the faces of his suite young and animated as his own. Czartoryski, Novosiltsev, Prince Volkonsky, Stroganov and the others all richly dressed gray young men on splendid well groomed fresh only slightly heated horses exchanging remarks and smiling had stopped behind the Emperor. The Emperor Francis a rosy long faced young man sat very erect on his hand some black horse looking about him

surely and not to one question. He is asking at what o'clock they started, thought Prince Andrew watching his old acquaintance with a smile he could not repress as he recalled his reception at Brunn. In the Emperor's suite were the picked young orderly officers of the Guard and line regiments Russian and Austrian. Among them were grooms leading the Tsar's beautiful relay horses covered with embroidered cloths.

As when a window is opened a whiff of fresh air from the fields enters a stuffy room so a whiff of youthfulness energy and confidence of success reached Kutuzov's cheerless staff with the galloping advent of all these brilliant young men.

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That is just why I do not begin sure because we are not on parade and not on the Empress Field said he clearly and distinctly.

In the Emperor's suite all exchanged rapid looks that expressed dissatisfaction and reproach. Old though he may be he should not, he certainly should not speak like that their glances seemed to say.

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God be with you general said the Emperor.

Ma foi sire nous ferons ce qui sera dans not e poible si e he answered gaily rising nevertheless ironical smiles among the gentlemen of the Tsar's suite by his poor French.

Miloradovich wheeled his horse sharply and in fact we shall do everything that it is possible to do.

CHAPTER XVII

that some of these several of them were not separated from one another but merged into a general roar.

He could see puffs of musketry smoke that seemed to hang over another down the hillsides and clouds of cannon smoke rolling ahead of a dim gleam of another line. He could also by the gleam of bayonets visible through the smoke make out movements of infantry and rows of artillery with green caissons.

He did not find the command difficult. He would not be able to get back before long.

But at last he cast his eyes round the little boy half of Rostov's breathless with excitement. He was the first to catch his eye. He was the first.

He was very determined.

Good! Good! Get them! Let me tally.

grat

Obedient from the duty Rostov had made to get a few hours sleep before morning. He felt cheerful, bold, and resolute with last night's excitement. He felt good for the day generally that the end of the day which makes everything possible.

All his wishes were fulfilled that morning.

was already in action.

He would be there. He did not know but he would be with the front line.

After passing some Austrian troops he noticed that the next part of the line (the Guards) was already in action.

So much the better! He would see the result.

He was riding in the front line. He was riding in the front line. He was riding in the front line. He was riding in the front line.

They were all who would be ordered.

which had to do with the action but were a disadvantage less than he came to the occupied by the cavalry. He had ordered the division of the cavalry. He had ordered the division of the cavalry. He had ordered the division of the cavalry.

In the fresh morning were now heard, not two or three musket shots. Intervals as before filled by two cannon shots. The hills of musketry from the lips of the hills before Prutzen interrupted by frequent reports of cannon.

that before he saw the first cross the width of the field. He was in the middle of the cavalry. He was in the middle of the cavalry. He was in the middle of the cavalry.

the same period but they kept the pace so that some of the horses were already galloping. Rostov heard the thud of the hoofs of the heavy weapons. He saw the horses of the cavalry. He saw the horses of the cavalry. He saw the horses of the cavalry.

Prince Andrew trying to keep near Kutuzov saw on the slope of the hill amid the smoke a Russian battery that was still firing and French men running toward it. Higher up stood some Russian infantry neither moving forward to protect the battery nor backward with the fleeing crowd. A mounted general separated himself from the infantry and approached Kutuzov. Of Kutuzov's suite only four remained. They were all pale and exchanged looks in silence.

Stop those wretches! gasped Kutuzov to the regimental commander pointing to the flying soldiers but at that instant as if to punish him for those words bullets flew hissing across the regiment and across Kutuzov's suite like a flock of little birds.

The French had attacked the battery and seeing Kutuzov were firing at him. After this volley the regimental commander clutched at his leg several soldiers fell and a second lieutenant who was holding the flag let it fall from his hands. It swayed and fell but caught on the muskets of the nearest soldiers. The soldiers started firing without orders.

Oh! Oh! Oh! groaned Kutuzov despairingly and looked around. Bolkonski! he whispered his voice trembling from a consciousness of the feebleness of age. Bolkonski! he whispered pointing to the disordered battalion and at the enemy what's that?

But before he had finished speaking Prince Andrew feeling tears of shame and anger choking him had already leapt from his horse and run to the standard.

For and lads! he shouted in a voice piercing as a child's.

Here it is! thought he seizing the staff of the standard and hearing with pleasure the whistle of bullets evidently aimed at him. Several soldiers fell.

Hurrah! shouted Prince Andrew and scarcely able to hold up the heavy standard he ran forward with full confidence that the whole battalion would follow him.

And really he only ran a few steps alone. One soldier moved and then another and soon the whole battalion ran forward shouting Hurrah! and overtook him. A sergeant of the battalion ran up and took the flag that was swaying from its weight in Prince Andrew's hands but he was immediately killed. Prince Andrew again seized the standard and dragging it by the staff ran on with the battalion. In front he saw our artillerymen some of whom were fighting while others having abandoned their guns were running toward him. He also saw French

infantry soldiers who were seizing the artillery horses and turning the guns round. Prince Andrew and the battalion were already within twenty paces of the cannon. He heard the whistle of bullets above him unceasingly and to right and left of him soldiers continually

by the figure of a red-haired gunner with his shako knocked awry pulling one end of a mop while a French soldier tugged at the other. He could distinctly see the distraught yet angry expression on the faces of these two men who evidently did not realize what they were doing.

What are they about? thought Prince Andrew as he gazed at them. Why doesn't the red-haired gunner run away as he is unarmed? Why doesn't the Frenchman stab him? He will not get away before the Frenchman remembers his bayonet and stabs him.

And really another French soldier trailing his musket ran up to the struggling men and the fate of the red-haired gunner who had triumphantly secured the mop and still did not realize what awaited him was about to be decided. But Prince Andrew did not see how it ended. It seemed to him as though one of the soldiers near him hit him on the head with the full swing of a bludgeon. It hurt a little but the worst of it was that the pain distracted him and prevented his seeing what he had been looking at.

What's this? Am I falling? My legs are giving way thought he and fell on his back. He opened his eyes hoping to see how the struggle of the Frenchmen with the gunners ended whether the red-haired gunner had been killed or not and whether the cannon had been captured or saved. But he saw nothing. Above him there was now nothing but the sky—the lofty sky not clear yet still immeasurably lofty with gray clouds gliding slowly across it. How quiet peaceful and solemn not at all. I ran thought Prince Andrew—not as we ran shouting and fighting not at all as the gunner and the Frenchman with frightened and angry

Am I how happy I am to have found it at last! Yes! All is vanity all falsehood except that infinite sky. There's nothing nothing but that. But even it does not exist there is nothing but quiet and peace. Thank God.

BOOK THREE

that s met mes se eral of them were not sep-
arated from one an tler but merged int a

CHAPTER XVII

O R R G I F L A m m n d e d b y B e r a t o n
d k t l e b t t l h d n t y t l e g u

t h g t g r e D l g o k d m n d
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d e s a d l l o f c a n n o n s m o k e r o l l i n

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R o s t l p l l h r s f r a m o e n t o n

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G o C C e t t h e m h e m e n t l l r
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g a l l p R o t h e r l t h e t h u d f t h e r h o o f s

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h r s e s t h u r f o u e s d e v t h e i r f a c e s

m o e n d m o e d t c u l y T h e y w e r e o u r
H o r s e G u a r d s d g t o u t k t h e F r e n c h

cavalry that was coming to meet them

The Horse Guards were galloping but still holding in their horses Rostov could already see their faces and heard the command

Charge! shouted by an officer who was urging his thoroughbred to full speed Rostov fearing to be crushed or swept into the attack on the French galloped along the front as hard as his horse could go but still was not in time to avoid them

The last of the Horse Guards a huge pockmarked fellow frowned angrily on seeing Rostov before him with whom he would inevitably collide This Guardsman would certainly have bowled Rostov and his Bedouin over (Rostov felt himself quite time)

... hands high shield throwing back its ears but the pockmarked Guardsman drove his huge spurs in violently and the horse flourishing its tail and extending its neck galloped on yet faster Hardly had the Horse Guards passed Rostov before he heard them shout Hurrah! and looking back saw that their foremost ranks were mixed up with some foreign cavalry with red epaulets probably French He could see nothing more for immediately afterwards cannon began firing from some here and smoke enveloped every thing

At that moment as the Horse Guards having passed him disappeared in the smoke Rostov hesitated whether to gallop after them or to go where he was sent This was the brilliant charge of the Horse Guards that amazed the French themselves Rostov was horrified to hear later that of all that mass of huge and handsome men of all those brilliant

Why should I envy them? My chance is not lost and maybe I shall see the Emperor immediately! thought Rostov and galloped on

When he came level with the Foot Guards he noticed that about them and around them cannon balls were flying of which he was not so much because he heard their sound as because he saw uneasiness on the soldiers' faces and unnatural warlike solemnity in those of the officers

Pressing behind one of the lines of a regiment of Foot Guards he heard a voice calling him

Rostov!

What? he answered not recognizing Boris I say we've been in the front line! Our regiment attacked! said Boris with the happy smile seen on the faces of young men who have been under fire for the first time

Rostov stopped

Have you? he said Well how did it go? We drove them back! said Boris with animation growing talkative Can you imagine it? and he began describing how the Guards, having taken up their position and

Boris to the end spurred his horse

Where are you off to? asked Boris.

With a message to His Majesty

There he is! said Boris thinking Rostov had said His Highness and pointing to the Grand Duke who with his high shoulders and frowning brows stood a hundred paces away from them in his helmet and Horse Guards jacket shouting something to a pale white uniformed Austrian officer

But that's the Grand Duke and I want the commander in chief or the Emperor said Rostov and was about to spur his horse

Count! Count! shouted Boris who ran up from the other side as eager as Boris Count! I am wounded in my right hand (and he showed his bleeding hand with a handkerchief tied round it) and I remained at the front I held my sword in my left hand Count! All our family—the von Bergs—have been knights!

He said something more but Rostov did not

H

empt

front

... as he had done when the Horse Guards charged followed the line of reserves going far round the place where the hottest musket fire and cannonade were heard Suddenly he heard musket fire quite close in front of him and behind our troops where he could never have expected the enemy to be

What can it be? He thought The enemy in the rear of our army? Impossible! And suddenly he was seized by a panic of fear for himself and for the issue of the whole battle But be that what it may he reflected

The foreboding of evil that had suddenly come over Rostov was more and more confirmed. Further he rode in the direction behind the village of Prätzen which was full of troops of all kinds.

"What does it mean. What is it? Whom are we?" Rostov kept asking.

path.

"They will know. They've killed everybody!" "All up now!" he was told in Russian, German, and Czech by the crowd of fugitives who understood what was happening as little as he did.

"Kill the Germans!" shouted one.

"Kill the devil take them—all traitors!"

"Zemlenka der Russen!" muttered a German.

Several wounded men passed along the road, and words of abuse, screams, and groans mingled in general hubbub. When the firing died down Rostov learned later that Russian and Austrian soldiers had been firing on another.

"My God! What does it all mean," thought he. And here where at an moment the Emperor might see them. But no, these must be our hand-picked scoundrels. I will soon be over it can't be that I can't be. Only to get past them quicker, quicker.

The idea of defeat and flight could not enter Rostov's head. Though he saw French cannon and French troops on the Prätzen Heights just where he had been ordered to look for the commander in chief, he could not, did not wish to, believe that.

CHAPTER XVIII

Rostov had been ordered to look for Kutuzov and the Emperor near the village of Prätzen. But neither there nor any other commanding place were there, only disorganized crowds of troops of various kinds. He urged on his already weary horse to get quickly past these crowds, but the farther he went the more disorganized they were. The highroad on which he had come out was thronged with the carcasses of all sorts, and Russian and Austrian soldiers of all arms, some wounded and some not. This whole mass droned and postulated in confusion under the dismal influence of cannon balls flying from the French batteries stationed on the Prätzen Heights.

"Where is the Emperor? Where is Kutuzov?"

Hill. The Russians.

Rostov kept asking everyone if he could stop but got no answer from anyone.

At last seeing a soldier by his collar he forced him to answer.

"Eh, brother! They've all bolted long ago and the so-called law-hunters for some reason and shaking themselves free."

He was a fat soldier who was evidently drunk. Rostov stopped the horse of a batman or groom of some important personage and began to question him. The man announced that the Tsar had been driven in a carriage at full speed about an hour before alone that very road and that he was dangerously wounded.

"It can't be," said Rostov. "It must have been someone else."

"I saw him myself," replied the man with a self-confident smile of derision. "I ought to know the Emperor better now. After the times I've seen him in Petersburg. I saw him just as I see you. There he sat in the carriage as pale as anything. How they made the four black horses fly! Gracious me they did rattl past in time. I knew the Imperial horses and Ilya Idrach. I don't think Ilya drives any one except the Tsar."

Rostov let go of the horse and was about to ride on, when a wounded officer passing by addressed him.

"Who is it you want?" he asked. "The commander in chief? He was killed by a cannon ball—struck in the breast before our retreat."

"Not killed—wounded," another officer corrected him.

"Who Kutuzov?" asked Rostov.

"Not Kutuzov but what's his name—well, never mind. There are not many left alive. Go that way to that village, all the commanders are there," said the officer pointing to the village of Hosiaryadek, and he walked on.

Rostov rode on at a footpace not knowing who to whom he was now going. The Emperor was wounded, the battle lost. It was impossible to doubt it now. Rostov rode in the direction pointed out to him, in which he saw turrets and church. What need to hurry? What was he now to say to the Tsar or to Kutuzov even if they were alive and unwounded?

"Take this road, your honor," that way you will be killed at once," a soldier shouted to him. "They'd kill you there."

"Oh, what are you talking about?" said another. "Where is he to go? That way is nearer."

Rostov considered, and then went in the direction where they said he would be killed.

"It's all the same now. If the Emperor is

wounded am I to try to save myself? he thought. He rode on to the region where the greatest number of men had perished in fleeing from Pratzen. The French had not yet occupied that region and the Russians—the uninjured and slightly wounded—had left it long ago. All about the field like heaps of manure on well kept plowland lay from ten to fifteen dead and wounded to each couple of acres. The wounded crept together in twos and threes and one could hear their distressing screams and groans sometimes feigned—or so it seemed to Rostov.

the sight of these unfortunates

The French who had ceased firing at this field strewn with dead and wounded where there was no one left to fire at on seeing an adjutant riding over it tramped a gun on him and fired several shots. The sensation of those terrible whistling sounds and of the corpses around him merged in Rostov's mind into a single feeling of terror and pity for himself. He remembered his mother's last letter. What would she feel thought he if she saw me here now on this field with the cannon aimed at me?

In the village of Hosjeradek there were Russian troops retiring from the field of battle who though still in some confusion were less disordered. The French cannon did not reach there and the musketry fire sounded far away. Here everyone clearly saw and said that the battle was lost. No one whom Rostov asked could tell him where the Emperor or Kutuzov was. Some said the report that the Emperor was wounded was correct others that it was not and explained the false rumor that had spread by the fact that the Emperor's carriage had really galloped from the field of battle with the pale and terrified Oberhofmarschal Count Tolstoy who had ridden out to the battlefield with others in the Emperor's suite. One officer told Rostov that he had seen someone from headquarters behind the village to the left and thither Rostov rode not hoping to find anyone but merely to ease his conscience. When he had ridden about two miles and had passed the last of the Russian troops he saw near a kitchen garden with a ditch round it eleven men on horseback facing the ditch. One with a white plume in his hat seemed familiar to Rostov the other on a beautiful chestnut horse (which Rostov fancied he had seen be-

fore) rode up to the ditch struck his horse with his spurs and giving it the rein leaped lightly over. Only a little earth crumbled from the bank under the horse's hind hoofs. Turning the horse sharply he again jumped the ditch and deferentially addressed the horseman with the white plumes evidently suggesting that he should do the same. The rider whose form seemed familiar to Rostov and involuntarily riveted his attention made a gesture of refusal with his head and hand and by that gesture Rostov instantly recognized his lamented and adored monarch.

But it can't be he alone in the midst of this empty field! thought Rostov. At that moment Alexander turned his head and Rostov saw the beloved features that were so deeply engraved on his memory. The Emperor was pale his cheeks sunken and his eyes hollow but the charm the mildness of his features was all the greater. Rostov was happy in the assurance that the rumors about the Emperor being wounded were false. He was happy to be seeing him. He knew that he might and even ought to go straight to him and give the message Dolgorukov had ordered him to deliver.

But as a youth in love trembles is unnerved and dares not utter the thoughts he has dreamed of for nights but looks around for help or a chance of delay and flight when the longed for moment comes and he is alone with her so Rostov now that he had attained what he had longed for more than anything else in the world did not know how to approach the Emperor and a thousand reasons occurred to him why it would be inconvenient unseemly and impossible to do so.

What! It is as if I were glad of a chance to take advantage of his being alone and despondent! A strange face may seem unpleasant or painful to him at this moment of sorrow besides what can I say to him now when my heart fails me and my mouth feels dry at the mere sight of him? Not one of the innumerable speeches addressed to the Emperor that he had composed in his imagination could he now recall. Those speeches were intended for quite other conditions they were for the most part to be spoken at a moment of victory and triumph generally when he was dying of wounds and the sovereign had thanked him for heroic deeds and while dying he expressed the love his actions had proved.

Besides I ought to ask the Emperor for his instructions for the retreat flank now that it is nearly four o'clock and the battle is lost? No.

certainly I must not approach him, I must not intrude on his reflection. But after that unkind look

of indecision.

While Rostov was thus arguing with himself a dismal sadly way Captain von Toll changed side to the same spot, and seeing the Emperor to come rode up to him, offered him services, and asked him to cross the ditch on foot. The Emperor wished to rest and feel unwell, sat down under an apple tree, and on Toll remained beside him. Rostov from distance saw with envy and remorse how on Toll spoke to him warmly to the Emperor and how the Emperor evidently weeping, covered his eyes with his hand and pressed von Toll's hand.

And I might have been in his place! thought Rostov and hardly restrained his tears. I pity the Emperor who rode on in utter despair not knowing where to go why he was now riding.

His despair was all the greater from feeling his weakness was the cause of his grief.

He might not only might but should, he rode up to the sovereign. It was unquestionable that his devotion to the Emperor and his had made use of it. "What have I done, though he. And he turned round and galloped back to the place where he had seen the Emperor but there was no one beyond the ditch now. Only some carts and caissons were passing by. From one of the drivers he learned that Kutuzov's staff were not far off, the village the chuchies were going to. Rostov followed them. In front of him walked Kuratov's groom leading horses and horsed this. Then came carts and behind that walked a band of band-legged domestics in peaked caps and sheepskin coats.

"That is the Tsar," said the groom.

"What answered the old man bent mind

"Go, T. Thresh, b. t.

"Oh, you fool," said the old man, spurring on. Some men passed in silence, and then the same joke was repeated.

Before five or the evening the battle had been lost. All positions were then in the hands of the French. Prebuzhskiy and his corps had laid down

their arms. Other columns after losing half their men were retreating in disorderly confused masses.

The remains of Lanzeron's and Dokhturov's main forces were crowded on the high dam and banks of the pond near the village of Auresd.

After five o'clock it was only at the Auresd Dam that a hot cannonade (directed by the French alone) was still to be heard from numerous batteries ranged on the slopes of the Pratten Heights, directed toward their retreat.

In the rear guard, Dokhturov and others rallied in some battalions kept up musketry fire at the French cavalry that was pursuing our troops. It was growing dusk. On the narrow Auresd Dam where for so many years the old miller had been accustomed to sit unhastily cap peacefully a girl while his grandson with shirt sleeves rolled up handled the flundering silvery fish in the water can on that dam over which for so many years Miran's shaggy caps and blue jackets had peacefully driven their two-horse carts loaded with wheat had returned dusty with flour when in the carts—on that narrow dam amid the water cannon and the cannon under the horses' hoofs between the wagon wheels, men disappeared by fear of death now crowded together crushing one another driving, stepping over the dyke and killing one another only a few steps and be killed themselves in the same way.

Every ten seconds cannon balls flew compressing the round, shell burst in the midst of that dense throng, killing some and splashing with blood those near them.

Dolikhov—now an officer—wounded in the arm, and on foot, with the regimental commander on horseback and some ten men of his company represented that was left of that whole regiment. Impelled by the crowd they had got wedged at the approach to the dam and, jammed in on all sides, had stopped because horses in front had fallen under cannon and the crowd were dragging the cannon. A cannon ball killed someone behind them, and Dolikhov fell and plashed blood. The crowd, pushing forward desperately squeezed together motioned forward captives and were pressed.

More on hundred yards and we are certainly dead, remain here in their two minutes and is certain death, thought each one.

Dolikhov who was in the midst of the crowd

forced his way to the edge of the dam throw

It creaked under him turn this way! he shouted to those with the gun It bears!

The ice bore him but it swayed and creaked and it was plain that it would give way not only under a cannon or a crowd but very soon even under his weight alone The men looked at him and pressed to the bank hesitating to step onto the ice The general on horseback at the entrance to the dam raised his hand and opened his mouth to address Dólokhov Suddenly a cannon ball hissed so low above the

look or thought of raising him

Get onto the ice over the ice! Go on! Turn! Don't you hear? Go on! innumerable voices suddenly shouted after the ball had struck the general the men themselves not knowing what or why they were shouting

One of the hindmost guns that was going onto the dam turned off onto the ice Crowds of soldiers from the dam began running onto the frozen pond The ice gave way under one of the foremost soldiers and one leg slipped into the water He tried to right himself but fell in up to his waist The nearest soldiers shrank back the gun driver stopped his horse but from behind still came the shouts Onto the ice why do you stop? Go on! Go on! And cries of horror were heard in the crowd The soldiers near the gun waved their arms and beat the horses to make them turn and move on The horses moved off the bank The ice that had held under those on foot collapsed in a great mass and some forty men who were on it dashed some forward and some back drowning one another

Still the cannon balls continued regularly to whistle and flop onto the ice and into the water and oftenest of all among the crowd that covered the dam the pond and the bank

CHAPTER XIX

ON THE PRATZEN HEIGHTS where he had fallen with the flagstaff in his hand lay Prince Andrew Bolkónski bleeding profusely and unconsciously uttering a gentle piteous and childlike moan

Toward evening he ceased moaning and became quite still He did not know how long

It is that lofty sky that I did not know till now but saw today? was his first thought And I did not know this suffering either he thought Yes I did not know anything anything at all till now But where am I?

He listened and heard the sound of approaching horses and voices speaking French He opened his eyes Above him again was the same lofty sky with clouds that had risen and were floating still higher and between them gleamed blue infinity He did not turn his head and did not see those who judging by the sound of hoofs and voices had ridden up and stopped near him

It was Napoleon accompanied by two aides-de-camp Bonaparte riding over the battlefield had given final orders to strengthen the bat

at a dead Russian grenadier who with his face buried in the ground and a blackened nape lay on his stomach with an already stiffened arm flung wide

The ammunition for the guns in position is exhausted Your Majesty said an adjutant who had come from the batteries that were firing at Augers

by the French as a trophy)

That's a fine death! said Napoleon as he gazed at Bolkónski

Prince Andrew understood that this was said of him and that it was Napoleon who said it He heard the speaker addressed as *Sire* But he heard the words as he might have heard the buzzing of a fly Not only did they not interest him but he took no notice of them and at once forgot them His head was burning he felt himself bleeding to death and he saw above him the remote lofty and everlasting sky He knew it was Napoleon—his hero—but at that moment Napoleon seemed to him such a small insignificant creature compared with what was passing now between himself and that lofty in

he was only glad that people were standing near him and only wished that they would help him and bring him back to life, which seemed to him so beautiful now that he had today learned to understand it so differently. He collected all his strength, to stir and utter sound. He feebly moved his legs and uttered weak, sickly groan which aroused his own pity.

"Ah, he is alive," said Napoleon. "Lift this young man up and carry him to the dressing-station."

Hill said this, Napoleon rode on to meet Marshal Lannes, who, hat in hand, rode up smiling to the Emperor to congratulate him on the victory.

Prince Andrew remembered nothing more but lost consciousness from the terrible pain of being lifted onto the stretcher and jolting while being moved, and the probability of his wound in the dressing-station. He did not regain consciousness till late in the day when with other wounded and captured Russian officers he was carried to the hospital. During this transfer he felt little trouble and was able to look about him and even speak.

The first words he heard in company to his senses were those of French convalescent officers who said rapidly: "We must halt here: the Emperor will pass here immediately: it will please him to see these gentlemen prisoners."

"There are so many prisoners today, nearly the whole Russian army that he is probably tired of them," said another officer.

All the same they said this in a commanding tone. "I, all the Emperor Alexander's Guards," said the first one, indicating a Russian officer in the white uniform of the Horse Guards.

Boleslaw recognized Prince Reprim whom he had met in Petersburg society. Beside him stood his friend, also a wounded officer of the Horse Guards.

"Bonaparte has come up to gallows," topped his horse.

"Which is the senior?" he asked, on seeing the prisoners.

"They named the colonel, Prince Reprim."

"You are the commander of the Emperor Alexander's regiment of Horse Guards," asked Napoleon.

"I commanded a squadron," replied Reprim.

"Your regiment fulfilled its duty honorably," said Napoleon.

"The praise of a great commander is a soldier's best reward," said Reprim.

"I bestow it with pleasure," said Napoleon.

"And who is that young man beside you?"

Prince Reprim named Lieutenant Sukhtelen.

After looking at him Napoleon smiled.

"He is very young to come to meddle with us."

"With us is no hindrance to courage," muttered Sukhtelen in a faint voice.

A platoon of dragoons replied to Napoleon. "Young man, you will go far!"

Prince Andrew who had also been brought forward before the Emperor's eyes to complete the show of prisoners, could not fail to attract his attention. Napoleon apparently remembered seeing him on the battlefield and, dressing him, again used the epithet "young man" that was connected in his memory with Prince Andrew.

"Well, and you, young man," said he. "How do you feel, from the wound?"

Though five minutes before, Prince Andrew had been able to say a few words to the soldiers who were carrying him, now with his eyes fixed straight on Napoleon he was silent. So insignificant at that moment seemed to him all the interests that enrossed Napoleon, so mean did his hero himself with his paltry vanity and joy in victory appear compared to the lofty equilibrium and kindly sky which he had seen and understood, that he could not answer him.

Everything seemed so futile and insignificant in comparison with the stern and solemn train of thought that weakness from loss of blood, suffering, and the nearness of death aroused in him. Looking into Napoleon's eyes Prince Andrew thought of the insignificance of greatness, the unimportance of life which no one could understand, and the still greater unimportance of death, the meaning of which no one alive could understand or explain.

The Emperor without waiting for an answer turned away and said to one of the officers as he went: "Have these gentlemen attended to and taken to my bivouac; let my doctor Larrey examine their wounds; I, too, Prince Reprim, and he spurred his horse and galloped away.

His face shone with self-satisfaction and pleasure.

The soldiers who had carried Prince Andrew had noticed and taken the little gold cross Princess Mary had hung round her brother's neck, but seeing the favor the Emperor showed the prisoners, they now hastened to return the homage.

Prince Andrew did not see how and by whom it was replaced but the little icon with its thin gold chain suddenly appeared upon his chest outside his uniform

glad

How good it would be to know where to seek for help in this life and what to expect after it beyond the grave! How happy and calm I should be if I could now say Lord have mercy on me! But to whom should I say that? Either to a definite being or to an indefinite one

Great All or Nothing—said he to himself or to that God who has been sewn into this amulet by Mary! There is nothing certain nothing at all except the unimportance of everything I understand and the greatness of something incomprehensible but all important

The stretchers moved on At every jolt he again felt unendurable pain his feverishness

increased and he grew delirious Visions of his father wife sister and future son and the tenderness he had felt the night before the battle the figure of the insignificant little Napoleon and above all this the lofty sky formed the chief subjects of his delirious fancies

The quiet home life and peaceful happiness of Bald Hills presented it

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more easy to end in death than in convalescence

He is a nervous bilious subject said Larrey and will not recover

And Prince Andrew with others fatally wounded was left to the care of the inhabitants of the district

Book Four 1806

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CHAPTER I

E L N THE YEAR 806 N d l R tóv re
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"Yes G d b thanked! Yes! Tley e just
fi l ed pper Let me hav look t y u
y e ell ncy

I e ryl q te ll ght?

"Th Lo d be thanked yes!

R tó who had compl tely forgotte D f

Prince Andrew did not see how and by whom it was replaced but the little icon with its thin gold chain suddenly appeared upon his chest outside his uniform.

It would be good thought Prince Andrew glancing at the icon his sister had hung round his neck with such emotion and reverence it would be good if everything were as clear and simple as it seems to Mary. How good it would be to know where to seek for help in this life and what to expect after it beyond the grave! How happy and calm I should be if I could now say Lord have mercy on me!

... or even express in words—the Great All or Nothing—said he to himself or to that God who has been sewn into this amulet by Mary! There is nothing certain nothing at all except the unimportance of everything I understand and the greatness of something incomprehensible but all important.

The stretchers moved on. At every jolt he again felt unendurable pain his feverishness

increased and he grew delirious. Visions of his father wife sister and future son and the tenderness he had felt the night before the battle the figure of the insignificant little Napoleon and above all this the lofty sky formed the chief subjects of his delirious fancies.

The quiet home life and peaceful happiness of Bald Hills presented itself to him.

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... to end in death than in convalescence.

He is a nervous bilious subject said Larrey and will not recover.

And Prince Andrew with others fatally wounded was left to the care of the inhabitants of the district.

opened crack and there was a glimpse of something blue of ribbons, black hair and merry faces. It was N tisha Sonya and P trva, who had come to see whether they were getting on.

N cholas Get up N tisha voice was again heard at the door.

"Directly

er d f rettetun that t wa unbecom g f th girlst seem n u dressed. pened the bedroom door

I this your saber he sho ted.

N cholas Com t ny urdress gown said N tasha o

I this y saber asked P trva. Or is t yours. he said, address the black mustached Deniso with servile deference

Ros hurriedly put something on his feet, drew his dress gown, drew to N tasha had put on a purred boot d was just getting her foot to the other Sonya when he came in was twirling round and was about to exp d her dresses to balloon and t down. They were dressed like in new pale-blue frocks, d were both fresh, rosy d bright. So va ran away but N tisha, taking her by the arm, led him into the room, where they began talking. They hardly gave their time to ask questions and

wer saved as much but because she felt happy d was unable to control her joy which expressed itself by laughter

"Oh, how nice how splendid" she said to everybody

Rostov felt that, under the influence of the arm-rings of the childlike smile which had not appeared his face he left home with his first time after fifteen months again brightened his soul d his face.

N b listen he said w you are quite man, aren't you. I'm fully glad you're my brother. She touched his mustache. "I want to know what you men are like. Are you the same as we?"

"Why did Sonya run away?" asked Rostov. Ah, yes. That a whole lot of story. How are you going to speak to her—thou or you?"

As may happen said Rostov

"No, call her your please. I'll tell you all about it some other time. No, I'll tell you now. You know Sonya's my dearest friend. Such a friend that I burned my arm for her sake. Look here!

She pulled up her muslin sleeve and showed him red scars on her long slender delicate arm, her elbow on that part that is covered even by a ball dress.

"I burned this to protect myself from her. I just heated a ruler in the fire d pressed it there

Sitting on the sofa with the little cushions on his arms, what used to be his old school-room, d looking to N tisha's wildly bright eyes, Rostov re-entered that world of home d childhood which had no meaning for anyone else but gave him some of the best joys of his life and the burn on his arm with the ruler as a proof of love did not seem to him senseless, he understood and was not surprised at it.

"Well, and is that all he asked.

"We are such friends, such friends. All that ruler business was just nonsense. But we are friends forever. She said she loves anyone does it for life but I don't understand that, I forget quickly

"Well, what then?"

"Well she loves me and you'll like that."

N tisha suddenly flushed.

"Why you remember before you went away

Well, he says you are to forget all that.

She says I shall love him always, but let him be free. I don't that I rely on noble! Yes, very noble? I don't?" asked N tisha, so seriously and excitedly that it was evident that what she was now saying she had talked of before with tears.

Rostov became thoughtful.

"I never go back in my word, he said. Besides, Sonya is so charming that only a fool would renounce such happiness.

"No, o cried N tisha she and I have already talked to her. We knew you'd say so. But it won't do because you see, if you say that—if you consider yourself bound by your promise—it will seem as if he had not meant it seriously. It makes it as if you were married to her because you must, and that wouldn't do at all.

Rostov saw that it had been well considered by them. Sonya had bread trucked him by her beauty on the previous day. Today when he

sov not wishing anyone to forestall him threw off his fur coat and ran on tiptoe through the large dark ballroom. All was the same: there were the same old card tables and the same chandelier with a cover over it, but someone had already seen the young master and before he had reached the drawing room something flew out from a side door like a tornado and began hugging and kissing him. Another and yet another creature of the same kind sprang from a second door and a third, more hugging, more kissing, more outcries and tears of joy. He could not distinguish which was Papa, which Natásha and which Pétya. Every one shouted, talked and kissed him at the same time. Only his mother was not there; he noticed that.

And I did not know Nicholas My darling!

Here he is our own Kólya, dear fellow! How he has changed! Where are the candles? Teal!

And me kiss me!

Dearest and me!

Sónya, Natásha, Pétya, Anna Mikháylovna, Véra and the old count were all hugging him and the serfs, men and maids, flocked into the room —

iting

Natásha, after she had pulled him down to ward her and covered his face with kisses, holding him tight by the skirt of his coat, sprang away and pranced up and down in one place like a goat and shrieked piercingly.

All around were loving eyes glistening with tears of joy and all around were lips seeking a kiss.

Sónya too, all rosy red, clung to his arm and radiant with bliss, looked eagerly toward his eyes, waiting for the look for which she longed. Sónya now was sixteen and she was very pretty especially at this moment of happy, rapturous excitement. She gazed at him, not taking her eyes off him and smiling and holding her breath. He gave her a grateful look, but was still expectant and looking for someone. The old countess had not yet come. But now steps were heard at the door, steps so rapid that they could hardly be his mother's.

Yet it was she, dressed in a new gown which he did not know, made since he had left. All the others let him go and he ran to her. When they met, she fell on his breast sobbing. She could not lift her face, but only pressed it to

Nicholas.

the cold braiding of his hussar's jacket. Denisov, who had come into the room unnoticed by anyone, stood there and wiped his eyes at the sight.

Vasilí Denisov, your son's friend, he said, introducing himself to the count, who was looking inquiringly at him.

You are most welcome! I know, I know, said the count, kissing and embracing Denisov. Nicholas wrote us. Natásha, Véra, look! Here is Denisov!

The same happy, rapturous faces turned to the shaggy figure of Denisov.

Darling, Denisov! screamed Natásha, beside herself with rapture, springing to him, putting her arms round him and kissing him. This escapade made everybody feel confused. Denisov blushed too, but smiled and taking Natásha's hand, kissed it.

Denisov was shown to the room prepared for him and the Rostóvs all gathered round

the rest, crowding round him, watched every movement, word or look of his, never taking their blissfully adoring eyes off him. His brother and sisters struggled for the places nearest to him and disputed with one another who should bring him his tea, handkerchief and pipe.

Rostov was very happy in the love they showed him, but the first moment of meeting had been so beatific that his present joy seemed insufficient and he kept expecting something more, more and yet more.

Next morning, after the fatigues of their journey, the travelers slept till ten o'clock.

In the room next their bedroom there was a confusion of sabers, satchels, sabretaches, open portmanteaus and dirty boots. Two freshly cleaned pairs with spurs had just been placed by the wall. The servants were bringing in jugs and basins, hot water for shaving and their well brushed clothes. There was a masculine odor and a smell of tobacco.

Hallo, Gwiska—my pipe! came Vasilí Denisov's husky voice. Most v get up!

Rostov, rubbing his eyes that seemed glued together, raised his disheveled head from the hot pillow.

Why is it late?

Late! It is nearly ten o'clock, answered Natásha's voice. A rustle of starched petticoats and the whispering and laughter of girls' voices came from the adjoining room. The door was

BOOK FOUR

pe ed a cra k and there was a gl p e of
someth g bl e f r bbo s bl ck h r nd
merry f ces It w N tá l S' ya d Pétya
who h d come t ee w el t r they we e get
t up

N h l ! Get up N tá l a o ce was
a he rd t the doo

D ectly

Mea h l Pétya h ng f u d a d se red
th sabers th utor room w th the d l ght
bo fe l t tle ght fam l t ry elde br th
er d f r g u ng that t w u becom g f r
th gl st ee me und es ed pened the bed
room doo

I th y s ber? he h uted

N ch l Come t y u d ess ggowt
sa d N tásh c

I th y sab r? ked Pétya O is t
rs? hesa d dd ess gtl ebl k mu t hed
Denso wtl er led f

Ros ó h rr dly put sometl g n h s feet
d ew h s d es gow d w nt ut N
tásha h d p t e p rr d boot nd wa
just g tt g he foot t the ther Sónya
hen h cam w tw l u d d was
bo tt exp d he d es t b bloon d
td Th y w d ess d l k n ew p l
bl f ock d we both fresh ro y d
b ght Só y b t N tásha tak g
her brother rm led h m to th tt g
oom h th y bega t lk g Th y h rdly
ga e her t m t k q est o d
g ples rm g th sa d l t l m t
ers h h ld t crest but them
sel es N tásh l hed t ery w d he sa d
tha h sa d h rs lf because what they

eryth

p uu e u

Ros ó felt that, u der the fl e ce of the
arm ray fl th t ch l d l k m l wh ch
h d

q ma are ty I m f lly gl dy re
m brother She t h d h mustache I
wa t kn w h ty m e l ke. A e you
th same we ?

Why d d Sónya r n away? asked R st
Ah yes! That s a wh le lo story! I l w
ar you go ng to spe k to her—t u or you?
As may h ppen sa d Rost
N call her y u ple e I l l tell y u all

h rel

She pulled up l e mul n s lee ea d h we l
h m a red scar n her lo g slender del cate
arm h gh abo e the elbow on that p t that
co e ed e n by a b l l dress

I burned th to pro emyl e for her I j t
heated a ruler the fire a d pressed it there

S it g n th sofa with the l ttle cust s
on ts arms i what u ed to be l s ld chool
room d look ng int N tásha w l dly b ght
eyes P o tó e ente ed th tw ld f hom a d
ch ldhood wh ch had n mean g f r any ne
else but ga e h m some of the best joys of l s
l fe nd the burn g of n rm w th a ruler a

ruler bu ess was just nonse se b t we re
fr ds f e er She if he l res a y ne does
t f r l fe b t l do t u dersta d that I forget
qu ckly

"Well wh t th n?

"Well she lo es me and y ul k e that.

N tásha d d enly flushed.

"Why yo remember bef e y u went away?

W l l she says yo are to f rget all that.

She say I shall lo e h m lw ys b t let h m
be free I n t that lovely and noble! Yes very
noble? I t t ked N tásh so seri ly
a d exotely t l t t w s e v dent that what she
was n w say g she had talked of bef re t l
tears.

R tó became thoughtf l

I never go b ck o my word he said. Be
des Só ya s so ch rm n th t nly a fool
w uld re ce s ch happ es

No ! cried Natásl he and I have al
re dy t l k t over We k ew y u d say so
B t it w n t d because you see f you say
t l t—f you con der y rself bou d by y u
p mis—t w ll seem f he h d t m t
t eri ly It m kes it s f y uwer m rry g
her because you m t nd that woul d n t do t
all

R tó saw th t th d b n w ll e n de ed
by th m. Só ya h d l dy tru k h m by her
b ty n th p eed ng day Today wh n h

sov not wishing anyone to forestall him threw off his fur coat and ran on tiptoe through the large dark ballroom. All was the same there were the same old card tables and the same chandelier with a cover over it but someone had already seen the young master and before he had reached the drawing room something flew out from a side door like a tornado and began hugging and kissing him. Another and yet another creature of the same kind sprang from a second door and a third more hugging more kissing more outcries and tears of joy. He could not distinguish which was Papa which Natásha and which Pétya. Every one shouted talked and kissed him at the same time. Only his mother was not there he noticed that.

And I did not know Nicholas My darling!

Here he is our own kólya dear fellow
How he has changed! Where are the candles? Teat!

And me kiss me!
Dear

And the maids flocked into the room exclaiming and ohing and ahing.

Pétya clinging to his legs kept shouting And me too!

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The count

putting her arms round him and kissing him. This escapade made everybody feel confused. Denisov blushed too but smiled and taking Natásha's hand kissed it.

Denisov was shown to the room prepared for him and the Rostovs all gathered round Nicholas in the sitting room.

The old countess not letting go of his hand and kissing it every moment sat beside him the rest crowding round him watched every movement and word or look of his never taking their blissfully adoring eyes off him. His brother and sisters struggled for the places nearest to him and disputed with one another who should bring him his tea handkerchief and pipe.

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and yet more

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Late! It's nearly ten o'clock answered Natásha's voice. A rustle of stirred petticoats and the whispering and laughter of his voices came from the adjoining room. The door was

d sm ll sil r purs passed h t me very

At the beg n n g of M rch old Cou t llyd
Rost was erv busy arrang a d nner in
hon r f Prince B grat ón t the En l h Club

The co t walked up nd d wn the hall i
his dress g gown g ng rders to the cl b
tew rd nd to th f mou Feokt t the Cl b s

h borrow g m ey from Ga ril t p y a
l gh dn er hus k ss So ya on the sly—he
w recalled all th ch ld hnss he h d left
mmeasurably beh d. N w h wa a le te
t f Hussars j ket l ced w th l er and
wea g the Cross of St. George warded t
soldiers f r bra ery n act and n th com
p v f well k wn elderly nd respected rac
men wa tra g trotter f his own for
race He k ew lady on o f the boulevards
whom h vis ted f n eve He led the
mazurka t the A kháro s ball talked bo t
th war with F ld M rshal Kám k v ted
th English Cl b d wa n t m te terms
with col l of f rty to whom Deniso had
tro d ced him.

H pass n f th Empero had cooled
somewhat Mosco But till he d d n t
see him d had no pportu ty of see gh m.
he often spoke abo t h m d bout his l e
f hum, lett g t be u derstood th t he had
t told all d that th re was someth g n
his feelings f th Emperor o t e eryo co ld
derst d, d w th his wh le soul h hared
th dorat n then comm Moscov f the
Empero who wa pok of as th ngel in
carnate.

Dum Rostó h r t ay n Mosc w b f e
rejo g th rny h d d t draw loser t
So va b t rather dr fted way from h She
wa ery pret d weet, dev d tly deep-
l lo w th hum but h wa t th period f
th when there eems so much t d th t
there us t m f th t sort of th g a d a
ou g ma fears t b nd hms lf d pri es
h freed m wh ch he eed f so ma yoth
th gs. Wl en h th ht of Só ya d ri th
ta Moscov h sa d to h mself Ah the
ll be, and there re m y m re ch g l
somewhere whom I d n t v k w Ther
ll be tunc en gh th nk be t l e when
l t t b t w l h t me. Bes des
seemed hum that th societ f women was
rather derowat ryt h ma hood He w t to
ball d t lad es society w th ffectat n
f do g so ga nst h s w ll Th races th
I l h Cl b prees l D iso d
u t certa h -U t was th
matter and q t th th g f dash ng
yo g hussa l

test at 10 0 0 0 51

k ew so well how to rra gea fea to n open
ha ded hosp t ble cale, a d st ll fewe men
would be so well able d will to m ke p
out of the rown resources what m ht be need
ed f r the success of the fete. The l b cook nd
the teward liste d to the count s orders w ll

the turl so p you kn w l

Sh ll w ha e th eecold dishes then? ked
the cook

Th cou t con d ed.

W ca t h e less—yes three th m y
o se that s o e sa d he bend g d w
finger

“Tl n m I to order those large sterl t
ked tl steward.

Yes, t c n t be helped f they won t take
less. Ah dear me! I wa f rgett g We mu t
h e n ther ent é Ah, good ess grac u
h cl tched th head Wh go g to get
m th flowers? Dmtr l Eh, Dmtr l G llop off
to ur M scow estat he sa d to the f ct tum
wh appea ed t his call Hurry off d t l
M ksm the gard to ct the erfst k
S y th t eryth go t of the h th us m t
be brougt h ere well wrapped up n felt. I must
l two hu dred pots here on Friday

H g en se ral m e ord rs, he wa
bo t t go t his “Ttle cou tess t h e a
est, b t emembe g som th l e f m
portan he eturned a called b k the
cook nd th club tewa d aga n began
g orders. Al ht footst p d th cl nk g
f p rswer heard t the doo a d th you
cou t ha dsome rosy w th dark l t l mus
tach d tly rested dm d leeker by his
easy l fe n Moscov tered the room.

Ah my boy my head s n wh l sa d the
old man with mul as f h f l t a t l o
fused bef e h s so “N w if you w uld nly

had caught a glimpse of her she seemed still more lovely. She was a charming girl of sixteen, evidently passionately in love with him (he did not doubt that for an instant). Why should he not love her now and even marry her? Rostov thought, but just now there were so many other pleasures and interests before him! Yes, they have taken a wise decision, he thought. I must remain free.

Well then that's excellent, said he. Well, talk it over later on. Oh, how glad I am to have you!

Well, and are you still true to Boris? he continued.

Oh, what nonsense! cried Natasha, laughing. I don't think about him or anyone else, and I don't want anything of the kind.

Dear me! Then what are you up to now?

Now? repeated Natasha, and a happy smile lit up her face. Have you seen Duport?

No.

Not seen Duport—the famous dancer? Well, then you won't understand. That's what I'm up to.

Curving her arms, Natasha held out her skirts as dancers do, ran back a few steps, turned, cut a caper, brought her little feet sharply together, and made some steps on the very tips of her toes.

See, I'm standing! See! she said, but could not maintain herself on her toes any longer.

So that's what I'm up to! I'll never marry any one, but will be a dancer. Only don't tell any one.

Rostov laughed so loud and merrily that Denisov, in his bedroom, felt envious and Natasha could not help joining in.

No, but don't you think it's nice? she kept repeating.

Nice! And so you no longer wish to marry Boris?

Natasha flared up. I don't want to marry

And Natasha rose and went out of the room on tiptoe like a ballet dancer, but smiling as only happy girls of fifteen can smile. When Rostov met Sonya in the drawing room he denied. He did not know how to behave with her. The evening before, in the first happy moment of meeting, they had kissed each other, but today they felt it could not be done, he felt that everybody, including his mother and sisters, was

ing to kissed, but as you—Sonya. But their eyes met and said to you and exchanged tender kisses. Her looks asked him

Natasha

prom

His love thanked her for offering him his freedom and told her that one way or another he would never cease to love her, for that would be impossible.

How strange it is, said Vera, selecting a moment when all were silent, that Sonya and Nicholas now say you to one another and meet like strangers.

Vera's remark was as correct as her remarks always were, but like most of her observations, it made everyone feel uncomfortable, not only Sonya, Nicholas, and Natasha, but even the old countess, who—dreading this love affair, which might hinder Nicholas from making a brilliant match—blushed like a girl.

Denisov, to Rostov's surprise, appeared in the drawing room with pomaded hair, perfumed, and in a new uniform looking just as smart as he made himself when going into battle, and he was more amiable to the ladies and gentlemen than Rostov had ever expected to see him.

CHAPTER II

ON HIS RETURN to Moscow from the army, Nicholas Rostov is welcomed by his home circle as the best of

Nikolénka

tractive and

ances as a handsome lieutenant of hussars, a good dancer, and one of the best matches in the city.

The Rostovs knew everybody in Moscow. The old count had money enough that year, as all his estates had been reforested. Nicholas acquired, a trout, fish on very stylish breeches of the latest cut, such as no one else yet had in Moscow, and boots of the latest fashion with extremely pointed toes.

Oh, well, then good by, go and dress. Is he very terrible, Denisov?

Why terrible? asked Nicholas. No, Vaska is a splendid fellow.

You call him Vaska? That's funny! And is he very nice?

Very.

Well, then be quick. We'll all have breakfast together.

d sm ll s l sp rs p d h s t m e ry
 gal Afte asl rt p e od f l p t g h m s e l f
 t th l d c d u n o f l f e N c h l a f o u n d i t
 e r y p l e a s a t t o b e a t l m a w a n H e f e l t t h t
 h e h d g r w n u p d m a t e d r y m u h H s
 d e s p r a t f l g i n a S c r p t u r e x m n t n
 h b o r r o w g m o n e y f r o m G r i l t p y
 - h k g S' j a o n t h l y - h e

w e n g t h e C a
 s o l d i r s f b e r y n t d n t h c m
 p y f w l l k w n e l d e l y a n d e p e t d r a c
 g m e w a t r a g t t e f h s o w f o r a
 r a c H k e w l d y n o n f t h e b o u l e v a r d
 h m h t d f n e v n g H l e d t h e
 m r u k a t t h e A k h a o s b l l t a l k e d b o u t
 t h e a w t h F l d M r s h l k a m e k i s t e d
 t h E g l h C l b a d w a n t m t e t e r m s
 t h l l f f r y t w h m D e n i s o h a d
 t r o d e d h u m .

H p a s s n f t h e E m p h d c o o l e d
 s o m e w h a t n M o s c o B u t t l l h d d n t
 s e h u m d h a d p p o r t t y f e g h m
 h l i t e p o k b o u t h u m d b o t h s l o e
 f h u m , l t u n g t b e u n d e r s t o o d t h t h e h a d
 t t o l d a l l d t h a t t h e w s o m e t h g n
 h f e e l a s f t h e E m p e r t r y n e c u l d
 d e r s t d , d w t h b w h l s u l h s r e d
 t h a d r a t u t h e c o m m n M s c w f r t h e
 E m p e r o w h w a s p o k e o f t h n g e l
 c a n t e .

D r i g R o s t o h r t t y M o s c w b e f e
 p o g t h a r m y h d d t d r a w l e r t
 S e j a b t r a t h e d r f t d w y f m h e S h
 w a e r y p e t y d w t , n d d e t l y d e e p -
 l l w t h m b u t h w t t h p e d o f
 t h w h t h e e m m u h t d t h a t
 t l t m f t h a t s o t o f t h g d
 g m a f e a r s b d h m l f d p e s
 h f e e d m h c h h e e d s f s o m y t h e r
 t h i n g s . W h h t l h t f S o j a d r i g t h
 t a M o s c o w h d t h m s e l f A h t h e e
 l l b e , d t h e r m a y m e c h g l s
 w m h e r e h m d n t t k w T h e r e
 l l b e t u m g h t o t h k b o l e w h e n
 l w a t b t w l h o t m B e s d e s
 s e e m e d t o h u m t h a t t h e s o c e t f w m w a s
 n a h e r d e o g a t o r y t h m h o o d . H w e t o
 b a l l d t l d e s s o y w t h f f c a t n
 f d o g s o g a n s h w l l T l r a c e s t h e
 E n g l h C l b p e s w l D i s o d
 u s c e r t a h u s - t h t w a s o t h
 m a t e r d q t t h t h g f a d a s h i n g
 y o u g h u s s a t

h n o r o f P r n e b g t

The c t w a l k e d u p a n d d o w n t h e h l l i n
 h s d e s s n g g o w n g g o r d e r s t o t h e c l u b
 t w r d n d t o t h e f m u s F e o k t f t t h C l u b a
 h e d c o o k b o u t s p a r a g u s f r e s h c u c u m b e r s
 s t r a w b e r r i e s e a l a n d f i h f o r t h d n n e r T h e
 c o u t l d b e e n m e m b e r a n d n t l e c o m m t
 t e e o f t h e C l u b f r m t l e d y i t w a s f u n d e d . T o
 l h m t h e C l u b e n t r u t e d t h e a r r a n g e m e n t o f t h
 h r o f B a g r a t o n f r f e w m e n

o u t f t h e r w n r e s o u r e s a
 d f t h e s c e s s o f t h e f e t e T h e c l u b c o o k n d
 t h e t e w d l i s t e d t t h e c o u t s o r d e r s w l
 p l a e d f e s f o t h e y k n e w t h a t u d e r n t l
 e r m n a g e m n t o u l d t h e y s o e l y e x t r a c t
 h m e l e s f r o m a d n n e c o s t

Sh l l w e h a e t h e e c l d u t e asked
 t h e c o o k

T h e c o u t c n s d e d
 W e c a n t l e s s - y e s t h e e t h e m y
 n e t h t s o n e s a d h e b e n d g d w n a
 f i g r

T l n a m I t o r d e r t h o s e l a r g e s t e l e t
 a k e d t h e t e w a r d .

'Y e s t c a n t b e h e l p d i f t h e y w o n t t a k e
 l e s s . A h d e a m e l I w a s f r e g g t n g W e m u s t

w h a p p e a d t h c a l l H u r r y d u t
 M k s i m t h e g a r d e n e r t s e t t h e f s t w o k
 S y t h t e e r y t h o u t f t h e h o t h a s m t
 b b g l t h e r e w e l l t r a p p e d u p f e l t . I m t
 h a e t w h u n d r e d p o t s h e r e n F r i d y

H g g e n s e v e r a l m o e o d e r s , h e a s
 a b o t t g o t o h i s l t t l e c t e s s t o h a e a
 r e s t b t m e m b e s o m e t h e l s e o f i m
 p o r t a h r e t u r n e d g a n c a l l e d b a k t h e
 c o o k d t h e c l u b s t w r d d g a n b e a n
 g g d e r s . A l h t f o o t s t e p a d t h e c l k g
 o f s p r s e r e h e a r d t t h e d o o r a d t h e y g
 c o t h n d s o m e r o s y w t h d r k l t t l e m u s -
 t a c h e v d e t l y e s t e d a d m d e s l e e k e r b y h s
 e a y l f M s c o w e t e r e d t h e r o o m .

A l m y b o y m y h e a d n a w h l s a d t h e
 l d m a w t h m l e a s f i h e f e l t a l t t l c o
 f u s e d b e f o e h i s s o n N o w f y o u w u l d o n l y

help a bit! I must have singers too I shall have my own orchestra but shouldn't we get the gypsy singers as well? You military men like that sort of thing

Really Papa I believe Prince Bagration worried himself less before the battle of Schön Grabern than you do now said his son with a smile

The old count pretended to be angry

Yes you talk but try it yourself!

And the count turned to the cook who with a shrewd and respectful expression looked obsequiously and sympathetically at the father and son

What have the young people come to nowadays eh Feoktist? said he Laughing at us old fellows!

That's so your excellency all they have to do is to eat a good dinner but providing it and serving it all up that's not their business!

That's it that's it! exclaimed the count and gaily seizing his son by both hands he cried Now I've got you so take the sleigh and pair at once and go to Bezukhov's and tell him Count Ilyá has sent you to ask for strawberries and fresh pineapples We can't get them from anyone else He's not there himself so you'll have to go in and ask the princesses and from there go on to the Rasgulyáy—the coachman Ipátka knows—and look up the gypsy Ilyushka the one who danced at Count Orlóv's you remember in a white Cosack coat and bring him along to me

And am I to bring the gypsy girls along with him? asked Nicholas laughing Dear dear!

At that moment with noiseless footsteps and with the busyness-like preoccupied yet meekly Christian look which never left her face Anna Mikháylovna entered the hall Though she came upon the count in his dressing gown every day he invariably became confused and begged her to excuse his costume

No matter at all my dear count she said meekly closing her eyes But I'll go to Bezukhov's myself Pierre has arrived and now we shall get anything we want from his lighthouses I have to see him in any case He has forwarded me a letter from Boris Thank God Boris is now on the staff

The count was delighted at Anna Mikháylovna's taking upon herself one of his commissions and ordered the small closed carriage for her

Tell Bezukhov to come I'll put his name down Is his wife with him? he asked

Anna Mikháylovna turned up her eyes and profound sadness was depicted on her face

Ah my dear friend he is very unfortunate she said If what we hear is true it is dreadful How little we dreamed of such a thing when

him what consolation I can

What what is the matter? asked both the young and old Rostóv

Anna Mikháylovna sighed deeply

Dólokhov Mary Ivánovna's son she said in a mysterious whisper has compromised her completely they say Pierre took him up invited him to his house in Petersburg and now

she has come here and that daredevil after her! said Anna Mikháylovna wishing to show her sympathy for Pierre but by involuntary intonations and a half smile betraying her sympathy for the daredevil as she called Dólokhov They say Pierre is quite broken by his misfortune

Dear dear! But still tell him to come to the Club—it will all blow over It will be a tremendous banquet

Next day the third of March soon after one o'clock two hundred and fifty members of the English Club and fifty guests were awaiting the guest of honor and hero of the Austrian campaign Prince Bagration to dinner

On the first arrival of the news of the battle of Austerlitz Moscow had been bewildered At that time the Russians were so used to victories that on receiving news of the defeat some would simply not believe it while others sought some extraordinary explanation of so strange an event In the English Club where all the most distinguished important and well informed gathered when the news began to arrive in December nothing was said about the war and the last battle as though all were in a conspiracy of silence The men who set the tone in conversation—Count Rostopchín Prince Yuri Dolgorukov Valuev Count Márkov and Prince Vyázemsk—did not show themselves at the Club but met in private houses in intimate circles and the Moscovites who took the opinions from others—Ilyá Rostóv among them—remained for a while without any definite opinion on the subject of the war and without leaders The Moscovites felt that something was wrong and that to discuss the bad news was difficult and so it was best to be silent But after a while just as a jury comes out of its room the bourgeois wife guided the Club's

opinion reappeared, and everybody began speaking clearly and definitely. Reasons were found for the incredible unheard-of, and impossible event of Russian defeat, everything became clear and in all corners of Moscow the same things began to be said. These reasons were the treachery of the Austrians, a defective commissariat, the treachery of the Polish Priests, the weakness of the Frenchman Langeron, Kutuzov's incapacity and (it was whispered) the youth and inexperience of the sovereign, who had trusted worthless and insignificant people. But the army, the Russian army, everyone declared, was extraordinary and had achieved miracles. Valour. The soldiers, officers, and generals were heroes. But the hero of heroes was Prince Bagration, distinguished by his Schon Graben affair and by the retreat from Austerlitz, where he alone had withdrawn his column unbroken and had all day beaten back an enemy force twice as numerous as his own. What also conduced to Bagration's being selected as Moscow hero was the fact that he had no connections in the city and was therefore there. In his person, honour was shown to the simple Russian soldier without connections and intrigues, and to one who was associated by memories of the Italian campaign with the name of Suvarov. Moreover, paying

it was said, and only those who knew him intimately regretted that he had died so young leaving a pregnant wife with his eccentric father.

CHAPTER III

ON THAT third of March, all the rooms in the English Club were filled with a hum of conversation, like the hum of bees swarming in spring time. The members and guests of the Club wandered hither and thither sat, stood, met, and separated, some in uniform and some in evening dress, and a few here and there with powdered hair and in Russian *kafkas*. Powdered footmen, in livery with buckled shoes and smart stockings, stood at every door anxiously noting visitors every movement in order to offer their services. Most of those present were elderly respected men with broad, self-confident faces, fat fingers, and resolute gestures and voices. This class of guests and members sat in certain habitual places and met in certain habitual groups. A minority of those present were casual guests—chiefly young men, among whom were Denisov, Rostov, and Dolokho—who was now gaining an officer in the Semenov regiment. The faces of these young people, especially those who were military men, bore that expression of condescending respect for their elders which seems to say to the older generation, "We are prepared to respect and honour you, but all the same remember that the future belongs to us."

Nevitskiy was there as an old member of the Club. Perre, who at his wife's command had let his hair grow and abandoned his spectacles, went about the rooms fashionably dressed but looking sad and dull. Here, as elsewhere, he was surrounded by an atmosphere of subservience to his wealth, and being in the habit of looking down over these people, he treated them with absent-minded contempt.

But his wealth should have belonged to the younger men, but by his wealth and connections he belonged to the groups of old and honored guests, and so he went from one group to another. Some of the most important old men were the center of groups which even strangers approached respectfully to hear the voices of well-known men. The largest circles formed round Count Rostopchin, Valer, and Naryshkin. Rostopchin was describing how the Russians had been overwhelmed by fifteen Austrians and had had to force their way through them with bayonets.

Valer was confidentially telling that Uvarov

and Shumshin, parodying the words of Voltaire. Kutuzov no one spoke of, except some who abused him in whispers, calling him a court sycophant and an old sinner.

All Moscow repeated Prince Dolgorukov's saying: "If you go on modeling and modeling you must get mixed up with the suggestion of consolation for our defeat by the memory of former victories: and the words of Rostopchin, that French soldiers have to be incited to battle by *brilliant words*, and Germans by logical arguments to show them that it is more dangerous to run away than to advance, but that Russian soldiers only need to be restrained and held back. On all sides, new and fresh anecdotes were heard of individual examples of heroism shown by our officers and men at Austerlitz. One had saved a standard, another had killed five Frenchmen, a third had loaded his cannon and expended. Beres was mentioned, but those who did not know him, as having, when wounded in the right hand, taken his sword in his left, and gone forward. Of Bolkonskiy nothing

help a bit! I must have singers too I shall have my own orchestra but shouldn't we get the gypsy singers as well? You military men like that sort of thing

Really Papa I believe Prince Bagration worried himself less before the battle of Schön Grabern than you do now said his son with a smile

The old count pretended to be angry

Yes you talk but try it yourself!

And the count turned to the cook who with a shrewd and respectful expression looked obsequiously and sympathetically at the father and son

What have the young people come to now adays eh Feoktist? said he Laughing at us old fellows!

That's so your excellency all they have to do is to eat a good dinner but providing it and serving it all up that's not their business!

That's it that's it! exclaimed the count and gaily seizing his son by both hands he cried Now I've got you so take the sleigh and pair at once and go to Bezukhov's and tell him Count Ilyá has sent you to ask for strawberries and fresh pineapples We can't get them from anyone else He's not there himself so you'll have to go in and ask the princesses and from there go on to the Rasgulyáy—the coachman Ipátka knows—and look up the gypsy Ilyushka the one who danced at Count Orlov's you remember in a white Cosack coat and bring him along to me

And am I to bring the gypsy girls along with him? asked Nicholas laughing Dear dear!

At that moment with noiseless footsteps and with the businesslike preoccupied yet meekly Christian look which never left her face Anna Mikháylovna entered the hall Though she came upon the count in his dressing gown every day he invariably became confused and begged her to excuse his costume

No matter at all my dear count she said meekly closing her eyes But I'll go to Bezukhov's myself Pierre

Count Borís I thank God Borís

missions and ordered the small closed carriage for her

Tell Bezukhov to come I'll put his name down Is his wife with him? he asked

Anna Mikháylovna turned up her eyes and profound sadness was depicted on her face

Oh my dear friend he is very unfortunate she said If what we hear is true it is dreadful How little we dreamed of such a thing when we were rejoicing at his happiness! And such a lofty angelic soul as young Bezukhov! Yes I pity him from my heart and shall try to give him what consolation I can

What is the matter? asked both the young and old Rostóv

Anna Mikháylovna sighed deeply

Dólokhov M

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I'll serve but by involuntary intonations and a half smile betraying her sympathy for the daredevil as she called Dólokhov They say Pierre is quite broken by his misfortune

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unsungushed important and well informed forgathered when the news began to arrive in December nothing was said about the war and the last battle as though all were in a conspiracy of silence The men whose the

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but met in private houses in intimate circles and the Moscovites who took the opinions from others—Ilyá Rostóv among them—remained for a while without any definite opinion on the subject of the war and without leaders The Moscovites felt that something was wrong and that to discuss the business was difficult and so it was best to be silent But after a while just as a jury comes out of its room the judges who guided it

B 1 b f r e h h d f h e d r e d g a s t n t o
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T m p l l t R u s w

d C o t R t o g l g r l y t t h u

t A l e x d e r s — B e k l h e d N a r y h k i —
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d k w r d a s e l l t h e w d s h p o k e
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H e f f r i s h d o t b e n T h e d
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v h B g r a t u o l d g a n h u s b l e e y e s g e w
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b e g a n s g g a c a t t a c o m p o e d b y P a u l
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R u s O l l b r r

C g q t g t

H a v t B t o t

H b r n g f m t t l k e t

A s s o o a s t h e s g g w s o e r o t h e r a d
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R t o b e c a m e m e d m o r e m o e d m
r

CHAPTER IV

P E R R S A O O T T E D ó l o k h v a d N c h l
v

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T k

a h e n o t h g o f w h t w a
d h m d t b e b b e d b y
d u n s l e d p r o b l e m

had been sent from Petersburg to ascertain what Moscow was thinking about Austerlitz.

In the third circle Naryshkin was speaking of the meeting of the Austrian Council of War at which Suvorov crowed like a cock in reply to the nonsense talked by the Austrian generals. Shishin standing close by tried to make a joke saying that Kutuzov had evidently failed to learn from Suvorov even so simple a thing as the art of crowing like a cock but the elder members glanced severely at the wit making him feel that in that place and on that day it was improper to speak so of Kutuzov.

Count Ilyá Rostóv hurried and preoccupied went about in his soft boots between the dining and drawing rooms hastily greeting the important and unimportant all of whom he knew as if they were all equals while his eyes occasionally sought out his fine well-set up young son resting on him and winking joyfully at him. Young Rostóv stood at a window with Dólokhov whose acquaintance he had lately made and highly valued. The old count came up to them and pressed Dólokhov's hand.

Please come and visit us you know my

an old man who was passing but before he had finished his greeting there was a general stir and a footman who had run in announced with a frightened face. He's arrived!

ent rooms came together and crowded in the large drawing room by the door of the ball room.

Bagratión appeared in the doorway of the anteroom without hat or sword which in accordance with the Club custom he had given up to the hall porter. He had no lambskin cap on his head nor had he a loaded whip over his shoulder as when Rostóv had seen him on the eve of the battle of Austerlitz but wore a tight new uniform with Russian and foreign Orders and the Star of St. George on his left breast. Evidently just before coming to the dinner he had had his hair and whiskers trimmed which

was embarrassed not wishing to avail himself of their courtesy and this caused some delay at the doors but after all he did at last enter first. He walked shyly and awkwardly over the parquet floor of the reception room not knowing what to do with his hands he was more accustomed to walk over a plowed field under fire as he had done at the head of the hunk regiment at Schon Grabern—and he would have found that easier. The committeemen met him at the first door and expressing their delight at seeing such a highly honored guest took possession of him as it were without waiting for his reply surrounded him and led him to the drawing room. It was at first impossible to enter the drawing room door for the

rare animal Count Ilyá Rostóv languishing and repeating the words "Make way dear boy! Make way make way!" pushed through the crowd more energetically than anyone led the guests into the drawing room and seated them on the center sofa. The bigwigs the most respected members of the Club beset the new arrivals. Count Ilyá again thrusting his way through the crowd went out of the drawing room and reappeared a minute later with another committeeman carrying a large silver salver which he presented to Prince Bagratión. On the salver lay some verses composed and printed in the hero's honor. Bagratión on seeing the salver glanced around in dismay as though seeking help. But all eyes demanded that he should submit. Feeling himself in their power he resolutely took the salver with both hands and looked sternly and reproachfully at the new man who had presented it to him. Someone obligingly took the dish from Bagratión (or he would it seemed have held it till evening and have gone in to dinner with it) and drew his attention on to the verses.

Well I will read them then! Bagratión seemed to say and fixing his weary eyes on the paper began to read them with a fixed and serious expression. But the author himself took the verses and began reading them aloud. Bagratión bowed his head and listened.

Bring glory then to the dear regn
I do the throne of Russia
Add of the best of the day
A Rhipheus at home a C r in the field
I n for the N p l n
K bye for the new Regi
Add en the Merc l n R a t ble

shes and Theodore Uvárov who had arrived with him paused at the doorway to allow him as the guest of honor to enter first. Bagratión

BOOK FOUR

before he had finished singing stentor
major and announced that dinner was
ready. The door opened and from the
room came the resounding strains of the
polka.

C q i joy! I l l der ken
Tri mp! l t Rus

And Count Rostov glancing at the au-
thor how went on reading her verses bowed to
Baryshnikov. Eryne rose feeling that dinner
was important to him. Baryshnikov
predicted gallantly that the dinner
Hats would be the place of honor between
Alexander and Baryshnikov. Naryshkin
which was a significant allusion to the name of
the so-called. The hundred persons took
the dinner room according to
the rank and importance of the more impor-
tant guests. The invited guests as naturally
waterfall deep twilight the landless w

Just before dinner Count Ilyá Rostov
entered his son. Baryshnikov welcomed
him and said a few words to him. He noted
that toward evening the words he spoke
thoroughly and Count Ilyá looked joyfully and
proudly at his Baryshnikov's speech to his
son.

Prince Nekhlyudov Count Ilyá Rostov the
other members of the committee sat facing Ba-
rath and as the very presentation of
Moscow hospital they did the honors to the
prince.

Hilary had been. The dinner
both the left and the other few splen-
did yet he would feel quiet tea with the
dinner meal. He would talk to him. He was
proud that the footman would be
each expected with some necessity. Eryne
thought of it. With second order a
glance at the list which Ilyá Rostov
blushed at self-conscious plea of the foot-
man began popping his head filling the ci-
rcumferences. After the first which made
the sense of the count he had given
the other committee. The evening be-
came time to begin his whispering
dinner guests. He allowed
glance at the world.

Then he left. So evening the Em-
peror had created the members of this
kindly eyes grew more with the rays of joy.

And us as the Tiber and immediately struck up
Conquest's joyful under waken. All
roses and cried Hurray! Bagration also rose
and shouted Hurray! in exactly the same
voice in which he had shouted on the field
at Scherabern. You give Rostov's ecstatic
voice could be heard by the three hundred
others. He nearly wept. To the health of our
herald Hurray!

When the necessary was over
way the broken glasses and everybody sat down
again smiling at the noise they had made in
exchanging remarks. The old count rose once
more glancing at the table looking at his plate
and proposed a toast. "To the health of the
herald of our campaign Prince Peter Ilyá-
ch Baryshnikov and again his blue eyes grew
moist. Hurray! cried the three hundred
voices again but instead of the broken glass
beginning singing a cantata composed by Paul
Ilyách Kutuzov.

Rus O il b rriers on

C q i g t g t

Have u t B r t d ?

H b r g f m e n t t k s t

As soon as the singing was over another an-
thor stood up. It was proposed to Count Ilyá
Rostov became more and more moved. He
glanced at the dinner and the shouting grew louder.
They drank to Bekleshev Naryshkin U-
dolgovskiy Apraksin Vasilyev to the com-
mittee members. It all the

CHAPTER IV

PIERRE SAT OPPOSITE DOLÓKHIN and NICHOLA
Rostov. A usual hearty and draught much and

with fixed eyes and a look of complete be-
musement kept rubbing the back of his

some deep and unsolved problem

Then he led problem that troubled him
was caused by his sign by the press his
cousin's Moscow concern of Dolokho

intimacy with his wife and by an anonymous letter he had received that morning which in the mean jocular way common to anonymous letters said that he saw badly through his spectacles but that his wife's connection with Dólokhov was a secret to no one but himself Pierre absolutely disbelieved both the princess hints and the letter but he feared now to look at Dólokhov who was sitting opposite him Every time he chanced to meet Dólokhov's

his wife's past and her relations with Dólokhov Pierre saw clearly that what was said in the letter might be true or might at least seem to be true had it not referred to *his wife* He involuntarily remembered how Dólokhov who had fully recovered his former position after the campaign had returned to Petersburg and come to him Availing himself of his friendly relations with Pierre as a boon companion Dólokhov had come straight to his house and Pierre had put him up and lent him money Pierre recalled how Hélène had smilingly expressed disapproval of Dólokhov's living at their house and how cynically Dólokhov had praised his wife's beauty to him and from that time till they came to Moscow had not left them for a day

Yes he is very handsome thought Pierre and I know him It would be particularly pleasant to him to dishonor my name and ridicule me just because I have exerted myself on his behalf befriended him and helped him I know and understand what a spice that would add to the pleasure of deceiving me if it really were true Yes if it were true but I do not believe it I have no right to and can't believe it He remembered the expression Dólokhov's face assumed in his moments of cruelty as when tying the policeman to the bear and dropping them into the water or when he challenged a man to a duel without any reason or shot a post boy's horse with a pistol That expression was often on Dólokhov's face when looking at him Yes he is a bully thought Pierre to kill a man means nothing to him It must seem to him that everyone is afraid of him and that must please him He must think that I too am afraid of him—and in fact I am

one of whom was a dashing hussar and the other a notorious duelist and rake and every now and then he glanced ironically at Pierre whose preoccupied absent minded and massive figure was a very noticeable one at the dinner Rostóv looked inimically at Pierre first because Pierre appeared to his hussar eyes as a rich civilian the husband of a beauty and in a word—an old woman and secondly because Pierre in his preoccupation and absent mindedness had not recognized Rostóv and had not responded to his greeting When the Emperor's health was drunk Pierre lost in thought did not rise or lift his glass

What are you about? shouted Rostóv looking at him in an ecstasy of exasperation Don't you hear it's His Majesty the Emperor's health?

Pierre sighed rose submissively emptied his glass and waiting till all were seated again turned with his kindly smile to Rostóv

Why I didn't recognize you! he said But Rostóv was otherwise engaged he was shouting Hurrah!

Why don't you renew the acquaintance? said Dólokhov to Rostóv

Confound him he's a fool! said Rostóv

One should make up to the husbands of pretty women said Denisov

Pierre did not catch what they were saying but knew they were talking about him He red-dened and turned away

Well now to the health of handsome women! said Dólokhov and with a serious expression but with a smile lurking at the corners of his mouth he turned with his glass to Pierre

Here's to the health of lovely women Peterkin—and their lovers! he added

Pierre with downcast eyes drank out of his glass without looking at Dólokhov or answering him The footman who was distributing leaflets with Kutuzov's cantata laid one before Pierre as one of the principal guests He was just going to take it when Dólokhov leaning across snatched it from his hand and began reading it Pierre looked at Dólokhov and his eyes dropped the something terrible and monstrous that had tormented him all dinner time rose and took possession of him He leaned his whole massive body across the table

How dare you take it? he shouted

pered their frightened voices

Dólokhov looked at Pierre with clear mirth-

Rostóv was talking merrily to his two friends

fool, cruel eyes, and that smile of his which
seemed to say Ah! This is what I like!

"You have thought he said distinctly
Pale with quivering lips Perres attached the
copy

You! you scoundrell! I challenge
you! he ejaculated and pushing back his
chair here from the table

At the very next he said this and uttered

I should have done the same then why the
devil the murder? Either I shall kill him or he
will hit me with the elbow or knee Can't
I go away from here run away bury myself
somewhere? passed through his mind But just
at moments when such thoughts occurred to
him he would sink in particularly calm and
absent-minded way which inspired the respect
of the onlookers Will it be long? Are things
ready?

When all was ready the sabers stuck in the
— — — — —

he
ly

you could not avoid the horror you have done
me in choosing me for your executioner if it
— — — — —

Perres thought but Retó with Dólkhov
did not stay at the Club till late
in the evening

"Will the till tomorrow Sokólk said
Dólkhov as he took leave of Retó in the
Club porch.

Ad do you feel quite calm? Retó asked.
Dólkhov replied.

"Well you see I'll tell you the whole secret
of the thing tomorrow If you are going to
fight and if you must kill I will do it af-
fecting it to be your partner and if you
think you may be killed you are a fool do

in the right you were impudent

Oh yes it is really stupid said Perres

Then I will write to express my regrets and
I musture your opponent will accept them
said Nesjtsk (who like the others concealed
in the floor and like very easily misled)
did not yet believe that the affair had come to
this end I) You know Count it is much
— — — — —

he fears he has said too much you see
you fear lying day by day with light
to let him get away Ad then how it is
with him Ad man

Next day the eighth month morning Perres
did not stay at the Sokólk but left
for Dólkhov's house and Retó already

had said Only tell me where to go and where
to shoot he said with an unnecessarily gentle
manner

He took the pistol and began to
go about the king of the tower he had
before him and a pistol he had—a fact
that he did not wish to lose

Oh yes like that I know I only forgot
to do

Now please one white said Dólkhov
to Denso (who on his side had been in-
tempting to collect) and he left we
up to the appointed place

The pistol in his hand was so mighty
power from the hand the light had

his eyes dazzled by the H was entirely
absorbed by the consideration of his wife
guilt of her father's sleepless night he
with the lightest doubt of his guiltlessess
Dólkhov had no reason to preserve the
body of his wife when he got home I
thought perhaps he had ethesam thing in
place, the light Perres let encircle the
The tomorrow may decide it

farther edge of the light The second man
upon the path left tracks that deep
now between the place where they had been

intimacy with his wife and by an anonymous letter he had received that morning which in the mean jocular way common to anonymous letters said that he saw badly through his spectacles but that his wife's connection with Dólokhov was a secret to no one but himself Pierre absolutely disbelieved both the princess hints and the letter but he feared now to look at Dólokhov who was sitting opposite him Every time he chanced to meet Dólokhov's handsome insolent eyes Pierre felt something terrible and monstrous rising in his soul and turned quickly away Involuntarily recalling his wife's past and her relations with Dólokhov Pierre saw clearly that what was said in the letter might be true or might not

— true had

untarily

fully recovered his former position after the campaign had returned to Petersburg and came to him Availing himself of his friendly relations with Pierre as a boon companion Dólokhov had come — —

Pier

erre

pres

their

praised his wife's beauty to him and from that time till they came to Moscow had not left them for a day

Yes he is very handsome thought Pierre and I know him It would be particularly pleasant to him to dishonor my name and ridicule me just because I have exerted myself on his behalf befriended him and helped him I know and understand what a spice that would add to the pleasure of deceiving me if it really were true Yes if it were true but I do not believe it I have no doubt

it I

face

when you see the policeman to the bear and dropping them into the water or when he challenged a man to a duel without any reason or shot a post boy's horse with a pistol That expression was often on Dólokhov's face when looking at him Yes he's a bully thought Pierre to kill a man means nothing to him It must seem to him that everyone is afraid of him and that must please him He must think that I too am afraid of him—and in fact I am afraid of him he thought and again he felt something terrible and monstrous rising in his soul Dólokhov Denisov and Rostov were now sitting opposite Pierre and seemed very gay Rostov was talking merrily to his two friends

one of whom was a dashing hussar and the other a notorious duelist and rake and every now and then he glanced ironically at Pierre whose preoccupied absent minded and massive figure was a very noticeable one at the dinner Rostov looked inimically at Pierre first because Pierre appeared to his hussar eyes as a rich civilian the husband of a beauty and in a word—an old woman and secondly because Pierre in his preoccupation and absent mindedness had not recognized Rostov and had not responded to his greeting When the Emperor's health was drunk Pierre lost in thought did not rise or lift his glass

What are you about? shouted Rostov looking at him in an ecstasy of exasperation Don't you hear it's His Majesty the Emperor's health?

Pierre sighed rose submissively emptied his glass and waiting till all were seated again turned with his kindly smile to Rostov

Why I didn't recognize you! he said But Rostov was otherwise engaged he was shouting Hurrah!

Why don't you renew the acquaintance? said Dólokhov to Rostov

Confound him he's a fool! said Rostov

One should make up to the husbands of pretty women said Denisov

Pierre did not catch what they were saying but knew they were talking about him He redened and turned away

Well now to the health of handsome women! said Dólokhov and with a serious expression

his

terkin—and their lovers! he added Pierre with downcast eyes drank out of his glass without looking at Dólokhov or answering him The footman who was distributing leaflets with Kutuzov's cantata laid one before Pierre as one of the principal guests He was just going to take it when Dólokhov leaning across snatched it from his hand and began reading it Pierre looked at Dólokhov and his eyes dropped the something terrible and monstrous that had tormented him all dinner time rose and took possession of him He leaned his whole massive body across the table

How dare you take it? he shouted Hearing that cry and seeing to whom it was addressed

he glanced at Pierre with clear mirth—

BOOK FOUR

"Why?" asked Rostov.
My mother! My mother! My mother!
ad ed l m t n r d Dólok! v pressed
Rostó h d d burst t t r
d h ome l ttle qu et r he ex

ut of the bedroom into his study a little be
f e noon n h s s k d essing gown and found
w d the e who bow ng respect

P ess

But how often I have felt proud of her
p oud of her m j s t c be uty nd social tact
th u ht he 'b en p oud of my house n
wl h he re er ed all Petersburg pr ud of
h pp achability nd beauty So th s s
th t l d d

broth rs.

CHAPTER VI

t bl me fo not u u w
h t n t nt composur a d

poken th t terr ble w u o
come clear

An tle used to come to borrr w money
f m h d used t k s s her naked h ulders
Sh d d n t g e h m the m ney but let her
If be k ssed. Her f ther in jest tried to rouse
t er jeal u y nd h r p l d w th calm mile
hat sh w n t s o s t p d to be jealous Let
ed to say of me

t ms
ya d
chl

th bar ho lders d l gu d p w
look he f d th n mmedi ely he w
bes d her Dól kh ha dsome sol t
f hard. d mock g f e as he had t t th
b q d th th sam f p le q
d fier w had been wh n he c l d
d k th w

Wh ha happe ed h ked hms If I
ha k lled her l o t e s k lled my w f l r
Yes, tha wa t And why? H w d d l m t
do t. — Because y u marr ed her nsw e d
er e.

B hat was I to blam h asked. In
marr y her w thout l her n d c
y nself d i t e r And he dly ecalled th t
mom fter pper Pri Vasil wh n
h pok those w ds h had f und so difficult
to er l l y u. I all mes fr m that
E then I f l t t, h thought. I f l then
tha as no so that I had o right to do t.
A d so urn ou

He remembered his boyhood blushed
th excolection. Particularly id, humil
t ng, nd shameful was th ecoli cto I
bow on day soon fter his marriage he came

d en nd th t he was not b b to c ny
hldr n by me

Then he ecalled the co rsc ess and bl nt
ness f her th ights d the vulgarity of th
exp ess that wer natural to her tlo h
sh had been br ght p in the most sto-
cr u circles

I knew h wa d pra ed w ma i i
pe ted 'b t d a r e n t d m t t to mys If And
now tler Dól kh tu g n th s w w th
f ed m l d perh ps dy g wh l meet
g my em rs w th some f ced bra d
P err wa n of those peopl who n p te
of n ppearanc of what is called weak char
cter do n t se k co fidant n their tr oubles
H d est d hus uffern g sal e.
It is all all her fault, h sa d to himself
y clea f this.

standing and Nesvitski and Dolokhov sabers which were stuck into the ground ten paces apart to mark the barrier. It was thawing and misty at forty paces distance nothing could be seen. For three minutes all had been ready but they still delayed and all were silent.

CHAPTER V

WELL BEGIN! said Dolokhov.

All right said Pierre still smiling in the same way. A feeling of dread was in the air. It was evident that the affair so lightly begun could no longer be averted but was taking its course independently of men's will.

Denisov first went to the barrier and pronounced. As the adversaries have refused a reconciliation please proceed. Take your pistols and at the word *thrice* begin to advance.

O ne! Two! Thrice! he shouted angrily and stepped aside.

The combatants advanced along the trodden tracks nearer and nearer to one another beginning to see one another through the mist. They had the right to fire when they liked as they approached the barrier. Dolokhov walked slowly without raising his pistol looking in

So I can fire when I like! said Pierre and at the word *thrice* he went quickly forward

ly back because he wished to support his right hand with it and knew he must not do so. Having advanced six paces and strayed off the track into the snow Pierre looked down at his feet then quickly glanced at Dolokhov and bending his finger as he had been shown. Fred. Not at all expecting so loud a report Pierre shuddered at the sound and then smiling at his own sensations stood still. The smoke rendered dense by the mist prevented him from seeing anything for an instant but there was no second report as he had expected. He only heard Dolokhov's hurried steps and his figure came in view through the smoke. He was pressing one hand to his left side while the other clutched

teeth no it's not over. And after stumbling a few staggering steps right up to the saber he sank on the snow beside it. His left hand was

bloody he wiped it on his coat and supported himself with it. His frowning face was pallid and quivered.

Pierre began Dolokhov but could not at first pronounce the word.

Please he uttered with an effort.

Pierre hardly restraining his sobs began running toward Dolokhov and was about to cross the space between the barriers when Dolokhov cried.

To your barrier! and Pierre grasping what was meant stopped by himself. Only ten paces divided them. Dolokhov lowered his head to the snow greedily bit at it and raised his head adjusted himself drew in his legs and sat up seeking a firm center of gravity. He sucked and swallowed the cold snow his lips quivered but his eyes still smiling glittered with effort and exasperation as he mustered his remaining strength. He raised his pistol and aimed.

Sideways! Cover yourself with your pistol! ejaculated Nesvitski.

Cover yourself! even Denisov cried to his adversary.

Pierre with a gentle smile of pity and remorse his arms and legs helplessly spread out stood with his broad chest directly facing Dolokhov and looked sorrowfully at him. Denisov Rostov and Nesvitski closed their eyes. At the same instant they heard a report and Dolokhov's angry cry.

Missed! shouted Dolokhov and he lay helplessly face down on the snow.

Pierre clutched his temples and turning round went into the forest trampling through the deep snow and muttering incoherent words.

Folly! Folly! Death! he said to the wounded Dolokhov.

The latter lay silent in the sleigh with closed eyes and did not answer a word to the questions addressed to him. But on entering Moscow he suddenly came to and lifting his head with an effort took Rostov who was sitting beside him by the hand. Rostov as struck by the totally altered and unexpectedly rapturous and tender expression on Dolokhov's face.

Well? How do you feel? he asked.

But it's not that my friend— said Dolokhov with a gasping voice. Where are we? In Moscow I know I don't matter but I have killed her killed. She won't get over it! She won't survive.

not understand. He lay down as usual. He was
physically that moment, there was
right his chest and he could not breathe.
He knew that he must do something to get put to
end to this suffering but what he wanted to do
was too terrible.

"I had better separate," he muttered in a
broken voice.

"Separate. Very well but only if you give
me five minutes," said Hélène. "Separate. That's
thirty minutes with!"

Pierre leaped from the sofa and rushed
straight toward her.

"I'll kill you," he shouted, seizing the
marble pedestal with strength he had
never before felt. He made a step toward her
brandish the slab.

Hélène's face became terrible, she shrieked
and ran. He. His father's nature showed
himself. Pierre felt the fascination and delirium
of Henri. He flung down the slab broke
stand swooping down on her with outstretched
hands shouted. Get out in such terrible
voice that the whole house heard with horror
God knew what he would have done at
that moment had Hélène not fled from the
room.

A week later Pierre gave his wife full power
to control his estates in Great Russia, which
formed the larger part of his property and left
for Petersburg alone.

CHAPTER VII

Two months had elapsed since the news of
the battle of Austerlitz and the loss of Prince
Andrew had reached Bald Hills, and in spite
of the letter sent through the embassy and all
searches made his body had not been
found or was buried with the list of prisoners. What
was worse of all his relations was the fact
that there was still possibility of his having
been picked up by the battlefield by the
people of the place and that he might now be lying
unrecovered, dying, in some strange
remote place, blind to the world of himself. The
gossip from which the old prince first heard
of the defeat of Austerlitz dated, usual cry
of the dramatic tale of a brilliant ten-year
men the Russians had had retreat and had
made their withdrawal in perfect order. The
old prince understood from this official report
that his army had been defeated. A week later
the gossip report of the battle of Austerlitz
came to him from the same informant that
priest of the battle that had befallen his son.

— — — wrote Kutuzov in his belief of my

there and he found himself in the whole army still uncer-
tain whether he is alive or not. I comfort my-
self and you with the hope that your son is
alive otherwise he would have been inter-
rupted from the officers' stand on the field of
battle. List of whom has been sent me under
flag of truce.

After receiving this news I felt in the evening,
when he was alone in his study, the old prince
— — — but

unnatural voice thrown as usual.
(The wheel continued to revolve by its own
impetus, and Princess Mary remembered
the divine creak of that wheel, which merged
in her memory with what followed.)

She approached him, saw his face and some-
thing gave way within her. Her eyes grew dim.
By the expression of her father's face not sad,
not crushed but anxious and so kin to the
I saw that something over her and about to
crush her was some terrible misfortune the
worst in life. She had not yet experienced,
unreparable and comprehensible—the death
of the loved.

Father Andrew said the ungrateful
backward princess with such indescribable
charm of sorrow and self-revelation that
her father could not bear her look but turned
away with sob.

Bad news. He is among the prisoners
and almost killed. Kutuzov writes and
he screamed piercingly as if he wished to
drive the princess away by that scream.
Killed.

The princess did not fall down faint. She
— — —

this world—overflowed with great grief and then
her selfish regard for her father went up
to him, took his hand, and drawing him down
put her arm round his thin scraggy neck.

Father she said, do not turn away from
me, let us weep together.

but what of that? Why did I bind myself to her? Why did I say *Je vous aime* to her which was a lie and worse than a lie? I am guilty and must endure what? A slur on my name? A misfortune for life? Oh that's nonsense he thought. The slur on my name and honor—that's all apart from myself.

Louis XVI was executed because they said he was dishonorable and a criminal came in to Pierre's head and from their point of view they were right as were those too who canonized him and died a martyr's death for his sake. Then Robespierre was beheaded for being a despot. Who is right and who is wrong? No one! But if you are alive—live tomorrow you'll die as I might have died an hour ago. And is it worth tormenting oneself when one has only a moment of life in comparison with eternity?

But at the moment when he imagined himself calmed by such reflections she suddenly came into his mind as she was at the moments when he had most strongly expressed his sincere love for her and he felt the blood rush to his heart and had again to get up and move about and break and tear whatever came to his hand. Why did I tell her that *Je vous aime*? he kept repeating to himself. And when he had said it for the tenth time Molière's words *Mais que diable alloit il faire dans cette galère?* occurred to him and he began to laugh at himself.

informing her of his intention to part from her forever.

Next morning when the valet came into the room with his coffee Pierre was lying asleep on the ottoman with an open book in his hand.

He woke up and looked round for a while with a startled expression unable to realize where he was.

The countess told me to inquire whether your excellency was at home said the valet.

But before Pierre could decide what answer he would send the countess herself in a white satin dressing gown embroidered with silver and with simply dressed hair (tomblike plaits twice round her lovely head like a coronet) entered the room calm and majestic except that there was a wrathful wrinkle on her

I'll be you

What he thought he said to him. If to that mess of riddles I'm really. At the devil was he going to do in that gallery? —*Tr*

rather prominent marble brow. With her imperturbable calm she did not begin to speak in front of the valet. She knew of the duel and had come to speak about it. She waited till the valet had set down the coffee things and left the room. Pierre looked at her timidly over his spectacles and like a hare surrounded by hounds who lays back her ears and continues to crouch motionless before her enemies he tried to continue reading. But feeling this to be senseless and impossible he again glanced timidly at her. She did not sit down but looked at him with a contemptuous smile waiting for the valet to go.

Well what's this now? What have you been up to now? I should like to know? she asked sternly.

What have I? stammered Pierre.

So it seems you're a hero eh? Come now what was this duel about? What is it meant to prove? What? I ask you.

Pierre turned over heavily on the ottoman and opened his mouth but could not reply.

If you won't answer I'll tell you. Hélène went on. You believe everything you're told. You were told. Hélène laughed that Dolokhov was my lover she said in French with her coarse plainness of speech uttering the word *amant* as casually as any other word and you believed it! Well what have you proved? What does this duel prove? That you're a fool *que vous êtes un sot* but everybody knew that. What will be the result? That I shall be the laughingstock of all Moscow that everyone will say that you drunk and not knowing what you were about challenged a man you are jealous of without cause. Hélène raised her voice and became more and more excited. A man who's a better man than you in every way.

Hm Hm I growled Pierre frowning without looking at her and not moving a muscle.

And how could you believe he was my lover? Why? Because I like his company? If you were cleverer and more agreeable I should prefer yours.

Don't speak to me I beg you muttered Pierre hoarsely.

Why shouldn't I speak? I can speak as I like and I tell you plainly that there are not many wives with husbands such as you who would not have taken lovers (*des amants*) but I have not done so said she.

Pierre wanted to say something looked at her with eyes whose strange expression she did

wil from the e ghbo in town who had been at Bald H l f r d last f r r h c.)

"Oh yes, sented Pri cess M r v perhaps that's t l l g o. Courage my nvel Sh kis nd Lase and wa bout to lea the room.

"Oh, no no A d bes des the pall and th phys cal su cring o th l t l princess face, an express of childish fear of evit b pau showed s l f.

"No t o l d i v e s i o n ! Sa t o l y i n d i c a t i o n , s a y s M a r y S y . And th l t t p r i n c e s s b e a n t o c r e c a p t i v e u s l y l k s u c c i n c h i l d a n d t o w r i t h e r l t l h a n d s e v e n w i t h s o m e a f f e c t a t i n P r i c e s s M a r y r a n o u t t h r o o m t o f e t c h M a r y B o r d a n n a .

"He D e u M D e u Oh he heard as s . l e f t t h e r o o m .

The maid l was alread n her wa to meet her rubb her small plump white hands with n a l c a l m i m p o r t a n c e .

M a r y B o r d a n o v n I t h n k b e g i n n i n g s a n d P r i n c e s s M r v l o o k s t h i n d w i f e w i t h w o d o p e n e y e s f a l a r m .

"W l l t h e L o r d b e t h a n k e d , P r i n c e s s , s a d M a r y B o r d a n o v n a . t h a t h e r t e p s . Y o u y o u n g l a d e s s h o u l d n o t k n w y t h i s a b o u t .

But how is t th doctor from Moscow is not here yet?" s a d t h p r i c e s s . (I n c o r d c w i t h L a s e d P r i n A n d r e w w i s h e s t h e y h a d s e n g o o d t i m t o M s c o w f d o c t o r n d w e r e e x p e c t i n g h i m t n y m o m e n t .)

N m a e r P r i c e s s d n t b e a l a r m e d , s a d M r v B o r d i n a . " W e l l m a n a g e v e r y w e l l w i t h o u d o c t o r .

F m . e s l a e r P r i c e s s M a r y f r o m h e r r o o m h e a r d s o m e t h i n g h e a v y b e i n g c a r n e d b y s l o o k e d o u t . T h e m e n s e r v a n t s w e r e c a r r y t h l a r g e l e a t h e r s o f a f r o m P r i c e A n d r e w t u d t o t h b e d r o o m . O n t h i r f c e s w a s q u e t d s o l e m l o o k .

P r i c e s s M a r y s a a l i n h e r r o o m l i s t e n i n g h s o u n d t h h u s e , n o w d t h e n o p e n e r d o o w h e n s o m e o n p a s s e d a n d w a t c h w h a t w a g o i n t h e p a s s a g e . S o m e w o m e n p a s s i n g w i t h q u i e t t e p s n n d o u t t h b e d r o o m g l a n c e d t h e p r i n c e s n d u r n e d w a . S h d d n o t e n t u r t o k n q u e s t i o n n d s h t h d o o r g a n o w t u d w h e r e a s y c h a i r n o w t a k i n g h e r p r a e r b o k n o w k e e l n g b e f r e t h e t o t a d . T o h e r u p r i s e n d d i s t r e s s s h f o u d t h a t h e r p r a e r s d i d n o t c a l m h e r e x c i t e m e n t . S u d d e n l y h e r d o o r p e n e d w i l l y d h e r o d u r s e . P r a s k o v y a S a i s h n a , w h o h a r d l y e v e r c a m e t o t h a t

room the old pri ce had f b d d e n t a p p e a r e d n t h e t h r e s h o l d w i t h a h a w l r o u n d h h e a d .

h M i s h a s a d

angel h e s a d w a t a b .
Oh, nurse, I m s o g l d
G o d i s m e r c i f u l b r d e .

The nurse l t t h e r i t c a d l e s b e f o r e t h e i c o n s n d s a t d w n b t l e d o o w i t h h e r k n t u n P r i c e s s M a r y t o o k b o o k a n d b e g a n r e a d . O n l y w h e n f o o t s t e p s o r v o c e s w e r e h e a r d d i d t h e y l o o k t o o n e a n o t h e r t h e p r i n c e s s n x i o u s n d q u i r t h e n u r s e e n c o u r a g i n g E v e r y o n e i n t h e h o u s e w a s d o m n e d b y t h s a m f e e l t h a t P r i c e s s M r y e x p e r i e n c e d s h s a t i n h e r r o o m . B u t o w i n g t o t h e u p e r s t u u n t h a t t h e f e w e r t h e p e o p l e w h o k n o w o f t h l e s s w o m a n i n t r a v a i l s u f f e r s , e v e r y o n e t r i e d t o p r e t e n d n o t t o k n w n o o e s p o k e o f t , b u t p a r t f r o m t h e o r d r y t a d d r e s p e c t f u l g o o d m a n n e r s h a b t u a l i n t h p r i n c e h u s e h l d c o m m o n n x i e t y a s o f t n g o f t h l e a r t , n d c o n s c i o u s e s s t h a t s o m e t h i n g g r e a t a d m y s t e r i o u s w a s b e i n c o m p l e t e d t h a t m o m e n t m a d e i t s e l f f e l t .

There was no l u e t h e r n t h m a i d l a r g e h a l l i n t h e m s e r v a n t s h a l l l l s a t w a t u g . s i l e n t a d a l e r t . I t h e o u t l i n s e r f s q u a e r s t r e s h e n d c a n d l e s w e r e b u r n n o d n o o e l e p t . T h e o l d p r i c e , t e p p g o n h i s h e e l s , p c e d u p d d o w n h i s t u d y n d s e n t T i k h o t o k M r y B o r d a n n a w h a t n e w s . — " S a y l y t h a t t h p r i n c e t o d m t o a s k , a n d c o m a n d t e l l m h e r n s w e r .

I f i n t h p r i c e t h a t l a b o r h a s b e g u n , s a d M a r y B o r d a n n a i n v i n g t h e m e s s e n g e r a s i m s c a n t l o o k .

T i k h o n w e n t n d t l d t h e p r i n c e .

" V e r y g o o d , s a d t h p r i n c e c l o s i n g t h d o o r b e h i n d h i m , n d T i k h o n d i d n o t h e a r t h e l i g h t e s t s o u n d f r o m t h r u d y f l e t h a t .

A f t e r w h i l e h r e e t e r e d t a s i f t o n u f f t h c a n d l e s , a n d , s e e n t h p r i n c e w a s l y i n o n t h s o f a , l o o k e d t h i m , n o t i c e d h i s p e r t u r b e d f a c e b o o k h u h e a d , a n d g o u p t o h i m . T e n t l y k i s s e d h i m o n t h e h o u l d e r a n d l e f t t h e r o o m w t h o u t n u f f i n t h c a n d l e s o r s a v i n g w h y h h a d e n e r e d . T h m o s t s o l e m n m y s t e r y n t h w o l d c o u n u e d t s c o u r s e . E e m p a s s e d , n h c a m e , a n d t h f e e l g o f s u s p e n s e a n d s o l e n n e o f h e a r t i n t h p r e s e n c e o f t h u n f t h o m a b d d r o t l e s s e n b u t i n c r e a s e d . N o o l e p t .

Scoundrels! Blackguards shrieked the old man turning his face away from her. Destroying the army destroying the men! And why? Go go and tell Lise.

The princess sank helplessly into an arm chair beside her father and wept. She saw her brother now as he had been at the moment when he took leave of her and of Lise, his look tender yet proud. She saw him tender and amused as he was when he put on the little icon. Did he believe? Had he repented of his unbelief? Was he now there? There in the realms of eternal peace and blessedness? she thought.

Father tell me how it happened she asked through her tears.

God! God! killed in battle where the best of Russian men and Russia's glory were led to destruction. Go! Princess Mary. Go and tell Lise. I will follow.

When Princess Mary returned from her father the little princess sat working and looked up with that curious expression of inner happy calm peculiar to pregnant women. It was evident that her eyes did not see Princess Mary but were looking within into herself at something joyful and mysterious taking place within her.

Mary she said moving away from the embroidery frame and lying back gave me your hand. She took her sister-in-law's hand and held it close to her face.

Here yes! Here smiling expectantly her downy lip rose and remained lifted in childlike happiness.

Princess Mary knelt down before her and hid her face in the folds of her sister-in-law's dress.

There there! Do you feel it? I feel so strange. And do you know, Mary, I am going to love him very much, said Lise looking with bright and happy eyes at her sister-in-law.

Princess Mary could not lift her head she was weeping.

What is the matter, Mary?

Nothing, only I feel sad, sad about Andrew, she said wiping away her tears on her sister-in-law's knee.

Several times in the course of the morning Princess Mary began trying to prepare her sister-in-law and every time began to cry. Unobserved as was the little princess these tears the cause of which she did not understand agitated her. She said nothing, but looked about uneasily as if in search of something. Before dinner the old prince of whom she was

always afraid came into her room with a peculiarly restless and malignant expression and went out again without saying a word. She looked at Princess Mary then sat thinking for a while with that expression of attention to something within her that is only seen in pregnant women and suddenly began to cry.

Has anything come from Andrew? she asked.

No, you know it is too soon for news. But my father is anxious and I feel afraid.

So there is nothing?

Nothing answered Princess Mary looking firmly with her radiant eyes at her sister-in-law.

She had determined not to tell her and persuaded her father to hide the terrible news from her till after her confinement which was expected within a few days. Princess Mary and the old prince each bore and hid their grief in their own way. The old prince would not cherish any hope, he made up his mind that Prince Andrew had been killed and though he sent an official to Austria to seek for traces of his son he ordered a monument from Moscow which he intended to erect in his own garden to his memory and he told everybody that his son had been killed. He tried not to change his former way of life but his strength failed him. He walked less, ate less, slept less and became weaker every day. Princess Mary hoped. She prayed for her brother as living and was always awaiting news of his return.

CHAPTER VIII

DEAREST said the little princess after breakfast on the morning of the nineteenth of March and her downy little lip rose from old habit but as sorrow was manifest in every smile the sound of every word and even every footstep in that house since the terrible news had come so now the smile of the little princess—influenced by the general mood though without knowing its cause—was such as to remind one

with me.

What is the matter with you, my darling? You look pale. Oh, you are very pale! said Princess Mary in alarm running with her swift ponderous steps up to her sister-in-law.

Your excellency! said I not Mary Bogdanova be sent for? said one of the maids who was present. (Mary Bogdanova was a maid from the kitchen.)

It was one of those March nights when winter seems to wish to resume its sway and scatter its last snows and storms with desperate fury. A relay of horses had been sent up the highroad to meet the German doctor from Moscow who was expected every moment and men on horseback with lanterns were sent to the crossroads to guide him over the country road with its hollows and snow covered pools of water.

Princess Mary had long since put aside her book, she sat silent, her luminous eyes fixed on her nurse's wrinkled face (every line of which she knew so well) on the lock of gray hair that escaped from under the kerchief and the loose skin that hung under her chin.

Nurse Sávischna, knitting in hand, was telling in low tones, scarcely hearing or understanding her own words, what she had told hundreds of times before, how the late princess had given birth to Princess Mary in Kashency with only a Moldavian peasant woman to help instead of a midwife.

God is merciful, doctors are never needed, she said.

Suddenly a gust of wind beat violently against the casement of the window, from which the double frame had been removed (by order of the prince, one window frame was removed in each room as soon as the larks returned).

shuddered, her nurse, putting down the stocking she was knitting, went to the window and

the doctor.

Oh, my God! thank God! said Princess Mary. I must go and meet him, he does not know Russian.

Princess Mary threw a shawl over her head and ran to meet the newcomer. As she was crossing the anteroom she saw through the window a carriage with lanterns standing at the entrance. She went out on the stairs. On a

holding another candle still lower beyond the turn of the staircase, one could hear the footstep of someone in thick felt boots and a

voice that seemed familiar to Princess Mary was saying something.

Thank God! said the voice. And Father? Gone to bed, replied the voice of Demyan, the house steward, who was downstairs.

Then the voice said something more. Demyan replied, and the steps in the felt boots approached the unseen bend of the staircase more rapidly.

It's Andrew! thought Princess Mary. No, it can't be, that would be too extraordinary, and at the very moment she thought this, the face and figure of Prince Andrew in a fur cloak, the deep collar of which was covered with snow, appeared on the landing where the footman stood with the candle. Yes, it was he, pale

You did not get my letter? he asked, and not waiting for a reply—which he would not have received for the princess was unable to speak—he turned back, rapidly mounted the stairs again with the doctor, who had entered the hall after him (they had met at the last

went to the little princess apartment.

CHAPTER IX

THE LITTLE PRINCESS lay supported by pillows, with a white cap on her head (the pains had just left her). Strands of her black hair lay round her inflamed and perspiring cheeks, her charming rosy mouth with its downy lip was open and she was smiling joyfully. Prince Andrew entered and paused facing her at the foot of the sofa on which she was lying. Her glittering eyes, filled with childlike fear and excitement, rested on him without changing their expression. I love you all and have done no harm to anyone, why must I suffer so? Help

She looked at him inquiringly and with childlike reproach.

I expected help from you and I get none, none from you either! said her eyes. She was not surprised at his having come, she did not realize that he had come. His coming! I nothing to do with her sufferings or with the rest

bel The p^{ers} began ga n nd Mary Bogdá
no na ad used Prince Andrew to lea e the
oom.

Th doctor e tered. Prince Andrew went
o t d, meeting Prin ess Mary ga n j ined
her They began talkin n whusp rs but th ir
talk broke off t every m ment. They waited
d l tened.

Go dear sa d Pri cess Mary

Pri ce A drew went a to h w f d
sat aut g the room next to hers A w man
w h in ht ed f ce

Pr ce A drew got up we t t u uoou u d

He began p c g the room. The crea g
ceased, d few m re seconds went by Th n

fa z

"What ha they taken a baby n there fo ?
tho ht Pri ce And ew th first econd. A
bab ? What b by ? Why is there a b by
ther ? O the baby born?"

Th dd ly he real ed the joyful gnuf
ica f that wail tears ch ked h m a d
lea his elbow n th w ndow sill be began
to cry sobb g l k chuld. Th door opened.
Th docto w th his hurt l eyes tu ked p
w th t coat, p l d w th t embl g j w
came f th oom. Princ A drew turned
to h m, b t the docto ga h m bewildered
look d p sed by w th t w d. A w man
rushed t d see g Pr A drew t pped
fes tat th thresh ld. H w nt to his
w les oom. She was ly g dead, n th sam
posuo h had ce her n fi m utes be
lo d, desp te th fi ed eyes nd th p ll
f th cheeks the s m expres was o her
harm g ch ldl ke f ce w th us upper l p co
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Il y all d ha e d e no harm to
d what ha e y d t m ? —
sa d her charm g p thiet c, dead fa

I a corner f th oom som th g red nd
u ga gru t d sq ealed Mary Bor
dina trembl g wh t hands.

Two ho rs later Pri ce Andrew stepp

softly went to h s father's room The old
man al eady knew everything He was stand
l et the door nd s soon as t pened

I ke a u.

Threedays l ter the l tle pr ncess was bu ed
nd Pr ce Andrew went up the steps t w l re
the coffin tood, to g e her the f rewell k s
And there n the coffin was the same f ce
tho gh w th closed eyes Ah what ha e y u
d e to me? it st ll eemed to say and Prince
Andrew f lt that somethu g ga e way in l s

the ther on her b east and to l u oou j j
face seem d t say Ah what ha e you done
to me nd why? And t the ght the old man
turned ngrily aw y

An ther fi days p sed, nd then they ou g
Prince N ch las Andrév ch was b pt ed. The
wet nurse upported the co erlet with her ch n
wh le the priest w th goose leather n nted
th boy l tle red nd wr kled soles a d
p lms.

uff her t em

Pr ce And ew sat n n ther room fa nt w th

th b bys ha r had not u k in the font but
had flo ted.

CHAPTER X

ROSTO HARE Dólokho duel w th Be

u —

t nd l nd old M ry I á o wh had
gr wn f nd f Rostó f hus fr dsh p to her

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God is merciful, doctors are never needed, she said.

Suddenly a gust of wind beat violently against the casement of the window from which the double frame had been removed (by order of the prince, one window frame was removed in each room as soon as the larks returned).

Shuddered her nurse, putting down the stocking she was knitting, went to the window and leaning out tried to catch the open casement. The cold wind flapped the ends of her kerchief and her loose locks of gray hair.

Princess, my dear, there's someone driving up the avenue! she said, holding the casement and not closing it. With lanterns. Most likely the doctor.

Oh my God! thank God! said Princess Mary. I must go and meet him. He does not know Russian.

Princess Mary threw a shawl over her head and ran to meet the newcomer. As she was crossing the anteroom she saw through the window a carriage with lanterns standing at the door.

Philip the footman stood looking scared and holding another candle still lower beyond the turn of the staircase one could hear the footstep of someone in thick felt boots and a

voice that seemed familiar to Princess Mary was saying something.

Thank God! said the voice. And Father? Gone to bed, replied the voice of Demyan, the house steward who was downstairs.

Then the voice said something more. Demyan replied and the steps in the felt boots approached the unseen bend of the staircase more rapidly.

It's Andrew! thought Princess Mary. No, it can't be, that would be too extraordinary and at the very moment she thought this the face and figure of Prince Andrew in a fur cloak the deep collar of which was covered with snow appeared on the landing where the footman stood with the candle. Yes, it was he, pale thin with a changed and strangely softened but agitated expression on his face. He came up the stairs and embraced his sister.

You did not get my letter? he asked and not waiting for a reply—which he would not have received for the princess was unable to speak—he turned back rapidly mounted the stairs again with the doctor who had entered the hall after him (they had met at the last

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She looked at him inquiringly and with childlike reproach.

I expected help from you and I get none none from you either! said her eyes. She was not

h L The p gs began ga n and M ry Bowd
nova drived Pri ce Andrew to le e the
room.

The doct entered. Pri ce Andrew went
ta d meet n Pri cess M ry a joined
her They began talk n n whi pers, but th r
talk broke ff t every moment. They wa ted
a d l tened.

Go dex sa d Pri cess M ry

Pri ce Andrew went a n t h s w le and
sat au in th room next t hers. A woman
came from the bedroom w th a frightened f ce
and becam co fused when he saw Pri ce An
drew He co ed h l c with h hands a d
rema ed so f r some m utes. P teous, help-
less, a smal moans came thro h the doo
Pri A drew got up we t t the doo a d

Someo c was h ld g t but.

fi t

"What ha they taken b by n there f ?
tho h Pri A drew n the first seco d. A
baby Wha b by ? Why is there baby
there O the baby born

Th suddenly h realized th joyful an f
wa f th wail tears choked h m d
lea g his lbow th w d w ll be be an
cry sobb lke ch ld. The doo ope ed.
Th doct w th his hurt sleeves tu ked p
witho coat, pal nd w th trembl g j w
cam f th room. Princ A drew rned
to h m b h doct ga h m a bewildered
look d p sed by w th t word. A woman
rushed d see ng Pri Andrew t pped.
hes ta th thresh ld. H went o his
wil room. Sh was l g dead, n the sam
pri n h had een her n fi m utes be
f re d desp t the fixed eyes d the p ll r
f th cheeks, th sam express was her
charm childlik f with is upper l p co
ered w th tu y bla k hair

ll all d ha d n harm to
vo d what ha you don me?"—
sa d her ch rou p th t c dead f e
l corner f th room som th g red d
u ga grun d squealed. M ry Bow
dan trembl g whi ha ds.

Two h urs l t Pri A drew t pp n

solit went to l s father room. The old
man al eady knew e erth He w s stand
in close to the doo d a soon as t pened
h rou f of farm losed lke serm ll
son eck d w thout word he began to b
l l e a d ld.

Threeda l teth l ttle prince w a l ur ed
and Pri e Andrew went up the steps t where
th coff tood, to g e her the f ce ll k u
And there n the coff n wa the me face
tho h w th losed eyes. Ah what ha e you
done t m ? t t ll eemed to say and Pri e
Andrew felt il t someth n ga w v l h
soul and that he was gu lty of n he c uld
ne ther remedy r l get. He could not weep
The old man too cam p d k sed the w
n l ttle ha d th t l y qu etly crossed on
th other on her b ea t and to h r, too her
f e seemed t say Ah what have u d e
t me and wh And at the ght the old man
turned gaily way

g
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n

Another fi e days passed, and then the you
Pri ce N hol s Andree ch was bapt ed. The
w t nurses pported the co etle w l her ch
wh le the priest w th gove leather no ted
the boy l ttle ed d wr kled soles d
p lms.

H gra d f ther who wash godf ther trem
bl g nd fra d l dropp h m carr ed the
s l t round the battered t a f t nd ha ded
h m o er t the godmother Pri ces M ry
Pri ce A drew sat nother room, f nt w th
lea lest the baby hould be drowned the
f t, and wa tel th term n tion of the
em n He looked up pos ll at the baby w l n
the nurse bro fit t to h m nd noded p
pro al wh n h t ld h m that the wa w th
the baby ha had not sunk in the font but
had floated.

CHAPTER V

—

the est f the f m ly b t wa kept it u
n Moscow by his ew dut es. Dól kbo eco
red d Ros ó became ery friendly w th
h m dur his con alescen e Dól k h f ll
t hism ther who lo ed l m pass nat ly d
tenderl d ld M ry l d n who had
grown f nd f Rosó f his friend h p to her

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Suddenly a gust of wind beat violently against the casement of the window from which the double frame had been removed (by order of the prince, one window frame was removed in each room as soon as the larks returned) and forcing open a loosely closed latch set the damask curtain flapping and blew out the candle with its chill, snowy draft. Princess Mary shuddered, her nurse putting down the stocking she was knitting, went to the window and

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"You did not get my letter?" he asked, and not waiting for a reply—which he would not have received for the princess was unable to speak—he turned back, rapidly mounted the stairs again with the doctor who had entered the hall after him (they had met at the last post station) and again embraced his sister.

What a strange fate, Masha, darling! And having taken off his cloak and felt boots he went to the little princess's apartment.

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Philip the footman stood looking tired and holding another candle. Still lower beyond the turn of the staircase, one could hear the footstep of someone in thick felt boots, and a

Fédya often talked to him about her son

Yes Count she would say he is too noble and pure souled for our present depraved world No one now loves virtue it seems like a reproach to everyone Now tell me Count was it right as it honorable of Bezukhov? And Fédya with his noble spirit loved him and even now never says a word against him Those pranks in Petersburg when they played some tricks on a policeman didn't they do it together? And there! Bezukhov got off scot free while Fédya had to bear the whole burden on his shoulders Fancy what he had to go through! It's true he has been reinstated but how could they fail to do that? I think there were not many such gallant sons of the father and out there as he And now—this duell Have these people no feeling or honor? Knowing him to be an only son to challenge him and shoot so straight! It's well God had mercy on us And what was it for? Who doesn't have intrigues nowadays? Why if he was so jealous as I see things he should have shown it sooner but he lets it go on for months And then to call him out reckoning on Fédya not fighting because he owed him money! What baseness! What meanness! I know you understand I did ya my dear count that believe me is why I am so fond of you Few people do understand him He is such a lofty heavenly soul!

Dolokhov himself during his convalescence spoke to Rostov in a way no one would have expected of him

I know people consider me a bad man! he said Let them! I don't care a straw about any

an adored a priceless mother and two or three friends—you among them—and as for the rest I only care about them in so far as they are harmful or useful And most of them are harmful especially the women Yes dear boy he continued I have met loving noble high minded men but I have not yet met any women—countesses or cooks—who were not venal I have not yet met that divine purity and devotion I look for in women If I found such a one

hope to meet such a divine creature who will regenerate purify and elevate me But you don't understand it

Oh yes I quite understand answered Rostov who was under his new friend's influence

In the autumn the Rostovs returned to Moscow Early in the winter Denisov also came back and stayed with them The first half of the winter of 1806 which Nicholas Rostov spent in Moscow was one of the happiest merriest times for him and the whole family Nicholas brought many young men to his parents' house Vera was a handsome girl of twenty

girlishly enchanting

At that time in the Rostovs' house there prevailed an amorous atmosphere characteristic

him and hearing the fitful bursts of song and music and the inconsequent but friendly prattle of young girls ready for anything and full of hope—experienced the same feeling sharing with the young folk of the Rostovs' house hold a readiness to fall in love and an expectation of happiness

Among the young men introduced by Rostov one of the first was Dolokhov whom everyone in the house liked except Natasha She always quarreled with her brother about him She insisted that he was a bad man and that in the duel with Bezukhov Pierre was right and Dolokhov wrong and further that he was disagreeable and unnatural

There's nothing for me to understand she cried out with resolute self will he is wicked and heartless There now I like your Denisov though he is a rake and all that still I like him so you see I do understand I don't know how to put it with this one everything is calculated and I don't like that But Denisov

Oh Denisov is quite different replied Nicholas implying that even Denisov was nothing compared to Dolokhov—you must understand what a soul there is in Dolokhov you should see him with his mother What a cart!

Well I don't know about that but I am

I am certain of it you'll see

Natasha's prediction proved true Dolokhov who did not usually care for the society of ladies began to come often to the house and the question for a while as to the one (though no one spoke of it) was soon settled He came be-

cause of Sô y. A d Sô ya th i g l shew uld
ner rha ed e l t say s o k w i t a n l b l u e d
s a l e e c r y t m e D l k h v a p p e e d.
1 1 1 R o s t o v n e r

Nicholas, having just exhausted two pairs of horses with turning all the plots in the garden, and where he had been in the morning, he felt tired.

It's looks

rel t with So ya b t l d d t p l t
h m s e l f h a t t h e s e e w l t s w e r e T h e y e
l v s l e w t h s o m e o e h e t l g h t
f S o y d N t a h B t l w a t h
t e s e t h S o y a d D l k h b e l d
l e s s f r e q u e n t l y t h m e
l t h i m f S o f e v r y b o d y l d g a n
b e g u t a l k g l t h e w w t h N p o l e o w t h
e g r e a t e r w r m t h t h e y t b e l e O r
d n s e r e g e t r a s e r e c r u i t n m e i n
e v e r y t h u s d f t h r e g u l a r m y t b e
d e s t h m n e e r y t l s a d f t l e
m l t i a E e r y w h e r B o p t e w s t l
t e d d i M o s e w t l g h t a l e m g
a r t l k d f F t h e R o s t f m l y d e
h o l t e r e s t f t h e s p e p r a t n t w
l y t h f t h a t N h l w l d n t h f

Those present Sinyā Dīkṣī and coll
eagues were especially disturbed and to a
lesser degree Nāhaṇḍī understood that
something must have happened between Sa
yā and Dīkṣī before their next meeting
which sent them neutral to him was try
ing to deal with them both together. On
the same evening there was a meeting
in the tiled chamber (gacāl) of
the palace garden.

m d! sa d De Iso who at the Rest/ nal

held the quest when it was that
old the been

Perhap e lly d grly reqld Ik
l kl gl e g t s yz a d se w l g l
ga e N lol j t u h look l e l d g v n
l e r at the Cl l l e r

There is a meeting place for the people of the North

CHAPTER VI

O THE TH AD ster Ch tma N cl l
d ed th m th gh h d ly d f
l C Itw gra d f rew l l d n l e d
D iso w l g t j th eg ne t
after Ep pl Abo t twe ty p ple w e
p es t l d Dól kh d D so
A had l e been so mu l the d
h d th m tmosph m d ts ll
so gly f l t th R ó l us t l
h l d y t m S sz th m m t f h pp
l d bel d l T t l nly eal ty
in the ld l l el f lly It h t l
e ested he d th p t f
th pl

h r w h t w t h e n t t e r

A di was look g f r you sa d N tá t
 ru goutol m l t ldy u b tyu w ld
 t b f e e t s l e s a d t r u m p h a t l y l l e l
 proposed t S ó y a

Little's new hit occupied himself with
Soj the little something seemed to grow
with him the new Delki was t
able d some esp us brill t tifr
died w les oplng l f mte po t w
w fte ld o t d of soc ty t w
t f the q est fr hrt efuse hn And

b t b f e l e l d t m e i s a y t N t h l a b e g a n
g a n
D e n i s o

And fancy! she refused him quite definitely adding after a pause she told him she loved another

Yes my Sónya could not have done other wise! thought Nicholas

Much as Mamma pressed her she refused and I know she won't change once she has said

And Mamma pressed her! said Nicholas reproachfully

Yes said Natásha Do you know Nicholas—don't be angry—but I know you will not marry her I know heaven knows how but I know for certain that you won't marry her

Now you don't know that at all! said Nicholas But I must talk to her What a darling Sonya is! he added with a smile

Ah she is indeed a darling! I'll send her to you

And Natásha kissed her brother and ran away

A minute later Sónya came in with a frightened guilty and scared look Nicholas went up to her and kissed her hand This was the first time since his return that they had talked alone and about their love

Sophie he began timidly at first and then more and more boldly if you wish to refuse one who is not only a brilliant and advantageous match but a splendid noble fellow he is my friend

Sónya interrupted him

I have already refused she said hurriedly If you are refusing for my sake I am afraid that I

Sónya again interrupted She gave him an imploring frightened look

Nicholas don't tell me that! she said

No but I must It may be arrogant of me but still it is best to say it If you refuse him on my account I must tell you the whole truth I love you and I think I love you more than anyone else

That is enough for me said Sonya blushing

No but I have been in love a thousand times and shall fall in love again though for no one have I such a feeling of friendship as for you

I make D'loks articulating his friend's name with difficulty

Don't say that to me I want nothing I love you as always shall and I want nothing more

You are an angel I am not worthy of you but I am afraid of misleading you And Nicholas again kissed her hand

CHAPTER VII

JOELS WERE the most enjoyable balls in Moscow So said the mothers as they watched their young people executing their newly learned steps and so said the youths and maidens themselves as they danced till they were ready to drop and so said the grown up young men and women who came to these balls with an air of condescension and found them most enjoyable That year two marriages had come of these balls The two pretty young Princesses Crachakov met suitors there and were married and so further increased the fame of these dances What distinguished them from others was the absence of host or hostess and the presence of the good natured Angel flying about like a feather and bowing according to the rules of his art as he collected the tickets from all his visitors There was the fact that only those came who wished to dance and

scarcely were they all were seemed to be pretty—so rapturous were their smiles and so sparkling their eyes Sometimes the best of the pupils of whom Natásha who was exceptionally graceful was first even danced the *pas de cloile* but at this last ball only the *écos saise* the *anglaise* and the *mazurka* which was just coming into fashion were danced Joel had taken a ballroom in Bezukhov's house and the ball as everyone said was a great success There were many pretty girls and the Rostov girls were among the prettiest They were both particularly happy and

could hardly get her hair plaited and she was transparently radiant with impulsive joy

Natásha no less proud of her first long dress and of being at a real ball was even happier They were both dressed in white muslin with pink ribbons

Natásha fell in love the very moment she entered the ballroom She was not in love with anyone in particular but with everyone Whatever person she happened to look at she was in love with for that moment

Oh how delightful it is she kept saying Oh how up to Sónya

Nicholas and Denisov were walking up and

down look g w th k ndly p tron ge at the dancers.

Hi sweet she is—she w ll be a weal beauty sa d De iso

"Who?

Co less N tasha, an wered Deniso

A d how shi da cest What gwacel hies d ga lter a p use.

"Who re y u talk gabo t?

Abo ty s ter j culated De iso tes-

tly

Roto m led.

"My dear co t you were o e f my best pupils—no muss da ce sa d ttle logeloom g p t h las. Look h w m y charming y lad es— He turned w th the sam requ est De iso who was iso f rm p pl hus.

"m dea fell w I'll be wallf wer sa d D so Do t y wec llect what b d use I mad f your lesson.

Oh no! sa d logel, ha ten g t reassure him. "I were ly tt t e b t you had tal t—oh yes, yo had tale t!

The b d stur k up the ewly trod ed maru ka. N cholas co ld n t refuse lovel d asked So vas da ce. De iso sat down by the

her d beat

N l ol saw that De iso wast sus n tho tgl he m led d l l tedly He ran up to them.

Please V ili Dmitriel N tasha w s say ing f com f

Oh n let me off Countess" Deniso re n ed.

td ha

Oh the f wy She ca do anyth ng w tl me! sa d Deniso d he unhooked h sabre He came o t from beh d the cha ra, l ped h p rnter sh nd firmly threw ba k h head nd d a ced his foot, wa ting for the beat. O ly h rise back and n tl maru ka wa Deniso s short tat ren t n t ealle d le looked the f e fell w l felt h mself to be At the r ght beat of the mus c he looked sideways t h s p rnter w th a merry a d triumphant a r suddenly st mped w th o e foot, bou ded from the floor l ke b ll nd flew rou d th room tak h partner w th h m. He gl led gently on o foot h lf across th room a d seem g t to n t e tle ha r wa d h g

red

red

dly

f s

ha

hall th N tasha wh th gh hy w t on caref lly executi g her t ps. De iso d d n t take his eyes ff her d beat t m w th his sabre in w y that clea ly d cated that f he was t da g t was becaus he w ld n t and t becaus h ld t. f th muddle f foure h beck ed t Roto who w passing.

"Th t tall th thi g hies d. What sort f P l h mazuwk is h? B t he does da e pl didly

h n g that D iso had reputat n even P la d f th ma erly way wh ch h da ced th maru ka N ch las ra up t N tasha

Go d hoose D iso H l da cer d l h said.

Wh t cam t N tasha turn to choose partner h ose nd, tripp g rap dly cross in her litle hoec t mmed w th bow ra t m idly to th rner where Den so t. Sh saw that everybody was looking her d wa g

f rward that t ceemed s f l wo ld ru h

d d t cogn el m.

"What does this mea ? the bro ght ut.

Altho h logel d d n t k wledge d to be th real ma u ka everyo e was d lghted w th D niso sk ll l was asked ga n a d ga a partner d the old men bega sm l gly t talk bout P l d d the good old days. De iso flushed fer the maru ka a d m pp g huns ll w th his ha dkerchi f t

And fancy! she refused him quite definitely! adding after a pause she told him she loved another

Yes my Sonya could not have done other wise! thought Nicholas

Much as Mamma pressed her she refused and I know she won't change once she has said

And Mamma pressed her! said Nicholas reproachfully

Yes said Natásha Do you know Nicholas—don't be angry—but I know you will not marry her I know heaven knows how but I know for certain that you won't marry her

Now you don't know that at all! said Nicholas Put I must talk to her What a darling Sonya is! he added with a smile

Ah, she is indeed a darling! I'll send her to you

And Natásha kissed her brother and ran away

A minute later Sonya came in with a frightened guilty and scared look Nicholas went up to her and kissed her hand This was the first time since his return that they had talked alone and about their love

Sophie he began timidly at first and then more and more boldly if you wish to refuse one who is not only a brilliant and advantageous match but a splendid noble fellow he is my friend

Sonyá interrupted him

I have already refused she said hurriedly

If you are refusing for my sake I am afraid that I

Sonyá again interrupted She gave him an imploring frightened look

Nicholas don't tell me that! she said

No but I must It may be arrogant of me but still it is best to say it If you refuse him on my account I must tell you the whole truth I love you and I think I love you more than anyone else

That is enough for me said Sonyá blushing

No but I have been in love a thousand times and shall fall in love again though for no one have I such a feeling of friendship confidence and love as I have for you That is all

I'm

Dó!

fric

Don't say that to me I want nothing I love you as a brother and always shall and I want nothing more

You are not worthy of me I am not worthy of you, but I am afraid of misleading you

And Nicholas again kissed her hand.

CHAPTER VII

TOGETHER were the most enjoyable balls in Moscow So said the mothers as they watched their young people executing their newly learned steps and so said the youths and maidens themselves as they danced till they were ready to drop and so said the grown-up young men and women who came to these balls with an air of condescension and found them most enjoyable That year two marriages had come of these balls The two pretty young Princesses Críshakóv met suitors there and were married and so further increased the fame of these dances What distinguished them from others was the absence of host or hostess and the presence of the good-natured Isogel flying about like a feather and boxing according to the rules of his art as he collected the tickets from all his visitors There was the fact that only those came who wished to dance and that

selection they all were or seemed to be pretty—so rapturous were their smiles and so sparkling their eyes Sometimes the best of the pupils of whom Natásha was exceptionally graceful was first even danced the *pas de chaise* but at this first ball only the *decois* the *anglaise* and the *mazurka* which was just coming into fashion were danced Isogel had taken a ballroom in Bezukhov's house and the ball as everyone said was a great success There were many pretty girls and the Rostov girls were among the prettiest They were both particularly happy and

left home so that the maid could hardly get her hair plaited and she was transparently radiant with joy

Natásha no less proud of her first long dress and of being at a real ball as even happier They were both dressed in white muslin with pink ribbons

Natásha fell in love the very moment she entered the ballroom She was not in love with anyone in particular but at the moment whatever person she happened to look at she was in love with for that moment

Oh how delightful!

him have till Monday and asked him to be more economical this time. Nicholas had replied that it would be more than enough for him and that he gave the word of honor not to take any more till the previous week only twelve

which he had reckoned up to ten thousand but that now she was surely supposed must have sent to fifteen thousand. I really it all ready exceeded twenty thousand rubles. Dolokho was no longer listening to her to tell them, but followed every movement of Rostov's hand and occasionally ran his eyes over the score again. He had decided to play until that score reached fifty thousand. He had fixed on that number because if it three was the sum of the hand and Sonja's stakes. Rostov, leaning his head on both hands, sat at the table which was scrawled over with figures wet with spilled wine and littered with cards. Once the moment impressed did not let him that those broad-boned reddish hands with hairy wrists visible from under the sleeves, those hands which he loved and hated held him in the power.

"Shu ued rubles, ace corner and a few more than that is impossible. Oh, how pleasant was that. The known and able o qu is it can't be. And why should not that to me Rostov poured. Sometimes I took time um but Dolokho refused to himself. He held

waited with his heart the moment of Dolokho's hand. Those broad reddish hands, the hairy wrists visible from under the sleeves, laid down the pack and took the glass of poppe that were handed him.

"So you are not afraid to play with me repeated Dolokho and as if he told good news, he patted him on the cheek, leaved him his chair and bera del bera ly with smile.

"Yes, gentlemen I been told there's no more gain to be in Moscow but I'm sharper so I use our best card.

Com now deal exclaimed Rostov

Oh those Moscow gossips said Dolokho and he took the cards with him.

A Rostov almost screamed in his hands to his head. The seven he needed was lying in the pack, the first card in the pack. He had lost more than he could pay.

"Don't do it ruin yourself said Dolokho with a glance at Rostov as he continued to deal.

the card that came first to hand in the supplied heap under the table would save him.

what was passing in his mind.

He knew of course what this loss meant to me. He said that was my ruin. Wasn't he my

came to the table with the thought of winning hundred rubles to buy that casket for Marina. Marina day then go home I was so

CHAPTER XIV

A few days later most of the players were but little interested in the own play.

The hotel where they were concentrated in Rostov I heard of a few hundred rubles he had lost in a column of figures scored on a notepad.

down by Natasha and did not leave her for the rest of the evening

CHAPTER XIII

FOR TWO DAYS after that Rostov did not see Dolokhov at his own or at Dolokhov's home on the third day he received a note from him

As I do not intend to be at your house again for reasons you know of and am going to rejoin my regiment I am giving a farewell supper tonight to my friends—come to the English Hotel

About ten o'clock Rostov went to the English Hotel straight from the theater where he had been with his family and Denisov. He was at once shown to the best room where

Two candles on the table were a pile of gold and paper money and he was keeping the bank. Rostov had not seen him since his proposal and Senya's refusal and felt uncomfortable at the thought of how they would meet

Dolokhov's clear cold glance met Rostov as soon as he entered the door as though he had long expected him

It's a long time since we met, he said. Thanks for coming. I'll just finish dealing and then Ilyushka will come with his chorus

I called once or twice at your house, said Rostov, reddening

Dolokhov made no reply

You may punt, he said

Rostov recalled at that moment

Or are you afraid to play with me? Dolokhov now asked as if guessing Rostov's thought. Beneath his smile Rostov saw in him the mood he had shown at the Club dinner and at other times when as if tired of everyday life he had felt a need to escape from it by some strange and usually cruel action

Rostov felt ill at ease. He tried but failed to find some joke with which to reply to Dolokhov's words. But before he had thought of anything Dolokhov, locking straight in his face, said slowly and deliberately so that everyone could hear

Do you remember we had a talk about cards. He's a fool who trusts to luck; one should make certain, and I want to try

To try his luck or the certainty? Rostov asked himself

Well, you'd better not play, Dolokhov added, and springing a new pack of cards said: Bank, gentlemen!

Moving the money forward he prepared to deal. Rostov sat down by his side and at first did not play. Dolokhov kept glancing at him.

Why don't you play? he asked

And strange to say Nicholas felt that he could not help taking up a card, putting a small stake on it and beginning to play

I have no money with me, he said

I'll trust you

Rostov staked five rubles on a card and lost

that is I

Gent

dealt for our time. I leave place your money on the cards or I may get muddled in the reckoning

One of the players said he hoped he might be trusted

Yes, you might, but I am afraid of getting the accounts mixed. So I ask you to put the money on your cards, replied Dolokhov

Don't stunt yourself; we'll settle afterwards, he added, turning to Rostov

The game continued; a waiter kept handing round champagne

All Rostov's cards were beaten and he had eight hundred rubles scored up against him. He wrote 800 rubles on a card but while the waiter filled his glass he changed his mind and altered it to his usual stake of twenty rubles

Leave it, said Dolokhov, though he did not seem to be even looking at Rostov; you'll win it back all the sooner. I lose to the others but win from you. Or are you afraid of me? he asked again

Rostov submitted. He let the eight hundred remain and laid down a seven of hearts with a torn corner which he had picked up from the floor. He well remembered that seven after cards. He laid down the seven of hearts on which with a broken bit of chalk he had written 800 rubles in clear upright figures. He emptied the glass of warm champagne that was handed him, mused at Dolokhov's words and with a sinking heart, a tingling seven to turn up, gazed at Dolokhov's hands which held the pack. Much depended on Rostov's winning or losing on that seven of hearts. On the previous Sunday the old count had given his son two thousand rubles and though he always disliked speaking of money difficult as he had told Nicholas that it was all he could let

him have till May and asked him to be more economical this time. Nicholas had replied that he would be more than enough for him.

which he had reckoned up to ten thousand but that now as he was allowed must have sent fifteen thousand I really tall ready exceeded twenty thousand rubles. Dolokhov was no longer listening to stories or telling them, but followed every movement of the cards and occasionally ran his eyes

though. Now then make haste and have this card dealt. I'll take my cap and go home to supper with Darya. Nicholas said, "Yes, and will certainly never touch a card again." At that moment he thought of the jokes with Petya, talks with Sonya and even with the

cards.

him that those broad boned Russian hands with hairy wrists, subtle fingers, delicate, leaves those cards with his broad and held him in the power.

"So he used rubles, a few, a corner and won the whole upon the table. Oh, how pleasant was that! Thank a good requiescant be. And why the whole

left, he depressed him if all this happened now, perceived and would mind and played him the depths of unknown and defined misery. That could not be yet he waited that his heart throbbed in the Dolokhov had those broad boned Russian hands with hairy wrists, subtle fingers, delicate, laid down the pack, took up glass and pipe that were handed him.

"So you find play with me? Even I do look down as I bought it all good sort of help and with cards, learned his card and better dealt with him.

"Yes, gentlemen, I been told there run about Moscow that I'm sharper than you be careful.

"Come now deal, exclaimed Rostov.

O those Moscow wags! said Dolokhov, took the cards with him.

As Rostov almost screamed, he gave both hands his head. The seventh card was lying upon the first card, the pack. He had lost more than he could pay.

"So, do ruin yourself, said Dolokhov, glanced at Rostov as he continued to deal.

CHAPTER XX
A few and half a dozen most of the players were but interested in the play. The host, Rostov, was contented. Rostov instead of twelve hundred rubles had won column figures scored against him.

What made the chance? I sat all the time the same place with the table, those placed cards, and watched those broad boned and hands in the same way. When did that hap-

pen and what has happened? I am well and strong and still the same and in the same place. No, it can't be! Surely it will all end in nothing!

He was flushed and bathed in perspiration though the room was not hot. His face was terrible and piteous to see especially from its helpless efforts to seem calm.

The score against him reached the fateful sum of forty-three thousand. Rostov had just prepared a card by bending the corner of which he meant to double the three thousand just put down to his score when Dolokhov slamming down the pack of cards put it aside and began rapidly adding up the total of Rostov's debt, breaking the chalk as he marked the figures in his clear, bold hand.

Supper! it's time for supper! And here are the gypsies!

Some swarthy men and women were really entering from the cold outside and saying something in their gypsy accents. Nicholas understood that it was all over, but he said in an indifferent tone:

Well, won't you go on? I had a splendid card all ready, as if it were the fun of the game which interested him most.

It's all up! I'm lost! thought he. Now a bullet through my brain—that's all that's left me! And at the same time he said in a cheerful voice:

Come now, just this one more little card!

All right! said Dolokhov, having finished the addition. All right! Twenty-one rubles, he said, pointing to the figure twenty-one by which the total exceeded the round sum of forty-three thousand, and taking up a pack he prepared to deal. Rostov submissively unbent the corner of his card and instead of the six thousand he had intended carefully wrote twenty-one.

It's all the same to me, he said. I only want to see whether you will let me win this ten or beat it.

Dolokhov began to deal seriously. Oh, how Rostov detested at that moment those hands with their short reddish fingers and hairy wrists which held him in their power. The ten fell to him.

You owe for the last time, he said. I'll win it.

Yes, I'm tired too, said Rostov.

Dolokhov cut him short as if to remind him that it was not for him to jest.

When am I to receive the money, Count? Rostov flushing, drew Dolokhov into the next room.

I cannot pay it all immediately. Will you take an IOU? he said.

I say, Rostov, said Dolokhov, clearly smiling and looking Nicholas straight in the eyes, you know the saying: Lucky in love, unlucky at cards. Your cousin is in love with you. I know.

Oh, it's terrible to feel oneself so in this man's power, thought Rostov. He knew what a shock he would inflict on his father and mother by the news of this loss, he knew what a relief it would be to escape it all, and felt that Dolokhov knew that he could save him from all this shame and sorrow, but wanted now to play with him as a cat does with a mouse.

Your cousin is in love with you, but

it's not necessary to mention her! he exclaimed fiercely.

Then when am I to have it?

Tomorrow, replied Rostov and left the room.

CHAPTER XX

TO SAY tomorrow and keep up a diffident tone was not difficult, but to go home alone, as it were, was terrible.

At home they had not yet gone to bed. The young people after returning from the theater had had supper and were grouped round the clavichord. As soon as Nicholas entered he was enfolded in that poetic atmosphere of love which pervaded the Rostov household that winter and now after Dolokhov's proposal and Iogel's ball seemed to have grown thicker round Sonya and Natasha. As the air does before a thunderstorm, Sonya and Natasha in the light blue dresses they had worn at the theater looking pretty and conscious of it, were standing by the clavichord, happy and smiling. Vera was playing chess with Shishin in the drawing room. The old countess waiting for the return of her husband and son, sat playing patience with the old gentlewoman who lived in the house, Denisovna, with sparkling eyes and ruffled hair, sat at the clavichord striking chords with his short fingers, his legs thrown back and his eyes rolling as he sang with his small husky but true voice some

enses called Enchantress, wh ch he had com-
posed, and t whu h he wa try ng l fit mus c

E hantr ss say t my forsaken l e
Wh t man power is th ll m t lll
Wh t perk has t my mm t so lon fi
Wh t us th bliss th t makes my fi gers thrill

H us ga n pass n t t es, ga g w th
his pa kl bl k gate eyes t the fr ghte ed
d happy Natasha

"Splendid! Excellen t! ex l med \ t h a
A ther erse she sa d w th t not c
N ch las.

E eryth still th sam with them,
th ht \ h las, gla c t the draw g
room, where he saw \ era a d his mother w th
the ld lady

Ah d here s \ chol s cr ed Natasha
ru pto h m

I Pap t h m ? he ked.

— s d N t h a

\ P p is n t ba k yet, sa d S o ya
\ h las ha e you com ? Come here
dea called th old cou tess from the draw
room.

N ch las we t t her kissed her ha d nd
in d wn le tlv t he tabl began t
ch her ha ds rra g t g th cards. From the
da c room they tll heard the l hter
dmerry es try g t pers de \ ardsha t
in

All w h t All w h t sh ted Deniso
It good mak g excuses wll t your
turn to th ba caw ll — I nt weat you!

Th co tess gla ced thers l tson.

"What is th matt ? he ked.

Oh th u, sad h as fweary of be g
to unually ked th same quest n Wll
P p be b ck soo ?

I pert so.

E eryth th same w th them. They
k w th bo t t Where m l t go?
tho ht N ch l d w nt ga t the
danc room wh e the cl hord stood

S va was t t g t th cl hord, pl y g
th prel d t D lso fa nt b caroll
\ tasha was p pari g to g Den so was
look g ther w th raptu ed eyes.

\ cholas began p c g p d d wn the
room.

"Why do they wa t to m ke h g? H w
ca h g? Ther n th to be h ppy
bo t th ht he.

Sin a truck the first chord of the prelude
My God I m a ru ned and d l n red mant
— h h ly th

gloom ly at Deniso nd the ga t a
the r eyes.

\ kolenka what is the matter? S o n y a
eyes fi ed on l m seemed t k. She not ced t
o ce th t someth had happened t h m.

N holas turned way from l er N t h a tow
w th her qu ck t nct, had t tly not ed
her brothers co d t on B t thou h he no-
t ced t he was l ersell n uch l h p rita at
that m ment so l t from sorrow sad est, or
self reproa h that he purposely dece ed her
sell syo g people l t endo. No l am too h p-
pyn w t po l m y en j yment by sympathy w th
yone s sorrow he f l t, a d he sa d to her
elf No I must be m t k e he mu t be feel
gh ppy just a I am.

Now S o ya he sa d, go to the cry
m ddl of the room, where she con dored the
resona ce wa best.

ll g l l t ed her head and let her arms
droop l l les ly hall t d ncers do N t h a,
rus en rget call from her f eels t her toes,
epped to the m ddle of the room d stood
st ll.

Yes, th t smel h seemed t say a wer g
the rapt ga w th wh ch D lso f ll wed her

A d wh t is she so pleased bo t thou l t
N holas look t l s s ter "Wly unt she
d ll d a harmed

N tasha took th first ote her throat
swelled her chest rose her eyes became ser us.
At that m m t sh wa obl us of her s
ro d ga, d from her m l g l p s f wed
so d wh h yo e may prod ce t t l same
terval dh l f d l samet me b tw ch
lea y u cold th usa d t m e d the th
sa d d first t me thr ll y u a d make you
weep

N tasha that w ter had f the first t me
— h h m

g w ll all the conn sseurs who heard her
sa d It is n t tra ed, b t t t is a be t f l
that must be tra ned. O ly th y gener-
lly sa d thus some t m lter she h d fi l ed
g g Wh le that u tra ed c w th is
correct b eath g and l bo ed trans t ns,

pen and what has happened? I am well and strong and still the same and in the same place. No, it can't be! Surely it will all end in nothing!

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Dolokhov began to deal seriously. Oh, how Rostov detested at that moment those hands with their short reddish fingers and hairy wrists which held him in their power. The ten fell to him.

You owe forty-three thousand, Count, said Dolokhov, and stretching himself he rose from the table. One does get tired sitting so long, he added.

Yes, I'm tired too, said Rostov.

Dolokhov cut him short as if to remind him that it was not for him to jest.

When am I to receive the money, Count? Rostov flushing drew Dolokhov into the next room.

I cannot pay it all immediately. Will you take an IOU? he said.

I say, Rostov said Dolokhov clearly smiling and looking Nicholas straight in the eyes, you know the saying: Lucky in love, unlucky at cards. Your cousin is in love with you, I know.

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Your cousin, Dolokhov started to say but Nicholas interrupted him.

My cousin has nothing to do with this and it's not necessary to mention her! he exclaimed fiercely.

Then when am I to have it?

Tomorrow, replied Rostov and left the room.

CHAPTER XV

TO SAY tomorrow and keep up a dignified tone is not difficult but to go home alone, see his sisters, brother, mother and father confess and ask for money he had no right to after giving his word of honor is terrible.

At home they had not yet gone to bed. The young people after returning from the theater had had supper and were grouped round the clavichord. As soon as Nicholas entered he was enfolded in that poetic atmosphere of love which pervaded the Rostov household that winter and now after Dolokhov's proposal and Logels ball seemed to have grown thicker round Sonya and Natasha as the air does before a thunderstorm. Sonya and Natasha in the light blue dresses they had worn at the theater looking pretty and conscious of it were standing by the clavichord, happy and smiling. Vera was playing chess with Shushlin in the drawing room. The old countess waiting for the return of her husband and son sat playing patience with the old gentleman who lived in their house. Denisov with sparkling eyes and ruffled hair sat at the clavichord striking chords with his short fingers, his legs thrown back and his eyes rolling as he sang with his small husky but true voice some

crises called En ha t ess wh ch l e had com
posed, d t wh ch he was try l fit mu c

E fant es say t my f rsaken ly
What magic power th ll m st ill?
Wh t park has t my m t lon fi
Wh t th bliss th t mak my fi gers thrill?

He was g g p ss n tet es ga ngw th
his park bl ck gate eyes at the f gh te ed
d happy N tásha

Sp? d d! Excellen t! l med N tá ha
A ther crse she sa d w th t t
N cholas.

E eryth s still the same w th t em
tho ht N cholas g l nc ng nt th draw
oom, here he saw Véra d l is m ther w th
the old lad

Ah, and h res N chol s er ed N tá ha
run. p t h m.
Is Papa th m he ked.

m s d N tá ha

"P p is t b k yet sa d Só ya
N ch las, ha e y u c me? Come here
dear called th ld cou tess from th draw
in room.

N cholas we t t her k ssed her ha d d
un down s lently t her tabl began t
wa ch her ha ds arra g th card From the
da an, room, they t ll heard th l hter
d merry cetry g persuad N tásha t
an.

All w ht All w ght h uted Deniso
I good mak g e cuses n w l t y ur
turn to in th ba caw ll—I ntweat you!

Th countess gla ced t her l ntson.

"What is th m t er? he ked.

Oh, oth sa d he f weary of be g
co unually asked the same questu n. W ll
P pa be back soo?

I expect so

E eryth the same w th them. They
kno noth: bo t t Wher m l to go?
Lout h N cholas, d w t ga n the
dan no room her th cl ch d ood

S a as u g th cl h d, pl y g
t. pr lude to D iso s fa rit b ca lle
N tásha was p pari g to g D so was
loking ther w th rapt ed eyes.

Nicholas began paci g up nd d wn th
room.

"Why do they wa t t make h g? H w
can th Ther th g t be h ppy
about" tho th he.

S n ya struck the frst chord of the prelu e
My God I maru neda d d hon red man
A bullet th ough my bra n: the only th "

I fime—nots g gl h t l u h s ran o C
away? But w l eret Its ll ne—let them s

He co t nued t p ce the room look
gloom ly t Deniso d t e g r is an l l
the eyes.

N kóle k w l t s the matter: Sónya s
eves f ed l m ce med t a k. She not ced at

t ced t she was l ess t s h l e t
th t t mome t so f r fr m sorrow sa l es or
elf repro h th t she p rpos ly dece d her
sell s y u g people of t ndo N l m too h p
p y now t po lmy n yment by symp thy w th
a y ne s sorrow l e felt, nd she sa d to l er
self No I mu t be m t ken he mu t be feel
g happy ju t I m.

N w S. va l she sa d go g to the w
middle of th room w l ere she n d ered
reso ce was best.

ll g l lited l r l e d a d l e k r ms
droop l feles ly b llet d n ers do, N tá ha,
n g erg t cally f m her l eel t her toes,
tepped t th middle of the room and stood
t ll

Yes th t mel sh seemed to say swer n
t rapt ga w l wh l Deniso f llowed l er
A d w l t sl so pleased bo t th u ht
N chol look g t l is s ter "Why un t she
d ll d h med?

N tásha took the first n te her throat
sw lled her l est rose her eyes becam ser s
At h t mom t she wa bl us of her sur
rou d gs. d fr m her sm l l ps f wed
o m mel th same

weep

N tásha that w nter had f r the first t me
begu to s g ser usly m nly because Den

g w ll as all the co o se rs who heard her
sa d It t tra ed b t t a bea t l l
ce that m t be tra ed. O ly they ge er
ally sa d this some t me lter she had f l ed
g g While that u tra ned o ce w th ts
rrect breath g and l bored tran t na,

was sounding even the connoisseurs said nothing but only delighted in it and wished to hear it again. In her voice there was a virgin's freshness in unconsciousness of her own powers and an as yet untrained velvety softness which so mingled with her lack of art in singing that it seemed as if nothing in that voice could be altered without spoiling it.

What is this? thought Nicholas listening to her with widely opened eyes. What has happened to her? How she is singing today! And suddenly the whole world centered for him on anticipation of the next note the next phrase and everything in the world was divided into three beats. *Oh mio crudele affetto* One two three one two three One *Oh mio crudele affetto* One two three One Oh this senseless life of ours! thought Nicholas. All this misery and money and Dólkhov and anger and honor—it is all nonsense but this is real. Now then Natásha now then dearest! Now then darling! How will she take that *si*? She is taken! Thank God! And without noticing that he was trying to strengthen the *si* he sung a second *si* third below the high note. Ah God! How fine! Did I really take it? How fortunate! he thought.

Oh how that chord vibrated and how moved was something that was as finest in Rostóv's soul! And this something was apart from everything else in the world and above everything in the world. What were losses and Dólkhov and words of honor? All nonsense! One might kill and rob and yet be happy.

CHAPTER XVI

IT WAS LONG since Rostóv had felt such enjoyment from music as he did that day. But no sooner had Natásha finished her barcarolle than reality again presented itself. He got up without saying a word and went downstairs to his own room. A quarter of an hour later the

Well—had a good time? said the old count smiling guily and proudly at his son.

Nicholas tried to say Yes but could not and he nearly burst into sobs. The count was lighting his pipe and did not notice his son's condition.

Ah it can
for the fi

ought Nicholas
uddenly in the
n feel ashamed
ly skin his fa

ther to let him have the carriage to drive to town.

Papa! I have come on a matter of business. I

enough. How much?

Very much said Nicholas flushing and with a stupid careless smile for which he was long unable to forgive himself. I have lost a little. I mean a good deal a great deal—forty three thousand.

What! To whom? Nonsense! cried the count suddenly reddening with an apoplectic flush over neck and nape as old people do.

I promised to pay tomorrow said Nicholas.

Well! said the old count spreading out his arms and sinking helplessly on the sofa.

It can't be helped! It happens to everyone! said the son with a bold free and easy tone while in his soul he regarded himself as a worthless scoundrel whose whole life could not atone for his crime. He longed to kiss his father's hands and kneel to beg his forgiveness but said in a careless and even rude voice that it happens to everyone!

The old count cast down his eyes on hearing his son's words and began busily searching for something.

Yes yes he muttered it will be difficult. I fear difficult to raise happens to everybody! Yes who has not done it?

And with a furtive glance at his son's face the count went out of the room. Nicholas had been prepared for resistance but had not at all expected this.

Papa! Papa! he called after him sobbing. Forgive me! And seizing his father's hand he pressed it to his lips and burst into tears.

While father and son were having their explanation the mother and daughter were living one not less important. Natásha came running to her mother quite excited.

Mamma! Mamma! He has made me

Made what?

Made made me an offer. Mamma! Mamma! she exclaimed.

The countess did not believe her ears. Denisov had proposed. To whom? To this child of a girl Natásha who not so long ago was playing with dolls and who was still having lessons.

Don't Natásha! What nonsense! he said hoping it was a joke.

Nonsense indeed! I am telling you the fact

said N tasha nd gn ntlly I c me t ask you
h t t d d yo call t n nse se!
The co tess brugged he sh lders
n h m de

ty d serously
"Will the whatd y u want I re all in
lo e adays. Will f you re i l e mar
ry h m said the c u tes th a l ugh of an
ya Good l kt yo
No Mamma I m not lo e w th hum I
suppose I m t l w th m.

Well the tell h m so
Mmma re you cross Do t be cross, dear l
I t my fa l r"

"b t what is t my dea? Do you wa t
met go d tell h m? said the cou tess m l

"I w l d t myself ly tell me what to
say It all ery w l l f you said N tasha
th a respo e m le. You ho l d ha e een
bow h said t l k wh e d d n t mea t say
t, b t cam t c r d e tly

Well all th sam yo must fuse h m.

"I must n t I m so sorry f r h m He s
so e

"Will th ept h ffer It s h g t me
for yo t be married n wered the co tess
sharply d sarca t cally

"Mmma b t I m so sorry f r hum. I
d t k whow I m t say t.

A d there s n h f y u t say I hall
peak t h m myself said the co tess, d g
ma t that they sh uld ha e d e d t treat this
l tle N tasha as gr w p

N t y coo t l I w l t l l h m my
self, d yo l l e t l e door d N tasha
ra cross th dra room t t l d g
hall her De iso was t g n the same
cha by the cl ch rd w th l f h s
ha ds.

He j mped p t th so d f l l ght t p

"taly h said, m g w th rap d tep
t ard her de ad myf t l t s y h ds.

"Vasil Dm trich, I m so sorry f y u!

"b ty so but t w n t d
t that b as fr e d l sh l l ways l
y u.

D iso bent over l e r l a n l and sl e l eard
stra ge so nds l d d not u d rsta l She
k e d h s roug cu ly black l ead At th
stant they l eard t l e q ck r tle of the c t
es dress She came t p t them.

"V all Dmitr ch, l t l n k you f r the h nor
he said w th emb rassed v e th l t
so ded se ere to De iso — "I t my lau tter
t so you g and I tho ght that a my w t
f e r d yo t w l l h ve a l d ressed y rself
f r st t me In that case you would n t l e
bl g ed me to g e th refusal

Co n tress said Deniso w l d w nca t
eyes nd a gu lty f ce H t r e d to say more but
f l t ed.

N t h co l d not rema n calm, see ng h m
t s h pl g t. She bega to sob al d.

Cou tess, I h d w g Deniso
wento n n u t eady ce b t bel e ve me
I so ad re your da ghter nd all your f m ly
th t l w l d g e my l f e t w c o e r He
looked t the co tess, n l e e her se e r
f ce said "W l l good by Co tess a d k v
gl e r h nd l e l f t h room w th qu ck reso
lute t r des w th t looki g at Nat d ha

N t d y Rost saw Deniso off H d d not
w h t t y o t her day n M s e w All Deni
so s Moscow f e d ga h m f rewell e

hust m the g l room.

Si n v a w mo e t e d a d devoted t h m
th e r It wa f l wa t e d t l o w l m
that l losses we d e m n t that ma le
her l e h m l l th mo but N l o l n w
co s d e r e d h self u w rthy f l e

He f l l e d the g l l b m s w th e rses d
m nd h g t l t n t D l k h the
wh l e f r y th t lousa d r bles a d r e c e d
h s r e c e p t, h l f e at th d of No embe
w d t t k g l e e of ny of h s acqu t
es to o t k e l e m m e n t wh ch wa l
ready n P l d

“A voice there was a virginal freshness an unconsciousness of her own powers and an as yet untrained velvety softness which so mingled with her lack of art in singing that it seemed as if nothing in that voice could be altered without spoiling it.”

“What is this?” thought Nicholas listening to her with widely opened eyes. “What has happened to her? How she is singing today! And suddenly the whole world centered for him on anticipation of the next note the next phrase and everything in the world was divided into three beats. *Oh mio crudele affetto* One two three one two three. One *Oh mio crudele affetto* One two three. One *Oh* this senseless life of ours! thought Nicholas. All this misery and money and Dolokhov and anger and honor—it’s all nonsense but this is real. Now then Natasha now then dearest! Now then darling! How will she take that *si*? She’s taken it! Think God! And without noticing that he was singing to strengthen the *si* he sung a second a third below the high note. Ah God! How fine! Did I really take it? How fortunate! he thought.”

“Oh how that chord vibrated and how moved was something that was finest in Rostov’s soul! And this something was apart from everything else in the world and above everything in the world. What were losses and Dolokhov and words of honor? All nonsense! One might kill and rob and yet be happy.”

CHAPTER XVI

IT WAS LONG since Rostov had felt such enjoyment from music as he did that day. But no sooner had Natasha finished her barcarolle than real life again presented itself. He got up without saying a word and went downstairs to his own room. A quarter of an hour later the old count came in from his Club cheerful and contented. Nicholas hearing him drive up went to meet him.

“Well—had a good time?” said the old count smiling gaily and proudly at his son.

Nicholas tried to say “Yes” but could not and he nearly burst into sobs. The count was lighting his pipe and did not notice his son’s condition.

“Ah it can’t be avoided!” thought Nicholas for the first and last time. And suddenly in the most casual tone which made him feel ashamed of himself he said as if merely asking his father

“whether to let him have the carriage to drive to town.”

“Papa I have come on a matter of business. I am nearly forgetting I need some money.”

“Dear me!” said his father who was in a specially good humor. “I told you it would not be enough. How much?”

“Very much,” said Nicholas flushing and with a stupid careless smile for which he was long unable to forgive himself. “I have lost a little. I mean a good deal—a great deal—forty-three thousand.”

“What! To whom? Nonsense!” cried the count suddenly reddening with an apoplectic flush over neck and nose as old people do.

“I promised to pay tomorrow,” said Nicholas.

“Well!” said the old count spreading out his arms and sinking helplessly on the sofa.

“It can’t be helped. It happens to everyone,” said the son with a bold free and easy tone while in his soul he regarded himself as a worthless scoundrel whose whole life could not atone for his crime. He longed to kiss his father’s hands and kneel to beg his forgiveness, but said in a careless and even rude voice that it happens to everyone!

The old count cast down his eyes on hearing his son’s words and began bustlingly searching for something.

“Yes yes,” he muttered. “It will be difficult. I fear difficult to raise. It happens to everybody! Yes who has not done it?”

And with a furtive glance at his son’s face the count went out of the room. Nicholas had been prepared for resistance but had not at all expected this.

“Papa! Papa!” he called after him sobbing and forgiving me! And seizing his father’s hand he pressed it to his lips and burst into tears.

While father and son were having their conversation the mother and daughter were having one not less important. Natasha came running to her mother quite excited.

“Mamma! Mamma! He has made me

made what?”

“Made made me an offer. Mamma! Mamma!” she exclaimed.

“The countess did not believe either of us. Denisov had proposed. To whom? To this slut of a girl! Natasha is not long for this!”

“Nonsense! Indeed I am telling you the fact.”

BOOK FOUR

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I come t a k y u

De isov bent o er her hand and she lea d
stra soun h sle d d n t u d nt d. Sh
k oed h roun h cu ly bl k lea d. At th in
cr u t

hono

h t

hier

so ded se ere t D i -

so y u g d I thou-ht that a m s n
f end you wou d h e a l ressed your self
frst t me In that case you wou d not ha
bl ed me to g e th refusal

Co tes sa d Den so with downca t
eyes and a g ly face H tried t say mo e but
faltered.

Natli ha could not erua calm, see n h m
n such a pl ght. She began t sob aloud.

Countess, I ha e do e won. Den so
went on n n un teady o ce "but believe me
I so d e your dau-ht er d ll you f m ly
that I wou d g e m v l e two e o er " He
looked t the countess, and seen her severe
f ce sa d "W ll, good by Countess. nd k u-
g her h nd, he left th roo with quick reso-
l te t ides, w thout look t Natliha.

"Well ll th same you must refuse h m.

"I must t. I am so sorry f h m. He s

so

"W ll then ept h ffer It s h ght me
for y to be married. wered th countess
sh rply d sarcast cally

"M mma b t I m so sorry for him. I
d t know how I m t say t

A d there th f u to sa I hall
speak to him mys lf sa d th ou tess, d
no t tha they sh ld ha e da ed to trea this
l t l \ tash gro p

N t y unt I w ll t ll m my
self d yo ll e t th dno d \ tasha
ra cross th dra room t the danci g
hall her D so as o th sam
cha by th cla ch rd w th his face hus
ha da.

H jumped p t the sound f her l ght ep.

N taly he sa d movi with rap d teps
toward h deod my fate. It s y rha da.

"Vasil Dm trich I m so sorry f y u

"b y ar so b t won do
t that but as friend, I hall always love
y u.

Next day Rost saw Den so off. H d d not
w h to sa nother day Moscow All Den
so Moscow friends ga e h m f rewell en-
erta ment t th gyps es w th the resu t that
he had no recollection f how he wa put the
l h or of the frst th ce tans of his journey

After Den so departure Rost w pent n-
other f r t n Moscow w thout gnt out
f the house wa for th mo r h fat er
could not onc rase d he pent most of
his t m n the gl l oora.

S nva was more tender nd devoted t h m
than ever It wa f sa wa ed to show l m
that h losses wer n ch evement that made
her lo h m all the more, but \ chols now
cons dered f mself nworthy f her

H filled th girls loun w th crses and
mus d ha t last se t D lo k so v the
whol f r t three the usand rubles d rre ed
his rec pt, le l f t e end f \ ember
w th t k n lea e of v of h. acquat
an es, to ert ke his remment which was al
read in P la d.

Book Five• 1806-07

*

CHAPTER I

AFTER HIS INTERVIEW with his wife Pierre left for Petersburg. At the Torzhók post station either there were no horses or the postmaster would not supply them. Pierre was obliged to wait. Without undressing he lay down on the leather sofa in front of a round table, put his big feet in their overboots on the table and began to reflect.

Will you have the portmanteaus brought in? And a bed got ready and tea? asked his valet.

Pierre gave no answer for he neither heard nor saw anything. He had begun to think of the last station and was still pondering on the same question—one so important that he took no notice of what went on around him. Not only was he indifferent as to whether he got to Petersburg earlier or later or whether he secured accommodation at this station but compared to the thoughts that now occupied him it was a matter of indifference whether he remained there for a few hours or for the rest of his life.

The postmaster, his wife, the valet and a peasant woman selling Torzhók embroidery came into the room offering their services. Without changing his careless attitude Pierre looked at them over his spectacles unable to understand what they wanted.

On 5 skólniki after the duel and had spent that first agonizing sleepless night. But now in the solitude of the journey they seized him with special force. No more!

It was as if the thread of the chief screw which held his life together were stripped so that the screw could not get in or out but went on turning uselessly in the same place.

The postmaster came in and began obsequiously to beg his excellency to wait only two

hours when come what might he would let his excellency have the courier horses. It was plain that he was lying and only wanted to get more money from the traveler.

Is this good or bad? Pierre asked himself. It is good for me, bad for another traveler and for himself it is unavoidable.

He used the courier horses. But the officer thrashed him because he had to get on as quickly as possible. And I continued Pierre shot Dolokhov because I considered myself injured and Louis XVI was executed because they considered him a criminal and a year later they executed those who executed him—also for some reason.

What is death? What power governs all?

There was no answer to any of these questions except one and that not a logical answer and not at all a reply to them. The answer was: You'll die and all will end. You'll die and I know all or cease asking. But dying was also dreadful.

The Torzhók peddler woman in a whining voice

pays for rubles

stands in a tattered cloak looking timidly at me he thought. And what does she want the money for? As if that money could add a hair's breadth to her happiness or peace of mind. Can anything in the world make her or me less a prey to evil and death?—death which ends all and must come today or tomorrow—at any rate in an instant as compared with eternity. And again he twisted the screw of the strip of thread and again it turned uselessly in the same place.

His servant landed him at the

ous troubles f a cert n Em l e de M n f eld
 A d h y d d h e r e s t h e r s e d u e r w l e n s l e
 l e d h u m ? h t h u h t. God could n o t h e
 p t t h e r h e a r t a i m p u l s e t h a t w a s c a t
 H s i l l. M y w l e - a s s h e o n e w a - d d n t
 t r u g l e d p e h a p l e w a s r i g h t. N o t h i n g
 h a b e e n f d o t n o t h i n g d s c o e r e d
 P e r r e c a i s a d t h i m s e l f. A l l w e c a n k n o w

The servant brou t (back) stumblers turned
 ps de d w n w i t h a n u n f i n i s h e d b i t o f n l
 b l e d c a r a n d a s k e d i f a n y t h i n g m o r e w u l d
 b e w a t e d.

No G v e m e t h e b o o k s a d t h e s t r a n g e r
 The servant handed I m a b o o k w h i
 P e r r e t o o k t b e d e v o t a l w o r k a n t h e
 t r a l e r b e c a m e t w o b e d i n t. P e r r e l o o k e d
 a t I m A l l a t o n c e t h e s t r a g e r c l o s e d t h e b o o k
 p u t t g n a m a r k e r a l a g n l e a g w i t h
 h s a r m s o n t h e b a c k o f t h e s o f s a t n l
 P e r r e l o o k e d

res t bly

CHAPTER II

I t t h e p l e a s u r e o f d d e s n C o u t B e
 z k h f l m t m t k e n f t h e t r n
 g e r a d e l b e r a t a d l u d c

P e r r e l o o k e d s l e n t l y a n d n g u n g l y t h i m
 o e r h i s p e c t a l e a.

I h a h e a r d o f y o u m y d e a r r c o t n u e d
 t h e t r a g e r a d o f y o u r m f r i u e H e
 s e e m e d t o e m p h a s i z e t h e l t w o r d I t o s a y
 - "Y e s m u s t r i u e C a l l t w h a t y o u p l e a s e I
 k n w t h a t w h a t h a p p e n e d t y o u i M o s c o w
 w a s m f r u n e. - I r e g r e t t e r y m u h, m y
 d e a r s r

P e r r e f l u e d d, h u r n e d l y p u g h l e s s
 d w n f r o m t h e b e d b e n t f o r w a r d t w a r d t h e
 l d m a n w i t h f e e d d t m d s m l e.

I h a e n t r f e r r e d t h o t o f c u r i o s i t y
 m y d e a s b u t f r g e t t e r r e a s o n s.

H e p a u s e d h g a e t i l l n P e r r e a d m o e d
 a s d o n t h e s o f b y w a y o f t g t h e o t h e r
 t t a k e s e a t b e s d h i m P e r r e f l i r l u c t t
 t o t e r n t o c o e r s a t o n w i t h t h o l d m a n
 b t s b m t g t h i m n l u t l y c a m u p
 d s a d t w b e s d h i m

You u n h a p p y m y d e a t h t r a g e r
 c o t u e d. "Y u y u g d I m o l d. I
 a h o l d l k t o h l p y o u f r a s l e s i n m y
 p o w e

O h y e s s d P e r r e w t h a f r e e d s m l e
 I m e r y g r a t f u l t o y o u. W h e r e r e y t r a
 e l g f r o m s"

The t r a e r f a e w a s n t g l t w a s
 e v l d d e r e b t p t o f t h b o t h
 t h f d w d t h e w q u a t a c e
 w e r e r r e s t b l y t r a c t t i r r

B t f f y e a s o n v o d n t f e e l l e d
 T d c a h d d m e a

t g r a y s h c o l
 P e r r e t o o k h f e e t o f f t h e t b l e s t o o d u p
 d l y d o m n a b e d t h a t h a d b e e n g o t r e a d y
 f h m g l a g n w n d t h e n t t h e w c m
 e r w h o w i t h g l o o m y d t u r e d f e e w a s
 e a s i l y t a k i o f f h i s w r a p s w t h t h e d o f h i s
 s e r v a t, a n d t l o o k g t P e r r e W t h p a r
 (f l t b o o t s h u s t h b o y l e g s, a n d k e e p -
 o r n k e e - c o e r e d s h e e p s k
 c o a t, t h e t r a l e r s a t d w n i n t h e s o f l e a e d
 b a k h i s b b e a d w t h i s b r o d t e m p l e s d
 l o s e - c r o p p e d h a i r a d l o o k e d a t B e z k h o
 T h t e r n s h r e w d, a n d p e t r a t g e x p e s n
 f t h a t l o o k s t r u k P e r r e H f l t a w h t
 p e k e t h t r a n e e b u t b y t h t i m e h h a d
 r a d u p h u s m u d a s k h m q e s t i n b o t
 h r o a d s, t h e t r a e l e r h a d c l o s e d h e y e s. H
 h u r e l e d l d h a d s w r e f l d e d a n d o n t h e
 f i e r f o n e f t h e m P e r r e n u e d l a r g e c a t
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 h e a d. T h s t r a g e r s a t w t h o u t r r i g e t h e r
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 f d a n d c a l m m e d t a t n. H i s s e r v t w a
 l s o y l l w r i k l e d o l d m a w t h o u t b e a r d
 m u s t a c h e v d n t l y t b e c a u s e h e w a s h a
 b t b e c a u s e t h e y h a d e v e r g r o w n T h i s
 l d s e r v a n t w a u p c k g t h e t r a l e r s
 c a t e n d p e p n t e a. H b g h
 b o l s a m v a r W h e v e r t h i n g w a s e a d y
 t h t r a n s p e e d h u s e y e s m e d t o t h e
 t a b l e, f i l l e d t u m b l e r w i t h t e a f h m s e l f d
 f t h b e a r d l e s s l d m a t o w h m h
 p a s e d t P e r r e b e m t f e e l s e o f u
 e a e s s d t h e e d, e v n t h e t a b l e t y f
 e n e r i n g t o c o e r s a w t h t h i s t r a g e r

Book Five· 1806-07

*

CHAPTER I

AFTER HIS INTERVIEW with his wife Pierre left for Petersburg. At the Torzhók post station either there were no horses or the postmaster would not supply them. Pierre was obliged to wait
leathe
big fe
began to reflect

Will you have the portmanteaus brought in? And a bed got ready and tea? asked his valet

Pierre gave no answer for he neither heard nor saw anything. He had begun to think of the last station and was still pondering on the same question—one so important that he took no notice of what went on around him. Not only was he indifferent as to whether he got to Petersburg earlier or later or whether he secured accommodation at this station but compared to the thoughts that now occupied him it was a matter of indifference whether he remained there for a few hours or for the rest of his life.

The postmaster, his wife, the valet and a peasant woman selling Torzhók embroidery came into the room offering their services. Without changing his careless attitude Pierre looked at them over his spectacles unable to understand what they wanted or how to

hours when come what might he would let his excellency have the courier horses. It was plain that he was lying and only wanted to get more money from the traveler.

Is this good or bad? Pierre asked himself.

It is good for me bad for another traveler and for himself it is unavoidable. I need money for food the man had once given him a thrashing private traveler have the courier the officer thrashed him because I on as quickly as possible. And I Pierre shot Dolokhov because I myself injured and Louis XVI was because they considered him a traitor year later they executed those who hurt him—also for some reason. What is it

There was no answer to any of these questions except one and no

You know all or cease asking. But dying dreadful

The Torzhók peddler woman in a voice went on offering her wares especially pair of goatskin slippers. I have hundred rubles I don't know what to do with it.

At first agonizing sleepless night. But now in the solitude of the journey they seized him with special force. No matter what he thought about he always returned to these same questions which he could not solve and yet could not cease to ask himself. It was as if the thread of the chief screw which held his life together were stripped so that the screw could not get in or out but went on turning uselessly in the same place.

The postmaster came in and began obstinately to beg his excellency to wait only two

prey to evil and death?—death which ends an
turned uselessly in the
the

d h l l e s o l h t t h e s t r a g e r s a d
 W t h e r l e c r e p t e d t h w e r e s o i g e n
 t e d t h M s o n s w r d r b e l e d s a
 h l d b e l e v e s t h e p e a k t e o f c o
 t o d e a r n t s s t e t e m o f t h s p e a k
 e r c e h l s o e t e s l m t b r o k e - o r
 t h o s e b r i l l t n e d e y e s g n l d t h n
 a o r t h c a l m f r m e s a l c e t t y o f
 h s o a t i o n w h h r a d t e d f r o t h s w l e b e
 (d h c h s r u c k P e r r e e s p c l l y b y c o n
 t r a t t h w i n d e j e c t a n d l p e l e s e s s)
 - t r a t e P e r r e l e d t h l l e s w l
 t b e l e v e d l e d d b e l e e d f l t a j o y l
 s e s e l e m f t e g e r a t a d r t t o
 l f e

H e t t b e p p e l e d e d b y e a s o n
 b t h l f e s a d t h M s o

I d t d e r s t a d s l P e r r f e e l
 t h d m d b i s r e w k e H e w s
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 b e b l t b e l e e a n h m l l t u l e r
 t a d h e s a d l w t t l t t h m d o f
 m c a a t t a t h e k l e d g e f w h h
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The M s o m l e d w h l g e t l f t h e r l y
 m l e

"T h h e s t d m d t r u t h l k e t l e
 p u r e s t l q d w m y l t m b b e h s a d
 C a l e e e t h a t p e l j l n t m p e
 e v e l d j d f i s p r i t y ? O l y b y t h e
 e r p f i c a t n l m y s l f c a l t s o m e
 d e v e e f p r i t y t h l q d l e e e

Y e s e s t h i s s a d l r r e j y f u l l y

"T h h e s w a d m

N I h a t e m y l f e P r r e m u t t e r e d w n e
 n g

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 l e y o s p e t t l n r t o r g e s a l d
 b l e r y r e c e v g e e r y t h g f r o m s o c i e t y
 d g " d g r e t n l o h a c b e
 c o e t h e p o s s e s s o r o f w e a l t h H w h
 u e d i t ? W l t l v e y i d e f r y n e h
 b o ? H v e y u v e r t h u l t o f y r t f
 t l s a l f l e s ? H a e y u h l p e d t h e n
 p h y l l y l m r a l l ? N Y u l e p f t l
 l y t h r t l t o l e a d a p l i g t e l l e t h a t
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 b o ? N o Y o h e s p e n t y o l f l l e n e v
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 e l l r e s p o l l t y f r l e g u l a c e o f y o
 w m a d w h a t l e y u d n e ? Y t l e
 o t h l p e d l e r f d t h e w y o f t r u t m
 d e a r t l a v e t l r u t h e r t o a a b y f d e
 c e t a l m e r y A m n o f f e n d e d y o d y o
 s h t h m a n d y o u s a y y u t s o t k n o w G o d
 d h t y u l f e T h e e s n t h t r a g e t
 t l t m y l e r s l

A f t e t h e s e w l t l e M s o n f t e d b y
 l s l d c o r s e n l e a e d h r m o n
 t l e b k o f t l s o l d l o s e d l y e s l e r r e
 l o o k e d a t t l t g e d t e r m m o t i o n l e a l m o s t
 l f l e s s f c d m e d h l p w l o t u t t e r
 i g s o n d H e w h e d t o s a y Y e s a v l e i d l
 c a u s l f l t d e t

l o o k g a t l e r r e

"T h e e x l g h r s e s h e j u s t c o m e a n
 s w e d t l s e r v a n t W l l y u n t r e s t l e r ?

N

e - t h e o f t l w l l e - t h s c
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 t e m p t b l e l p l i g a t e l f e t h l l d d n t
 l k t d d l n t w a t t o t l l t l r r
 B t h m t

ch,} e c l e e r y u r w e l l
 e d c a t e d A d w l t l e y u d w t h l l
 t h e s g o o d g f u s ? A y u c o t t w t h y u r s l f
 a n d t h y o l i f ?

to talk to me said the old man say so my dear sir And he suddenly smiled in an unexpected and tenderly paternal way

Oh no not at all! On the contrary I am very glad to make your acquaintance said Pierre And again glancing at the stranger's

son?

Yes I belong to the Brotherhood of the Freemasons said the stranger looking deeper and deeper into Pierre's eyes And in their name and my own I hold out a brotherly hand to you

I am afraid said Pierre smiling and wavering between the confidence the personality of the Freemason inspired in him and his own

at the world is so opposed to yours that we shall not understand one another

I know your outlook said the Mason and the view of life you mention and which you think is the result of your own mental efforts is the one held by the majority of people and is the invariable fruit of pride indolence and ignorance Forgive me my dear sir but if I had not known it I should not have addressed

I should never dare to say that I know the truth said the Mason whose words struck Pierre more and more by their precision and firmness No one can attain to truth by himself Only by laying stone on stone with the co-operation of all by the millions of generations from our forefather Adam to our own times is that temple reared which is to be a worthy dwelling place of the Great God he added and closed his eyes

I ought to tell you that I do not believe do not believe in God said Pierre regretfully and with an effort feeling it essential to speak the whole truth

The Mason looked intently at Pierre and smiled as a rich man with millions in hand might smile at a poor fellow who told him that he poor man had not the five rubles that would make him happy

Yes you do not know Him my dear sir said the Mason You cannot know Him You do not know Him and that is why you are unhappy

Yes yes I am unhappy as entered Pierre. But what am I to do?

You know Him not my dear sir and so you are very unhappy You do not know Him but He is here He is in me He is in my words He is in thee and even in those blasphemous words thou hast just uttered! pronounced the Mason in a stern and tremulous voice

He paused and sighed evidently trying to calm himself

If He were not he said quietly you and

ulting austerity and authority in his voice Who invented Him if He did not exist? Whence came thy conception of the existence of such an incomprehensible Being? Why dost thou and why did the whole world conceive the idea of the existence of such an incomprehensible Being a Being all powerful eternal and infinite in all His attributes?

He stopped and remained silent for a long time

Pierre could not and did not wish to break this silence

He exists but to understand Him is hard the Mason began again looking not at Pierre but straight before him and turning the leaves of his book with his old hands which from excitement he could not keep still If it were a man whose existence thou didst doubt I could bring him to thee could take him by the hand and show him to thee But how can I an insignificant mortal show His omnipotence His infinity and all His mercy to one who is blind or who shuts his eyes that he may not see or understand Him and may not see or understand his own wickedness and sinfulness? He paused again Who art thou? Thou dreamest that thou art wise because thou couldst utter those blasphemous words he went on with a somber and scornful smile And thou art more foolish and unreasonable than a little child who playing with the parts of a skillfully made watch dares to say that as he does not understand its use he does not believe in the master who made it To know Him is hard For ages from our forefather Adam to our own day we labor to attain that knowledge and are still infinitely far from our aim but in our

hand led him forward. The hairs stood on the back of his neck and there were beads of perspiration on his face and shamefaced smile. He hurried forward, with his hands down and with a pucker, though smiling, face motioned after Wlaski with uncertain, timid steps.

He followed him about ten paces, Wlaski stopped.

What ever happen to you, he said, you must bear tallma full (you have firmly resolved to join our Brotherhood. (Perre nodded affirmatively.) "When you hear knock at the door you will uncover your eyes, added Wlaski. I wish you courage and success, and pres. Perre said, he went out.

Left alone Perre went on smiling in the darkness. He should have known that

The first step with the usual was seemed him in hour. He felt numb his legs almost gave way. It seemed to him that he was tired out. He experienced variety of most complex sensations. He felt afraid of what would happen to him and still more afraid of losing his fear. He felt curious to know his was going to happen and what would be revealed to him by most of all he felt joyful that the moment had come when he would start on that path of regeneration and the eternal virtuous life which he had been dreaming since he met Joseph Alexé. Loud knocks were heard. The door Perre took to his dare. His eyes and glistened around him. The room was in black darkness, only small lamp was burning and some light white. Perre went over and saw that the lamp stood on black table on which lay

open book. The book was the Gospel and the thing with the lamp and was human skull with its cavities and teeth. After reading the first words of the Gospel in the beginning was the Word and the Word was with God. Perre went round the table and saw large pen box filled with something. It was a coffin with bones inside. He was not at all surprised by what he saw. He put it on an entire confidence quite unlike the old one he expected everything to be unusual, even more unusual than what he was seeing. A skull, coffin, the Gospel—seemed him that he had expected all this and even more. True to himself his emotions he looked around. God, death, the brotherhood of man. He kept to himself, associating these words with various joyful ideas.

The door opened and someone came in.

Behind the light which Perre had already become accustomed, he saw a rather short man. He evidently came from the light into the darkness. The man paused, then moved with

went to table and placed on

ron

he

ne a

l

from which was taken up from below

For what have you come here? asked the newcomer turning to Perre's direction. It was all his rustle made by the latter. What have you, who do not believe in the truth of the light? said who have not seen the light, come here? What do you seek from us? Wisdom, virtue and liberation.

At the moment the door opened and the stranger came. Perre felt sense of awe and veneration. He had expected in him

himself in the

brother who prepared a seeker (it went to the Brotherhood was known). Draw near he recognized in the Rhetor man he knew Smolva. It was a day that mortified him to think that the newcomer was an equal to him—he wished him implacable brother and virtuous trust. For long time he could not utter word, so that the Rhetor had to repeat his question.

Yes, I desire regeneration. Perre uttered with difficulty.

Very well, said Smolva now and went on to say. He very decided of the man by which our holy Order will help you to reach your aim, said he quietly and quietly.

I hope for guidance help in regeneration, said Perre with trembling voice and some difficulty in utterance due to his extreme distrust but accustomed to peak of abstract matters in Russian.

What is your concept of Freemasonry?

I imagine that Freemasonry the fraternity of equal men who have virtuous man, said Perre feeling ashamed of the inadequacy of his words for the solemnity of the moment, as he poked. I imagine.

Good, said the Rhetor quietly. Apparently satisfied with the answer. He very sought for means of saving your man in religious

Where are you going to now my dear sir?

"I'm going to Petersburg," answered Pierre in a childlike hesitating voice. "I thank you. I agree with all you have said. But do not suppose me to be so bad. With my whole soul I wish to be what you would have me be, but I have never had help from anyone. But it is I, above all, who am to blame for everything. Help me, teach me, and perhaps I may."

Pierre could not go on. He gulped and turned away.

The Mason remained silent for a long time, evidently considering.

"Help comes from God alone," he said, "but such measure of help as our Order can bestow it will render you, my dear sir. You are going to Petersburg. Hand this to Count Willarski (he took out his notebook and wrote a few words

to solitude and self examination and do not resume your former way of life. And now I wish you a good journey, my dear sir," he added, seeing that his servant had entered, and success.

The traveler was Joseph Alexéevich Bazdév. As Pierre saw from the postmaster's book Bazdév had been one of the best known Freemasons and Martinists even in Novikov's time. For a long while after he had gone Pierre did not go to bed or order horses but paced up and down the room, pondering over his vicious past and with a rapturous sense of beginning anew pictured to himself the blissful irreproachable virtuous future that seemed to him so easy. It seemed to him that he had been vicious only because he had somehow forgotten how good it is to be virtuous. Not a trace of his former doubts remained in his soul. He firmly believed in the possibility of the brotherhood of men united in the aim of supporting one another in the path of virtue, and that is how Freemasonry presented itself to him.

CHAPTER III

ON REACHING Petersburg Pierre did not let anyone know of his arrival. He went nowhere and spent whole days in reading Thomas à Kempis whose book had been sent him by

week after his arrival the young Polish count, Willarski, whom Pierre had known slightly in Petersburg society, came into his room one evening in the official and ceremonious manner in which Dólokhov second had called on him and having closed the door behind him and satisfied himself that there was nobody else in the room, addressed Pierre.

"I have come to you with a message and an offer, Count," he said without sitting down. "A personhood has received

and has proposed to me to be your sponsor. I consider it a sacred duty to fulfill that person's wishes. Do you wish to enter the Brotherhood of Freemasons under my sponsorship?"

The cold austere tone of this man whom he had almost always before met at balls, amiably smiling in the society of the most brilliant women surprised Pierre.

"Yes, I do wish it," said he.

Willarski bowed his head.

"One more question, Count," he said. "I beg you to answer in all sincerity—not as a future Mason but as an honest man. Have you renounced your former convictions—do you believe in God?"

Pierre considered.

"Yes, yes, I believe in God," he said.

In that case, began Willarski, but Pierre interrupted him.

"Yes, I do believe in God," he repeated.

In that case we can go, said Willarski. My carriage is at your service.

Willarski was silent throughout the drive. To Pierre's inquiries as to what he must do and how he should answer, Willarski only replied that brothers more worthy than he would test him and that Pierre had only to tell the truth.

Having entered the courtyard of a large house where the Lodge had its headquarters and having ascended a dark staircase, they entered a small well-lit anteroom where they took off their cloaks without the aid of a servant. From there they passed into another room. A man in strange attire appeared at the door. Willarski, stepping toward him, said something to him in French in an undertone and then went up to a small wardrobe in which

ity of active brotherly love among men which Joseph Alexéevich had revealed to him. A

it and tied it in a knot before he caught some hairs painfully at the knot. Then he drew his face down kissed him and taking him by the

h ordeal was bo t t beg n

If yo a e resol ed I m t beg your i
t t s d the Rhet r m ng closer to
Perre I toke f gene sty l k you to
g e me all your v lu bles

Y t I h e n th ng here repl ed Perre
s ppos g that he wa ked t g e up if he
possessed.

What y ha e w th y u wat h mo ey
n m.

Perre qu kly took out h s purse d watch
m m e t e t the

Th M so d w the l t b k l m i e s
l f brea t, d stoop d w p lled up the
l f leg of l trousers t bo e the k ee
Perre h r edly bega t k g f h t ght

sary a d ga hum l ppe fo l left foot
Wh h l d k m l f emb rrassment
doubt, a d self-de wh l app red on
h f e ga t h s w l Perre tood w l h
r m s h g d w n a d legs p t, b e f e
h u b other Rh t d wa ted h s f r the
c mma ds.

A d ow t ken f ca lo I a k y u to
ealt m your ch e f p s d the l t t
ter

My p s ! I h had so ma y epl ed
Perre

"That p s wh l m e tha all thers
ca sed y t wa er n t l p t l f r t
d th Maso

Perre p used k g eply
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tabl ty? A ger? W me ? He w t o er h
es h u m d. t k w g to wh ch of
them to g th p -em e ce

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y own h rt. Th so e f blessed s s
as th t b t w th n
Perr h d a l r dyl g been feel n hum

elf t l at refresl ng source of bles l es w l d
now flooded l s l e r t w l gl d emot n

CHAPTER IV

SOON AFTER THIS THERE CAME INTO THE DA K H M
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u
chest u m e r e l tepp ng u e e ly and t m l
ly i o e l ppe e d a l one l w ted foot l e l
van ed wh l W llarski held a sw rd to l s
b e c l e s t. He w s lu ted fr n that room
l g pa sages that turned l ckward a l f r

— o l l oors of
w red
d w r s
h l m A h ce l e r wa

f l d n d s they we t long he w s t l l ue
— — — — —

endu et l s a d d ang r s. Dur g t l e s w ander
i g s Perre not ced t l t he wa poken of n w
a the Seeker n was the S f f e r a d now
a the P t l t to the comp me t of
a r o k ock g w t m llet and w o d s. As
h wa be g l e d p t some object f e n t ced
l e s t a t n a d u e r t ty mo g l on

th t they took h r ght h nd pl ed t on
someth g a d t l d h m to h l d p of com
p s s e s t o h l f b r e t w th t l e r h a d d
t e p e t l e r s o m e o n e w l e a d a l d t l
O T T U

ba d g wa s t ken f l l e y e s d by t l e f t
— — — — —

blood. O g th Perre mo ed f rward
w th l s b east t ward the sw rds mean ng
them t p t. B t the w d s w e drawn
b k f m l m d he was t o c e b l d fold
ed ga n

Now th u ha t seen the lesser l ght, ut

No I considered it erroneous and did not follow it said Pierre so softly that the Rhetor did not hear him and asked him what he was saying I have been an atheist answered Pierre

You are seeking for truth in order to follow its laws in your life therefore you seek wisdom and virtue Is that not so? said the Rhetor after a moment's pause

Yes yes assented Pierre

The Rhetor cleared his throat crossed his

^

with yours you may enter our Brotherhood with profit The first and chief object of our Order the foundation on which it rests and which no human power can destroy is the preservation and handing on to posterity of a certain important mystery which has come down to us from the remotest ages even from the first man—a mystery on which perhaps the fate of mankind depends But since this mystery is of such a nature that nobody can know or use it unless he be prepared by long and diligent self purification not everyone can hope to attain it quickly Hence we have a secondary aim that of preparing our members as much as possible to reform their hearts to purify and enlighten their minds by means handed on to us by tradition from those who have striven to attain this mystery and thereby to render them capable of receiving it

By purifying and regenerating our members we try thirdly to improve the whole human race offering it in our members an example of piety and virtue and thereby try with all our might to combat the evil which sways the world Think this over and I will come to you again

To combat the evil which sways the world

Pierre repeated and a mental image of his future activity in this direction rose in his mind He imagined men such as he had himself been a fortnight ago and he addressed and giving exhortation to them He imagined to himself vicious and unfortunate people whom he would assist by word and deed imagined oppressors whose victims he would rescue Of the three objects mentioned by the Rhetor this

already perfectly cured of his former faults and was ready for all that was good

Half an hour later the Rhetor returned to inform the seeker of the seven virtues corresponding to the seven steps of Solomon's temple which every Freemason should cultivate in himself These virtues were 1 Discretion the keeping of the secrets of the Order 2 Obedience to those of higher rank in the Order 3 Morality 4 Love of mankind 5 Courage 6 Generosity 7 The love of death

In the seventh place try by the frequent thought of death the Rhetor said to bring yourself to regard it not as a dreaded foe but as a friend that frees the soul grown weary in the labors of virtue from this distressful life and leads it to its place of recompense and peace

Yes that must be so thought Pierre when after these words the Rhetor went away leaving him to solitary meditation It must be so but I am still so weak that I love my life the meaning of which is only now gradually opening before me But five of the other virtues which Pierre recalled counting them on his fingers he felt already in his soul courage

be free from his own lawlessness and to submit his will to those who knew the indulgent truth He forgot that the seventh virtue was and could not recall it

The third time the Rhetor came back more quickly and asked Pierre whether he was still firm in his intention and determined to submit to all that would be required of him

I am ready for everything said Pierre

I must also inform you said the Rhetor that our Order delivers its teaching not in words only but also by other means which may perhaps have stronger effect on the sincere seeker after wisdom and virtue than mere words This chamber with which you see them should already have suggested to your heart if it is sincere more than words could do You will perhaps also see in your further initiation a like method of enlightenment Our Order imitates the ancient sages that explained their teaching by hieroglyphics A hieroglyph said the Rhetor is an emblem of something not cognizable by the senses but which possesses qualities resembling those of the symbol

Pierre knew very well that a hieroglyph was but a detail not a whole He listened to the Rhetor in silence feeling for the first time that

second aim that of purifying himself did not much interest him because at that moment he felt with delight that he was

these men o ly brothers nd burned w th imp-
p tence to set to wo k w th them.

The Grand Master rapped w th h s mallet.
All the Maso sat d wn n th r pl ces, and
of them read n exhortati n the neces-
sary of humil ty

The Gra d Master proposed th t the last du-
ty h d be perf rmed, nd the d t gu hed
d gn tary who bore the t ile of Coll t of
Alms we t ro d to all the brothers. P erre
o ld ha e l'ked to subscr be l i he had but
fearing that t m ght look l'ke pride subscr bed
th same amou t as th thers.

The meetu g was t ne d, and n reaching
home P err f l' t s i he had returned from a
lo g journey n wh ch l e had spent d n f
years, had become completely cha ged nd
had q te l f t behu d his f rmer hab ts nd
way f l'fe.

CHAPTER V

THE AFTER h had been ece ed nto the
Lodge P err was tt g at h me read g
book d try g t f th n the gn fca of
the Square e de f wh h ymbol ed God
nother moral th g, th rd phy cal th ngs
d th f rth comb nat of these N w
and then h s utu wandered from the book
d the Square d he formed magi t on
ew plan f l'fe. O th p ev us even ~ t
the Lodge, he had heard that rum r of h s
d el had reached th Emper nd th t
w uld be wiser f hum to lea e P tersburg.
P erre p posed g g t h estates n the
so th d ther tte d g to the w lfa of h s
serfs. H was joyf lly plan g th new l'fe
he Pri e V l suddenly en ered the room.

My dear fell w what ha ey u been up to
in Moscow? Why h y u quarrel d with
Hèle m her Y u are under d l u s n
sa d Pri e Vasil as he ntered. I k w ll
bo t, and I can t lly u post e ly that Hèle
l e as ocent bef y u as Christ was be-
f the Jews.

P erre was bout to eply but Pri Vasil
in erup ed hum.

A d why didn y u mply com tra ght to
m as to fr d? I kn w all bout t d un-
derstand t all h sa d. Y u beha ed as he
mes man who alues h s h perhap too
hasuly b t w u t g to that. B t co d
er th pos t n n which y u ar plac g her
d m n th eyes f soci ty d even f th
court, h dded lower h s ce. 'Sh is
l i ng Moscow d y u ar her Remembe
dear boy d h drew P err arm down

wards it is s mply m s understand g l ex-
pect you feel it so yo rself Let u write her a
letter t once and he ll come here and all
w ll be expla ned or else my dear boy let me
tell you is quite l kely you ll h e to suffer
for t.

Prince Vasil gave P erre a s gn fca t look.

I know from rel ble so rces that the De w
ager Empress is tak g a keen terest n the
whole affa r You know she is very gracious t
Hèlene.

P erre tried several t mes to speak but on
one hand Pr nce Vasil d d n t let h ma d on
the other P erre h mself se red t be n to
peak in the t ne f d cided refusal nd dis-
greement n wh ch he had f rmy resol ed to

got up nd sat down ga struggl w ll
h mself to do wh t wa fo h m the most d f-
cult th g n l'fe—to say an u pleasant th n
to man s f ce to say what the other whoever
he m ght be d d n t expect. He wa so used to
submit t g t Pr e Vasil s tone of careles
self assura e that he f l' t he wo ld be u lile
to w thstand t now but he lso felt that on
what he sa d n wh s f tu depended—wheth-
er h wo ld foll w the same old ro d, or that
new path so ttract e ly hown h m by the Ma-
so o wh ch he f rmy bel eved he wo uld be
reborn t a ew l'fe

N w dear boy sa d Pr nce Vasil pl y f l
ly say yes and I ll wr te to her myself a d
w w ll k ll the f tied calf.

B t bef re Pr Vasil h d f h ed h s
playf l peech, P erre w thout look g at h m,
d w th a k nd of fury that made h m l k h s
father m ttered n a whisper—

Prince I d d n t ask you her Go please
go! And he jumped up and opened th door
f hum.

Go! h repeated, ama ed at h mself nd
gl d t see the look of confus n d f e r that
showed ts lf on Pr n Vasil f ce

"What the matt w th y u Are y u ll?"

Go! the qu er ng ce repeated. And
Pri ce Vasil had to go w thout ng y
expl n uon.

A week later P erre, ha g taken lea of
h s new friends th Maso and lea g l' rge
sums f m ney with them f lms went way
t h s estates. His ew brethern ga e him let-
ters to the Kiev d Odessa Masons d prom-
ised t write to him nd gu de hum n his new
cu ty

tered a voice. Then the candles were relit and he was told that he would see the full light the bridge was again removed and more than ten voices said together *Sic transit gloria mundi*.

Pierre gradually began to recover himself and looked about at the room and at the people in it. Round a long table covered with black sat some twelve men in garments like those he had already seen. Some of them Pierre had met in Petersburg society. In the President's chair sat a young man he did not know with a peculiar cross hanging from his neck. On his right sat the Italian abbé whom Pierre had met at Anna Pavlovna's two years before. There were also present a very distinguished dignitary and a Swiss who had formerly been tutor at the Kurágin's. All maintained a solemn silence, listening to the words of the President who held a mallet in his hand. Let into the wall was a star-shaped light. At one side of the table was a small carpet with various figures worked upon it; at the other was something resembling an altar on which lay a Testament and a skull. Round it stood seven large candlesticks like those used in

from vice and indulgently to smooth with it the heart of his neighbor. As to the first pair of gloves a man's he said that Pierre could not know their meaning but must keep them. The second pair of man's gloves he was to wear at the meetings and finally of the third a pair of women's gloves he said. Dear brother these women's gloves are intended for you too. Give them to the woman whom you shall honor most of all. This gift will be a pledge of a purity of heart to hers whom you select to be your worthy helpmeet in Masonry. And after a pause he added. But beware dear brother that these gloves do not deck hands that are unclean. While the Grand Master said these last words it seemed to Pierre that he grew embarrassed. Pierre himself grew still more confused, blushed like a child till tears came to his eyes began looking about him uneasily and an awkward pause followed.

This silence was broken by one of the brethren who led Pierre up to the roof and began reading to him from a manuscript book an explanation of all the figures on it: the sun the moon a hammer a plumb line a trowel a rough stone and a squared stone a pillar three windows and so on. Then a place was assigned to Pierre he was shown the signs of the Lodge told the pass-words and at last as permitted to sit down. The Grand Master began reading the statutes. They were very long and Pierre from joy agitation and embarrassment was not in a state to understand what was being read. He managed to follow only the last words of the statutes and these remained in his mind.

In our temples we recognize no other distinctions read the Grand Master but those between virtue and vice. Beware of making any distinctions which may infringe equality. Fly to a brother's aid and whoever he may be exhort him to goeth astray raise him that falleth never bear malice or enmity toward thy brother. Be kindly and courteous kandle in all hearts the flame of virtue. Share thy happiness with thy neighbor and may envy never dim the purity of thy bliss. Forgive thy enemies.

1

He finished and getting up embraced and kissed Pierre who with tears of joy in his eyes looked round him not knowing how to utter the congratulations and greetings from acquaintances that met him on all sides. He acknowledged no acquaintances but saw in all

must prostrate himself at the Gates of the Temple

He must first receive the trowel whispered one of the brothers

Oh hush please! said another

Pierre perplexed looked round with his shortsighted eyes without observing

paused a moment Pierre glanced at the serious faces of those around remembered all he had already gone through and realized that he could not stop halfway. He was agitated at his hesitation and trying to rouse his former devotional feeling prostrated himself before the Gates of the Temple. And really him even had lain t and a white

such as the others more was put on him he was given a trowel and three pairs of gloves and then the Grand Master addressed him. He told him that he should try to do nothing to stain the whiteness of that apron which symbolized strength and purity then of the unexplained trowel he told him to toil with it to cleanse his own heart

BOOK FIVE

these men only brothers and bu ned w th m
p t e ce to set to w rk w th t em
The Gra d Master rapped w th h s m llet
All the Maso s sat down n the r places nd
f them read an ex t t on n the neces-

war is it is s mply a m su derstan l ng I ex
pect you feel t so yourself Let us wr te her a
letter at once and sl e ll come here and all
w ll be expl ined or else my dear boy let me
tell y u it s qu te l kely you ll l e to suffer
for it.

Pr nce Vasil gave P erre a s gnif cant look

I know from rel able sources that the Do w
ager Emp ess s taking a keen interest in the
wl le affa r You know she is very grac us to
Hélène

P erre tried several t mes t speak, but on
one h nd Prince Vasil d not let l m and on
the other P erre l m elf sea ed t beg n t
the tone of decided refusal nd dis-

Alms went rou u to

o ld ha e lked to subscribe ll he had but
sear g th t t m ght look l ke p desubscr bed
the me mo t s the others.

Th meetu g was at an end nd on read ng
h me P erre felt as f he had returned from a
l g j urney on which he had spent d ens f
years had become completely ch nged and
h d qu te left beh nd his f rmer hab t and
y l l fe.

CHAPTER V

T E Y AFTER he h d been rece ed nto the
Lodge P erre wa t ng t h m re d ng a
book d try g t f thorn th s gnif can e f
d f wh ch symbol ed God

ous recurred to l

got up and sat d wn aga n struggl g w th
h mself to do what was f r h m the most d f f
cult th g l l e—to say an unpleas t th n
to a m n face t say what t e o t her whoever
h mght be d d not expe t He w s so used to
bm t ng t Pr nce Vasil s t ne of ca eless
lf assurance th t he felt he would be un ble
t w thstand it n w but he lso felt that on
what he s d n w l f t re l epende—wheth
er h w uld f ll w t e same old road or that
new p th so attract ly sh wn h m by the Ma
s so on w l ch he f r mly bel eved he would be
t eborn to a new l e

N w dea boy s d Pr ce Vasil pl y f l
ly say yes and l l wr te to l er myself and
we w ll k ll the f tted calf

But bef re Pr nce Vasil had f n hed his
pl yful spe ch P erre w thout look g t l m
nd w t l a k d f fury that made h m l ke h s

d l had reached the k p
uld be wr e f h m t l e e Pet rsburg
P r r p posed go g t h tates the
so th d there t t d gt the w l f e of h s
new l f

sa d Pr ce Vasil as h er d ll
bo t t and l ca tell y upo t ly that Hé
l as ocent b f y u as Ch ist was be
f th Jews.

P r r was bo t t eply but P nce Vasil
interrupt d h m.

A d why d d ty u mply c m t ght to
me to fr d f k w ll b ut t d un
d rsta d t all he d. Y u b h d be
mes m n who alues h h o p h p st
hastily b t we w t g nt h t B t s d
er the post wh h y u pl c g her
d m the y f soc y de n f the
court h dd d, l w ng h e Sh is
l ung M cow dy u he Rememb r
d boy d h dr w P erres arm d wn

expl at o

A week l ter P erre hav g t ken leave of
his new l r ds the M s s and lea g large
s ms f mo ey w th them f r lms went away
t h estates H new brethren ga e l m let
t rst the k e d Odessa Maso s and prom
ed to wr te to him a d gu de him in h s new
actn ty

CHAPTER VI

THE DUEL between Pierre and Dolokhov was hushed up and in spite of the Emperor's severity regarding duels at that time neither the principals nor their seconds suffered for it. But the story of the duel confirmed by Pierre's rupture with his wife was the talk of society. Pierre who had been in the highest of society

and in the highest of society had sunk greatly in the esteem of society after his marriage—

— he did not wish to court society's favor. Now he alone was blamed for what had happened; he was said to be insanely jealous and subject like his father to fits of bloodthirsty rage. And when after Pierre's departure Hélène returned to Petersburg she was received by all her acquaintances not only cordially but even with a shade of deference due to her misfortune. When conversation turned on her husband Hélène assumed a dignified expression which with characteristic tact she had acquired though she did not understand its significance. This expression suggested that she had resolved to endure her troubles uncomplainingly and that her husband

— as men pointed and pointing to his forehead remarked

A bit touched—I always said so. I said from the first declared Anna Pávlovna referring to Pierre. I said at the time and before anyone else (she insisted on her priority) that that senseless young man

— when he had just returned from abroad and when if you remember he posed as a sort of Mirat at one of my soirees. And how has it ended? I was against this marriage even then and foretold all that has happened.

Anna Pávlovna continued to give on free evenings the same kind of soirees as before—such as she alone had the gift of arranging—at which was to be found the cream of really good society the bloom of the intellectual essence of Petersburg as she herself put it. Besides this refined selection of society Anna Pávlovna's receptions were also distinguished by the fact that she always presented some new and interesting person to the visitors and that nowhere

else was the state of the political thermometer of legitimate Petersburg court society so clearly and distinctly indicated.

Toward the end of 1806 when all the sad details of Napoleon's destruction of the Prussian army at Jena and Auerstadt and the surrender of most of the Prussian fortresses had been received when our troops had already entered Prussia and our second war with Napoleon was beginning Anna Pávlovna gave one of her soirees. The cream of really good society consisted of the fascinating Hélène forsaken by her husband Mortemart the delightful Prince Hippolyte who had just returned from Vienna two diplomatists the old aunt a young man referred to in that drawing room as a man of great merit (*un homme de beaucoup de mérite*) a newly appointed marquis of honor and her mother and several other less noteworthy persons.

The novelty Anna Pávlovna was setting before her guests that evening was Boris Drubetskóy who had just arrived as a special messenger from the Russian army and was aide de camp to a very important personage.

The temperature shown by the political thermometer to the company that evening was this:

Whatever the European sovereigns and commanders may do to countenance Bonaparte

— on that subject and can only say to the King of Prussia and others. So much the worse for you. *Tu l'as voulu, George Dandin* that's all we have to say about it!

When Boris who was to be served up to the guests entered the drawing room almost all the company had assembled and the conversation guided by Anna Pávlovna was about our diplomatic relations with Austria and the hope of an alliance with her.

Boris grew more manly and looking fresh rosy and self-possessed entered the drawing room elegantly dressed in the uniform of an aide de camp and was duly conducted to place his respects to the aunt and then brought back to the general circle.

Anna Pávlovna gave him her shriveled hand to kiss and introduced him to several persons whom he did not know giving him a whispered description of each.

Prince Hippolyte Kurágin — chatman. You will see it so. *Comédie Française*

you fellow M hro q-cl arg d ff es from
Cope haven- pr f nd nt llect a d m
pl M Shift -a man f great mer t -tl s
-had

enna

ad

tu Bori h d m n ged d r g n s s c
pl e h m s e l f e r y d n t c o l y l i e w a s
d d e c a m p t e r y m p o t a t p e r s o g e
h a d b e e s e t n a v e r y m p o r t t m s s o n t
P r u s s i a h a d j t r e t u r n e d f r o m t h e r a s a
p e c a l m e s s e e r H e h d b e c o m e t h r o g h l y

e a t f f t w k o r c o u r a g e o p e r s e
c r a b t l y t h k n w l e d e o f h o w t g e t
w i t h t h o s e w h c a g r a t e w a r d d h e
a s h i m s e l f o l t u r p r i s e d t t h r a p d i t y o f
h s u c c e s s d t t h e b l i t y o f o t h e r s t u

n c h, b t w o u l d s p e n d h i t g r o a t t o b e b e t
t e r d r e s s e d t h a n t h e r s a n d w o u l d r a t h e r d e
p h u m s i f f m a y p l e a s e s t h a a l l o w
h i m s e l f t o b e s e e h a b b y e q u p e o p
p e a t h t r e e s f P e t e r s b r g n o l d u
f r m H m a d f r i e n d s w t h d s o h t t h e
q u a n t a n c e f n l y t h o s e b o e h m n p o s
s o a n d h c o l d t h e r e f e b e o f u s e t o h m
H l i k e d P e t e r s b u r g d d e s p u e d M o s c o w
T l r e m e m b r a c e f t h R o s t o h o u s e d
t h i s c h i l d i s h l o e f N t a s h w a s u p l e a s a n t
t o h u m a n d h a d t o c e b e e n t e e t h
R o s t o v s c e t h d a y f h i s d e p r t u r e f t h e
a r m y T b e A n n P a l o n a d r a w r o o m
h c o n s i d e r e d a n i m p o r t a n t t e p u p t h e s e r v
c e, a n d h t e u n d e r s t o o d h u s l e, l e t t u g
h b o t s e s m a k u s e f w h a t e v e r t e r e s t h
h a d t o f i e r H h i m s e l f c a r e f u l l y s a d e a c h
f a c t, p p r a i s i n g t h p o s s b l e s o f e s t a b l i s h
m i n t i m a c y w t h e a c h o f t h o s e p r e s e n t, a n d
t h d r a t o e s t h a t m i h c r u H e t o o k t h
s e a i n d i c a t e d t o h u m b e s d t h f a i r H e l e n e
a n d l i s t e d t o t h g e n e r a l c o n e r s a t i n

"T h e n a c o n d e r s t h b a s e s f t h p o s e d
t r e a t y s o n a t t a i n a b l t h a n o t e v n c o n u
t r f m o s t b r i l l i a n t s u c c e s s e s w o u l d s e c u r e
t h e m, a n d h d o u b t s t h m e a n s w h a e o f
w a i n i n g t h e m. T h a t i s t h a c t u a l p h r a s e u s e d
b y t h e e n n a c a b i n e t, s a i d t h D n i s h c h a r g e
d a f f a i r e s.

M r e m a r t "T h e E m p e r o r o f A u s t r i a c a n n e v
e r h a e t h t h o u g h t o f s u c h a t h i n g t i s o n l y t h e
c a l n e t t h t s a y s t.

A h m y d e a c o m t e p u t i n A n n P a l v
n a t U p (f o r s o m e t e m s h e c a l l e d i t
U p e a s i f t t w e r e a p e c a l l y r f e d F r e n c h
p r o u n c a t n w l c h t e c o u l d a l l w h e r s e l f
w h e n c o v e r s g w t h F r e n c h m e n) L U p
n e s e j m t e l l e d e

A f t e r t h t A n P a l l n l e d u p t o t h e
c o u r a g e a n d f i r m e s s o f t h e k g o f P r u s s i a i n
o r d e r t o d r a w B o r i i n t o t h e c o n e r s a t i n

B o i s t e e d t e n t e l y t e a h o f t h e
s p e a k e r s w a t g t t u r n b t m n e d m e a n
w l e t l o o k r o d e p e a t e d l y a t h n e g h
b o t h e b e a u t i f u l H e l e n e w h o s e e y e s s e v e r a l
t i m e s m e t t h o s e o f t h e h a n d s o m e y o n g a d e d
c a m p w t h s m l e

S p e a k i n g o f t h e p o s t i n o f P r u s s i a, A n n
P a l l n e r y n t r a l l y k e d B o r i t o t e l l
t h e m b o u t h y o r n e y t o C l o g a u a n d i w h a t
s t a t h e l u d t h e P r u s s i a n m y B o r i s, s p e a k
i n g w t h d e l b e r a t t l d t h e m p u e c o r
r e c t F n c h m y i t e r e s t g d e t a l a b o t
t h e r m e s a d t h e c o u t, c a r f u l l y t a g
f r o m e x p r e s g a n o p n n o f h o w n b o u t
t h e f a c t s l e w a s e c o t n F o r s o m e t i m e
h e e n t e r e d t h e g e n e r a l a t t e n t i n a d
A n n a P a l l n f e l t t h a t t h e l i t y s h e
h a d e r y e d u p w a s r e c e d w i t h p l u e b y
H e r t r s. T h e g r e a t e s t a t t e n t i n o f
H t o B o r i n e r a t e w a s h w n b y H e l e n e
S h e k e d h m s e v e r a l q u e s t i n b o u t h
j u r n e y a d e e m e d g r e a t l y i n t e r e s t e d i n
t h t a t e o f t h P r u s s i a n m y A s s o o n a h e
h d i n h e d h e t u r n e d t o h m w t h h e r u s u a l
s m l e

"Y o u a b s o l u t e l y m u s t c o m e a n d s e e m e s l e
s a d t o e t h a t i m p l i e d t h a t, f e r t a n c o n
d e r a t o h c o u l d n o t k n o w o f t h i s w a s a b
s o l u t e l y n e c e s s a r y

O n T u e s d a y b e t w e e n e i g h t a n d n e. I t
w l l g i m g r e a t p l e a s u r e.

B o r i s p r o m i s e d t f i l l h e r w i s h a d w a s
b o u t t o b e g i n a c o n e r s a t i n w t h h e r w h e n
A P a l o v n c a l l e d h i m w a y t h p e t t
t h a t h u u t w h e d t h e a r h m.

"Y o u k n o w h e r h u s b a n d, o f c o r s e s a d
A n n a P a l l n c l o s h e y e s d e d c a t
o H e l e n e w t h s o r r w l l g e s t e. A h h
i s u c h n u n f r t n a d c h a r m w m

"E u r o p e w i l l n e v e r b e u r i n e r l y

Don't mention him before her—please don't! It is too painful for her!

CHAPTER VII

WHEN BORIS and Anna Pávlovna returned to the others Prince Hippolyte had the ear of the company.

Bending forward in his armchair he said *Le Roi de Prusse!* and having said this laughed. Everyone turned toward him.

Le Roi de Prusse? Hippolyte said interrogatively again laughing and then calmly and seriously sat back in his chair. Anna Pávlovna waited for him to go on, but as he seemed quite decided to say no more she began to tell of how at Potsdam the impious Bonaparte had stolen the sword of Frederick the Great.

It is the sword of Frederick the Great which I—she began, but Hippolyte interrupted her with the words *Le Roi de Prusse* and again as soon as all turned toward him excused himself and said no more.

Anna Pávlovna frowned. Mortemart Hippolyte's friend addressed him firmly.

Come now, what about your *Roi de Prusse*?

Hippolyte laughed as if ashamed of laughing.

Oh, it's nothing. I only wished to say (he wanted to repeat a joke he had heard in Vienna and which he had been trying all that evening to get in). I only wished to say that we are wrong to fight *pour le Roi de Prusse!*

Boris smiled circumspectly, so that it might be taken as ironical or appreciative according to the way the joke was received. Everybody laughed.

Your joke is too bad, it's witty but unjust, said Anna Pávlovna, shaking her little shriveled finger at him.

We are not fighting *pour le Roi de Prusse*

and turned chiefly on the political news. It became particularly animated toward the end of the evening when the rewards bestowed by the Emperor were mentioned.

Pardon me! A snuffbox with the Emperor's portrait is a reward but not a distinction, said the diplomatist—a gift rather.

For the King of Prussia—a phrase used in French to denote a trifle of no value.—*Tr.*

There are precedents. I may mention Schwarzenberg.

It's impossible, replied another.

Will you bet? The ribbon of the order is a different matter.

When everybody rose to go Hélène who had spoken very little all the evening again turned to Boris asking him in a tone of caressing significant command to come to her on Tuesday.

It is of great importance to me, she said, turning with a smile toward Anna Pávlovna and Anna Pávlovna with the same sad smile with which she spoke of her exalted patroness supported Hélène's wish.

It seemed as if from some words Boris had spoken that evening about the Prussian army Hélène had suddenly found it necessary to see him. She seemed to promise to explain that necessity to him when he came on Tuesday.

But on Tuesday evening, having come to Hélène's splendid salon, Boris received no clear explanation of why it had been necessary for him to come. There were other guests and the countess talked little to him and only as he kissed her hand on taking leave said unexpectedly and in a whisper with a strangely unsmiling face: Come to dinner tomorrow in the evening. You must come. *Come!*

During that stay in Petersburg Boris became an intimate in the countess's house.

CHAPTER VIII

THE WAR was flaming up and nearing the Russian frontier. Everywhere one heard curses on Bonaparte, the enemy of mankind. Militiamen and recruits were being enrolled in the villages and from the seats of war came contradictory news, false as usual and therefore variously interpreted. The life of old Prince Bolkonski, Prince Andrei and Princess Mary had greatly changed since 1805.

In 1806 the old prince was made one of the eight commanders in chief then appointed to supervise the enrollment decreed throughout Russia. Despite the weakness of age which had become particularly noticeable since the time when he thought his son had been killed, he did not think it right to refuse a duty to which he had been appointed by the Emperor himself and this fresh opportunity for action gave him new energy and strength. He was continually traveling through the three provinces entrusted to him, as president in the fulfillment of his duties severe to cruelty with his subordinates and went into everything down to the

the poor Mary had

at Bald Hills as usual during her absence. Little Nicholas had been unwell for four days. The coachman who had driven the old prince to town returned bringing papers and letters for Princess Andrew.

Not finding the young prince in his study the valet went with the letters to Princess Mary's apartments, but did not find him there. He was told that the prince had gone to the nursery.

"If you please your excellency Petrúkhich brought some papers," said one of the nurses to Princess Andrew who was sitting on the child's little chair while frowning and with trembling hand he poured drops from medicine bottle into a wine glass half full of water.

"What is it?" he said crossly and his hand shook. Unintentionally he poured too many drops into the glass. He threw the mixture on to the floor and kicked some more water. The maid brought it.

There were in the room a child's cot, two boxes, two armchairs, a table and a child's table and the little chair on which Prince Andrew was sitting. The curtains were drawn and six candlewicks burning on the table screened by a bookcase so that the light did not fall on the cot.

"My dear," said Princess Mary addressing her brother from beside the cot where she was standing better than a bit later.

"Oh leave off your way talk nonsense and keep it going off—and then what comes of it?" said Prince Andrew in an exasperated whisper evidently meaning to wound his sister.

"My dear really it is better not to wake him. He is asleep," said the princess natally of enurety.

Prince Andrew got up and went on to the upper part of the little bed with a sigh.

"Perhaps we'd really better not wake him," he said hesitatingly.

"As you please, really. I think so, but as you please," said Princess Mary coldly. Undisturbed and confused that her opinion prevailed. She drew her brother attention to the maid who was calling him in a whisper.

It was the second night of the fever. They had kept watching the boy who was now high fever. The last day morning the boy had doctor expect her from whom they had sent to town. They had been first remedy the mother was utter by his helplessness and anxiety they threw the

to her little nephew's best she could. The comtesse Bourienne too seemed positively fond of the boy. Princess Mary often deprived herself to give her friend the pleasure of calling on the little child—as he called her nephew—a day playing with him.

Near the altar of the church at Bald Hills there was a chapel over the tomb of the little princess. In this chapel was a marble monument brought from Italy representing a girl with upspread wings ready to fly upwards. The angels' paper lamp was slightly raised so that the chapel Princess Andrew and Princess Mary admitted to each other that the angel's face reminded them tragically of the little princess. But what was still strange though of this Princess Andrew said nothing to his sister was that in the expression the sculptor had happened to give the angel's face Princess Andrew read the same mild reproach he had read on the face of his dead wife. Ah, why have you deceived me?

Soon after Prince Andrew's return the little prince made over to him large estate Bogucháro about twenty-five miles from Bald Hills. Partly because of the distress memories associated with Bald Hills partly because Princess Andrew did not always feel equal to bearing with his father's peculiarities, and partly because he needed solitude. Prince Andrew made up Bogucháro began building and spent most of his time there.

After the Austro-Turkish campaign Prince Andrew had firmly resolved not to continue his military career. When the war recommenced everybody had to serve. He took a post under his father the recruitment so as to avoid service. The little prince's husband seemed to have changed roles since the campaign of 1877. The little man roused by curiosity expected the best results from the new campaign while Prince Andrew in the contrary taking part in the war and secretly regretting this saw only the dark side.

On February 6, 1897 the little prince set off on his circuits. Prince Andrew remained

Don't mention him before her—please don't! It is too painful for her!

CHAPTER VII

WHEN BORIS and Anna Pávlovna returned to the others Prince Hippolyte had the ear of the company

Bending forward in his armchair he said *Le Roi de Prusse!* and having said this laughed. Everyone turned toward him.

Le Roi de Prusse! Hippolyte said interrogatively again laughing and then calmly and seriously sat back in his chair. Anna Pávlovna waited for him to go on but as he seemed quite decided to say no more she began to tell of how at Potsdam the impious Bonaparte had stolen the sword of Frederick the Great.

It is the sword of Frederick the Great which I she began but Hippolyte interrupted her with the words *Le Roi de Prusse* and again as soon as all turned toward him excused himself and said no more.

Anna Pávlovna frowned. Mortemart Hippolyte's friend addressed him firmly.

Come now what about your *Roi de Prusse*?

Hippolyte laughed as if ashamed of laughing.

Oh it's nothing. I only wished to say (he wanted to repeat a joke he had heard in Vienna and which he had been trying all that evening to get in) I only wished to say that we are wrong to fight *pour le Roi de Prusse!*

Boris smiled circumspectly so that it might be taken as ironical or appreciative according to the way the joke was received. Everybody laughed.

Your joke is too bad it's witty but unjust said Anna Pávlovna shaking her little shriveled finger at him.

We are not fighting *pour le Roi de Prusse* but for right principles. Oh that wicked Prince Hippolyte! she said.

The conversation did not flag all evening and turned chiefly on the political news. It became particularly animated toward the end of the evening when the rewards bestowed by the Emperor were mentioned.

You know N—N— received a snuffbox with the portrait last year? said the man of profound intellect. Why shouldn't S—S— get

the diplomatist—a gift rather

For the King of Prussia—phrased in French to denote for a title of no value—

There are precedents I may mention Schwarzenberg

It's impossible replied another

Will you bet? The ribbon of the order is a different matter

When everybody rose to go Hélène who had spoken very little all the evening again turned to Boris asking him in a tone of caring significant command to come to her on Tuesday

It is of great importance to me she said, turning with a smile toward Anna Pávlovna and Anna Pávlovna with the same sad smile with which she spoke of her exalted patroness supported Hélène's wish

It seemed as if from some words Boris had spoken that evening about the Prussian army Hélène had suddenly found it necessary to see him. She seemed to promise to explain that necessity to him when he came on Tuesday

But on Tuesday evening having come to Hélène's splendid salon Boris received no clear explanation of why it had been necessary for him to come. There were other guests and the countess talked little to him and only as he kissed her hand on taking leave said unexpectedly and in a whisper with a strangely unsmiling face. Come to dinner tomorrow in the evening. You must come. Come!

During that stay in Petersburg Boris became an intimate in the countess's house

CHAPTER VIII

THE WAR WAS flaming up and nearing the Russian frontier. Everywhere one heard curses on Bonaparte the enemy of mankind. Militiamen and recruits were being enrolled in the villages and from the seat of war came contradictory news false as usual and therefore variously interpreted. The life of old Prince Bolónski, Prince Andrew and Princess Mary had greatly changed since 1805.

In 1805 the old prince was made one of the

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He thought his son had been killed he did not think it right to refuse a duty to which he had been appointed by the Emperor himself and this fresh opportunity for action gave him new energy and strength. He was continually traveling through the three provinces entrusted to him was pedantic in the fulfillment of his duties severe to cruelty with his subordinates and went into everything down to the

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all step t that e d M y I ha e cceeded!
The Pruss general p de them el es on be
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ten th sand men asks the k g of Pru
hat be is t d f he summ ed t s rre
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e f h w l d f es d raves t e cry
one d every th g e es the lett rs ope s
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dressed t th rs. Ah! So that the way t ley
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terregn m w beg n cry g n l nter
est g ser es of m ers O r a m no

burden of sorrow on one another and reproached and disputed with each other

Petrusha has come with papers from your father whispered the maid

Prince Andrew went out

Devil take them! he muttered and after listening to the verbal instructions his father had sent and taking the correspondence and his father's letter he returned to the nursery

Well? he asked

Still the same wait for heaven's sake Karl Ivanich always says that sleep is more important than anything whispered Princess Mary with a sigh

Prince Andrew went up to the child and felt him He was burning hot

Confound you and your Karl Ivanich! He took the glass with the drops and again went up to the cot

Andrew don't! said Princess Mary

But he scowled at her angrily though also with suffering in his eyes and stooped glass in hand over the infant

But I wish it he said I beg you—give it him!

Princess Mary shrugged her shoulders but took the glass submissively and calling the nurse began giving the medicine The child screamed hoarsely Prince Andrew winced and clutching his head went out and sat down on a sofa in the next room

He still had all the letters in his hand Open

per as follows

Has just the most interesting by special messenger very joyful news—it is not false Bennigsen seems to have of the complete victory of Borjov at Eylau In Pomerania everyone rejoices and the emperor is sent to the army as an inimitable Though he is a German—I congratulate

Has received another letter about the French battle of Eylau from Péténka—let it be printed in the press and it is all true When the French makers did not meddle even a German beats Napoleon He is said to be fleeing in great disorder Mordukhai-Goltovskoi without delay and carry out the strict

Prince Andrew sighed and broke the seal of another envelope It was a closely written letter of two sheets from Bilbin He folded it up

without reading it and reread his father's letter ending with the words Gallop off to Korchovo and carry out instructions!

No pardon me I won't go now till the child is better though he going to the doctor and looking into the nursery

Princess Mary was still standing by the cot, gently rocking the baby

Ah yes and what else did he say that's unpleasant? thought Prince Andrew recalling his father's letter Yes we have gained a victory over Bonaparte just when I'm not serving Yes yes he's always poking fun at me Ah well! Let him! And he began reading Bilbin's letter which was written in French He read without understanding half of it read on

CHAPTER IX

BILBIN WAS NOW at army headquarters in a diplomatic capacity and though he wrote in French and used French jests and French idioms on the

was happy to have in Prince Andrei a reliable correspondent to whom he could pour out the bile he had accumulated at the sight of all that was being done in the army The letter was old having been written before the battle at Preussisch Eylau

Since the day of our brilliant success at Austerlitz wrote Bilbin as you know my dear prince I never leave headquarters I have certainly acquired a taste for war and it is just as well for me what I have seen during these last three months is incredible

I begin ab ovo The enemy of the human race as you know attacks the Prussians The Prussians are our faithful allies who have only betrayed us three times in three years We take up their cause but it turns out that the enemy of the human race pays no heed to our fine speeches and in his rude and savage way

to smithereens and installs himself in the palace at Iotsdam

I most ardently desire writes the King of Prussia to Bonaparte that Your Majesty should be received and treated in my palace in a manner agreeable to yourself and in so far as cir

BOOK FIVE

circumstances allowed, I have endeavored to take all steps to that end. May I have succeeded! The Prussian generals permitted themselves to be ingrafted into the French and lay down their arms at the first demand.

"The head of the garrison at Glengau with ten thousand men asks the king of Prussia what he is to do if he is surrounded by the French."

[illegible]

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to the 1st Cavalry and then a letter
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2. I don't know who red by being a gun let if gl in u t k f which he was down w t your most gra of hosp t l that I may not be of army My rem al from duce the sl g t test un There r t l u d

The field marshal is a high-ranking military officer, and the ad hoc president is a temporary president.

Th... the first...
n... rally...
ta... After the field...
m...

the enemy and he was left perfectly com-
port not fighting and on his own hand

Let us say I know h ry bad w

[illegible]

So energetically do we pursue this aim that after crossing an unfordable river we burn the bridges to separate ourselves from our enemy who at the moment is not Bonaparte but Buxhowden. General Buxhowden was all but attacked and captured by a superior enemy force as a result of one of these maneuvers that enabled us to escape him. Buxhowden pursues us—we scuttle. He hardly crosses the river to our side before we recross to the other. At last our enemy Buxhowden catches us and attacks. Both generals are angry and the result is a challenge on Buxhowden's part and an epileptic fit on Bennigsen's. But at the critical moment the courier who carried the news of our victory at Pultusk to Petersburg returns bringing our appointment as commander in chief and our first foe Buxhowden is vanquished and we can now turn our thoughts to the second Bonaparte. But as it turns out just at that moment a third enemy rises before us—namely the *Orthodox Russian soldiers* loudly demanding bread, meat, biscuits, fodder, and whatnot! The stores are empty, the roads impassable. The Orthodox begin looting, and in a way of which our last campaign can give you no idea. Half the regiments form bands and scour the countryside and put everything to fire and sword. The inhabitants are totally ruined, the hospitals overflow with sick, and famine is everywhere. Twice the marauders even attack our headquarters, and the commander in chief has to ask for a battalion to disperse them. During one of these attacks they carried off my empty portmanteau and my dressing gown. The Emperor proposes to give all commanders

I

At first Prince Andrew read with his eyes only, but after a while, in spite of himself (although he knew how far it was safe to trust Bilbin) what he had read began to interest him more and more. When he had read thus far, he crumpled the letter up and threw it away. It was not what he had read that vexed him, but the fact that the life out therein which he had now no part could perturb him. He shut his eyes, rubbed his forehead as if to rid himself of all interest in what he had read, and listened to what was passing in the nursery. Suddenly he thought he heard a strange noise through the door. He was seized with alarm, lest something should have happened to the child while he was reading the letter. He went on tiptoe to the nursery door and opened it.

Just as he went in he saw that the nurse was hiding something from him with a scared look, and that Princess Mary was no longer by the cot.

My dear, he heard what seemed to him her despairing whisper behind him.

dead. All that he saw and heard seemed to confirm this terror.

All is over, he thought, and a cold sweat broke out on his forehead. He went to the cot in confusion, sure that he would find it empty, and that the nurse had been hiding the dead baby. He drew the curtain aside and for some

head lower than the pillow, and was smacking his lips in his sleep and breathing evenly.

Prince Andrew was as glad to find the boy like that, as if he had already lost him. He beat over him, and as his sister had taught him, tried with his lips whether the child was still feverish. The soft forehead was moist. Prince Andrew touched the head with his hand, even the hair was wet, so profusely had the child perspired. He was not dead, but evidently the crisis was over and he was convalescent. Prince Andrew longed to snatch up to squeeze to hold to his heart this helpless little creature, but dared not do so. He stood over him, gazing at his head and at the little arms and legs which showed under the blanket. He heard a rustle behind him, and a shadow appeared under the curtain of the cot. He did not look round, but still gazing at the infant's face listened to his regular breathing. The dark shadow was Princess Mary, who had come up to the cot with noiseless steps, lifted the curtain, and dropped it again behind her. Prince Andrew recognized her without looking and held out his hand to her. She pressed it.

He has perspired, said Prince Andrew.

I

dim shadow of the curtain, her luminous eyes shone more brightly than usual from the tears of joy that were in them. She leaned over to her brother and kissed him, slightly catching the curtain of the cot. Each made the other a warning gesture and stood still in the dim light beneath the curtain as if not wishing to

leave that edus o where they three were shut
 f from all the world. Pr n e A drew wa the
 first t move way ruff n his hair aga t the
 muslim f th curta

"Yes, this is the one th gl f t me n w he
 said th gh.

CHAPTER V

SoO AFTER his admiss nto the M so c Broth-
 erhood, P erre we t t th k ev pro ce
 mber of serfs, tak

we t f t terest d bts. The bu ld n of a
 new church p ev nly begun had cost b t
 o, 000 n e h of the la t two ears, and he
 did not know how th rest, bout 10,000
 rubles, wa spent, d lmost every year he wa
 bl ged to borrow. Bes des th s the ch f st w
 and wrote every y a tell gh m of f es l
 bad harvests, o of the necess ty of rebu ld
 g facto es a d w rk hops. So the first ta k
 P err had to f e wa one f r wh ch he had
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—

stewards t th head fice nd expl ed to
 them h tent n s and wishes. He t ld them
 that steps would be take mmed t ly to free
 his serfs—and that till then they were n t be
 erburd ed with labo women while nurs-
 ing th r babies were n t to be sent to wo k
 assistance ast be given t the serfs, p ish
 me t s er t be dmon t ry a d not corporal
 and hosp tals, asyl ms, d schools wer t be
 established ll th estates. Some of the stew-
 ards (there were semil terate f remen m g
 them) listened w th l rm uppos g these
 words to mea that th you g count wa d s-
 pleased w th their ma game t d embezzle-
 m t of mo ev some fter th first fright
 ere amused by P err l p d th new words

n t l kup w th them r make them m e U
 the ne ha d the h ef steward put th st t of
 —

could best handl the master f r th r wn
 ends.

The ch f teward expressed great sympathy
 w th P erre t ns, but ema ked that be-
 sides these cha ges t w uld be necessary t go
 o the general tate f affa rs which was far
 from satisf ct ry

Deep te Co t Berukh v en rmous wealth
 h had me t n ome wh ch was
 said to amount to fi hu dred thousand ru-
 bles year P erre f l h mself fa poore than
 wh his father had had h m n ll wa ce
 f ten thousand rubles. H had d m per ep-
 bo f th f ll w g bud t

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 for the pkeep f th esta ear Mosc w th
 town house d th ll wance t th three
 princesses bo 000 was g en pe ns
 nd the same m f asylums 5,000 al
 money was sent t the cou tess bo 000

P erre dema ded th t eps should be t ken to
 liberat th serf wh h the steward met b
 how g the neces t of first p vin off the
 loa s from the Land B nk nd the consequent
 mpos b l ty of speedy eman pation

The steward d d not say t wa qu te mpos-
 ble but suggested sell g the f rest t l
 pro ce f Kostromá the l d l wer down
 the er d the Crimean estate orle to
 make t pos ble ll f wh h operatio ac-
 cord ng to h m were nected w th u h com-
 pl cated measures—th remo al of j nct o
 pet t s, perm ts, d so on—that P erre be-
 came qu e bew ld red and only repl ed

"Yes, yes, do so

P erre had o of the pract cal pers tence
 th t would ha e bled h m t t d to the
 bu ess h mself d so he d l ked t d only
 tried t pret nd to the steward th th wa t
 t nd g to t. Th teward f his part t ed to
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 o ulta on ry aluabl f r the p p t
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I k ev P err f und some peopl l knew
 d tra ers h tenced t m k e h qua t
 e d jo fully w l med th r h ew omer
 th largest l ndowner of th pro e Tem-
 pation to P err s greatest w k es—the
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 the Lod e—were so tro g th th e u d not re-
 t them. Aga whol days weeks, d month
 f his l l p ssed n great rush nd w
 much occup ed w th e e g p rtes, d ers
 lunches nd balls, g hum no tum f re-

So energetically do we pursue this aim that after crossing an unfordable river we burn the bridges to separate ourselves from our enemy who at the moment is not Bonaparte but Buxhowden. General Buxhowden was all but attacked and captured by a superior enemy force as a result of one of these maneuvers that enabled us to escape him. Buxhowden pursues us—we scuttle. He hardly crosses the river to our side before we recross to the other. At last our enemy Buxhowden catches us and attacks. Both generals are angry and the result is a challenge on Buxhowden's part and an epileptic fit on Bennigsen's. But at the critical moment the courier who carried the news of our victory at Pultusk to Petersburg returns bringing our appointment as commander in chief and our first foe Buxhowden is vanquished. We can now turn our thoughts to the second Bonaparte. But as it turns out just at that moment a third enemy rises before us.

which our last campaign can give you no idea. Half the regiments form bands and scour the countryside and put everything to fire and sword. The inhabitants are totally ruined; the hospitals overflow with sick and famine is everywhere. Twice the marauders even attack our headquarters and the commander in chief has to ask for a battalion to disperse them. During one of these attacks they carried off my empty portmanteau and my dressing gown. The Emperor—
of divisions
I much fear
to shoot the

At first Prince Andrew read with his eyes only but after a while in spite of himself (although he knew how far it was safe to trust Bilibin) what he had read began to interest him more and more. When he had read thus far he crumpled the letter up and threw it away. It was not what he had read that vexed him but the fact that the life out there in which he had now no part could perturb him. He shut his eyes, rubbed his forehead as if to rid himself of all interest in what he had read and listened to what was passing in the nursery. Suddenly he thought he heard a strange noise through the door. He was seized with alarm; something should have happened to the child while he was reading the letter. He went on tiptoe to the nursery door and opened it.

Just as he went in he saw that the

My dear he heard what seemed to him her despairing whisper behind him
As often happens after long

at the saw and heard seemed to confirm this terror

All is over he thought and a cold sweat broke out on his forehead in confusion and that

He drew the curtain aside and for some time his frightened restless eyes could not find the baby. At last he saw him: the rosy boy had tossed about till he lay across the bed with his head lower than the pillow and was smacking his lips in his sleep and breathing evenly.

Prince Andrew was as glad to find the boy like that as if he had already lost him. He bent over him and as his sister had taught him, tried with his lips whether the child was still feverish. The soft forehead was moist. Prince Andrew touched the head with his hand; even the hair was wet so profusely had the child perspired. He was not dead but evidently the crisis was over and he was convalescent. Prince Andrew longed to snatch up to squeeze to hold to his heart this helpless little creature but dared not do so. He stood over him gazing at his head and at the little arms and legs which showed under the blanket. He heard a rustle behind him and a shadow appeared under the curtain of the cot. He did not look round but still gazing at the infant's face

He pressed it again behind her. Prince Andrew recognized her with his

I seemed to tell you so
The child moved slightly in his sleep smiled and rubbed his forehead against the pillow.

Prince Andrew looked at his sister. In the dim shadow of the curtain her luminous eyes shone more brightly than usual from the tears of joy that were in them. She leaned over to her brother and kissed him, almost catching the curtain of the cot. Each made the other a warning gesture and stood still in the dim light beneath the curtain as if not wishing to

but he insisted, though reluctantly on what he thought right. The steward promised to do all in his power to carry out the commands he saw clearly that he would the cut ever be bled find out whether all measures had been taken for the sale of the land and rests to release them from the Land Bank, but would probably even require would ever that the newly erected build

CHAPTER VI

RERUN IN HIS journey through Soth Russia the happiest time of his life Pierre carried out to him his old friend of his friend Bolko, who had not seen two years.

Bolko lay in flat interest apart from the country among fields of forests of fir and birch, which were partly cut down. The house, which had been newly built, was filled with water, the brick walls were bare of plaster.

was garden only. The fences and gates were new and solid, with pumps and water cart, paved green roads, and the paths were straight, the bridges were strong and had handrails. Everything was an example of tidiness and good management. Some domestic servants Pierre met, especially those as to where the prince lived, pointed to the small newly built lodge close to the pond. A tall man who had looked after Prince Andrew's boyhood, helped Pierre to his carriage and showed him into the clean little room.

Pierre was struck by the modesty of the small though clean house after the brilliant surroundings in which he had last met his friend in Petersburg.

He quickly entered the small reception room which is still unplastered wood on wall redolent of pine, and would have gone farther but a servant ran ahead, tripping and knocking at the door.

"Well, what is it?" came a sharp unpleasant voice.

As Pierre saw the old Anton. Ask me what at the soul was heard of his beloved. Pierre went through the door and suddenly came face to face with Prince Andrew who came to him and looked at him. Pierre embraced him and felt his spectacles. He had felt the clock and looked at him closely.

Well, I did not expect you. I am very glad to see you.

Pierre said that he looked fixedly at his friend with surprise. He was struck by the change in him. His words were kindly and there was a smile on his lips and face. The eyes were still and lifeless, despite of his

gentle wish to do so he could not give them a joyous and glad smile. Prince Andrew had grown thinner, paler, more melancholy, but without a trace of estrangement. Pierre felt he got used to these his friend's new life on his brow, his calm, profound concentration on some other thought.

As usually the case with people meeting for the first time, separation was a long and difficult thing. They parted and gave each other a long look, as they knew that they would never see each other again. At last the conversation gradually settled on some of the topics at first lightly touched on their parting plans for the future.

Pierre's journey and occupation, the war, and so on. The preoccupation of the government which Pierre had noticed in his friend's look was now still more clearly expressed. The smile which he had tried to put on Pierre especially when he spoke with joyful mention of the past. It was as if Prince Andrew would have liked to sympathize with what Pierre was saying but did not. The latter began to feel that it was bad to let the peak of his enthusiasm, dreams, and hopes of happiness, goodness in Prince Andrew escape. He was ashamed to express his new Maslov views, which had been partly created and threatened by his letter to him.

tears.

I can't tell you how much I have learned through science that I hardly know myself again.

"Yes, we have altered much, very much," he then said Prince Andrew.

flection as in Petersburg. Instead of the new

enjoined every Mason to set an example of moral life and that of the seven virtues he lacked two—morality and the love of death. He consoled himself with the thought that he fulfilled another of the precepts—that of reforming the human race—and had other virtues—love of his neighbor and especially generosity.

In the spring of 1807 he decided to return to Petersburg. On the way he intended to visit all his estates and see for himself how far his orders had been carried out and in what state were the serfs whom God had entrusted to his care and whom he intended to benefit.

The chief steward, who considered the young count's attempts almost insane—unprofitable to himself, to the count and to the serfs—made some concessions. Continuing to represent the liberation of the serfs as impracticable, he arranged for the erection of large buildings—schools, hospitals and asylums—on all the estates before the master arrived. Everywhere preparations were made not for ceremonious welcomes (which he knew Pierre would not like) but for just such gratefully religious ones

erected or in course of erection all on one plan for hospitals, schools and almshouses, which were soon to be opened. Everywhere he saw the stewards' accounts according to which the serfs' manorial labor had been diminished, and heard the touching thanks of deputations of serfs in their full-skirted blue coats.

What Pierre did not know was that the place where they presented him with bread and salt and wished to build a chantry in honor of Peter and Paul was a market village where a fair was held on St. Peter's day and that the richest peasants (who formed the deputation) had begun the chantry long before but that nine-tenths of the peasants in that village were in a state of the greatest poverty. He did not know that since the nursing mothers were no longer sent to work on his land, they did still harder work on their own land. He did not know that the priest who met him with the cross oppressed the peasants by his exactions, and that the pupils' parents wept at having to let him take their children and secured their release by heavy payments. He did not know that the brick buildings built to plan were being built by serfs whose manorial labor was thus increased though lessened on paper. He did not know that where the steward had shown him in the accounts that the serfs' payments had been diminished by a third, their obligatory manorial work had been increased by a half. And so Pierre was delighted with his visit to his estates and quite recovered the philanthropic mood in which he had left Petersburg, and wrote enthusiastic letters to his brother-instructor as he called the Grand Master.

How easy it is, how little effort it needs to do so much good, thought Pierre, and how little attention we pay to it!

For these simple kindly people

The chief steward, a very stupid but cunning

harder with proofs of the impossibility and above all the uselessness of freeing the serfs.

pier people said that God only knew what would happen to them when they were free

Pierre. The estates he had not before visited were each more picturesque than the other; the serfs everywhere seemed thriving and touchingly grateful for the benefits conferred on them. Every where were receptions which though they embarrassed Pierre awakened a joyful feeling in the depth of his heart. In one place the peasants presented him with bread and salt and an icon of Saint Peter and Saint Paul, asking permission as a mark of their gratitude for the benefits he had conferred on them to build a new chantry to the church at their own expense in honor of Peter and Paul his patron saints. In another place the women with infants in arms met him to thank him for releasing them from hard work. On a third estate the priest, bearing a cross, came to meet him surrounded by children whom by the

b. The undersigned, though reluctantly on what he
thought right. The steward promised to do all
in his power to carry out the contract with
the least delay that it could be accomplished.

A stranger answered Anton
All into the noise and was heard
of a clatter and a loud bark
Perre went in and stepped to the door and
suddenly came face to face with Prince An-
drew who came out with a gallant gold
Pierre embraced him and lifted his spectacles
kissed his forehead on the cheek looked at
him closely

therpeopl serfs ga e—that is to say all that
could be got out of them.

CHAPTER VI

RETURNER: In this journey through South Russia the happiest time I had ever known came when the tunnel I had long had of vision of the end of the world was within sight. I saw it in two years.

Boru hiro lay n a flat un interest ng p rt
f the co try m fields a d f ests f fir
and burch, which we p rtly cut d wn
The house y behu d ewly dug po d filled w th
a ert to th br k d w th b ks t ll bar of
grass. It as t th e d f ll w th a t etched
lo g the h bro d th m dst of you g
copse wh ch few fi trees.

The homestead consisted of threshing floor
houses tables to the use lodge and
large brick house with semicircular porch still
in use for construction. Run down house
was garden early laid out. The fences and
gates were sold to the fire pumps and
water cart, putted green road led the
paths were straight, the bridges were strong
and had handrails. Erythrina garden impress-
ive. Good mangoes. Some domestic
herbs planted. Pond to the mall
wall behind lodge lost to the pond. A to-
mahto house looked to the pond. A drew
his boyhood helped Perry at the carriage
and that the people were the same. The wed-
ding feast in the room.

Perrin's truck by the modesty of the small
the ghazal house further by the
g which had been in the field
Petersburg

H quickly en red th sm ll pt n room
with ts ull u plas t red wood n wall redol-
ent fp e dw uld ha go f rther but
A ra head t poe d k ked t
do

"Will what is? can harp u pleasant

Well I do expect you I am cry'd
and Prince And ew

Perres d'otil g he looked f edly at h s
fine d with s spric life wa tuck ly the
ch ge in h m. If word w re knlly a d
there was a smle on h slps a d f c but h
eyes were dull and l f less l n p te of h
es dent w h to lo so he could n t g e them a
oyo s d g l p kl Pr ce And w f d
— — — — — e e l e r d more ma l look x

in some one thing.

As usual, the case with people meet-
 after prolonged par- it was be-
 fore the conference could settle on any
 thing. They put questions down before
 the board, but they knew it would be a
 long time. At the conference, grad-
 ually, some of the points at first lively
 died on the platform. The first of
 the Peres, however, I occupied the
 first day so. The preoccupation of de-
 pending which Peres had not ended in
 friend look was still more clearly ex-
 pressed than I will which I listened to
 with special interest when he spoke. I joy-
 fully met his point of view. It was as if
 Professor Andrew had had to simplify the
 with which Peres was saying but could not
 The latter began to feel that it was hard to
 to speak his enthusiasm, his dreams, his
 hopes. His expression of good was in the
 presence. He was hampered to express his
 Masonic views which had been particularly
 ed. He threatened by his list. He
 feared himself, fearing not seem, yet he
 felt irresistible desire to show his
 as soon as possible that this was what
 I thought, but better Peres than he had been in
 Petersburg.

I can't tell you how much I have led through since the I hardly know myself again.

Yes we have liered much, ery much, c
then s d Pr ce A drew

Well and you? What are your plans?

Plans! repeated Prince Andrew ironically. My plans? he said as if astonished at the word. Well, you see, I'm building. I mean to settle here altogether next year.

Pierre looked silently and searchingly into Prince Andrew's face, which had grown much older.

No, I meant to ask, Pierre began, but Prince Andrew interrupted him.

But why talk of me? Talk to me, yes, tell me about your travels and all you have been doing on your estates.

Pierre began describing what he had done on his estates, trying as far as possible to conceal his own part in the improvements that had been made. Prince Andrew several times prompted Pierre's story of what he had been doing, as though it were all an old-time story, and he listened not only without interest but even as if ashamed of what Pierre was telling him.

Pierre felt uncomfortable and even depressed in his friend's company and at last became silent.

I'll tell you what, my dear fellow, said Prince Andrew, who evidently also felt depressed and constrained with his visitor. I am only bivouacking here and have just come to look round. I'm going back to my s—
I will know
entert

whom he now found nothing in common. We'll go after dinner. And would you now like to look round my place?

They went out and walked about till dinner-time, talking of the political news and common acquaintances like people who do not know each other intimately. Prince Andrew spoke with some animation and interest only of the new homestead he was constructing and its buildings, but even here, while on the scaffolding in the midst of a talk explaining the future arrangements of the house, he interrupted himself.

However, this is not at all interesting. Let us have dinner, and then we'll set off.

At dinner, conversation turned on Pierre's marriage.

I was very much surprised when I heard of it, said Prince Andrew.

Pierre blushed as he always did when it was mentioned and said hurriedly: I will tell you some time how it all happened. But you know it is all over and forever.

Forever? said Prince Andrew. Nothing forever.

But you know how it all ended, don't you? You heard of the duel?

And so you had to go through that too!

One thing I thank God for is that I did not kill that man, said Pierre.

Why so? asked Prince Andrew.

What does harm to another is wrong, said Pierre, feeling with pleasure that for the first time since his arrival Prince Andrew was roused.

had begun to talk and wanted to express what had brought him to his present state.

And who has told you what is bad for another man? he asked.

Bad! Bad! exclaimed Pierre.

more and more animated and evidently wishing to express his new outlook to Pierre. He spoke in French: Only know that every real evil in life, remorse and illness. The only good is the absence of those evils. To live for myself, avoiding those evil evils is my whole philosophy now.

And love of one's neighbor and self sacrifice? began Pierre. No, I can't agree with you! To live only so as not to do evil and not to have to repent is not enough. I lived like that. I only knew
(Pierre)
to live. Others only now have I understood all the happiness of life. No, I shall not agree with you and you do not really believe what you are saying. Prince Andrew looked silently at Pierre with an ironic smile.

When you see my sister Irina, Mary, you'll get on with her, he said. Perhaps you're right for yourself, he added after a short pause, but everyone lives for himself. You lived for yourself and you nearly ruined your life and only found happiness when you began living for others. I experienced just the reverse. I lived for glory — after all what is glory? The same love of others, desire to do something for them, a desire for the approval

al—So I lived for others, and not almost, but quite, ruined myself. And I have become calmer since I began to live only for myself.

"But what do you mean by I only for myself," asked Pierre, growing excited. "What about your son, your sister and your father?"

"But that's just the same as myself—they are not," explained Prince Andrew. "The others are brothers, I perceive, as you and Princess Mary call it, are the chief source of all error and evil. Let perceive—our Kiev peasants to whom you want to do good."

And he looked at Pierre with mocking, challenge expression. He evidently wished to draw him on.

"I am joking," replied Pierre, growing more and more excited. "What error or evil can there be in my wishing to do good, and even doing it little—though I did evil little and did it very badly. What evil can there be in it if unfortunate people, our serfs, people like ourselves, were growing up and dying with no idea of God, and truth, and ceremonies, and meaningless prayers and are entrusted to confessions, belief in future life, retribution, recompense, and consolation. What evil and error are there in it, if people were dying of disease who help while material assistance could so easily be rendered, and I supplied them with doctors, hospital, and an asylum for the aged. And is not palpable unquestionable good if peasant, woman with babies has no rest, and no hit, and I give them rest and leisure," said Pierre, hurrying and lapsing. And I have done that though badly and it small extent, but I have done something toward it and you cannot persuade me that was no good action, and more than that, you can make me believe that you do not think so yourself. And the main thing is, he continued, that I know and know for certain, that this enjoyment of doing this good is to me a sure happiness in life."

"Yes, if you put it like that, a quiet different matter," said Prince Andrew. "I build a house and lay out a garden and you build a hospital. The one and the other may serve as a pause. But what is right and what good may be judged by who knows all, but not by us. Well, you want an argument, he added, come then."

They rose from the table and sat down in the entrance porch which served as a veranda.

"Come, let us argue then," said Prince Andrew. "I talk in schools, he went on, crook-

ing a finger and sat on and so forth that is, you wanted to raise him (pointing to a peasant who passed by them taking off his cap) from his material condition and awaken in him spiritual needs while it seems to me that material happiness is the only happiness possible and that it is just what you wanted to deprive him of. I envy him, but you want to make him what I am, without giving him means. Then you say that his nature is like that, but I see that physical labor is as essential to him as much as to you. I am not a mental activity to you, I mean. You can think, I think, I go to bed after two in the morning, though his come and I cannot sleep but toss about till dawn because I think I cannot help thinking just as he cannot help plowing and mowing if he didn't he would go to the black shop or fall ill. Just as I could not think that terrible physical labor."

at this point

He has fit, he is doing and you come and bleed him and patch him up. He will drag about as a cripple, burden to everybody for another ten years. It would be easier as a simpler for him to die. Others are born and there is plenty of them as it is. It would be different if you grudged losing a laborer—that is how I regard him—but you wanted to cure him from love of him. And he does not want that. And besides, what not on that matter ever cured anyone killed them, yes said he browned gambrilly and turned away from Pierre.

Prince Andrew expressed his ideas so clearly and distinctly that it was evident he had reflected on this subject more than once and he spoke readily and rapidly like a man who has not talked long. His glance became more animated as his conclusions became more hopeless.

"Oh, that is dreadful, dreadful," said Pierre. "I do not understand how one can live with such ideas. I had such moments myself not long ago, in Moscow, and when traveling, but at such times I collapsed so that I did not live at all—everything seems hateful to me myself most of all. Then I don't eat, don't wash and how is it with you."

"Why not wash. That is not clean," said Prince Andrew. "On the contrary, one must try to make one's life as pleasant as possible. I am sure that is not my fault, so I must live out my life as best I can without hurting others."

Well and you? What are your plans?

Plans! repeated Prince Andrew ironically.

My plans? he said as if astonished at the word. Well you see I'm building I mean to settle here altogether next year.

Pierre looked silently and searchingly into Prince Andrew's face which had grown much older.

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Pierre began describing what he had done on his estates trying as far as possible to conceal his own part in the improvements that had been made. Prince Andrew several times prompted Pierre's story of what he had been doing as though it were all an old time story and he listened not only without interest but even as if ashamed of what Pierre was telling him.

Pierre felt uncomfortable and even depressed in his friend's company and at last became silent.

I'll tell you what my dear fellow said Prince Andrew who evidently also felt depressed and constrained with his visitor. I am only bivouacking here and have just come to look round. I am going back to my sister today. I'll introduce you to her. But of course you know her already. He said evidently trying to entertain a visitor with whom he now found nothing in common. We will go after dinner. And would you now like to look round my place?

They went out and walked about till dinner time talking of the political news and common acquaintances like people who do not know each other intimately. Prince Andrew spoke with some animation and interest only of the new homestead he was constructing and its buildings but even here while on the scaffold in the midst of a talk explaining the

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But you know how it all ended don't you. You heard of the duel?

And so you had to go through that too.

One thing I thank God for is that I did not kill that man said Pierre.

Why so? asked Prince Andrew. To kill a vicious dog is a very good thing really.

No to kill a man is bad—wrong.

Why is it wrong? urged Prince Andrew. It is not given to man to know what is right and what is wrong. Men always did and always will err and in nothing more than in what they consider right and wrong.

What does harm to another is wrong said Pierre feeling with pleasure that for the first time since his arrival Prince Andrew was roused.

Of course he asked.

Bad! Bad! exclaimed Pierre. We all know what is bad for ourselves.

Yes we know that but the harm I am conscious of in myself is something I cannot inflict on others said Prince Andrew growing more and more animated and evidently wishing to express his new outlook to Pierre. He spoke in French. I only know too very real evils in life remorse and illness. The only good is the absence of those evils. To live for myself avoiding those two evils is my whole philosophy now.

And love of one's neighbor and self sacrifice? began Pierre. No I can't agree with you! To live only so as not to do evil and not to have to repent is not enough. I lived like that. I lived for myself and ruined myself. And only now when I am living or at least trying (Pierre's modesty made him correct himself) to live for others only now have I understood all the happiness of life. No I shall not agree with you and you do not really believe what you are saying. Prince Andrew looked silently at Pierre with an ironic smile.

When you see my sister Princess Mary you'll get on with her he said. Perhaps you are right for yourself he added after a short pause but everyone lives in his own way you lived for yourself I say you nearly ruined your life and only found happiness when you began living for others. I expected just the reverse. I lived for glory—and after all what glory? The same love of others a desire to do something for them a desire for the approval

and then he'll set off

At dinner conversation turned on Pierre's marriage.

I was very much surprised when I heard of it said Prince Andrew.

Pierre blushed as he always did when it was all told you know

like bull boats have why do they know. You would not think so."

"Think what you asked Prince Andrew drew with surprise.

Also his boutman said it came to be so. I myself thought like that, and do you know what saved me from Freemasonry? No, I smile. Freemasonry is not religious ceremony at all.

I thought it was Freemasonry is the best expression of the best, the eternal aspects of human life.

And he began to explain Freemasonry as he understood it to Prince Andrew. He said that Freemasonry is the teaching of Christianity freed from the bonds of State and Church and teaching of equal brotherhood, did he.

Only our holy brotherhood has the real meaning. If all the rest is dream, said Pierre. Understand, my dear fellow, that our world union is filled with deceit and falsehood and I agree with you that there is left for an intelligent good man but to live out his life, like you, merely try not to harm others. But make our fundamental con-

gunning, which is hidden in heaven, said Pierre.

Prince Andrew looked straight into the face of him, listened in silence. Pierre words were than the wheels of the wheels prevented his catching what Pierre said, he asked him to repeat it, but the peculiar glow that came into Prince Andrew's eyes and by his silence, Pierre saw that his words were not vain and that Prince Andrew would not interrupt him. He laughed at what he said.

They reached the river that had overflowed its banks, and which they had to cross by ferry. While the carriage and horses were being placed on it, they also stepped the raft.

Prince Andrew leaned his arms on the raft rail, gazed silently at the flood waters glittering in the setting sun.

"Well, what do you think about it, Pierre asked. Why are you silent?"

"What do I think about it? I am listening to you. I am very well. You say join our brotherhood and we will show you the meaning of the destinies of mankind, the laws which govern the world. But who are we? Men? He is that you know everything. Why do I also see what you see? You see reason, goodness, and truth on earth, but I do not see it."

Pierre interrupted him.

"Do you believe in a future life, he asked.

"A future life? Prince Andrew repeated, but Pierre, getting impatient to reply, took the repetition for denial the more readily, he knew Prince Andrew's former attitude concerning it.

truth, all of these are but in the universe in the whole universe there is a kind of truth, and we who are now the children of earth—eternally—children of the whole universe. Don't I feel in my soul that I am part of this vast harmonious whole? Don't I feel that I form one link in the step between the lower

and the higher?—and thus a harmonious multitude of beings whom the Deity—the Supreme Power if you prefer the term—makes? If I see clearly see that ladder leading from planet to planet why should I suppose it breaks off at me and does not go further and farther? I feel that I cannot vanish since everything exists in the world, but that I shall always exist. I have existed. I feel that beyond me and above me there are spirits, and that in this world there is truth.

bled (he turned away) and oddly that being is seized with pain, suffers, and ceases to exist. What! It cannot be that there is no answer. And I believe there is. That what convinces that is what has convinced me, said Prince Andrew.

"Yes, yes, of course, said Pierre, isn't that what I am saying?"

"No. All I say is that it is not an argument that convinces me."

III.

"Well, that is that. You know that there is aether and there is Spirit. There is the future life. The Supreme is—God."

Prince Andrew did not reply. The carriage

But with such ideas what motive have you for living? One would sit without moving undertaking nothing

Life as it is leaves one no peace I should be thankful to do nothing but here on the one hand the local nobility have done me the honor to choose me to be their marshal it was all I could do to get out of it They could not understand that I have not the necessary qualifications for it—the kind of good natured fussy shallowness necessary for the position Then there's this house which must be built in order to have a nook of one's own in which to be quiet And now there's this recruiting

Why aren't you serving in the army?

After Austerlitz! said Prince Andrew gloomily No thank you very much! I have promised myself not to serve again in the active Russian army And I won't—not even if Bonaparte were here at Smolensk threatening Bald Hills—even then I wouldn't serve in the Russian army! Well as I was saying he continued recovering his composure now there's this recruiting My father is chief in command of the Third District and my only way of avoiding active service is to serve under him

Then you are serving?

I am

He praised a little a while

And why do you serve?

Why for this reason! My father is one of the most remarkable men of his time But he is growing old and though not exactly cruel he has too energetic a character He is so accustomed to unlimited power that he is terrible and now he has this authority of a commander in chief of the recruiting granted by the Emperor If I had been ten hours late a fortnight ago he would have had a paymaster's clerk at Yushmanova hanged said Prince Andrew with a smile So I am serving because I alone have any influence with my father and now and then can save him from actions which would torment him afterwards

Well there you see!

Yes but it's not as you imagine Prince Andre continued I didn't do and do not in the least care about that scoundrel of a clerk who had stolen some boots from the recruits I should even have been very glad to see him hanged! But I was sorry for my father—that again is for myself

Prince Andrew grew more and more animated His eyes glittered feverishly while he tried to prove to Pierre that in his actions there was no desire to do good to his neighbor

There now you wish to liberate your serfs he continued that is a very good thing but not for you—I don't suppose you ever had a one flogged or sent to Siberia—and still less for your serfs If they are beaten flogged or sent

— — — — —

ple I pity and for their sake I should like to liberate the serfs You may not have seen but I

in those

me when

rue and

harsh are conscious of it but cannot restrain themselves and grow more and more miserable

Prince Andrew spoke so earnestly that Pierre could not help thinking that these thoughts had been suggested to Prince Andrew by his father's case

He did not reply

So that is that I am sorry for—human dignity, peace of mind, purity and not the serfs' backs and foreheads which beat and shave as you may always remain the same backs and foreheads

No, no! A thousand times no! I shall never agree with you said Pierre

CHAPTER VII

IN THE EVENING Andrew and Pierre got into the open carriage and drove to Bald Hills Prince Andrew glancing at Pierre broke the silence now and then with remarks which showed that he was in a good temper

Pointing to the fields he spoke of the improvements he was making in his husbandry

Pierre remained gloomily silent answer in monosyllables and apparently immersed in his own thoughts

He was thinking that Prince Andrew was unhappy had gone astray did not see the true light and that he Pierre ought to enlighten and raise him But as soon as he thought of what he should say he felt that Prince Andrew with one single argument could upset all his teaching and he shrank from beginning afraid of exposing to possible ridicule what to him was precious and sacred

But why do you think so? Pierre suddenly began lowering his head and looking

BOOK FIVE

le a bull bout t h r g wlyd y u th nk
 o y u lo ld n t th k so
 Th nk? What bout? ked Prince An l ew
 h surprise
 Abo t l f e b u t m a d e s t n y I t c a n t b e
 so I m y s e l f t h h t l k e t h a t n d d o y u k n w
 h t s a e d m e? F e e m s o r r y! N d n t s m l
 F m a s o r y t r e l u s c e m o l s e c t
 I t h o g h t t w a F r e e m a s o n r y i s t h e b e s t e x
 p e s s f t h b e s t t h e e t e r n l a p e c t s o f h u
 m a n y

A d h b e a n t p l n F e e m a s o n r y a s h
 d r s t o o d t P r n A n d r e w H e s a d t h a t
 F r e e m a s o n r y t h e t e a c h f C h r t i a n t y
 f e e d f r m t h b o n d s o f S t a t e n d C l u c h
 c h g f e q u i t y b r t h e r h o o d d l
 m a n f l l e a l l t h r e s t s d e a m s a d
 P e r r U d r s t a d m y d f e l l w t h a t o u t
 d t h a l l f i l l e d w t h d e c e t n d
 f l s e h o d d l g r e e w t h y o u d t n t h s
 l e f t f t l l g t n d g o o d m a n b u t t o
 l t h f l k y u m e r e l y t r y g n t t o
 h a r m t h e r s B t m k e u r f u d m e n t l c o n
 c t y o w j n u r b r o t h r h o o d g e
 y r s e l f p a u s l e t y r s e l f b e g u d e d n d
 y w l l t f l y u r s e l f l l e f e l t m y
 s e l f p a r t f t h t v a t n b l c h n t h e b e
 g f g f w h c l i s h u d d n h s a d
 F

Pierre interrupted I m
 D o y u b l e e a f u t u r e l f e? l e a s k e d
 A f u t u e l f P r n c e A n d r e w r e p e a t e d b u t
 P e r r e g l m t t m e t o r e p l y t o o k t h e
 r e p e t t n f r d l t h e m e r e a d l y a s l e
 k n e w P r n c e A n d e w f r m e r t l s t c o n
 c t n

Y u s a y y u c a t s e e a r e n o f g o o d n e s
 a n d t r u t h o n e a r t h N r c o u l d I a n d i t c a n
 n t b e s e e i f o n e l o o k s o n o u l e l e r e a s t h e
 e n d o f e v e r y t h g O n e r t l l e r e o n t h s e a t h
 (P r r e p o t e d t o t h e f i e l d s) t h e r e i s n o
 t r u t h a l l s f l e l e l b t i n t h e u n e r s e
 n t h e w h o l e u n e r s e t h e r e i s a k n g l f
 t r u t h a n d w e w h o a c n o w t h e c l d e n o f
 e a r t h a e t e r n l y c l d e n o f t h e w l l e u
 e r s e D n t l f e l i n m y s o u l t h t l m p r t f
 t h a t l r m o u w h l? D o n t l f e e l t h t
 I f r m n e l n k e s t e p b e t w e e n t h e l w e r
 d h h e b e n g s t h s a t h r m n o u s m u l
 u t d e f b e n g s n w l m t h e D e t y t h e S u
 p m e P w e f y u p r e f e r t h e t e r m i m a n
 l e s t I l f e e c l e a r l y e e t h a t l d d e r l e a d g
 f e e t t m n w h y s h u l d l s p o s e t
 d

W y s e x t n d a l a y t w t h a t
 b e y o d m e n d a b o e m t h e r e r s p r i s a d
 t h a t n t h s w o l d t h e r e t r u t h

Y e s t h a t H e d e r s t h e o r y s a d P r n c e
 A n d r e w b u t n t t h a t w h c a n c o n c e
 m e d e a r f e n d l f e d d e a t h a r e w h a t c o n
 s e e b e

e d h u c a h w h a t P
 h u n t p e t t d b y t h p e c u l r g l w t h a t
 c a m e t o P r A d w e y e s n d b y h u s
 l P e r r e s a w t h a t h u w d s w e r n t
 d t h P A n d r e w w u l l t n
 t r o p t h u m l g h t w h a t h s a d
 T h e y e a c h e d t h t h a d e r f l w e d t s
 b h s d h c h t h e y h d c r s s b y f e r r y
 W h l t h c a r r g e d h r s e w e b e g p l c e d
 t h y l s o t p p d t h r a f t
 P r A d e w l g h u s r m s n h e r a f t
 r a l g a z d l e n l y t h f l o o d g w a t e r s
 g l t t e r i n g t h e t i g u n

W l l h a t d y u t h i k b o t? P e r r e
 a s k e d W h y y u l e?

W h a d l t h n k b o u t t? I m l i s t e t o
 y o u I l l r y w l l Y u y j o u r
 b r o t h r o o d d w w l l h w y u t h e m f
 I f t h d e s t u y f m d h l w s w h c h g o v
 e r n t h l d B t w h w M e n H w i s t
 y k o w r y h g? W h y d I l o n o t s e e
 h a t y s e y u s e n f g o o d e s s d
 t r u d r t h b l d n t e e t

b l e d d h e t t e u j j
 b e n g i s e d w t h p u f f e r s a d c e a s e s t
 e x i s t W h y? I t c a n t b e t h a t t h e r e n o
 a n s w e A n d I b e l e v e t h e r e s T h a t s w h a t
 c o n c e s t h a t w h t h a s c o n n e e d m e s a d
 P r n c e A d r e w

Y e s y e s f e c u r s e s a d P e r r e u n t t h a t
 w h a t I m s a y

N A l l i y t h a t i t i s n t a r g u m e n t t h a t
 c o c e s m e f t h e n e c e s s t y f a f t u r e l f e
 b t t h i s w h e y g h a d i h n d w t h s o m e
 c n d l l a t c e t h a t p e r s o v a n s h e s t h r e
 t o u h e d y u y u r s e l f a e l e f t f
 t h a t a b y s s a d l o o k n A d I h a e l o o k e d
 n

W l l t h a t t t h e n t y o u k n w t h a t t h e r e s
 a t h e r d t h i s a s m e t T h e r i s t h e
 f u t u r e l f e T h e S m o e i s G o d

P r n c e A n d e w d d t r e p l y T h e c a r r a g e

and horses had long since been taken off onto the farther bank, and reharnessed. The sun had sunk half below the horizon and an evening frost was starting the puddles near the ferry but Pierre and Andrew to the astonishment of the footmen coachmen and ferrymen still stood on the raft and talked.

If there is a God and future life there is truth and good and man's highest happiness consists in striving to attain them. We must live we must love and we must believe that we live not only today on this scrap of earth.

He stood leaning on the railing of the raft listening to Pierre and he gazed with his eyes fixed on the red reflection of the sun gleaming on the blue waters. There was perfect stillness. Pierre became silent. The raft had long since stopped and only the waves of the current beat softly against it below. Prince Andrew felt as if the sound of the waves kept up a refrain to Pierre's words whispering:

It is true believe it. He sighed and glanced with a radiant childlike tender look at Pierre's face flushed and rapturous but yet shy before his superior friend.

Yes if it only were so! said Prince Andrew. However it is time to get on he added and stepping off the raft he looked up at the sky to which Pierre had pointed and for the first time since A sky he had seen and something something.

It awoke joy and youthful in his soul. It vanished as soon as he returned to the customary conditions of his life but he knew that this feeling which he did not know how to develop existed within him. His meeting with Pierre formed an epoch in Prince Andrew's life. Though outwardly he continued to live in the same old way inwardly he began a new life.

CHAPTER XIII

It was getting dusk when Prince Andrew and Pierre drove up to the front entrance of the house at Bald Hills.

A woman bent with age with a vallet on her back and a short long haired young man in a black garment had rushed back to the gate on seeing the carriage driving up. Two women ran out after them and all four look-

ing round at the carriage ran in dismay up the steps of the back porch.

Those are Mary's God's folk said Prince Andrew. They have mistaken us for my father. This is the one matter in which she disobeys him. He orders these pilgrims to be driven away but she receives them.

But what are God's folk? asked Pierre. Prince Andrew had no time to answer. The servants came out to meet them and he asked where the old prince was and whether he was expected back soon.

The old prince had gone to the town and was expected back any minute.

Prince Andrew led Pierre to his own apartments which were always kept in perfect order and readiness for him in his father's house. He himself went to the nursery.

Let us go and see my sister he said to Pierre when he returned. I have not found her yet she is hiding now sitting with her God's folk. It will serve her right she will be confused but you will see her God's folk. It is really very curious.

What are God's folk? asked Pierre. Come and you will see for yourself.

Princess Mary really was disconcerted and red patches came on her face when they went in. In her snug room with lamps burning before the icon stand a young lady with a long nose and long hair wearing a monk's cassock sat on the sofa beside her behind a samovar. Near them were two women.

Châ mée de vous voir Je suis très contente de vous voir she said to Pierre as he kissed her hand. She had known him as a child and now his friendship with Andrew his misfortune with his wife and above all his kindly simple face disposed her favorably toward him. She looked at him with her beautiful radiant eyes and seemed to say I like you very much but please don't laugh at my people. After exchanging the first greetings they sat down.

Al'an I Iván shka is here too! said Prince Andrew glancing with a smile at the young pilgrim.

Andrew! said Princess Mary imploringly. *Il faut que vous sachiez que c'est une Deligitel to see* I am very glad to see

some said Prince A. drew to Pierre.

Andrew said to Daria: "Princess Mary repeated."

It was evident that Prince Andrew's ironical tone toward the pilgrims and Princess Mary's helpless attempts to protect them were their necessary long-established relations on the matter.

"Vas, ma bonne amie" said Prince Andrew "vous devez en contre dire moi et moi aussi. C'est que j'ai que à Pierre votre frère et avec vous bonne."

"Really?" said Pierre, gazing over his spectacles with curiosity and seriousness (for which Princess Mary was specially grateful to him) into Irinausk's face, who, seeing that she was being spoken about, looked round at them all with crafty eyes.

Princess Mary's embarrassment on her people's account was quite unnecessary. They were not in the least flushed. The old woman, lowering her eyes but casting sidelong glances at the newcomers, had turned her cup upside down and placed it nibbled bit of sugar beside it, and sat quietly in her armchair, though hoping to be offered another cup of tea. Irinausk, popping out of her saucer, looked with sly womanish eyes from under her brows at the young men.

"Where have you been. To Kiev?" Prince Andrew asked the old woman.

"I have, good sir," she answered garrulously. "Just at Christmas time I was deemed worth to partake of the holy and heavenly sacrament at the shrine of the saint. And now I'm from Kiev, master, where great and wonderful blessing has been revealed."

"And was Irinausk with you?"

"I go by myself, benefactor," said Irinausk, trying to speak in a bass voice. "I only came across Pelageya in Yekhnova."

Pelageya interrupted her companion, so evidently wishing to tell what she had seen.

"In Kolvann, master, wonderful blessing has been revealed."

"What is it. Some new relic?" asked Prince Andrew.

"Andrew do leave off," said Princess Mary. "Don't tell him, Pelageya."

"Why not, my dear, why should I?" said Prince Andrew. "He is kind, he is one of God's cho-

"You must know that this is woman."

"For heaven's sake."

"But my dear you ought on the contrary to be the first to me for explaining to Pierre your mis-

sen has a benediction he once gave me ten rubles. I remember. When I was in Kiev. Gravy Civil says to me (he is one of God's own and goes barefoot summer and winter), he said, 'Why are you not going to the right place? Go to Kolvann where a wonder-working icon of the Holy Mother of God has been revealed. On hearing those words I said good by to the holy folk and went.'

All were silent, only the pilgrim woman went on in measured tones drawing her breath.

"So I come matter and the people's to me. A great blessing has been revealed, holy oil trickles from the cheeks of our blessed Mother the Holy Virgin Mother of God."

All right, all right, you can tell us afterwards," said Princess Mary flushly.

"Let me ask her," said Pierre. "Did you see yourselves?" he inquired.

"Oh, yes, master, I was found worth. Such a brightness on the face like the light of heaven and from the blessed Mother's cheek it drops and drops."

"But, dear me, that must be a fraud," said Pierre, naïvely, who had listened attentively to the pilgrim.

"Oh, master, what are you saying?" exclaimed the horrified Pelageya, turning to Princess Mary for support.

"They impose on the people," he repeated.

"Lord Jesus Christ," exclaimed the pilgrim woman, crossing herself. "Oh, don't speak so, master. There was general who did not believe, and said, 'The monks cheat, and as soon as he'd said it he went blind. And he dreamed that the Holy Virgin Mother of the Kiev catacombs came to him and said, 'Believe in me, and I will make you who are. So he begged. 'Take me to her, take me to her. It's the real truth. I'm ill—' you, I saw it myself. So he was brought, quite blind, straight to her, and he goes up to her and falls down and says, 'I thank me who,' says he, and I'll give thee what the Tsar bestowed on me. I saw it myself, master, the star is fixed into the icon. Well, and what do you think? He received his sight. It's a sign to speak so. God will punish you, she said and monished turning to Pierre."

"He did the star get into the icon," Pierre asked.

And was the Holy Mother promoted the rank of general?" said Prince Andrew with a smile.

Pelageya suddenly grew quite pale and clasped her hands.

and horses had long since been taken off onto the farther bank, and reharnessed. The sun had sunk half below the horizon and an evening frost was starring the puddles near the ferry but Pierre and Andrew, to the astonishment of the footmen, coachmen, and ferrymen, still stood on the raft and talked.

If there is a God and future life, there is truth and good, and man's highest happiness consists in striving to attain them. We must live, we must love, and we must believe that we live not only today on this scrap of earth, but have lived and shall live forever there in the Whole, said Pierre, and he pointed to the sky.

Prince Andrew stood leaning on the railing of the raft, listening to Pierre and gazing with his eyes fixed on the red reflection of the sun gleaming on the blue waters. There was perfect stillness. Pierre became silent. The raft had long since stopped, and only the waves of the current beat softly against it below. Prince Andrew felt as if the sound of the waves kept up a refrain to Pierre's words, whispering:

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IT WAS getting dusk when Prince Andrew and Pierre drove up to the front entrance of the house at Bald Hills. As they approached the house, Prince Andrew, with a smile, drew Pierre's attention to a commotion going on at the back porch. A woman bent with age, with a wallet on her back, and a short, long-haired young man in a black garment had rushed back to the gate on seeing the carriage driving up. Two women ran out after them, and all four look-

ing round at the carriage, ran in dismay up the steps of the back porch.

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The old prince had gone to the town and was expected back any minute.

Prince Andrew led Pierre to his own apartments, which were always kept in perfect order and readiness for him in his father's house. He himself went to the nursery.

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What are God's folk? asked Pierre.

Come, and you will see for yourself.

Princess Mary really was disconcerted, and red patches came on her face when they went in. In her snug room, with lamps burning before the icon stand, a young lad with a long nose and long hair, wearing a monk's cassock, sat on the sofa beside her, behind a samovar. Near them in an armchair sat a thin, shriveled, old woman with a meek expression on her childlike face.

Andrew, why don't you warn me? said the princess, with mild reproach, as she stood before her pilgrims like a hen before her chickens.

Charmée de vous voir. Je suis très contente de vous voir, she said to Pierre as he kissed her hand. She had known him as a child, and now his friendship with Andrew, his misfortune with his wife, and above all his kindly, simple face disposed her favorably toward him. She looked at him with her beautiful radiant eyes and seemed to say, I like you very much, but please don't laugh at my people. After exchanging the first greetings, they sat down.

Ah, and Ivanuska is here too! said Prince Andrew, glancing with a smile at the young pilgrim.

Andrew! said Princess Mary imploringly. *Il faut que vous sachiez que c'est une Dignité!* to see you. I am very glad to see

Proudly rely on the strength and charm of
"A. A. W. Th. T. I. m."

I knew them Pierre to feel like old
friend. They were all found him. I don't
know. Princess Mary who had been won by his
goodness with the plumes of a helmet in the
road looks better in the eyes of the year-old Prince
N. H. as (as his grandfather called him)
smiled at Pierre and then he bet he had his
arms. Michael I. A. O. Ch. D. M. demo-
selle Bouc looked at him with pleasure
smiles when he talked to the old prince.

The old prince came to appear that was
evidently Pierre's cousin. A. A. D. R. I. g. the
t. d. s. f. the y. g. m. n. the wa. x.
tremely kind to him. He told him that them
g. n.

When Pierre had gathered the members of
the house he had met to which they began to ex-
press their pleasure in his people always
d. a. l. t. ew. q. t. ce. h. s. l. f. t. but as
said in happens in the said a. y. th. g. but
that was good for him.

CHAPTER XV

When returning from his lecture Rostó felt,
for the first time, how close was the bond that
united him to D. I. so. d. the well-known t.

On approaching Rostó felt she had
d. when approaching him he met M. c. w.
When he saw the first horse with the white
t. ed. f. m. of h. e. o. me. t. h. h. re-
own ed ed had Demétyev and saw the
p. ket. pes. f. th. ro. h. rises. wh. La. ru-
hka gl. f. lly. h. uted. t. his. master. Th.
co. t. l. as. com. t. d. D. I. so. who. h. d. been
asle. p. his. bed, ra. all. dish. led. ut. f. the
m. d. h. t. t. embra. c. h. m. d. th. officers. col-
lected. ro. d. gr. et. th. ew. rri. l. R. tó.
experi. ed. th. am. fel. wh. n. h. m. th.
er. h. u. f. th. d. h. t. h. d. mbra. ed. h. m.
nd. t. rs. f. joy. ch. k. d. him. so. that. h. uld.
t. pe. k. Th. eg. m. nt. wa. lso. h. me. nd.
as. lterably. d. ar. d. p. ec. us. as. h. p. t. s.
h. use.

When he had reported himself to the com-
mand of the regiment he had been eas-

he experienced the same sense of peace. I'm
I report duties. mes. use. f. bei. at. l. me.
here. l. s. own. pl. e. he. l. ad. felt. u. der. the.
pre. tal. roof. l. i. t. here. w. s. no. e. of. all. th. t.
turn. l. of. the. w. l. d. at. large. where. he. d. n. t.
k. w. l. s. right. pl. e. a. l. took. m. taken. dec.
s. s. l. e. e. w. a. S. i. ya. w. l. w. l. m. l. e. o. g. l. t.
oro. h. t. t. o. l. e. a. n. e. pl. t. on. l. e. r. w. s.
no. p. o. u. l. i. ty. of. go. g. l. e. r. e. n. t. g. o. i. there.
l. e. t. here. v. ere. n. t. twenty. f. t. l. u. r. s. in. the.
d. y. w. h. h. c. o. l. d. be. spent. such. a. variety. of.
ways. there. a. n. t. th. t. n. u. m. rable. crowd. f.
people. f. w. l. m. n. t. one. w. a. nearer. to. h. m. o. r.
f. i. t. l. e. r. from. l. m. th. n. a. o. t. h. e. r. there. we.
none. of. th. e. u. c. e. r. t. n. a. d. u. n. e. f. e. d. m. o. e. v.
rel. t. on. w. i. th. h. s. f. a. t. e. a. d. n. th. n. to. recall.
th. t. e. r. r. i. ble. loss. t. D. s. l. k. l. Here. n. t. l. e. reg.
m. t. all. a. l. e. ar. and. s. m. p. l. e. The. w. l. l.
w. o. l. d. a. s. d. led. to. two. unequal. p. r. s. one.

ing that was considered by the Pávlorrad
regiment and when engaged in doing what
was clearly duty and finally ordered—
d. l. w. l. d. be. well.

He got him reentered the definite
code of the first regiment. Rostó felt

b. o. p. e. f. e. t. ly. f. r. s. t. r. a. t. e. com. r. a. l. e. d. f. i. c. e. r.
— r. d. pl. e. n. d. d. m. n. l. i. o. w. th. e. r. t. l. "

was a battle of the Prussians. Eylau was con-
sidered as a battle. It was with the Empe-
arr. l. a. d. th. be. g. i. n. n. g. camp. gn.

The Pávlorrad regiment, bel. to that

Oh master master what a sin! And you who have a son! she began her pallor suddenly turning to a vivid red. Master what have you said? God forgive you! And she crossed herself. Lord forgive him! My dear what does it mean? she asked turning to Princess Mary. She got up and almost crying began to arrange her wallet. She evidently felt frightened and ashamed to have accepted charity in a house where such things could be said and was at the same time sorry to have now to forgo the charity of this house.

Now why need you do it? said Princess Mary. Why did you come to me?

Come Pelagéya I was joking said Pierre. *Princesse ma parole je n'ai pas voulu l'offenser*. I did not mean anything I was only joking he said smiling shyly and trying to efface his offense. It was all my fault and Andrew was only joking.

Pelagéya stopped doubtfully but in Pierre's face there was such a look of sincere penitence and Prince Andrew glanced so meekly now at her and now at Pierre that she was gradually reassured.

CHAPTER XIV

THE PILGRIM WOMAN was appeased and being encouraged to talk gave a long account of Father Amphilochus who led so holy a life that his hands smelled of incense and how on her last visit to Kiev some monks she knew let her have the keys of the catacombs and how she taking some dried bread with her had spent

and kiss the relics and there was such peace all around such blessedness that one don't want to come out even into the light of heaven again.

room

You are very kind she said to him.

Oh I really did not mean to hurt her feelings I understand them so well and have the greatest respect for them.

Princess Mary looked at him silently and smiled affectionately.

I have known you a long time you see and am as fond of you as of a brother she said.

I rejoice on my behalf that to all her

How do you find Andrew? she added hurriedly not giving him time to reply to her affectionate words. I am very anxious about him. His health was better in the winter but last spring his wound reopened and the doctor said he ought to go away for a cure. And I am also very much afraid for him spiritually. He has not a character like us women who when we suffer can weep away our sorrows. He keeps it all within him. Today he is cheerful and in good spirits but that is the effect of your visit—he is not often like that. If you could persuade him to go abroad. He needs activity and this quiet regular life is very bad for him. Others don't notice it but I see it.

Toward ten o'clock the messengers rushed to the front door hearing the bells of the old prince's carriage approaching. Prince Andrew and Pierre also went out into the porch.

Who's that? asked the old prince noting Pierre as he got out of the carriage.

Ah! Very glad! Kiss me he said having learned who the young stranger was.

The old prince was in a good temper and very gracious to Pierre.

Before supper Prince Andrew came back to his father's study found him disputing hotly with his visitor. Pierre was maintaining that a time would come when there would be no more wars. The old prince disputed it chauntly but without getting angry.

Drain the blood from men's veins and put in water instead then there will be no more war! Old women's nonsense—old women's nonsense! he repeated but still he patted Pierre affectionately on the shoulder and then went up to the table where Prince Andrew evidently not wishing to join in the conversation was looking over the papers his father had brought from town. The old prince went up to him and began to talk business.

The marshal a Count Rostov has sent half his contingent. He came to town and wanted to invite me to dinner—I gave him a pretty dinner! And there look at this.

Well my boy the old prince went on addressing his son and patting Pierre on the shoulder.

A fine fellow—your friend—I like him! He stirs me up. Another says clever things and I care doesn't care to listen but this one talks rubbish yet stirs an old fellow up. Well go! Get a little! Perhaps I'll come and sit with you at supper. We'll have another dispute. Make friends with my little fool Princess Mary he shouted after Pierre through the door.

Only now on his way to Bald Hills did

Pierre fully realized the strength and charm of his friendship with Prince Andrew. The charm was not expressed so much in his relations with him as with his family and with the household. With the term of peace and the general mood Prince Mary the witch had scarcely known them, Pierre felt like an old friend. They were all fond of him already. Not only Princess Mary who had been won by his gentleness with the plumes gave him her most radiant looks, but even the old Prince Nicholas (as his grandfather called him) smiled at Pierre and let himself be taken in his arms. And Michael Ilyinovich and M. Demos. Bourienne looked at him with pleasant smiles when he talked to the old prince.

The old prince came in to supper this evening in Pierre's room. And during the two days of the vacation he was extremely kind to him and told him to suit them.

When Pierre had gone and the members of the household met together they began to express their opinions of him as people always do after new acquaintance has left, but as seldom happens, no one said anything but what was good of him.

CHAPTER VI

WHEN ALEXANDER came from his leave Rostov felt, for the first time, how close was the bond that united him to Denisov and the whole regiment.

On approaching Rostov felt he had done a great approach to his home. Moscow. When he saw the first Hussar with the usual uniform of his regiment, when he encountered red-haired Denisov and saw the pocket ropes of the roan horses which Lavruskiy gratefully shouted to his master "The count has come." Denisov who had been sleeping in bed, ran to him, led him out of the room to embrace him, and the officers collected round to greet the new arrival. Rostov experienced the same feeling as when his mother and sister and his first had embraced him, and tears of joy choked him so that he could not speak. The regiment was so homelike and so remarkably dear and precious as his parents' house.

When he had reported himself to the commander of the regiment and had been reassigned to his former squadron, had been ordered and had begun his training when he had entered all the little interests of the regiment and felt himself deprived of liberty and bound in a narrow circle of freedom.

He experienced the same sense of personal support, and the same sense of being at home here. His own place he had felt under the paternal roof. But here was none of all that turmoil of the world that where he did not know his right place and took mistaken decisions here was no sorrow that when he was out of his room he was not there. Here was no possibility of going there or not going there. Here there were not twenty-four hours in the day which could be spent in such variety of ways there was not that numerous crowd of people of whom one was nearer to him or

farther from him than another. There were no other recollections of the whole

world was divided into two unequal parts: one our fatherland and the other all the rest. And the rest was no concern of his. In the regiment, everything was definite: who was lieutenant, who was captain, who was a good fellow who had and most of all who was a comrade. The canteenkeeper gave one credit one paid every four months. There was nothing to think of or decide or have to do with. That was considered bad in the fatherland regiment and when given an order to do what was laid down and definitely ordered—what it would be like.

He began to more enter into the definite conditions of the regimental life. Rostov felt that joy and relief that men feel on lying down to rest. Life in the regiment, during the campaign, was life of pleasure for him, because after his loss to Dolokhov (for which, perhaps, he felt himself obliged to console himself), he could not forgive himself he had made a mistake and to tell his fault by error. He had done a bad thing, but really well and bravely. He felt first-rate comrade and officer — a wonderful, splendid man, a together with him which seemed so difficult to the world but so possible the comment.

After his losses he had determined to pay back his debt to his parents five years. He received ten thousand rubles for but now resolved to take only two thousand and leave the rest to repay the debt to his parents.

Our army or repeated retreats and advances and battles at Pultusk and Preussisch Eylau, was concentrated in Bartenstein. It was within the Emperor's army and the beginning of the campaign.

The Polish regiment, belonging to that

part of the army which had served in the 1809 campaign had been recruiting up to strength in Russia and arrived too late to take part in the first actions of the campaign. It had been neither at Pułtusk nor at Preussisch Eylau and when it joined the army in the field in the second half of the campaign was attached to Platov's division.

Platov's division was acting independently of the main army. Several times parts of the Pávlograd regiment had exchanged shots with the enemy, had taken prisoners and once had even captured Marshal Oudinot's carriages. In April the Pávlograds were stationed immovably for some weeks near a totally ruined and deserted German village.

A thaw had set in; it was muddy and cold; the ice on the river broke and the roads became impassable. For days neither provisions for the men nor fodder for the horses had been issued. As no transports could arrive the men dispersed about the abandoned and deserted villages searching for potatoes but found few even of these.

Everything had been eaten up and the inhabitants had all fled—if any remained they were worse than beggars and nothing more could be taken from them; even the soldiers usually pitiless enough instead of taking anything from them often gave them the last of their rations.

The Pávlograd regiment had had only two men wounded in action but had lost nearly half its men from hunger.

But most preferred to remain on duty and hardly able to drag their legs went to the front rather than to the hospitals. When spring came on the soldiers found a plant just showing out of the ground that looked like asparagus which for some reason they called Máshka's sweet root. It was very bitter but they wandered about the fields seeking it and dug it out with their sabres and ate it though they were ordered not to do so as it was a noxious plant.

Platov's division fed chiefly on Máshka's sweet root because it was the second week that the last of the biscuits were being doled out at the rate of half a pound a man and the last potatoes received had sprouted and frozen.

The horses also had been fed for a fortnight

on straw from the thatched roofs and had become terribly thin though still covered with tufts of felt winter hair.

Despite this destitution the soldiers and officers went on living just as usual. Despite the

they polished their

Joachim about their nasty food and their hunger. As usual in their spare time they lit bonfires, steamed themselves before them, naked smoked, picked out and baked sprouting root

Mikolka
The officer

that food for the men. The younger ones occupied themselves as before some playing cards (there was plenty of money though there was no food) some with more innocent games such as quoits and skittles. The general trend of the campaign was rarely spoken of partly because nothing certain was known about it partly because there was a vague feeling that in the main it was going badly.

Rostov lived as before with Denisov and since their furlough they had become more friendly than ever. Denisov never spoke of Rostov's family but by the tender friendship his commander showed him Rostov felt that the elder hussar's luckless love for Natásha played a part in strengthening their friendship. Denisov evidently tried to expose Rostov to danger as seldom as possible and after an action greeted his safe return with evident joy. On one of his foraging expeditions in a deserted and ruined village to which he had come in search of provisions Rostov found a family consisting of an old Pole and his daughter with an infant in arms. They were half clad, hungry, too weak to get away on foot and had no means of obtaining a conveyance. Rostov brought them to his quarters, placed them in his own lodging and kept them for some weeks while the old man was recovering. One of his comrades talking of women began chaffing Rostov saying that he was more silly than any of them and that it would not be a bad thing if he introduced to them the pretty Polish girl he had saved. Rostov took the joke as an insult.

Eared p d s d uch u pleasant th ngs to
do to

because

Deniso patted him on the shoulder and began rapidly packing the room with ut looking at Rostó as was his way at moments of deep feeling

"Ah, what mad beast you Wostóvs are!" he mtered, and Rostó noticed tears in his eyes.

CHAPTER XVI

1. AGAIN the troops were enlightened by news of the Emperor's arrival but Rostó had no chance of being present at the review he held at Bartenstín as the Pálováds were at the outposts far beyond that place.

They were bivouacked. Deniso and Rostó were living in an earth hut dug out for them by the soldiers and roofed with branches and turf. The hut was made in the following manner which had then come into use. A trench was dug three and half feet wide for feet in the trenches deep and eight feet long. At the end of the trench, steps were cut out and these formed the entrance and exit. The trench itself was the room, in which the key ones, such as the squadron commander had a board, lying on poles at the end opposite the entrance, served as a table. On each side of the trench, the earth was cut out to a breadth of two and half feet, and this dug out duty for bedsteads and chests. The roof was so constructed that it could be dug up in them and if the trench could be dug even up on the beds, the drew close to the table. Deniso who was living luxuriously because the soldiers of his squadron liked him, had also boarded the roof the farther end, with pieces of (broken but mended) glass in it. A window. When it was very cold, embers from the soldiers' campfire were placed on benches of iron. The steps in the receptacle room—as Deniso called that part of the hut—was so warm that the officers, of whom there were always some with Deniso and Rostó, sat in their hut leavers.

In April, Rostó was ordered by day. On morning, between seven and eight, returning

after a sleepless night, he sent for embers, changed his trousers soaked in dirt, and his prayers, drank tea, got warm, then tucked up the things on the table and in his own corner. And, his face glowing from exposure to the wind and with nothing on but his shirt and down on his back, put himself to rest under his head. He was pleasantly considering the probability of being promoted in a few days for his last reconnoitering expedition, and was awaiting Deniso who had gone out somewhere and with whom he wanted a talk.

Suddenly he heard Deniso shout:

master Topchénko.

I ordered you not to let them eat that Mishka woot stuff! Deniso was shouting. And I saw with my own eyes how Lazarchuk brought some swom the fields.

I have given the order again and again your honor but they do not obey answered the quartermaster.

Rostó lay down again on his bed and thought complacently. Let him fuss and bustle now my job is done and I may go down—capitally. He could hear that Lavrushka—that lively bold orderly of Deniso—was talking as well the quartermaster Lavrushka was saying something about loaded wagons, biscuits and such as he had seen when he had gone to the front.

Then Deniso once again heard shouting farther and farther away "Saddle! Second platoon!

Where are they off to now?" thought Rostó.

For minutes later Deniso came to the hut, limbed with muddy boots on the bed, lit his pipe furiously scattered his things about, took his leaded whip, buckled on his saber and went out again. In answer to Rostó's inquiry where he was going he answered:

leave the hut till tomorrow evening. Deniso had not yet returned. The weather had cleared up and near the next day two officers had been playing cards. They threw their missiles which buried themselves in the

part of the army which had served in the 1805 campaign had been recruiting up to strength in Russia and arrived too late to take part in the first actions of the campaign. It had been neither at Pułtusk nor at Preussisch Eylau and when it joined the army in the field in the second half of the campaign was attached to Platov's division.

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Everything had been eaten up and the inhabitants had all fled—if any remained they were worse than beggars and nothing more could be taken from them; even the soldiers usually pitiless enough instead of taking anything from them often gave them the last of their rations.

The Pavlograd regiment had had only two men wounded in action but had lost nearly half its men from hunger and sickness. In the hospitals death was so certain that soldiers suffering from fever or the swelling that came from bad food preferred to remain on duty and hardly able to drag their legs went to the front rather than to the hospitals. When spring came on the soldiers found a plant just showing out of the ground that looked like asparagus which for some reason they called *Máshka's* sweet root. It was very bitter but they wandered about the fields seeking it and dug it out with their sabers and ate it though they were ordered not to do so as it was a noxious plant.

the biscuits were being doled out at the rate of half a pound a man and the last potatoes received had sprouted and frozen.

The horses also had been fed for a fortnight

on straw from the thatched roofs and had become terribly thin though still covered with tufts of felt winter hair.

Despite this destitution the soldiers and officers went on living just as usual. Despite their

arms brought in straw from the thatched roofs in place of fodder and sat down to dine round the caldron from it.

steamed themselves before them naked smoked picked out and baked sprouting rotten potatoes told and listened to stories of Potemkin's and Suvórov's campaigns or to legends of Alesha the Sly or the priest's laborer Mikólka.

The officers as usual lived in twos and threes in the roofless half ruined houses. The men tried to collect straw and potatoes and in general food for the men. The younger ones occupied themselves as before some playing cards (there was plenty of money though there was no food) some with more innocent games such as quoits and skittles. The general trend of the campaign was rarely spoken of partly because nothing certain was known about it, partly because there was a vague feeling that in the main it was going badly.

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rates talking of women began chaffing Rostóv saying that he was more wily than any of them and that it would not be a bad thing if he introduced to them the pretty Polish girl. He had saved Rostóv took the joke as an insult,

men, showing under his black mustache. "I'd have killed him if they hadn't taken him away."

"But what are you shouting for? Calm your soul, and Rostov. You've set your arm back once again. Well, we must tie it up again."

Denisov was bandaged up again and put to bed. Very calm, he woke calm and cheerful.

But at noon the adjutant of the regiment came in. Rostov's and Denisov's dugout with grave and serious face and regretfully showed them paper addressed to Major Denisov from the regimental commander in which inquiries were made about yesterday's occurrence. The adjutant told them that the affair was likely to take a very bad turn, that a court-martial had been convened, and that in view of the severity with which marauding and insubordination were now rewarded, degradation to the ranks would be the best that could be hoped for.

The case, as represented by the offended parties, was that, after seizing the transports, Major Denisov, being drunk, went to the chief quartermaster and without any provocation cursed him a blue streak, threatened to strike him, and on being led out had rushed into the office and even two officials thrashing, and dislocated the arm of one of them.

In answer to Rostov's renewed questions, Denisov said, laughing, that he thought he remembered that some other fellow had got mixed up in it, but that was all nonsense and rubbish, and he did not, in the least fear any kind of trial, and that if those scoundrels dared attack him he would give them an answer that they would not easily forget.

Denisov spoke contemptuously of the who's-who, but Rostov knew him too well not to detect that (while talking from others) it hadn't scared a court-martial and was worried over the affair which was evidently taking a bad turn. Every day letters of inquiry and orders from the court arrived, and on the first of May Denisov was ordered to hand the regiment over to the next in seniority and appear before the staff of his division to explain his violence to the commissariat office. On the previous day Platov reconnoitered with two Cossack regiments and two squadrons of hussars. Denisov, as was his wont, rode on in front of the column, parading his courage. A bullet fired by a French sharpshooter hit him in the left part of his leg. Perhaps at another time Denisov would not have left the regiment for a slight wound, but now he took advantage

of it to excuse himself from appearing at the staff and went into hospital.

CHAPTER XVII

IN JUNE the battle of Friedland was fought, in which the Prussians did not take part, and after that an armistice was proclaimed. Rostov, who felt his friend's absence very much, had no news of him since he left and feeling very anxious about his wound and the progress of his cure, took advantage of the armistice to get leave to visit Denisov in hospital.

The hospital was in a small Prussian town that had been twice devastated by Russian and French troops. Because it was summer when it is so beautiful out in the fields, the little town presented a particularly dismal appearance with its broken roofs and fences, its foul streets, tattered shabbiness, and the sick and drunken soldiers wandering about.

The hospital was in a brick building with some of the window frames and panes broken and courtyard surrounded by the remains of a wooden fence that had been pulled to pieces. Several bandaged soldiers, with pale swollen faces, were sitting or walking about in the unswept yard.

Directly Rostov entered the door he was enveloped by a smell of putrefaction and hospital air. On the stairs he met a Russian army doctor smoking opium. The doctor was followed by a Russian assistant.

"I can testify to pieces, the doctor was saying. "Come to Makhr Alexievich in the evening. I shall be there."

The assistant asked some further questions.

"Oh, do the best you can. Isn't it all the same?" The doctor noticed Rostov coming upstairs.

"What do you want, sir," said the doctor. "What do you want. The bullets haven't spared you, do you want to try typhus. This is a pest-house, sir."

How so? asked Rostov.

"Typhus, or I'd like to go in. Only we two, Makhr and I" (he pointed to the assistant). "Keep on here. Some five of us doctors"

had been invited here, but our allies don't like it at all.

Rostov explained that he wanted to see Major Denisov of the hussars, who was wounded.

I don't know. I can't tell you, sir. Only think. I am alone in charge of three hospitals

soft mud Rostov joined them. In the middle of the game the officers saw some wagons approaching with fifteen hussars on their skinny horses behind them. The wagons escorted by the hussars drew up to the picket ropes and a crowd of hussars surrounded them.

There now Denisov has been worrying said Rostov and here are the provisions.

So they are! said the officers. Won't the soldiers be glad!

A little behind the hussars came Denisov accompanied by two infantry officers with whom he was talking.

Rostov went to meet them.

I warn you, Captain, one of the officers, a short thin man, evidently very angry, was saying.

Have I told you I won't give them up? replied Denisov.

You will answer for it, Captain. It is money—seizing the transport of one's own army. Our men have had nothing to eat for two days.

And mine have had nothing for two weeks said Denisov.

It is robbery! You'll answer for it, sir! said the infantry officer, raising his voice.

Now what are you pestering me for? cried Denisov, suddenly losing his temper. I shall answer for it and not you, and you'd better not buzz about here till you get hurt. Be off! Go! he shouted at the officers.

Very well then! shouted the little officer, undaunted and not riding away. If you are determined to rob, I'll

Go to the devil, quick march, while you're safe and sound! and Denisov turned his horse on the officer.

Very well, very well! muttered the officer.

A fence! shouted Denisov after him (the most insulting expression a cavalryman can address to a mounted infantryman) and riding up to Rostov he burst out laughing.

I've taken transports from the infantry by force! he said. After all, can't let our men starve.

The wagons that had reached the hussars had been consigned to an infantry regiment but learning from Lavrushka that the transport was unescorted, Denisov with his hussars had seized it by force. The soldiers had biscuits dealt out to them freely and they even shared them with the other squadrons.

The next day the regimental commander

sent for Denisov and holding his fingers spread out before his eyes said:

This is how I look at this affair. I know nothing about it and won't begin proceedings but I advise you to ride over to the staff and settle the business there in the commissariat department and if possible sign a receipt for such and such stores received. If not, as the demand was booked against an infantry regiment, there will be a row and the affair may end badly.

From the regimental commander's desk he rode straight to the staff with a sincere desire to act on this advice. In the evening he came back to his dugout in a state such as Postoyanov had never yet seen him in. Denisov couldn't speak and gasped for breath. When Rostov asked what was the matter, he only uttered some incoherent oaths and threats in a hoarse feeble voice.

Warned at Denisov's condition, Rostov suggested that he should undress, drink some water, and send for the doctor.

Two me for wobbey, oh! Some more water. Let them two me, but I'll always thrash scoundwells, and I'll tell the Emperor. Ice, he muttered.

The regimental doctor, when he came saw it was absolutely necessary to bleed Denisov. A deep sucer of black blood was taken from his hairy arm and only then was he able to relate

ed out. Please to wait. I've wadded twenty miles and have duties to attend to and no time to wait. Announce me. Very well, so out comes their head chief—also took it into his head to lecture me. It's wobbey!—Wobbey, I say, is not done by a man who seizes provisions to feed his soldiers but by him who takes them to fill his own pockets! Will you please be silent? Very good! Then he says: Go and give a receipt to the commissariat but your affair will be pressed on to I lead quarters. I go to the commissioner. I enter and at the table. Who do you think? No, but what a little! Who is it that is stirring up a riot? Denisov hitting the table with the fist of his newly bled arm so violently that the table nearly broke down and the tumbler on it jumped about. Telyinin! What? So it's you who is

cried Denisov, gleeful and yet angry, his white

teeth sh w g unde l is black mu tache
l d h v k lled h m f they h dn t taken h m
a 27

E t what are you h ut ng f ? Caln y u
self ad d R tóv Y u e et your arm bleed
g f sh W t we must t e t up ga n
D so was band ged up aga n and put to
bed. Next day he w ke calm and chee ful

But at oon the adjut nt of the e ment
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pea bel re th taff f his division to expla n
his solen t th commissaria office. On the
pre vious day Plato rec n tere d w th two
Cossack reum is nd tw squadrons of hus-
sars. Deniso as was his wont, rode ut n fro t
l the outposts, p rad g his courage. A bullet
fired by F ench sharpshooter hit him n the
flesh part f his leg Perhaps t ther time
Deniso would n t ha l f the egument f r
so alight w und, but n w he took dya tae

of t to excuse h ms lf from appearing at the
staff and went nto hosp tal.

CHAPTER VIII

Iv Juvz the battle of Friedl d was f u lit in
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F end troops. Because

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p esented a p rt cul rly d smal appearan e
w th is brok n roof nd fences, is f ul treets,
t tte ed inhab tants, d the s ck and drunken
sold ers wandering about.

The hosp tal was n a brick bu ld g w th
some of th w nd w frames nd p nes broken
and courtyard surrounded by the rem n f
wooden f ce that had been pulled to p eces.
Several b ndaged soldiers with pale swollen
f es, wer t ng or walk g about n th un
h e n the yard.

D rectly Rostó entered the door he wa en-
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tor sm k g c gar Th doctor was f llowed
by Russian assistant.

I can t tear myself to p eces the doctor w
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ng I shall be there.

The assista asked some further questions.

Oh, d the best you can l m t t all the
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H w so sked Rostó

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Rostó expl ed that he wa ted to see Ma-
jor Deniso of th Hussars, who was wounded.

I do t know. I can t tell you, s r Only
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with more than four hundred patients! It's well that the charitable Pri...
two pou
or we sh
dred sir

ones. There are four hundred? Eh? he asked turning to the assistant.

The assistant looked fagged out. He was evidently vexed and impatient for the talkative doctor to go.

Major Denisov. Rostov said again. He was wounded at Molliten.

Dead? I fancy. Eh, Makéev? queried the doctor in a tone of indifference.

The assistant, however, did not confirm the doctor's words.

Is he tall and with reddish hair? asked the doctor.

Rostov described Denisov's appearance.

There was one like that, said the doctor as if pleased. That one is dead. I fancy. How ever I'll look up our list. We had a list. Have you got it, Makéev?

Makár Alexéevich has the list, answered the assistant. But if you'll step into the officers' wards you'll see for yourself, he added turning to Rostov.

Oh, you'd better not go, sir, said the doctor, or you may have to stay here yourself.

But Rostov bowed himself away from the doctor and asked the assistant to show him the way.

Only don't blame me! the doctor shouted up after him.

Rostov and the assistant went into the dark corridor. The smell was so strong there that Rostov held his nose and had to pause and collect his strength before he could go on. A door opened to the right and an emaciated, sallow man on crutches, barefoot and in underclothing, limped out and leaning against the doorpost looked with glittering, envious eyes at those who were passing. Glancing in at the door...

What is there to see? said the assistant.

But just because the assistant evidently did not want him to go in, Rostov entered the soldiers' ward. The foul air to which he had already begun to get used in the corridor was still stronger here. It was a little different, more pungent, and one felt that this was where it originated.

In the long room, brightly lit up by the sun through the large windows, the sick and wound-

ed soldiers lay in rows. Those who were conscious raised themselves or lifted their thin yellow faces and all looked intently at Rostov with the same expression of hope of relief, reproach and envy of another's health. Rostov went to the middle of the room and looking through the open doors into the two adjoining rooms saw the same thing there. He stood still, looking silently around. He had not at all expected such a sight. Just before him, almost across the middle of the passage on the bare floor lay a sick man, probably a Cossack...

so that only the whites were seen, and on his bare legs and arms which were still red, the veins stood out like cords. He was knocking the back of his head against the floor, hoarsely uttering some word which he kept repeating. Rostov listened and made out the word. It was drink, drink a drink! Rostov glanced round, looking for someone who would put this man back in his place and bring him water.

Who looks after the sick here? he asked the assistant.

Just then a commissariat soldier, a hospital orderly, came in from the next room, marching stiffly and drew up in front of Rostov.

Good day, your honor! he shouted rolling his eyes at Rostov and evidently mistaking him for one of the hospital authorities.

Get him to his place and give him some water, said Rostov, pointing to the Cossack.

Yes, your honor, the soldier replied complacently and rolling his eyes more than ever he drew himself up still straighter, but did not move.

No, it's impossible to do anything here, thought Rostov, lowering his eyes, and he was going out but became aware of an intense look fixed on him on his right and he turned. Close to the corner on an overcoat sat an old, unshaven, gray-bearded soldier as thin as a skeleton with a stern, sallow face and eyes intently fixed on Rostov. The man's neighbor on one side whispered something to him, pointing at Rostov, who noticed that the old man wanted to speak to him. He drew nearer and saw that the old man had only one leg bent under him, the other had been amputated above the knee. His neighbor on the other side, who lay mo-

— — — heard

he called out still in the same voice as the regiment but Rostov not ceased sadly to understand his but to leave and admit some new sinister hidden feeling showed itself in the expression of Denisov's face and the tones of his voice.

b b ck.

"Why this seems he began to ring the ass to L.

And how we been begging your honor said the old soldier his jaw quivering. He's been dead since morning. After all we're men not dogs.

I'll send someone to the office. He shall be taken away—taken away to the said the assistant hurriedly. Let us go your honor.

"Yes, yes, let us go," said Rostov hastily and to enter his joy and shrink he tried to pass unnoticed between the rows of reproachful envious eyes that were fixed upon him and went to the fifth room.

CHAPTER XVIII

GO ALONG the corridor the assistant led Rostov to the officers' wards consisting of three rooms, the doors of which stood open. There were beds, these rooms, of the sick and wounded officers were lying out on them. Some were walking about the room in hospital dressing gowns. The first person Rostov met in the officers' ward was thin little man with a beard, who was walking about the first room in a nightcap and hospital dress, crouching with his pipe between his teeth. Rostov looked at him, trying to remember where he had seen him before.

"See where we met again!" said the little man. "Tushin, Tushin, do you remember the game you lost to Schen Graber? And

His wound though a little to the eye had not yet healed even now. Weeks after he had been hit his face had the same swollen pallor as the faces of the other hospital patients but it was not this that struck Rostov. What struck him was that Denisov did not seem glad to see him and smiled at him unnaturally. He did not know about the regiment's rababout the general state affairs when Rostov spoke of these matters did not listen.

Rostov even noticed that Denisov did not like to be reminded of the regiment or general of the other free life which was going on outside the hospital. He seemed to try to forget that old life and was only interested in the affair with the commissariat officers. On Rostov's inquiry as to how the matter stood, he at once produced from under his pillow a paper he had received from the commissariat and the rough draft of his answer to it. He became animated when he began reading his paper and specially drew Rostov's attention to the interesting rejoinders he made to his enemies. His hospital companions who had gathered round Rostov—a fresh arrival in the ward—outdoors—gradually began to disperse as soon as Denisov began reading his answer. Rostov noticed by their faces that all those gentlemen had already heard that story more than once and were tired of it. Only the man who had the

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Denisov

"But what I say is," he said, turning to Rostov, "it would be best simply to petition the Emperor for pardon. They say great rewards will now be distributed, and surely pardon would be granted."

"My petition to the Emperor excluded Denisov

he heard who Rostov wanted. Here, here, and Tushin led him into the next room, from whence came sounds of several laughing voices.

"How can they laugh, even like that all here?" thought Rostov till aware of that smell of decomposition, flesh that had been so strong in the soldiers' ward, and still seeming to see fixed on him those envious looks which had followed him out from both doors, and the face of that young soldier with eyes rolled back.

Denisov lay asleep on his bed with his head under the blanket, though it was nearly noon.

Ah, Wostokov! How are you, how are you.

bers to book. Let them try me. I'm not afraid of anyone. I deserved the Tsar and my country honorably. I had not ten A d m l to

with more than four hundred patients! I s
well that
two poun
or we sho
dred sir and they re always sending me fresh
ones There are four hundred? F

Major Denisov Rostov said again He
was wounded at Molliten

Dead I fancy Eh Makéev? queried the
doctor in a tone of indifference

The assistant however did not confirm the
doctor's words

Is he tall and with reddish hair? asked the
doctor

Rostov described Denisov's appearance

There was one like that said the doctor
as if pleased That one is dead I fancy How
ever I'll look up our list We had a list Have
you got it Makéev?

Makár Alexévich has the list answered
the assistant But if you'll step into the officers
wards you'll see for yourself he added turn
ing to Rostov

Ah you'd better not go sir said the doc
tor or you may have to stay here yourself

But Rostov bowed himself away from the
doctor and asked the assistant to show him the
way

Only don't blame me! the doctor shouted
up after him.

Rostov and the assistant went into the dark
corridor The smell was so strong there that
Rostov held his nose and had to pause and
collect his strength before he could go on A
door opened to the right and an emaciated
sallow man on crutches barefoot and in un
derclothing limped out and leaning against
the doorpost looked with glittering envious
eyes at those who were passing Glancing in at
the door Rostov saw that the sick and wounded
were lying on the floor on straw and overcoats

May I go in and look?

What is there to see? said the ass tant

But just because the ass tant evidently did
not want him to go in Rostov entered the sol
diers ward The foul air to which he had al
ready begun to get used in the corridor was
still stronger here It was a little different
more pungent and one felt that this was where
it originated

In the long room brightly lit up by the sun
through the large windows the sick and wound

raised themselves or lifted their thin yellow
faces and all looked intently at Rostov with
the same expression of hope of relief re
proach and envy of another's health Rostov
went to the middle of the room

through the

rooms saw

looking at

pected such a sight Just before him, almost
across the middle of the passage on the bare
floor lay a sick man probably a Cossack to
judge by the cut of his hair The man lay on
his back his huge arms and legs outstretched
His face was purple his eyes were rolled back
so that only the whites were seen and on his
bare legs and arms which were still red the
veins stood out like cords He was knocking
the back of his head against the floor hoarsely
uttering some word which he kept repeating
Rostov listened and made out the word It
was drink drink a drink! Rostov glanced
round looking for someone who would put
this man back in his place and bring him wa
ter

Who looks after the sick here? he asked
the assistant

Just then a commissariat soldier a hospital
orderly came in from the next room march
ing stiffly and drew up in front of Rostov

Good day your honor! he shouted roll
ing his eyes at Rostov and evidently mistaking
him for one of the hospital authorities.

Get him to his place and give him some
water said Rostov pointing to the Cossack

Yes your honor the soldier replied com
placently and rolling his eyes more than ever
he drew himself up still straighter but did not
move

No it's impossible to do anything here
thought Rostov lowering his eyes and he was
going out but became aware of an intense look
fixed on him on his right and he turned Climb
to the corner on an overcoat sat an old un
shaven gray bearded soldier as thin as a skele
ton with a stern fallow face and eyes intently
fixed on Rostov The man's neighbor on one
side whispered something to him pointing at
Rostov who noticed that the old man wanted
to speak to him He drew nearer and saw that
the old man had only one leg bent under him
the other had been amputated above the knee
His neighbor on the other side who lay mo

surprised had been lost.

Boris lodged with another day, the Polish Count Zhilinski. Zhilinski, a Polish noble brought up in Paris, was rich, a passionate lover of the French, and almost every day of the stay at Tilsit, French officers of the Guard dined from French headquarters were dining and lunching with him and Boris.

On the evening of the twenty-fourth of June Count Zhilinski arranged supper for his French friends. The guest of honor was not Napoleon, as Napoleon's there were also several French officers of the Guard, and pairs of Napoleon's young ladies and aristocratic French families. That same day Rostov, provoked by the darkness to avoid being recognized in civilian dress, came to Tilsit and went to the hotel occupied by Boris and Zhilinski.

Rostov in common with the whole army from which he came was far from having experienced the change of feeling toward Napoleon and the French—who from being foes had now become friends—that had taken place

headquarters and in Boris. In the army Bonaparte and the French were still regarded with mixed feelings of anger and contempt, and fear. Only recently talking with one of Platon's Cossack officers, Rostov had avowed that if Napoleon were taken prisoner he would be treated not as so great, but as criminal. Quite lately, happening to meet wounded French soldiers on the road, Rostov had manifested with beating peace was impossible between Bonaparte's army and the criminal Bonaparte. Rostov was therefore surprised and struck by the presence of French officers in Boris's house, dressed in uniforms he had been accustomed to see from the different point of view from the French. It struck him. As soon as he noticed French officers who thrust his head out of the door, that with freedom of hostility which he was experienced in the south of the country, he felt sure that he was opposed to the threshold and asked in Russian whether Dr. Zhilinski of Boris was better. "Better," once in the morning, came out to meet him. An expression of surprise around itself for moment on his face on first recognizing Rostov.

"It was very glad, very glad to see you," he said, however coming toward him with a smile. But Rostov had noticed his first impulse.

"I am a bit tired," he said, I should like to go to bed, but I have business he said to him.

"No, I only wonder how you managed to get away from our regiment. It is very important for

us," he said, answering someone who called him.

"I see I must go," Rostov repeated.

The look of annoyance had already disappeared from Boris's face having evidently reflected and decided how to act, he very quietly took both Rostov's hands and led him to the next room. Here, looking serene and steadily, Rostov seemed to be ruled by something as if screened by spectacles of conversation. So it seemed to Rostov.

"Oh, come now. If you could come at a wrong time," said Boris, and he led him to the room where the supper table was laid and introduced him to his guests, explaining that he was not a Russian but a hussar officer and a good friend of his.

"Count Zhilinski—le Comte N. N. de Cyprien," said he naming his guests. Rostov looked frowningly at the Frenchmen bowed respectfully and remained silent.

Zhilinski evidently did not receive this new Russian person very willingly into his circle and did not speak to Rostov. Boris did not appear to notice the constraint the newcomer produced and, with the same pleasant composure and the same velvet look in his eyes with which he had met Rostov, tried to enliven the conversation. One of the Frenchmen, with the politeness characteristic of his countrymen, addressed the latter tactfully, tactfully Rostov said that the latter had probably come to Tilsit to see the Emperor.

"No, I came on business," replied Rostov briefly.

Rostov had been out of humor from the moment he noticed the look of dissatisfaction on Boris's face and as always happens to those in bad humor, it seemed to him that everyone

regarded him with irony and that he was in everybody's way. He realized that there was for him alone took no part in the conversation which again became general. The looks the visitors cast on him seemed to say: "And what is he doing here for?" He rose and went up to Boris.

"An hour later in your way," he said in low voice. "Come and talk over my business and I'll go away."

"Oh, no, not all," said Boris. But, if you are tired, come and lie down in my room and be rested."

"Yes, really."

They went into the little room where Boris slept. Rostov, without sitting down, began

"In a minute I shall be at your disposal."

be degraded? Listen I'm writing to them straight This is what I say If I had robbed the Tzewsuy

It's certainly well written said Tushin but that's not the point Vasil' Dmítrich and he also turned to Rostov One has to submit and Vasil' Dmítrich doesn't want to You know the auditor told you it was a bad business

Well let it be bad said Denisov

The auditor wrote out a petition for you continued Tushin and you ought to sign it and ask this gentleman to take it No doubt he (indicating Rostov) has connections on the staff You won't find a better opportunity

Haven't I said I'm not going to grieve? Denisov interrupted him and went on reading his paper

Rostov had not the courage to persuade Denisov though he instinctively felt that the way advised by Tushin and the other officers was the safest and though he would have been glad to be of service to Denisov He knew his stubborn will and straightforward hasty temper

When the reading of Denisov's virulent reply which took more than an hour was over Rostov said nothing and he spent the rest of the day in a most dejected state of mind amid

silent all the evening

Late in the evening when Rostov was about to leave he asked Denisov whether he had no commission for him

Yes wait a bit said Denisov glancing round at the officers and taking his papers from under his pillow he went to the window where he had an inkpot and sat down to write

It seems it's no use knocking one's head against a wall he said coming from the window and giving Rostov a large envelope In it was the petition to the Emperor drawn up by the auditor in which Denisov without alluding to the offenses of the commissariat officials simply asked for pardon

Hand it in It seems

He did not finish but gave a painfully unnatural smile

CHAPTER XIX

HAVING RETURNED to the regiment and told the commander the state of Denisov's affairs Rostov rode to Tilsit with the letter to the Emperor

On the thirteenth of June the French and Russian Emperors arrived in Tilsit Boris Drubetskoy had asked the important personage on whom he was in attendance to include him in

everyone else had always called him in

You are speaking of Buonaparte said the general smiling

Boris looked at his general inquiringly and immediately saw that he was being tested

I am speaking I mean of the Emperor Napoleon he replied The general patted him on the shoulder with a smile

You will go far he said and took him to Tilsit with him

Boris was among the few present at the Napoleon on the day the two Emperors met He saw the raft decorated with monograms saw Napoleon pass before the French Guards on the farther bank of the river saw the pensive face of the Emperor Alexander as he sat in silence in a tavern on the bank of the Niemen awaiting Napoleon's arrival saw both Emperors get into boats and saw how Napoleon—reaching the raft first—stepped quickly forward to meet Alexander and held out his hand to him and how they both retired into the pavilion Since he had begun to move in the highest circles Boris had made it his habit to watch attentively all that went on around him and to note it down At the time of the meeting at Tilsit he asked the names of those who had come with Napoleon and about the uniforms they wore and listened attentively to words spoken by important personages At the moment the Emperors went into the pavilion he looked at his watch and did not forget to look at it again when Alexander came out The interview had lasted an hour and fifty-three minutes He noted this day and that same evening among other facts he felt to be of historic importance As the Emperor's suite was a very small one it was a matter of great importance for a man who valued his success in the service to be at Tilsit on the occasion of this interview between the two Emperors and having succeeded in this Boris felt that henceforth his position was fully assured He had not only become known but people had grown accustomed to him and accepted him Twice he had executed commissions to the Emperor himself so that the latter knew his face and all those at court far from cold-shouldering him as at first when they considered him a new comer would now have been

BOOK FIVE

surprised had he been absent.

Boris lodged with the other adjutant the Polish Count Zhilinski. A Pole brought up in Paris, was rich, and passionately fond of the French, almost every day of the last three French officers of the Guard dined from their headquarters were dinner and lunch in with him and Boris.

On the evening of the twenty-fourth of June Count Zhilinski arranged supper for his French friend. The guest list was made de camp in Napoleon's, there were also several French officers of the Guard dined with them. Boris, you would find old rust crates by the darkness to be recognized in his dress came to Taut and went to the hotel occupied by Boris and Zhilinski.

Rostov in common with the whole army from which he came was far from having experienced the change of feeling that was in the mind of the French—who from being foes had

now said he said answering someone who called him.

I see I intrude. Rostov repeated. The look of a glance had already appeared from Boris's face. He had evidently reflected and decided. What act he very quietly took both Rostov's hands and led him into the next room. His eyes, looking serene and steady, Rostov seemed to be led by someone. If screened by blue spectacles of content. So it seemed to Rostov.

Oh come now. As if you could come at your time, said Boris, and led him to the room where the upper table was laid and introduced him to his guests. Explaining that he was a Polishman but an Hussar officer and an old friend of his.

Count Zhilinski—Comte de N—le Capitan de S— said he named his guests. Rostov looked frowningly at the Frenchmen bowed reluctantly and remained silent.

sick officers. Rostov had argued as on were taken prisoner he would be treated not so severely, but in a cruel manner. He told his brother to meet with a dead French soldier.

Proceeded with the same pleasant and the same led look in his eyes with the new

in that the latter had pronounced to see the Emperor. No I came in business, replied Rostov briefly.

From the mo-

from quite different points of view. The adjutants of the staff. As soon as he decided a French officer who thrust his head out of the door that was his feeling of hostility which he had experienced. He felt that he himself had been deceived. He had trusted the threshold of the Russian whether Drubetsk had there. Boris, hearing that he came to the room, came out to meet him. An expression of a cheerful self-motivation. His first economic Rostov.

Ah, you are right. I did see you he said, however coming was with him. But Rostov had not had his first impulse. I come to bad in this. I should not have come but I have business he said to himself.

I will wonder how a man would go to war from our room. I do not know.

everybody was. He really was useful. He had taken no part in the crisis in which war had become general. The looks the visitor cast on him seemed to say: A what is it here? He rose and went up to Boris.

How I am in your way he said. I will come to talk to my business and I will go.

Oh, not at all said Boris. But if you are tired, come and lie down in my room and have a rest.

Yes, really.

They went to the little room where Boris slept. Rostov without sitting down began at

In my time shall be your disposal.

once irritably (as if Boris were to blame in some way) telling him about Denisov's affair asking him whether through his general he could and would intercede with the Emperor.

But when he came out a sense of awkwardness Boris with one leg crossed over the other and stroking his left hand.

I am so uncomfortable and cast down his eyes.

I have heard of such cases and know that His Majesty is very severe in such affairs. I think it would be best not to bring it before the Emperor but to apply to the commander of the corps. But in general I think

So you don't want to do anything? Well then say so! Rostov almost shouted not looking Boris in the face.

Boris smiled.

On the contrary I will do what I can. Only I thought

At that moment Zhukov's voice was heard calling Boris.

Well then go go go said Rostov and refusing supper and remaining alone in the little room he walked up and down for a long time hearing the lighthearted French conversation from the next room.

CHAPTER XX

ROSTOV HAD COME TO Tilsit on the day least suitable for a petition on Denisov's behalf.

But to do so and Boris even had he wished to could not have done so on the following day. On that day June 27 the preliminaries of peace were signed. The Emperors exchanged decorations. Alexander received the Cross of the Legion of Honor and Napoleon the Order of St. Andrew of the First Degree and a dinner had been arranged for the evening given by a battalion of the French Guards to the Preobrazhensk battalion. The Emperors were at the dinner.

Rostov felt with Boris that supper he intended to be asleep and early next morning cut away avoiding Boris. In his civilian clothes and a round hat he wandered

about the town staring at the French and their uniforms and at the streets and houses where the Russian and French Emperors were staying. In a square he saw tables being set up and preparations made for the dinner he saw the Russian and French colors draped from the side of the streets with huge monograms A and V. In the windows of the houses flags.

B

But I want to see us but I won't leave here without having done all I can for Denisov and certainly not without getting his letter to the Emperor. The Emperor! He is here thought Rostov who had a letter from Denisov.

He was sure they were assembling evidently preparing for the Emperor to come out.

I may see him at any moment thought Rostov. If only I were to hand the letter direct to him and tell him all could they really arrest me for my civilian clothes? Surely not! He could understand on whose side I was.

He

Wh

But when they did arrest me for being here what would it matter? thought he looking at an officer who was entering the house the Emperor occupied. After all people do go in. It's all nonsense! I'll go in and hand the letter to the Emperor myself so much the worse for Drubetskoy who dresses me to suit. And suddenly with a determination he himself did not expect Rostov felt for the letter in his pocket and went straight to the house.

No I won't miss my opportunity now said Rostov after Austerlitz he thought expecting every moment to meet the monarch.

But I am happy when I can do good but to remedy injustice is the greatest happiness. Rostov fancied the sovereign saying. And passing people who looked after him with curiosity he entered the porch of the Emperor's house.

A broad staircase led straight up from the entry and to the right he saw a closed door. Below under the staircase was a door leading to the lower floor.

easy

Apet t. This way t the fficer on duty
he was shown the doo l d downsta rs)
ly two t be acc pted

O hearin thus dffere t o e Rostó
grew frhtened at what he was d g the
th w-hr f meet g th Empero at ny mo-
me t was so f ci t d co sequ ntly so
larm that h wa re dy to run way but
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beeches d h h boots d b t te h t that
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that room, d h s al twas b tto nt
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eason, attracted Rostó it t n This man
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"What is t? ked t e person n the othe
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"Tell him t c m l t He ll becom g out
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Later l ter T mott w lt tool te.

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ma the bra es t pped him.

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f "

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the Empero s special f vo d r ng tl can
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ce
told h m the wh le all k i g i t er
cedefor Deniso w l m the general knew H
ng heard Rost t the end the g neral hook
h sl ead gra ely

I m sorry sorry fo th t fne fellow G e
me the lett r

Il rdly had Rostó handed h m the letter
nd fi hed expl g Deniso ca e when
ha ty tep and the j ng l ng of spurs were he d
on the sta rs, and the general, lea h m we t
to the por h The gentlemen f the Empero s
s te ran d wn the st rs nd went to the r
horses. Hfayne the same groom who h d been
at Auste l tr led up the Emperor h rse l
the f t creak of a footstep Rost k ew at
o e was he rd on the sta rs. Forwett n the
d nger f be recogn ed Rostó went close
t the po ch, together w th some i qu t e
ci l ns d ga lter twa y rs saw those
f tures l ad red that same f ce a d sam
look d tep nd the sam un on of majesty
nd of h

ar u d by h gl He spoke a few words t
some of the ge ral and recon g th f r
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and beck ned t him.

All th u t drew back nd Rostó saw the
ge ral talk g l som tme to the Empero

The Empe o sa d few words to h m d
took tep toward his h rse. Aga n t e crowd
f members of the su te and street ga ers
(amo g wh mwa Rostó) m ed nea e t th
Emper Stopp g bes d his h rs w th his
h d on the saddl th Emp ro tu ed t th
ca alry g neral and sa d in a loud vo c ev
d ntly wishng t be heard by ll

I ca not do t, General. I can t becaus
th law tro ge th n l d he ra ed his
foot to th t rrup

Th g neral bowed hu head respectf lly d
the mo archmou ted nd rod d wn the street

once irritably (as if Boris were to blame in some way) telling him about Denisov's affair asking him whether through his general he could and would interceded

Boris in the f
ness Boris was
and stroking his left hand with the slender fingers of his right listened to Rostov as a general listens to the report of a subordinate now looking aside and now gazing straight into Rostov's eyes with the same veiled look. Each time this happened Rostov felt uncomfortable and cast down his eyes.

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CHAPTER XX

ROSTOV HAD COME to Tilsit on the day least suitable for a petition on Denisov's behalf. He could not himself go to the general in attendance as he was in mufti and had come to Tilsit without permission to do so and Boris even had he wished to could not have done so on the following day. On that day June 27 the preliminaries of peace were signed. The Emperors exchanged decorations. Alexander received the Cross of the Legion of Honor and Napoleon the Order of St. Andrew of the First Degree and a dinner had been

next morning went away and Boris in his civilian clothes and a round hat he wandered

about the town staring at the French and their uniforms and at the streets and houses where the Russian and French Emperors were staying. In a square he saw tables being set up and preparations made for the dinner he saw the Russian and French colors draped from side to side of the streets with huge monograms A and A. In the windows of the houses

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No! I won't miss my opportunity now as I did after Austerlitz he thought expecting every moment to meet the monarch and conscious of the blood that rushed to his heart at the thought. I will fall at his feet and beseech him. He will lift me up will listen and will even thank me. I am happy when I can do good but to remedy injustice is the greatest happiness. Rostov fancied the sovereign saying And passing people who looked after him with curiosity he entered the porch of the Emperor's house.

A broad staircase led straight up from the entry and to the right he saw a closed door below under the staircase was a door leading to the lower floor.

as the sure that the cross would die with the feast of m d tance. In l s mind
 And t really d d

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Lázarev?

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 (ch efly the l tte) n s lence He fi l d
 Th

nd ther fo e much to the urp e of the fi
 cers

H w can y u j dge wh t best? h cred
 the blood ddenly ru h g to h fa e H
 can y u judge the Emp ro s act? Wh t
 ht h w t rg? We cannot comp e
 he d th the Empe r s a ms h s ct ns!

But l ne er d w dabo t th Empe
 o t s d th fi justify g himself nd un
 bl to understand R stó outburst ex ept
 on the ppo t n that he was dru k.

But Rostó d d n t l st n t h m

"We n t d pl m t c offci ls we e sol
 diers nd noth g m re he we t on If we
 are ord red to d we must die If w e pun

at a gallop. Beside himself with enthusiasm Rostov ran after him with the crowd.

CHAPTER XXI

THE EMPEROR rode to the square where, facing one another, a battalion of the Preobrazhensk regiment stood on the right and a battalion of the French Guards in their bearskin caps on the left.

As the Tsar rode up to one flank of the battalions which presented arms, another group

galloped wearing a small hat, a blue uniform open over a white vest, and the St. Andrew ribbon over his shoulder. He was riding a very fine thoroughbred gray Arab horse with a crimson gold embroidered saddled cloth. On approaching Alexander he raised his hat, and as he did so Rostov, with his cavalryman's eye, could not help noticing that Napoleon did not sit well or firmly in the saddle. The battalions shouted Hurrah! and *Vive l'Empereur!* Napoleon said something to Alexander, and both Emperors dismounted and took each other's hands. Napoleon's face wore an unpleasant and artificial smile. Alexander was saying something affable to him.

In spite of the tramping of the French gendarmes' horses which were pushing back the crowd, Rostov kept his eyes on every movement of Alexander and Bonaparte. It struck him as a surprise that Alexander treated Bonaparte as an equal and that the latter was quite at ease with the Tsar as if such relations with an Emperor were an everyday matter to him.

Alexander and Napoleon, with the long train

of officers that Rostov, standing in the front row, was afraid he might be recognized.

Sire, I ask your permission to present the Legion of Honor to the bravest of your soldiers, said a sharp, precise voice, articulating every letter.

This was said by the undersized Napoleon, looking up straight into Alexander's eyes. Alexander listened attentively to what was said to him and, bending his head, smiled pleasantly.

To him who has borne himself most bravely in this last war, added Napoleon, accentuating each syllable as with a composure and as

surance exasperating to Rostov, he ran his eyes over the Russian ranks drawn up before him, who all presented arms with their eyes fixed on their Emperor.

Will Your Majesty allow me to consult the colonel? said Alexander and took a few steps toward Prince Kozlovski, the commander of the battalion.

Bonaparte meanwhile began taking the glove off his small white hand, tore it in doing so, and threw it away. An aide-de-camp behind him rushed forward and picked it up.

To whom shall it be given? the Emperor Alexander asked Ioslovski in Russian in a low voice.

To whomever Your Majesty commands.

The Emperor, but his brow still drawn in concentration and glancing back, remarked:

But we must give him an answer.

Kozlovski scanned the ranks resolutely and included Rostov's in his scrutiny.

Can it be me? thought Rostov.

Lázarev! the colonel called with a frown, and Lázarev, the first soldier in the rank, stepped briskly forward.

Where are you off to? Stop here! voice

often happens to soldiers called before the ranks.

ing at once what he wanted, moved about as if whispered as they passed something from one to another, and a page—the same one Rostov had seen the previous evening at Boris—ran forward and, bowing respectfully over the outstretched hand and not keeping it waiting a moment, laid in it an Order on a red ribbon. Napoleon without looking pressed two fingers together and the large was between them. Then he approached Lázarev (who rolled his eyes and persistently gazed at his own march) looked round at the Emperor Alexander to imply that what he was now doing was done for the sake of his ally, and the small white hand holding the Order touched one of Lázarev's buttons. It was as if Napoleon knew that it was only necessary for his hand to descend to touch that soldier's breast for the soldier to be forever happy, rewarded and distinguished from every one else in the world. Napoleon merely laid the cross on Lázarev's breast and dropping his head, turned toward Alexander.

although sure that the cross would adhere there. And it really did.

Of course he said, Russian and French, immediately seized the cross and fastened it to the uniform. Lazarev glanced in reply at the little

and there, go away or do something. But receiving orders, he remained for some time in that rigid position.

The Emperor remounted and rode away. The Preobrazhenski break-neck rankman led with the French Guards and sat down at the table prepared for them.

Lazarev sat in the place of honor. Russian and French officers embraced him, congratulated him, and pressed his hands. Crowds of officers and civilians drew earnestly to see him. A rumble of Russian and French cannons

he feast from ad to ce. In his mind,

while hospital with arms. He said right and case. So he recalled that hospital stench of dead flesh that he looked round to see where the smell came from. Next he thought of that self-satisfied Bonaparte with his small white hand who was now an Emperor, liked and respected by Alexander. Then why those severed arm and legs and those dead men? Then again he thought of Lazarev rewarded and Denisov punished and unparadoed. He caught himself in his harsh

had noticed that morning there to see many people among them officers who like himself, had come to find out that he had difficulty in getting a good officer. Two officers

Lazarev

"Thee."

"Tomorrow I hear the Preobrazhenskis will give them dinner."

"Yes, but what luck for Lazarev! Twelve hundred francs pence for life."

"Here a captain shouted a Preobrazhenski soldier down his bag. French captain (first thing) First rate."

"Have you heard the news?" asked the Guards officer. "The day before yesterday was a police. French captain of yesterday. He said Russian general. O day our Emperor gives to the next day. Napoleon. Tomorrow our Emperor will send St. George's Cross to the bravest of the French Guards. It has been done. He must respond in kind."

Boris, too, with his friend Zhilinski, came to see the Preobrazhenski banquet. On his way back, he noticed Rostov standing by the corner of the house.

"What? How do you do?" he missed on another hand, and could not refrain from asking what was the matter with that strange and troubled man. Rostov's face.

"Nothing, nothing," said Rostov.

"You'll call me?"

"Yes, I will."

Rostov's face was as pale as paper for some time.

done for his troops had neither provisions nor ammunition. A cholera ate and drank (chiefly the latter) in silence. He finished a couple of bottles of wine by himself. The process in his mind went on tormenting him with

that it was humiliating to look at the French. Rostov began shouting with uncalled-for wrath and therefore much to the surprise of the officers.

"How can you judge what best?" he cried, the blood suddenly rushing to his face. "How can you judge the Emperor's actions? What right have we to argue? We cannot comprehend either the Emperor's or his actions."

But he never said a word about the Emperor. He said the officer justifying himself, and unable to understand Rostov's thirst, except on the supposition that he was drunk.

But Rostov did not listen to him.

"We are not diplomatic officials, we are soldiers and nothing more," he went on. "If we are ordered to die, we must die. If we're pun-

ished it means that we have deserved it it is not for us to judge If the Emperor pleases to recognize Bonaparte as Emperor and to conclude an alliance with him it means that that is the right thing to do If once we begin judging and arguing about everything nothing sacred will be left! That way we shall be saying there is no God—nothing! shouted Nicholas banging the table—very little to the point as it seemed to his listeners but quite relevantly to the course of his own thoughts

Our business is to do our duty to fight and not to think! That's all said he

And to drink said one of the officers not wishing to quarrel

Yes and to drink assented Nicholas Hullo there! Another bottle! he shouted

In 1808 the Emperor Alexander went to Erfurt for a fresh interview with the Emperor Napoleon and in the upper circles of Petersburg there was much talk of the grandeur of this important meeting

CHAPTER XXII

In 1809 the intimacy between the world's two arbiters as Napoleon and Alexander were called was such that when Napoleon declared war on Austria a Russian corps crossed the frontier to co-operate with our old enemy Bonaparte against our old ally the Emperor of Austria and in court circles the possibility of marriage between Napoleon and one of Alexander's sisters was spoken of But besides considerations of foreign policy the attention of Russian society was at that time

Life meanwhile—real life with its essential interests of health and sickness toil and rest and its intellectual interests in thought science poetry music love friendship

1808 OF RECONSTRUCTION

Book Six 1808-10

*

CHAPTER I

PRINCE ANDREW had spent two years contentedly in the country. All the plans Prince had attempted on his estates from the old

white pines cloud floating across the clear blue sky. He was not thinking of anything but looked beside him merrily and cheerfully from side to side.

They crossed the ferry where he had talked with Prince the year before. They went through the muddy village past the stone floors and green fields, flew over the downy hills where now

He had the highest degree of practical utility which Prince had found with the fuss of training his part of the estate going on.

One of his estates the three hundred acres were inherited and became free agricultural laborers—this being one of the first examples of the kind in Russia. On the estates the serfs compulsory labor was commuted for a quarterly allowance. A trained maid was engaged for Bouchard's expense, and the post was paid to teach each girl and woman to the children of the peasants a domestic science.

Prince Andrew put his little son to Bald Hills, to his father's son who was tall and a fine nurse. The half he paid to Boguchar, Clister, and his father called Prince Andrew's estate. Despite the difference to the affairs of the world he passed Prince's diligent life. He would then went to the estate's book and to his reports to the estate when his father had visitors.

here and there and into a bush. In the forest it is green both sides of the road. The

last year the leaves of the rose are scattered here and there among the bushes was an unpleasant reminder of winter. On entering the forest the horses began to snort and swayed slightly.

Prince's footman made some remark to the coachman, the latter assented. But apparently the coachman's sympathy was not enough for Prince and he turned in the box toward his mother.

"How pleasant, your excellency! he said with respectful merriment.

"What?"

"It is pleasant, your excellency!"

What is he talking about? thought Prince Andrew. Oh, the pines! I suppose he thought as he turned round. Yes, really every thing green and ready. How early! The bushes and cherry and linden too are coming out. But the oaks show no sign yet. Ah, here is the oak!

At the edge of the road stood a knoll. Probably not many of the birches that formed the forest were so thick and twice as tall as they are. It was a new tree, its girth twice as great as man could embrace, developed long green leaves, its branches had been broken off and its bark scarred. With its huge

they last to the first campaign and withdrew from the army rules of equality.

It is the first of August went to visit the Ryazan estates which had been inherited by his mother's guardian.

Wounded by the spring sun he sat in the field looking at the new grass, the first leaves of the birches, and the first puffs of

ungainly limbs sprawling unsym-

Only the dead looking evergreen firs dotted about in the forest and this oak refused to yield to the charm of spring or notice either the spring or

Spirits say Art ingless c same and I here is no spring no sun no happiness! Look at those cramped dead firs ever the same and at me too sticking out my broken and barked fingers just where they have grown whether from

Under the forest Prince Andrew turned several times to look at that oak as if expecting something from it Under the oak too were flowers and grass but it stood among them scowling rigid misshapen and grim as ever

Yes the oak is right a thousand times right thought Prince Andrew Let others—the young—yield afresh to that fraud but we know life our life is finished!

A whole sequence of new thoughts hopeless but mournfully pleasant rose in his soul in connection with that tree During this journey he as it were considered his life afresh and arrived at his old conclusion restful in its hopelessness that it was not for him to begin any thing anew—but that he must live out his life content to do no harm and not disturbing himself or desiring anything

CHAPTER II

PRINCE ANDREW had to see the Marshal of the Nobility for the district in connection with the affairs of the Ryazán estate of which he was trustee This Marshal was Count Ilyá Rostov and in the middle of May Prince Andrew went to visit him

It was now hot spring weather The whole forest was already clothed in green It was dusty and so hot that on passing nearly after one longed to bathe

Prince Andrew depressed and preoccupied with the business about which he had to speak to the Marshal was driving up the avenue in the grounds of the Rostovs' house at Otrádnoe He heard merry girlish cries behind some trees on the right and saw a group of girls running to cross the path of his carriage Ahead of the rest and nearer to him ran a dark haired remark-

ably slim pretty girl in a yellow chintz dress with a white handkerchief on her head from under which loose locks of hair

Suddenly he did not know why he felt a pang The day was so beautiful the sun so bright everything around so gay but that slim pretty girl did not know or wish to know of his existence and was contented and cheerful in her own separate—probably foolish—but bright and happy life What is she so glad about? What is she thinking of? Not of the military regulations or of the arrangement of the Ryazán serfs' quarters Of what is she thinking? Why is she so happy? Prince Andrew asked himself with instinctive curiosity

In 1809 Count Ilyá Rostov was living at Otrádnoe just as he had done in former years that is entertaining almost the whole province with hunts theatricals dinners and music He was glad to see Prince Andrew as he was to see any new visitor and insisted on his staying the night

During the dull day in the course of which he was entertained by his elderly hosts and by the more important of the visitors (the old count's house was crowded on account of an

ing about? Why is she so glad?

That night alone in new surroundings he was long unable to sleep He read awhile and then put out his candle but relit it It was hot in the room the inside shutters of which were closed He was cross with the stupid old man (as he called Rostov) who had made him stay by assuring him that some necessary documents had not yet arrived from town and he vexed with himself for having stayed

He got up and went to the window to open it As soon as he opened the shutters the moon light as if it had long been watching for this burst into the room He opened the casement The night was fresh bright and very still Just before the window was a row of pollard trees looking black on one side and with a silvery light on the other Beneath the trees grew some kind of lush wet lush vegetation with silver lily leaves and stems here and there Farther back beyond the dark trees a roof glittered with dew to the right was a leafy tree with brilliant white trunk and branches and above it shone

the moo nea ly at ts full n a p le lmo t
ta less, sp g sky Pr n e A drew leaned h s
lbo r the w ndowled e dl eyes rest d
thaz sky

His room was n the first floor Those in the
rooms bo e er also wake. He heard female
cro erh d

h. o. bo e
e
nd

th r o c e

"I t, I can't sleep wh t th use? Come
w l the last time

The girl h o ces sa g a mu cal pa sage—
the d some so g

Oh, howl lyl howg t leep nd there
e do f t.

"I got leep b t I can't sa d the first
e comi g ea t the w nd w She was
adently lea ght t f r the rule of
her dress d e e her breath g c uld be
h d. E ery th wa st ne t l l k the moon
d ts h t d the h d ws Pr n e A drew
too da dn t u f sea of b tray gh un
t t l p re e.

Só ya! S ya! h wa n lea d the first
peak Oh h w can y u le p? O ly look
how gl n us t! Ah h w glo u i d wak
p Só ya he sa d lmo t w l t rs n her
e "Ther ever n wa ch a lo ely
t t bel t

Só ya mad som r lu ta t e ply

Do just come d ee h t am nl Oh
h w l ely! Com h D l g sweet
heart, com h ! Ther y u ee? I fe l l i ke
m rms

If hea d th so d f cuffle d Só ya
disapp It p t n o lock

Oh y u ly p l th os f me. All ght,
no g

Aga li was lent but Pr A drew
k h w wa tll t g th e F m m t
m h h d soft rustl nd tmes h.
O God, O God What does t m n? sh
dd ly d med. To bed then f t must
be and he l mmed th ca em t.

F h l m ht as well n t exist! th ht
Pr A drew wh l h l t ned t h o
f som eason pe g y t sea g that he
m t t y som th g bout h m. Ther he is
ra As f t were purpo th ht he
l h soul th e udd nly ose uch n un
expected turn l f yo th l thou hts nd

CHAPTER III

NEXT A O I G I A ng taken leave of no one
but the count and n tw t ng for the f d est
appear Pr nce A d ew set off f r l me

It w alre dy the beg nn ng of J ne w en
on h s return journey he dro e nto the b rel
fo est whe e the gn rled old oak l ad made s
strange nd memorable n mp ess on on lum
In the fo est th e harness bell sounded yet m re
muffled th n they h d done s c eeks before
f n w ll as t l ck shady a d den e and
they u g firs dotted about in the forest d d not
J on the gereral beauty but lend g them
sel es to the mood a ound were del cately
green w th fluffy young shoots

The whole d y had been hot. Somewl ere
t rm was gat l r ng but only sm ll lo d
had scatte ed some ra ndrops l ghtly spr n
kl ng the d and the sappy lea es. Tl e left
s de f the f rest was da k n the slade tle
r ght de gl ttered n the sun l ght, wet n l
sh y d ca c ly swayed by the breer E ery
th g was n blossom the n ght ngales t lled
and the r o ces e erberated n w near n
f way

Yes here n th s forest wa that o k v tl
wh ch I greed t l ught Pr ce Andrew But
wher t? I e ga n w nde ed gaz g at tle
left s de of th d nd tho t recogn n
t he looked w th dm rat n t the ery o k
he so gl t. Tl old o k qu te tran foured.
p d out ca py of sappy da k gre n
f l ge tood rapt nd l ghtly trembl n t l
rays of th e en g sun Ne ther gna led f n
g rs no old cars no ld d ubts and sorr
were ny of them in ex den e n w Thr u l
the ha d ntury-old b k, e en wh e th e
w en tw gs lea sh dsprouted ucl as ne
could hardly bl e the old veteran could ha
produ ed.

"Yes t tlesam o k, th u ght P e An
drew nd ll t ce he was sei ed by n un
reason gsp gtm fel g of joy nd en
l All th best m m ts f h l l e udd ly
ros t h s m m ry Aust l uz w th the l ty
hea hus w l de d rep o chful f
Perr tle f rry th t g r l thr lled by the
b uty f th n ght d that n g l t l s l f d
the moon d ll this rushed suddenly to
h m d.

N l f n t o e t th rty-one! Pr nce
A drew udd nly d ded f lly ndd as ely

ungainly limbs sprawling unsymmetrically and its gnarled hands and fingers it stood in aged stern and scornful monster among the smiling birch trees. Only the dead looking evergreen firs dotted about in the forest and this oak refused to yield to the charm of spring or notice either the snow or the sun.

Spring lo say Are you ingless const same and always a fraud! There is no spring no sun no happiness! Look at those cramped dead firs ever the same and at me too sticking out my broken and barked fingers just where they have grown whether from my back or my sides as they have grown so I stand and I do not believe in your hopes and your lies.

As he passed through the forest Prince Andrew turned several times to look at that oak as if expecting something from it. Under the oak too were flowers and grass but it stood among them scowling rigid misshapen and grim as ever.

Yes the oak is right a thousand times right thought Prince Andrew. Let others—the young—yield afresh to that fraud but we know life our life is finished!

A whole sequence of new thoughts hopeless but mournfully pleasant rose in his soul in connection with that tree. During this journey he as it were considered his life afresh and arrived at his old conclusion: restless in its hopelessness that it was not for him to begin any thing anew—but that he must live out his life content to do no harm and not disturbing himself or desiring anything.

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As he was walking a group of girls running to cross the path of his caisset. Ahead of the rest and nearer to him ran a dark haired remarkable

ably slim pretty girl in a yellow chintz dress with a white handkerchief on her head from under which loose locks of hair escaped. The girl was shouting something but seeing that he was a stranger ran back laughing without looking at him.

Suddenly he did not know why he felt a pang. The day was so beautiful the sun so bright everything around so gay but that slim pretty girl did not know or wish to know of his existence and was contented and cheerful in her own separate—probably foolish—but bright and happy life. What is she so glad about? What is she thinking of?

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During the dull day in the course of which he was entertained by his elderly hosts and by the more important of the visitors (the old count's house was crowded on 7th of May)

about? Why is she so glad?

That night alone in new surroundings he was long unable to sleep. He read awhile and then put out his candle but felt it. It was hot in the room the inside shutters of which were closed. He was cross with the stupid old man (as he called Rostov) who had made him stay by assuring him that some necessary documents had not yet arrived from town and he was vexed with himself for having stayed.

He got up and went to the window to open it. As soon as he opened the shutters the moon light as if it had long been watching for it burst into the room. He opened the casement. The night

Under the other. Beneath the trees grew some kind of lush wet luscious vegetation with lilies and leaves and stems here and there. Farther back beyond the dark trees stood glittered with dew to the right was a leafy tree with brilliantly white trunk and branches and also at one

th Emper perso lly but the pr ject will speak fo ts lf

He me to d wh t h h d written to n old fi ld marsh l frie d f h f thers The field marsha l m de n pp tme t to see h m ec ived him gracio ly a d p om d t n f rm the Emper A few d ys later Prince Andrew ecc ed n t e th t he was t go to see the M ter of W r Co t Arakché v

O the ppo ted d y Pri ce Andrew en tered Co t Arakché s w t groom at n ne in the m rn g

He d t kn w Arakché v pers lly h d oversee h m d ll he h d h d f h m

p ed h m th b t ttle espect f the m n H M te f W a mant uted by the Empero d I eed t cern myself bout his perso al q altes he has be commis-ed t co der my p j ct, so he l can get tad pt d th ght P e And ew as he ted am g n mber f mporta t d un mport t people Co nt Arakché wait g oom.

D h serv ce ch efly an adjut nt P n e A drew had ec the terooms of m ny mport t men d the d ff ent types f ch rooms ew ll k own to h m Co t Arak hée teroom h d qu te a p c lcl racte Th fa e f the mp ta t p pl wat g th t m f d ce h wed emb rra ment d r l th f ce

t me Th n suddenly the grating sou d of harsh vo ce w he rd f m tle other s de f the door nd the officer—w th pale face and trembling lips—came o t d passed through tle w t ng room clutching l he d.

After this Prince A d ew was conducted to the door and the off cer on duty a d in a whis per "To the r ght t the w d w

Pr ce And ew entered pl n tidy room and saw at the table a m n of f rty w th a lo g wa st a lo g l ly cr pped l e d deep wrn kles c wl "b ows above d ll green h hazel eyes d no erhang g red nos Arakché v t rned h she dt wa d h mw d out looking at h m.

What y r pet t ? ked Arakché v I m n t pet t g y rex llency re-tu ned P ce A d ew q etly

—4

M jesty the Emper has d gned to send yo e lle cy p je ts b m tted by me

I usee myd sir I ha e read you proj ect terrupted Arak hée utte go ly the first ords m bly a d th n—ga w th ut look g at P c A d ew—relap g grad l ly to a to e of grumbl g co tempt "You re p opo g ew m l tary laws? There are m nyl w but no net carry t the old o es Nowad y erybody des gns laws it is eas er

g t t us h fere to Cou t
Arak hé O ge ral m --
so
to
leg

g ole He cl
nd he h ded t to Prince A d ew
Acro th p pe was crawled p n l
w th ut n l l m m

i
P d w l th d t m k d the
c
tu
t
uter oom by th how d t f th m
wh struck P A dr w by h h m l t d
a d f ght ed w dm tted t that terra
ble doo Th ffer di e lasted l ng
Sila mean f ce

y u g
To wh t mm tte has the m mo dum
be n ef rr d? q ed Pri ce And ew
To th Comm tte n Army Regul t
d I h r mm nded that y ur h r
sh uld be pp t d m mber with ut a
s lary
Pri ce A d ew m led.
I do tw t e
A member w th ut l ry r pated Arak

It is not enough for me to know what I have in me—everyone must know it. Pierre and that young girl who wanted to fly away into the sky—everyone must know me so that my life may not be lived for myself alone while others live so apart from it—but so that it may be reflected in them all—and they and I may live in harmony!

On reaching home Prince Andrew decided to go to Petersburg that autumn and found all sorts of reasons for this decision. A whole series of sensible and logical considerations showing it to be essential for him to go to Petersburg and even to re-enter the service kept springing up in his mind. He could not now understand how he could ever even have doubted the necessity of taking an active share in life just as a month before he had not understood how the idea of leaving the quiet country could ever enter his head. It now seemed clear to him that all his experience of life must be senselessly wasted unless he applied it to some kind of work and again played an active part in life. He did not even remember how formerly on the strength of similar wretched logical arguments it had seemed obvious that he would be degrading himself if he now, after the lessons he had had in life, allowed himself to believe in the possibility of being useful and in

former pursuits no longer interested him and often when sitting alone in his study he got up went to the mirror and gazed a long time at his own face. Then he could turn away to the portrait of his dead Lise who with hair curled à la grecque looked tenderly and gaily at him out of the gilt frame. She did not now say those former terrible words to him but looked simply merrily and inquisitively at him. And Prince Andrew, crossing his arms behind him, long paced the room, now frowning, now smiling as he reflected on those irrational inexpressible thoughts secret as a crime which altered his whole life and were connected with Pierre, with fame, with the girl at the window, the oak and woman's beauty and love. And if anyone came into his room at such moments he was particularly cold, stern and above all unpleasantly logical.

My dear Princess Mary entering at such a moment would say, "little Nicholas can't go out today, it's very cold."

If it were I, ot Prince Andrew would reply

at such times very dryly to his sister: "He could go out in his smock, but as it is cold he must wear warm clothes which were designed for that purpose. That is what follows from the fact that it is cold and not that a child who needs fresh air should remain at home. He would add with extreme logic as if punishing someone for those secret illogical emotions that stirred within him."

At such moments Princess Mary would think how intellectual work dries men up.

CHAPTER IV

PRINCE ANDREW arrived in Petersburg in August 1809. It was the time when the youthful Speránski was at the zenith of his fame and his reforms were being pushed forward with the greatest energy. That same August the Emperor was thrown from his *calèche*, injured his leg and remained three weeks at Peterhof receiving Speránski every day and no one else. At that time the two famous decrees were being prepared that so agitated society—abolishing court ranks and introducing examinations to qualify for the grades of Collegiate Assessor and State Councilor—and not merely these but a whole state constitution intended to change the existing order of government in Russia: legal administrative and financial from the Council of State down to the district tribunals. Now those vague liberal dreams with which the Emperor Alexander had ascended the throne and which he had tried to put into effect with the aid of his associates Czartoryski, Novosiltsev, Kochubéy and Stróganov—whom he him-

self on the civil side and Arakchéev on the military. Soon after his arrival Prince Andrew as a gentleman of the chamber presented himself at court and at a levee. The Emperor though he met him twice did not favor him with a single word. It had always seemed to Prince Andrew before that he was antipathetic to the Emperor and that the latter disliked his face and personality generally and in the cold repellent glance the Emperor gave him he now found further confirmation of this surmise. The courtiers explained the Emperor's neglect of him by His Majesty's displeasure at Dolókonski's not having served since 1805.

I know myself that one cannot help one's sympathies and antipathies, thought Prince Andrew, so it will not do to present my proposal for the reform of the army regulations to

BOOK SIX

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chéev. I have the honor. Eh! Call the next one! Who else is there? he shouted bowing to Prince Andrew.

CHAPTER V

WHILE WAITING for the announcement of his appointment to the committee Prince Andrew looked up his former acquaintances particularly those he knew to be in power and whose aid he might need. In Petersburg he now experienced the same feeling he had had on the eve of a battle when troubled by anxious curiosity and irresistibly attracted to the ruling circles where the future on which the fate of millions depended was being shaped. From the irritation of the older men the curiosity of the uninitiated the reserve of the initiated the hurry and preoccupation of everyone and the innumerable committees and commissions of whose existence he learned every day he felt that now in 1809 here in Petersburg a vast civil conflict was in preparation the command

of reconstruction of which Prince Andrew had a vague idea and Speránski its chief promoter began to interest him so keenly that the question of the army regulations quickly receded to a secondary place in his consciousness.

Prince Andrew was most favorably placed to secure a good reception in the highest and most diverse Petersburg circles of the day. The reforming party cordially welcomed and courted him in the first place because he was reputed to be clever and very well read and secondly because by liberating his serfs he had obtained the reputation of being a liberal. The party of the old and dissatisfied who censured the in-

mine society world welcomed him gladly because he was rich distinguished a good match and almost a newcomer with a lot of romance

that he had greatly improved during these last five years having softened and grown more manly lost his former affectation pride and contemptuous irony and acquired the serenity that comes with years. People talked about him as ever interested in him and wanted to meet him.

The day after his interview with Count Ar-

akchéev Prince Andrew spent the evening at Count Kochubéy's. He told the count of his interview with *Sila Andréievich* (Kochubéy spoke of Arakchéev by that nickname with the same vague irony Prince Andrew had noticed in the Minister of War's anteroom).

Mon cher even in this case you can't do without Michael Mikháýlovich Speránski. He manages everything. I'll speak to him. He has promised to come this evening.

What has Speránski to do with the army regulations? asked Prince Andrew.

Kochubéy shook his head smilingly as if surprised at Bolkónski's simplicity.

We were talking to him about you a few days ago Kochubéy continued and about your freed plowmen.

Oh is it you Prince who have freed your serfs? said an old man of Catherine's day turning contemptuously toward Bolkónski.

It was a small estate that brought him no profit replied Prince Andrew trying to extenuate his action so as not to irritate the old man uselessly.

Afraid of being late said the old man looking at Kochubéy.

There's one thing I don't understand he continued. Who will plow the land if they are set free? It is easy to write laws but difficult to rule. Just the same as now—I ask you Count—who will be heads of the departments when everybody has to pass examinations?

Those who pass the examinations I suppose replied Kochubéy crossing his legs and glancing round.

Well I have Pryáchnikov serving under me a splendid man a priceless man but he's sixty. Is he to go up for examination?

Yes that's a difficulty as education is not at all general but.

Count Kochubéy did not finish. Herose took Prince Andrew by the arm and went to meet a tall bald fair man of about forty with a large open forehead and a long face of unusual and peculiar whiteness who was just entering. The newcomer wore a blue swallow-tail coat with a cross suspended from his neck and a star on his left breast. It was Speránski. Prince Andrew recognized him at once and felt a throb with him as happens at critical moments of life. Whether it was from respect envy or anticipation he did not know. Speránski's whole figure was of a peculiar type that made him easily recognizable. In the society in which Prince Andrew lived he had never seen anyone who together with awkward and clumsy

features possessed such calmness and self-assurance he had never seen so resolute yet gentle an expression that those half-closed, rather humid eyes, or so firm smile that expressed nothing more than he heard such a refined, smooth, soft voice bore him he had never seen such delicate whiteness of face or hands—hands high and broad, but very plump soft, and that such white dress and soft expression. Andrew had only seen on the faces of solders who had been in no hospital. This was Speranski, Secretary of State, reported to the Emperor and his companions in Erfurt, where he had more than once met and talked with the prince.

Speranski did not lift his eyes from the face to another as people usually do on entering large companies. He was in no hurry to speak. He spoke slowly with the assurance that he would be heard and he looked only at the person with whom he conversed.

Prince Andrew followed Speranski every word and movement with particular attention. As happens some people especially in no judge those near them severely he himself was meeting none other—especially none whom he knew. Speranski had known what reputation he expected to discover in him the perfection of human qualities.

Speranski told Kochubey he was sorry he had been obliged to soothe as he had been detained in the palace. He did not say that the Emperor had kept him, and Prince Andrew noted this affectation of modesty. When Kochubey introduced Prince Andrew Speranski slowly turned his eyes to Bolikóki with his customary smile and looked at him in silence.

"I am very glad to make your acquaintance. I had heard of you, as everyone has," he said after a pause.

Kochubey said a few words about the reception Arakcheev had given Bolikóski. Speranski smiled more markedly.

"The chairman of the Committee on Army Regulation is my good friend. My dear friend, he said, full of reculation every word and syllable, and if you like I can put you together with him. He paused and then full of hope you will find him very sympathetic and ready to co-operate in your mission that is reasonable.

A circle so formed round Speranski, and the old man who had talked to the boards on Pyatinichniko addressed questions to him.

Prince Andrew without going in the con-

versation watched every movement of Speranski. This man not only gave a significant

with which Speranski answered the old man. He appeared to address condescending words to him from an immeasurable height. When the old man began to speak too loud Speranski smiled and said he could not judge of the advantage or disadvantage of what pleased the so-called men.

He talked for a little while in the general circle. Speranski rose and came up to Prince Andrew took him along to the other end of the room. It was clear that he thought it necessary to interest himself in Bolikóki.

He did not choose to talk with you. Prince Andrew then addressed conversation with which that venerable gentleman was obliged to me, he said with mildly contemptuous smile as if amused by that smile that he did not see. And he understood the significance of this people with whom he had just been talking. This flattered Prince Andrew. He asked what of it. I do not mean first from your side in regard to your serious first example of which it is very desirable that there should be more that is secondly because you are one of those gentlemen of the chamber who have not considered themselves offended by the new decree concerning the ranks. It is a courtiers, which is causing so much gossip and little-tattle.

And said Prince Andrew my father did not wish me to take advantage of the privilege. I began to serve from the lower grade.

"Your father's man of the last century evidently stands before our contemporaries who so condemn this measure which merely establishes a natural justice.

I think, however, that they condemn it on some ground. I returned Prince Andrew trying to see Speranski since which he began to be conscious. He did not like to

Group of persons in ambulation may be Speranski put in quietly.

And that interest to some extent, said Prince Andrew.

What do you mean? asked Speranski quietly lowering his eyes

Prince Andrew and his idea that le principe des monarchies est l'honneur me paraît incontestable. Certains droits et privilèges de la noblesse me paraissent être des moyens de soutenir ce sentiment.

The smile vanished from Speransk

Si vous envisagez la question sous ce point de vue he began pronouncing French with evident difficulty and speaking even slower than in Russian but quite calm!

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and clear

An institution upholding honor the source of emulation is one similar to the *Légion d'honneur* of the great Emperor Napoleon not harmful but helpful to the success of the service but not a class or court privilege. I do not dispute that.

I do not dispute that but it cannot be denied that court privileges have attained the same end returned Prince Andrew Every courtier considers himself bound to maintain his position & orthodoxy

Yet you do not care to avail yourself of the privilege Prince said Speranski indicating by a smile that he wished to finish.

Thursday he added I will after talking with Magnitski let you know what may interest you and shall also have the pleasure of a more detailed chat with you. Closing his eyes he bowed *à la française* without taking leave and trying to attract as little attention as possible he left the room.

CHAPTER VI

DURING the first weeks of his stay in P...

to me incontestable. Certain hesitations seem
for the aristocracy appear to me a means of main-
taining that sentiment

If you regard the question from that point of view

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so as to be in time everywhere absorbed the greater part of his vital energy. He did nothing did not even think or find time to think, but only talked and talked successfully of what he had thought while in the country. He sometimes

He sometimes noticed with dissatisfaction that he repeated the same remark on the same day in different circles. But he was so busy for whole days together that he had no time to notice that he was thinking of nothing.

As he had done on their first meeting at Kochubé's Sperdinské produced a strong impression on Prince Andrew on the Wednesday when he received him tête à tête at his own house and talked to him long and confidentially.

To Bolkónski so many people appeared contemptible and insignificant creatures and he so longed to find in someone the living ideal of

1. Iau Speránski sprung from the same class as himself and possessed the same breeding and traditions. Bolkónski would soon have discovered his weak human unheroic side but as it was as Speránski's strange and logical turn of mind inspired him with respect all the more because he did not quite understand him. Moreover Speránski either because he appreciated the other's capacity or because he considered it necessary to win him to his side showed off his dispassionate calm reasonableness before Prince Andrew and flattered him with that subtle flattery which goes hand in hand with self assurance and consists in a tacit assumption that one's companion is the only man besides oneself capable of understanding the folly of the rest of mankind and the reasonableness and profundity of one's own ideas. During their last meeting

During their long conversation on Wednesday evening Speranski more than once remarked: "We regard everything that is above the common level of rooted custom or with a smile. But we want the wolves to be fed and the sheep to be safe." or "They cannot understand it is " and all in a way that seemed to say: "If you and I understand what they are and who we are."

Thus first long conversation with Sperdinsk

... .. feel

During the first period of the revolution Bolkónki felt a passion for admiring himself in the mirror to that which he had once felt for Boleslav. The fact that at Speráki was ill

his energy disappeared had attained power such he was as solely for the welfare of Russia. Prince Andrew eyes Speráki was that man who would himself have wished to be—
—when he placed all the facts of life so simply considered important—only what was rational, and was capable of applying the standard of ease to everything. Everything seemed so simple and clear in Speráki's position.

It has depended and not submitted. Speráki's position is only everything was right and everything was as it should be only once this had occurred. Prince Andrew. This was Speráki's ideal mirror-like look which did allow everything to penetrate to his soul. He decided that he had decided which Prince Andrew in voluntarily waited as ordered with the hands of those who possess power. The mirror-like gaze of those delicate hands irritated Prince Andrew. He knew not why. He was unpleasantly struck too by the essential contempt for the things he observed. Speráki decided by the diversity of his arguments it had used to support his opinion. He made use of every kind of mental device—psychology—used too boldly to meet Prince Andrew. And from that time on Prince Andrew would take the next—

—every official could only resist the influence of metaphysics. (This is especially true when he is frequently employed.) He would therefore question metaphysical beliefs as to their foundation. He decided that if that had been decided then it was fatal. He decided that he would go down to the level of the general ideas.
—I regard the trait of Speráki's sentimentality

him the more and unconsciously to strengthen it.

On that first evening Bolkónki spent with him his game. He edited the Commission of the Revision of the Code of Law. Speráki told him sarcastically that the Commission had decided that he had lived fifty years had committed many crimes and had done nothing except that he had composed paragraphs of the different codes.

And that little tale for the million has spread, said he. We wait to give the Senate the judicial powers but we have the laws. That is why it is not for men like you. Prince Andrew to serve these times.

Prince Andrew decided that for the time being education in jurisprudence was needed. He decided to proceed.

But nobody possesses it so what would you have? It is a scandal from which we must break away.

A week later Prince Andrew was a member of the Committee of Army Regulations and—when he had not time to express his—was chairman of the committee for the revision of the laws. At Speráki's request he took the first part of the Civil Code that was being drawn up and the additional Code of Napoleon decided the Institutes of Justinian. He was kept in the military section on Personal Rights.

CHAPTER VII

NEALYTIC ABSTRACT 88 Perr
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elections for members of parliament and if he could the collection of him in regard to which the majority of members were against irregular. He proposed limits to be had and proposed to use the order of the day. Petersburg.

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that is a death which has ever felt the death,
I not that the death is a death? And
that is the peculiarity of Speráki's mind
that peculiarly irritated Prince Andrew

What do you mean? asked Speritski quietly lowering his eyes.

I am an admirer of Montesquieu replied Prince Andrew and his idea that *le principe des monarchies est l'honneur me paraît incontestable. Certains droits et privilèges de la noblesse me paraissent être des moyens de soutenir ce sentiment.*

The smile vanished from Speritski's white face which was much improved by the change. Probably Prince Andrew's thought interested him.

than in Russian but quite calmly.

Speritski went on to say that honor (*l'honneur*) cannot be upheld by privileges harmful to the service that honor (*l'honneur*) is either a negative concept of not doing what is blame worthy or it is a source of emulation in pursuit of commendation and rewards which recognize it. His arguments were concise simple and clear.

An institution upholding honor the source of emulation is one similar to the *l'Égout d'honneur* of the great Emperor Napoleon not harmful but helpful to the success of the service but not a class or court privilege.

I do not dispute that but it cannot be denied that court privileges have attained the same end returned Prince Andrew. Every courtier considers himself bound to maintain his position worthily.

Yet you do not care to avail yourself of the privilege Prince said Speritski indicating by a smile that he wished to finish amiably an argument which was embarrassing for his companion. If you will do me the honor of calling on me on Wednesday he added I will after talking with Mignitski let you know what my interest you and shall also have the pleasure of a more detailed chat with you.

Closing his eyes he bowed *la française* without taking leave and trying to attract as little attention as possible he left the room.

CHAPTER VI

DURING the first weeks of his stay in Petersburg Prince Andrew felt the whole trend of thought he had formed during his life of secluded quietude

overshadowed by the trifling cares that engrossed him in that city.

On returning home in the evening he would jot down in his notebook four or five necessary calls or appointments for certain hours. The mechanism of life the arrangement of the day so as to be in time everywhere absorbed the greater part of his vital energy. He did nothing did not even think or find time to think but only talked and talked successfully of what he had thought while in the country.

He sometimes noticed with dissatisfaction that he repeated the same remark on the same day in different circles. But he was so busy for whole days together that he had no time to notice that he was thinking of nothing.

As he had done on their first meeting at Kuchubéy's Speritski produced a strong impression on Prince Andrew on the Wednesday when he received him tête-à-tête at his own house and talked to him long and conscientiously.

To Bolkonski so many people appeared contemptible and insignificant creatures and he so longed to find in someone the living ideal of that perfection toward which he strove that he readily believed that in Speritski he had found this ideal of a perfectly rational and virtuous man. Had Speritski sprung from the same class as himself and possessed the same freedom and traditions Bolkonski would soon have discovered his weak human unheroic side but as it was Speritski's strange and original turn of mind inspired him with respect all the more because he did not quite understand him. Moreover Speritski either because he appreciated the other's capacity or because he considered it necessary to win him to his side showed off his dispassionate calm reasonableness before Prince Andrew and flattered him with that subtle flattery which goes hand in hand with self-assurance and modesty in assuming that one's companion is the only man to let oneself captivate of one's own language the folly of the rest of mankind and therefore alone a profoundity of one's own ideas.

During their long conversation on Wednesday evening Speritski more than once remarked: We regard everything that is above the common level of a note of custom with a smile. But that is not the whole of the matter and the sheep to be safe or they cannot understand this and all in a way that seemed to say: "He you and I understand but they are not like we are."

This first long conversation with Speritski

only strengthened in Prince A. drew the feeling he had experienced toward him at their first meeting. He saw in him remarkable, clear-thinking man of vast intellect who by his energy and persistence had attained power which he was using solely for the welfare of Russia.

Prince Andrew's eyes Speranskii was the man he would himself have wished to be—on who explained all the facts of life, reason, but considered important only what was rational, and was capable of proving the standard of reason to everything. Everything seemed so simple and clear in Speranskii's exposition that Prince A. drew him out until he agreed with him about everything. If he replied and argued, it was only because he wished to maintain his independence and not submit to Speranskii's pinions. Entirely everything was right and everything was as it should be, only once came across Prince A. drew. This was Speranskii's look, which did not allow itself to penetrate to his soul, and his delicate white hands, which Prince Andrew watched until he was tired. He does watch the hands of those who possess power. This mirror-like gaze and those delicate hands irritated Prince Andrew. He knew now why he was unpleasantly struck, too, by the excessive contempt for others that he observed in Speranskii, and by the diversity of lines of argument he used to support his positions. He made use of every kind of mental device, except malice, and passed too boldly. It seemed to Prince Andrew from yet another viewpoint would take up the position of practical man and condemn dreamers now that of satirist. He had been struck by his opponents now grow severely logical, or sudden rise to the realm of metaphysics. (This last resource was one he very frequently employed.) He would transfer question to metaphysical heights, pass into definitions of past time, and thought, and having decided the refutation he needed, would gradually descend to the level of the original discussion.

In general the traits of Speranskii's mentality which struck Prince Andrew most was his absolute and unshakable belief in the power and authority of reason. It was evident that this thought could never occur to him which to Prince Andrew seemed so natural, namely that it is for all impossible to express all that is, and that he had never felt the doubt, not all I think is belief nonsense. And was just this peculiarity of Speranskii's mind that particularly attracted Prince Andrew.

During the first period of the reconstruction Speranskii felt a passionate admiration for him similar to that which he had once felt for Bonaparte. The fact that Speranskii was the

Prince Andrew to cherish his sentimentality in the more, and unconsciously to strengthen it.

On that first evening Bolkonskii spent with him, having met the Commission of the Revision of the Code of Laws, Speranskii told him sarcastically that the Commission had existed for half a century, had cost millions, and had done nothing except that Rosenkampf had stuck himself on the corresponding paragraphs of the different codes.

And that if the state has for the million the hope to say, "We want to give the Senate new judicial powers, but we have laws. That is why it is so men like you, Prince, not to serve in these times."

Prince A. drew said that if that work in education in jurisprudence was needed while he did not possess.

But in his possession, so what would you have? It is a vicious circle from which we must break away.

A week later Prince Andrew was a member of the Commission on Army Regulations—what he had not tall expected—was chairman of section of the commission of the revision of the laws. At Speranskii's request he took the first part of the Civil Code that was being drawn up, with the Code of the People and the statutes of Justice in the world of the section on Person and Rights.

CHAPTER VII

Nearly two years before this, in 1808 Peter on return to Petersburg for the estates had voluntarily and himself in a leading position month Petersburg Free masons. He arranged dinner and funeral lodge meetings, enrolled new members, and bought himself into various lodges and acquired authentic charters. He gave money for the erection of temples, and supplemented as far as he could the collection of alms, toward to which the majority of members were unopposed and irregular. He supported almost exclusively poorhouse the order had founded in Petersburg.

His life meanwhile continued as before with the same satisfaction and dissipation. He

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This first long conversation with Speránski

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"T t t h d w e m u t s e c u a p e
p o d r a e f t e o v e r e a d m u t e
d e r t t h t t h e h e s t m m a y
e e n n t h w l d r e c e e a l t g r e r d f o r
h r t u e B t t h e s e g r e t n d e v r s w a r e
g r a e l y h m p e r e d b y t l e p l t c a l i n s t t t n s
f t o d a y W h t i s t o b e d n t h e s e c u m
s i c ? T f r e l t e r t h r o w e r y
t h r e p l f e b y f ? N ! W e e r y
f r o m t h t E e r y l e t f r m d e e r v e s
e s e f t q t e f l e m d y e v l w l e
m r e n v h t t h e y e d l s o b e c a u s e
s d m d s !

The h l e p l n f u r r d e r s h o u l d b e
b d d t h e d e a f p r p r g m e n f f i r m
n e s s d r t b d t g e t t e r b y u t y o f
t - m g t t h e p u h m t o f e
a d f o l l y a d p t g t l t d t e
r a g t h y m f o m t h d t d t t a h
g t l e m t B r o t h o o d O l y t h e n w i l l
d h t l p w e u b t r u e l y t o
b d t h h d s f t e p t i r s o f d d e r
d t t o l t m w t h t t h e r b e w e
o f t l w d w m t f u d f r m f g
m t l l d l s w y w l h h u l d
d f f u s e d t h w h l l d w t h u t d e
t y g t h e b d o f t e s h p d b e d
w h e l l t e r g o m t c a c t e i n
d r e u t m r y e d d r y t h g x
e p t h t m p e d t h g r e t m f o d e
w h h t b t a f t t l t r y e r
e T h w t h t f C l t n t y t e l f
l t t g h t m t b e e d g o o d d f
t h e r n b f t t l l w l m p l e n d
r u t f d l b t d w e s t m

A t t h a t t m w l e r y t l g w p l g e d
d a k e s p e h g l w f s f
f i c e t T h l t y f T t h d w e d h e r
h ~

of the Our order should provide means to
that e d

As soon as we have a certain number of

which has already in secret accomplished much
for the welfare of mankind

"The speech not only made a strong impres-
sion but created excitement in the lodge The
majority of the Brethren began to denounce
designs of Illuminism met it with a cold es-
sential to the spread of Persecution The Grand Master be-

meeting he was struck for the first time by the
endless variety of men minds which prevents
a truth from ever peeping to itself directly
to two persons Even those members who
saw that he was on his side understood him in
the wrong way with him that said and literature
he could not greet with the lawys wanted
met with a variety of sight to others just
as he himself understood it

At the end of the meeting the Grand Master
with a rony will reproved Berkhov for
his vehemence and that was not the end of
the affair but also love strife that led
him to the death of the Perron and an-
other him had been killed by the elder's pro-
posal should be accepted He was told that it
would stand with that of the usual
form of the left the lodge and went home

CHAPTER VIII

AN IN PIERRE WAS OBTAINED by the de-
pendence of the three days after the delivery
of his speech at the lodge he lay on a sofa
in mere ignorance of the day

r

liked to dine and drink well and though he considered it immoral and humiliating could not resist the temptations of the bachelor circles in which he moved

Amid the turmoil of his activities and distractions however Pierre at the end of a year began to feel that the more firmly he tried to rest upon it the more Masonic ground on which he stood gave way under him At the same time he felt that the deeper the ground sank under him the closer bound he involuntarily became to the order When he had joined the Freemasons he had experienced the feeling of one who confidently steps onto the smooth surface of a bog When he put his foot down it sank in To make quite sure of the firmness of the ground he put his other foot down and sank deeper still became stuck in it and involuntarily waded knee deep in the bog

Joseph Alexéevich was not in Petersburg—he had of late stood aside from the affairs of the Petersburg lodges and lived almost entirely in Moscow All the members of the lodges were men Pierre knew in ordinary life and it was difficult for him to regard them merely as Brothers in Freemasonry and not as Prince B or Iván Vassilevich D whom he knew in society mostly as weak and insignificant men Under the Masonic aprons and insignia he saw the uniforms and decorations at which they aimed in ordinary life Often after collecting alms and reckoning up twenty to thirty rubles received for the most part in promises from a dozen members of whom half were as well able to give as himself Pierre remembered the Masonic vow in which each Brother promised to devote all his belongings to his neighbor and doubts on which he tried not to dwell arose in his soul

He divided the Brothers he knew into four categories In the first he put those who did not take an active part in the affairs of the lodges or in human affairs but were exclusively occupied with the mystical science of the order with questions of the threefold designation of God the three primordial elements—sulphur mercury and salt—or the meaning of the square and all the various figures of the temple of Solomon Pierre respected this class of Brothers to which the elder ones chiefly belonged including Pierre thought Joseph Alexéevich himself but he did not share their interests His heart was not in the mystical aspect of Freemasonry

In the second category Pierre reckoned him

self and others like him seeking and vacillating who had not yet found in Freemasonry a straight and comprehensible path but hoped to do so

In the third category he included those Brothers (the majority) who saw nothing in Freemasonry but the external forms and ceremonies and prized the strict performance of these forms without troubling about their purpose or significance Such were Willarski and even the Grand Master of the principal lodge

Finally to the fourth category also a great many Brothers belonged particularly those who had lately joined These according to Pierre's observations were men who had no belief in anything nor desire for anything but joined the Freemasons merely to associate with the wealthy young Brothers who were influential through their connections or rank and of whom there were very many in the lodge

Pierre began to feel dissatisfied with what he was doing Freemasonry at any rate as he saw it here sometimes seemed to him based merely on externals He did not think of doubting Freemasonry itself but suspected that Russian Masonry had taken a wrong path and deviated from its original principles And so toward the end of the year he went abroad to be initiated into the higher secrets of the order

In the summer of 1809 Pierre returned to Petersburg Our Freemasons knew from correspondence with those abroad that Bezúkhov had obtained the confidence of many highly placed persons had been initiated into many mysteries had been raised to a higher grade, and was bringing back with him much that might conduce to the advantage of the Masonic cause in Russia The Petersburg Freemasons all came to see him tried to ingratiate themselves with him and it seemed to them all that he was preparing something for them and concealing it

A solemn meeting of the lodge of the second degree was convened at which Pierre promised to communicate to the Petersburg Brothers what he had to deliver to them from the highest leaders of their order The meeting was a full one After the usual ceremonies Pierre rose and began his address

Dear Brothers he began blushing and stammering with a written speech in his hand It is not sufficient to observe our mysteries in the seclusion of our lodge—we must act—we are drowning but we must yet Pierre raised his notebook and began to read

For the dissemination of pure truth and to

BOOK SIX

secure the triumph of virtue here dw
must cleanse men from prejudice diffuse in
principles in harmony with the spirit of the times
undertake the education of the young unite
ourselves in indissoluble bonds with the wisest
men, boldly yet prudently overcome superstitions,
fidelity and form of those
devoted to us bodily linked together by unity
of purpose and possessed of authority and
power

To attain these ends we must cultivate a
ponderance of virtue over reason and maintain
endeavor to secure that the highest man may
ascend the ladder of refinement

are
tensions
reun-
every
every
series
while
because

could be
based on the deep principle of firm
essence and virtue bound together by unity of
conviction—a most important punishment of
and fully depicted the talent and virtue
reason worthy men from the dust and attach
in them to our Brotherhood. Only then will
our order have the power unbrokenly to
bind the hands of the protectors of disorder
and to control them with their be-ware
I will warn, we must find firm fig-
uresmen hold the universal sway which should
be diffused over the whole world without
showing the bonds of citizenship and besides
which all things go on in accordance with
their customary course do everything in ex-
ception that impedes the great aim of our order
which is to bring forth the virtuous citizen-
er vice. This aim was that of Christianity itself.
I taught men to be wise and good and if
their own benefit to follow the example of
instruction of the best and wisest men.

At that time, when everything was plunged
in darkness, preaching alone was of course of
no avail. The novelty of Truth ended with her
special strength, but now we need much
more powerful methods. It is now necessary
that man, governed by his senses, should find
in virtue charms palpable to those senses. It
is impossible to eradicate the passions but we
must strive to direct them to noble aims, and
it is therefore necessary that everyone should
be able to satisfy his passions within the limits

of virtue. Our order should provide means to
that end.

As soon as we have a certain number of
worthy men in every state each of them again
training two others and like closely united
everything will be possible for our order
which has already in secret accomplished much
for the welfare of mankind.

His speech had not only made a strong impres-
sion but created excitement in the lodge. The
majority of the Brothers seeing it dangerous
designs of Illuminism met with a coldness
that surprised Pierre. The Grand Master be-
gan swinging him and Pierre began develop-
ing his new warmth. It
was long since there had been so stormy a meet-
ing. Parties were formed some accusing Pierre
of Illuminism others supporting him. At that
moment he was struck for the first time by the
endless variety of men in minds which Pierre is
a truth from ever presenting itself identically
to two persons. Even those members who
seemed to be on his side understood him in
their own way with limitations and literalness
he could not agree to as what he always wanted
most was to convey his truth to others just
as he himself understood it.

At the end of the meeting the Grand Master
named Bezukhov for

CHAPTER VIII

AGAIN PIERRE WAS OBTAKEN by the depression
so dreaded. For three days after the delivery
of his speech to the lodge he lay on sofa at
home, eating no food, growing weaker.

It was just then that he received a letter from
his wife, who implied him to see her, tell
him how grieved she was about him and how
she wished to devote her whole life to him.

At the end of the letter she informed him
that in a few days she would return to Peters-
burg from abroad.

Following this letter one of the Masonic
Brothers whom Pierre respected less than the
others forced his way in to see him and, turn-
ing the conversation upon Pierre's matrimonial
affairs, by way of fraternal advice expressed

The Illuminati sought to subvert the republican
for monarchical institutions.

the opinion that his severity to his wife was wrong and that he was neglecting one of the first rules of Freemasonry by not forgiving the penitent

At the same time his mother in law Prince Vasilis wife sent to him imploring him to come if only for a few minutes to discuss a most important matter Pierre saw that there was a conspiracy against him and that they wanted to reunite him with his wife and in the mood he then was this was not even unpleasant to him Nothing mattered to him Nothing in life seemed to him of much importance and under the influence of the depression that possessed him he valued neither his liberty nor his resolution to punish his wife

No one is right and no one is to blame so she too is not to blame he thought

If he did not at once give his consent to a reunion with his wife it was only because in his state of depression he did not feel able to take any step Had his wife come to him he would not have turned her away Compared to what preoccupied him was it not a matter of indifference whether he lived with his wife or not?

Without replying either to his wife or his mother in law Pierre late one night prepared for a journey and started for Moscow to see Joseph Alexévich This is what he noted in his diary

Moscow 17th November

I have just returned from my benefactor and I hasten to write to you what I have experienced Joseph Alexévich is living poorly and has for twelve years been suffering from a painful disease of the bladder No one has ever heard him utter a groan or a word of complaint from normal gall late at night except when he eats his very plain food he is working at once He receives me graciously and makes me sit down on the bed on which he lay I made the sign of the Knights of the East and of Jerusalem upon him in the same manner as King Nebuchadnezzar told me what I had learned and I gained nothing from it

for such purification Which is the principal aim of these exercises? The purification is independent time just as I am demands the greatest efforts of us and so led astray by pride lost sight of the aim we occupy ourselves either with the mystery which in our impurity we are unworthy to receive or seek the refuge of

On this ground Joseph Alexévich condemned my speech and my whole activity and in the depth of my soul I agreed with him Talking of my family affairs he said to me the chief duty of a true Mason as I have told you lies in perfecting himself We often think that by removing all the difficulties of our life we shall more quickly reach our aim but on the contrary my dear sir it is only in the midst of our trials that we can attain our three chief aims (1) Self knowledge—for man can only know himself by comparison (2) Self perfecting which can only be attained by conflict and (3) The attainment of the chief virtue—love of death Only the victims of life can show us its vanity and level point innate love of death or of rebirth a new life These words are all the more remarkable because in spite of I is great physical sufferings Joseph Alexévich is never weary of life though he loves death for which—in spite of the purity and loftiness of his inner man—he does not yet feel himself sufficiently prepared My benefactor then explained to me fully the meaning of the Great Square of creation and pointed out to me that at the moment of death and even after death is of everything He told me not to avoid intercourse with the Petersburg Brothers but to take up only ecological positions in the lodge to try to lead the Brothers from pride to love

Petersburg 23rd November

I am again living with my wife My mother in law came to me and said that at Mikhailovskaya she had explored more fully the mystery of the Trinity and its application to my lesson

Why ask whether I remembered the chief aim of the order (1) The preservation and unity of the mystery (2) The purification and reform of ones life (3) The improvement of the human race by striving

Why said I to seek the mystery of the Trinity? I went to my room and read Joseph Alexévich's letters and I recalled my conversations with him I deduced from all that I thought I should fill a long time to reach a living faith to myself especially to on so lonely

— — — — — d t h t I must bear my cross

juro who always expects h s t ck to be fou d
out at ny m ment But whe t c because stu
p d ty wa just wh t was needed t run such
sal n or because th e v ho were dece ved
f und pleasure n the de ept on at any rate it
rema ned une p ed nd Hélène Be kho a
t reputat n s a l ly a d cle er woman be
t came so firmly est bl shed th t she could say
se the empt est n l stup dest th gs and y e ery
body w uld go nto raptures o r every o d
of hers nd look f a p found me t ng t
of wh ch he herself h d no concept n

ton.

CHAPTER IX

AT THAT TIME s l says h ppe s the h ghest

P rre was just th l u band needed fo a
br ll nt ciety woman He as t l t absent
m ded crank gr d se g eu husba d lo
was n n on sway and f r from pol g the
h ght ne a d gen ral mp es on of the draw

th circle f Co t R myá tsev nd Ca i
court. I thus gr p Hélène as soon a h h d
settled P tersb rg w th her husb nd, took

th last two years a esult ot u t
bsorpt n n abstract nterests d h s s n re
— h w f

t lect and po eu ma u

Hélène had bee t Erfurt duri g th f
mous m eu fth Emperors d had brou ht
from there thes co ect w th the \ pol
om tab l t es. At Erfurt her uccess h d been
brilliant. N poleo him lf h d ot ced h r n
the thea er d s a d f her C t u superb
m L Her uccess as beautiful and le-
ga t man did n urpri P erre fo h
had becom es n ha dsome r than bef e Wh t
did urprise h m wa hat dur g thes las two
years h wife had uceeded ga n g th
ep tati d f m m h m t uss
p t l l q b l l Th distunou hed
Pri ce d Lign wro e her e ght pa l tters.
Bil b sa ed p h s ep trams to produce them
in Co ess Bez kh a pes n e. To b re-
ed th Co tess Bezukh sal n was
rega ded dipl ma of t lect. Youn m n
read book bef ttendi Hélène eve es
to ha som th to say in her sal d
seer ta es of th embassy d even ambassa-
dors, co fided d plomat secrets to her so that
ay Hélène was power P err who knew
h was ery t p d, som times tte d d, w th
tra feel f perplexaty d fear her
es g d d e r part es wher pol tics
poetry d philosophy w er discuss ed. At these
parties his feelings were lik those f con

equall plea ed t s e e ery ne and equ lly i
diff nt to t l m l l. Some t mes he j ned
con rsat n wh ch nterested h m nd regard-
less f wheth ny gentlem n of th embassy
wer p esent n t l p n ly exp essed l
ews wh h wer somet mes t at l l n a
rd w l th epted t ne of the m m nt.
B t the gen ral op n concern g th q cer
husb d of th m t d t gu hed w ma n
P tersburg was so w ll establ shed th t no
one took his f e ks er usly

Am n the m yy u gmen wh frequented

tu bed P rre H had uffered so p fully
three years b f r f m th m ruficati nt
whch his wife had ubjected him that he n w
protected h mself from th da f t s ept
ti n first by n t being a husb nd to his w f

"Tha uperb animal.
Of charming woman, as w rty as h is
lovely

the opinion that his severity to his wife was wrong and that he was neglecting one of the first rules of Freemasonry by not forgiving the penitent

At the same time his mother in law Prince Vasil's wife sent to him imploring him to

to reunite him and that they wanted he then was this was not even unpleasant to him Nothing mattered to him Nothing in life seemed to him of much importance and under the influence of the depression that possessed him he valued neither his liberty nor his resolution to punish his wife

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Without replying either to his wife or his mother in law Pierre late one night prepared for a journey and started for Moscow to see Joseph Alexévich. This is what he noted in his diary

Moscow 1st November

I have just returned from my benefactor and hasten to write down what I have experienced Joseph Alexévich is living poorly and his forty-two years benefit from a painful disease of the bladder No one has ever heard him utter a groan or a word of complaint From morning till late at night except when he eats his very plain food he is working at once He receives me graciously and made me sit down on the table on which he lay I made the sign of the Knights of the East and of Jerusalem and he replied in the same manner asking me with a smile what I had learned and I gazed in the Pr

for such purification Which is the principal of these three? Certainly self reformation and self purification Only to this aim can we all attain independently of circumstances But at the same time just this aim demands the greatest efforts of us and so led astray by pride loss of sight of the aim we occupy ourselves either with the mystery

attracted by social activity and puffed up by pride On this ground Joseph Alexévich condemned my speech and my whole activity and in the depth of my soul I agreed with him Talking of my family affairs he said to me the chief duty of a true Mason as I have told you lies in perfecting himself We often thank God by removing all the difficulties of our life we shall more quickly reach our aim but on the contrary my dear sir it is only in the most worldly cares that we can attain our chief aims (1) Self knowledge—for man can only know himself by comparison (2) Self perfecting which can only be attained by conflict and (3) The attainment of the chief virtue—love of death Only the victims of life can show us its anxiety and dejection innate love of death or of rebirth to a new life These are all the most remarkable because in spite of his great physical sufferings Joseph Alexévich is never weary of life though he loses death for which—in spite of the purity and loftiness of his inner man—he does not yet feel himself sufficiently prepared My benefactor then explained to me fully the meaning of the Great Square of creation and pointed out to me that the numbers three and seven relate to everything He also used me not to avoid intercourse with the Petersburg Brothers but to take up only second grade posts in the lodge to try while I direct the lodge from principle to turn them towards the true path of

Petersburg 23rd November

I am again living with my wife My mother in law came to me in tears and said that Hélène was here and that she implored me to hear her that he was innocent and finally happy at my return and much more I knew it at if I once let myself see her I should not be able to go on living with her I decided In my perplexity I did not know who to call and advice to seek I may benefit her I decided I would write to her what I do I went to my room and I remembered Joseph Alexévich's letters and recalled my conversation with him I

to myself whether I embarked in the study of the mystery (1) The preservation and study of the mystery (2) The purification and reformation of oneself for its reception (3) The improvement of the human race by the

holds t, d comb t prod es ther bod
 es Mercury is fl d, l tū sp ritual essence.
 Christ, th H ly Sp rit H m!

3 d December

Awok I read th Script res b t was p
 ther Al r w rls en d p ed p d down
 th large h ll l hed t med ta b t ead
 y imaginat p ct red oc rrence f f r
 years w ben Dol kl meet m Mosco
 afer d l sad h l ped I was j y g per
 lect peace f m d in p f my w f bsence
 At b tum I ga h m as w I ecalled
 every det l f h t meet d m d ga
 h m th most m lev lent d b t repl es. I ec

ly w th other people d d lenly remem
 bered th t thus co ll t please h m d l w hed
 t com los to h m l emt race l m B t
 or l l w ear l saw t l t f ce h l l a god

rud to h m. H becam l t d l e collected
 myself ly hen t was too l t My God I ca
 not get on with hum t ll. Th ca use f this is my
 egotism. I set myself bo l m d so becom
 much worse than h fo h is len t t my rude-
 es h l l th trary ish t mpt f
 hum. O God, gra t th t in l s p esence I m y
 rather see my leness d beh so th t h
 too may ben fit. After da er l f ll leep d as
 I was dro g fl l ea ly hea d say g in
 m lef ea "Thy day

I dreamed t l l as lk g th dark d
 was suddenly rro ded by dogs l I went o
 d m ed. S ddenly m ll h dog seized my
 lef th gh h is teeth d ld t l go I
 bega t throtl t th my l ds Sca ly h d l
 torn fl bef h l gge bega b t
 gm l l f ed t p l t th gh l l f d h
 b gger d bea er t grew A d l d enly Broth
 A cam d b

I ppened W w t g l o the floo
 H w t ll m so t l g l l w led t
 h w h m my en l lity a d t l t g t
 w l t l sa g l bega p ct g t self th
 co d t f y d t l gra c f God
 sa t l y g me. A d tears cam m eyes l
 l l gl d h t ced thus B t h looked t m
 w l t ex t d j mped p b eak fl h re-
 As l f l t b hed d asked w l t l wh t h
 h d been say g d d t ern l t l d d
 t ply ga m k d look d then w l
 d l y f d r l es my bed oom w l ere t l r
 as d bl hed H l y d wn th edge fit d
 l l med w th l g g t cares h m l l e dow
 oo A d he sa d "T l l m fra kly w l t yo
 l ef tempt u ? Do y k t l l k y
 k ow t l eady Al hed l y t l q est I
 pled t l t l l w my ch f tempt t H
 hook has head cred l usly d even
 l l e l I d th h gl I was l g w t l y
 w f ash d l sed I was t l g w h l l er
 h l d. T l l l epl ed t l t l l l n
 lep w f f on emt ra es d ga m t
 ders l th t that w my l ty B t l pled
 d t l h ld be as l t l l l t d d l y
 ev r y th g va shed. A d l wok d f d
 my m d th ext from th G pel Th l f wa
 th l g t f m A d th l g t h th dark
 es d th d k ess comp h ded t l
 Joseph Alexée h f ce h d looked y g d
 h ght T l t d y l ec ed l t from m be
 f ct wh ch h t bo t co j gal l es

9th Dec mber

l l d d m f wh h l k w th t l l
 b g heart l saw th t l w Mosco my l se
 th l g t room d Joseph Alexée l

l w g m t bro d en l ga den d
 th ga den as l rge d be f l l ld g l
 A p O Lo d, grea A h ect f n h l p
 m t ea f m mys l f t h e d g s—my pa.
 especially th las wh h es in t s l f t
 length f l l th f rmer es d d m t
 en er th t empl f t t u f wh ch l
 ta ed l my dream

h D mber

I dreamed h t Joseph Alexée ch was t t g
 my h se l th t l ry gl d d w hed t
 en era h m I seemed as l f l h tered es

and secondly by not allowing himself to suspect

No now that she has become a bluestocking she has finally renounced her former infatigations he told himself There has never been an instance of a bluestocking being carried away by affairs of the heart—a statement which though gathered from an unknown source he believed implicitly Yet strange to say Boris' presence in his wife's drawing room (and he was almost always there) had a physical effect upon Pierre it constricted his limbs and destroyed the unconsciousness and freedom of his movements

What a strange antipathy thought Pierre yet I used to like him very much

In the eyes of the world Pierre was a great gentleman the rather blind and absurd husband of a distinguished wife a clever crank who did nothing but harmed nobody and was a first rate good natured fellow But a complex and difficult process of internal development was taking place all this time in Pierre's soul reverberating much to him and causing him many spiritual doubts and joys

CHAPTER X

PIERRE WENT ON WITH his diary and this is what he wrote in it during that time

24th November

Got up at eight read the Scriptures then went to my duties (By Joseph Alcott's device Pierre entered the service of the State and served on one of the committees) Returned home for lunch and dined alone—the countess had many visitors I do not like to write and drank more tea than I should have done I copied out some passages for the Brothers In the evening I went down to the committee

I am going to bed with a happy and tranquil mind. God help me to walk in Thy paths (1) to conquer a general calmness and liberality (2) to vanquish lust by self restraint and (3) to withdraw from worldly business and devote myself to the service of the state (b) my duties (c) relation with my friends and (d) the management of my affairs

25th November

I got up late On waking I lay long in bed yielding to the thought O God help an inferior man to fulfil

the Emperor's new projects but remembered my rules and my benefactors' words—that a true Freemason should be a

zealous worker for the state when his aid is required and a quiet onlooker when not called on to assist My tongue is ready my Brothers Grant O visit me and we had a preliminary talk about the reception of a new Brother They told me the duty of Rhetoric I feel myself weak and unworthy Then our talk turned to the interpretation of the seven pillars and steps of the Temple

admiration took place The new decoration of the premises contributed much to the magnificence of

alone with him in the dark chamber I caught myself harping a feeling of hatred to him which I vainly tried to overcome That is why I should really like to save him from evil and lead him into the path of truth but evil thought of him I do not leave me It seemed to me that his object in entering the Brotherhood was merely to be intimate and in favor with members of our lodge Apart from the fact that he had asked me several times whether N and S were members of our lodge (a question to which I could not reply) and that according to my observation he is incapable of feeling respect for our holy order as his too preoccupied and satisfied with the outer man to desire spiritual improvement I had no cause to doubt him but I seemed to me to increase and all the time I stood alone with him in the dark temple it seemed to me that he was smiling contemptuously at my words and I wished really to state his bare breast with the sword I held to it I could not be eloquent nor could I frankly mention my faults to the Brothers and to the Grand Master Creator Architect of Nature I help me to find the true path out of this labyrinth of lies

After this three pages were left blank in the diary and then the following was written

I have had a long and instructive talk alone with Brother A who advised me to hold fast by Brother A Though I must orally have revealed to me a lot of the nature of the creator of the world Elhim is the name of the other fall The third name is the name of the universal which means the

poor teachings of material science and occult sciences I regret teaching is clear to man Human sciences I cannot try to comprehend it and kill everything to be attained In the physical science of our world all is known in its entirety and the Ternary—the three elements of matter—except for mercury and salt Sulphur is of an oily and fiery nature in combination with salt by its fiery nature it arouses a desire in the latter by means of which it attracts mercury as it

I can live! Piersburg on my part and with
 the fortune and my good management we can
 get along easily I must try for money
 —I could rather than do it—able—but a wife
 should be her share and husband I
 have my position the service she has con-
 ducted of some measure in our times she is
 worth something as it is? But above all her
 handsome estimable girl and she loses

me
 Berg blushed and smiled.

Admitted her because her character is
 seen by every good. With other sister
 — in my mind quite different

is it to me you
 me to make a man my wife I should be content
 to be

The conversation ended by the count who
 with a big gesture and a nod further in-
 portunity say that he would give an ante of
 hundred for eighty thousand rubles Berg smiled

tea thus, and quickly and blushed up
 to the face blew small and good to be
 small perfectly embodied his dream in his
 presence.

After the first feeling of perplexity caused
 in the presence by Berg's proposal the lady
 to [] you usual touchiness took pos-
 session of the family but the young was ex-
 ternally and secretly the family feeling grow-

On the least twenty thousand Countess added
 and then a note of hundred for only twenty thou-
 sand

Yes yes all right! said the countess hurriedly
 Only excuse me my dear fellow I will give
 you twenty thousand and a note of hundred for
 eighty thousand as well. Yes yes! as me

CHAPTER VII

been able to take the cause of her embroilment
 and but it is settled in the state of his
 affairs. He did not know at all how much he had,
 but his business had led to what a wry he
 could pay Vera. When his daughters were
 born he had assigned each of them a share
 of the estate with three hundred and
 fifty thousand rubles, and the interest so
 much increases that it would be too big to
 so that it is impossible to give it to Vera. Now
 had he any more?

Berg had already been engaged more than
 a day to be married but the wedding
 but the day had yet decided in his mind
 and the question of the wry spoken to
 him by the countess. At the same time the
 lady's sister Ryazanskaya of the
 forest, the third in the family of the
 lady's daughter. A few days before the wedding
 Berg had decided to dye a yellow in
 mind with pleasure to smile especially
 with his father-in-law to let him know

And a sixteen day the year 809
 the cryer to which he had conducted on her
 fingers with the sister they had called for
 years ago. So then he had not seen him. Be-
 fore Sonya's mother's birth happened
 to be married he had taken a wife of that
 period of some child had given him the
 note that was not with him. The countess
 secreted the father's soul the question whether
 her engagement to Boris was a jest or an

Ouráda had decided to see them.
 Sometimes to current N. táh the day
 to be to her and this conjuncture was
 confirmed by the sad to which her husband
 spoke to him

Now day after day he remembered
 the countess would say when Boris was
 needed.

Ann M. Kháylo also had of late visited

I knew that these drawings represented

advancing up to the clouds. And I seemed to know that this maiden was nothing else than a representation of the Song of Songs. And looking at those drawings I dreamed I felt that I was doing wrong but could not tear myself away from them. Lord help me! My God! if Thy forsaking me is Thy doing Thy will be done but if I am myself the cause teach me what I should do! I shall perish of my loneliness if Thou utterly desertest me!

CHAPTER VI

THE ROSTOV MONETARY AFFAIRS had not improved during the two years they had spent in the country.

Though Nicholas Rostov had kept firmly to his resolution and was still serving modestly in an obscure regiment spending comparatively little the way of life at Otrádnoe

but he obviously presenting himself to the old count was to apply for an official post so he had come to Petersburg to look for one and also as he said to let the ladies enjoy themselves for the last time.

Soon after their arrival in Petersburg

themselves giving it a thought yet in Petersburg their circle of acquaintances was a mixed and indefinite one. In Petersburg they were provincials and the very people they had entertained in Moscow without inquiring to what set they belonged here looked down on them.

The Rostovs lived in the same hospitable way in Petersburg as in Moscow and the most diverse people met at their suppers. Country neighbors from Otrádnoe

obtained a post in Petersburg. Among the men who very soon became frequent visitors at the Rostovs' house in Petersburg were Boris, Pierre, and the count had met in the street and dragged home with him and Berg who spent whole days at the Rostovs and paid the eldest daughter Countess Véra the attentions a young man prying in he intends to propose.

Not in vain had Berg shown everybody his right hand wounded at Austerlitz and held a

merit and usefulness of his deed and he had obtained two decorations for Austerlitz.

In the Finnish war he also managed to distinguish himself. He had picked up

and he received two decorations for the Finnish war also. In 1809 he was a captain in the Guards wore medals and held some special lucrative posts in Petersburg.

Though some skeptics smiled when told of Berg's merits it could not be denied that he was a painstaking and brave officer on excellent terms with his superiors and a moral young man with a brilliant career before him and an assured position in society.

Four years before meeting a German comrade in the stalls of a Moscow theater Berg had pointed out Véra Rostova to him and had said in German *das soll mein Weib werden* and from that moment had made up his mind to marry her. Now in Petersburg having considered the Rostovs' position and his own he decided that the time had come to propose.

Berg's proposal was at first received with a perplexity that was not flattering to him. At first it seemed strange that the son of an obscure Livonian gentleman should propose marriage to a Countess Rostova but Berg's chief characteristic was such a naive and good-natured egotism that the Rostovs instantly came to think it would be a good thing since he himself was so firmly convinced that it was good indeed excellent. Moreover the Rostovs were seriously embarrassed as the suitor could not but know and above all Véra was twenty-four had been taken out everywhere and though she was certainly good looking and sensible no one up to now had proposed to her. So they gave their consent.

You see said Berg to his comrade whom he called friend only because he knew that everyone has friends. You see I have considered it all and should not marry if I had not thought it all out or if it were in any way unsuitable. But on the contrary my papa and mamma are now prepared for—I have arranged that rent for them in the Baltic provinces—and That girl will be my wife.

her! t prayer Ca t be that th s c ch w ll
be my gra c? N tásh flushed and e ger

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j mped t the bed the c u tess h d f red
mght b come h rgr ve Th c ul w sl gh
w th feathe bed d five pl w sea h sm ll
er than tl o e bel w Natá h j mp d it
s k to the f th b d rolled o to the

ow peep g t her m ther The tess
f h d h r p yers a d came to the bed
w th ter f e but s e th t N tásh s
h d w c ed she s l d h k d
e k w y

N w the w the l s d h
M m m ca w l v t lk? Y ? d Na
tá ha. N w j t e o y u th t a d n
ther th t l d l A d s g he m ther
r d th e k sh k ed h n the th oat
l h b h t her m the N tásh seemed
ro gh b t sh wasso se t e a d t f l th t
h w e he d sp d h r m tler sh lw ys
m g d to d t w th th u t g her o mak

n d s t l d d w n be de h u der th q lt
sp ead th rms d med erous ex
p es

Tl

Wh t t t ght?—B t I h to tell

N tásh p the h d h mother m th
Abo t B r l I kn w l d er ly
th ts h t I h v com bo t D ts y t—
lk w N

c n m l k so B t w h t the ?
What y th k g bout? Y ha e q te
t r n d h h d I can e th t

A she sa d th the c tess looked d
t her da ghter N tásl was ly g look g

stead ly stra gl t bef re her at one of the m
h ga y spl m es carved on the corners of the
l d tead s th t the c untess only s v her
d ughters s f e n p fle Th t face struck he
ly it pecularly ser us d c c ntrated ex
p s on

N tála vas l ste g and co de ng

Well what the ? s d she

You la e qu te t rnell s heal lwly

Wh t do y u to fl ? Youk wyo cat t
m rry l m

Why t? sa d N tá h w thout el n
her p t n

B ca h you g because l e s poor be
ca e l e t n nd because you yo
self d t l e h n

H w do y u know?

Ik w lt not ght darl gl

But f l w t to d N tásha.

Le e fl talk gn se s d the cou t
ess

B t f l w nt to

N tá h I m n e a est

Natá! d d t l t her f l S l e d e s t e
te l ge l d to he k s e d t n tle
b ck d then o the p l m then ag n tur ed
t ve d bega k s g first e knuckle

da ght d tlat o templat n s e d to
h ef g tte l l s l l dw hed to s y

It w t d my l e! N t e cry n w ll u
derst d th s f e d h p dat fr m y r
ch l d l d ys d t see h m s it m t e w th
y m y j r you th eyes of o tler y
men wh s t u d bo l l t to ments
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Crazy? ep ted N tá ha

I l t l l y om th gs l ut my elf I h d
cous n

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c

them less frequently seemed to hold herself with particular dignity and

cow and Moscow acquaintances. It was not accidentally Natásha felt that he alluded, when speaking of the highest aristocracy to an ambassador's ball he had attended at

When the Rostovs came to Petersburg Boris called on them

He drove to their house in some agitation The memory of Natásha was his

under her brows This gaze disturbed and confused Boris more and more He looked round more frequently toward her and broke off in what he was saying He did not stay more than ten minutes then rose and took his leave The same inquisitive challenging and rather mocking eyes still looked at him After his first visit Boris said to himself that Natásha attracted him just as much as ever but that he must not yield to that feeling because to marry her a girl almost without fortune would mean ruin to his career and hile to renew their former relations without intending to marry

his
bran

service th

of marrying one of the richest heiresses in Petersburg plans which might very easily be realized When he entered the Rostovs' own room

up
spit

Natásha in a short dress with dark eyes shining from under her curls and broustous childish laughter as he had known her four years before and so he sat back when quite a different Natásha entered and his face expressed rapturous astonishment This expression on his face pleased Natásha

Well do you recognize your little madcap playmate asked the countess

Boris kissed Natásha's hand and said that he was astonished at the change in her

How handsome you have grown!

I should thank so! replied Natásha's laughing eyes

And is Papa older? she asked

Natásha sat down and without joining in Boris' conversation with the countess silently and minutely studied her childhood's suitor He felt the weight of that resolute and affectionate scrutiny and glanced at her occasionally

Boris' uniform spurs tie and the way his hair was brushed were all comme il faut and the latest fashion This Natásha noticed at once He sat rather sideways in the armchair next to

ha
ha
lar

among the highest Petersburg society recalling with mild irony old times in Mos

late all began calling often and spending whole days at the Rostovs It seemed to him that he ought to have an explanation with Natásha and tell her that the old times must be forgotten that in spite of everything she could not be his wife that he had no means and they could never let her marry him But he failed to do so and felt awkward about entering on such an explanation From day to day he became more and more entangled It seemed to her mother and Sonya that Natásha was in love with Boris as of old She sang him his favorite songs showed him her album making him write in it did not allow him to allude to the past letting it be understood how delightful was the present and every day he went away in a fog without having said what he meant to and not knowing what he was doing or why he came or how it would all end He left off visiting Hélène and received reproachful notes from her every day and yet he continued to spend whole days with the Rostovs

CHAPTER XIII

ONE NIGHT when the old countess in a nightcap and dressing jacket without her false curls and with her poor little knob of hair showing under her white cotton cap knelt sighing and groaning on a rug and bowing to the ground in prayer her door opened and Natásha also in a dressing jacket with slippers on her bare feet and her hair in curlpapers ran in The countess—her prayerful mood dispelled—looked round and frowned She was finishing

in Petersburg high society was to accompany jacket, ran up to Sónya—scrutinized her and them at the ball.

no yet dressed.

Natasha went to her first grand ball. She had got pretty hot that morning—a dizziness in her fever of excitement—dizziness. All her pointers—she had been concentrated—ensuring that they all—she herself, Mamma, and Sónya—should be well dressed as possible. Sónya and her mother put themselves surely—her hands. The countess was to wear a red velvet dress, and the two girls white gauze or pink silk with roses on their bodices and their hair

was already on the hairdresser's table. Most of course. So Sónya was finished—dressed—and so was the countess, but Natasha who had bustled about helping them all was behindhand. She was still sitting before the looking-glass with the dressmaker's skirt thrown over her shoulder and down. So Sónya stood ready dressed in the middle of the room, dress on her head, feet still buried in the slippers. She was fixing the belt. That was the way that not the way

So Sónya said to Natasha pinned the ribbons differently. Allow me, Miss. I can tell you that said the maid who was holding the dress. Oh, dear! Well then wait. That right, So Sónya.

Are you ready? I am nearly there, came the countess.

Directly. Directly. And you, Mamma. Then my cap, please. Do it do it with me! called Natasha. You won't do right.

But already on. They had decided to be at the ball by half past ten. Natasha had till then got dressed and they had to call the Tatars. When her hair was done, she had her short petticoat from under which she had shoes hidden, and her mother dressed.

the maids who were turning up the sleeves of the skirt.

The cause of the delay was that the skirt

"Mavra, quick, the day!"

Peró, karam, betted of waiting.

It ready. Miss said the maid holding up the skirted gauze dress with two fingers. But the waiting was so some thing off it as if by thus to express consciousness of the purity of what she held.

Natasha began putting on the dress.

In a minute! In a minute! Don't come in. Please hurry to her father as he opened the door—peak from under the filmy skirt which still covered her white face.

Sónya slammed the door to. A minute later the young countess. He was wearing a blue swallowtail coat, shoes, stockings, and was perfectly made and his hair pomaded.

Oh, please! When you look! Charmingly cried Natasha as he stood in the middle of the room smoothing out the folds of the gauze.

If you please, Miss, all welcome said the maid, who on her knees was pulling the skirt from her mouth to the other with her tongue.

So what you like exclaimed Sónya. In despair, because as he looked at Natasha, say what you like, till too late.

Natasha stepped back to look at herself in the pier-glass. The dress was too long.

Really, madam, it is too long, said Mavra, crawling on her knees before her young lady.

"Well, if it is too long, we will take it up, we will tack it up in one minute," said the resolute Dunyásha, taking up the two tucks in the front of her little shawl and still kneeling on the floor, still working.

At that moment, with soft steps, the countess came shyly in her cap and her gown. Oo-oo my beauty! exclaimed the countess, looks better than any of you.

and looked at her mother Not to marry but just so she added

How so my pet?

Just so There's no need for me to marry him But just so

Just so just so repeated the countess and shaking all over she went off into a good humored unexpected elderly laugh

Don't laugh stop! cried Natásha You're shaking the whole bed! You're awfully like me just such another giggler Wait and she seized the countess hands and kissed a knuckle of the little finger saying June and continued kissing July August on the other hand But Mamma is he very much in love? What do you think? Was anybody ever so much in love with you? And he's very nice very very nice Only not quite my taste—he is so narrow like the dining room clock Don't you understand? Narrow you know—gray light gray

What rubbish you're talking! said the countess

Natasha continued Don't you really understand? Nicholas would understand Bezhukhov now is blue dark blue and red and he is square

You flirt with him too said the countess laughing

No he is a Freemason I have found out He is fine dark blue and red How can I explain it to you?

Little countess! the countess voice called from behind the door You're not asleep? Natásha jumped up snatched up her slippers and ran barefoot to her own room

It was a long time before she could sleep She kept thinking that no one could understand all that she understood and all there was in her

Sing? she thought glancing at that curled up sleeping little kitten with her enormous plait of hair No how could she? She's virtuous She fell in love with Nicholas and does not wish to know anything more Even Mamma does not understand It is wonderful how clever I am and how charming she is she went on speaking of herself in the third person and imagining it was some very wise man—th it o her

She hummed a scrap from her favorite opera

to put out the candle and before Dunyásha had left the room had already passed into yet another happier world of dreams where every thing was as light and beautiful as in reality and even more so because it was different.

Next day the countess called Boris aside and had a talk with him after which he ceased coming to the Rostovs

CHAPTER XIV

ON THE THIRTY-FIRST OF DECEMBER New Year's Eve 1809 to an old grandee of Catherine's day was giving a ball and midnight supper The diplomatic corps and the Emperor himself were to be present

trance which was carpeted with red baize and not only gendarmes but dozens of police of

and footmen in plumed hats From the carriages emerged men wearing uniforms stars and ribbons while ladies in satin and ermine cautiously descended the carriage steps which were let down for them with a clatter and then walked hurriedly and noiselessly over the baize at the entrance

Almost every time a new carriage drove up a whisper ran through the crowd and caps were doffed

The Emperor? No a minister prince ambassador Don't you see the plumes?

One person better dressed than the rest seemed to know everyone and mentioned by name the greatest dignitaries of the day

A third of the visitors had already arrived but the Rostovs who were to be present were still hurrying to get dressed

There had been many discussions and preparations for this ball in the Rostov family many fears that the invitation would not arrive that the dresses would not be ready or that some

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nd
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really say it's a wonderful voice!

the countess and piloted the provincial Ro

in Petersburg high society was to accompany them to the ball.

They were to call for her at her house in the Tunda Gardens at ten o'clock, but it was all ready five minutes to ten and the girls were not yet dressed.

Natasha was going to her first grand ball. She had got up at eight that morning and had been in a fever of excitement and activity all day. All her powers since morning had been concentrated on ensuring that they all—she, her mother, Mamma, and Sonya—should be as well dressed as possible. Sonya and her mother put themselves busily to work. The countess was to wear a dark-colored velvet dress, and the two girls white gauze over pink silk slips, with roses on their bodices and their hair dressed à la grecque.

Everything essential had already been done: feet, hands, necks, and ears washed, perfumed, and powdered, as befits a ball; the openwork silk stockings and white satin shoes with ribbons were already on; the hairdresser was almost done. Sonya was

— jacket thrown over her slender shoulders. Sonya stood ready dressed in the middle of the room and pressed the head of pin till the emerald ribbon was fixed. The last ribbon that squeaked as it went through it.

"That's not the way that sort of thing is done," cried Natasha, turning her head and cheeks with both hands to her hair which the maid who was dressing her had a time to release. "That bow is not right. Come here."

Sonya said yes and Natasha pinned the ribbon on correctly.

"Allow me, Miss. I can't do it like that," said the maid who was holding Natasha's hair.

"Oh, dear! Well then wait. That's right, Sonya."

When you read it is early ten, came the countess's voice.

"Directly! Directly! And you, Mamma."

I have my cap to pin on.

"Don't do without me," called Natasha.

You won't do it right.

But I read on.

They had decided to be at the ball by half past ten, and Natasha had till then got dressed and they had to call at the Tunda Gardens.

When her hair was done, Natasha, in her velvet petticoat from under which her dancing shoes showed, and in her mother's dress—

jacket, ran up to Sonya, scrutinized her and

the maids who were turning up the hem of her skirt.

The cause of the delay was Natasha's skirt, which was too long. Two maids were turning up the hem and hurriedly bunging off the end of thread. A third with pin in her mouth was running about between the countess and Sonya, and forthwith held the whole of the gossamer garment up high in one uplifted hand.

"Mama, quicken darling."

Give me something to do, Miss, from there.

"Whenever will you be ready?" asked the countess, coming to the door. Here some scent. Peronskaya must be tired of waiting.

"It reads Miss, said the maid, holding up the short need gauze dress with two fingers, a double and having something off it, as if thus to express consciousness of the slowness and purity of what she held.

Natasha began putting on the dress.

"In a minute, in a minute! Don't come in. Papa's ordered to her father as he opened the door—speaking from under the film skirt which till covered her whole face.

Sonya slammed the door. A minute later they let the countess in. She was wearing a blue swallowtail coat, shoes and stockings, and was perfumed and her hair pomaded.

Oh, Papa, how nice you look! Charmin cried Natasha, as she stood in the middle of the room smoothing out the folds of the gauze.

If you please, Miss, allow me, said the maid, who on her knees was pulling the skirt straight and shifting the pins from one side of her mouth to the other with her tongue.

"Say what you like," exclaimed Sonya, in despair. "You say she looked like Natasha, said what you like till too late."

Natasha stepped back to look at herself in the pier glass. The dress was too long.

Really, madam, it is not at all too long," said Mamma, crawling on her knees after her young lady.

"Well, if it's too long we'll take it up. We'll take it up in one minute," said the resolute Dunyasha, taking a needle that was stuck on the floor. "I'll hold the shawl down, till kneeling on the floor set to work once more."

At that moment, with soft steps, the countess came in, shawl in her cap and velvet gown.

Oh-oh, my beauty, exclaimed the countess, she looks better than any of you.

and looked at her mother just so she added

How so my pet?

Just so There's no need for me to marry
him But just so

Just so just so repeated the countess and shaking all over she went off into a good humored unexpected elderly laugh

Don't laugh stop! cried Natasha. You're shaking the whole bed! You're awfully like me just such another giggler. Wait and she seized the countless hands and kissed a knuckle of the little finger saying June and continued kissing July August on the other hand. But Mamma is he very much in love? What do you think? Was anybody ever so much in love with you? And he's very nice very very nice. Only not quite my taste—he is so narrow like the dining room clock. Don't you understand? Narrow you know—gray light gray.

What rubbish you're talking! said the countess

You flirt with him too said the countess laughing

No he is a Freemason I have found out
He's fine dark blue and red How can I
explain it to you?

Little countess! the count's voice called from behind the door. You're not asleep? Natisha jumped up, snatched up her slippers and ran barefoot to her own room.

It was a long time before she could sleep. She kept thinking that no one could understand all that she understood and all there was in her.

Sally shethought glancing at that curled up sleeping little kitten with her enormous plait of hair No how could she? She's virtuous She fell in love with Nicholas and does not wish to know anything more Even Mammy does not understand It is wonderful how clever I am and how charming she is she is content on speaking of herself in the third person and imagining it was some very wise man—the wisest and best of men—who was saying it of her There is everything everything in her continued this man She is unusually intelligent charming and then she is pretty uncommonly pretty and agile—she swims and rides splendidly and her voice! One can really say it is a wonderful voice!

She hummed a scrap from her favorite opera by Cherubini, threw herself on her bed and at the pleasant thought that she would immediately fall asleep called Duniyasha the maid to put out the candle and before Duniyasha had left the room had already passed into yet another happier world of dreams where every thing was as light and beautiful as in reality and even more so because it was different.

Next day the countess called Boris aside and had a talk with him after which he ceased coming to the Rostóvs.

CHAPTER XIV

ON THE THIRTY FIRST OF DECEMBER New Year's Eve 1809 to an old grandee of Catherine's day was giving a ball and midnight supper. The diplomatic corps and the Emperor himself were to be present.

The grandee's well known mansion on the

not only gendarmes but dozens of police officers and even the police master himself stood at the porch. Carriages kept driving away and fresh ones arriving with red liveried footmen and footmen in plumed hats. From the carriages emerged men wearing uniforms stars and ribbons while ladies in satin and ermine cautiously descended the carriage steps which were let down for them with a clatter and then walked hurriedly and no selflessly over thebaute the entrance

Almost every time a new carriage drove up a whisper ran through the crowd and caps were doffed.

The Emperor? No a minister prince
ambassador Don't you see the plumes?
was whispered among the crowd

One person better dressed than the rest, seemed to know everyone and mentioned by name the greatest dignitaries of the day.

A third of the visitors had already arrived but the Rostovs who were to be present were

6. 51 at the invitation would not arrive that the dresses would not be ready or that some-

6. 4. Press who was a friend and relation of the countess and piloted the provincial Rostov

in Petersburg high society was to a company
them the bill

They were to call for her there; use of the
T and Gard ns ten clock but it was al
ready fi m utes to ten and th girl we e
ret dressed.

to her first grandchild She

He ran up to Sonya scrutinized her and

b rsk rt

The cause of the delay was Natā ha's skirt

th roses n th bodices u u u u u u u u
dressed à la gr q e

E r y t h i g e s s e n t I h a d a l r e a d y b e e n d n e
f e e t , h a d s n c k s d e a r s w a s h e d p e f u m e d
a n d p o d e r e d , a s b e f i t s a b l l t h e o p n o k
T h s t o c k s g s d w h t e s a t h e s w t h r b
b o n s e r l e a d y n t h i d r e s w a s a l
m o s t d S ó y a w a f i s l d r e s s n d s o
w a s t h c o t e s , b t N a t a s h w h h a d b u s t l e d
b o t h e l p g t h e m l l w a b h d h n d S h e
w a s t i l l s t s b e f e l o o k g l a s s w t h a
d r e s s j c k t t h w e r h e l d t h u l
d e r s S ó y a t o o d e a d y d r e s s d n t h m d d l e
f t h r o o m d p e s s g t h e h e a d f p n t l l
h u r t h e r d t y f i e r w a f i n l t b
b o t h a t s o e a k e d t h e p n n t h r u p h

So va cried N tisha t rn her head nd
t tch h both h d t he has wh ch
them d h was dress t h d n t me to
lease. Th t bow n t ht Com h el

bo o differently

Allow me Miss I can't do it like that said
the maid he was holding N. tish sh

Oh, dear! Will the wall That's

Are t yo eady? It nearly t n came
th countess

Directly! D uly A dy u M mm
I ha ly my can: a p

Do t d t with t m l called N tash

"You're right.
"But I'm already in

They had decided to buy the ball by half past ten and Nisha had to get dressed

When her husband called to her, she said, "I'm coming."

When her h wa d N tá h her
short petu t fr mu de wí h h d a c
shoes showed d he mo her s dress

run g bout b twe n th c ca
ya nd fourth held the whole of the gossa
m r garment ph hono e upl fied hand.

Māra qu ke d l g

G e me my th mble Miss from there

‘Whenever will you be ready?’ asked the
countess, coming to the door. He is some-
where. Pero Kaya must be tired of waiting.

It's ready Miss said the maid holding up the hot edged address with two fingers and blew a glad kiss something off it, as if by this to possess consciousness of the address and purity of what she held.

Natasha b ean putt g n the dress.

In m ute! In m ute! Don't come n
P p! sh er d to herf the sheope ed the
doo - p k f munder thef my kurtwhu h
tll o red h w l e f ce

Sónya I mmed th doo to A m nute l t r
they l t the cou t n He was g blu
wallow t l eo t ho es nd tock os, and as
perfumed nd hush pom ded.

with the use of

to show that $\text{null}(A) = \text{null}(A^2)$ if and only if the rank of A is equal to the rank of A^2 .

desp ng o he looked t N tshu, my

Re lly madam t is t t all too lo
s d Mā ra crawl g her knees after her
youn l dy

Will it is too! we'll take it up
will take it pain no more, said the res-
ult Duryishaki. a gentle but was weak
on the front her little saw and still knee
in on the floor set to work once more.

At that moment, with soft steps, Leif entered and came in shyly in her cap and velvet gown.

Go-go is beaut' exclaimed the crowd
she looks better than any o. we."

and looked at her mother. Not to marry but just so she added

How so my pet?

Just so. There's no need for me to marry him. But just so.

Just so just so repeated the countess and shaking all over she went off into a good humored unexpected elderly laugh.

Don't laugh stop! cried Natasha. You're shaking the whole bed! You're awfully like me just such another giggler. Wait and she seized the countess' hands and kissed a knuckle of the little finger saying June and continued kissing July August on the other hand. But Mamma is he very much in love? What do you think? Was anybody ever so much in love with you? And he's very nice very very nice. Only not quite my

What rubbish you're talking! said the countess.

You flirt with him too said the countess laughing. No he is a Freemason. I have found out. He's fine dark blue and red. How can I explain it to you?

Little countess! the countess' voice called from behind the door. You're not asleep? Natasha jumped up snatched up her slippers and ran barefoot to her own room.

It was a long time before she could sleep. She kept thinking that no one could understand all that she understood and all there was in her.

Smy? she thought glancing at that curled up sleeping little kitten with her enormous plait of hair. No how could she? She's virtuous. She fell in love with Nicholas and does not wish to know anything more. Even Mamma does not understand. It is a wonderful how clever I am and how charming she is. She went on speaking of herself in the third person and imagining it was some very wise man—the wisest and best of men—who was saying it of her. There is everything everything in her continued this man. She's unusually intelligent charming and then she is pretty uncommonly pretty and agile—she swims and rides splendidly and her voice! One can really say it's a wonderful voice!

She hummed a scrap from her favorite opera by Cherubini threw herself on her bed at the pleasant thought that she would immediately fall asleep called Dunyasha the maid to put out the candle and before Dunyasha had left the room had already passed into yet another happier world of dreams where everything was as light and beautiful as in reality and even more so because it was different.

Next day the countess called Boris aside and had a talk with him after which he ceased coming to the Rostovs.

CHAPTER XIV

ON THE THIRTY-FIRST OF DECEMBER New Year Eve 1809 in an old grandee of Catherine's day was giving a ball and midnight supper. The diplomatic corps and the Emperor himself were to be present.

The grandee's well known mansion on the

not only gendarmes but dozens of police officers and even the police master himself stood at the porch. Carriages kept driving as they and fresh ones arriving with red liveried footmen and footmen in plumed hats. From the carriages emerged men wearing uniforms stars and ribbons while ladies in satin and ermine cautiously descended the carriage steps which were let down for them with a clatter and then walked hurriedly and noiselessly over the bare at the entrance.

Almost every time a new carriage drove up a whisper ran through the crowd and caps were doffed.

The Emperor? No a minister prince ambassador. Don't you see the plumes?

One person better dressed than the rest seemed to know everyone and mentioned by name the greatest dignitaries of the day.

A third of the visitors had already arrived but the Rostovs who were to be present were

at the invitation would not arrive that the dresses would not be ready or that some

press who was a friend and relative of the countess and plotted the provincial Rostovs

in Petersburg high society was to comp ny
them to the ball.

They are to call her to her house in the T d G dens at te o'clock but it w al ready five m tes to ten d the g ls w e n't yet dressed.

N tish w s g n to her first gra d b ll She
had got p t e h that m r n a d had been
fever f e c tement d act ty ll d v
All her po ers s m r n g h d been c n
e rated n ensuri g that they ll-she he
s lf M m m a d S ó ya-sh ould be as well
dr ed as poss ble S ó y d h m th p t
themsel es ent ly n he ha ds The c nt s

Jack ran up to Sonya scrutinized her and the ran to her mother Turn glers mother's head th sw y and that she f ste ed on the cap and hurriedly kis ng her gr y h ir ran b ck to the ma ds wl o were t rn ng up tl e l cm of he sk rt

The cause of the delay was Natāsha's skirt which was too long. Two minutes were turning up the hem and hurriedly biting off the end of the thread. A thread of pain in her mouth was running about between the cushions and Sōnya and a fearful hold the whole of the garment garment philosophy on upholstery and Māra quivered dauntless!

Má ra qu ker da lng!
G e me my tlmble M s from there
"Whe ever ll yo be ready?" asked the

da la gr co

E cryth essent l h d l eady bee d e
 feet ha ds e ks d r w sh d p e f med
 a d po d d, a besits a b l l th ope o k
 silk tock g s a d w h e s t n h e s w t h l
 bo were al ady the h r d e g was al
 t d e. Sô ya was f l g d g a d s o
 was the co ntess b t Natash wh h d bustled
 b t h l p g them all w b h dha d She
 t l l u g b f look gl s w t h a
 dress g) ket th wn he le d r h l
 d r s. Sô y t n d r dy d ed th m d d l e
 f the room and p e s g t h h d f p n t l l
 h the dan ty f i ger w f g l t r b
 bo th t s q e ked the p n e t t h r ghst.
 That s t t h w y t h t s t the w y
 Sô yal cr d Natâ ha t n h head nd
 d tch g w t h both h nds t h e ha wh ch
 the m d h wa des t l d n t t me to
 e l e Th t b w s not ght Come h
 Sô y t t w s not ght Come h

So y t n t w s not ght Come h
bon n d f r e n t l y n d n t a s h a p n e d t h e r b
Allow m M s s I c a n t d e l k e t h t s a d
t h e m a d h w h l d g n t a s h h
O h d ! W e l l t h e n w t T h a t s g h t .
S y a .

Ar t you eady? It e rly t n cam
D tly! D e tly! A dy u M mma
Ih lymy cap t p no
Do t do t w th t m l call d N tásha.
y u w n d t ght.
B t t l e dy te
Th t t l e dy te

They had a half
dressed
her
g

N tasha b gan puttū gon the d ess
In mī utē! I mī utē! D n t come in
Papal she cr ed to he f ther sh op e d tle
door—speak g f om under the flm ysk rtwl cl
tll o er dle wl le fa e

Só y al mmed the doo to Am te later
they l t th cou t in. He w s wea ng flue
wallow tal co t hoos d tock n s and w s
perf m d d h har pomader.

Oh, P p t how ce yo lck Charm ng'
 cred N ta ha, as the wood in th r m. At
 room smoothly go t h f lds f l e e

If you please, Miss [unclear] [unclear]
 mad who on her kin [unclear] [unclear]
 traht [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
 her mo [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
 "S what y, I like [unclear] [unclear]
 despa [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]
 whaty I like [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear]

I stepped back in back of the
 the per gl Th d es w
 Really madam e
 said Ma ra, crawl on the e after
 lady

W H if t s w o l g w H t a l e H i j
H t a k t p n e i l l e s i l l

and looked at her mother Not to marry but just so she added

How so my pet?

Just so There's no need for me to marry him But just so

Just so just so repeated the countess and shaking all over she went off into a good humored unexpected elderly laugh

Don't laugh stop! cried Natásha You're shaking the whole bed! You're awfully like me just such another giggler Wait and she seized the countess hands and kissed a snuckle of the little finger saying June and continued kissing July August on the other hand But Mamma is he very much in love? What do you think? Was anybody ever so much in love with you? And he's very nice very very nice Only not quite my taste—he is so narrow like the dining room clock Don't you understand? Narrow you know—gray light gray

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She hummed a scrap from her favorite

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happier world of dreams & here everything was as light and beautiful as in reality and even more so because it was different.

Next day the countess called Boris aside & had a talk with him after which he ceased coming to the Rostóvs

CHAPTER XIV

ON THE THIRTY FIRST OF DECEMBER NEW Year 1809 in an old grandee of Catherine day was giving a ball and midnight supper The diplomatic corps and the Emperor himself were to be present

The grandees & well known mansion on English Quay glittered with innumerable lights Police were stationed at the brightly lit entrance which was carpeted with red baize & not only gendarmes but dozens of police officers and even the police master himself stood at the porch Carriages kept driving away as fresh ones arriving with red liveried footmen and footmen in plumed hats From the carriages emerged men wearing uniforms stars and ribbons while ladies in satin and ermine cautiously descended the carriage steps which were let down for them with a clatter and then walked hurriedly and noiselessly over the baize at the entrance

Almost every time a new carriage drove up a whisper ran through the crowd and caps were doffed

The Emperor? No a minister prince ambassador Don't you see the plumes? was whispered among the crowd

One person better dressed than the rest seemed to know everyone and mentioned by name the greatest dignitaries of the day

A third of the visitors had already arrived but the Rostóvs who were to be present were

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Remember high society was to accompany jacket ran up to Sonya scrutinized her and

in the hall.
There was to call her to her house in the
and G-dens at ten o'clock but it was al-
five minutes to ten and the girls were

was a woman to her first grand ball. She
had not yet had that marriage had been
for excitement and contentment.
All her powers since marriage had been con-
centrated to ensure that they live happily
and Sonya—should be as well
dressed as possible. So she had her maid put
on her

to the maids who were turning up the hem of
her skirt.

The cause of the delay was that the skirt
which was too long. Two maids were turn-
ing up the hem and hurriedly bringing it to the end
of the dress. At last it was pinned in her mouth with
her fingers about between the countess and Sonya
and she forthwith held the whole of the gossamer
mer garment in place on the uplifted hand.

Má ra quique d'la

Give me my trimble Miss from the

Whenever will you be ready? asked the

and the girls

For the essential had already been done
for hands, necks and ears washed and perfumed
and powdered, as befits a ball. The open
all stockings and hats sat on her with rib-
bons were already on the dress. The
countess. Sonya was finishing the dress. The
countess, but the dress which had been
about help them live, was behind her. She
was still to be a look-
dress. Pick the
Sonya stood ready dressed in the middle
of the room and pressed the hem of the
skirt. Her daughter was finishing the
hem that she had as the pin in the
That night way to the night

Sonya cried. The dress. The head and
the both hands. The head and
the maid was dressed. The head and
release. That bow not right. Com he
Sonya said. The dress. The head and
bo differently.

All was Miss. I called. The head and
the maid was behind her. The head and
Oh, dear! Well the wait. That right
Sonya.

Are you ready? It is. The head and
the countess.

Directly! Directly! A dress. The head and
The countess. The head and

Do it do it with me! called Natasha.
You were right.

But I ready.
They had decided to be to the ball by half
past ten. The dress. The head and

and they had to call to the. The head and
When her husband. The head and

short petticoat. The head and
shoes had to be. The head and

ort. The dress with the fingers and
blow. The dress with the fingers and

who he keeps pulling the skirt.
tragedy and the pins from the
he must to the other with her tongue

So what you'll exclaimed Sonya
despisingly. The dress. The head and
what you like to sit too long

Natasha stepped back to the
the pin. The dress. The head and
Really madam, it is not so long.

So did Sonya cry. The head and
The head and

Well it is too long. We'll take it up
we'll take it pin on. The head and
The dress. The head and

At the moment, the soft steps of the
ess came shyly in the cap and elvet gown.
"Oo-oo my be thy excellent the countess
looks better than any of you

and looked at her mother Not to marry but just so she added

How so my pet?

Just so There's no need for me to marry him But just so

Just so just so repeated the countess and shaking all over she went off into a good humored unexpected elderly laugh

Don't laugh stop! cried Natásha You're shaking the whole bed! You're as fully like me just such another giggler Wait and she seized the countess' hands and kissed a knuckle of the little finger saying June and continued kissing July August on the other hand But Mamma is he very much in love? What do you think? Was anybody ever so much in love with you? And he's very nice very very nice Only not quite my taste—he is so narrow like the dining room clock Don't you understand? Narrow you know—gray light gray

What rubbish you're talking! said the countess

N 1

You flirt with him too said the countess laughing

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Little countess! the countess' voice called from behind the door You're not asleep? Natásha jumped up snatched up her slippers and ran barefoot to her own room

It was a long time before she could sleep She kept thinking that no one could understand all that she understood and all there was in her

Snyá? she thought glancing at that curled up sleeping little kitten with her enormous plait of hair No how could she? She's virtuous She fell in love with Nicholas and does not wish to know anything more Even Mamma does not understand It is wonderful how clever I am and how charming she is she went on speaking of herself in the third person and imagining it was some very wise man—the wisest and best of men—who was saying it of her There is everything everything in her continued this man She is unsuitably intelligent charming and then she's pretty uncommonly pretty and agile—she swims and rides splendidly and her voice! One can really say it's a wonderful voice!

She hummed a scrap! by Cherubini threw herself at the pleasant thought dately fell asleep call to put out the candle had left the room had another happier world thing was as light and and even more so be

Next day the countess talked with him to the Rostovs

CHAPT

ON THE THIRTY
Eve 1809 to a day was giving The diplomatic were to be present

The grindees English Quiryglitt Police were stationed which was not only gendarmes and even there at the porch Carr fresh ones arriving and footmen in purples emerged met and ribbons while cautiously descended were let down for them walked hurriedly and at the entrance

Almost every time a whisper ran through the doffed

The Emperor? No an ambassador Don't you see was whispered among the crowd

One person better dressed seemed to know

but still hurrying to get dressed

There had been many discussions for the ball in the Rostovs

Let us press who was a friend and led the countess and piloted the provincial

Ah, here she is, the Queen of Petersburg Countess Berukhova, said Perónskaya, nodding. Hélène who had just entered. How lovely! She is quite equal to Márya Antónovna. See how the men, young and old, pay court to her Beautiful and clever they say Prince — is quite mad about her But see, those two though not good looking — are even more interesting.

She pointed to a lady who was crossing the room followed by a very plain daughter.

She is a splendid match a millionairess, said Perónskaya. And look, here come her suitors.

"That is Berukhova brought Anatole Kuragin, she said, directing his attention to the Hors Guards who passed by them with head erect, looking at something over the heads of the ladies. "He has no suit but he I hear they will marry him to that rich girl. But your cousin, Drubetskoy is so attentive to her. They say he has millions. Oh yes, that the French ambassador himself she replied to the countess enquiring about Caulaincourt. "Look if he were killed. All the same, the French are charming, very charming. No one ever charming in society. Ah, here she is yes, she is still the most beautiful of them all our Márya Antónovna. And how simply she is dressed. Lovely! And that is the universal Freemason she went on, indicating Pierre. Pierre beside his wife and he looks regular buffoon.

Pierre, swaying his stout body danced, making way through the crowd and nodded to right and left as casually as good natured he as if he were passing through a crowd of a far less important person, evidently looking for someone.

Natasha looked joyfully at the familiar face of Pierre, the buffoon, as Perónskaya had called him, and knew he was looking for them, and for her particular. He had promised to be at the ball and to do everything to her.

But before he reached them Pierre stopped beside a very handsome dark man of middle height, and in white uniform, who stood by the window talking to a tall man wearing a red ribbon. Natasha at once recognized the former and younger man the white uniform it was Bolkónski who seemed to her to have grown much younger happier and better looking.

"There someone I saw know — Bolkónski, do you see, Mamma?" said Natasha, pointing to the man.

out Prince Andrew. "You remember he stayed a night with us at Otrádnoe.

Oh, you know him said Perónskaya. I can't bear him. If I did I should be a temptress. He is too proud for anything. Takes after his father. And he has a deal to do with Speráki's written some projects or other. Just look how he treats the ladies. There he talks to them and he has turned what she said, pointing to him. I digress to him if he treated me as he does those ladies.

CHAPTER XVI

SUDDENLY EVERYBODY STOPPED began talking and pressed forward and then back and between the two rows, which separated, the Emperors entered to the sound of music that had immediately struck up. Behind him walked his host and hostess. He walked rapidly bowing to right and left as if anxious to get the first moments of the reception over. The ladies played the polonaise in a room at that time on account of the words that had been set to it, being in Alexander Elise's ballroom. The Emperor passed on to the drawing room the crowd made rush for the doors, and several persons with excited faces hurried there and back again. Then the crowd hastily retired from the drawing room door to which the Emperor reappeared talking to the hostess. A young man looking distracted, poured down on the ladies, and then they moved as he. Some ladies, with faces betraying a complaint of restlessness of all the rules of decorum, pushed forward to the detriment of the others. The men began to choose partners and took their places for the polonaise.

Everyone moved back, and the Emperor came smiling out of the drawing room leading his hostess by the hand but not keeping time to the music. The hostess followed with Márya Antónovna, Naryshkina then came, the empress, the ministers, and various generals, whom Perónskaya distinguished named. More than half the ladies already had partners and were talking up or preparing to take up, their positions for the polonaise. Natasha felt that he would be left with her mother. So young among a minority of women who crowded near the wall not having been invited to dance. She stood with her lender running hand down her scarcely dressed bosom and fell more peculiarly and with bated breath and listening, frightened yes gazed at her before her evidently prepared for the height of joy or misery.

His illness was just now

He would have embraced her but blushing she stepped aside fearing to be rumpled

Mamma your cup more to this side said Natasha I'll arrange it and she rushed forward so that the maids who were tacking up her skirt could not move fast enough and a piece of gauze was torn off

Oh goodness! What has happened? Really it was not my fault!

Never mind I'll run it up it won't show said Dnyásha

What a beauty—a very queen! said the nurse as she came to the door And Sonya! They are lovely!

At a quarter past ten they at last got into their carriages and started But they had still to call at the Taurida Gardens

Peronskaya was quite ready In spite of her age and plainness she had gone through the same process as the Rostovs but with less flurry—for to her it was a matter of routine Her ugly old body was washed perfumed and powdered in just the same way She had washed behind her ears just as carefully and when she

dress
old
nira

tion as the Rostovs servants had been

She praised the Rostovs toilets They praised her taste and toilet and at eleven o'clock careful of their coiffures and dresses they settled themselves in their carriages and drove off

CHAPTER XV

NATASHA had not had a moment free since early morning and had not once had time to think of what lay before her

In the damp chill air and crowded closeness of the swaying carriage she for the first time vividly imagined what was in store for her there at the ball in those brightly lighted rooms—where the flowers danced the Emperor presided over the brilliant young people of Petersburg The prospect was so splendid that she hardly believed it would come true so out of keep as it was with the chill darkness and closeness of the carriage She understood all that awaited her only when after stepping over the red baize at the entrance she entered the hall took off her fur cloak and beside Sonya and in front of her mother mounted the brilliantly illuminated stairs between the pillars Only then did she remember how she must behave at a ball and tried to assume the majestic air she considered indispensable for a girl on such an occasion But fortunately for

her she felt her eyes growing misty she saw nothing clearly her pulse beat a hundred in the minute and the blood throbbed at her heart She could not assume that pose which would have made her ridiculous and she went on almost fainting from excitement and trying with all her might to conceal it And this was the very attitude that became her best before and behind them other visitors were cooing also talking in low tones and wearing ball dresses The mirrors on the landing reflected ladies in white pale blue and pink dresses with diamonds and pearls on their bare necks and arms

Natasha looked in the mirrors and could not distinguish her reflection from the others All was blended into one brilliant procession On entering the ballroom the regular hum of voices footsteps and greetings deafened Natasha and the light and glitter dazzled her still more The host and hostess who had already been standing at the door for half an hour repeating the same words to the various arrivals *Charmé de vous voir* greeted the Rostovs and Peronskaya in the same manner

at her and gave her alone a special smile in addition to her usual smile as hostess Looking at her she may have recalled the golden recoverable days of her own girlhood and her own first ball The host also followed Natasha with his eyes and asked the count which was his daughter

Charming! said he kissing the tips of his fingers

In the ballroom guests stood crowding at the entrance doors awaiting the Emperor The countess took up a position in one of the front rows of that crowd Natasha heard and felt

calm her

There are some like ourselves and some worse she thought

Peronskaya was pointing out to the countess the most important people at the ball

That is the Dutch ambassador do you see? That gray haired man she said indicated an

Delighted to see you

Ah, here she is, the Queen of Petersburg
 Countess Bernikova, said Perón Kaja indi-
 cating. He is who had just entered. How
 lovely. She is quite equal to Mitya Antóno-
 va. See how the men young and old, pay court
 to her Beautiful and clever they say Prince
 — is quite mad about her. But see those two
 though not good-looking are even more run-
 der.

2. *She pointed to lady who was cross n th
room fllowed by very plain daughter
"She is splendid match, a millionairess,
and Peronskaya. And look, here com her
sister."*

"That is Berukhova brother An tol Ku
rigin, she said, indicating ha dsome officer
of the Horse Guards who passed by them with
head erect, looking something over the heads
of the ladies. "H ha dsom, isn't h I hear
her will marry him to that rich girl. But your
cousin, Drubetskoy, iso ery tentative to
her. They say sh has millions. Oh es, that's
the French ambassador himself she replied
to the countless inquiry bout Caulaincourt.
"Looks as if he were kin' All the same, the
French are charmin, ery charm' No one
more charming in society. Ah, here she is. Yes,
s... still the most beautiful of them all, our
Marva A t novna. And how simply sh is
dressed. Lovely. And that t ut one in spec
tacles is the universal Freemason, he went
on, indicating Perre. Put him besid his wife
and he looks regular buffoon

and he looks regular burrough
Peter, sways his stout bod d'anced,
make us through the crowd and rodding
in right and left casually and good natured
it is if he were passing through crowd & a
h. H pushed through, evident lookin' for
someone

Natasha looked joyfully at the familiar face of Pierre, the buffoon. Peronskaya had loved him, and knew he was looking for them, and for her in particular. He had promised to be at the ball and introduce partners to her.

But before he reached them Peter topped
side very handsome, dark man of midd-
height, and in white uniform, who stood by
window talking to tall man wearing stars
and blood. Visha at once recognized the
shorter and younger man in the white uni-
form it was Bokonski, who seemed to her
to be grown much younger happier and
brighter.

"There anyone else know-Bolkónski, do you see, Mamma?" said V. tisha, pointing at Anna's mother.-Ta.

SIX
out Prince Andrew. "You remember he tated
a n h w th us at Otrádnoc.
... him, said Perón kaya I

Oh, you know him sa d Perón kaya I
can't bear him. If t a p e t l a p l e t l
be u t e r p s He's too proud f anyth n
T kes fter his f ther And he's hand n g l e
with Sperán k w r t n some project or other
Ju t look how he treats the ladies Ther s he
talk n to h m d he has turned awa he
sa d, po n t n t hum. "I d g e t to him f he
treated me s he does those l dies.

CHAPTER XVI

XVI
 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 206 207 208 209 210 211 212 213 214 215 216 217 218 219 220 221 222 223 224 225 226 227 228 229 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 237 238 239 240 241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249 250 251 252 253 254 255 256 257 258 259 260 261 262 263 264 265 266 267 268 269 270 271 272 273 274 275 276 277 278 279 280 281 282 283 284 285 286 287 288 289 290 291 292 293 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 304 305 306 307 308 309 310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324 325 326 327 328 329 330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343 344 345 346 347 348 349 350 351 352 353 354 355 356 357 358 359 360 361 362 363 364 365 366 367 368 369 370 371 372 373 374 375 376 377 378 379 380 381 382 383 384 385 386 387 388 389 390 391 392 393 394 395 396 397 398 399 400 401 402 403 404 405 406 407 408 409 410 411 412 413 414 415 416 417 418 419 420 421 422 423 424 425 426 427 428 429 430 431 432 433 434 435 436 437 438 439 440 441 442 443 444 445 446 447 448 449 450 451 452 453 454 455 456 457 458 459 460 461 462 463 464 465 466 467 468 469 470 471 472 473 474 475 476 477 478 479 480 481 482 483 484 485 486 487 488 489 490 491 492 493 494 495 496 497 498 499 500 501 502 503 504 505 506 507 508 509 510 511 512 513 514 515 516 517 518 519 520 521 522 523 524 525 526 527 528 529 530 531 532 533 534 535 536 537 538 539 540 541 542 543 544 545 546 547 548 549 550 551 552 553 554 555 556 557 558 559 560 561 562 563 564 565 566 567 568 569 570 571 572 573 574 575 576 577 578 579 580 581 582 583 584 585 586 587 588 589 590 591 592 593 594 595 596 597 598 599 600 601 602 603 604 605 606 607 608 609 610 611 612 613 614 615 616 617 618 619 620 621 622 623 624 625 626 627 628 629 630 631 632 633 634 635 636 637 638 639 640 641 642 643 644 645 646 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655 656 657 658 659 660 661 662 663 664 665 666 667 668 669 670 671 672 673 674 675 676 677 678 679 680 681 682 683 684 685 686 687 688 689 690 691 692 693 694 695 696 697 698 699 700 701 702 703 704 705 706 707 708 709 710 711 712 713 714 715 716 717 718 719 720 721 722 723 724 725 726 727 728 729 730 731 732 733 734 735 736 737 738 739 740 741 742 743 744 745 746 747 748 749 750 751 752 753 754 755 756 757 758 759 760 761 762 763 764 765 766 767 768 769 770 771 772 773 774 775 776 777 778 779 780 781 782 783 784 785 786 787 788 789 790 791 792 793 794 795 796 797 798 799 800 801 802 803 804 805 806 807 808 809 810 811 812 813 814 815 816 817 818 819 820 821 822 823 824 825 826 827 828 829 830 831 832 833 834 835 836 837 838 839 840 841 842 843 844 845 846 847 848 849 850 851 852 853 854 855 856 857 858 859 860 861 862 863 864 865 866 867 868 869 870 871 872 873 874 875 876 877 878 879 880 881 882 883 884 885 886 887 888 889 890 891 892 893 894 895 896 897 898 899 900 901 902 903 904 905 906 907 908 909 910 911 912 913 914 915 916 917 918 919 920 921 922 923 924 925 926 927 928 929 930 931 932 933 934 935 936 937 938 939 940 941 942 943 944 945 946 947 948 949 950 951 952 953 954 955 956 957 958 959 960 961 962 963 964 965 966 967 968 969 970 971 972 973 974 975 976 977 978 979 980 981 982 983 984 985 986 987 988 989 990 991 992 993 994 995 996 997 998 999 1000 1001 1002 1003 1004 1005 1006 1007 1008 1009 1010 1011 1012 1013 1014 1015 1016 1017 1018 1019 1020 1021 1022 1023 1024 1025 1026 1027 1028 1029 1030 1031 1032 1033 1034 1035 1036 1037 1038 1039 1040 1041 1042 104

ng to right and left. At the first moments of the reception the band played the polonaise in view of that time on account of the words that had been set to it, beginning Alexander Eliza etc. He hears you raving quite. The Emperor passed on to the drawing room, the crowd made rush for the doors, and several persons with excited faces hurried there and back again. Then the crowd hastily retired from the drawing room door at which the Emperor reappeared talking to the hostess. A young man, looking distraught, pounced down on the ladies, asking them to move aside. Some ladies, with faces betraying complete forgetfulness of all the rules of decorum, pushed forward to the detriment of their toilets. The men began to choose partners and take their places for the polonaise.

Every one moved back, and the Emperor came smiling out of the drawing-room leading his hostess by the hand but not keeping time to the music. The host followed with Mária Antonovna Narshkina then came ambassadors, ministers, and various generals, whom Peronskaya diligently named. More than half the ladies already had partners and were taking up, or preparing to take up their positions for the polonaise. Natasha felt that she would be left with her mother and Sonya among a minority of women who crowded earthward not having been invited to dance. She stood with her slender arms hanging down her scarcely defined bosom and falling regularly and with bated breath. Her frightened eyes gazed straight before her evidently prepared for the height of joy or misery.

"H is all the rage just now

She was not concerned about the Emperor or any of those great people whom Perónskaya was pointing out—she had but one thought

Is it possible no one will ask me that I shall not be among the first to dance? Is it possible that not one of all these men will notice me? They do not even seem to see me or if they do they look as if they were saying Ah she's not the one I'm after so it's not worth looking at her! No it's impossible she thought

The strains of the polonaise which had continued for a considerable time had begun to sound like a sad reminiscence in Natásha's ears. She wanted to cry Perónskaya had left them. The count was at the other end of the room. She and the countess and Sónya were standing by themselves as in the depths of a forest amid that crowd of strangers with no one interested in them and not wanted by anyone. Prince Andrew with a lady passed by evidently not recognizing them. The handsome Anatole was smilingly talking to a partner on his arm and looked at Natásha as one looks at a wall. Boris passed them twice and each time turned away. Berg and his wife who were not dancing came up to them.

This family gathering seemed humiliating to Natásha—as if there were nowhere else for the family to talk, but here at the ball. She did not listen to or look at Véra who was telling her something about her own green dress.

At last the Emperor stopped beside his last partner (he had danced with three) and the music ceased. A hurried aide de camp ran up to the Rostóvs requesting them to stand farther back though as it was they were already close to the wall and from the gallery resounded the distinct precise enticingly rhythmic strains of a waltz. The Emperor looked smilingly down the room. A minute passed but no one had yet begun dancing. An aide de camp the Master of Ceremonies went up to Countess Bezukhova and asked her to dance. She smilingly raised her hand and hid it on his shoulder without looking at him. The

When the men at the corner of the room he caught Hélène's left hand and turned her the only sound audible apart from the ever-quickening music being the rhythmic click of the spurs on his rapid agile feet while at

every out and was ready to cry because it was not she who was dancing that first turn of the waltz.

Prince Andrew in the white uniform of a cavalry colonel wearing stockings and dancing shoes stood looking unmoved and bright in the front row of the circle not far from the Rostóvs. Baron Firshoff was talking to him about the first sitting of the Council of State to be held next day. Prince Andrew

was listening which various rumors were running through his mind.

He was intending to dance who had not yet gathered courage to enter the circle.

Prince Andrew was watching these men abashed by the Emperor's presence and the women who were breathlessly longing to be asked to dance.

Pierre came up to him and caught him by the arm.

You always dance I have a protégée the young Rostóva here. Ask her, he said.

Where is she? asked Bolkonsky. Excuse me! he added turning to the baron. We will finish this conversation else here—at a ball one must dance. He stepped forward in the direction Pierre indicated. The despairing dejected expression of Natásha's face caught his eye. He recognized her guessed her feelings saw that it was her but remembered her conversation at the window and with an expression of pleasure on his face approached Countess Rostóva.

Allow me to introduce you to my daughter said the countess with heightened color.

I have the pleasure of being already acquainted if the countess remembers me said Prince Andrew with a low and courteous bow quite belying Ierónskaya's remarks about his rudeness and approaching Natásha he held out his arm to grasp her waist before he had completed his invitation. He asked her to waltz. That tremulous expression on Natásha's face prepared either for despair or rapture suddenly brightened into a happy grateful childlike smile.

I have long been waiting for you that frightened happy little girl seemed to say by the smile that replaced the threatened tears as she raised her hand to Prince Andrew's shoulder.

der They were the s d c uple to nter the
 circle. Pri ce A drew w e of the best da c
 ers fhus day d N tásh d nced exqu t ly
 Her l title feet the wh t sat d n n s t o s
 did their wo k sw fty l ghtly and d pe d
 ently of herself wh l l er f e beam d w th
 cstauc happ ess. H l de bare rms d
 ck ere ot be t ful— mpar d t Hèlèn s
 her sho lders looked th n d her bosom un
 de el ped. But Hèlè e seem d t vere l d
 ed b varnish left by the th us ds l looks
 thath d canned her p rs wh le N tásh was
 l k g lexpo df th first t me whow uld
 h l l t crym h h med h d hen t b n
 assured that this wa bsol t ly necessary

Pri A drew l ked d c i dwish ot
 escape as q ckly poss ble f om the polit cal
 d cle er talk wh ch everyone d dresed to
 h m hu g l so t b e k up the cicle of e
 tra t he d l ked ca ed by the Empe r's
 prese e he da ed d had cl sen N tásha
 because P erre po nted l o t t h m nd be
 cause she as the first p tty g l wh ca ght
 h ey b t scarc ly had heembra ed that slen
 der pple flour d felt her urri so close
 to h m d smul so near h m th n t l w e
 f her charm ro e t h h d a d h felt hum
 self ev ed d rej n ted wh fter lea
 h r h tood b th deeply and vatch
 ing th ther da ers.

CHAPTER XVII

AFTER PRI CE A REV Boris came up to ask
 N táshaf da e d then the d de-camp
 h had pe ed the b l l a d everal other
 l men so th t, flushed d happy and
 p ss g n her superfl us p r rers to Só y
 h d d t ase da c i g l l th even g Sh
 nou ed d saw n th g of what occup ed
 ery else. N ly d d h f l t u e that
 the Empero talked l gumew th th French
 mb sad d how particularly grac us h
 wast a etta l dy that Pri ce So- nd so
 d So- d so d d d sa d th d that, and
 that Hèlè e had great u es nd wash red
 by the pecal t entu n f So- d so b t she
 d d t even see th Emper nd o ly t ced
 that he had go because the ball became l e
 l er f er his departure. F o of th merry
 all ns bef pper Pri ce A drew was
 a her partner He em ded her f th
 first e co ter th Otrád oe e ue d
 how he had bee u ble to keep that moon
 lght ght, d t l d her h w h had l
 t ly eheard her N tásha blushed t that
 recollectio and tried to excuse herself, as f

there h d been someth ng to be ashamed of n
 wh t Pri nce A d ew h d o erhe d

Like l l men who h e grown up n society
 Pri ce Andre v l ked meet g s meone there
 not f the con e t on lso c etystamp And uch
 as Natd h w th her urpr se he del ght, her
 shyness and e en her m t kes n speak o
 French. W th h he beha ed w th sp c l ca e
 d t nderness s t g be de her and t l k
 of th mplest d m tu mpo t t m tters

was t red d p nt g nd e dently tho ght
 of decl n g b t mmed tely p t her h d
 galy th m n s sh ulder smul g t Pri ce
 A d w

I d be glad t t bes d you and rest I m
 tired but j u ee how they keep k g me
 nd I mgl d of t, I m h ppy nd I lo e every
 body d you a d I derst d t l l nd
 much, much mo was sa d n her sm le. Wh n
 her p r t er left her N tásha ran across the

sh w n t be d c i g here m nth bef e he
 w l l be m rried. S chas h are rar her
 he th ght s N tásha re djusting rose that
 was l pp on h r bodic settled herself be
 de h m

Whe the till o was verth old cou t r
 h bl e co t cam up to th d n ers He n t
 ed Pri ce Andrew to com a d see them nd
 ked h d ughter whether he was joy g
 h self N tásha d d n t ns w t once but
 o ly looked p with m le that sa d rep o ch
 f lly: H w can you ask, cha. a. ques. n?

I h e ne joyed my elf o much be
 for l he sa d, d Pri e A drew n t u ed
 h wher thun rms rose qu ckly as f to mbra e
 he f the d ta tly dropped gau N tá
 sha wash pp er th h had e er been in her
 l fe. She was at th t he ght of bliss whe one
 becomes compl tely k d nd good d d es
 t bel th poss b l ty fevl unhapp
 ness o sorrow

At th t b l l P erre f the first time f l
 humil ted by the pos t n h w fe occup ed
 in urt circles. He as gloomy nd abs nt

She was not concerned about the Emperor or any of those great people whom Perónskaya was pointing out—she had but one thought.

Is it possible no one will ask me that I shall not be among the first to dance? Is it possible that not one of all these men will notice me? They do not even seem to see me or if they do they look as if they were saying: Ah, she's not the one I'm after, so it's not worth looking at her! No, it's impossible, she thought. They must know how I long to dance, how splendidly I dance, and how they would enjoy dancing with me.

The strains of the polonaise which had continued for a considerable time had begun to sound like a sad reminiscence in Natásha's ears. She wanted to cry: Perónskaya had left them. The count was at the other end of the room. She and the countess and Sónya were standing by themselves as in the depths of a forest amid that crowd of strangers with no one interested in them and not wanted by anyone. Prince Andrew with a lady passed by evidently not recognizing them. The handsome Anatole was smilingly talking to a partner on his arm and looked at Natásha as one looks at a wall. Boris passed them twice and each time turned away. Berg and his wife, who were not dancing, came up to them.

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At last the Emperor stopped beside his last partner (he had danced with three) and the music ceased. A worried aide de camp ran up to the Rostóvs requesting them to stand farther back, though as it was they were already close to the wall and from the gallery resounded the distinct, precise, enticingly rhythmic strains of a waltz. The Emperor looked smilingly down the room. A minute passed but no one had yet begun dancing. An aide de camp, the Master of Ceremonies, went up to Countess Bezúkhova and asked her to dance. She smilingly raised her hand and laid it on his shoulder without looking at him. The aide de camp, an adept in his art, grasping his partner firmly round her waist with confident liberation started smoothly, gliding first round the edge of the circle, then at the corner of the room he caught Hélène's left hand and turned her the only sound audible apart from the ever quickening music being the rhythmic click of the spurs on his rapid, agile feet while at

every third beat his partner's velvet dress spread out and seemed to flash as she whirled round. Natásha gazed at them and was ready to cry because it was not she who was dancing that first turn of the waltz.

Prince Andrew in the white uniform of a cavalry colonel, wearing stockings and dancing shoes, stood looking animated and bright in the front row of the circle not far from the Rostóvs. Baron Firhoff was talking to him about the first sitting of the Council of State to be held next day. Prince Andrew, as one closely connected with Speránski and participation in the work of the legislative commission could give reliable information about that situation concerning which various rumors were current. But not listening to what Firhoff was saying, he was gazing now at the sovereign and now at the men intending to dance who had not yet gathered courage to enter the circle.

Prince Andrew was watching these men abashed by the Emperor's presence and the women who were breathlessly longing to be asked to dance.

Pierre came up to him and caught him by the arm.

You always dance. I have a protégée, the young Rostóva here. Ask her, he said.

Where is she? asked Bolkónski. Excuse me! he added turning to the baron: we will finish this conversation elsewhere—at a ball one must dance. He stepped forward in the direction Pierre indicated. The despairing dejected expression of Natásha's face caught his eye. He recognized her, guessed her feelings, saw that it was her début, remembered her conversation at the window and with an expression of pleasure on his face approached Countess Rostóva.

Allow me to introduce you to my daughter, said the countess with heightened color.

I have the pleasure of being already acquainted if the countess remembers me, said Prince Andrew with a low and courteous bow. Quite belying Perónskaya's remarks about his rudeness and approaching Natásha he held out his arm to grasp her waist before he had completed his invitation. He asked her to waltz. That tremulous expression on Natásha's face prepared either for despair or rapture suddenly brightened into a happy, grateful childlike smile.

I have long been waiting for you, that frightened happy little girl seemed to say by the smile that replaced the threatened tears as she raised her hand to Prince Andrew's shoulder.

der They were the eco d couple to enter the
 crde. Prince Andrew was f the best da c
 ers fhus day and N tá ha d ed exqu tely
 Her little feet in ther wh tesat ndanci hoos
 did their work sw ifly l huly d depe d
 end of herself, while her f ce beamed w th
 eco a chapp ess. Her sle d bare arm d
 neck were t bea tif l-comp ed to Hélè e s
 her shoulders looked th d her bosom u
 developed. B t Hélè e seemed as t ere hard
 ened by varnish left by the th usa ds of looks
 that had sca ed her p rso wh l N tásha was
 lik girl expo ed f r the first t me who w uld
 ha f l t ery m ch a hamed had he ot be n
 assured that this was bsol ely necessary

Prince Andrew l ked da dwish gt
 escape as q kly as poss ble from the political
 a d clever talk wh ch every e dd essed to
 h m, w hung also t b eak up the ci cle f re
 straint he disl'ked, ca ed by the Emper r's
 presen e, he danced, d had chosen Natásha
 beca se Perr po ted her out t h m a d be
 cause she was the first p tty girl who caught
 his e b t scarcely had h embraced that sl n
 der supple figure d f l t her sturr so close
 to him nd smil so ear him than the w e
 f her charm rose to h head d he felt h m
 self e ved and rej enated when after lea
 n e h r he tood b eathum deeply nd watch
 me th ther da ers.

CHAPTER XVII

AFTER PRINCE ANDREW Boris came up to ask
 N tásha f r da ce, d then th ded-camp
 h had ope ed the ball and several other
 you men so that, flushed d happy d
 pa sung her superfl u p rners to Sónya,
 sh did ot case da cing l th even Sh
 noticed and sa thu of what occup ed ev
 ery e lse. N t nly did h f l oice that
 th Emper talked l gt me with th F ench
 ambassado and how particularly grac us h
 was to ertain lad or that Prince So-and so
 nd So d so did d sa d th d that, d
 that Hélè e had great success nd was ho ored
 by the pecal tentio f So-and-so b t he
 d d t even see th Emperor d only noticed
 t he had go e because th ball became l e
 l er f er his departure. F o of th merry
 e till ns bef re supper Prince Andrew was
 an her partner He emunded her of their
 first encou ter n the Otrádnoc enue, nd
 how had been u ble to leep that moo
 l-ht ht, and t d her bow h had n olun-
 tly erheard her N tásha blushed t that
 reor lect, and tried excuse herself, as if

there h d been somethu g to be sh med of in
 what Prin e Andrew h d o erheard.

L k ll men who have gr wn up n society
 Prince And ew l ked meet g someone the
 n tof the con ent n lsociety stamp A d uch
 was N tá h w th her surpri e her del ght, her
 shyness, and even her mistakes n spe k
 French W th her h beha ed w th p c l ca e
 nd t nderness s tt g bes de her and talk n
 of the mplest d most u portant m tters

her seat when an ther dancer chose her She

Andrew

I d be gl d to s t bes de you d rest I m
 tired b t you see h w they k ep aski e me
 a d l mgl d of t, I m happy d l e every
 body d you d l u derstand t all a d
 m ch, m ch m e was said in her smile. When
 her p rner l ft her N tásha ran cross the
 room to choos tw l d es f the figure.

she w n t be danci g here m th bef e she
 will be married. S ch as he are rare here
 h th ght, as N tásh r djust ng rose that
 wa l pp n on her bodice, etled hers lf be
 s de hum

When cotill on was o er the old count n
 hus bl co t cam up to th da cers. He n t
 ed Pri e A drew t come nd ee them, nd
 asked hu dau hter whether h was enjoy
 herself. N tásha d d n t answer t o ce but
 only looked up w th m le that said rep ch-
 fully H w can y u a k ch question

I ha never e joyed myself so much b
 f e! h sa d, d Pri e A drew n ti ed
 h w her thun arms ose qu ckly as if to embrace
 her father d m tantly dropped gain N tá
 sha was happ er tha sh had ever been n her
 lf Sh w

At that b ll P rre fo the first time f lt
 humiliated b th posu n h wif occup ed
 in court circles. H as gloomy and bsent

She was not concerned about the Emperor or any of those great people whom Perónskaya was pointing out—she had but one thought

Is it possible no one will ask me that I shall not be among the first to dance? Is it possible that not one of all these men will notice me? They do not even seem to see me or if they do they look as if they were saying Ah she's not the one I'm after so it's not worth looking at her! No it's impossible she thought They must know how I long to dance how splendidly I dance and how they would enjoy dancing with me

Then—

III

SO

She wanted to cry Perónskaya had left them The count was at the other end of the room She and the countess and Sónya were standing by themselves as in the depths of a forest amid that crowd of strangers with no one interested in them and not wanted by anyone Prince Andrew with a lady passed by evidently not recognizing them The handsome Anatole was smilingly talking to a partner on his arm and looked at Natásha as one looks at a wall Boris

every third beat his partner's velvet dress spread out and seemed to flash as she whirled round Natásha gazed at them and was ready to cry because it was not she who was dancing that first turn of the waltz

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I have long been waiting for you that frightened happy little girl seemed to say by the smile that replaced the threatened tears as she raised her hand to Prince Andrew's shoulder

ever quickening music being the rhythmic click of the spurs on his rapid agile feet, a hile at

der They were the second couple to enter the
circle. Prince Andrew was one of the best dancers
this day and he danced exquisitely.
Her little feet in the white satin shoes
did the work so fully and so depend-
ently of herself while her face beamed with
extraordinary happiness. Her slender arms and
neck were a beautiful complement. Hélène
her shoulders looked though her bosom unde-
veloped. But Hélène seemed so there hard-
ened by a warm left by the thousands of looks
that had scanned her person while Natasha was
like a girl exposed for the first time who would
have felt every change and had not been
assured that this was absolutely necessary.

Prince Andrew looked down at his wrist
escape as quickly as possible from the political
circle of talk which every one did to escape
him. He was going to break up the circle of re-
straint but he was called by the Empress so
presence he had chosen Natasha
because Pierre pointed him out to him and be-
cause he was the first pretty girl who caught
his eye but scarcely had he embraced the lead-
er of the party of the first time so close
to him and so near him than that when
her charming face to his head and he felt him-
self revived and rejuvenated when after leav-
ing her he could breathe deeply and watch
the other dancers.

CHAPTER XVII

AFTER PRINCE ANDREW had come up to ask
Natasha for the dance and then the de-
cided to have a ball and several of the
young men so that flushed and happy and
proud of her perfect partners. So they
had decided to give a ball to the
entire society. He saw that the girl what occupied
every one else. He did not fail in that
the Emperor talked to him with French
manner and with perfect grace and
certainty. He said that Prince So-and-so
said so and so and so and so and so and so
that Hélène had given us a dance and
by the people. He said so and so and so
he did not even see the Emperor and said
that he had given because the ball became
later for his departure. He said that the merry
little bell of the Prince Andrew was
her partner. He said that she had
first in the Otrádoe and
that he had been obliged to keep that moon-
light and that he had had a little
idea of her. He said that he had
recalled and tried to excuse herself, as if

there had been something to be ashamed of in
what Prince Andrew had observed.

Like all men who have grown up in society
and knew how to meet someone there
and how

shyness, a French. With her he had with peculiar
and tenderness in her and talk of
of the simplest and most important matters
he had read her history. In the middle of the
cotillon he had completed one of the figures
and she had pulled out of her, was returned to
her seat when another dancer chose her. She
waited and patiently and deeply thought
of decision but immediately put her hand
gently in the man's shoulder smiling at Prince
Andrew.

I will be glad to sit beside you and rest. I'm
tired but you see how they keep asking me
and I'm glad of it. I'm happy and I'll see every
body and you and I will rest and it'll and
much, much more was said in her smile. When
he returned left her. Natasha ran across the
room to choose two ladies for the figure.

If he goes to her cousin first and then to
the will be my wife said Prince

that
waited upon her body. He was of be-
de him.

When the cotillon was over the old count-
ess's coat came up to the dancers. He had
seen Prince Andrew come and see them and
asked her whether he was enjoying
himself. Natasha did not answer to the
only looked up at him and that said reproach-
fully. He was asking such a question.

I have never enjoyed myself so much be-
fore. He said that Prince Andrew had
with his arms rose quickly to embrace
her father and then dropped again. Nat-
asha was happy that she had been
with him. She was that he had been
becomes completely good and des-
tined to pass his life in hap-
piness, sorrow.

At that time for the first time he
had realized the position he occupied
in court circles. He was gloomy and he

She was not concerned about the Emperor or any of those great people whom Perónskaya was pointing out—she had but one thought

Is it possible no one will ask me that I shall not be among the first to dance? Is it possible that not one of all these men will notice me? They do not even seem to see me or if they do they look as if they were saying Ah she's not the one I'm after so it's not worth looking at her! No it's impossible she thought.

every third beat his partner's velvet dress out and seemed to flush as she whirled round. Natásha gazed at them and was ready because it was not she who was dancing the first turn of the waltz.

Prince Andrew in the white uniform of a cavalry colonel wearing stockings and dancing shoes stood looking animated and bright in the front row of the circle not far from Rostóv. Baron Firhoff was talking to him about his son.

be he
ly con
in the
give r

he was gazing now at the sovereign and now at the men intending to dance who had not yet gathered courage to enter the circle.

Prince Andrew was watching these men abashed by the Emperor's presence and the women who were breathlessly longing to be asked to dance.

Pierre came up to him and caught him by the arm.

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I have long been waiting for you that frightened happy little girl seemed to say by the smile that replaced the threatened tears as she raised her hand to Prince Andrew's shoulder.

The strains of the polonaise which had continued for a considerable time had begun to sound like a sad reminiscence in Natásha's ears. She wanted to cry. Perónskaya had left them. The count was at the other end of the room. She and the countess and Sonya were standing by themselves as in the depths of a forest amid that crowd of strangers with no one interested in them and not wanted by anyone. Prince Andrew with a lady passed by evidently not recognizing them. The handsome Anatole was smilingly talking to a partner on his arm and looked at Natásha as one looks at a wall. Boris passed them twice and each time turned away. Berg and his wife who were not dancing came up to them.

This family gathering seemed humiliating to Natásha—as if there were nowhere else for the family to talk but here at the ball. She did not listen to or look at Véra who was telling her something about her own...

At last the partner (he) music ceased. A worried aide de camp ran up to the Rostóvs requesting them to stand farther back though as it was they were already close to the wall and from the gallery resounded the distinct precise enticingly rhythmic strains of a waltz. The Emperor looked smilingly down the room. A minute passed but no one had yet begun dancing. An aide de camp the Master of Ceremonies went up to Countess Bezukhova and asked her to dance. She smilingly raised her hand and hid it on his shoulder without looking at him. The aide de camp...

He then at the corner of the room he caught Hélène's left hand and turned her the only sound audible apart from the ever quickening music being the rhythm cclick of the spurs on his rapid agile feet while at

der They were the second couple to enter the circle. Prince A. drew was one of the best dancers this day and his partner danced exquisitely. Her little form in white satin and lace looked dainty work so full of life and depend on herself, while her face beamed with equal happiness. Her slender bare arms and neck were a beautiful—compared to Hélène her shoulders looked thin and her bosom un-

there had been something to be ashamed of in what Prince Andrew had overheard.

Like all men who have grown up in society Prince Andrei liked meeting someone there not to the extent of society stamp Andrei

ent 1) b mm ad

n m w h a g i s o t b e a k u p t h e c a d e f r e -
t r a t h d i s l k e d , c a u s e d b y t h e E m p o r
p r e s e c e , h d a e d , d h d c i o s e n N t á s h a
b e c a u s e P e r r e p o t e d h e r o u t t h u m d b e -
c a u s e s h e w a s t h e f i r s t p e t t y g i l w h o c a u g h t
h e y e b u t s a c e l y h a d h e e m b r a c e d t h t s l m
d e r s p p l e f i o u e d f i t h e r t u r r s o c l o s e
t h m d s m l s o n e a r l m a t h t h e w e
f e r h a r m r o e t h h e a d a d h f i t h i m -
s e l f r e v e d , t e d w i t h e r l e a
h h t o o d b t h u d e p l y d w a t c h -
i n g t h e r d a r s .

And ev

I'd be glad to stay with you and rest. I'm
tired but I'll be happy to do so.

room to choose the oldes for the figure.

2. ~~she~~ goes to her room first and then to

CHAPTER XVIII

hed d n t c l d c i g p t e r s t S o e r z
ll the even

ler fer hus d p ture. F ne s the mery
 ill s bef e pper Prince Anne was
 ga h p r t r H eminded her a dier
 first n the Ourdore areen at
 l w h had bee b to see that day
 l ht ght d tld her how to be sure as
 ta ly erheard her \ did what it was
 or lle n d tried to excuse herself as if

[illegible]

She was not concerned about the Emperor or any of those great people whom Perónskaya was pointing out—she had but one thought. Is it possible no one will ask me that I shall not be among the first to dance? Is it possible that not one of all these men will notice me? They do not even seem to see me or if they do they look as if they were saying Ah she's not the one I'm after so it's not worth looking at her! No it's impossible she thought. They must know how I long to dance how splendidly I dance and how they would enjoy dancing with me.

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 Fre ch W th h r he beha ed w th p cial care
 a d tenderness s t ng bes d her and talk n
 of the mplest and mo tu mport nt matters
 he dm d her shy gra e In the m dle of the
 cot ll on h n compl ted one of the f ou es
 N tash t ll out of breath was return n to
 her eat when other dancer cho e her She
 was t ed and pant g and ex dently thought
 of decl ng but mmedately put her h nd
 ga ly on the m n s h ulder m l n g at Prince
 Andr w

n h g l so t b eak up the a u u
 a t he d l ked, cau ed by the Emp s
 se ce he da ced, d had cl en N tasha
 t l a t d h e ur to hum d b
 rmetly ppeared y ter u na f a ght
 Speránsk s dd ly became pl n and
 uracu e.
 d r th con ersat nd d n t c e f
 ment d seemed t ist f the co tents
 book f f ya e d tes B f e M gn t
 ad f sled his t r y some n el e was ne
 t rel te someth t ll fu er M t of
 eed tes f trel t t th t t ery
 related t people the ery ce It emed
 t thuc mp ny the n on fance of those

I d b gl d to t bes de you and rest I m
 t d b t you see h w they k ep asking me
 nd l m gl d of t l m h ppy d l l ve e ery
 body and y u d I understand it ll nd
 much much more was sa d in her smile Wh n
 h p r t r left her N tasha ran cross the
 de m to choo e tw l dies f r th f oure.
 t k g r goes to her cou n first a d th n t
 h d co t h w l l be my w se sa d Prin e
 sat n F f y qu te to h s own surp is as
 H t s m t m t first to her cou n
 co ked a bottl of w d remā x ll headl
 d ys good w e rides n turn ge and ph s
 p ssed t t l rva t d got p All rose d
 c nt u g to t lkl dly went to th d aw g
 oom Two l t r s b o ght by cour r wer

al that m rn ceal d tary wh n
 ed his p repl d t l t l tho l t so
 a Gervais ga l g f n flic l
 o rem kable f t l t p d ty fevery
 why co erned. St lyp tutter brok n
 th co rsat n d bega edly t lk
 f th buses that ex ted d r the f rmer
 nter f th s—th eat t g sers u
 w t th co rsat M gn tska sta t n
 i n St l p bo t t h m n e G r
 erve ed w th j k d th t l k e rt
 v d s u f rmer l elyt ne
 E dently Spe d k l ked to est ste h
 labors d f d museum t n c l e of
 fr ds d his guests u d rsta d gh w h
 tried to e l h m d mus th msel s But
 d u rga ty seemed to Pri ce Andr m thless
 nd tiresome Sperā k s h gh p t hed
 struck him pleasa tly d th essant
 l t r g rated h m l ke f l sen te Prince

other

N f the rec t t n l s d Sperā k a on

compo ed bout u well k own s
 burg peopl He wa t rrupted several t mes
 by ppl us When th erses w e f l ed
 P Andre w nt up to Sperā k d took
 h lea e

Wh e e you off to so e ly? asked Spe
 ān k

I p omised to go to rec pt n
 Th sa d o m e Pr A d ew looked
 clos ly t th m rro l k mpe etrable
 eyes nd felt th t had be n r d culo s f h m
 to h pe ted yth gl m Sperānski d

worldly welfare in order without clinging to anything to wander in hempen rags from place to place under an assumed name doing no one any harm but praying for all—for those who drive one away as well as for those who protect one—higher than that life and truth there is no life or truth!

There was one pilgrim a quiet pockmarked little woman of fifty called Theodosia who for over thirty years had gone about barefoot and worn heavy chains. Princess Mary was particularly fond of her. Once when in a room with a lamp dimly lit before the icon Theodosia was talking of her life—the thought that Theodosia alone had found the true path of life suddenly came to Princess Mary with such force that she resolved to become a pilgrim herself. When Theodosia had gone to sleep Princess Mary thought about this for a long time and at last made up her mind that strange as it might seem she must go on a pilgrimage. She disclosed this thought to no one but to her confessor Father Akimfi the monk and he approved of her intention. Under guise of a present for the pilgrims Princess Mary prepared a pilgrim's complete costume for herself—a coarse smock, bast shoes, a rough coat and a black kerchief. Often approaching the chest of drawers containing this secret treasure Prin-

cess Mary paused uncertain whether the time had not already come to put her project into execution.

Often listening to the pilgrims' tales, she was so stimulated by their simple speech, mechanical to them but to her so full of deep meaning that several times she was on the point of abandoning everything and running away from home. In imagination she already pictured herself by Theodosia's side dressed in coarse rags walking with a staff, a wallet on her back along the dusty road directing her wanderings from one saint's shrine to another free from envy, earthly love or desire and reaching at last the place where there is no more sorrow or sighing but eternal joy and bliss.

I shall come to a place and pray there and

and shall at last reach that eternal quiet haven where there is neither sorrow nor sighing thought Princess Mary

But afterwards when she saw her father and especially little Koko (Nicholas) her resolve weakened. She wept quietly and felt that she was a sinner who loved her father and little nephew more than God.

Book Seven 1810-II

*

CHAPTER I

T B e e g e d tells i l t t h b e c f
l b o - d l - w c o n d t n o f t h f i r s t
m b l e s d e s s b f e t h e F l l F l l e n m n
h t a e d l o e f d l e n s s b u t t h e c r s e
e h s t h t l y b e c a u e h e t
k b d t h s e t f u r b w b u t
b e c a m r a l n t e s u c h t h a t w e c a n
t b b o t h d l e d t e A n n e r c
t e l l u s w n t h e w r g f w e a r e d l e I f
m l d f i d t e w h h h f e l t t h t
t h g h d l h s f l l i l h d u t y h e w u l d
h a e f d f t h c d t f m n s

d f i c u l t d m p l c a t e d d h e r e p l e d t o h
F h b e e n

n g a g e m e n t t o a
d g w u l d b e n y e s t i m e b e a u s e t h o l d
P e m d d f i c u l t T h l e t t e g r e v e d
n d m t f i d N h l I n t h e f i r s t p l c e h e
w s o r r y t h a t N t a l f r w h m l e c a d
m t h a f a y n e e l e m t h e f m l y s i u l d
b l s t t t h e l m e d e c d l y f r m h

t f m l t r y e r v e h s t d a w l
c o t t h c o m p u l o r y d r r e p c l b l e
d i e e s
N h l R o s t e x p d t h b l s f u l
d t t t h f l l w h f t 8 l e n
t d t s r v t h P a l g r d e g m e t n
h h h l d y m m d d t h e s q u d n h
h a d k e f m D l s o
R o s o h d b m b l f f g o o d n t u d
l d

t h e F r m m n t h e h e t t e d n u
h l d n t p p l y f l e e n o d e t o e N
t a h b e f r e s h e w m a r r d b u t t h e n c a m e
t h e m u e r s n d n d e r a t n b o t S

h h l f O f l t S o g h e f d l e t
t e r s f m h m m e f q t m p l t s f m
h m h h t t h f f r s w e r f l l g t o
g r d g r t d s o d d t h t t w s
t m f l m m b k t g l d d d m
f r t h l d p a r e n t

s o m u l d w s o g o o d n t u e d t h t e v r y
b o d y t k d t g e o f h m n d t h g s e r
g g f m b d t w r s F G d s k e I
m p l y c m e t n c e f y d o n t h
t m a k m e d t h h o l e f m l y r r t e h d
r t t h u t

t t e t r t h w h l p o o l f l l e w t h u s
e m l r r m t d f f r s t o b e t r a g h t e d
t t w t h t w d s q r r e l d
r g u e s t e s s o c t y d w t h S o y l
n d h p m s e t h e r I t w l l d e d f l l y

T h l e t t t u h e d N c h l H h a d t l t
m n e n s e f m t t e r - o f f c t m n w h c h
h w e d h m w l t l e o g h t t o d o
T l g h t t h g w w f n t t t e

worldly welfare in order without clinging to anything to wander in hempen rags from place to place under an assumed name doing no one any harm but praying for all—for those who drive one away as well as for those who protect one—higher than that life and truth there is no life or truth!

There was one pilgrim a quiet pockmarked little woman of fifty called Theodosia who for over thirty years had gone about barefooted and

thinking of her life the thought that Theodosia alone had found the true path of life suddenly came to Princess Mary with such force that she resolved to become a pilgrim herself. When Theodosia had gone to sleep Princess Mary thought about this for a long time and at last made up her mind that strange as it might seem she must go on a pilgrimage. She disclosed this thought to no one but to her confessor Father Aklisi the monk and he approved of her intention. Under guise of a present for the pilgrims Princess Mary prepared a pilgrim's complete costume for herself—a coarse smock, bast shoes, a rough coat and a black kerchief. Often approaching the chest of drawers containing this secret treasure Prin-

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I shall come to a place and there shall be a light.

At last reach that eternal quiet haven where there is neither sorrow nor sighing thought Princess Mary.

But afterwards when she saw her father and especially little Koko (Nicholas) her resolve weakened. She wept quietly and felt that she was a sinner who loved her father and little nephew more than God.

Book Seven 1810-II

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CHAPTER I

THE BIBLE LEGEND told us that the absence of laboriousness—was a condition of the first man—blessedness before the Fall. Fallen man has retained the condition of idleness, but the curse we are to receive is because we have to seek our bread in the sweat of our brows, but because of moral nature is such that we can not be both idle and at ease. An inner voice tells us we are in the world if we are idle. If man could find that which he felt that though idle he was fulfilling his duty would have found out the condition of man primitive blessedness. And such state of obligation and unapproachable idleness is that of the soldier—the military. The chief of military service has consisted and will consist in this compulsory and unapproachable idleness.

Nicholas Rosov experienced this blissful condition fully when after 1807 he continued to serve in the Polish army, in which he had commanded the squadron he had taken over from Densov.

Rosov had become a blue good-natured fellow whom his Moscow acquaintances would have considered rather bad form, but who was liked and respected by his comrades, border-masters and neighbors, and was well connected with the nobility. Obedient to his superiors, he found in letters from home more frequent complaints from his mother that domestic affairs were falling into greater and greater disorder and that was the reason for him to come back, laden and comforted by his parents.

Reading these letters Nicholas felt dreadfully lonely and to talk him was from surmises in which he was protected from all the uncertainties of life. He was living so calmly and quietly. He felt the power of his father would have to return to the whole pool of life with its embarrassments and dangers to be threatened out of account with quarrels, quarrels, and intrigues, its joys and sorrows, and with Sonya's love and his promise to her. It was all so difficultly

— and he replied to her

engagement. I would be in your time because the old price made difficulties. This letter grieved and mortified Nicholas. In the first place he was sorry that Nicholas, whom he cared more than for anyone else, the family should be lost to the home and secondly from his own heart he regretted not to have

dispense with permission from his uncle. At the first moment he hesitated whether he should not apply to leave in order to see Nicholas before he was married, but then came the maneuvers, and considerations about Sonya and about the confusion of their affairs, and

hand, their whole property would be so disturbed that they would all have to begin. The count was so weak, and trusted Mitka so much, and was so good-natured, that everybody took advantage of him and thus were so from bad to worse. For God sake I implore you, come to once if you do not wish to make me and the whole family wretched, wrote the countess.

This letter touched Nicholas. He had that common sense of a matter-of-fact man which showed him what he ought to do.

That night there now was, if not to return from the service, at any rate to go home or leave. Why he had to go he did not know, but after his after-dinner nap he received orders to saddle his horse, an extremely vicious gray stallion

BOOK SEVEN

o ld certa ly escape hould she reach it. B t,
com g toward h m hesaw h unds d hu ts-
man gall p n almost tra ht t th w lf
There as t ll h pe A l o yell wish voun
borro e N ch la d d n t k w fr m n
th r lea h, ru hed impet usly at th wolf
from fro t d lmost kn ked h o er But
the wolf j mped p m quickly th n a yo e
co ld ha e expected d gnash g her teeth
flew t the y llow h borro wh ch w th
p ercu lp fell w th t he d n the grou d
bleed g f m ga h n t de

Kard Old fell w l w led N h las.
Thank t the delay caused by this cross g
f the wolf's p th th old doe w h ts f lted
ha r ha o fr m ts th h wa w thun f e
--- er d th w lf

denly th w lf d they ro eu u

from the wood. He saw k ráy se e the wolf
nd checked h s h rse s ppos n the aff r to
be o er But wh n h saw that the h rsemen
d d n t d m unt nd that the lf shook her
self a d ran f s f ty D n els t h chestnut
gall p not at th wolf but tra ght toward
the wood ju t k ráy h d run to cut the n
mal off As a result of th s he gall ped up to
the wolf ju t wh n sh h d been st pped ec
o d t me by U cle s borro s.

t w
N ch l s ne ther saw no hea d D el un
t l the chestnut b eath ngh lv p t d past
h m a d l e he rd the f ll of a body nd sa
D n elly on the wolf's ba k mo the does
trun to se e l b the ears. l wa e de t
t th does th hu t rs and to the wolf h
self th t ll was n w o r Th t ruffed lf
pressed ba k he ears d tr ed to r e but the
l r m l l took

her by th th out) w h h pp est mo-
m f h lf W th h h nd n h saddle-
bo h wa ready o d m t d t b the
wolf whe h d d n l thrus h r head up
from m g th t m ss f does, nd th n h
f ep w re n th ed f h gully She

l d p babl brused w u ded
l mbed w h d ficult f th gully
Oh m God Why? N ch l cred n des-
pa

U l h tsm wa gall p from th
other d cross l w lf path d h borro s
mo pped h mal d an Sh
wa a hemmed

N h las d h d t w th U l
d h h ma wer ll d g rou d the
wolf cre l f h u d p ep
d m e a h m m n h t th w lf
crou hed ba k d rt f rw d ga ev
ery m h hook hers lf d mo ed ward
th wood her l w ld be safe

Al eady t th begi g of th hase,
D l h ngth lyul u g had rushed t

neck A t k wa thru de e j
he wa f t ned w th le h as f b dled he

old w f l e n y u w
nd comp n ed by the does y lp t he
took l to tl pl whe e they w ll to
meet Th h u ds l d k lled two f the cubs
nd the borro s th ee Th h tsm n ssem
bled w th the booty and the t es nd ll
cam to look t the w lf which w th her
bro d b owed head h g g d wn nd the b t
ten t k betw n h r j w ga ed w th great
gl ssy es t th s crowd of does nd m u
rou d ler Wh h wa tou hed he jerked
h bo d l es nd looked w ldly t s mply at
rybod Old Count Rost bo rod p nd
t u hed th w lf

Oh what f rm d ble one sa d h A
f rm d bl n eh he ked D l ho a
d g ea

Yes ur ex ell cy n red D n l
q kly d ff h cap

The cou remembe ed the w lf he h d l t
lp d his enco t w th D l

Ah b t u crusty f ll fri ndi
sa d th cou t

way the voices of the huntsmen approached
receded and rose he realized what was hap-
pening at the copse. He knew that young and
old wolves were there that the hounds had
separated into two packs that some of the
wolves were gone
away

He made thousands of dif-
ferent conjectures as to where and from what
side the beast would come and how he would
set upon it. Hope alternated with despair. Sev-
eral times he addressed a prayer to God that
the wolf should come his way. He prayed with
that passionate and shame-faced feeling with
which men pray at moments of great excite-
ment arising from trivial causes. What would
it be to Thee to do this for me? he said to
God. I know Thou art great and that it is a
sin to ask this of Thee but for God's sake do
let the old wolf come my way and let Kariy
spring at it—in sight of Uncle who is watch-
ing from over there—and seize it by the throat.

Uncle's cap just visible above the bush on his
right

No! I shall not have such luck, thought Ros-
ta. Yet what wouldn't it be worth! It is not to
be! Everywhere at cards and in war I am al-
ways unlucky. Memories of Austerlitz and of
Dolokhov flashed rapidly and clearly through
his mind. Only once in my life to get an old
wolf! eyes are
to the r

Attention of the cries of the dogs
Again he looked to the right and saw some-
thing running toward him across the deserted
field. No! it can't be! thought Rostov tak-
ing a deep breath as a man does at the coming
of something long hoped for. The height of
happiness was reached—and so simply with-
out warning or noise or display that Rostov
could not believe his eyes and remained in
doubt for over a second. The wolf ran for-
ward and jumped heavily over a gully that
lay in her path. She was an old animal with a
gray back and big reddish belly. She ran with
out hurry evidently feeling sure that no one
saw her. Rostov holding his breath looked
round at the borzois. They stood or lay not see-
ing the wolf or understanding the situation.
Old Kariy had turned his head and was angri-

ly searching for it
and

his paws the borzois jumped up jerking the
rings of the leashes and pricking their ears.
Kariy finished scratching his hindquarters
and cocking his ears got up with quivering
tail from which tufts of matted hair hung
down.

Shall I loose them or not? he
himself
from the

dog. She shuddered seeing what
she had probably never seen before—human
eyes fixed upon her—and turning her head a
little toward Postov she pruned

Back or forward? Eh! no matter forward
the wolf seemed to say to herself and she
moved forward without again looking round.

Downhill leaping over gullies to
head off the wolf and the borzois passed it,
running faster still. Nicholas did not hear his
own cry nor feel that he was galloping nor see
the borzois nor the ground over which he went.
He saw only the old who increasing her speed
bounded on in the same direction along the
hollow. The first to come into view was Milka
with her black markings and powerful quarters
grining upon the wolf. Nearer and nearer
now she was ahead of it but the wolf turned
its head to face her and instead of putting on
speed as she usually did Milka suddenly raised
her tail and stiffened her forelegs.

Ulyulyulyu shouted Nicholas

The reddish Lyubim rushed forward from
behind Milka springing impetuously at the wolf
and seized it by its hindquarters but immedi-
ately jumped aside in terror. The wolf crouched
gnashing her teeth and again rose and bound-
ed forward followed at the distance of a couple
of feet by all the borzois who did not get any
closer to her.

She'll get away! No! it's impossible! thou
Nicholas still shouting with a hoarse voice
Kariy ulyulyu he leapt back

He made it plain that Kariy
had misinterpreted Nicholas could already see
not far in front of him the woods where they

wo ldeerta ly escape hould her ea h t. But
com t and h m hesawh unds d h ts-
ma gallop g al m t stra ht t th wolf
The ew s t l h pe A l yell w h y ung
borz e h la d d n t kn w fr m an
-- ter h ruled imp t u ly t th w lf
-- R t

He w u y
percm yelp f ll w th t sh d n th grou u
l l al f m ga h n t s d

h ha g fr m is th

w lf

de ly th w lf a y h m

head, th her ears l d b k (k y 2 p
g her by th th) w the h pp est mo-
me t f h l f W l h s h d h saddle
bo h wa re dy to d m u t d tab th
oll whe h dd nl thru t h head up
from m g th t m f d os d the her
f ep we th dge f th gull Sh
l ked her teeth (k ra n l g h d h by
her

P
U l i usm wa gall p from th
other d cros f w lf p th nd h borz
mo pped th mal d Sh
w na hemmed
N h l d t t d t w th U d
d h h m w l l d g u d the
w lf cry l l h d p p r
d mo tea f m m n t l t w lf
cr h d b k d t r g f r w d ga ex
erv m h bok l ers l f d m ed t ward
h ood h h w l d b saf
Al cad th begg g of h h
D f hea g th ul y u yu g had rushed out

fr m the wood. He s w k ray se e the wolf
and die ked h s h rse suppo the affa r to
be o er But wlen h s w that the horsen en
d d n t d smount and th t the w lf hook l er
elf nd ran for saf ty D n l set h s chestnut
gall p n n t at the lf but stra ght t ward
th wood ju t k ray had run to cut the n
m l ff A result f t l s l e galloped up to
th lf ju t when h h d be stopp d a s c
-- h U de borzo

a f t wer fl a f
N h l e ther s v nor h a d Dan cl un

try t e her by th e
t th dogs t e hunters d to th lf her
r m fied lf

D n el wh pereu u

ch ngr gh po t n th foot n th lf's
ck. A s t k wa thru t b tw en l e j s nd

ld w lf l e n a h y g u t
nd comp ed by the d os) lp at l
took l er to the pl e wh e th y we ll t
m et T l e h d l d k lled two f the cub
and the borz t l e The l u smen ss m
bled w th th booty d th r t ries nd ll
cam t look t th w lf wh h th l e
bro d browed head han g d w n nd th b t
t n t ck b tween h j w ga d th g ear
gl ssy yes t h s crowd f d os d m n u
nd gher Wh h wa t u h d h jerked
h bo d legs nd look d w l d ly yet mply t
erybody Old Cou t R to also ode up a l
touchd the w lf

Oh wh t a f r m dabl o d he d
f r m d bl eh? h ked D l h a
t d g nea
Yes u ex ll cy ed D l
qu kly d ff h cap
The u t emembered th w lf h h d l t
l p d l encou ter th D l
Ah, b t y e cu ty f ll w l nd t
sa d th co t

way the voices of the huntsmen approached receded and rose he realized what was happening at the copse. He knew that young and old wolves were there that the hounds had separated into two packs that some

ly searching for fiers baring his yellow teeth and snapping at his hind legs

"Ulyulyulyu!" whispered Rostov, pouring his lips. The borzois jumped up jerking the rings of the leashes and pricking their ears. Karáy finished scratching his hindquarters and cocking his ears got up with quivering tail from which tufts of matted hair hung down.

"Shall I loose them or not?" Nicholas asked himself as the wolf approached. He was from the indignity she had

eyes fixed upon her—and turning her head a little toward Rostov she pruned

Back or forward? Eh, no matter forward the wolf seemed to say to herself and she moved forward without again looking round and with a quiet long easy yet resolute lunge

"Ulyulyu!" cried Nicholas in a voice not his own and of its own accord his good horse darted headlong downhill leaping over gullies to head off the wolf and the borzois passed it running faster still. Nicholas did not hear his

black markings and powerful quarters gazing upon the wolf. Nearer and nearer now she was ahead of it but the wolf turned it. He

shouted Nicholas. The reddish Lyubím rushed forward from behind Milka spring impetuously at the wolf and seized it by its hindquarters but immediately jumped aside in terror. The wolf crouched gnashed her teeth and again rose and bounded forward followed at the distance of a couple of feet by all the borzois who did not get any closer to her.

She fled away. No it is impossible that Nicholas still shouting with a hoarse voice

Karáy uilyulyu! he shouted looking round for the old borzois who was now his only hope. Karáy with all the strength age had left him stretched himself to the utmost and watching the wolf's lunge he hurriedly set to intercept it. But the quickness of the wolf's lunge and the borzois's slow response made it plain that Karáy had miscalculated. Nicholas could already see not far in front of him the wood where the wolf

made thousands of different conjectures as to where and how

uttered a prayer to God that the wolf should come his way. He prayed with that passionate and shamefaced feeling with which men pray at moments of great excitement arising from trivial causes. What would it be to Thee to do this for me? he said to God. I know Thou art great and that it is a sin to ask this of Thee but for God's sake do let the old wolf come my way and let Karáy spring at it—in sight of Uncle who is watching from over there—and seize it by the throat in a death grip! A thousand times during that half hour Rostov cast eager and restless glances over the edge of the wood with the two scraggy oaks rising above the aspen undergrowth and the gully with its water worn side and Uncle's cap just visible above the bushes on his right.

No! I shall not have such luck, thought Rostov yet what wouldn't it be worth! It is not to be! Every here at cards and in war I am always unlucky. Memories of Austerlitz and of Dólkhov flashed rapidly and clearly through his mind. Only once in my life to get an old wolf! I want only that! The

note in the cries of the dogs

Again he looked to the right and saw something running toward him across the deserted field. No it can't be! thought Rostov taking a deep breath as a man does at the coming of something long hoped for. The height of happiness was reached—and so simply with out warning or noise or display that Rostov could not believe his eyes and remained in doubt for over a second. The wolf ran forward and jumped heavily over a gully that lay in her path. She was an old animal with a gray back and big reddish belly. She ran with out hurry evidently feeling sure that no one saw her. Rostov holding his breath looked round at the borzois. They stood or lay not seeing the wolf or understanding the situation. Old Karáy had turned his head and was angry

Book Eight 1811-12

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CHAPTER I

AFTER PRINCE ANDREW'S engagement to the
English Princess with its very apparent cause and
effect.

the nearest, kindest most intellectual marriage,
— — — — — kindless

every one.

Be it permitted to mention the poor pictures, statues,
benignant societies, gypsies, choirs, schools, sub-
scriptors, and persons, the Femas, the church
and books—no need to mention them with
— — — — — of two

important persons, quite, with all
— — — — — with is dull

need not see the Club with us

great deal of cam- ment chawu
the beautiful led guch, if that the
Co. ess Hélène thought necessary to peak
severely to him, but I prefer to let it show
right, and to do comp. mis. g. h. w. nt
way to Moscow
I Moscow as he thought he ge
house, which had died, g. p. n. ess
till, and this is soon

dearly when he was not there

When the beautiful hero with
him, kindly, made you get the
entrances of the feast, my to do off
some with them, hundreds of light and
triumph, of my young men. At last
he died, for the priest was needed. You gl
des married, du married, liked him be-
cause with them, k. gl. t. ny. f. th. m. he
w. equally, m. bl. to all, esp. c. lly. f. t. s. p.
per. It is his m. t. l. n. pas de e. they
said of him.

Perr was one of those thoughtful gentlemen
new to go of whom there were hundreds of good
humored, d. d. th. d. ys. Moscow

His wife, rich, had been seen
years before when he first married. He had
had been told that there was a need for
him to keep anything that thus, but he
had been shepherded, in his p. determ. ed
d. th. twigg. l. as he might, h. w. uld. b. wh. t.
l. n. h. p. o. t. we. e. He could not have be-
lieved it! Had he not, t. n. t. m. l. ged. w. th.
all his heart to establish a republic in Russia
His charming, his sex.

he got married when he was old
that day, early when he saw those old
Moscow, the Moscow, the old, the E. g.
l. h. Cl. b. h. f. l. h. m. l. f. t. h. me. qu. t.
ha. l. Mosc. w. he. f. l. t. p. e. t. h. m.
arm. d. d. r. y. as. old. d. es. g. g. ow.
Mos. w. soc. y. f. m. t. l. d. w. m. e. d. w. n.
to the children, he had Perr, like a long
expected, but whose place was always ready
was that of him. F. Moscow society Perr was

of age that Prince Andrew was marrying with out his father's consent and he could do the same but that she would never receive that intruder as her daughter

Exploding at the word *intruder* Nicholas raising his voice told his mother he had never expected her to try to force him to sell his feelings but if that were so he would say for the first time But he had no time to utter the decisive word which the expression of his face caused his mother to await with

tóv' ~
and
Sc

ppp at the separation from Nicholas and still more so on account of the hostile tone the countess could not help adopting toward her The count was more perturbed than ever by the condition of his affairs which called for some decisive action Their town house and estate near Moscow had inevitably to be sold and for this they had to go to Moscow But the countess health obliged them to delay their departure from day to day

Natasha who had borne the first period of separation from her betrothed lightly and even cheerfully now grew more agitated and impatient every day The thought that her best days which she would have employed in loving him were being vainly wasted with no advantage to anyone tormented her incessantly His letters for the most part irritated her It hurt her to think that while she lived only in the thought of him he was living a real life seeing new places and new people that interested him The more interesting his letters were the more vexed she felt Her letters to him far from giving her any comfort seemed to her a wearisome and artificial obligation She could not write because she could not conceive the possibility of expressing sincerely in a letter even a thousandth part of what she expressed by voice smile and glance She wrote to him from

t a with a pale and set face
entered the room from the door at which he
had been

et t a most
screamed so as to drown his voice
Mamma darling it's not at all so my
poor sweet darling she said to him

i y and excitement of the conflict
could not and would not give way
Nicholas I'll explain to you Go away! Lis
ten Mamma darling said Natasha
Her words were incoherent but they attained

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Firmly resolved after putting his affairs in order in the regiment to retire from the army and return and marry Sonya Nicholas serious sorrowful and at variance with his parents but as it seemed to him passionately in love left at the beginning of January to rejoin his regiment

After Nicholas had gone things in the Ros

es
jou , o Moscow any longer Natasha's trousseau had to be ordered and the house sold Moreover Prince Andrew was expected in Moscow where old Prince Bolkonski was spending the winter and Natasha felt sure he had already arrived

So the countess remained in the country and the count taking Sonya and Natasha with him went to Moscow at the end of January

Book Eight 1811-12

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CHAPTER I

AFTER PRINCE A. DREW'S engagement to Natasha, Pierre with his only apparent cause and only felt impossibility to go on living as before. Firmly convinced he was of the truths revealed to him by his benefit and happy as he had been in perfecting his character which he had devoted himself with character—all the best of which he had inherited from the—
— drew and Natasha did the

the nearest, kindest, most intellectual merriest, endless
of His
pen to
every one

Benefit performances, poor pictures, statues, benighted societies, gypsy choirs, schools, subscription dinners, prelates, Freemason church es, and books—no one doing anything with refusal from him, and had it not been for two friends who had borrowed large sums from him and taken him under their protection he would have gone everywhere. There was no other door to see the Club without

began. When there were quarrels his easy smile drew him and meddled with the antagonists. The Masons and others were dull and d dary when he was not there.

When after each dinner supper he rose with

great deal of came in motion in the bathes, and lead such life that the Co. ess Helt the bit necessary to peak severly to him about Pierre felt that she was not, and compromise of her went was Moscow

In Moscow so soon as he entered his house which he found and found prizes himself with his arm and as soon as, drawing the hand when he saw the liberty with his marriage partners burn gold and gold coins with the Kremlin Squares with the wretched beds and beds and ghastly diseases of the S. tsev Vrashtk those old Moscovites who desired nothing but married where they were and the days of the war when he saw those old Moscovites the Moscow balls, and the English Club he felt himself at home quiet and in Moscow he felt peace at home, arm and dress as in old dressing gown.

Moscow society from the old women of the world, the old Pierre liked all expected guest whose plan was always ready waiting him. For Moscow society Pierre was

he desired a partner was needed. Young and old, married and unmarried, liked him because with him it was like to any of them he was equally mild to all especially after supper. It is his name in a pas de deux they said of him.

Pierre was one of those tired gentlemen

It has been shaped, eternally predetermined, and he twiggled as he might, he would be hat all in his posture were. He could no have believed it. Had he not too time looked with all his heart to establish republic in Russia

It is charming he has no sex.

of age that Prince Andrew was marrying without his father's consent and he could do the same but that she would never receive that *intriguer* as her daughter

Exploding at the word *intriguer* Nicholas raising his voice told his mother he had never expected her to try to force him to sell his feelings but if that were so he would say for the last time But he had no time to utter the decisive word which the expression of his face caused his mother to await with terror and which would perhaps have forever remained a cruel memory to them both He had not time to say it for Natásha with a pale and set face entered the room from the door at which she had been listening

Nicholas you are talking nonsense! Be quiet be quiet I tell you! she almost screamed so as to drown his voice

Mamma darling it's not at all so my poor sweet darling she said to her mother who conscious that they had been on the brink of a rupture gazed at her son with terror but in the obstinacy and excitement of the conflict could not and would not give way

Nicholas I'll explain to you Go away! Listen Mamma darling said Natásha

Her words were incoherent but they attained their end

Nicholas said and left the room

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because she could not conceive the possibility of expressing sincerely in a letter even a thousandth part of what she expressed by voice smile and glance She wrote to him formal monotonous and dry letters to which she attached no importance herself and in the rough copies of which the countess corrected her mistakes in spelling

There was still no improvement in the countess health but it was impossible to defer the journey to Moscow any longer Natásha's trousseau had to be ordered and the house sold Moreover Prince Andrew was expected in Moscow where old Prince Bolkónski was spending the winter and Natásha felt sure he had already arrived

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Book Nine. 1812

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CHAPTER I

FROM THE CLOSE of the year 1811 an intensified arming and concentrating of the forces of Western Europe began and in 1812 these forces—millions of men reckoning those transporting and feeding the army—moved from the west eastwards to the Russian frontier to

the cause of the war was the Continental System which was ruining Europe to the generals and old soldiers that the chief reason for the war was the necessity of giving them employment to the legitimists of that day that it was the need of re-establishing *les bons principes* and to the diplomatists of that time that it all resulted from the fact that the alliance be

stern frontier and war began that is an event took place opposed to human reason and to human nature Millions of men perpetrated against one another such innumerable crimes frauds treacheries thefts forgeries issues of false money burglaries incendiarisms and murders as in whole centuries are not recorded in the annals of all the law courts of the world but which those who committed them did not at the time regard as being crimes

What produced this extraordinary occurrence? What were its causes? The historians tell us with naive assurance that its causes were the wrongs inflicted on the Duke of Oldenburg the nonobservance of the Continental System the ambition of Napoleon the firmness of Alexander the mistakes of the diplomatists and so on

Consequently it would only have been necessary for Metternich Rumjanzév or Talleyrand between a levee and an evening party to have taken proper pains and written a more adroit note or for Napoleon to have written to Alexander My respected Brother I consent to restore the duchy to the Duke of Oldenburg—and there would have been no war

We can understand that the matter seemed like that to contemporaries It naturally seemed to Napoleon that the war was caused by England (as in fact he said on the island

as Napoleon said to the Duke of Oldenburg that the cause of the war was the violence done to him to businessmen that

No 1,8 It is natural that these and a countless and infinite quantity of other reasons the number depending on the endless diversity of points of view presented themselves to the men of that day but to us to posterity who view the thing that happened in all its magnitude and perceive its plain and terrible meaning these causes seem insufficient To us it is incomprehensible that millions of Christian

or the Duke of Oldenburg wronged we do not grasp what connection such circumstances have with the actual fact of slaughter and violence why because the Duke was wronged thousands of men from the other side of Europe killed and ruined the people of Smolensk and Moscow and were killed by them

To us the descendants who are not historians and are not carried away by the process of research and can therefore regard the event with unclouded common sense an incalculable number of causes present themselves The deeper we delve in search of these causes the more of them we find and each separate cause or whole series of causes appears to us equally valid in itself and equally false by its insignificance compared to the magnitude of the events and by its impotent part from the cooperation of all the other coincident causes—to occasion the event To us the wish or objection of this or that French corporal to serve a second term appears as much a cause as the

poles refusal to withdraw his troop bey d
Le\ n d to rest the duch of Olden
bury I had he wished to serv nd had
a seco d, third d thousa dth corporal
and pri ate also r fused, there w uld ha e
been so ma y less men n N poleon s army
nd t a could t ha occurred.

Had N poleon t t k lfe t th de-
ma d that he h ld w thdraw beyo d the
V tula a d t dered his troop to d ance
there w uld ha bee war but h d ll his
serva is bj cted t serv g a co d term
then also there co ld ha bee war N
w uld there ha been war h d there been

Engl h trigue d o D k f Olden
bury, d had Alexander n t felt nsulted d
had ther t bee tocrat e go nment
in Russ r Revol t Fra e and a
subseq d tat rsh p d Empir o ll the
things that p od ced th Fre h R ol uon
d so W th t each of these causes n th
m w uld ha happe ed So all th causes—
my iads f causes—c dedit bri t bout.
A d so there as o cause fo that occur
rence b t t had to occur becaus t h d to
W ll ns of m a g the h m n feel
m s and easo h d t go f m west to ea t to
say their f ll ws, j t som ntu es prev
ou ly h des f m n had me from the east to
th est, l y th f ll w

Th t u f N poleon d Alexa d on
hose nd h —

cum resu andant

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ex
ex
u m ew try t expl ch
events n b t ry e so bly th mo e u ea
so ble d omp he bl d they b come
to

Es h ma l es f h mself us g his free-
dom t t h perso l ms d feels with

h s wh le being that he can n w do or b t n
from d g th s o th t act o but as soon
he has don t, that ct on performed t a ce
t n m n nt n t m becomes rrevocable nd
bel os to h t ry n wh ch t has not a fee
but a predest ed s on fica ce.

Th re e two des to th lfe of e cry m n
his nd dual l f h h s th mo e free th
mo e bstrat ts t csts nd h elem ntal
hu el l e n wh ch he ne tably obeys l w la d
d w fo him.

M l es co ciously f r hms l f b t is n
u conscous trument th tta n t of
th h tor c, u rsal ms of h ma y A
d —

h gh m n t nd on the soci ll dde the
mo peopl he c cted with d th
m e pow he ha o er others the m e ev
dent tle p edest n t on d e tably of
h e ry action

"The k s heart is in th h ds of the
Lo d.

Ak ish t ry l e
H t ry that th u con c us ge ral
h lfe f m k d u es every mom nt of
th l f k g tool f t s o n purpo es
Th gh N poleon t th t time 8 was
m ced th ne er that t depe ded on
h m, er (pas) l de
p pl — Ale der p essed t n t l t
letter he wrot h m—he had ne bee so
much th grip f a tabl l w wh ch com
p ll d h m wh le t k g that he w ct o
h own l t to perf rm f th h
l f —th t is t say f h t ry— h t had
to be p e f rmed

Th peopl of th w es m nd
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Pruss —u dertake (s it seem d t N po-
leo) ly f th p rpose f ecu
rmed pea the F d Emp l e d
h b t f w c c d with his peopl
cl t s ll eme by the gra deu f the
preparat d th p d t e th se
p parat d th n ed f b t g d
a t ges t compensat f that exp d tur
th catu g l rs he ed Des-
ples. T hed (to hed) th blood f his peo-

Book Nine. 1812

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CHAPTER I

FROM THE CLOSE of the year 1811 an intensified arming and concentrating of the forces of Western Europe began and in 1812 these forces—millions of men reckoning those transporting and feeding the army—moved from the west eastwards to the Russian frontier to ward which since 1811 Russian forces had been similarly drawn. On the twelfth of June 1812 the forces of Western Europe crossed the Russian frontier and war began that is an event took place opposed to human reason and to human nature. Millions of men perpetrated against one another such innumerable crimes frauds treacheries thefts forgeries issues of false money burglaries incendiarisms and murders as in whole centuries are not recorded in the annals of all the law courts of the world but which those who committed them did not at the time regard as being crimes.

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Consequently it would only have been necessary for Metternich Romyánshev or Talleyrand between a levee and an evening party to have taken proper pains and written a more adroit note or for Napoleon to have written to Alexander. My respected Brother I consent to restore the duchy to the Duke of Oldenburg—and there would have been no war.

We can understand that the matter seemed like that to contemporaries. It naturally seemed to Napoleon that the war was caused by Eng-

the cause of the war was the Continental System which was ruining Europe to the generals and old soldiers that the chief reason for the war was the necessity of giving them employment to the legitimists of that day that it was the need of re-establishing *les bons principes* and to the diplomatists of that time that it all resulted from the fact that the alliance between Russia and Austria in 1809 had not been sufficiently well conceived from Napoleon and from the awkward wording of Memorandum No. 178. It is natural that these and a countless and infinite quantity of other reasons the number depending on the endless diversity of points of view presented themselves to the men of that day but to us to posterity who view the thing that happened in all its magnitude and perceive its plain and terrible meaning these causes seem insufficient. To us it is incomprehensible that millions of Christian men killed and tortured each other either because Napoleon was ambitious or Alexander was firm or because England's policy was astute or the Duke of Oldenburg was wronged. We can not grasp what connection such circumstances have with the actual fact of slaughter and violence why because the Duke was wronged thousands of men from the other side of Europe killed and ruined the people of Smolensk and Moscow and were killed by them.

To us their descendants which are not historians and are not carried away by the process of research and can therefore regard the event with unclouded common sense an incalculable number of causes present themselves. The deeper we delve in search of these causes the more of them we find and each a separate cause or a whole series of causes appears to us equally valid in itself and equally false by its insignificance compared to the magnitude of the events and by its impotence—part from the cooperation of all the other concomitant causes—to occasion the event. To us the whole objection of this is that French corporal to serve a second term appears as much a cause as Na-

Oldenburg that the cause of the war was the violence done to him to businessmen that

po eo refusal to withdraw l s tr p bey d
t. V tui d to restor the d chy f Old n
bure f r had h ot wish d to serve a d had
a seco d th d d th s dth corporal
d p vate lso r f ed there w ld h
been so m y les me n N p leons rmy
a d th ar uld th e occurred

H d N poleo t t ke ff e t the de-
ma d that he sh ld w thdraw bey d the
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there w ld h eb n w but had ll hus
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th also the ld h ben n w N
could the ha bee wa h d th b en
n Engl h triguea d n D ke of Old
burg, d had Al der t f l n s tied nd
had there t been n a tocrat go ernment
in Russ Rev l t n Fra d a

bseq t d ctators l p d Emp ll th
th g s that p od ed the F e ch Re lut n
d so W th t e h of these ca es oth
n ld h eb ppe ed. So ll thea causea—
myriads f causea—co eded t brin t bout.
A d so there was o o e cause f that occur
rence b t t had t occur because t h d t
W ll f men ci g th r human feel
ing and reaso had g of m west t ea to
lay th f llow j t as som centur es previ
ously ho des f m had come from the east to
th est, ly their fellows.

Th tuo f N poleon d Alexa der on
hose vords th et seemed to ha g, w er
t l l tary as th et ns of an soldier
bo was dra n t the campa n b l or by
conscriptio Th ould not be ot, erw se, for
n rder that th w ll of N poleo nd Alex
der (whom the event seemed to depend)
ould be earned out, th concurrence of un-
merabl circumstances wa needed w thout
f which the event ould not ha e tak
p e. I as necessary that multibns of men
hose hands la th cal power—the soldiers
ho fired, transported provisions and guns
—should over carry out the will of these
weak individuals, nd should ha been in-
duced do so by a f mber of diverse
d omp ex causes.

W a, for ed to fall back on fadism as an
ex planation of traaonal events (that is to say
over the reasons reons of which w do not
demand). The gre w ev explain such
events b re reasons, the gre w ev explain
such events b re reasons, nd they become
to us.

Each era has its own way of thinking, its own
own way of thinking, and its own way of thinking.

l wh le be ng th t he c n now do or b stain
f m doing th or that act n but as soo
he has d ne t, that t on perform d t a ce
t n moment n t me becomes rre ocable nd
belo gs to h story n w l ch th not a fee
but p edest ed gn fican e

There ar tw dest the l f of e cry man
hs nd dual life h ch is the more f e t le
mo b tract is terests nd h element l
hu l f e n wh ch he ne tably obeys l w l d
d wn for h m.

M n l c n usly f h m elf but is n

h h m n sta ds on th soc ll dde the
m peopl he o nected w th d the
m pow he has o er others the m ev
dent t p edest n t on and e tab l ty of
his ery et

"The k g heart is the h ds of the
Lord.

A k g history l e

H tory that th u conscious general
h e l f e f m k d, u es ery moment of
th ll f k g s tool f usow p rposes

Tho gh N poleon t that time in 8 2 was
mo co nced tha er that t depe ded on
him, er er (e p er) le de e
peupl —as Alexa der expres ed t t el t
letter he wrote h m—he h d ne er bee so
much in th grip f a table la s wh ch com
pelled h m, wh le t nk g that he w t g
on his own l t n t perf rm f the h e
l f e—that is to say f hst ry— haterer had
to be perf med.

The peopl of the west m ed e tward t
la their f ll w men d by th law of co
orden thousa ds of m t ca es fitted n
nd co-ordinated to prod e that mo em t
and war ep oa h r f the l serva e of
the Cont nental S tem, the D ke of Olde
burg wro g th mo ement f troop to
Prus ia—undertake (as t seemed t N po-
leon) o f fo the p rpose of ecu n
armed pea e, the F ench Emper l e d
hau f war co d g w th his peopl
clinations, allurements by the gra deur of th
preparations, d the expe ditu those
preparatio d the eed f obta g ad
vantages to compensat f that exp d ture
L irtoxcatu g bo rs he rece ed D es

T shed (or not to shed) th blood f his peo-

Bala'ev Arakchéev looked at the Emperor from under his brow and fought with his nose it puffed forward from the crowd expecting the Emperor to address him (Boris understood that Arakchéev ended Bala'ev and as he pleaded that suddenly important he had reached the Emperor otherwise than through himself.)

But the Emp o a d B lasl p ssed ut
to the ill m ted gard n w th ut n tucng
machines

figures of the mazurka hwa wrr ed by the
quest of the new Blashe h d bro ght
and he uld fi d t t bef re others.

I th figu e h ch he h d t choo e tw
I des h h p ed to Hèlè e th t he me nt
to choos Co

e e e g Bal h d the Empe
 reurn to th er d he tood st ll They
 crem g t ard th doo Bo i fltte g
 a f he h d t had t m to w thdraw espe t
 f lly p ess d clos to th doorpo t w th bow d
 head

The Emp ror th th g t t n f one wh
h b perso lly aff nted was fin sh g
th these w ds

Enter Russ with the dog wa! I
ll t m k p c l g s s gl arm d

the girls, but I heard that Boif had over

Let
th a f

kn w f t l e Empero dded

Understood that the was in the

head. The Emperor's eyes lightly bowed his
and remained the center of the hall room.

For was thus the first time that the English had seen the new

...the ... army ... ed th ... Nem
d, tha k t th w bl t h w certa n
mporta t pers ...

led from there was usually known to him

information

The expected 3 ft. Fre. 1 ha

... was particularly tart
filled expecta

at b l l On first rece ng the news under the
fl ence f dg t on d esentment the
Emp h d fou d phrase th t ple ed l m
fully e pres ed l feelngs and ha nce beco
me f m us On t rn e home t two
oel ck that nght he sent fo h s secretary
Sh h kó d told h m to write n ord r to
the tr ps nd a rescr pt t F eld Mar h l
P nce S ltykó n wh ch he n ted n the
words bein srted th t he would not make
pea esol s a s le armed F enchm n re
mned Russ n sol

Next day the following letter was sent to Napoleon

M n s m f t
 Y e s t d y I l e a r n e d t h t, d e s p t h l y l t y t h
 w h c h I h k p t m y g a g e m e n t s w i t h y
 M j e s y t r o o p h r o s s e d t h e R
 f r o e r d I h t h i s m m t r e c e e d f r o m
 P t r h r e

his p ports Th so h ch th D
l Bassa based his fusal to d l th t
h m w ld b ed m

I as I t h g o c c r r e d i d
 t d g b t w e e n w i l b e p o s s i b l e I t h c o
 r a r y c a s e M j e s t y I l l e c m s c i f f r e e d
 t p e l t a l k t h t n h g m y p t h
 p r o k e d . I t i l d p d n M j e s t y p
 r v h m y f m t h c a l m t y f t h
 I m c

(gned) ALEXA DER

CHAPTER IV

AT n o the m r n o f th f r n enth of
Ju e the Emp o h g s t f r B lasl

he would t p e t d to h m the w d t t
rmed e emy r m pe e s l g s gle
t ld Ru sol d

ast ttempt t r concil

ly as possible and another that a Saxon should be shot on whom a letter containing information about the orders to the French army had been found. Napoleon also gave instructions that the Polish colonel who had needlessly plunged into the river should be enrolled in the *Legion d'honneur* of which Napoleon was himself the head.

Quos vult perdere dementat

CHAPTER III

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA had meanwhile been in Vilna for more than a month reviewing troops and holding maneuvers. Nothing was ready for the war that everyone expected and to prepare for which the Emperor had come from Petersburg. There was no general plan of action. The vacillation between the various plans that were proposed had even increased after the Emperor had been at headquarters for a month. Each of the three armies had its own commander in chief but there was no supreme commander of all the forces and the Emperor did not assume that responsibility himself.

The longer the Emperor remained in Vilna the less did everybody—tired of waiting—prepare for the war. All the efforts of those who surrounded the sovereign seemed directed merely to making him spend his time pleasantly and forget that war was impending.

received. The Emperor gave his consent. The aides de camp collected money by subscription. The lady who was thought to be most pleasing to the Emperor was invited to act as hostess. Count Bennisgen, being a landowner in the Vilna province, offered his country house for the fete and the thirteenth of June was fixed for a ball, dinner, regatta and fireworks at Zakret Count Bennisgen's country seat.

The very day that Napoleon issued the order to cross the Niemen and his vanguard driving off the Cossacks, crossed the Russian frontier, Alexander spent the evening at the

Those whom (Go!) likes to destroy led us
m l

entertainment given by his aides de camp at Bennisgen's country house.

It was a gay and brilliant fete. Connoisseurs of such matters declared that rarely had so many beautiful women been assembled in one place. Countess Bezukhovna was present among other Russian ladies who had followed the sovereign from Petersburg to Vilna and eclipsed the refined Polish ladies by her massive so-called Russian type of beauty. The Emperor noticed her and honored her with a dance.

Boris Drubetskoy having left his wife in Moscow and being for the present *en garçon* (as he phrased it) was also there and though not an aide de camp had subscribed a large sum toward the expenses. Boris was now a rich man who had risen to high honors and no

having seen her for a long time and did not recall the past but as Hélène was enjoying the favors of a very important personage and Boris had only recently married they met as good friends of long standing.

At midnight dancing was still going on. Hélène not having a suitable partner herself

merged from a dark gown into a light gown talked to her of old acquaintances and at the same time unaware of it himself and unnoticed by others never for an instant ceased to observe the Emperor who was in the same room. The Emperor was not dancing; he stood in the doorway stopping now one pair and now another with gracious words which he alone knew how to utter.

As the mazurka began Boris saw that Adjutant General Balashov, one of those in closest attendance on the Emperor, went up to him and contrary to court etiquette stood near him while he was talking to a Polish lady. Having finished speaking to her the Emperor looked inquiringly at Balashov and evidently understanding that he only acted thus because there were important reasons for so doing, nodded slightly to the lady and turned to him. Hardly had Balashov begun to speak before a look of amazement appeared on the Emperor's face. He took Balashov by the arm and crossed the room with him unconsciously clearing a path seven yards wide as the people on both sides made way for him. Boris noticed Arakcheyev's excited face when the sovereign went out with

Balsh Arakchéev looked at the Emp'r

derstood th't Arakchéev en'd Balashé
d was d'pleased th't e'd'ly impo't nt
ewh'd're h'd the Empero' oth'rw'se th'n
thro' h'hum'lf)

B't th' Empero' a'd B'l' he' pas'ed out
to th' ll'mun'ted garden w' th' t' t'cing
Arakchéev h' h'ld' g'h'ss'w'o'd a'd gl'c
mg' rat'h' lly ar'd f' llow'd s'me tw' ty
p' es' b'ch'd them

All th' t'me B'ri' wa' go'g thr' gh' the
fig' es of the m'z'k' he w' w'rr'ed by the
q' est' f' wh' t' ew' B'l'sh' h'd bro'ght
and h' whe'ld' f' d' t' t' b' fo' oth'ers

I' th' fig' in wh' h' he h'd t' choose two
l'd' he' l'p'ed t' Hélène th' t'l'm' nt

den' h' e' e' g' Bal' h' a'd th' Emp'
return'g to the er'd' he stood t'll They
em' g't w'd the doo' B' flut' r' g
as f' he'd' t'l' d' t' met w' th' draw' e' p' t'
f' lly p' ess' d' clos' to the doorpost w' th' bow'ed
h' d'

The Emp' w' th' th' g't t' n' of' ewl
h' s' bee' perso' lly fir' t' d' w' f' h' g
th' the' d'

"T' t' r' R' w' t'l' t' d' cl' g' w' l'l

p' eas' et' t' t' these w'd' H' w' s' t' f' ied
w' th' th' f' rm' wh' h' h' d' exp' es' ed h'
tho' ghts b' t' d' ple' ed that B'ri' had o' er
h' rd' t'

Let' k' w' f' t'l' th' Empero' d'ded
th' a' f' w'
R'ev' t'

Ed' there' bo' t' noth' h' l' f' h' u'
th' th' th' first t'l' th' ew'
th' t' th' F' l' m' y h' d' er' ed the N' em'

The' p' ected' w' f' the F' l' h' g
crou'ed th' N' me' wa' p' rucul' rly tartl'
lter a m' t'l' f' f' l' l' ed expect' t' ns' g

t' a ball On first rece' v' g' the news under the
fluence of' nd' gn' t' n' nd' esentment the
Empe' l' ad' f' u' d' a' phra' e' that ple' ed l' m'
fully exp' e' ed h' s' f' elngs and h' nce be
come f' mous O' return'ng l'ome at two

lock th' t' n' ght he' ent' f' r' his secret' ry
Sh' h' k'ó' and told h' m' to write' n' o' der to
the troop' d' a' re' c' r' p' t' t' F' eld' M' r' hal
P' e' S' l' y' k'ó' n' wh' ch' l' e' m' st' ed on the
wo' ds b' g' n' s' e' r' t' ed th' t' he wou'ld n' t' m' ke
pe' es' o' lon' as a s' n' g' l' arm' ed F' enchman re
m' n' d' on Russ' n' s' l'

N' e' t' d' y' th' follow' ng letter was sent to
Napoleon

M' m' f' e'

Yes' d' y' l' l' m' ed th' t' desp' t' th' l' yal' ty' th'

wh' ch' l' h' k' p' t' my engagem' ts w' th' l'

M' j' esty' y' t' p' h' os' ed the R' e' an'

f' ro' t' d' l' h' th' is m' m' t' ec' ed f' m'

P' t' r' s' l' g' t' wh' h' Co' t' La' t' n'

f' r' m' m' f' th' g' g' es' t' l' t' l'

M' j' esty' h' co' d' e' r' ed y' r' s' l' f' t' be' t' t' f'

w' w' th' m' f' m' th' t' m' P' k' á' k' k' ed

f' h' p' s' s' p' t' s' Th' so' n' wh' h' th' D'

d' B' s' an' bas' ed h' f' u' s' al' to del' th' m'

h' m' w' ld' ev' h' l' ed m' t' p' p' os' t' l' t' l' t'

d' t' l' l' e' r' v' p' t' t' f' g' g' r' e' s' s' u' l'

f' t' th' m' b' s' s' l' h' h' m' l' f' has decl' ed

th' d' t' m' k' th' t' l' m' d' d'

troop' fr' m' Russ' r' r' it' ry' I' w' ll' e' ga' d' wh' t'
h' p' s' s' d' th' g' oc' r' r' ed' l' d'
d' l' t' u' w' ~

(gn'd) ALEXA

CHAPTER IV

AT t' r' o' the m' n' f' th' f' t' e' c' th' f'
J' e' the Emp' h' g' t' f' E' l' h'

w' uid' t' m' ke p' e' s' o' l' g' s' gl'
rm' d' emy' em' ed o' Ru' a' l' d'
told h' m' t' t' n' m' t' h' ew' d' to N' pole' n'
Alex' d' d' d' n' t' t' them n' h' l' t' t' o'
N' pole' o' b' ca' w' th' h' s' ch' r' act' e' t' t' c' t'
be' f' l' t' w' ld' b' j' d' c' i' u' s' t' use them t'
mom' t' wh' l' t' t' e' m' p' t' t' c' l'

moment considered themselves happy

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The longer the Emperor remained in Vilna the less did everybody—tired of waiting—prepare for the war. All the efforts of those who surrounded the sovereign seemed directed merely to making him spend his time pleasantly and forget that war was impending.

In June after many balls and fetes given by the Polish magnates by the courtiers and by the Emperor himself it occurred to one of the Polish aides de camp in attendance that a dinner and ball should be given for the Emperor by his aides de camp. This idea was eagerly received. The Emperor gave his consent. The aides de camp collected money by subscription. The lady who was thought to be most pleasing to the Emperor was invited to act as hostess. Count Bennigsen being a landowner in the Vilna province offered his country house for the fete and the thirteenth of June was fixed for a ball dinner regatta and fireworks at Zakret Count Bennigsen's country estate.

The very day that Napoleon's success led order to cross the Niemen and his vanguard driving off the Cossacks crossed the Russian frontier Alexander spent the evening at the

Those whom (Go!) I desire to destroy I destroy

entertainment given by his aides de camp at Bennigsen's country house.

It was a gay and brilliant fete. Connoisseurs of such matters declared that rarely had so many beautiful women been assembled in one place. Countess Bezukhovna was present among other Russian ladies who had followed the sovereign from Petersburg to Vilna and eclipsed the refined Polish ladies by her massive so-called Russian type of beauty. The Emperor noticed her and honored her with a dance.

Boris Drubetskoy having left his wife in Moscow and being for the present en garçon (as he phrased it) was also there and though not in aide de camp had subscribed a large sum toward the expenses. Boris was now a rich man who had risen to high honors and no longer sought patronage but stood on an equal footing with the highest of those of his own age. He was meeting Hélène in Vilna after not having seen her for a long time and did not recall the past but as Hélène was enjoying the favors of a very important personage and Boris had only recently married they met as good friends of long standing.

At midnight dancing was still going on. Hélène not having a suitable partner herself offered to dance the mazurka with Boris. They were the third couple. Boris coolly looking at Hélène's dazzling bare shoulders which emerged from a dark gold embroidered gauze gown talked to her of old acquaintances and at the same time unaware of it himself and unnoticed by others never for an instant ceased to observe the Emperor who was in the same room. The Emperor was not dancing; he stood in the doorway stopping now one pair and now another with gracious words which he alone knew how to utter.

As the mazurka began Boris saw that Adjutant General Bilashov one of those in closest attendance on the Emperor went up to him and contrary to court etiquette stood near him while he was talking to the Polish lady. Having finished speaking to her the Emperor looked inquiringly at Bilashov and evidently understood that he only related the cause there were important reasons for so doing. Nodded slightly to the lady and turned to him. Hardly had Bilashov begun to speak before a look of amazement appeared on the Emperor's face. He took Bilashov by the arm and crowded the room with him unconsciously clearing a path seven yards wide as the couple on the stairs made way for him. Boris noticed Arkachéev's excited face when the sovereign went out with

Boris Arakch'ev looked at the Emperor under his brow and, snuffing with his red nose, stepped forward from the crowd as if expecting the Emperor to address him. (Boris understood that Arakch'ev envied Balash'ev and was also eased that evidently important news had reached the Emperor otherwise than through himself.)

But the Emperor and Balash'ev passed out into the illuminated garden without noticing Arakch'ev who, holding his sword and glancing around, followed some twenty paces behind them.

All the time Boris was going through the forms of the *marurka*, he was worried by the question of what news Balash'ev had brought and how he could find it out before others.

In the future in which he had to choose two halves, he whispered to Himself that he meant to choose Countess Potocka who, he thought, had gone out onto the *terrasse*, and glided over the pavement to the door, peeping into the garden where, seeing Balash'ev and the Emperor returning to the *terrasse*, he stood still. They were moving toward the door. Boris, flinching as he had not had time to withdraw respect fully, pressed close to the doorpost with bowed head.

The Emperor with the citation of one who has been personally affronted, was finishing these words:

"I enter Russia without declaring war. I will not make peace longer than I am armed; my remains in country."

It seemed to Boris that it gave the Emperor pleasure to utter these words. He was satisfied with the form in which he had expressed his protest, but disapproved that Boris had overheard it.

"Let no one know of it," the Emperor added at the close.

Boris understood that this was meant for him and cast his eyes, still bowed, behind him. The Emperor re-entered the ballroom and remained there about another half hour.

Boris was the first to learn that news that the French army had crossed the *Niemen* and, thanks to this, was able to show certain persons that much that was concealed from others was usually known to him, and he thus means he rose higher in their estimation.

The unexpected news that the French had entered the *Niemen* was particularly startling at a moment when inflated expectations and

at ball. On first receiving the news, under the influence of indignation and resentment the Emperor had found a phrase that pleased him, fully expressed his feelings, and he since became famous. On returning home at two o'clock that night he sent for his secretary Shushkó and to bid him to write an order to the troops and a rescript to Field Marshal Prince Saltykov in which he insisted on the words being inserted that he would not make peace so long as a single armed Frenchman remained on Russian soil.

Next day the following letter was sent to Napoleon:

Monsieur mon frere

Yesterday I learned that, despite the loyalty with which I have kept in engagements with your Majesty, your troops have crossed the Russian frontier and that this morning received from Petersburg a note, in which Count Lauriston informs me, as reason for this aggression that your Majesty has considered himself to be in a state of war with me from the time Prince Kurakin asked for his passports. The reasons on which the Duc de Bassano based his refusal to deliver them to him would never have led me to suppose that this incident could serve as pretext or aggression. In fact, the ambassador as he himself has declared, was never allowed to make this demand, and, as soon as I was informed of it I let him know how much I disapproved of it and ordered him to remain in his post. If your Majesty does not intend to shed the blood of our peoples for such misunderstanding, and consents to withdraw your troops from Russian territory I will reward what has passed as not having occurred and an understanding between us will be possible. In the contrary case, your Majesty shall see myself forced to repel an attack that nothing on my part has provoked. I still depends on your Majesty to preserve humanity from the calamity of another war. I am, etc.,

(Signed) ALEXANDER

CHAPTER II

AT TWO O'CLOCK MORNING of the fourteenth of June the Emperor had sent for Balash'ev and read him his letter to Napoleon, ordered him to take it and hand it personally to the French Emperor. When dispatching Balash'ev the Emperor repeated to him the word that he would not make peace so long as a single armed enemy remained on Russian soil and to bid him to transmit those words to Napoleon. Alexander did not insert them in his letter to Napoleon because with his characteristic tact he felt it would be injudicious to use them at a moment when his last attempt to reconciliate

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Balash Arak héev looked at the Empero from der h s brow nd f i g w th h s red nose, tepped f rward from the cro d as f ex pect g the Emper to d d r s s h m. (B r i s t e r s t o o d t h a t A r a k h é e v e n e d B l a s h a n d a s d i s t i n g u i s h e d t h a t i m p o r t a n t n e w s h a d r e a c h e d t h e E m p e r o o t h e r w i s e t h n t r o u b h h i m s e l f.)

B t h E m p e r o d B l h p e d o u t t o t h e l l u m t e d g a r d e n w t h u t n t i c i n g A r a k h é e w h h l d g h u s w d a n d g l a n c e d w r a t h f u l l y d, f l l o w e d s o m e t w t y p e s b e h d t h e m

All t h t m e B o r i s w a s g o n t h r o g h t h e f i g u r e s f t h e m a z u k h e w a w r r e d b y t h e

t a b a l l O n f i r s t r e c e n g t h e n e w s u n d e r t h e i n f l u e n c e o f n d g n a t o n n d r e s e n t m e n t t h e E m p e r h d f o u d p h r a e t h t p l e a s e d h i m f u l l y e x p e s s e d h s f e e l n g s a d h s c e b e c o m f m o u s O n r t u r n n g h o m a t t w o o c l o c k t h t n g h t h e e n t f r h u s s e t r a r y S h s h k o n d t o l d h u m t o r i t e a n o d e r t o t h t r o o p s n d a r e s c r i p t t o F e l d M r s h l P r i c S l t y k n w h i c h h e i n s t e d o n t h e w r d s b e i n i n s e r t e d t h a t h w u l d n o t m a k e p e a s l n o s s n l e r m e d F r e n c h m n c m a n e d n R u s s n s o i l

N e x t d a y t h e f o l l o w n g l e t t e r w a s s e n t t N p o l e o n

l t y w i t h
h y
R w
e d f r o m
i s t n n

t o c h o o s e C o t e s s P o t o c k a w h h t h u t h a d g o e t o t t h e r a d a d g l d e d o e t h e p a r q t t t h e d o o o p e n g i t o t h g a r d e n w h e e g B l s h n d t h E m p r o r e t u r n t t h e c r a d a h s t o o d t i l l T h e y w e r e m o g t w r d t h d o o r B o r i s f l u t t e r i n g a s f h h a d t h a d t m t w t h d r a w e s p e c t f u l l y p e s s e d c l o s e t o t h e d o o r p o s t w t h b o w d h e a d.

T h e E m p e r o w i t h t h a g t t n o f o w h o h a s b e e n p e r s o l l y f l t d w a s f i n i s h n g w t h t h e s e w d

"T e n e r R u s s w t h t d l r i g w a l I w i l l n o t m a k e p e a s l g a g l r m e d e n e m y e m m y c o u t r y l

I t s e e m e d t B o i s t h t g a t h e E m p e r o r p l e a s u r t t e r t h e s e w d s. H e w a s a t i s f i e d w t h t h e f r m w h c h h h d e x p e s s e d h s t h o u g h t s, b d p l e a s e d t h a t B o i h a d o e r h r d t.

"L e t o e k w f t t h E m p e r o d d e d t h f r o

B o r i d e r s t o o d t h a t t h w a m e a t f t m d l o s g h e v e s l g h l y b o w e d h s h e a d. T l E m p e r e n e r d t h e b l l r o o m d e m a e d h e r b o u t t h e r h a l f h

B o i w a t h u s t h f i r s t t l e a r n t h e n e w s t h t h F h r m y h a d c r o s s e d h n e m d, t h a k h w a b l e t h o w r t a n i m p o r t a p e r s o g e s h t m u h t h t w a s n c a l e d f m t h e r s w a u s a l l k n w n t h m, d b y t h i s m e a h r o s e h g h e r t h i r e s t m a t n.

T h e e x p e c t e d e w f t h e F r e n h h a r o u s e d t h n e m w a s p a r t c u l a l t a r t l f i c t m o t h l f f i l l e d e x p e c t a t i o n s d

f r m s m a s r e a s o f t h i s a g g r e s s i o n t y M j e s t y h a s c o n d e r e d y r s e l f b e i n t a t f w w t h m f r o m t h t m P r i n k r á k n a s k e d f h i s p a s s p o r t s T h r e a s o n s w h c h t h D d B a s s a n b a s e d h i s e f u s a l t o d e l e r t h e m t o h u m w l d e v h a l e d m t o p p o s e h t t h t c i d c o l d s e r v a s p t e x t f a g g r e s s i o n I

t o h e d t h b l o o d f p e o p l e s f h m i s d e r s t d d c o e n t s t w t h d r a w y t r o o p s f r o m R u s s i a e r r i r y I w i l l e g a r d w h a t

I a m t e,

(s i g n e d) A L E X A N D E R

CHAPTER IV

A T T W O N T H M R N G O F T H F U R T N T H O F J u e t h E m p e r o h g s e t f B l a s h a d e a d h u m h i s l e t t e r t o N p o l e o n o d e r e d h m t t a k t n d h a d t p e r s o n a l l y t o t h e F e n h E m p e r o W h n d i s p t c h n g B l h t h E m p e r e p e a t e d t o h u m t h e w d s t h a t h e w l d t m k p e c e s o l g a s g l e a r m e d e m y e m e d n R u s a n s o l a n d t l d h m t t r a n s m i t t h o s e w r d s t o N a p o l e o n A l e x a d e r d d n t n e r t h e m n h u l t e r t N p o l e o b e c a u s w t h h i s c h a r a c t e r i t t c i h f l t w u l d b e j d o u s t o u s e t h e m t m m e t w h e n l a s t a t t e m p t t c o c i l

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d as d ple ed th t e idently mpo t nt
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t rough himself)

B t the Emperor d B l le p sed out
into the ll m ted garden w thout n t c i g
Arak héev ho h ld g h word d glanc
u rathl lly aro d f ll w d some twe ty
p ces beh d them.

All th t me B ri was go g thro gh the
f u es f the m zurk he was w rried by the
quest of l t new Bal h v l d br ght
and ho he ould f d t t b f e thers.

I th f u e wh ch he had t choose two
lad es, h h pe ed to Hélén that he me t
to choose Co ntess Poto ka who he th u ht
had go e t t th era da and gl ded o er
th p r q et to th door pen g to the gar
den wh e se g B l she d the Empero
return t the era d h tood t ll They
cremo gt ard the doo Bori fl tteri g
as f he had o had time t w thdraw espe t
f lly p essed clo e t the doorpost w th bowed
head.

Th Empero with the gitation fo ewho
has bee perso lly ff ted w s fin sh g
th these ds

"T enter Russia w th t d cl g war! I
w ll ot make pea l g as s gl armed
enemy rema s my co try!

It seemed t Boris that t ga e the Empero
pleasur t tter these w ds. He was sat fied
th the f rm wh h h had expressed his
tho hts, b t displeased that Boris had o er
heard t.

"Let k f t th Emperor dded
th a f wn.

Bori understood that this wa meant f
h m nd, los g his eyes. l hly bowed his
head. Th Empero re-entered th b ll room
nd rema ed there bout an ther half h ur

Bo wa thus the first to learn th cws
that th F en h rms had crossed th \ em n
d, th l s t l s was b t show certa
nporta t persones that much that was
ca ed from others wa usual known t h m,
d by this means he rose higher in t. ar estu
mation.

The unexpected news f the French ha in
cr ved the \ emen was particular startl
alter month ed expectations d

t b ll On first rece ving the news under the
influe ce f nd gn t on and resentment the
Emp l d found phra eth t pleased h m
fully e pres ed h s feel ngs nd h s s n be
come f mous On r turning h me at two
o clock th t night he e t f h secretary
Sh hkó and told h m to r te an o der to
the tr p nd a re c r pt to F ld M rshal
Pr S ltykó n wl h le in ted on the
wo ds be g nserted th t he would n t make
pea e o lon le armed F enchm n re
m ed on Russ an so l

Ne t d y th following letter was sent to
Napoleon

fro u d I h this m m t ec ed from
P rsh ro

t his passports Th easo wh ch th D
d Basso based his fusal to d l them t

u d g and nse ts t w thdraw y
troops from Russia t rrit ry I w ll rega d wh t
h passed th g o c rred d der
ta d g bet een us w ll be poss bl I l co
trary case \

(gned) ALEXA ER

CHAPTER IV

AT TIO N th morn of the f rt enth of
June th Empero ha g s nt fo B lash

... emp teated t h m th word th t
h w uld n t mak pe so l g s le
rmed enem em ed on Russ an so l nd
told hun to transm t those wo ds to N poleo
Alexa der d d n t nert th m n h lette to
N poleo because w th his character t t ct
h f l t w ld be judic us to use them at
a moment wh last ttempt t reconcl

moment considered themselves happy

That evening between issuing one order that the forged Russian paper money prepared for use in Russia should be delivered as quickly as possible and another that a Saxon should be shot on whom a letter containing information about the orders to the French army had been found Napoleon also gave instructions that the Polish colonel who had needlessly plunged into the river should be enrolled in the *Legion d'honneur* of which Napoleon was himself the head

Quos vult perdere demanat

CHAPTER III

THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA had meanwhile been in Vilna for more than a month reviewing troops and holding maneuvers. Nothing was ready for the war that everyone expected and to prepare for which the Emperor had come from Petersburg. There was no general plan of action. The vacillation between the various plans that were proposed had even increased after the Emperor had been at headquarters for a month. Each of the three armies had its own commander in chief but there was no supreme commander of all the forces and the Emperor did not assume that responsibility himself.

The longer the Emperor remained in Vilna the less did everybody—tired of waiting—prepare for the war. All the efforts of those who surrounded the sovereign seemed directed merely to making him spend his time pleasantly and forget that war was impending.

In June after many balls and fetes given by the Polish magnates by the courtiers and by the Emperor himself it occurred to one of the Polish aides-de-camp in attendance that a dinner and ball should be given for the Emperor by his aides-de-camp. This idea was eagerly received. The Emperor gave his consent. The aides-de-camp collected money by subscription. The lady who was thought to be most pleasing to the Emperor was invited to act as hostess. Count Bannigsen being a landowner in the Vilna province offered his country house for the fete and the thirteenth of June was fixed for a ball dinner regatta and fireworks at Zakret Count Bannigsen's country seat.

The very day that Napoleon issued the order to cross the Niemen and his vanguard driving off the Cossacks crossed the Russian frontier Alexander spent the evening at the

Those whom (Go!) wishes to destroy let it be

entertainment given by his aides-de-camp at Bannigsen's country house

It was a gay and brilliant fete. Connoisseurs of such matters declared that rarely had so many beautiful women been assembled in one place. Countess Bezukhova was present among other Russian ladies who had followed the sovereign from Petersburg to Vilna and eclipsed the refined Polish ladies by her massive so-called Russian type of beauty. The Emperor noticed her and honored her with a dance.

Boris Drubetský having left his wife in Moscow and being for the present *en gao* (as he phrased it) was also there and though not an aide-de-camp had subscribed a large sum toward the expenses. Boris was now a rich man who had risen to high honors and no longer sought patronage but stood on an equal footing with the highest of those of his own age. He was meeting Hélène in Vilna after not having seen her for a long time and did not recall the past but as Hélène was enjoying the favors of a very important personage and Boris had only recently married they met as good friends of long standing.

At midnight dancing was still going on. Hélène not having a suitable partner herself offered to dance the mazurka with Boris. They were the third couple Boris coolly looking at Hélène's dazzling bare shoulders which emerged from a dark gold embroidered gauze gown talked to her of old acquaintances and at the same time unaware of it himself and unnoticed by others never for an instant ceased to observe the Emperor who was in the same room. The Emperor was not dancing here and now another with gracious words which he alone knew how to utter.

As the mazurka began Boris saw that Adjutant General Balashov one of those in closest attendance on the Emperor went up to him and contrary to court etiquette stood near him while he was talking to a Polish lady. Having finished speaking to her the Emperor looked inquiringly at Balashov and evidently understanding that he only acted thus to excuse their important reasons for so doing nodded lightly to the lady and turned to him. Hardly had Balashov begun to speak before a look of amazement appeared on the Emperor's face. He took Balashov by the arm and crossed the room with him unconsciously clearing a path even yards wide as the people on both sides made way for him. Boris noticed Arakcheev's excited face when the sovereign went out with

Balashév looked at the Emperor from under his brow, smiling with his red nose stepped forward from the crowd as expecting the Emperor to address him. (Boris Arakchéev entered Balashév

through himself)

The Emperor and Balashév passed out

no testimony at all

paid behind them.

All the time Boris was going through the figures of the marriage, he was worried by the question of what new Balashév had brought and how he would find it to be for others.

In the future which he had to choose two ladies, he hesitated. Hélène that he meant to choose Countess Potocka who he thought, had gone into the era da, and glided over the park to the door open into the garden where sat Balashév and the Emperor returning to the era da he took ill. They were moving to the door Boris, fluttering as if he had that time withdrawn respect fully pressed close to the doorpost with bowed head.

The Emperor with the gitati n fone who has been personally finished was finishing these words

"Then Russia without declaring war I will not make peace as I see the armed enemies remain in my country"

It seemed to Boris that the Emperor pleasure to utter these words. He was satisfied with the form which he had expressed his thoughts, but displeased that Boris had overheard it.

"Let us know if the Emperor added this frown."

Boris understood that this was meant for him and, closing his eyes, lightly bowed his head. The Emperor entered the ballroom where were held the ball hour. For was this the first time he learned that the French army had crossed the Rhine and that the Russian was able to show certain important personages that much that was feared from others was usually known to him. And by this means he rose higher in their estimation.

The unexpected news of the French had entered the Russian was particularly startling and a month of unfulfilled expectations

at ball. On first receiving the news, under the influence of indignation and resentment the Emperor had found a phrase that pleased him fully expressed his feelings and has since become famous. On returning home at two o'clock that night he sent for his secretary Shushko and told him to write an order to the troops and respect to Field Marshal Prince Soltik in which he insisted on the words being inserted that he would not make peace so long as an armed Frenchman remained on Russian soil.

Next day the following letter was sent to Napoleon

Monsieur mon frère

Yesterday I learned that, despite the loyalty with which I have kept my engagements with your Majesty your troops have crossed the Russian frontier and I have thus momentarily received from Petersburg news, in which Count Laristoffirmly as a reason for this aggression that your Majesty has considered myself bound to fight with me from the time Prince Kriukin asked for his passports. The reasons on which the old Bismarck based his refusal to aid them him would never have led me to suppose that the incident could serve as pretext for aggression. In fact the ambassador as he himself has declared

troops from Russian territory I will require that has passed no harm occurred and

I am, etc.

(signed) ALEXANDER

CHAPTER IV

AT TWO the morning of the fourteenth of June the Emperor had gone to Balashév and read him his letter to Napoleon ordered him to take the hand personally to the French Emperor. When discussing this the Emperor repeated to him the words that he would not make peace so long as an armed enemy remained in Russian soil and told him to transmit those words to Napoleon. Alexander did not insert them in his letter to Napoleon because with his characteristic that he felt would be injudicious to use them at a moment when a last attempt to reconcile

—he had cheerfully taken up his fam-
 ily and contentedly gallied the roads
 of Padua with himself, knowing why or
 rather

as vacillated, disengaged himself from
 the roads of Padua with himself, knowing why or
 rather

On seeing the Russian general he threw back
 his head with a long hurra, and the
 Russian majestically royal manner looked
 inquiringly at the French colonel. The colonel
 respectfully formed himself into a line
 in front of him, whose name he could not pronounce.

De Balmahe said the king (emperor)
 urged his assurance that the difficulty that had pre-
 sented itself (the colonel) charmed to make
 our acquaintance. General he added with
 a gesture of kindly consideration
 As soon as the King became acquainted with
 the Russian general, he was not a little
 surprised at the royal dignity and the French
 without notice of the passage into his
 court. A good-natured familiarity. He had
 heard that the waters of Balmahe were
 said

"Well, General, it all looks like war," as if
 regretting the circumstances in which he was
 involved to judge.

"Your Majesty replied, the Russian mas-
 ter of the Empire does not desire war.
 Your Majesty sees, said Balmahe, the
 words of Majesty, every opportunity with
 the eternal navy, and frequently
 address to whom the title was still a
 privilege.

Maria face beamed with the pleasant fact in
 his life, and the Russian general
 But by the by, the Russian general
 on his part, the king did not confer on
 the Russian with Alexander. He dis-
 missed the Russian Balmahe, and
 few steps were from his side, which was
 respectful, because to pass the Russian
 him, trying to speak, and finally he referred
 the fact that Emperor Napoleon had re-
 sisted the demand that he should withdraw
 his troops from Prussia, especially when that
 demand became general knowledge.
 The Russian was there by the deed.

Balmahe replied that he was not
 from the demand, because he had
 interrupted him.

"Then you don't come with Emperor Alex-
 ander the emperor," he asked unexpectedly
 to know and foolish smile.

Russia has its obligations.

Balash was told him why he con-
 sidered to be the right of the war.

Oh my dear general! Murat again inter-
 rupted him with all my heart I wish the Em-
 perors may reach the fair between them
 and that the war begun by now of me
 may finish as quickly as possible, said he
 that the servant who wants to remain
 good friends with a third despite quarrel
 between the terms.

And he went on to inquire about the Grand
 Duke and the state of his health, and to rem-
 ind him of the amusement he had

given him, said
 I will not detain our General. I will
 discuss your mission and will be
 brooded red matter, his wings feathers
 his glittering ornaments, he rejoiced
 who were respectfully awaiting him.
 Balash rode on upon from Murat
 words that he would very soon be brought
 before Napoleon himself. Instead of that,
 the next day the news of his death
 in the ruins of the city of Moscow.
 The general had done and in the
 corps commander who was fettered, conducted
 him into the village to Marshal Daut.

CHAPTER V

DAUT was a POLIO, what Arakcheev
 was to Alexander — though not a coward like
 Arakcheev, he was as precise as cruel.
 He expressed his devotion to his mo-
 del by brutality.

In the organization of states such men are nec-
 essary, and necessary in the organiza-
 tion of the state, they always exist, always pre-
 sent, and their own however contrary to
 the present and their proximity to the head of
 the government may be. This is the
 case, and can explain how the cruel Arakcheev
 was able to create a great number of
 own hands, whose weak nerves rendered him
 unable to face danger and who were there-
 fore educated men of court, and were
 maintained in a powerful position with Alexander
 der whose own character was hisalous nob-
 le and gentle.

Balash was seated on a barr-
 in the shed of peasants, but, with-
 out a word, let the quarters could have
 been found him by Marshal Daut was

WAR AND PEACE

of those men who purposely put themselves in most depressing conditions to have a justification for being gloomy. For the same reason they are always hard at work and in a hurry. How can I think of the bright side of life when as you see I am sitting on a barrel and working in a dirty shed? the expression of his face seemed to say The chief pleasure and necessity of such men when they encounter anyone who shows animation is to flaunt their own dreary persistent activity. Davout allowed himself that pleasure when Balashev was brought in. He became still more absorbed in his task when the Russian general entered and after glancing over his spectacles at Balashev's face which was animated by the beauty of the morning and by his talk with Murat he did not rise or even stir but scowled still more and sneered malevolently.

When he noticed in Balashev's f

Thinking he could have been received in such a manner only because Davout did not know that he was adjutant general to the Emperor Alexander and even his envoy to Napoleon Balashev hastened to inform him of his rank and mission. Contrary to his expectation Davout after hearing him became still surlier and ruder.

Where is your dispatch? he inquired
Give it to me I will send it to the Emperor
Brishet replied that he had been ordered
to hand it personally to the Emperor
Your Emperor, said

Your Emperor's orders are obeyed in your army but here said Davout you must do as you're told

And as if to make the Russian general still more conscious of his dependence on brute force Divout sent an adjutant to call the officer on duty

Im
of
laid across two barrels) ^{lets still hang ng on it}
and read the inscription Davout took the packet

You are perfectly at liberty to treat me with respect or not protested Balashev but permit me to observe that I have the honor to be adjutant general to His Majesty

Davout glanced at him silently and plainly derived pleasure from the signs of agitation and confusion which appeared on Balashev's face.

You will be treated as is fitting said he

and putting the packet in his pocket left the shed

A minute later the marshal's adjutant de Castrès came in and conducted Balashev to the quarters assigned him.

That day he dined with the marshal at the same board on the barrels.

Next day Davout rode out early and after asking Bilashev to come to him peremptorily requested him to remain there to move on with the baggage train should orders come for it to move and to talk to no one except Monsieur de Castres.

After fo
sciousness
-particular
of power in which he had so lately moved-
and after several marches with
hew]

very gate by which he had left it four days pre-

Next day the imperial gentleman in waiting the Comte de Turenne came to Balashev and informed him of the Emperor Napoleon's wish to honor him with an audience.

Four days before sentinels of the Preobra-
zenski regiment had stood in front of the house
to which Balashev was conducted and now
two French grenadiers stood there in blue uni-
forms unfastened in front and with shaggy
caps on their heads and an escort of Hussars
and Uhlans and a brilliant suite of aides de
camp pages and generals who were waiting
for Napoleon to come out were standing at
the porch round his saddle horse and his
Mameluke Rustan. Napoleon received Bal-
ashev in the very house in Vilna from which
Alexander had dispatched him on his mission.

CHAPTER VI

THOUGH BALASHIF was used to imperial pomp he was amazed at the luxury and magnificence of Napoleon's court.

The Comte de Turenne showed him into a big receipt on room where many generals gentlemen in uniform and Polish mignotes—several of whom Balashev had seen at the court of the Emperor of Russia—were waiting.

As soon as on duty came the man in
reception room and bowing politely asked
Balashov to follow him.

Blasted to small reception room
one door of which led to a study the very
one from which the Russian Emperor had dis-
patched him on his mission. He took a minute
or two to wait. He had hurried footsteps
before the door both of which were opened
rapidly. It was late in the afternoon from the study
the sound of a heard of their step firm and
resolute—they were the of Napoleon. He

just been brushed but a lock had
the middle of his forehead. His plump
head took itself rapidly back the black

short reply to him with a bold thrust should
dashed to the middle of his forehead. His plump
head took itself rapidly back the black
fort. It was late in the afternoon from the study
the sound of a heard of their step firm and
resolute—they were the of Napoleon. He

He nodded with a slow and
respectful bow and came up to him to

persuaded that he would find peace and in

the sight of the Emperor's eyes bent on him
confused him. He was flurried—compose
yourself! Napoleon seemed to say as with a
sacredly perceptible smile he looked at Blanche
shuffled from under the sword.

Balhe recovered himself and began to
speak. He said to the Emperor Alexander did
not consider his demand for his pass-
ports as sufficient cause for war that Kurak
had acted on his own initiative with out
his superior's assent that the Emperor Alex-
ander did not desire war and had no relations
with England.

Not yet interposed Napoleon and said
fear to give to his feelings he would
do nothing lightly as sign that Blanche
might proceed.

After saying this he had been entrusted to
say Balhe added that the Emperor Alex-
ander would find peace but would not ter-
minate negotiations on condition that
He Blanche stated he remembered that
with the Emperor Alexander did not want

monks and soldiers some examples of

say to the high day to will
Good day General said he had heard
of the letter he had from the Emperor
or Alexander did not consider his demand for his pass-
ports as sufficient cause for war that Kurak
had acted on his own initiative with out
his superior's assent that the Emperor Alex-
ander did not desire war and had no relations
with England.

and he who more than all
ed his eyes and he said he would not
give in Napoleon's left hand which created the
m. the m. Napoleon raised his
I desire peace no less than the Emperor
Alexander he said he would not
with the peace of everything to him and
he would give fifteen millions for
B. in order to begin negotiations with
m. did he? he said frowning and making
The men in the war with France
Russia and land.—Tr.

an energetic gesture of inquiry with his small white plump hand

The withdrawal of your army beyond the Niemen sire replied Balashchey

The Niemen? repeated Napoleon So now you want me to retire beyond the Niemen—only the Niemen? repeated Napoleon looking straight at Balashchey

The latter bowed his head respectfully

Instead of the demand of four months earlier to withdraw from Pomerania only a withdrawal beyond the Niemen was now demanded Napoleon turned quickly and began to pace the room

You say the demand now is that I am to withdraw beyond the Niemen before commencing negotiations but in just the same way two months ago the demand was that I should withdraw beyond the Vistula and the Oder and yet you are willing to negotiate

He went in silence from one corner of the room to the other and again stopped in front of Balashchey Balashchey noticed that his left leg

was firmer than before and his face

was

is a great sign with me he remarked at a late date

Such demands as to retreat beyond the Vistula and Oder may be made to a Prince of Baden but not to me! Napoleon almost screamed quite to his own surprise If you give me Petersburg and Moscow I could not accept such conditions You say I have begun this war! But who first joined his army? The Emperor Alexander not I! And you offer me negotiations when I have expended millions when you are in alliance with England and when your position is a bad one You offer me negotiations! But what is the aim of your alliance with England? What has she given you? he continued hurriedly evidently no longer trying to show the advantages of peace and discuss its possibility but only to prove his own rectitude and power and Alexander's errors and duplicity

The commencement of his speech had obviously been made with the intention of demonstrating the advantages of his position and showing that he was nevertheless willing to negotiate But he had begun talking and the more he talked the less could he control his

commencement of the interview

I hear you have made peace with Turkey,

Balashchey bowed his head affirmatively

Peace has been concluded he began

But Napoleon did not let him speak He evidently wanted to do all the talking himself and continued to talk with the sort of eloquence and unrestrained irritability to which spoiled people are so prone

Yes I know you have made peace with the Turks without obtaining Moldavia and Wallachia I could have given you these provinces as I gave him Finland Yet he went on I promised and could have given the Emperor Alexander Moldavia and Wallachia and now he won't have those splendid provinces Yet he might have united them to his empire and in a single reign could have extended Russia from the Gulf of Bothnia to the mouth of the Danube Catherine the Great could not have done more said Napoleon growing more and more excited as he paced up and down the room repeating to Balashchey almost the very words he had used to Alexander himself at Tilsit All that he could have owed to my friendship Oh what a splendid

understanding might have been!

He looked compassionately at Balashchey and as soon as the latter tried to make some rejoinder hastily interrupted him

What could I wish or look for that he could not have obtained through my friendship? demanded Napoleon shrugging his shoulders in perplexity But no he has preferred to surround himself with my enemies and with whom? With Steins Arnfeldts Bennigsens and Wintzingerodes! Stein a traitor expelled from his own country Arnfeldt a rake and an intriguer Wintzingerode a fugitive French subject Bennigsen rather more of a soldier than the others but all the same an incompetent who was unable to do anything in 1807 and who should awaken terrible memories in the Emperor Alexander's mind Granted that were they competent they might be made use of continued Napoleon—hardly able to keep pace in words with the rush of

of them all, but I cannot say so judging by his first movements. And what are they doing all these courtesies? Pleyel proposes Arnfeldt disputes. Bennigsen orders and Barclay called on to it, does it know what to decide on. Time passes bringing no result. Barclay alone mutters a man. He is stupid but he has experience, quick eye and resolution. And what role is your common playing in that monstrous crowd? They compel me to him and throw him the responsibility for all.

"The campaign began only when you have not even been able to defend Vienna. You are cut in two and have been driven out of the Polish provinces. Your army grumbling."

O the contrary! Your Majesty said Balashev hardly able to remember what had been said to him. Did he win these verbal few words with difficulty the troops are burning with eagerness.

I know everything, Napoleon interrupted him. I know everything. I know the number of your battalions exactly as I know my own. You have not two hundred thousand men and I have five hundred thousand. I give you my word of honor said Napoleon, for that.

They were worth nothing and had made a game of you. A few Swedish troops his father to be got over by making noise. The

less he were made.

Napoleon got excited maliciously and gave an answer by snuffing his nose.

Balashev knew how to reply to each of

Swedes. Balashev wanted to reply that when Russia is on her side Sweden is practically not a danger. He said but Napoleon gave an angry exclamation, crowning his voice. Napoleon was in that state of irritability in which man has to talk, to talk, and talk merely to console himself that

Barclay had begun to feel un-

as a man he is a godless wrath that had evidently settled on Napoleon. He knew that none of the words now uttered by Napoleon had any significance and that Napoleon humiliated would be ashamed of them when he came to his senses. Balashev stood with downcast eyes looking at the movements of Napoleon, peering at his eyes.

Barclay told Barclay about your illness said Napoleon. I have all es—the Poles. There are eighty thousand of them and they fight like lions. And there will be two hundred thousand of them.

And probably still more perturbed by the fact that he had uttered this obvious falsehood, Barclay till stood silently before

houted

Know with thy youth up Prussia against me. I will wipe off the map of Europe, bedecked with his face pale and distorted by anger and he truck on of his small hands energetically with the other. Yes I will throw you back beyond the Dnieper and will thence beyond the Dnieper and will

Barclay walked lightly up and down the room, his fat balders twitching.

He put his snuffbox into his waistcoat pocket, took it out again, lifted it several times to his nose, stopped in front of Balashev. He paused, looked calmly straight into Balashev's eyes, said quietly:

And what splendid reign your master will have here!"

Balashev felt a cumbrant on him to reply said that from the Russian side there did not appear so gloomy a light. Napoleon was silent, till looking nervously at him, evidently not listening to him. Balashev said that

Prussia the best results were expected from the war. Napoleon nodded condescendingly as if to say I know it your duty to say that, but you do not believe it yourself. I have convinced you.

Namely large Polish state.—T.E.

an energetic gesture of inquiry with his small white plump hand

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He went in silence from Napoleon

than before and his face seemed petrified in its stern expression This quivering of his left leg was a thing Napoleon was conscious of The vibration of my left calf is a great sign with me he remarked at a later date

Such demands as to retreat beyond the Vistula and Oder may be made to a Prince of Bruden but not to me! Napoleon almost screamed quite to his own surprise If you give me Petersburg and Moscow I could not accept such conditions You say I have begun this war! But who first joined his army? The Emperor Alexander not I! And you offer me negotiations when I have expended millions when you are in alliance with England and when

he continued hurriedly evidently no longer trying to show the advantages of peace and discusses possibility but only to prove his own rectitude and power and Alexander's errors

of his position I got more words

The whole purport of his remarks now was evidently to exalt himself and insult Alexander —just what he had least desired at the com

mentement of the interview

I hear you have made peace with Turkey Balashev bowed his head affirmatively

Peace!

But not

and certainly with the sort of eloquence and unrestrained irritability to which spoiled people are so prone

Yes I know you have made peace with the Turks without obtaining Moldavia and Wallachia I would have given you sovereignty in those provinces as I gave him Finland Yet he went on I promised and I could have given the Emperor Alexander Moldavia and Wallachia and now he won't have those splendid provinces Yet he might have united them to his empire and in a single reign I could have extended Russia from the Gulf of

then

you

gros

up and down the room repeating to Balashev almost the very words he had used to Alexander himself at Tilsit All that he could have owed to my friendship Oh what a splendid reign! he repeated several times then he drew from his pocket a gold snuffbox lifted it to his nose and greedily sniffed at it

What a splendid reign the Emperor Alexander might have had!

He looked compassionately at Balashev and as soon as the latter tried to make some rejoinder hastily interrupted him

What could he wish or look for that he could not have obtained through my friendship? demanded Napoleon shrugging his shoulders in perplexity But no!

ferre

ar

ni

ex

country

Armfeldt a

rake and an intriguer Wintringer de la

tive French subject Bennigsen rather more of

a soldier than the others but all the same an

incompetent who is unable to do anything

in 1812 and who should have taken terrible mem

ories in the Emperor Alexander

l

a

thoughts that once again I have proved

low right and wrong he was as (in his exception

the two were one and the same) —but they are

not even that! They are neither fit for war nor

peace! Barclay is said to be the most capable

of them all, but I cannot say so judiciously by his fine movements. And what are they doing, all these courtiers? Pish! proposes, Armfeldt disputes. Even Ignatiev, dear, and Barclay called on to act, does not know what to decide on and time passes bringing no result. Bartration alone

military man. H—stupid, but he has experience, quick eye, and resolution. And—his role is your young monarch playing in that monstrous crowd. They compromise him and throw on him the responsibility for all the European. A sovereign should not be with the army unless he is general, said Napoleon, evidently uttering these words as direct challenge to the Emperor. He knew how Alexander declared to be military commander.

"The campaign began five weeks ago and we have not even been able to defend Vienna. You are cut in two and have been driven out of the Polish provinces. Your army is crumbling."

"On the contrary, Your Majesty," said Balashov, "I should like to remember what had been said to him and follow in these verbal fireworks which excite the troops and burn no with truth."

"I know everything," Napoleon interrupted. "I know everything. I know the number of your battalions exactly as I know my own."

And not thirty thousand men this day. I tell you. The Turks will be of no use to you. They are worth nothing and have bowed to by our peace with you. As for the Swedes—their fate to be governed by mad kings. Their king was murdered and they chased him. In other—Bernadotte, who pompously went mad because he would ally himself with Russia and be its mad.

Napoleon grinned maliciously and again raised his snuffbox to his nose.

Balashov knew how to reply to each of Napoleon's remarks, and would have done so he never made the gesture of man wishing to answer, but Napoleon always interrupted him. To the allied assembly of the Swedes, Balashov wished to reply that when Russia is her old Sweden is practically not there, but Napoleon gave a noisy exclamation to drown his voice. Napoleon was in that case formidable in which man has to talk, talk, and talk merely to cover himself that

he is in the right. Balashov began to feel uncomfortable as envy he feared to demean his dignity and felt the necessity of reply now but, as a man, he shrank before the transport of groundless wrath that had evidently entered Napoleon. He knew that none of the words now uttered by Napoleon had any significance and that Napoleon himself would be ashamed of them when he came to his senses. Balashov stood with downcast eyes looking at the movements of Napoleon's feet and trying to avoid meeting his eyes.

But what do I care about your illnesses, said Napoleon. I have allies—the Poles. There are a half a million of them and they fight like lions. And there will be two hundred thousand of them.

And probably still more perturbed by the fact that he had uttered this obvious falsehood,

Balashov still stood silently before

N

shouted

"I wish that I found up Prussia on a map, I'll wipe it off the map of Europe," he declared, his face pale and distorted by anger and his truck one of his small hands energetically with the other. "Yes, I will throw you back beyond the Dnieper and beyond the Dnieper and will

—with two

ing

He put his snuffbox to his waistcoat pocket, took it out again, lifted it several times to his nose, and topped in front of Balashov. He paused, looked intently into Balashov's eyes, and said in quiet voice

"And what splendid return you master me with such a day!"

the war Napoleon nodded condescendingly as if to say, "I know that your duty is to say that, but you do not believe it yourself. I am convinced you."

And large Polish style—T.

When Balashov had ended Napoleon again took out his snuffbox sniffed at it and stamped his foot twice on the floor as a signal. The door opened a gentleman in waiting bending respectfully handed the Emperor his hat and gloves another brought him a pocket handkerchief Napoleon without giving them a glance turned to Balashov.

Assure the Emperor Alexander from me said he taking his hat that I am as devoted to him as before. I know him thoroughly and very highly esteem his lofty qualities. I will detain you no longer. General you shall receive my letter to the Emperor.

And Napoleon went quickly to the door. Everyone in the reception room rushed forward and descended the staircase.

CHAPTER VII

AFTER ALL THAT Napoleon had said to him—those bursts of anger and the last dryly spoken words—I will detain you no longer. General you shall receive my letter. Balashov felt convinced that Napoleon would not wish to see him and would even avoid another meeting with him—an insulted envoy—especially as he had witnessed his unseemly anger. But to his surprise Balashov received through Duroc an invitation to dine with the Emperor that day.

Bessieres Caulaincourt and Berthier were present at that dinner.

Napoleon met Balashov cheerfully and amiably. He not only showed no sign of constraint or self-reproach on account of his outburst that morning but on the contrary tried to reassure Balashov. It was evident that he had long been convinced that it was impossible for him to make a mistake and that in his perception whatever he did was right not because it harmonized with any idea of right and wrong but because he did it.

The Emperor was in very good spirits after his ride through Vilna where crowds of people had rapturously greeted and followed him. From all the windows of the streets through which he rode rugs flags and his monogram were displayed and the Polish ladies welcoming him waved their handkerchiefs to him.

At dinner having placed Balashov beside him Napoleon not only treated him amiably but behaved as if Balashov were one of his own courtiers one of those who sympathized with his plans and ought to rejoice at his success. In the course of conversation he mentioned Moscow and questioned Balashov about the Russian capital not merely as an interested tra-

der asks about a new city he intends to visit.

How many houses? Is it true that Moscow is called Holy Moscow? How many churches are there in Moscow? he asked.

And receiving the reply that there were more

Bal

ashov

But a large number of monasteries and churches is always a sign of the backwardness of a people said Napoleon turning to Caulaincourt for appreciation of this remark.

Balashov respectfully ventured to disagree with the French Emperor.

Every country has its own character said he.

But not here in Europe is there anything like that said Napoleon.

I beg your Majesty pardon returned Balashov besides Russia there is Spain where there are also many churches and monasteries.

This reply of Balashov which hinted at the recent defeats of the French in Spain was much appreciated when he related it at Alexander's court but it was not much appreciated at Napoleon's dinner where it passed unnoticed.

The uninterested and perplexed faces of the marshals showed that they were puzzled as to what Balashov's tone suggested. If there is a point we don't see it or it is not at all in their expressions seemed to say. So little as his rejoinder appreciated that Napoleon did not notice it at all and naively asked Balashov through what towns the direct road from there to Moscow passed. Balashov who was on the alert all through the dinner replied that just as all roads lead to Rome so all roads lead to Moscow there are many roads and among them the road through *Poltaua* which Charles XII chose. Balashov involuntarily flustered with pleasure at the aptitude of this reply but hardly had he uttered the word *Poltaua* before Caulaincourt began speaking of the badness of the road from Petersburg to Moscow and of his Petersburg reminiscences.

After dinner they went to drink coffee in Napoleon's study which four days previously had been that of the Emperor Alexander. Napoleon sat down toying with his Sèvres coffee cup and motioned Balashov to a chair beside him.

Napoleon was in that well known after-din-

ner mood wld m etl ye so ed cat e
m le s a n n c n t e n t e d w t l l m s e l f a n d l s
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t h m t h a t h e w s r l e d b y m e w l
l e d i m a d i e f e l t c o l t h t s t e r
l d e r B l l e v t o o w l f r i e n d a n d w o r
l p e r A p o l t d l l n w t l p l e s
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h e a d l e n e

T o l a v e o n e s e a r p u l l e d b y t h e E m p e r r
w c o n s i d e r e d t h e g e t t h o r a n d m a r k o f
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A l e x a n d e r w l l t y u s y a n t l s a l l
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CHAPTER VIII

e n t s t l t h e E m p e r A l n d e l a s
r d e d l m e l l w t l y p e r l e n e m e
T l l d n t d r i d l l e t
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q r g l y t o P l l d e s i e t l y t l s
t h e p h t t e d h m b c k t o t h e t r c k o f l s
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f o r k a n l t t e l t e r t d a l e a d y l e f t t h e
c i t y P e r r e h d w r c l h s t h o t h e r m l w t l t
l e a n d w w n l s t r c k A t l e k r a
g p r m p t l y l t n e d a n p p o n t e n t f r
t h M n t e r o f W r n d w e n t t j u s t i c e a r n y
M o l d t W h i l n P e t e r s l g l r c e A n

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N l y l l e s l l l l y

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At dinner having placed Balashhev beside him, Napoleon, who was naturally cheerful, talked with him about his plans and ought to rejoice at his success. In the course of conversation he mentioned Moscow and questioned Balashhev about the Russian capital, not merely as an interested travel-

ler asks about a new city he intends to visit but as if convinced that Balashhev, as a Russian, must be flattered by his curiosity.

How many inhabitants are there in Moscow? How many houses? Is it true that Moscow is called Holy Moscow? How many churches are there in Moscow? he asked.

And receiving the reply that there were more than two hundred churches, he remarked:

Why such a quantity of churches?

The Russians are very devout, replied Balashhev.

But a large number of monasteries and churches is always a sign of the backwardness of a people, said Napoleon, turning to Caulaincourt for appreciation of this remark.

Balashhev respectfully ventured to disagree with the French Emperor.

Every country has its own character, said he.

But nowhere in Europe is there anything like that, said Napoleon.

I beg your Majesty pardon, returned Balashhev, besides Russia there is Spain, where there are also many churches and monasteries.

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posed to cons d e ry h f d. It s med
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h per \ poleo turned t h m w th pleas-
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To h e ones e r pulled by the Emperor
was con de ed the greatest lonor d mark of
f or t le Fre d court.

"Well ad e a d ourt er of the Emp ro
Alexa d why d t y u ya yth g? sa d
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CHAPTER VIII

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When Balashov had ended N — took — his foot open — waiting bending respectfully handed the Emperor — gloves — chief — turned

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— b — and that in his perception whatever he did was right not because it harmonized with any idea of right and wrong but because he did it

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— eler asks about a new city he intends to visit but as if convinced that Balashov as a Russian must be flattered by his curiosity

How many inhabitants are there?

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And receiving the reply — note

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Cauchy tried to reassure Balashov. It was evident that he had long been convinced that it was impossible for him to make a mistake and that in his perception whatever he did was right not because it harmonized with any idea of right and wrong but because he did it.

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Cauchy and Duroc replied that just as all roads lead to Rome so all roads lead to Moscow there were many roads.

Cauchy's aptitude of this reply but hardly had he uttered the word *Polta* before Caulincourt began speaking of the badness of the road from Petersburg to Moscow.

Cauchy then laid before the Emperor Alexander Napoleon's opinion on the road.

mood which more than a reasoned cause
 makes man content with his mis-
 posed to consider every other end. It
 in him that he was surrounded by men
 asked him, and he felt com-
 h. Inner Balance too wish-
 for no one turned to him with a
 though a small role
 from the Emperor

[illegible]

Alexander
Balser could make reply and bowed his
head in silence.

"Yes. Four days go in the room. We try to
 escape and see whether we can get out. I
 go on with the same desire and self-co
 fidence. "What I can't understand is
 why, is that the Emperor Alexander has
 surrounded himself with many persons
 That I do not understand. He has not
 thought that I made the same and returned
 my way to Balashov and evidently the
 thought turned him back to the track of
 morning and such a full fresh new

And let him know that I will so send Napoleon, rise and push his cup away with this hand. I'll drink all his Württemberg Baden and Weimar relations of Germany.

Yes, I'll drive them out. Let him prepare
ask him for them. Russia

Balshew bowed his head with an air of defeat. He would like to make his bow and leave, and only hesitated because he could not help hearing what was said to him. Napoleon did not notice this expression; he treated Balshew as an envoy from his enemy, but as a man now fully devoted to him and who must please his former master unconditionally.

And why has the Emperor Alexander taken command of the army. What is the good of that. War is in progress, but his business is to reign and not command an army. Why has he taken on himself such responsibilities.

Again he goes down to his trunk box,
and several times to and down the room in
lence, and then saw an unexpected
p to E. A. and in a while,

... and impl... d h were
d in ... more importa bu
pleasure ... he raised his h d th
fort ... I d tak
g him be ... gently maki g
with his lips only

T have ones e r pulled by the Emperor
was c nsidered the greatest honor and mark of
favor at the French court

Well ad er and c urter of the Emper
Alexand r w y d t you say anyth n s s t
he s t was lcul h presen r to be
thead era den rter fa yon buth msel
Napolen Aristel res ready f t the gner
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Napolen n t t Al n der
Napolen n t t Al n der

Napoleon left Al...
the river was com un ated
a nm a cl a lile w r began

CHAPTER VIII

APPEAL: Interview with Pette in Prince Adrew went to Petersburg on business. A letter from family to meet Aunt. The husband now felt it necessary to go to the

So Pr c A d e w i a i g r e e v e d p l t
m n t o t l e t e t i l r r t a f f i l f r l u k
Pr i A d w i d t t l k t i j e r t
w r t d c l l i g k r d n l l e t i g l t t
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t m g i t c o m n t l y g C e t e s R w
t o v a d s o l e w t e l t m t k u r d g p e

th l tt ret elt Ru l i we nny
and ew co d tu l r ce A brew f i l
life rt b r Ate l leir the l l k

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At dinner, having placed Balashev beside him, Napoleon not only treated him amiably but behaved as if Balashev were one of his own courtiers, one of those who sympathized with his plans and ought to rejoice at his success. In the course of conversation he mentioned Moscow and questioned Balashev about the Russians as a capital, not merely as an interested traveler asks about a new city he intends to visit, but as if he were a native.

And receiving the reply that the Russians are very devout, replied Balashev, But a large number of monasteries of this kind are situated in the Russian Empire. Balashev respectfully ventured to disagree with the French Emperor. Every country has its own character, said he. But nowhere in Europe is there anything like this, said Napoleon. I beg Your Majesty pardon, returned Balashev, besides Russia there is Spain, where there are many monasteries. Napoleon said when he related it at Alexander's court, but it was not much appreciated at Napoleon's dinner, where it passed unnoticed.

The uninterested and perplexed faces of the marshals showed that they were puzzled to what Balashev's tone suggested. If there is a point we don't see it, or it is not at all with their expressions seemed to say. So little was his rejoinder.

Not not through to Moscow alert all when the dinner replied that all roads lead to Rome.

At the aptitude of this reply, hardly had he uttered the word *Politi*, as Caulaincourt began speaking of the badness of the road from Petersburg to Moscow, a Petersburg reminiscence.

After dinner they went to dine at the apartment of the Emperor.

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A d r e l d w t h t h e n f i d n t c c u t t e d

WAR AND PEACE

and then in Switzerland and Rome but he even dreaded to recall them and the bright and boundless horizons they had revealed. He was now concerned only with the nearest practical matters unrelated to his past interests and he seized on these the more eagerly the more those past interests were closed to him. It was as if that lofty infinite canopy of heaven that had once towered above him had suddenly fallen into a low

in which mystery in

Of the

him and familiar

staff he applied himself to business with zeal and perseverance and surprised Kutuzov by his willingness and accuracy in work. Not having found Kuragin in Turkey Prince Andrew did not think it necessary to rush back to Russia after him but all the same he knew that how ever long it might be before he met Kuragin despite his contempt for him and despite all the proofs he deduced—

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not be able

than a rive (us man can help snatching at food. And the consciousness that the insult was not yet avenged that his reincarnation was still unspent weighed on his heart and poisoned the artificial tranquillity which he managed to obtain in Turkey by means of relentless soldiering and rather vain glorious and ambitious activity.

In the year 1812 when news of the war with Napoleon reached Bucharest—where Kutuzov had been living for two months passing his days and nights with a Wallachian woman—Prince Andrew asked Kutuzov to transfer him to the Western Army. Kutuzov who was already weary of Bolkh

Before joining the Western Army which was then in May encamped at Drissa Prince Andrew visited Bald Hills which was directly on his way being only two miles off the Smolensk highway. During the last three years there had been so many changes in his life he had thought felt and seen so much (having traveled both in the east and the west) that on reaching Bald Hills it struck him as strange and

pillars and drove up

the avenue leading to the house as if he were entering an enchanted sleeping castle. The same old sturdiness the same cleanliness the same stillness reigned there and inside there was the same furniture the same walls sound and smell and the same timid faces only some what older. Princess Mary as still the old plump and joyous fear and coquettish self

enjoying every moment of her existence and full of joyous hopes for the future. She had merely become more self-confident. Prince Andrew thought Desvilles the tutor he had brought from Switzerland was

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able to slip on one side of his mouth in notice he was the same as ever only showing still more irritability and skepticism as to what was happening in the world. Little Nicholas alone had changed. He had grown become more and more curly dark hair and when merry and laughing quite unconsciously lifted the upper lip of his pretty little mouth just

old the inner relations of all these people had changed since Prince Andrew had seen them last. The household was divided into two camps and hostilities were going on between their habits for his sake and only met because he was there. To the one camp belonged the old prince and the other Princess Mary Desvilles little Nicholas and all the old nurses and maids.

During his stay at Bald Hills all the family dined together but they were ill at ease and Prince Andrew felt that he was a visitor for whose sake an exception was being made and that his presence made them all feel awkward. Involuntarily feeling that at dinner on the first day he was returning to the old prince noticing this also he became morosely dull and retired to his apartments directly after dinner. In the evening when Prince Andrew went to him and tried to rise in the morning to tell him of the young Count Kuznetsov's appointment the old prince began to repeat tediously to him that Prince Mary was going for her superstitions and her dislike of Malenka

inch. The Emperor stated not that the Emperor would take command but only that he would be with the army. The Emperor moreover had with him not a command in chief staff but the imperial headquarters staff. The chief of the imperial staff, Quartermaster General Prince Volkonsky as well as generals, imperial aides-camp, diplomatic officials, and large number of fire-arms, but not the army staff. Besides these there were attendants on the Emperor. The only definite appointment was Arakchéev the ex-Minister of War. Colonel Benzenen these general in rank. The Grand Duke Tsarevich Constantine Pavlovich Count Rumyantsev the Chief of the Staff. A former

Minister of War. — and many others. Though these men had no military position in the army the position gave them influence. The chief of the staff, the Emperor's aide in chief, did not know what capacity he was qualified by. Besides the Grand Duke Arakchéev the Prince Volkonsky was one of these that did not know what was their entire order of the staff. The staff emanated from the man who gave the order from the Emperor and whether it had to be executed. But this was only the external side of the staff. The essence of the staff was the presence of the Emperor. The staff of these people from their position of view (and in the Emperor's circle became courtiers) was clear to everyone. It was thus the Emperor did not assume the title of commander in chief but disposed of the armies. The man and his minister his assistants. Arakchéev was faithful custodian to the Emperor and acted as the so-called "body guard." Bennigsen was the lord in the Vilna province who appeared to be doing the honors of the district. It was not only a good general useful to the Emperor but ready to hand to the Emperor. Barclay de Tolly the Grand Duke was there because it suited him to be there. The ex-Minister of War was there because his decision was useful to the Emperor. Alexander himself highly esteemed personally. Arakchéev ruled the empire. Napoleon was a general full of self-confidence that always flustered Alexander. Paul was there because he was bold and decided in speech. The Duke was general war there because they always accompanied the Emperor. Finally and chiefly Prince Volkonsky was there because he had drawn up

the plan of campaign against Napoleon. Alexander induced Alexander to believe in the efficacy of that plan was directing the whole business of the war. With Prince Volkonsky who pressed himself into his own more comprehensive way than Prince Volkonsky himself (who was a harsh book theorist self-confident to the point of despising everyone else) was able to do.

Besides these Russian and foreigners who propounded few and unexpected ideas every day—especially the foreigners, who did so with a boldness characteristic of people employed in a foreign country—their own—there were many secondary persons who accompanied the army because their principals were there.

Among the others and others in this manner were restless and independent people. Prince Alexander drew out of the flowing harp of the fixed boundaries of the provinces and parts.

The first party consisted of the liberal and heretics—military theorists who believed in a science of war with immutable laws—laws of obligation. The essence of the staff was a doctrine of the liberal and heretics demanded return to the depths of the country according to the precise laws defined by pseudo-theory of war. They saw only barbarism, general chaos or the terrible cry of deviation from that theory. To this party belonged the foreign nobles, Volynskiy, Witte, Gorchakov and others.

The second party was directly opposed to the first. It was extreme as always happens. It was met by the enemies of the first. The members of this party were those who had demanded a change from the liberal to the practical and freed from all prearranged plans. Besides these

the first (who was beginning to come to the first) and others. At that time the famous joke of Ermolov was being circulated that as great a fool as he had depicted the Emperor to make him German. The members of that party remembered the Emperor said that what he had to do was not reason or suck up to the Emperor, but to fight, beat the enemy, keep him out of Russia and not let the army get discouraged.

To the third party—in which the Emperor had more—who were the

look with which one looks at the place where a familiar portrait hangs. Sorrow is sent by Him not by men. Men are His instruments; they are not to blame. If you think someone has wronged you, forget it and forgive! We have no right to punish. And then you will know the happiness of forgiving.

If I were a woman I would do so. Mary. That is a woman's virtue. R. —

suddenly swelled up in his heart.

If Mary is already persuading me to forgive it means that I ought long ago to have punished him. He thought. And giving her no reply. mon knew.

Princess Mary begged him to stay one day more, saying that she knew how unhappy her father would be if Andrew left without being reconciled to him. But Prince Andrew replied that he would probably soon be back again from the army and would certainly write to his father, but that the longer he stayed now the more embittered their differences would become.

Good by, Andrew! Remember that misfortunes come from God and men are never to blame. These were the last words he heard from his sister when he took leave of her.

Then it must be so! thought Prince Andrew as he drove out of the avenue from the house at Bald Hills. She, poor innocent creature, is left to be victimized by an old man who has outlived his wits. The old man feels he is guilty but cannot change himself. My boy is growing up and rejoices in life in which like everybody else he will deceive or be deceived. And I am off to the army. Why? I myself don't know. I want to meet that man whom I despise so as to give him a chance to kill and laugh at me.

These conditions of life had been the same before, but then they are all connected while now they had all tumbled to pieces. Only senseless things lacking coherence presented themselves one after another to Prince Andrew's mind.

CHAPTER IX

PRINCE ANDREW reached the general headquarters of the army at the end of June. The first army with which as the Emperor occupied the fortified camp at Drissa, the second army

everyone was dissatisfied with the general course of affairs in the Russian army, but no one anticipated

ger of no one than the Prince

whom I have been assigned on the bank of the Drissa. As there was not a single large village in the vicinity of the camp, the immense number of generals and courtiers accompanying the army were living in the best houses of the villages on both sides of

told him in his foreign accent that

Prince Andrew had hoped to find with the army was not there. He had gone to Petersburg but Prince Andrew was glad to hear this. His mind was occupied by the interests of the center that was conducting a gigantic war and he was glad to be free for a while from the distraction caused by the thought of Kurdioum.

During the first four days, while no duties were required of him, Prince Andrew rode round the whole fortified camp and by the aid of his own knowledge and by talks with experts tried to form a definite opinion about it. But the question whether the camp was advantageous or disadvantageous remained for him undecided. Already from his military experience and what he had seen in the Austrian campaign he had come to the conclusion that in a tactical point of view the camp was not so deeply considered plans have no significance and that all depends on the unexpected movements of the enemy—that cannot be foreseen—are met and won by whom the whole matter is handled. To clear up this point for himself Prince Andrew, utilizing his position and acquaintance, tried to find out the character of the control of the army and of the men and practices governing it in the field. He deduced for himself the following details of the state of affairs.

While the Emperor had still been at Vidna the forces had been divided into three

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If I were a woman I would do so. Mary. That is a woman's virtue. But a man should not and cannot forgive and forget, he replied, and though till that moment he had not been thinking of Kuragin, all his unexpended anger suddenly swelled up in his heart.

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Princess Mary begged him to stay one day more, saying that she knew how unhappy her father would be if Andrew left without being reconciled to him. But Prince Andrew replied that he would probably soon be back again from the army and would certainly write to his father, but that the longer he stayed now the more embittered their differences would become.

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Already from his military experience and what he had seen in the Austrian campaign he had come to the conclusion that in the most deeply considered plans have no significance and that all depend on the way unexpected movements of the enemy—that cannot be foreseen—are met and in how and by whom the whole matter is handled. To clear up this last point for himself Prince Andrew utilized his position and acquaintances tried to fasten the character of the control of the army and of the men and practices engaged in and he deduced for himself the following idea of the state of affairs.

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party remembers o Surv ro said that what
had to do was n t t reaso t ck p s
to maps, but t fight, beat the e my keep
h m ut f Russ d t let the army get dis
couraged.

To the thu d party—i which the Empero
had most c fid nce—bel ged the courtiers
who tried t rran e comp mises between th
other two Th m mbers of this party ch fly
ci lians d t whom Arakchéev bel oed,

look with which one looks at the place where
a familiar portrait hangs. Sorrow is sent by
Him not by men. Men are His instruments
they are not to blame. If you think someone
has wronged you forget it and forgive! We
have no right to punish. And then you will
know the happiness of forgiving.
If I were

If I were a woman I would do so Mary
That is a woman's virtue But

1 suddenly swelled up in his heart 1 his unexpended anger
If Mary is already

It means that I ought long ago to have punished him he thought. And reply he moment knew was

Princess Mary begged him to stay one day more saying that she knew how unhappy her father would be if Andrew left without being reconciled to him but Prince Andrew replied that he would probably soon be back again from the army and would certainly write to his father but that the longer he stayed now the more embittered their differences would be come

Good by Andrew! Remember that misfortunes come from God and men are never to blame were the last words he heard from his sister when he took leave of her

Then it must be so! thought Prince An drew as he drove out of the avenue from the house at Bird Hills. She poor innocent creature is left to be victimized by an old man who has outlived his wits. The old man feels he is guilty but cannot change him if

know I want to meet that man whom I despise
so as to give him a chance to kill and laugh at
me

These conditions of life had been set themselves one after another to Prince Andrey's mind.

CHAPTER IV

PRINCE ANDREW reached the general headquarters of the army at the end of June. The first army with which was the Emperor occupied the fortified camp at Drissa the second army

fied with the general course of affairs in the Russian army but no one anticipated a

ger of
no one
than th
Princ

the Driss. As there was not a single town or large village in the vicinity of it, it was

villages on both sides of the river
 over a radius of six miles Birch de Tolly was
 quartered nearly three miles from the Emperor
 He received Boliknski stuffily and coldly and
 told him in his foreign accent that he would
 mention him to the Emperor for a decision as
 to his employment but asked him merely to
 remain on his staff Anatole Kuragin a hom
 Prince Andrew had hoped to find with the ar
 my as not there He had gone to Petersburg
 but Prince Andrew was glad to hear this His
 mind was occupied by the interests of the cen
 ter that was conducting a gigantic war and he
 was glad to be free for a while from the distrac
 tion caused by the thought of Kuragin Dur
 ing the first four days while no duties were re
 quired of him Prince Andrew rode round the
 whole fortified camp and by the aid of his own
 knowledge and by talks with experts tried to
 form a definite opinion about it But the ques
 tion whether the camp was advantageous or
 disadvantageous remained for him undecided
 Already from his military experience and what
 he had seen in the Austrian campaign he had
 come to the conclusion that in war the most
 deeply considered plans have no significance
 and that all depends on the very unexpected
 movements of the enemy—that cannot be re
 seen—re met and in how and by whom the
 whole matter is handled To clear up this it
 pointed for himself Prince Andrew without
 posit on and acquaintances tried to fathom
 the character of the control of the army and of
 the men and parties engaged in it and he de
 duced for himself the following idea of the state
 of affairs

While the Emperor had still been at Valna the forces had been divided into three armies. First the army under Barclay de Tolly secondly the army under Bagration and thirdly the one commanded by Gromov. The Emperor was with the first army but not as commander.

who wanted to go some distance would at
tract the Emperor's attention by loudly de-
claring that the Emperor had hidden
treasures before him and would dis-
tribute them about the council, beat
his breast and challenge
those who did not agree with him to do
else. The person that he was prepared to sac-
rifice himself for was the common good. At the end
of the first of these two coun-
cils would imply solicitude for special grati-

In our world, it is more prudent to
 let the Emperor say, "A fifth, there is
 long-drawn-out misfortune with the Emperor
 or would stubbornly to the correctness
 of the system, only emerge and
 be less objectionable and produce more

All the men of the party were fishing for
recreational purposes and not for the purpose of
the pursuit of the weathercock of
imperial favor and they noted that

0.21
w2
per
4.1m
sec29
12w

and the distress of these people —
the largest party of those preoccupied with personal interests imparted great confusion and uncertainty to the mission task. Whenever question arose, warm feelings were expressed on the part of these men, and by their hindrance the work was obscured to some extent.

From no g l these parties, g t t th
um Prince A d w e a h e d th r m y o t h e r
n th part wa b e f r m e d d w a s b e
g n n g t o r a i s e o c c e This w a s t h p a r t y o f
t h e c l e r g y, r e a s o n a b l m n e x p e r i e n c e d d
c a p a b l s t a t e f f r s, w h o, w t h o u t h a n
a f t h o s e c o n f l i c t o p t o i s, w e r e b l t o
t a k e d e t a c h e d w f h a t w a s g o g t
t h s t a f f h e a d q u a r t e r s d t o n d m e a
o f e s c a p e f r o m t h m d u l d e c i s i o n t r i c a
e r d e a k e s s.

The men of this part said and thought that he was wrong resulted chiefly from the Emperor's presence in the army with his military court and from the consequent presence there

of n n d e f i t e c o d t o a l a n d u n t e a d y f i c
t u a t o f r e l a t i o n w h i c h i n p l a c e a t c o u r t
b e t w e e n t h a r m f u l a n a r m t h a t a s o e r e c o n s i d e r e d
r e g n b u t n o t c o m m a n d t h e a r m y a n d t h a t t h e
o n l y w a y o u t o f t h e p o s i t i o n w o u l d b e f o r t h e
E m p e r o r a n d h i c o u r t t o l e a v e t h e a r m y t h a t
t h e m e r e p r e s e n c e o f t h e E m p e r o r p a r a l y z e d
t h e a c t i o n o f f i f t y t h o u s a n d m e n r e q u i r e d t o
s e c u r e h i s p e r s o n a l s a f e t y a n d t h a t t h e w o r s t
c o m m a n d e r n e c h e f e d e p e n d e n t w o u l d b e
b e t t e r t h a n t h e c r y b e s t o c o m m a n d e d b y t h e
p r e s e n c e o f a t h o t y o f t h e m o n a r c h.

Just at the time Prince Andrew was 1

him by the Emperour to discuss the general course of Affairs, he respectfully suggested—on the plea that it was necessary first so ereign to the use walk spirit in the people of the capital—that the Emperour should lead the army

That our King of the people by their so
ereign and his call to them to defend the r
country—the very name of which was the
chief focus of Russian triumph so far as it
was produced by the Tsar's personal presence
Moscow—was suggested to the Emperor
accepted by him, as pretext for quitting the
army

CHAPTER \

THE LETTER had already been presented to the
Empress when Balaban day told her
formed Bolkonski that they so were wished to
see him personally to question him about
Turk. He said that Prince Andrew was to pre-
sent himself Bennet's quarters that

that was expected the Emperor quarters
 that day of fresh movement by the
 Emperor's army—news
 subsequently of the
 Colonel M. had had
 Dr. Fort. with the Emperor
 had
 that this

Pr A drew armed t Benn -sen qua
ters- country gentleman s house f modera
re, uated on the very ba ks of th river

thought and said what men who have no convictions but wish to seem to have some generally say. They said that undoubtedly war particularly against such a genius as Bonaparte (they called him Bonaparte now) needs most deeply devised plans and profound scientific knowledge and in that respect Pfuël was a genius but at the same time it had to be acknowledged that the theorists are often one-sided and therefore one should not trust them absolutely but should also listen to what Pfuël's opponents and practical men of experience in warfare had to say and then choose a middle course. They insisted on the retention of the camp at Drissa according to Pfuël's plan but on changing the movements of the other armies. Though by this course neither one aim nor the other could be attained yet it seemed best to the adherents of this third party.

Of a fourth opinion the most conspicuous representative was the Tsarévich who could not forget his disillusionment at Austerlitz where he had ridden out at the head of the

eral confusion. The men of this party had seen the quality and the defect of frankness in their opinions. They feared Napoleon recognized his strength and their own weakness and frankly said so. They said: Nothing but sorrow, shame and ruin will come of all this! We have abandoned Vilna and Vitebsk and shall abandon Drissa. The only reasonable thing left to do is to conclude peace as soon as possible before we are turned out of Petersburg.

This view was very general in the upper and middle circles and found support also in Petersburg and from the chancellor Rumjántsev who for other reasons of state was in favor of peace.

The fifth party consisted of those who were adherents of Barclay de Tolly not so much as a man but as minister of war and commander in chief. Be he what he may (they always began like that) he is an honest practical man and we have nobody better. Give him real power for war cannot be conducted successfully without unity of command and he will show what he can do as he did in Finland. If our army is well organized and strong and has withdrawn to Drissa without suffering any defeats we ought to rely on Barclay. If Barclay is now to be superseded by Bennigsen all will be lost for Bennigsen

showed his incapacity already in 1807.

The sixth party the Bennigsenites said on the contrary that at any rate there was no one more active and experienced than Bennigsen and that about as you may say you will have to come to Bennigsen eventually. Let the others make mistakes now! said they arguing that our retirement to Drissa was a most shameful reverse and an unbroken series of blunders. The more mistakes that are made the better. It will at any rate be understood all the sooner that things cannot go on like this. What is wanted is not some Barclay or other but a man like Bennigsen who made his mark in 1807 and to whom Napoleon himself did justice—a man whose authority could be willingly recognized and Bennigsen is the only such man.

The seventh party consisted of the sort of people who are always to be found especially around young sovereigns and of whom there were particularly many round Alexander—generals and imperial aides de camp passionately devoted to the Emperor not merely as a monarch but as a man adoring him sincerely and disinterestedly as Rostov had done in 1812 and who saw in him not only all the virtues but all human capabilities as well. These men though enchanted with the sovereign for refusing the command of the army yet blamed him for such excessive modesty and only desired

staff and consulting experienced men and practical men where necessary and himself lead the troops. These spirits could thereby be raised to the highest pitch.

The eighth and largest group which in its enormous numbers was to the others as ninety-nine to one consisted of men who desired neither peace nor war neither in advance nor a defensive camp at Drissa or any place else neither Barclay nor the Emperor neither Pfuël nor Bennigsen but only the one most excellent thing—as much advantage and pleasure for themselves as possible. In the troubled waters of conflicting and intersecting intrigues that eddied about the Emperor's headquarters it was possible to succeed in many ways without

the day after merely to avoid responsibility and to please the Emperor would declare that he had no opinion at all on the matter. Another

does not know anything, so he does not believe that anything can be known. The German self-assurance is worst of all stronger and more repulsive than yours because he imagines that he knows the truth—science—such he himself has invented but which is for him the absolute truth.

If el was de tly of th t so t He had a
soen —the theory f bl que mo ements de
duced by him from the hu t ry of F ede ck
th Great's ars a d ll he cam cross the
history f mo e rece t warf re emed to h m
lsurd d ba b rous—m n trous coll s ons n
hch so ma y bl ders wer comm tted by
both des that thes w rs co ld not be called

blef th pl f camp gn th t ded n
j d & ersiade, b th d d n t see the
lea t proof of th f l l b l t y f h i s t l e o r y n the
d sasters of that war O th o t r a r y th de
v i a t m d from h theory were n h
p the sole cau e of th whol d saster
d th h r o e

pp. 100-101. His life of theory and his method of
practical and his world in the

He said few d t P A drew d
Chem bev bo t th prese wa w th the
a f m n wh kn b f h d that ll
ill go or d wh t d plea ed that
t should be so Tl bru héd t fts f h
uk p beh d d the h t ly brushed
hair h temples p essed th most lo-
q ently

He paid the note and then
 quietly so did he
 head of the

CHAPTER XI

CHAPTER XI
 Pr CE A DREW) w t l f l l w i g Pfuel
 t f the room w he Go t Be gsen
 tered hurr edly and nodd t B kónsk
 b t p g w t to th st dy g v i g
 truct t h d j t t h w t The
 Empero was f l l w h m d B gsen
 had has tned t m k som prep rat
 d t be ready t rec e the so gn Ch

nyshe and Prince Andrew went out to the
 porch where the Emperor sat. He looked
 at the young man and said, "I am glad to
 meet you. I have heard much of you."
 The Emperor then turned to the left
 and said to the Countess, "I have heard
 much of you too. I have heard that you
 were very kind to the Emperor's
 mother."

And I the man who had seduced from the camp—the Drissa camp—sad Pulić, the Emperor murdered the step and not the Prince. And he could not suffer as to the person so he continued Pulić, desperately, presently unable to return himself to him who had seduced the Drissa camp—I can hear it with the in the asylum of the gallows.

Wit theed the d of th Ital a s re
m Wl d as th l not hear g them the
Empero econ gB lkónsk ddressedh m
gr ly

I m v ry gl d t see vo Go n there
wh they c meet a dw t f me

The Emperor was the only He was
filled by Peter Mkhayl ch V
kó ká a d B n St n d th doo el ed
beh d th m. Pr e A dew t k g ad an
tag f th Empe perm sso comp n d
Pa l cc wh m hel d k own n Turkey n
to th draw g oom wh th cl as as-
sembled

Emperor's staff. He came out of the study to the drawing room with me, my wife and children on the table. I put the question so which he wanted to do. The opinion of the gentleman present. What had happened was that news (which I forwarded) proved to be false. He decided the height of my mission by the French outfit. The D. S. camp.

The first t p k wa G neral Armf ldt
who to m et th dff ult tl t p es ted it
elf u p ctedly p posed a p rctly new
po t w y f mtle P tersburg d Mos
ow ro ds Th eason f th swa e pl cable
(less h w led to h w tl the too e uld
h op) b th urred th t t th
po t th rmy h ld u te d tl e wa t
th e y It wa pl th t Armf ldt h d
th l t o th t pl n l w nd n w
po ded t t so m ch t w th q es
to p t-wh ch n f ct hus pl n d d n

WAR AND PEACE

Neither Bennigsen nor the Emperor was there but Chernyshev the Emperor's aide de camp received Bolkonski and informed him that the Emperor accompanied by General Bennigsen and Marquis Paulucci had gone a second time that day to inspect the fortifications of the Drissa camp of the suitability of which serious doubts were beginning to be felt.

Chernyshev was sitting at a window in the first room with a French novel in his hand. This room had probably been a music room there was still an organ in it on which some rugs were piled and in one corner stood the folding bedstead of Bennigsen's adjutant. This adjutant was also there and sitting dozing on the rolled up bedding evidently exhausted by work or by feasting. Two doors led from the room one straight on into what had been the drawing room and another on the right to the study. Through the first door came the sound of voices conversing in German and occasionally in French. In that drawing room were gathered by the Emperor's wish not a military council (the Emperor preferred indefinite ones) but certain persons whose opinions he wished to know in view of the impending difficulties. It was not a council of war but as it were a council to elucidate certain questions for the Emperor personally. To this semicouncil had been invited the Swedish General Armfeldt Adjutant General Wolzogen Wintzingerode (whom Napoleon had referred to as a renegade French subject) Michaud Toll and Count Stein who was not a military man at all and Pfuell himself who as Prince Andrew had heard was the mainspring of the whole affair. Prince Andrew had an opportunity of getting a good look at him for Pfuell arrived soon after himself and in passing through to the drawing room stopped a minute to speak to Chernyshev.

At first sight Pfuell in his ill made uniform of a Russian general which fitted him badly like a fancy costume seemed familiar to Prince Andrew though he saw him now for the first time. There was about him something of Weyrother Mack and Schmidt and many other German theorist generals whom Prince Andrew had seen in 1805 but he was more typical than any of them. Prince Andrew had never yet seen a German theorist in whom all the characteristics of those others were united to such an extent.

Pfuell was short and very thin but broad boned of coarse robust build broad hips and with prominent shoulder blades. His

face was much wrinkled and his eyes deep set. His hair had evidently been hastily brushed smooth in front of the temples but stuck up behind in quaint little tufts. He entered the room looking restlessly and angrily around as if afraid of everything in that large apartment. At last he held up his sword he addressed Chernyshev and asked in German where the Emperor was. One could see that he wished to pass through the rooms as quickly as possible finish with the bows and greetings and sit down to business in front of a map where he would feel at home. He nodded hurriedly in reply to Chernyshev and smiled ironically on hearing that the sovereign was inspecting the fortifications that he Pfuell had planned in accordance with his theory. He muttered something to himself abruptly and in a business voice was self assured Germans do—it must have been stupid fellow or the whole affair will be ruined or something absurd will come of it. Prince Andrew did not catch that he said and would have passed on but Chernyshev introduced him to Pfuell remarking that Prince Andrew was just back from Turkey where the war had terminated so fortunately. Pfuell barely glanced—not so much at Prince Andrew as past him—and said with a laugh. That must have been a fine tactical war and laughing contemptuously he went into the room from which the sound of voices was heard.

Pfuell always inclined to be irritably sarcastic was particularly disturbed that day evidently by the fact that they had dared to inspect and criticize his camp in his absence. From this short interview with Pfuell Prince Andrew thinks to his Austrian experiences was able to form a clear conception of the man. Pfuell was one of those hopelessly and immutably self confident men self confident to the point of martyrdom as only Germans are because only Germans are self confident on the basis of abstraction—science that is the supposed knowledge of absolute truth. A Frenchman is self assured because he regards himself personally both in mind and body as more strongly than men and women. An Englishman is self assured because he is one of the best organized states in the world and therefore an Englishman knows what he should do and that all he does as an Englishman is undoubtedly true. An Italian is self assured because he is so full of himself forgets himself and other people. A Russian is self assured just because he knows nothing and

does not think with his conscience does not believe that a youth can be known. The German self-assurance is worst of all. It is a more egotistical youth because he assumes that he knows the truth—science—himself. He has established himself in his head to truth.

If it was e-theory f that sort He had
 seen e-theory f bl qu m eme ts d
 d ed by him from the h t ry f F ederick
 th G eat s wars d all h cam cross the
 history fm e ce twa f eem d t h m
 bound d barb us-m str us c llus in
 hich so many blunders we e mm tted by
 both s des that these w rs could ot be call d
 wars, they d d n t cc d w th the th ry d
 therefo co ld t crvase materi lf sci nce.

I 806 Pf el had been e of those respo
U In the pl f camp gn that e ded
Jena d A erstade, b t he d d ot e the
least proof f the fall b lity f h theory n
das ers f that war O th co trary th de
om made f om h theory were n h s
p so the sole cause f th wh le d aster
d w h

to
be
f
a
in

the theory
the theory

He said few w d st P A drew d
Cherry hev bo t th p ese t w w th the
u r man wh know bel h d that ll
wllg wr g, d h t d plea ed that
t ho ld be so Th brushed t fts of ha
u d g p beh d d the hast ly bru hed
h h temples exp essed this most lo
g ently

He passed to the next room, and then passed
 through the door into the next room, where he
 heard from there.

CHAPTER XI

[illegible]

nyle and Prince Adewale to the porch where the Emperor who looked tired and moatting Marquis Pucci was talking to him with a pert and swart face.

the co-ersat o but the flu h d and excited
Ital obl us of decorum f llowed I m
d co t used to speak

A d as f the man wh ad ed form g
th c mp—th D ssa camp d P lu as
the Emper mou ted the step nd t g
Pr e A d ew can d h un f m l fac
as to th t person s e co t nued P luc
d per t ly pp tly u able to restr n
h self the m n who d sed th Dr ssa camp
—I ee lternat eb th el n t c a y lum or
the g ll wsl

Who theed glee d fth Ital n re
mark a d as tho gh ot heari g them the
Emp o r corn g Bolkó sk address ed m
gr ously

I am very gl d to see yo Go n there
where they expect to dw ifrme

The Emperor went to the study. He was followed by Prince Peter Mkhayl, Ch. Vol. k. d. B. n. Ste. n. d. The door closed behind them. Prince A. d. ew. tak. g. d. tag. of. th. Em.

E

eu

Pr. p. 1

11
p d y

Emper

the dra g oom w th some maps wh ch he
p ead on tabl a d p t q est so wh ch
h w h d to l th p n of the g tie
m p se t. What had happen d was that
ew (w ch sterw ds p ed to be f lse)
had b en d d g the ht f m
m t by th F e ch to uill k the Dr ssa
camp

The first peak was General Armfeldt who to me the difficulty that presented itself apparently posed perfectly new positions. Why from the Petersburg and Moscow did this case if it was acceptable (less he wished to know that his torrid happenings) but he urged that at this point the army held out there with the enemy. It was plain that Armfeldt had the better of that plan. I go down to the podium to see so much of the questions put—where in fact, his plan did not

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he would not want to know a yth s ce h does not believe that anything can be known. The German self assurance is worst of all strong and more repulsive than anything other because he maintains that he knows the truth—science—which he himself has invented but which is false. The whole is a lie.

Pfuel was evidently of that sort. He had a sense—the theory of blague more than deduced by him from the history of Frederick the Great wars, and all he came across in the

war, they did not accord with the theory and therefore could serve as material for science.

In 1806 Pfuel had been one of those responsible for the plan of campaign that ended in Jena and Auerstadt, but he did not see the last proof of the fallacy of the theory in the disasters of that war. On the contrary the disasters made firm his theory were his opinion, the sole cause of the whole disaster with characteristic gleeful sarcasm he would remark, "There I said that while the French would go to the devil Pfuel was one of those theoreticians who said that the theory that they knew about the theory by itself is practical proposition. His theory made him hate even practical details he would tell them to him was very pleased but if he found the results from the practical practice from the theory only predicted him the curacy of his theory.

He said few words to Prince Andrew and Chernyshev about the present war with the army of the man who knew better than that all would go to the devil which is indeed pleased that would be so. The unbrushed tufts of his such a peculiar dress that he had brushed his temples expressed this most eloquently.

He passed through the entrance of the deep and gloomy so dark his face was not to be heard from there.

CHAPTER XI

PRINCE ANDREW'S eyes were filled with Pfuel's room when Count Bezukhovo entered hurriedly and nodded to Bolikonski, but no person went to the study given instruction to his daughter as he went. The Emperor was following him, and Benign had hastened to make some preparations and to be ready to receive the so-called General Chernyshev.

Prince Andrew went out into the porch, where the Emperor who looked fatigued, was dismounting. Marquis Pulkov was talking to him in particular warmth and the Emperor with his head bent to the left, was not satisfied. The Em

peror's outburst was not continued to peak.

And for the man who descended from the camp—the Drissa camp said Pulkov to the Emperor mounted the steps and not counting Prince Andrew scanned his uniform for the first time. The person's presence costed Pulkov a desperate apparently a blow to restrain himself from the man who descended the Drissa camp—I see no alternative but the lunatic asylum or the gallows.

With heed the end of the Italian's remarks and though not hearing them the Emperor recomposed himself. Bolikonski addressed him gravely.

I am very glad to see you. Go there where they are meeting and wait for me.

The Emperor went to the study. He was followed by Prince Peter Mikhailovich Volkonski and Baron Stepan and the door closed behind them. Prince Andrew taking advantage of the Emperor's permission accompanied Pulkov who had known in Turkey in the drawing room where the official was assembled.

Prince Peter Mikhailovich Volkonski occupied the position as it were of chief of the Emperor's staff. He came out of the study into the drawing room with some map which he placed on the table and put question on which he hesitated to hear the opinion of the gentlemen present. What had happened was that news (which afterwards proved to be false) had been received that the night of the meeting between the French and the Prussians was camp.

The first to speak was General Armfeldt who to meet the difficult situation presented itself unexpectedly proposed a perfectly new position away from the Petersburg and Moscow. The reason for this was completely cable (unless he would lead to how that he too could have an opinion) but he urged that the position of the army should be here awaiting the enemy. It was plain that Armfeldt had the utmost confidence in that plan. He would have expected that so much news was the question of the plan—while in fact his plan did not in-

swer—as to avail himself of the opportunity to air it. It was one of the millions of proposals one as good as another that could be made as long as it was quite unknown what character the war would take. Some disputed his arguments others defended them. Young Count Toll objected to the Swedish general's views more warmly than anyone else and in the course of the dispute drew from his side-pocket a well filled notebook which he asked permission to read to them. In these voluminous notes Toll suggested another scheme totally different from Armfeldt's or Pfuels plan of campaign. In answer to Toll Paulucci suggested an advance and an attack which he urged could alone extricate us from the present uncertainty and from the trap (as he called the Drissa camp) in which we were situated.

During all these discussions Pfuels and his interpreter Wolzogen (his bridge in court relations) were silent. Pfuels only snorted contemptuously and turned away to show that he would never demean himself by replying to such nonsense as he was now hearing. So when Prince Volkonski who was in the chair called on him to give his opinion he merely said:

Why ask me? General Armfeldt has proposed a splendid position with an exposed rear or why not this Italian gentleman's attack—very fine or a retreat also good! Why ask me? said he. Why you yourselves know everything better than I do.

But when Volkonski said with a frown that it was in the Emperor's name that he asked his opinion Pfuels rose and suddenly growing animated began to speak.

Everything has been spoiled everything muddled everybody thought they knew better than I did and now you come to me! How mend matters? There is nothing to mend! The principles laid down by me must be strictly adhered to said he drumming on the table with his bony fingers. What's the difficulty? Non sense childishness!

He went up to the map and speaking rapidly began proving that no eventuality could

ly begin proving that no eventuality could inevitably be destroyed.

Paulucci who did not know German began questioning him in French. Wolzogen came to the assistance of his chief who spoke French badly and began translating for him hardly able to keep pace with Pfuels who was rapidly demonstrating that not only all that had hap-

pened but all that could happen had been foreseen in his scheme and that if there were now any difficulties the whole fault lay in the fact that his plan had not been precisely executed. He kept laughing sarcastically he demonstrated and at last contemptuously ceased to demonstrate like a mathematician who ceases to prove in various ways the accuracy of a problem that has already been proved. Wolzogen took his place and continued to explain his views in French every now and then turning to Pfuels and saying: Is it not so your excellency? But Pfuels like a man heated in a fight who strikes those on his own side shouted angrily at his own supporter Wolzogen: Well of course what more is there to explain?

Paulucci and Michaud both attacked Wolzogen simultaneously in French. Armfeldt addressed Pfuels in German. Toll exclaimed to Volkonski in Russian. Prince Andrew listened and observed in silence.

Of all these men Prince Andrews sympathized most with Pfuels angry determined and absurdly self confident as he was. Of all those present evidently he alone was not seeking anything for himself nursed no hatred against anyone and only desired that the plan formed on a theory arrived at by years of toil should be carried out. He was as ridiculous as any of the

ly sarcastic by sides this as of all except Pfuels had one common trait that had not been noticeable at the council of war in 1807, there was now a panic fear of Napoleon's genius which though concealed was noticeable in every rejoinder. Everything was assumed to be possible for Napoleon they expected him from every side and invoked his terrible name to shatter each other's proposals. Pfuels alone seemed to consider Napoleon a barbarian like any other

in which the courtiers addressed him and the way Paulucci had allowed himself to speak for the Emperor but above all from a certain desperation in Pfuels own expression it was clear that the others knew and Pfuels felt that his fall was at hand and despite his self confidence and grumpy character he was pained with his shameful brush with the temples and striking upon his tufts behind. Though he concealed these feelings under a show of irritation and contempt he was evidently in

desp'rt th' the le rem g chan e fve i
 f'n g h's theory by luge e pe ment and
 pro h' t so d e to tle v'ole w'ld was
 sl'pp g ay from him

butes—l e j etrv t n l r ess nd i h lo pl
 ac q r g i bt He l ll be l m ted

polygl t talk and t the e s rm es plan rei
 t t d ho t felt notl but amaze-

ta d t b ny c e c e f r nd
 th t l e ref e th e can be o s ch th ga a
 m'l tary g — w ppea ed to h m a b-
 truth Wh t theory d scie e spo
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 d fi d. pec lly whe th t e gth of the
 a g f es ca t b cr d? N ne
 blet f ee w l t d t n u
 the e n y rmes l l b d y t me
 d e ga ge t l e f f th th t
 d l m t S m t m —whe the e n t
 and t th f t t t t "We ut fl
 d t r ru g but a bra d j lly l d
 h sh ts H rrah — d t l m nt of f i e
 th d w th th tyth sa d as t S h
 Grabern while t t m s f fty tho sa d run
 f m l t th d t A ter l t Wh t
 s c e ca the e b n m tte n wh ch as in
 all p r a t c a l m a t t e r s t l g b d e f i d
 d e r y th g d p d umerabl o
 d t the g n f i f w l l d e t e r m d
 t p r t f m m t w l h r r e s o
 t

ta y act n l pen l s n t on them but on the
 ma n t l e r a k s w l o s l u s We re lost! or

laulu He t t a u c y c w a
 At the rev ne t d y t l Empe or ked
 P e A d ew wh e he wo l d l k e to serv
 nd l c e A d ew l t l t d g c urt
 d f e b t k g t r e n a n t t a c h d
 to t l s o e g n p r s n b t f o r p r m s s o n to
 serve n th r m y

CHAPTER XII

Brro THE N G o f t e c a m p g n Ros-
 to h d r e e d l e t t e r f o m h p e n t s n
 wh h t e y t l d l n b e s s y o f N t a s l l e s s
 d the b k g o f f o f h e e g a m t t o
 P r n e A n d e w (l h t e y p l d b y N a
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 N d o l t o t r f m t h r m y d r e t r n
 h o m e O e g t h s l u e N c h l d d
 t m k e n y t t p t o g t l e e o f b e
 c e t o t f m t h r m y b t t t o
 h s p t s t l t l e w s r r y N t a l w a s l l
 d l r e g m t b k n o f f n d t l t l
 w o u l d d o l l h l d t m e e t t h e r l e s
 T S y l w r t e p t l y
 A d d f d f m y s u l l e w r o t N t l
 g b t l o l d k p m f m e t u r g
 t t l t r y B t w t l n m e e
 m t f t e c a m p g I s h l d f e l d h n
 o e d t l y m y m l e y b u t n m y
 o w f I p e f e d m y w n l p p e s t o m y
 l d d t y t t l T t l l d B u t l s l l l
 b e o l t e p r a t B l e e m d t l y
 t h w f l m t h l d t l l l d
 b y y u I w l l t h w p e r y t h o d f l y t

p Arn f l d t the d t e y r l l g o o d
 d l l b d d t h e d t a e s f y u g g e s
 t e b s l y t h m m t f t l
 A d l y d t h y l l p e k f m l t a r y g e n
 t l m g w h c a d b d t
 b e b l t p t t h r i g h t m d y w h
 t g o t h t r i g h t d w l t l e l e f t ? I t
 l y b m l y m t d w t h

WAR AND PEACE

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He went up to the map and speaking rapidly began proving that no eventualty could alter the efficiency of the Drussa camp that every thing had been foreseen and that if the enemy were really going to outflank it the enemy could inevitably be destroyed.

Paulucci who did not know German began questioning him in French. Wolzogen came to the assistance of his chief who spoke French badly and began translating for him hardly able to keep pace with Pfuels who was rapidly demonstrating that not only all that had hap-

pened but all that could happen had been foreseen in his scheme and that if there were now any difficulties the whole fault lay in the fact that his plan had not been precisely executed. He kept laughing sarcastically he demonstrated and at last contemptuously ceased to demonstrate like a mathematician who ceases to prove in various ways the accuracy of a problem that has already been proved. Wolzogen took his place and continued to explain his views in French every now and then turning to Pfuels and saying: Is it not so your excellency? But Pfuels like a man heated in a fight who strikes those on his own side shouted angrily at his own supporter Wolzogen: Well of course what more is there to explain?

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at the cc

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tache, spoke grandiloquently of the Saltánov
dam be a Russian Thermopyléd of
how deed orthy f t q ty h d been per
formed by General R é k Herecounted h w
Raé k had led h s o s onto the d m u
der terrific fire d had ch rged w th them be-
d h m Rostó heard the t ry a d not o ly
and n thi g t e co rage Zdrzhn k enthu-
asm b t o the contrary looked l i k e a man
ashamed f h t he was hear g th u h w th
no mte u n f contrad ctng t S ceth cam
pign of Aust l t z d of S y R tó knew
by t p r that men alw ys l e when de-
scrib m l t ry expl t s s he h mself h d
d hen eco t them bes des th t he
had experi ce u h t k ow th t noth g
happe s n r tall w can m g ne o re
h A d

p e, there must ha e been ch co f on
d cro dung n th dam th t wa be g at

i uid n t ha seen h w w th
hom Ra rsk came th d m And e n
those wh d d see t w ld ot h be n
m ch mul ted by t f wh th d they t do
th Raésk tend r p ter l feel g s when
the own k were d

t k my brothe Péty t l e e
ex lly hos tra gert m b t a c
lad b t would ha e tried to put th m som
here u d co er h ch l co t ed t
th k hel te ed t Zdrzhn k B t l e d d
w express h th hus f h m tters
too h had ga ed e pers e H k w that
th tal red ded th gl ry f u rms
dso had t p d t t d ubt t A d
h cted record ly

I can t a d th y m r d lly no-
u g that Rostó d d t r l h Zdrzh k
co enat n. My stock g s d hurt nd
th ter s ru g my eat! I l l go d
look for sh l er The ra eem less h y
lly e t t and Zdrzh k ode way
F e m n tes later lly splash g thro h

the m d came runn g back to the s nty
Hurrah! Rostóv come q ck! I ve found it
About two hundred yards aw y the e s a tavern
where ou s have alre dy gathered We can at
l t get dry there and Mary Hendrikhov s
there

M ry Hendrikhovn was the w fe of the reg-
mental d ct r p t ty young G rman wom n
he had m r r ed in Pol nd T l e doctor wheth-
e from l ck of me n or becau e h d d n t
l ke to p r t from h s you g wife n t l e early
days of the r marr ge took he about with
h m whe e er the l ussar reg ment went and
h jeal usy h d become t nd ng j keam g
the huss officers

Rostó threw h cloak o er h shoulders
sh uted to L r l ka to f llow w th the th ngs
a d— ow sl pp g n the mud now splash g
r g t thro h t—set off w th lly n the les-
g ra d the d rkness th t was occa-
nally re t by d ta t l g t ung

Rostó where re you?

Here What l ghtn gl they called to one
other

CHAPTER XIII

IN THE TAVERN befor w l th stood the doctor s
co ered cart th e w e alre dy some f e of
firs M ry He d l k l pl mp l ttle
bl de G r m in dress ng j ck t and nght
cap wa t t gon bro d b ch n the f o t
co r Her husb d the doct r l y sle p be
h nd l e Rostó a d lly n enter g the
room w re w lcomed w th merry h ut a d
l g l t r

D m h w j lly we are! sa d Rostó
l h

A d why d y st nd th e gap g?

W t w ll they e l W y t l w t
stre m from them! Don t make ou draw g
oom wet

D n t mess M ry He drikh n d es
cried the es.

B. tó d. lly b. ve ed so f. d a to n r
w l er th y co l l h g s to dry d tles
w th ut fle d g M ry He drikh o s
modesty They we e go g to t y recess
beh d p t t n to h ge b t f d
t compl tely filled by three off c rs ho s t
play g ca d by th l ht of a l tary candl
n n empty bo d these officers w ld
on ccou t y ld the posu n M ry
He drikh vna blged them w th the lo n
f p t tico t t be used a cu t a d be-
h d th t creen R t d lly h lped
by La ru hka who had brought the r k us

you to press you forever to my ardent breast

It was in fact only the commencement of the campaign that prevented Rostov from returning home as he had promised and marrying Sonya. The autumn in Otrádnoc with the hunting and the winter with the Christmas holidays and Sonya's love had opened out to him a vista of tranquil rural life such as he had

now all

good pa

agricultural neighbors service by election thought he. But now the campaign was beginning and he had to remain with his regiment. And since it had to be so, Nicholas Rostov as was natural to him, felt contented with the life he led in the regiment and was able to find pleasure in that life.

On his return from his furlough Nicholas having been joyfully welcomed by his comrades was sent to obtain remounts and brought back from the Ukraine excellent horses which pleased him and earned him commendation from his commanders. During his absence he had been promoted captain and when the regiment was put on war footing with an increase in numbers he was again allotted his old squadron.

The campaign began the regiment was moved into Poland on double pay, new officers arrived, new men and horses and above all everybody was infected.

and

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t

He went devoted himself entirely to the pleasures and interests of military service though he knew that sooner or later he would have to relinquish them.

The troops retired from Vilna for various complicated reasons of state, political and strategic. Each step of the retreat was accompanied by a complicated interplay of interests, arguments and passions at headquarters. For the Pávlograd hussars however the whole of this retreat during the finest period of summer and with sufficient supplies was a very simple and agreeable business.

It was only at headquarters that there was depression, uneasiness and

only because they had to leave billets they had grown accustomed to or some pretty young Polish girls.

besides a good soldier and not to think of the general trend of affairs but only of the task nearest to hand. First they camped gaily before Vilna, making

and

l

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in order to retreat to Sventsyáni and destroy any provisions they could not carry away with them. Sventsyáni was remembered by the hussars only as the drunken camp, a name the whole army gave to their encampment there and because many complaints were made against the troops who taking advantage of the order to collect provisions took also horses, carriages and carpeas from the Polish proprietors. Rostov remembered Sventsyáni because on the first day of their arrival at that small town he changed his sergeant-major and was unable to manage all the drunken men of his squadron who unknown to him had appropriated five barrels of old beer. From Sventsyáni they retired farther and farther to Drissa and thence again beyond Drissa, drawing near to the frontier of Russia proper.

On the thirteenth of July the Pávlograd took part in a serious action for the first time.

On the twelfth of July on the eve of that action there was a heavy storm of rain and hail. In general the summer of 1812 was remarkable for its storms.

The two Pávlograd squadrons were bivouacking on a field of rye which was already in ear but had been completely trodden down by cattle and horses. The rain was descending in torrents and Rostov with a young officer named Ilyin, his protégé, was sitting in a hastily constructed shelter. An officer of their regiment with long mustaches extending onto his cheeks who after riding to the staff had been overtaken by the rain entered Rostov's shelter.

I have come from the staff, Count. Have you heard of Rákos's exploit?

And the officer gave them details of the Salátanov battle which he had heard at the staff.

Rostov, smoking his pipe and turning his head about as the water trickled down his neck, listened inattentively, then an occasional glance at Ilyin who was pressing close to him. This officer had of sixteen who had recently joined the regiment was in the same relation to Nicholas that Nicholas had been to Denisov seven years before. Ilyin tried to imitate Rostov in everything and adored him as a girl might have done.

Zdzisłowski, the officer with the long mustache

the, spok gra diloq ently of the Saltán v
de being Russian Thermopyl e, and of
be deed worthy f antiquity had been per
formed by General Raévski. Herecounted how
Raévski had led his two sons into the dam un
der the fire and had charged with them be
side him. Rostó heard the st ry nd not only
nd not willing to encourage Zdrzhinski's enthu
siasm but, the contrary looked like a man
shamed f what he was hearin' though with
no mention of co tradict t. S nce the cam
p was f Austerlitz and f 1807 Rostó k ew
by experience that men all avs l e when de
scribing military expl ts, as he himself had
done when recountin' them bes des that, h
had experience enough to know that noth g
happens in war at all as we can imagin o re
late it And so

Rostó looked t him n il nce. In th first
part, there must ha been such confusion
and crowding the dam that was be ng t
tided that if Raévski did lead his sons there
it could have had no effect except perhaps on
some dozen men earest to him, thought h
"the rest could t ha seen h w o w th
when Raévski cam o to th dam. And even
those who did see t would n t ha e been
much stimulated by t, f what had they to do
with Raévski's tender paternal feel ngs when
their own skins wer in da ver And bes des,
the fate f the F theria d did not depend o
whether they took th Saltán dam not, as
we are told was th case t Thermop lae. So
why should he ha mad uch sacrifice. A d
it expose his own children in th battl I
would no ha taken my brother Pétya there,
even Ilvin, who tra ver to m but n ce
had, be would ha tried o put them som
where under cover. A cholias co tinned to
think, as h liste d t Zdrzhinski. B t h did
not express his thoughts f in such ma ters,
too, he had gained experience. H knew that
t tal redo ded t th gl ry f our arms
and so e had to p etend not to doubt t. And
h cited coordinatr

I ca u d this any mo e, sa d Ilvin o
long that Rostó did n t elish Zdrzhinski's
con eration. My lockings and shirt nd
le wa er is ru n m sea I'll go and
look for the l er Th ra seems less heavy
It went out d Zdrzhinski's rod way
Free man es la er Ilvin splashd g through

the mud, came runn ng back to the shanty

"Hurrah Rostó come qu ck! I e found t
About two hundred yards way there s a ta ern
where ours ha e already gathered. We can at
least get dry there d Mary H drikhovna s
there.

Mary Hendrikhovna was the wife of the regi
mental doctor pretty you g German woman
he had married n Poland. The doctor wheth
er from lack of means o because he did not
like to part from his youn' wife n the early
days of their marriage took her bout w th
him wherever th hussar regiment went and
his jeal usy had become ta d g joke amon
the hussar officers.

Rostóv threw his cloak o'er his shoulders,
sho ted to Lavrushka to f llow with the things,
nd—now sl pp g in th mud now spl shing
right through t—set off with Ilvin n the les
senin' rain d the darkness that was occa
sionally rent by dista t l hin g

Rostó where are you

Here. What I hman they called to on
another

CHAPTER VIII

I TH TA ER before which stood the docto s
co ered cart, there were already som fi e of
ficers. Mary Hendrikhovna plump l title
bl de German n dress o p keta d n ht
cap was tu e on broad bench in the fro t
corner Her husba d, th doct la asleep be
hind her Rostó nd Ilvin, on enteri e the
room, were welcomed w th merry shouts and
laughte

Dear m how jolly we are sa d Rostó
lavruhu

And why do you tand there gap g

"What sw lls they are Why the water
treams from them Don t make our drawin
room so wet.

Do t mess M ry Hendrikho n s dress
cried other es.

Rostó d Ilvin hastened t find corner
where they could cha e to dry d thes
w th t f nding Mary He drikhovna
modesty They were go g into tiny recess
beh d partition to cha ge but found
completely filled by three officers who sat
pla n cards by the l ht f a solitary ca dl
on an empty box, d these officers w uld
on no account yield their pos tio

which who had brought th ir kits,

you to press you forever to my ardent breast

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The campaign began the regiment was moved into Poland on double pay new officers arrived new men and horses and above all everybody was infected with the merrily excited mood that goes with the commencement of a war and Rostov conceived the idea of

but he knew that sooner or later he would have to relinquish them.

The troops retired from Vilna for various complicated reasons of state political and strategic. Each step of the retreat was accompanied by a complicated interplay of interests arguments and passions at headquarters. For the Pávlograd hussars however the whole of this retreat during the finest period of summer and with sufficient supplies was a very simple and agreeable business.

It was only at headquarters that there was depression uneasiness and intrigue in the body of the army they did not ask themselves where they were going or why. If they regretted having to retreat it was only because they had to leave billets they had grown accustomed to or some pretty young Polish lady. If the thought that things looked bad chanced to enter anyone's head he tried to be as cheerful as

befits a good soldier and not to think of the general trend of affairs but only of the task nearest to hand. First they camped gaily before Vilna making acquaintance with the Polish landowners preparing for the winter.

When they destroyed any provisions they could not carry away with them Sventsyáni was remembered by the hussars only as the drunken camp a name the whole army gave to their encampment there and because many complaints were made against the troops, who taking advantage of the order to collect provisions took also horses carriages and carpets from the Polish proprietors Rostov remembered Sventsyáni because on the first day of the

sergeant of his squadron who unknown to him had appropriated five barrels of old beer. From Sventsyáni they retired farther and farther to Drissa and thence again beyond Drissa drawing near to the frontier of Russia proper.

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Zdravitski the officer with the long mus-

he, spoke gr d loqu ntly of the Saltánov
d of

— d came runn g b ck to the sh nty

t k h die
tern fi a d had ch rg d with them be
de h m. R tó he rd the tory nd not only
d noth gt n urage Zdrzh k s enthu
mb t o the c t ry l ked like a m n

th e

enb g m i t ry e pl ts s he h ms li h u
d hen re u t g them bes des that h

er f m l ck of me ns o beca e i u u
l ke t p rt from h s y ng w fe in tle e rly
d y of the r m rr age took her about w th
h m wherev r the hu ar reg ment went and
his jeal u y had become a sta d ng j ke among
the huss r ffi ers

ho ld re

r ght th o gl t—s t olt w t lly
e ng rain and the da kn s th t w s occa
on lly ent by d stant l ghtn g

Ro tó where a yo ?

H e Wh t l ghtn ng! they called to one
n ther

CHAPTER XIII

IN THE TA ERN bef wh ch tood the d ct r s
co ered cart ther were l eady some fi e of
ficiers. M ry He drikho na, plump l tle
bl nde German n adres j ket nd n ht
cap was s tt g on a br d be ch in the fr nt

lau hter

Dear m how jolly we sa d Rost'
laugh

A d why do y u tand ther gap ng?

"What wells they are! Why the w ter
treams from them Don t make our draw g
oom so wet.

"Don mes Mary Hendrikho na s dress
crid other ces.

Rost'v d Ily hastened to fi d a rner
wher Lev could cha to dry d thes
without offend g Mary He drikhovna
mades They wer going to t yr cess
beh rd part uon to change b t fou d
it complet filled by three officers who sat
playng cards by the li ht of sol tary candl
on n empty box, and these officers w uld
on so com ynd ther pos uon Mary
Hendrikhovna ob rd them with h loan
f a perrona to be used as a curt n and be
hind the screen Rostó nd Ilyín helped
by Lavrushka who had brought their kua

d cro ded Rostó n th n rrow h ty
Ro tó looked t h m ns l n In th first
pl e ther must h e been such a confus n
d cro di g n th dam th t was b g t
t ked th t f Raé k d d lead h son ther
t could ha had n eff ct except perhaps on
som do en m earest t h m, th u ht h
th rest co ld n t ha seen h w w th
hom Raé k came to the dam. A d ev n
thos h did see t w uld not ha e been
m ch t mula ed by t, f what had they to do
with Raé k s tender p ternal feel s when
the n k ns wer danger And besides,
th f t of th F therland did not depend n
hether they ook th Saltánov dam o not, as
are told as th case at Thermopylae. So
hy sh ld h ha emade uch sacrifice And
by expose his own children n t battl I
ld t ha taken my brother Pétya there,
o ev Ilyín who stranger me but a nice
lad, b w uld ha e tried to put them som
here under cover Nicolas continued to
th k ash listend o Zdrzhnski But h d
not express his thortals for in such matters,
too h had gained experience. He knew the
th tal redoubled o the glow of our arms
d so had remem oke to draw it And
h ct ed as ording

I ca stand this any more said Evia o
u g the Ro n d d ore rest Zdrzhnski
con cration. M w d d n s and ther
th w t r n coming on my way I'll go
look for a d dler The rain wms on leave
Ily wms out of Zdrzhnski de wms
Evia mms out Evia, w d d n through

you to press you forever to my ardent breast

It was in fact only the commencement of the campaign that prevented Rostov from returning home as he had promised and marrying Sonya. The autumn in Otridnoe with the hunting and the winter with the Christmas holidays and Sonya's love had opened out to him a vista of tranquil rural joys and peace such as he had never known before and which now allured him. A splendid wife children a good pack of hounds a dozen lishes of smart borzois agriculture neighbors service by election thought he. But now the campaign was beginning and he had to remain with his regiment. And since it had to be so Nicholas Rostov as was natural to him felt contented with the life he led in the regiment and was able to find pleasure in that life.

On his return from his furlough Nicholas having been joyfully welcomed by his comrades was sent to obtain remounts and brought back from the Ukraine excellent horses which pleased him and earned him commendation from his commanders. During his absence he had been promoted captain and when the regiment was put on war footing with an increase in numbers he was again allotted his old squadron.

The campaign began the regiment was moved into Poland on double pay new officers arrived new men and horses and above all everybody was infected with the merrily excited mood that goes with the commencement of a war and Rostov conscious of his advantageous position in the regiment devoted himself entirely to the pleasures and interests of military service though he knew that sooner or later he would have to relinquish them.

The troops retired from Vilna for various complicated reasons of state political and strategic. Each step of the retreat was accompanied by a complicated interplay of interests arguments and passions at headquarters. For the Pávlograd hussars however the whole of this retreat during the finest period of summer and with sufficient supplies was a very simple and agreeable business.

It was only at headquarters that there was depression uneasiness and intriguing in the body of the army they did not ask themselves where they were going or why if they regretted having to retreat it was only because they had to leave billets they had grown accustomed to or some pretty young Polish lady. If the thought that things looked bad checked to enter anyone's head he tried to be as cheerful as

befits a good soldier and not to think of the general trend of affairs but only of the task nearest to hand. First they camped gaily before Vilna making acquaintance with the Polish landowners preparing for reviews and being reviewed by the Emperor and other high commanders. Then came an order to retreat to Sventsyan and destroy any provisions they could not carry away with them. Sventsyan was remembered by the hussars only as the drunken camp a name the whole army gave to their encampment there and because many complaints were made against the troops who taking advantage of the order to collect provisions took also horses carriages and carpets from the Polish proprietors. Rostov remembered Sventsyan because on the first day of their arrival at that small town he changed his sergeant major and was unable to manage all the drunken men of his squadron who unknown to him had appropriated five barrels of old beer. From Sventsyan they retired farther and farther to Drissa and thence again beyond Drissa drawing near to the frontier of Russia proper.

On the thirteenth of July the Pávlograd took part in a serious action for the first time.

On the twelfth of July on the eve of that action there was a heavy storm of rain and hail. In general the summer of 1812 was remarkable for its storms.

The two Pávlograd squadrons were bivouacking on a field of rye which was already in ear but had been completely trodden down by cattle and horses. The rain was descending in torrents and Rostov with a young officer named Ilyin his protégé was sitting in a hastily constructed shelter. An officer of their regiment with long mustaches extending onto his cheeks who after riding to the staff had been overtaken by the rain entered Rostov's shelter.

I have come from the staff Count. Have you heard of Račski's exploit?

And the officer gave them details of the Salтанov battle which he had heard at the staff.

Rostov smoking his pipe and turning his head about as the water trickled down his neck listened inattentively with an occasional glance at Ilyin who was pressing close to him. This officer a lad of sixteen who had recently joined the regiment was at now in the same relation to Nicholas that Nicholas had been to Denisov seven years before. Ilyin tried to intimate Rostov in every thing and addressed him as a girl might have done.

Zdrzinski the officer with the long mus-

changed their wet things for dry ones

A fire was made up in the dilapidated brick stove. A board was found fixed on two saddles and covered with a horsecloth. A small samovar was produced and a cellaret and half a bottle of rum and having asked Mary Hendrikhovna to preside they all crowded round her. One offered her a clean handkerchief to wipe her charming hands; another spread a jacket under her little feet to keep them from the damp; another hung his coat over the window to keep out the draft; and yet another waved the flies off her husband's face lest he should wake up.

Leave him alone, said Mary Hendrikhovna, smiling timidly and happily. He is sleeping well as it is after a sleepless night.

Oh no, Mary Hendrikhovna replied the officer, one must look after the doctor. Perhaps he'll take pity on me someday when it comes to cutting off a leg or an arm for me.

There were only three tumblers; the water was so muddy that one could not make out whether the tea was strong or weak; and the samovar held only six tumblers of water; but this made it all the pleasanter to take turns in

cards behind the partition soon left their game and came over to the samovar, yielding to the general mood of courting Mary Hendrikhovna. She seeing herself surrounded by such brilliant and polite young men beamed with satisfaction; try as she might to hide it and perturbed as she evidently was each time her husband moved in his sleep behind her.

There was only one spoon; sugar was more plentiful than anything else; but it took too long to dissolve; so it was decided that Mary Hendrikhovna should stir the sugar for every one in turn. Rostov received his tumbler and adding some rum to it asked Mary Hendrikhovna to stir it.

But you take it without sugar? she said smiling all the time as if everything she said and everything the others said was very amusing and had a double meaning.

It is not the sugar I want; but only that your little hand should stir my tea.

Mary Hendrikhovna assented and began looking for the spoon which someone meant to hile had pounced on.

Use your finger, Mary Hendrikhovna, it will be still nicer, said Rostov.

Too hot! she replied blushing with pleasure.

Ilyin put a few drops of rum into the bucket

finger in it and I'll drink it all up.

When they had emptied the samovar Rostov took a pack of cards and proposed that they should play kings with Mary Hendrikhovna. They drew lots to settle who should make up her set. At Rostov's suggestion it was agreed that whoever became king should have the right to kiss Mary Hendrikhovna's hand and that the Booby should go to refill and rehear the samovar for the doctor when the latter awoke.

Well, but supposing Mary Hendrikhovna is king? asked Ilyin.

As it is she is Queen and her word is law.

They had hardly begun to play before the doctor's disheveled head suddenly appeared from behind Mary Hendrikhovna. He had been awake for some time listening to what was being said and evidently found nothing entertaining or amusing in what was going on. His face was sad and depressed. Without greeting the officers he scratched himself and asked

and thereby became a them. Returning from the yard the doctor told his wife (who had ceased to smile so happily and looked at him in alarm at hearing her sentence) that the rain had ceased and they must go to sleep in their covered cart or every thing in it could be stolen.

But I'll send an orderly. Two of them! said Rostov. What an idea, doctor!

I'll stand guard on it myself! said Ilyin.

No gentlemen, you have left your sleep, but I have not slept for two nights, replied the doctor, and he sat down more closely beside his wife waiting for the game to end.

Seeing his gloomy face as he frowned at his wife the officers grew still merrier and some of them could not refrain from laughter for which they hurriedly sought plausible pretexts. When he had gone to kiss his wife with him and had settled down with her in their covered cart the officers lay down in the tavern covering themselves with the red cloaks but they did not sleep for a long time; now they exchanged remarks recalling the doctor's un-

ness and his wife's delight, now they ran into the porch and reported what was taking place in the covered trap. Several times Rostov covered his head, tried to go to sleep, but some remark would rouse him and conversation would be resumed, to the accompaniment of unreasoning, merry childlike laughter.

CHAPTER XIX

It was early three o'clock but no one was yet asleep when the quartermaster appeared with an order to move on to the little town of Ostrovna. Still laughing and talking, the officers began burning the bedding ready and a boiled some muddy water in the samovar. But Rostov went off to his squadron without waiting for tea. Day was breaking, the rain had ceased, and the clouds were dispersing. It felt damp and cold, especially in clothes that were still moist. As they left the tavern in the twilight of the dawn, Rostov and Ilyin both glanced under the wet and glistening leather hood of the doctor's cart, from under the pron of which his feet were sticking out, and the middle of which his wife's night cap was visible and her every breath audible.

"She really is dear! till this," said Rostov to Ilyin, who was following him.

A charming woman, said Ilyin, with all the gravity of a boy sixteen.

Half an hour later the squadron was lined up on the road. The command was heard to move on and the soldiers crossed themselves and mounted. Rostov rode in front of the order "Forward" and the hussars, with clanking sabers and subdued talk, their horses boo-splashing in the mud, defiled in files and moved along the broad road planted with birch trees in each direction following the infantry and battery that had gone on in front.

Tinted, blue-purple clouds, reddened in the east, were scudding before the wind. It was growing lighter and higher. That curly grass which always grows by country roads became clearly visible, still wet with the night rain, the drooping branches of the birches, all so wet, swayed in the wind and flung down bright drops of water to the ground. The soldiers' faces were more and more clearly visible. Rostov always closely followed by Ilyin rode along the side of the road between two rows of birch trees.

When campaigning Rostov allowed himself the indulgence of riding not equidistant but

Cossack horse. A judge of horses and sportsman he had lately procured himself a large, fine mettlesome Donets horse dun-colored, with light mane and tail and when he rode it no one could outgall him. To ride this horse was pleasure to him, and he thought of the horse of the morning of the doctor's wife but not once of the impending danger.

Formerly when going into action Rostov had felt afraid, now he had not the least feeling of fear. He was fearless, not because he had grown used to being under fire (one cannot grow used to danger) but because he had learned how to manage his thoughts when in danger. He had grown accustomed when going into action to think about anything but what would seem most likely to interest him—the impending danger. During the first period of the war he tried a good deal of this

but birch trees, occasionally plucking grass and

and careless and as though he were out of it. And he needed with propriety the excited face of Ilyin who talked much and in great agitation. He knew from experience the terrible expectation of terror and death the cornet was suffering and knew that only time could help him.

As soon as the sun appeared on a clear trip of sky beneath the clouds, the wind fell as if it dared not spoil the beauty of the summer morning after the storm drops still continued to fall but vertically now and it was still. The white sun appeared on the horizon and disappeared behind a narrow cloud that hung about it. A few minutes later it reappeared

ahead of them.

Before Rostov had had time to consider and determine the distance of that firing, Count Ostermann-Tolstoy's adjutant came galloping from the task with orders to advance to a trot also on the road.

The squadron overtook and passed the infantry and the battery—which had also quickened their pace—rode down hill, and passing through an empty and deserted village gained

changed their wet things for dry ones

A fire was made up in the dilapidated brick stove. A board was found fixed on two saddles and covered with a horsecloth. A small samovar was produced and a cellaret and half a bottle of rum and having asked Mary Hendrikhovna to preside they all crowded round her. One of her charming hands another spread a jacket under her little feet to keep them from the damp another hung his coat over the window to keep out the draft and yet another waved the flies off her husband's face lest he should wake up. Leave him alone said Mary Hendrikhovna smiling timidly and happily. He is sleeping well as it is after a sleepless night.

Oh no Mary Hendrikhovna replied the officer one must look after the doctor. Perhaps he'll take pity on me someday when it comes to cutting off a leg or an arm for me.

There were only three tumblers the water was so muddy that one could not make out whether the tea was strong or weak and the samovar held only six tumblers of water but this made it all the pleasanter to take turns in order of seniority to receive one tumbler from Mary Hendrikhovna's plump little hands with their short and not overclean nails. All the officers appeared to be and really were in love with her that evening. Even those playing cards behind the partition soon left their game and came over to the samovar yielding to the general mood of courting Mary Hendrikhovna. She seeing herself surrounded by such brilliant and polite young men beamed with satisfaction try as she might to hide it and perturbed as she evidently was each time her husband moved in his sleep behind her.

There was only one spoon sugar was more plentiful than anything else but it took too long to dissolve so it was decided to

Hendrikhovna to stir it.

eu Mary Hendrik

But you take it without sugar? she said smiling all the time as if everything she said and everything the others said was very amusing and had a double meaning.

It is not the sugar I want but only that your little hand should stir my tea.

Mary Hendrikhovna assented and began looking for the spoon which someone meanwhile had pounced on.

Use your finger Mary Hendrikhovna it will be still nicer said Rostov.

Too hot! she replied blushing with pleasure.

Ilyin put a few drops of rum into the bucket of water and brought it to Mary Hendrikhovna asking her to stir it with her finger.

This is my cup said he. Only dip your finger in it and I'll drink it all up.

When they had emptied the samovar Rostov took a pack of cards and proposed that they should play kings with Mary Hendrikhovna. They drew lots to settle who should make up her set. At Rostov's suggestion it was agreed that whoever became king should have the right to kiss Mary Hendrikhovna's hand and that the Booby should go to refill and relieve the samovar for the doctor when the latter awoke.

Well but supposing Mary Hendrikhovna is king? asked Ilyin.

As it is she is Queen and her word is law.

They had hardly begun to play before the doctor's disheveled head suddenly appeared from behind Mary Hendrikhovna. He had been awake for some time listening to what was being said and evidently found nothing entertaining or amusing in what was going on. His face was sad and depressed. Without greeting the officers he scratched himself and asked to be allowed to pass as they were blocking the way. As soon as he had left the room all the officers burst

drivovr and then returned to the yard the doctor told his wife (who had ceased to smile so happily and looked at him in alarm awaiting her sentence) that the rain had ceased and they must go to sleep in their covered cart or every thing in it would be stolen.

But I'll send an orderly. Two of them said Rostov. What an idea doctor!

I'll stand guard on it myself said Ilyin. No gentlemen you have had your sleep but I have not slept for two nights replied the doctor and he sat down morosely beside his wife waiting for the game to end.

Seeing his gloomy face as he frowned at his wife the officers grew still merrier and some of them could not refrain from laughing for which they hurriedly sought plausible pretexts. When he had gone taking his wife with him and had settled down with her in the covered cart the officers lay down in the tavern covering themselves with the wet cloaks but they did not sleep for a long time now they exchanged remarks recalling the doctor's un-

horse a d gall ped t tersect the p th f the
dragoons d so d edl es One Uhl n stopped
another h as on foot fl g h mself to the

Rostó p k g to e grayh se dashed
after him. O the way he came upon bu h
his galla t h rse cle r d t dalm t b f e
he had right d hms lf in his ddle he saw
that he would umm d tely o take the en
emy h had s l cted. That F e chman by h
un f rm flc w s g g at gall p
crouch g n his gray h rs nd urg g t on
wh h h

Th

ock t his h rse d f m f ght. R tó
reined his h rse and h yes sou ht his fo
to t e wh m h had q hed. Th F ench
dragoon fter was hopp g w th e foot on
th gr und th ther be g ca ght n th t
rup H eyes crewed p w th fe as f he
every mom t exp t d the blow gazed
up t R tó with hr k g t rr H p l
and m d ta ed f -f d you g w th a
dumple n the ch d lght bl e eyes—was
not an enemy fac t ll ted t b tll field,
b t a most d ry h m l k f e B fo
Rostó had d d d what t d w th m th
ficer cried, Is rr der! He h rr edly but
va ly tr d t get his foot ut f the t rr p
d d d t remo e his frighte d bl yes
from

thou h h f goo e was w ded, b t
g p hush rse the was perched p b
h d hussar w th h arms d him
third was b g helped by n huss t mo nt
his horse. I fro t, th Fre ch f try w re
fir gas they ran. The hussars gall p d hast ly
ba k w th the p iso rs. Rostó gall p db k
w th th rest, wa e f pl t f l g
f d p ess h he rt. Som th g gu
d fused, wh ch he co ld t t ll
ow t f h d me er h m w th the captur
f th t ff er d th bl w h had deal him.

Cou t Osterman Tol tóy met the return
ing hussars sent for Rostóv tha ked h m nd
s d he w uld rep t h gall t deed to the
Empe and would recommend h m f St
George Cross Wh n sent for by Count Oster
m n Rostó remembering t l t l e had
ch rged w thout ord rs f ltsu ch scomm d
e w s end g fo h m to p sh h m fo
b ch f d scipl e Osterm n n s fl tter ng
wo ds and p m e of a rew d should t l e

worry g me? he asked h mself as he ode
b k f m the ge eral Ilyf? No he s saf
H e l d sgrac d my elf nyw y? No that
not it. Som th g else esembl g emors
tormented h m Yes h yes that F ench of
ficer w th the d mpl And I remembe low
my rm p used wh n I r ed t

Rostó saw th p soners be g led away d
gall p d fter th m t ha e look t h
Fre chman w th the d mple n his ch He
w stt g n h f e g nif rm n an l u r
p ckhors nd looked nx sly ab t h m
The sw d cut on h rm c uld sca cely b

o l s t e

All th t d y and the ne t h f e ds d

m n l n d kept tu g someth g er
n h mind.

Ro t was lw veth t

cameu m! And d d l do t f my co ntry'
s k? And h w w he to bl m with h d m
pl nd blu eyes? A d h w fr ght ned he w l

But wh le N cholas was co der o l

ascended. The horses began to lather and the men to flush.

Halt! Dress your ranks! the order of the regimental commander was heard ahead. Forward by the left. Walk, march! came the order from in front.

And the hussars passing along the line of troops on the left flank of our position halted behind our Uhlans who were in the front line. To the right stood our infantry in a dense column; they were the reserve. Higher up the hill on the very horizon our guns were visible through the wonderfully illu-

from
en

c o b ois with the enemy in the dale

At these sounds long unheard Rostov's spirits rose as at the strains of the merriest music. *Trap ta ta tap!* cracked the shots now together now several quickly one after another. Again all was silent and then again it sounded as if someone were walking on detonators and exploding them.

The hussars remained in the same place for about an hour. A cannonade began. Count Ostermann with his suite rode up behind the squadron, halted, spoke to the commander of the regiment and rode up the hill to the guns.

After Ostermann had gone a command rang out to the Uhlans:

Form column! Prepare to charge!

The infantry in front of them parted into platoons to allow the cavalry to pass. The Uhlans started the streamers on their spears fluttering and trotted downhill toward the French cavalry which was seen below to the left.

As soon as the Uhlans descended the hill the hussars were ordered up the hill.

the batt

the Uhl

ing and

ing effect

The sounds which he had not heard for so long had an even more pleasurable and exhilarating effect on Rostov than the previous sounds of firing. Drawing himself up he viewed the field of battle opening out before him from the hill and with his whole soul felt

the

the smoke and

five minutes later our Uhlans were galloping back not to the place they had occupied but more to the left and among the orange-colored

Uhlans on chestnut horses and behind them in a large group blue French dragoons on gray horses could be seen.

CHAPTER XV

Rostov with his keen sportsman's eye was one of the first to catch sight of these blue French dragoons pursuing our Uhlans. Nearer and nearer in disorderly crowds came the Uhlans and the French dragoons pursuing them. He could already see how these men who looked so small at the foot of the hill posted and overtook one another waving their arms and their sabers in the air.

Rostov gazed at what was happening before him as at a hunt. He felt instinctively that if the hussars struck at the French dragoons now the latter could not withstand them, but if a charge was to be made it must be done now at that very moment or it would be too late. He looked around. A captain standing beside him was gazing like himself with eyes fixed on the cavalry below them.

Andrew

kno

f

reall

Rostov without waiting to hear him out, touched his horse galloped to the front of his squadron and before he had time to finish giving the word of command the whole squadron sharing his feeling was following him. Rostov himself did not know how or why he did it. He acted as he did when hunting without reflecting or considering. He saw the dragoons near and that they were galloping in disorder—he knew they could not withstand an attack—knew there was only that moment and that if he let it slip it would not return. The bullets were whining and whistling so stimulatingly around him and his horse was so eager to go that he could not restrain himself. He touched his horse gave the word of command and immediately hearing behind him the tramp of the horses of his deployed squadron rode at full trot downhill toward the dragoons. Hardly had they reached the bottom of the hill before their pace instinctively changed to a gallop which grew faster and faster as they drew nearer to our Uhlans and the French dragoons who galloped after them. The dragoons were not close at hand. On seeing the hussars the foremost began to turn while those behind began to halt. With the same feeling with which he had galloped across the path of a wolf Rostov gave rein to his Donat

bone d galloped t intersect the p th f the

I all the Fren h dragoo sw egall p gb ck
Rostó p cks go t ne grayh rse dashed
after him. O th ay he came pon bush
his galla th rse cleared t, d lm t bef e
he had ri hted hims lf i his saddle he saw
that he o ld immed t ly ove take the en
emy h had selected. That Fre him n by his
unfrm an fficer wa go g t gallop
cro ch go his gray h rse d urgi g t on
with h sabe I oth m me t Rostó s
horse dashed us breastaga t the h nd quarters
f th officers h rs lmost k ocking t o er
and t th same nst t Rostó w th t kn w
ing why raised his saber d truck the Fre ch
ma with t.

The t a the had d th all Rostó s
umatio va ished. Th office fell n t so
much from th bl w—wh ch had b t sl ghtly
cur h arm abo e th lbow—a f om the
shock to his h rse nd from fr ght. R tóv
re ed in his horse d h s eyes so ght h f
to see wh m h h d q hed. Th Fench
dragoo ffie was h pp g w th o e foot on
th ground, th ther be g caught n the st
rup H eyes cr wed up w th f s f he
every m use t expected th bl w gaz d
up t Rostó w th hurs k g terro H s p l
and mud ta ed f e—f d y u g w th
dumpl the chu d l ght bl e eyes—was
not an enemy face t lls ted t b t tl field
b t a most rd ary h m l ke f e Bef re
Rostó had d cid d wh t t d w th h m the
officer cried I surre der! He hurr edly b t
vainly tried to get his foot o t f th t rrup
a d d d n t rem his fri ht ed bl e eyes
from Rostó s f ce. Som hussars who gall ped
p duse gaged h foot d h lp d h m t
th saddle. O all d the h sars w e busy
w th th dragoo o e was w ded, b t
tho gh h f was bl edu g h w ld n t
g p hush rs
hu d
thurd
hu h
f g
ba k
w th
I depress t n u ple sant f el g
nd fused hu heart. Som thu g au
t which h co ld t t ll
ou t f h d m h m w th th capture
f th t off er d th blow he had d lt him.

Co nt Ostermann Tolstóy met t le return
i hussars sent for R tó t la ked l im and
sa d he w uld report h s gallant deed to the
Emperor nd would recomme d him f a St
George s Cr ss When sent for by Count O ter
m nn R stó r membe g that he l al
ch rged w th ut orders felt sure h scom nd
was s d ng f him to pun h h m f r
breach of d sc pl ne Osterm nns fl tter ng

w rry g me? he ked h mself as he rode
b k from the general lly? No l e s safe
H e l d graced my elf n ny way? N that
not t. Som thing else resembl g rem rse
t rmented h m. Yes oh yes that French of
fice w th the d mple And I remember h w
my rm p used when I ra sed t

Rostó saw th p son rs be gled a ay l
gall ped ft th m t ha e look t l s
Fr chm n w th the d mple on h s ch He
wa tt h s f e gnu form on an l ssa
p kl rs a d looked an ouly bo t l t
Th sw d cut on h s arm could sca cely b
ll t w

All th t d y nd the next h s frie ds l

ma l ne nd k pt turn ngs meth go cr
n h s m nd.

Rostó wa always thinki g bo t that br l
l nt e pl t of his wh ch t h m eme t
h d g ned h m th St George s Cross d e
g e l m r put t on f bra ery nd ther
was eth g he ould n t t ll understa d
So otl rs e even m e fra d th I ml
h th ght. So that s ll there n wh t s
called h

B t hile N ch las was co s d g thes
q est s d st ll could each n l
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the highly harmful pills in the little glass box had to be administered? Even to Natásha herself it was pleasant to see that so many sacrifices were being made for her sake and to know that she had to take medicine certainly through the declared that no medicine would cure her and that twice in the course of a week even pleasant to be able to show by his regard for the orders that he did not believe in medical treatment and did not value her life.

The doctor came every day felt her pulse looked at her to gauge and regardless of her grief-stricken face joked with her. But when he had gone to the room to which the countess hurried followed him, he assumed a grave air and thoughtfully shook his head and that though there was danger he had hopes of the effect of this last medicine. And one must wait to see, that the malady was chiefly mental, but. And the countess trying to conceal the concern in herself from him, slipped a good coin to his hand and was returned to the patient with more tranquil mind.

The symptoms of Natásha still answered that the little, leprous coughed, and was slowly purged. The doctors said that he could not get without medical treatment, so they kept her without atmosphere fresh town, and the Rosovs did not move to the country that summer.

In spite of the many pills swallowed and the drops and powders of the little bottles and boxes of which Madame Schoss who was fond of such things made large collection did manage to be deprived of the country life to which she was accustomed, though prevailed. Natásha's grief began to be overlaid by the impressions of daily life ceased to press so painfully on her heart, gradually faded to the past, and she began to recover physically.

CHAPTER XVII

NATÁSHA WAS CALMER but no happier. She not merely avoided all external forms of pleasure—baths, promenades, concerts, and theaters—but she even laughed without sound of tears in her laughter. She could no longer laugh as she began to laugh, or tried to smile by herself, tears choked her tears of remorse, tears of the recollection of those pure times which could never return, tears of exaltation that she should no longer be running her own life which might have been so happy. Laughter and no particular seemed to her like blessing on the face of her sorrow. Without any

need of self-restraint no wish to coquet or even to feed her head. She said and felt at that time that no man was more to her than Nastásha Iváno in the buffoon. Something stood sentinel within her forbidding every joy. Besides, he had lost all the old interests of her carefree girlish life that had been so full of hope. The previous autumn the hunt, the Uncle and the Christmas holidays spent with Nicholas and Otrádnov were what he recalled oftenest and most painfully. What would she not have given to bring back even a single day of that time! But it was gone forever. Her presentiment at the time had not deceived her—that that taste of freedom and readiness for any enjoyment would not return again. Yet it was necessary to live on.

nothing to come. There was no joy in life yet. Life was passing. Natásha apparantly tried not to be burdened by her fate to any one, but wanted nothing for herself. She kept away from everyone in the house and felt at ease only with her brother Pétya. She liked to be with him better than with the others, and when alone with him she sometimes laughed. She hardly ever left the house and of those who came to see them was glad to see only one person, Pierre. It would have been impossible to treat her with more delicacy greater care, and at the same time more seriously than did Count Bezukhov. Natásha unconsciously felt this delicacy and so found great pleasure in his society. But she was not even grateful to him for anything good on Pierre's part seemed to her to be an effort, it seemed so natural for him to be kind to everyone that there was no merit in his kindness. Sometimes Natásha noticed embarrassment and awkwardness on his part, her presence, especially when he wanted to do something to please her or feared that something they spoke of would awaken memories distressing to her. She noticed this and tributed it to his general kindness and kindness, which she imagined must be the same toward everyone as it was to her. After those non-ordinary words—that if he were free he would have knelt on his knees before her and her love—uttered at a moment when she was so thoroughly gratified, Pierre never spoke to Natásha of his feelings and it seemed plain to her that those words which had then so comforted her were

an hussar battalion and when a brave officer was needed he was chosen

CHAPTER XVI

ON RECEIVING NEWS of Natásha's illness the countess though not quite well yet and still weak went to Moscow with Pétya and the rest of the household and the whole family moved from Márya Dmitrievna's house to their own and settled down in town

Natásha's illness was so serious that fortunately for her and for her parents the consideration of all that had caused the illness her conduct and the breaking off of her engagement receded into the background. She was so ill that it was impossible for them to consider in how far she was to blame for what had happened. She could not eat or sleep grew visibly thinner coughed and as the doctors made them feel was in danger. They could not think of anything but how to help her. Doctors came to see her singly and in consultation talked much in French German and Latin blamed one another and prescribed a great variety of medicines for all the diseases known to them but the simple idea never occurred to any of them that they could not know the disease Natásha was suffering from as no disease suffered by a live man can be known for every living person has his

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maladies of those or
gans. This simple thought could not occur to the doctors (as it cannot occur to a wizard that he is unable to work his charms) because the business of their lives was to cure and they received money for it and had spent the best years of their lives on that business. But above all that thought was kept out of their minds by the fact that they saw they were really useful as in fact they were to the whole Rostov family. Their usefulness did not depend on making the patient swallow substances for the most part harmful (the harm was scarcely perceptible as they were given in small doses) but they were useful necessary and indispensable because they satisfied a mental need of the invalid and of those who loved her—and that is why there are and always will be pseudo-healers wise women homeopaths and allopaths. They satisfied that eternal human need for hope of relief for sympathy and that

something should be done which is felt by those who are suffering. They satisfied the need seen in its most elementary form in a child, when it wants to have a place rubbed that has been hurt. A child knocks itself and runs at once to the arms of its mother or nurse to have the aching spot rubbed or kissed and it feels better when this is done. The child cannot believe that the strongest and wisest of its people have no remedy for its pain and the hope of relief and the expres

her bump assuring her that it would soon pass if only the coachman went to the chemist's in the Arbát and got a powder and some pills in a pretty box for a ruble and seventy kopeks and if she took those powders in boiled water at intervals of precisely two hours neither more nor less.

What would Sónya and the count and countess have done how would they?

the carrying out of which supplied an occupation and consolation to the family circle? How would the count have borne his dearly loved daughter's illness had he not known that it was costing him a thousand rubles and that he would not grudge thousands more to benefit her or had he not known that if her illness continued he would not grudge yet other thousands and could take her abroad for consultations there and had he not been able to explain the details of how Métrier and Félher had not understood the symptoms but Frise had and Mudrov had diagnosed them even better? What would the countess have done had she not been able sometimes to scold the not strictly

she would
her grief in her vexation if you won't obey the doctor and take your medicine at the right time! You mustn't trifle with it you know or it may turn to pneumonia she would go on deriving much comfort from the utterance of that foreign word incomprehensible to others as well as to herself.

What would Sónya have done without the glad consciousness that she had not undressed during the first three nights ready

the somewhat harmful pills in the little glass box had to be discontinued? Ecce! Natasha herself it was pleasant to see that so many sacrifices were being made for her sake. She did not know that she had to take medicine at certain hours though she declared that medicine would cure her and that it was all nonsense. And it was even pleasant to be able to show by disregarding the orders, that he did not believe in medical treatment and did not alter her life.

The doctor came every day, felt her pulse, looked at her tongue and regardless of her grief, tricked her face, joked with her. But when he had gone to another room to which the countess hurriedly followed him, he assumed a grave air and thoughtfully shaking his head said that though there was danger he had hopes of the effect of this last medicine. And one must wait and see that the malady was chiefly mental, but. And the countess, trying not to call the cure from herself and from him, slipped gold coins into his hand and he was turned to the patient with more tranquil mind.

Then—

“And the Rostovs did not move to the country that summer of 82.”

I spent the many pills he swallowed and the drops and powders in the little bottles and boxes. I wish I had Madame Schoss who was fond of such things made large collections and I suspect I should have been deprived of the country life to which she was accustomed, with prevailed. Natasha grief began to be overlaid by the hope of a daily life. It ceased to press so painfully on her heart, it gradually faded to the past, and she began to recover physically.

CHAPTER XVII

NATASHA WAS CALMER but so happier. She no longer denied all external forms of pleasure—balls, promenades, concerts and lectures—but never laughed without sound of tears in her laughter. She could not sing. As soon as she began to sing, or tried to sing by herself, tears broke her tears of remorse, tears of reflection of those pure times which could never return, tears of exaltation that she should so uselessly have ruined her young life which might have been so happy. Laughter and singing in particular seemed to her like blasphemy in face of her sorrow. Without any

need of self-restraint, no wish to coquet ever entered her head. She said and felt at that time that no man was more to her than Nastasya Filovna the buffoon. Something stood sentinel within her and forbade her every joy. Besides, he had lost all the old interests of her carefree girlhood. It felt that had been so full of hope. The previous autumn the husband, Uncle and the Christmas holidays spent with Nicholas and Otrádnov were what she recalled oftenest and most painfully. What would she not have given to bring back even a single day of that time! But it was gone forever. Her presentiment of the time had not deceived her—that that state of freedom and readiness for any enjoyment would lead to return gain but it was necessary to leave on.

It comforted her to reflect that she was not better as she had formerly imagined, but worse much worse than anybody else in the world. But this was not no help. She knew that, and asked herself, “What next? But there was

from every corner of the house, she felt teased only with her brother Petya. She liked to be with him better than with the others, and when alone with him she sometimes laughed. She hardly ever left the house and of those who came to see them was glad to see only one person so Pierre. It would have been impossible to treat her with more delicacy, greater care and with so much love.

“And again on Pierre part seemed to her to be in spite of it, it seemed so in rural life for him to be kind to everyone that there was no merit in his kindness. Sometimes Natasha noted embarrassment and awkwardness on his part at her presence especially when he wanted to do something to please her or feared that something they spoke of would worry — — — distress.

And it

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every day was to her. After those in ordinary words—that if he were free he would have asked his knees for her hand and her interest—moment when she was so tragically grieved, Pierre never spoke to Natasha of his feelings and it seemed plain to her that those words, which had then so comforted her were

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Natásha's illness was so serious that fortunately for her and for her parents the consideration of all that had caused the illness her conduct and the breaking off of her engagement receded into the background. She was so ill that it was impossible for them to consider in how far she was to blame for what had happened. She could not eat or sleep grew visibly thinner coughed and as the doctors made them feel was in danger. They could not think of anything but how to help her. Doctors came to see her singly and in consultation talked much in French German and Latin blamed one another and prescribed a great variety of medicines for all the diseases known to them but the simple idea never occurred to any of them that they could not know the disease Natásha was suffering from as no disease suffered by a live man can be known for every living person has his own

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small doses)

but they were useful necessary and indispensable because they satisfied a mental need of the invalid and of those who loved her—and that is why there are and always will be pseudo-healers use women homeopaths and allopaths. They satisfied that eternal human need for hope of relief for sympathy and that

something should be done which is felt by those who are suffering. They satisfied the need seen in its most elementary form in a child, when it wants to have a place rubbed that has been hurt. A child knocks itself and runs at once to the arms of its mother or nurse to have the aching spot rubbed or kissed and it feels better when this is done. The child cannot believe that the strongest and wisest of its people have no remedy for its pain and the hope of relief and the expression

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her that it would soon pass if only the coachman went to the chemist's in the Arbát and got a powder and some pills in a pretty box for a ruble and seventy kopeks and if she took those powders in boiled water at intervals of precisely two hours neither more nor less.

What would Sonya and the countess have done? How would it

occupation and consolation to the family circle? How would the countess have borne his dearly loved daughter's illness had he not known that it was costing him a thousand rubles and that he would not grudge thousands more to benefit her or had he not known that if her illness con

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it could the countess have done had she not been able sometimes to scold the invalid for not strictly obeying the doctor's orders?

You'll never get well like that she would say forgetting her grief in her vexation if you won't obey the doctor and take your medicine at the right time! You mustn't trifle with it you know or it may turn to pneumonia she would go on deriving much comfort from the utterance of that foregone word incomprehensible to others as well as to herself.

What would Sonya have done without the glad consciousness if at she had not undressed during the first three nights in order to be ready to carry out all the doctor's injunctions with precision and that she still kept awake at night so as not to miss the proper time when

— k l l It box

need of self restraint no wish to coquet
entered her head. She said and felt that the
time no man was more to her than Nastasya
Ivanna the buffoon. Something stood
nearly with her and so bade her every joy. Be-
sides, he had lost all the old interests of her
carefree girl. He felt that had been so full of hope.
The people usually hunt the game. Uncle

though he declared that to be true
tore her that was all of course. And was
even pleased to be with her by disregard-
ing the others, that she did not believe in medi-
cine treatment did not value her life.

The doctor came every day to feel her pulse
looked at her tongue and regardless of her
gratitude, he joked with her. But when
he had gone into another room to which the
countess hurriedly followed him, he assumed
a grave air and thoughtfully hunched his head
and said that though she was dangerous he did
hope for the best. Thus, it seemed to
the countess that the medical was
chiefly medicinal. And the countess try-
ing to conceal the contempt from herself and from
him, lipped gold coins to his hand and
way returned to the patient with more tran-
quil mind.

The symptoms of Nastasya illness were that
he felt little physical comfort and was
always low spirited. The doctor said that he
could get with medical treatment, so
they kept her in the stifling atmosphere of the
town and the room did not move to the
country that number of 8.

I put the medicine pills in a well-washed
the drops and powder of the little bottles
and boxes with him. The Schoss with
found the child made large collection and
put the doctor in the country. I felt
which she was cured with the help of
Nastasya's grief began to be obliterated by the
impressions of life. It seemed to pass so
peacefully her heart gradually faded to
the past, and he began to recover physically.

CHAPTER XVII

NASTASYA WAS CALLED EXACTLY happier. She not
merely added to her life of pleasure.

He began to bring back the single day of
that time. But it was gone forever. Her pre-
sentment of the time had not deceived her—
that the state of freedom and readiness for
any enjoyment would not return again. Yet it
was necessary to live on.

It comforted her to feel that she was a
better rash had formerly imagined but worse
much worse than anybody else in the world.
But this was not enough. She knew that
she had herself. What else? But there was
nothing to come. There was no joy in life yet
life was passing. Nastasya apparently tried not
to be bored nor a hindrance to anyone but
acted in this way for herself. She kept away
from everyone in the house. She felt ease
only with her brother Petya. She liked to be with
him better than with the others. And when
alone with him she sometimes laughed. She
hardly ever left the house and of those who
came to see her was glad to see only one per-
son. Petya. It would have been impossible to
trust her with the delicacy great care and
the same time more seriously than did Count
Bezukh. Nastasya unconsciously felt the deli-
cacy of so fond great pleasure in his society.
But she was not even grateful to him for it.
In this regard, the presence of it seemed to her to
be sufficient, it seemed so natural for him to be
kind to everyone that she was no more
kindness. Sometimes Nastasya not dis-
missed the awkwardness on her part.
Her presence especially when he was tired.

Each of those pure times which had
erased from tears of excitement that he should
so selfishly have ruined his gift of health
might have been so happy. Lau had not
any part of it seemed to her like bliss.
Phenomena of her sorrow. With it, y

every case was the same. After those
tary was that if he were free he would have
asked him to see her hand and her.

an hussar battalion and when a brave officer was needed he was chosen

CHAPTER XVI

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marriages of those or gans. This simple thought could not occur to the doctors (as it cannot occur to a wizard that he is unable to work his charms) because the business of their lives was to cure and they received money for it and had spent the best years of their lives on that business. But above all that thought was kept out of their minds by the fact that they saw they were really useful as in fact they were to the whole Rostov family. Their usefulness did not depend on making the patient swallow substances for the most part harmful (the harm was scarcely perceptible as they were given in small doses) but they were useful necessary and indispensable because they satisfied a mental need of the invalid and of those who loved her—and that is why there are and always will be pseudo-healers and women homeopaths and allopaths. They satisfied that eternal human need for hope of relief for sympathy and that

something should be done which is felt by those who are suffering. They satisfied the need seen in its most elementary form in a child when it wants to have a place rubbed that has been hurt. A child knocks itself and runs at once to the arms of its mother or nurse to have the aching spot rubbed or kissed and it feels better when this is done. The child cannot believe that the strongest and wisest of its people have no remedy for its pain and the hope of relief and the expression of its mother's sympathy while she rubs the bump comfort it. The doctors were of use to Natásha because they kissed and rubbed her bump assuring her that it would soon pass if only the coachman went to the chemist's in the Arbat and got a powder and some pills in a pretty box for a ruble and seventy kopeks and if she took those powders in boiled water at intervals of precisely six hours neither more nor less.

What would Sonya and the count and countess have done how would they have looked if nothing had been done if there had not been those pills

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life order

which such an occupation and consolation to the family circle? How could the count have borne his dearly loved daughter's illness had he not known that it was costing him a thousand rubles and that he would not grudge thousands more to benefit her or had he not known that if her illness continued he would not grudge yet other thousand

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what would the countess have done had she not been able sometimes to scold the invalid for not strictly obeying the doctor's orders?

You'll never get well like that she would say forgetting her grief in her vexation if you won't obey the doctor and take your medicine at the right time! You mustn't trifle with it you know or it may turn to pneumonia she would go on deriving much comfort from the utterance of that foreign word incomprehensible to others as well as to herself.

What would Sonya have done without the glad consciousness that she had not undressed during the first three nights

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the proper time when

in Moscow people spoke f an ppeal b the Empero to the people and of his comi g hum self from the arm to Moscow And as up to the eleventh f July no ma fest o appeal had been rece ed, exaggerated reports becam current bo t them d bo t the pos tion of Russia. It was said that the Empero was lea ing the arm because t was in danoe t was said that Smolé k had surrendered, that N pocon had arm f mill n nd only maral could sa e Russia.

On the leventh f J ly which was Satur da the ma fest was ece ed b t wa n t et in print, d P erre who wa t the Ros t v promised t me t d n er next day Sunda and bri cop of th man fest and ppeal, which h w uld bta n fr m Count Rostopchin.

That Sunday the Rostó went to Mass t Le Razumo kis priat chapel as usual. It was a hot July day E en t ten o clock, when Le Rostóvs got t f the cam ge t the chapel, th ulty ir the houts f h wkers, the light and gay summer clothes f th crowd, the dusty lea es f the trees on th boulevard, the sounds f th ba d nd the wh t trousers of battalio marchi t parad th rattl g f hee, son th cobblesto es nd th brill t, box sunshine ere all full of that ummer lan guor that content d disc nt w th th p esent, hich is most tro gly f it on bright, hot day town. All th Mosc w tab l tues, all the Rost n cqua tan es were t the Razu mniks chapel f as f expectu g someth g to happe man wealthy fam l es who usually left town for th r cou try esta es had n t gone way that mmer As N tasha her mother sud passed thr h th cr wd be- hind li eried footman who leared th way forthem, sh heard youngman peakin bout her in too loud whisper

"That Rostó a, th who
"Sh m ch thin er b t all th same she s
pre"

She heard, thou-ht sh heard the names of Kuri nd Bolk ki. B t he was always ma- g that. It alway seemed t her that everson who looked her wa th nki nly of at had happened to her W th kin heart, wretched h al vs wa ow wh n she found herself cr wd. N tasha n her lace Tk dress trimmed w h bl kl ce walked as omen ca walk-w th th more repose and tat li ess th greater th pa n d hame in her soul. Sh k ew f certa n that h was prett bu this no lo -er ga her satisfactio

as t used to. On the contrary t tormented her more than anythi g else of l te dp rt cular l so on this bright hot ummer day n town
Its Su d y ga n- othe week pa t, she

no mood to an e. s e t o k o u y t t h o t i s
de nd exchanged nods w th cqua nta ces near her From hab t he scruti ized the l d es dresses condemned the bear g of l dysta d ng close by who was n t cross g herself properly b t n cramped manner d ga n she th ight w th exatio that she was herself be
"J d red d was jud- g others, nd sud d nly t the sou d of th serv ce she felt hor rified t her own vile ess, h rnfied that the f rmer pur ty of her soul was ga n lost t her

A comely fresh-looking ld man was con ducting the serv ce w th that m ld solemn ty which has so le at nd sooth n effect on the souls of th w sh pers. Th gates of the sanctuary screen wer closed the curtain was lowl drawn a d from beh d t soft my te ri us pro ou ced som words Tears th cause of which sh herself d d n t u derst d mad N tasha b ea t hea e d joy us but ppress e feel g tated h

Teach me what I h uld do how to li e my l f how I may grow good f rever f ever he pleaded.

The deaco cam out onto the ra sed pace bef e th altar screen nd, holdi g his thumb ex ended drew hi l hair from under his dalmati and, making the gn f the cross on his breast, beran n l ud nd solemn o to et e th wo ds of th prayer

In peace let us pray u t th Lord.

As o commun tv w th ut di tu ct on of class, w th ut nmity un ted by brotherly l e -l t us pray tho ht N tasha.

For th pea that from bo e, and f th salvatio of our souls.

For th w ld of gel nd ll th pirts who dwell bo us, prayed N tasha.

Wh n they prayed f th warriors, sh thou ht of her brother nd D niso When they prayed f ll tra li o by land nd sea h remembered Prince A drew prayed fo hum, nd asked God to f rgi her all the wro gs sh had d e him. When they pra ed f those who lo e us, she prayed f r the mem-

spoken as all sorts of meaningless words are spoken to comfort a crying child. It was not because Iserre was a married man but because Natásha felt very strongly with him that moral barrier the absence of which she had experienced with Kurágin that it never entered her head that the relations between him and herself could lead to love on her part still less on his or even to the kind of tender self-conscious romantic friendship between a man and a woman of which she had known several instances.

Before the end of the fast of St. Peter Agraféna Ivánovna Belova a country neighbor of the Rostóvs came to Moscow to pay her devotions at the shrines of the Moscow saints. She suggested that Natásha should fast and prepare for Holy Communion and Natásha gladly welcomed the idea. Despite the doctor's orders that she should not go out early in the morning Natásha insisted on fasting and preparing for the sacrament not as they generally prepared for it in the Rostóv family by attending three services in their own house but as Agraféna Ivánovna did by going to church every day for a week and not once missing Vespers, Matins or Mass.

The countess was pleased with Natásha's zeal; after the poor results of the medical treatment in the depths of her heart she hoped that prayer might help her daughter more than medicines and though not without fear and concern for it from the doctor she agreed to Natásha's wish and entrusted her to Belova. Agraféna Ivánovna used to come to wake Natásha at three in the morning but generally found her already awake. She was afraid of being late for Matins. Hastily washing and meekly putting on her shabbiest dress and an old mantilla Natásha shivering in the fresh air went out into the deserted streets lit by the clear light of dawn. By Agraféna Ivánovna's advice Natásha prepared herself not in their own parish but at a church where according to the devout Agraféna Ivánovna the priest was a man of very severe and lofty life. There were never many people in the church. Natásha always stood beside Belova in the customary place before an icon of the Blessed Virgin. Let into the screen before the choir on the left side and a feeling new to her of humbly before something great and incomprehensible seized her when at that unusual morning hour gazing at the dark face of the Virgin illuminated by the candles burning before it and by the morning light falling from the window

she listened to the words of the service which she tried to follow with understanding. When she understood them her personal feeling became interwoven in the prayers with its own.

It seemed to Natásha so great that she felt she should never live till that blessed Sunday. But the happy day came and on that memorable Sunday when dressed in white muslin she returned home after communion for the first time for many months she felt calm and not oppressed by the thought of the life that lay before her.

The doctor who came to see her that day ordered her to continue the powder.

It seemed to Natásha so great that she felt she should never live till that blessed Sunday.

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The countess with a cheerful expression on her face looked down at her nails and spat a little for luck as she returned to the drawing room.

CHAPTER XVIII

AT THE BEGINNING of July more and more disturbing reports about the war began to spread

in Moscow people spoke of appeal to the Emperor to the people, of his coming him-
self from the army to Moscow. And as up to that
evening of July no manifest or appeal had
been received, exaggerated reports became
current about them, and about the position of
Russia. It was said that the Emperor was leav-
ing the army because it was dangerous to
him. That Smolensk had surrendered, that the
people had an arm, that the army and only
the army could save Russia.

On the eleventh of July, which was Satur-
day, the manifest was received. It was in
the morning, and Pierre, who was in the Ros-
tovs' promised to come to dinner next day.
The doctor, copy of the manifest, and
appeal, which he would obtain from Count
Rostopchin.

That Sunday the Rostovs went to Mass at
the Razumovskis' private chapel, usual. It
was hot July day. Even at noon, when
the Rostovs got out of the carriage to the
chapel, the sultry air, the shouts of hawkers,
the light, the gay summer clothes of the crowd,
the dusty leaves of the trees on the boulevard,
the sounds of the band, the white trousers
of battalion marches, the parade, the rattling
of wheels on the cobblestones, the brilliant
hot sunshine were all full of that summer in-
ferno that so tentatiously disclosed the pres-
ent. It was most terrible. It was bright, hot
day in so many. All the Moscow families, all
the Rostovs' acquaintances, were at the Razu-
movskis' chapel for as respects something
to happen many wealthy families who usually
left town for their country estates had not
gone away this summer. At last, at last, their
mother and father passed through the crowd be-
hind the cried footman who cleared the way
for them, and heard you man peak about
her in the old whisper.

"That Rostova, the one who
"Sh-much the other, but all the same she
pretty

She heard, thought she heard, the names
of Kuragin and Bolkonnikov. But he was always
imagining that. It always seemed to her that
everybody looked at her with only
what had happened to her. With his
heart, at heart she always was, and when
she found herself crowded, at last, her
black dress trimmed with black lace walked
—as women can walk—with the more repose
and tranquillity, great peace, and ham-
in her soul. She knew that she was
pretty, but this no longer gave her satisfac-

as it used to. On the contrary it tormented her
more than anything else of late, and particu-
larly so on this bright hot summer day in town.
It was Sunday again—another week past, she
thought, recall now that she had been here the
Sunday before, and it was the same! If that

no! If not the same, around as in which
it used to be so, a violent, a little, a little, a
and I know that I am good, I used to be
bad, but now I am good, she thought, it
'but my best, it is, it is, it is, it is, it is,
no, no, no, no, no. She stood by her mother's
side, and exchanged nods with acquaintances
near her. From habit, she scrutinized the dresses,
dresses, condemned the bearing of all, distand-
ing close by who was not crossing herself prop-
erly, but in cramped manner, and again she
thought with exaltation that she was herself be-
ing, and it was, it was, it was, it was, it was,
and only the sound of the service, he felt ho-
rified, the own illness, horrified that the

sanctuary screen were closed, the curtain was
lowly drawn, and from behind it soft myste-
rious, reproachful words. Tears, the
cause of which she herself did not understand
in the last, a last, a last, a last, a last, a last,
oppress, feel, it was, it was, it was, it was, it was,

Teach me what I should do, how to live, I
live, how I may grow good, I never, I never,
he pleaded.

The deacon came out onto the raised place
before the altar screen, and, holding his thumb
extended, drew his long hair from under his
dalmatic, and, making the sign of the cross on
his breast, began in a loud, solemn voice to
recite the words of the prayer.

I, peace, let us pray unto the Lord.

A communion with us, with us, with us,
class, with us, with us, with us, with us, with us,
—let us pray, the light, at last.

"For the peace that from above, and for
the salvation of our souls.

For the world of angels and all the spirits
who dwell before us, prayed, at last.

When they prayed for the warriors, she
thought of her brother and Denis. When
they prayed for all the living, and dead, sea,
he remembered Prince Andrew, prayed for
him, and asked God to forgive her all the
wrong she had done him. When they prayed
for those who loved us, she prayed for the mem-

spoken as all sorts of meaningless words are spoken to comfort a crying child. It was not because Pierre was a married man, but because Natasha felt very strongly with him that moral barrier, the absence of which she had experienced with Kuragin, that it never entered her head that the relations between him and herself could lead to love on her part, still less on his, or even to the kind of tender self-conscious romantic friendship between a man and a woman of which she had known several instances.

Before the end of the fast of St. Peter and Paul, a country neighbor of the Rostovs came to Moscow to pay her devotions at the shrines of the Moscow saints. She suggested that Natasha should fast in preparation for Holy Communion.

Very welcome indeed, that she should go out early in the morning. Natasha insisted on fasting and preparing for the sacrament, not as they generally prepared for it in the Rostov family by attending three services in their own house, but as Agafena Ivanovna did, by going to church every day for a week and not once missing Vespers, Matins, or Mass.

The countess was pleased with Natasha's zeal after the poor results of the medical treatment in the depths of her heart she hoped that prayer might help her daughter more than medicines and though not without fear and concealing it from the doctor she agreed to Natasha's wish and entrusted her to Belova. Agafena Ivanovna used to come to wake Natasha at three in the morning, but generally found her already awake. She was afraid of being late for Matins. Hastily washing and meekly putting on her shabbiest dress and an old mantilla, Natasha shivering in the fresh air went out into the deserted streets lit by the clear light of dawn. By Agafena Ivanovna's advice Natasha prepared herself not in their own parish, but at a church where according to the devout Agafena Ivanovna, the priest was a man of very severe and lofty life. There were never many people in the church.

At the choir on the left side and a feeling new to her of humility before something great and incomprehensible seized her when at that unusual morning hour gazing at the dark face of the Virgin illuminated by the candles burning before it and by the morning light falling from the window

she listened to the words of the service which she tried to follow with understanding. When she understood them her personal feeling became interwoven with

its own sweeter star

to believe oneself to God whom she felt guiding her soul at those moments. She crossed herself, bowed low, and when she did not understand in horror at her own weakness simply asked God to forgive her everything and to have mercy upon her. The prayers to which she surrendered herself most of all were those of repentance. On her way home at an early hour when she met no one but bricklayers going to work or men sweeping the street and everybody within the house still asleep, she

to her her friend and of the

During the whole week she spent in this way that feeling grew every day.

as th

seemed to Natasha so great that she felt she should never live till that blessed Sunday.

But the happy day came, and on that memorable Sunday when dressed in white muslin she returned home after communion for the first time for many months she felt calm and not oppressed by the thought of the life that lay before her.

The doctor who came to see her that day ordered her to continue the powders he had prescribed a fortnight.

She was satisfied

about it

He quite easily continued playfully as he adroitly took the gold coin in his palm. She will soon be singing and frolicking about. The last medicine has done her a very great deal of good. She has freshened up very much.

The countess with a cheerful expression on her face looked down at her nails and spat a little for luck as she returned to the drawing room.

CHAPTER XVIII

AT THE BEGINNING of July more and more daily quieting reports about the war began to spread

BOOK NINE

"O Lord our God, in whom we believe and
in whom we put our trust, let us not be con-
founded in our hope of Thy mercy and give
us Thy blessing to those who hate us."

reply to the former question but by her im-
agination. When he listened to or himself took part in
trivial conversations when he read or he read
of human baseness or folly he was not hor-
rified as formerly and did not ask himself why
men struggled so about these things when all
was so comprehensible—but he

Thy people. Show Thy mercy upon us this day
O Lord, and grant us Thy salvation make the
hearts of Thy servants to enjoy Thy mercy
smite down our enemies and destroy them
fully beneath the feet of Thy faithful serv-
ants. For Thou art the defender of the weak and
the victor of them that put their trust in Thee
and to Thee be all glory to Father Son and
Holy Ghost, now and forever world without
end. Amen

In this receipt of consolation for soul thus
prayer afforded her tranquility. She felt needed to ev-
ery word about the story of Moses over Am-
alek, of Gideon over Midian and of David over
Goliath, and about the destruction of "The
Jerusalem," and he prayed to God with the

She shared with all her heart in the pray-
er that put righteousness in the triumph
song of the heart by faith and hope and trust in
matrimony by love. But he could not pray that
her enemies might be trampled under foot
when but few minutes before he had been
wishing he had more of them that she might
pray for them. But neither could she doubt
that her heart was being

sons, and especially of her own—and he
prayed to God to forgive them all and her too
and to give them all and her too peace and
happiness. And it seemed to her that God
heard her prayer

CHAPTER XIX

FOR when Pierre felt leaving the
Ros with Natasha grateful look fresh in
his mind, had gazed at the comet that seemed to
be fixed there by day felt that some new
appearance in his own horizon—from that
day the problem of the "anxiety and uselessness
of earthly things," that had incessantly to
menace him no longer possessed itself. That
terrible question "Why? What for? which
had come to him amid every occupation, was
now replaced, not by another ques- by

him to come again and all else was
well known to him. And his soul felt calm and
peaceful

Pierre still went into society drank as much
and led the same dissipated life be-
cause besides the hours he spent at the Ros-
to there were other hours he had to spend
somehow and the habits and acquaintances he
had made in Moscow formed a current that
boiled him along irresistibly. But latterly when
more and more disgusting reports came from
the east of war Natasha's health began to

called to Pierre the following prophecy con-
cerning Napoleon drawn from the Revelation
of St. John

In chapter 13 verse 8 of the Apocalypse,
it is said

Here is wisdom. Let him that hath un-
derstanding count the number of the
beast for it is the number of man and
his number is Six hundred threescore and
six.

And in the fifth verse of the same chapter—

And there was given to him mouth
to speak great things and blasphemies

bers of her own family her father and mother and Sónya realizing for the first time how wrongly she had acted toward them and feeling all the strength of her love for them When they prayed for those who hate us she tried to think of her enemies and people who hated her in order to pray for them She included among her enemies the creditors and all who had business dealings with her father and all ways at the thought of enemies and those who hated her she remembered Anatole who had done her so much harm—and though he did not hate her she gladly prayed for him as for an enemy Only at prayer did she feel able to think clearly and calmly of Prince Andrew and Anatole as men for whom her feelings were as nothing compared with her awe and devotion to God When they prayed for the Imperial family and the Synod she bowed very low and made the sign of the cross saying to herself that even if she did not understand still she could not doubt and at any rate loved the governing Synod and prayed for it

When he had finished the Litany the deacon crossed the stole over his breast and said Let us commit ourselves and our whole lives to Christ the Lord!

Commit ourselves to God Natásha inwardly repeated. Lord God I submit myself to Thy will she thought I want nothing wish for nothing teach me what to do and how to use my will! Take me take me! prayed Natásha with impatient emotion in her heart not crossing herself but letting her slender arms hang down as if expecting some invisible power at any moment to take her and deliver her from herself from her regrets desires remorse hopes and sins

The countess looked round several times at her daughter's softened face and shining eyes and prayed God to help her

Unexpectedly in the middle of the service and not in the usual order Natásha knew so well the deacon brought out a small stool the one he knelt on when praying on Trinity Sunday and placed it before the doors of the sanctuary screen The priest came out with his purple velvet biretta on his head adjusted his hair and knelt down with an effort Every body followed his example and they looked at one another in surprise Then came the prayer just received from the Synod—a prayer for the deliverance of Russia from hostile invasion

clergy read and which acts so irresistibly on a Russian heart

Lord God of might God of our salvation! Look this day in mercy and blessing on Thy humble people and graciously hear us spare us and have mercy upon us! This foe conquering the whole world are gathered to destroy loved Russia O let Thine temples to overthrow Thine altars and to desecrate our holy shrines How long O Lord how long shall the wicked triumph? How long shall they wield unlawful power?

Lord God! Hear us when we pray to Thee strengthen with Thy might our most gracious sovereign lord the Emperor Alexander Pavlovich be mindful of his uprightness and meekness

Thy kingdom by Thine almighty hand and give him victory over his enemy even as Thou gavest Moses the victory over Amalek Gideon over Midian and David over Goliath Preserve his army put a bow of brass in the hands of those who have armed themselves in Thy Name and gird their loins with strength for the fight Take up the spear and shield and arise to help us confound and put to shame those who have devised evil against us may they be before the faces of Thy faithful warriors as dust before the wind and may Thy mighty Angel confound them and put them to flight may they be ensnared when they know it not and may the plots they have laid in secret be turned against them let them fall before Thy servants feet and be laid low by our hosts! Lord Thou art able to save both great and small Thou art God and man cannot prevail against Thee!

God of our fathers! Remember Thy bounteous mercy and loving kindness which reformed of old turn not Thy face from us but be gracious to our unworthiness and in Thy great goodness and Thy many mercies regard not our transgressions and iniquities! Create in us a clean heart and renew a right spirit within us strengthen us all in Thy faith fortify our hope inspire us with true love one for another arm us with the unity of spirit in the righteous defense of the heritage Thou gavest to us and to our fathers and let not the scepter of the wicked be exalted against the destiny of those Thou hast sanctified

BOOK NINE

"O Lord our God, in whom we believe and in whom we put our trust, let us not be confounded in our hope of Thy mercy and give us to know Thy blessing so that those who hate us and our Orthodox faith may see it and be put to shame and perish, and may all the nations know that Thou art the Lord and we are Thy people. Show Thy mercy upon us this day O Lord, and grant us Thy salvation make the hearts of Thy servants to rejoice in Thy mercy smite down enemies and destroy them swiftly beneath the feet of Thy faithful servants. For Thou art the defense, the succor and the protector of them that put their trust in Thee, and to Thee be all glory to Father Son and Holy Ghost, now and forever world without end. Amen.

I N tasha receipts conditio n f soul this prayer effected her tro ly Sh I tened to every rd bo t the ct ry of Moses o er Amalek, of G deo over Midia and of D do er Coliath, and bout the destructio n of "Thy Jerusalem, and sh prayed to God w th th tenderness and emotio n w th wh ch her heart was overfl w b t with t fully u derstand g hat sh was askin f God in that prayer Sh shared w th all her heart n th prayer for th purt f righteous ess f r th stre gthening f the heart by faith a d h pe d its animatio by l e. B t he could not pray that her enemies mght be trampled under foot hen but few mi tes bef re she had been w hung he had more f them that h mght pray for them. B t ne ther co ld sh doubt the righteous ess f th pra er that was be g ad bended k ees. Sh f lt n her heart dev t d tremul us w t the th ught of the p n hment that o ertakes men f th us, d especially f he own s and he prayed to God to f rgi them ll d her too nd to gi e them all, nd her too peace d happ es. A d seemed to her that God heard her prayer

CHAPTER XIX

F M T Y when Perr fter leavi g th Ros with N tasha grat ful look fresh n his m d had gazet t the com t that seemed t be fixed the sky d f lt that someth g new was ppear g on his wn horu —from that da th problem f the a ty nd u less ess f ll earthly th ngs, that had cessa dy t m ed him, no longer prese ted itself. That erribl ques ion "Why "Wheref re? which had come to him amid every occupatio n was now eplaced, not by nother questio n o by

reply to the former question but by her image. When he l tened to or h mself took part n tri al conversatio ns, when he read o heard of human ba eness or f lly he was not horri fied as f rmerly and d d not ask h mself w y men struggled so bout these th es when ll is so transient and ncomprehen ble—but he remembered her as he h d last seen her nd all hu d ubts anhed—not because she had answered the questio n that had h u ted h m but because h conceptio n of her transferred h m in tantl to another brighter realm of sp ritual ctivity n which no ne could be jus fied o guilty—a realm of beauty and lo e

himself

"Well suppos ng N N has swindled the country nd th Tsar and the country ard the Tsar confer honors upon him, what does that matter? She smiled t m yesterday and a ked m to come aga n and I love her and no one w ll ever know it. And his soul felt calm and peace ful.

P erre till went into society drank as much nd led th same dle and dissipated l fe because bes des the hours he spent at the Ros to s there were other h urs h h d to spend somehow nd th h b us nd acquaintances he had made n M scow formed current th t bore hum al ng rresistibl But latte ly when more dmo disqu et n reports came fr m the seat of war d N tasha health began to impro and h no lo ger aroused n h m the f rmer feel n of careful p ty an ever ncrea g restless ess, wh ch he could not explain took possessio n of him. He felt th t the conditio n he was n could not co tinue l ng th t cata troph was com g which would chan e his wh l l f d h impatu ntly ought ev rywhere f gn of that pproach g catastroph O e of h brothe Mason had re ealed to P erre d e f ll w g prophecy concern g N poleon, drawn from th R elatu n f St J h

In chapter 3 erse 8 of the Apocalyp e t is said

Here wisd m. Let h m that hath un derstand count th number f the beast f r t is th numbe of man d h number Six hu dred threesco e nd ix.

And n the fifth erse f th sam chapter

A d th e was gi en unt him a mouth peaki great il gs nd blasphem es

bers of her own family her father and mother and Sónya realizing for the first time how wrongly she had acted toward them and feeling all the strength of her love for them. When they prayed for those who hate us she tried to think of her enemies and people who hated her in order to pray for them. She included among her enemies the creditors and all who had business dealings with her father and all ways at the thought of enemies and those who hated her she remembered Anatole who had done her so much harm—and though he did not hate her she gladly prayed for him as for an enemy. Only at prayer did she feel able to think clearly and calmly of Prince Andrew and Anatole as men for whom her feelings were as nothing compared with her awe and devotion to God. When they prayed for the Imperial family and the Synod she bowed very low and made the sign of the cross saying to herself that even if she did not understand still she could not doubt and at any rate loved the governing Synod and prayed for it.

When he had finished the Litany the deacon crossed the stole over his breast and said: Let us commit ourselves and our whole lives to Christ the Lord!

Commit ourselves to God. Natásha inwardly repeated. Lord God I submit myself to Thy will! she thought. I want nothing wish for nothing teach me what to do and how to use my will! Take me take me! prayed Natásha with impatient emotion in her heart not crossing herself but letting her slender arms hang down as if expecting some invisible power at any moment to take her and deliver her from herself from her regrets desires remorse hopes and sins.

The countess looked round several times at her daughter's softened face and shining eyes

well the deacon brought out a small stool the one he knelt on when praying on Trinity Sun

hair and knelt down with an effort. Every body followed his example and they looked at one another in surprise. Then came the prayer just received from the Synod—a prayer for the deliverance of Russia from hostile invasion.

Lord God of might God of our salvation! began the priest in that voice clear not grand eloquent but mild in which only the Slav

clergy read and which acts so irresistibly on a Russian heart.

Lord God of might God of our salvation! Look this day in mercy and blessing on Thy humble people and graciously hear us spare us and have mercy upon us! This foe con founding Thy land desiring to lay waste the

loved Russia to defile Thy temples to overthrow Thine altars and to desecrate our holy shrines. How long O Lord how long shall the wicked triumph? How long shall they wield unlawful power?

Lord God! Hear us when we pray to Thee

ness reward him according to his righteousness and let it preserve us Thy chosen Israel! Bless his counsels his undertakings and his work strengthen his kingdom by Thine almighty hand and give him victory over his enemy even as Thou gavest Moses the victory over Amalek Gideon over Midian and David over Goliath. Preserve his army put a bow of brass in the hands of those who have armed themselves in Thy Name and gird their loins with strength for the fight. Take up the spear and shield and arise to help us confound and put to shame those who have devised evil against us may they be before the faces of Thy faithful warriors as dust before the wind and may Thy mighty Angel confound them and put them to flight may they be ensnared when they know it not and may the plots they have had in secret be turned against them let them fall before Thy servants feet and be laid low by our hosts! Lord Thou art able to save both great and small Thou art God and man can not prevail against Thee.

God of our fathers! Remember Thy bounteous mercy and loving kindness which are from of old turn not Thy face from us but be gracious to our unworthiness and in Thy great goodness in Thy many mercies regard not our transgressions and iniquities! Create in us a clean heart and renew a right spirit within us strengthen us all in Thy faith fortify our hope inspire us with true love one for another arm us with unity of spirit in the

of ever since the appearance of the comet and especially in the beginning of the war. He had to give the knowledge of the war and would have done so had he not been hindered, first, by his membership of the Society of Freemasons to which he was bound by oath and which preached perpetual peace and the abolition of war and secondly by the fact that

Perre had not seen in his room for a long time. You know Ncholas has received a St. George's Cross? I am so proud of him.

Oh yes I sent that announcement. But I don't want to interrupt you, he added and was about to go to the drawing room. Ntali topped him.

Count it wrong of me to sing, I said, blush and fix her eyes quickly on him.

the beast that poke great double pipes us through the pedestal of the monument and that the fire has burnt to under take the great white building to come to pass.

CHAPTER XX

A FEW INTIMATE FRIENDS were dining with the Rosts that day as usual on Sunday.

Perre came early so that he found them alone.

He had grown so tall that the ceiling of the hall had been built so broad and so tall that the car had his back to the door.

He went to the stairs puffing and muttering something. His companion did not enter. He then went to the kitchen with two of his masters. The Rosts stayed till midnight. The Rosts' footman rushed early for the help of the cook and the butler. Perre from the club brought a bottle of champagne to the room.

The first person he saw in the house was Ntasha. He saw her while he was putting on his cloak. He heard her singing a practical exercise in the music room. He knew that

She was Perre flushed their words. I saw you same my word that the Bolksh (he whispered the name hastily) in Russia and in the my

By society of death there was to be carried back to the day he tried to comfort her he had said that if he were not here

them

Yes you you he said then the words burst rously—that different things I know no one could manage you better than you no body could but I don't know been the the now too I don't know what would have come fine because

Tears suddenly rose in her eyes he turned away lifted his mus before he yes began to go and began to walk up and down the room.

Just then Petya came running in from the drawing room.

Petya was now with some roses and fifteen with full ed lips resembled Ntasha. He was preparing to tell the story but he and his friend Obolok had lately in cret agreed to join the hussars.

Petya had come rushing to talk to his namesake about this affair. He had

be in the room. She had been back to him. He had been told but when he turned quickly he saw her. He was surprised she blushed and came rapidly up to him. He tried to go but she said do as if by way of excuse. He left something to do.

"That capital

He would like you to come! I am so happy today she said with the old man

and power was given unto him to continue forty and two months

The French alphabet written out with the same numerical values as the Hebrew in which the first nine letters denote units and the others tens will have the following significance

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	k
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s		
20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90		
t	u	v	w	x	y				
100	110	120	130	140	150				
		z							
		160							

Writing the words *L'Empereur Napoléon* in numbers it appears that the sum of them is 666 and that Napoleon was therefore the beast foretold in the Apocalypse. Moreover by applying the same system to the words *quarante deux* which was the term allowed to the beast that spoke great things and blasphemies the same number 666 was obtained from which it followed that the limit fixed for Napoleon's power had come in the year 1812 when the French emperor was forty-two. This prophecy pleased Pierre very much and he often asked himself what would put an end to the power of the beast that is of Napoleon and tried by the same system of using letters as numbers and adding them up to find an answer to the question that engrossed him. He wrote the words *L'Empereur Alexandre La nation russe* and added up their numbers but the sums were either more or less than 666. Once when making such calculations he wrote down his own

Comte Pierre Besouhoff but the sum was not right. He was substituting a

z for the s and adding *de* and the article *le* still without obtaining the desired result. Then it occurred to him if the answer to the question were contained in his name his nationality would also be given in the answer. So he wrote *Le russe Besuhof* and adding up the numbers got 671. This was only five too much and five was represented by *e* the very letter elided from the article *le* before the word *Empereur*. Changing the *e* though incorrectly Pierre

what means he was connected with the great event foretold in the Apocalypse he did not know but he did not doubt that connection for a moment. His love for Natasha Antichrist Napoleon the invasion the comet 666 *L'Empereur Napoléon* and *L'russe Besuhof*—all this

lead him to a great achievement and great happiness

On the eve of the Sunday when the special prayer was read Pierre had promised the Rostóvs to bring them from Count Rostopchin whom he knew well both the appeal to the people and the latest news from the army. In the morning when he went to call at Rostopchin's he met there a courier fresh from the army an acquaintance of his own who often dined at Moscow balls.

Do please for heaven's sake relieve me of something! said the courier. I have a sackful of letters to parents.

Among these letters was one from Nicholas Rostóv to his father. Pierre took that letter and Rostopchin also gave him the Emperor's appeal to Moscow which had just been printed the last army orders and his own most recent bulletin. Glancing through the army orders Pierre found in one of them in the lists of killed wounded and rewarded the name of Nicholas Rostóv awarded a St. George's Cross of the Fourth Class for courage shown in the Ostrovna affair and in the same order the name of Prince Andrew Bolkónski appointed to the command of a regiment of Chasseurs. Though he did not want to remind the Rostóvs of Bolkónski Pierre could not refrain from making them happy by the news of their sons having received a decoration so he sent that printed army order and Nicholas' letter to the Rostóvs keeping the appeal the bulletin and the other orders to take with him when he went to dinner.

His conversation with Count Rostopchin and the latter's tone of anxious hurry the meeting with the courier who talked casually of how badly things were going in the army the rumors of the discovery of spies in Moscow and of a leaflet in circulation stating that Napoleon promised to be in both the Russian capitals by the autumn and the talk of the Emperor's being expected to arrive next day—all aroused with fresh force that feeling of agitation and expectation in Pierre which he had been conscious

Including a for the letter in jeu de
son from the letter of the Emperor —T
Forty two

diverence the appearance of the comet, and
generally since the beginning of the war

He had long been thankful of entering the army and would have done so had he not been hindered. First, by his membership of the Society of Freemasons, to which he was bound by oath and which preached perpetual peace and the brotherhood of man and secondly by the fact that

Perre had not seen him for a long time. "You know Nicholas has received a St. George's Cross. I'm so proud of him."

Oh yes, I sent that announcement. But I don't want to interrupt you," he added and was about to go to the drawing room.

Natish stepped him.

Count it wrong for me to not see and
blush and fix her eyes inquiringly on
him.

man to enter the army in the age
 that was *L. ruse B. ruh* f who h d the
 number of the beast, 666 that his part in the
 great war I set a limit to the power of
 the beast that spoke great d bl spem us
 they had been predesti ed from tern ty nd
 L. L. Let ore h ought n t t undertake n
 low but wait f what was bound t come to
 pass.

you'd approved if I believe in you enough to tell you. You don't know how important you are to me how much you do for me. She

CHAPTER XX

A FEW INTIMATE FRIENDS WERE DINNER WITH THE ROYALS THAT DAY AS USUAL ON SUNDAYS.

Pierre came early so as to find them all together.

H had grown so stout this year that he would have been a real dhen if he had been so broad flimb and so troth the car had his bulk the dnt ease

He went p the tairs, puffing d mutter:
 something. His coachman did not even k
 betw h t t w t. He knew th t when h
 master was t th Rost s h tayed till m d
 ght. Th Rost footm n rushed e gerly
 forward t h lphum f w th his cl k d take
 his hat d tuck. P erre from club hab t, al
 woul f both hat d t k n th nite oom

The first person he saw in the house was N
 1. Even before he saw her while taking off
 2. He heard her. She was practicing solo
 3. exercises in the music room. He knew that
 4. she had not given up lessons and so the
 5. sound of the voice surprised and delighted him.
 6. He opened the door softly and saw her in the
 7. lace dress he had worn to the church walk
 8. about the room. She had her back to
 9. him then. He peeped through the door and
 10. turned quickly. She saw him but did not
 11. seem to be alarmed. He came rapidly up to her.

I want to try to get a good grade in school by way of excuse to get out of school some-
times to do.

The 1 cap tall

How glad I am to come! I am so happy today she said with the old man

would k n h knees f her h d nd th
sam feel g f p ty tend ness, nd l e took
possess n f h m nd the same w rd rose t
his l ps. But he d d not g e hum t me to sa
them

Yes, you, you she said, utter the words rapturously—that different than I know no other more generous or better than you nobody could be! Had you not been there, then, I should not have known what would have become of me because

Tears sudd n l r e c n h eyes she tu cl
way l f t e d h n u s b e f r e h eyes bega
s g g a n n d g a n began walk n up l
d w n th room

Just then Petya came running from the drawing room.

Petya was a handsome lad of fifteen
with a light complexion and resembled Natasha. He
was preparing to enter the university but he
did not. Oboleski had little in secret
granted to join the hussars.

Pétya h d come ru h go t t t l k t l s
n mesake bout th s aff r H h d ked

and power was given unto him to continue forty and two months

The French alphabet written out with the same numerical values as the Hebrew in which the first nine letters denote units and the others tens will have the following significance

a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h	i	k
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
l	m	n	o	p	q	r	s		
20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90		
t	u	v	w	x	y				
100	110	120	130	140	150				
		z							
		160							

Writing the words *L'Empereur Napoleon* in numbers it appears that the sum of them is 666 and that Napoleon was therefore the beast foretold in the Apocalypse

and blasphemies the same number 666 was obtained from which it followed that the limit fixed for Napoleon's power had come in the year 1812 when the French emperor was forty two. This prophecy pleased Pierre very much and he often asked himself what would put an end to the power of the beast that is of Napoleon and tried by the same system of using letters as numbers and adding them up to find an answer to the question that engrossed him. He wrote the words *L'Empereur Alexandre La nation russe* and added up their numbers but the sums were either more or less than 666. On

Then he changed the spelling substituting a z for the s and adding de and the article le still without obtaining the desired result. Then it occurred to him if the answer to the question were contained in his name his nationality would also be given in the answer. So he wrote *Le russe Besuhof* and adding up the numbers got 661. This was only five too much and five was represented by e the very letter elided from the article le before the word *Empereur*. By omitting the e though incorrectly Pierre got the answer he sought *L'russe Besul of* made 666. This discovery excited him. How or by

Including a 5 for the letter e dropped by elision from the le before *Empereur*—T
Forty two

what means he was connected with the great event foretold in the Apocalypse he did not know but he did not doubt that connect on for a moment His love for Natasha Antichina Napoleon the invasion the comet 666 *L'russe Besul of*—all that had to mature and culminate to lift him out of that spellbound netting
hal
lea
pin

On the eve of the Sunday when the special prayer was read Pierre had promised the Rostovs to bring them from Count Rostopchin whom he knew well both the appeal to the people and the latest news from the army. In the morning when he went to call at Rostopchin's he met there a courier fresh from the army an acquaintance of his own who often danced at Moscow balls.

Do please for heaven's sake relieve me of something! said the courier. I have a sackful of letters to parents

appeal to Moscow which had just been printed the last army orders and his own most recent bulletin. Glancing through the army orders Pierre found in one of them in the list of killed wounded and rewarded the name of Nicholas Rostov awarded a St. George's Cross of the Fourth Class for courage shown in the Ostronafna affair and in the same order the name of Prince Andrew Bolkonski appointed to the command of a regiment of Chasseurs. Though he did not want to remind the Rostovs of Bolkonski Pierre could not refrain from

keeping the appeal the bulletin and the other orders to take with him when he went to dinner

His conversation with Count Rostopchin and the latter's tone of anxious hurry the meeting with the courier who talked casually of how badly things were going in the army the rumors of the discovery of spies in Moscow and of a leaflet in circulation stating

an agitation and expectation in Pierre which he had been conscious

BOOK NINE

evers e the ppe rance of the comet and
 especially ce the beg n f the wa
 H b d long been th nk fent g the ar
 my d uld ha e d ne so had he n t been
 bndered first, by his memb rsh p f th Soc ety
 f Freemaso to which h wa bound by th
 and b chp ead ed perpetual peace d the ab-
 l f a nd ec dly by the f ct th t
 hen h sa th gre mass f Musco te who
 had d ed f rm nd were talking p tr t
 m he som how f l ash med t t k the tep
 B ith ch f aso f t carry g ut h s
 mt t t th army l y n th gue
 dea that h L ru B f f who b d the
 umbe f h be 666 th t h p t n the
 great f f r f se g l t h power f
 th b ast th poke gr t d bl ph m u
 th g had b p ed est ed f m rn ty d
 that th f h gh n t t und t k ny
 th g b wa f wh w bound m t
 pass.

CHAPTER XX

A ew E ds w d g w th the
 Rost h t d v usu l Su d)
 P r r cam ly so f d them l n
 H had gr so t u d y ar h t h
 l d ha be b r l h d h n t b
 tall so b d fl b d so ng h t h car
 ed hu b l k w t d
 H p h t a r s p f f g d mu t g
 som h g H h d d n n k
 h th h H k w th wh n h
 mas as h Ros h ta d ll m d
 gh Th Ros too m ru h d g ly
 f r w d h l p h m f f w d l l k d k
 h ha d k l r r f n l u b l b t l
 w l l b w l d k h oo
 l h f i p so h saw h h u w N
 sha E l f h wh wh l k g ff
 h l k h h d l Sl w p ci g sol
 l er es l m m H k w l
 h l d g l l l nes d so h
 d l l f ed d d l gh ed h m
 H p d l d f i d w l th
 l l l es h t l w h h w l k g
 l h h g g Sl l d h b k
 l l l p l l d l wh
 g l k l h wh b d l d f
 l bl l d l p l l p h m
 l ry g h sa d dd
 g fl w f use l som
 l g d
 l l p l m l m so hap-
 H w l l l m l m m
 p od l sa d w h h l d m u n

P erre had not seen in her for a long time You
 kno v N ch l s h s recei ed a St. Georges
 Cro ? I am so proud of h m
 Ol yes I sent t at a nouncement But I
 don t w nt to interrupt you he added and
 wa bout t go to the draw n room.
 N tash st pped h m.
 Count t wrong of me to s ng she sa d
 blu h ng d fix ng h r eyes inqu r ngly on
 h m

N W l v l ould t b ? On the ntrary
 But why d you k me?
 I do kn w myself Natá b nswered
 qu kly but I should not l ket d nyt ng
 y ud pp ed of I believe n y u compl te
 l y ud n t kn whow mpo t nt you are t
 me h w mu h you e d ne f me She
 pok rap dly d d d n t n t ce h w P erre
 flush d h w d l w n th t same rny
 d th t h B l k n k (h wh pered the
 n ne h t ly) n Rus nd n the rny
 ga n Wh d y u th nk? — he wa spe k ng
 hurr dl den ly f d her urength m gl t
 t l h — W l l he f rg m ? W l l not
 l w y h b t t fe l ng t wa d me? W l t
 d y u th nk? Wh t do y u th nk r
 l h nk l err pl ed t at he h s
 n th ng t f rg If lwer n h pl
 By soo t n f d P r r w at e
 carr ed b k d d y h n try n to om
 f her l h d d that f h were n t h m
 If bu th best m th wo l d and fee he
 w uld k h kn es f r he hand and the
 f l g f p ty t d ness nd l etook
 poss n f h m d h sam w rds rose t
 h l p But l d d t g e h m t me to say
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 Yes u u } he s d utte the
 h

be n t l e the d ow too l u
 om fm because

d n the oom.
 Just th P tya came run g in from the
 draw room.
 Pétya was now ha dsome rosvl d of fiteer
 w th full ed l p and resembled N tasha H
 was p ep ng to e ter the u vers ty b t l e
 d h f d Obolenski had lately n secret,
 greed t j the Hussars.
 Pétya h d come rush g t to talk t h s
 n mesake bo t this affair He h d asked

Pierre to find out whether he would be accepted in the hussars

Pierre walked up and down the drawing room not listening to what Petya was saying

Petya pulled him by the arm to attract his attention

Well what about my plan? Peter Kirilych for heaven's sake! You're my only hope! said Petya

Oh yes your plan To join the hussars? I'll mention it I'll bring it all up today

Well *mon cher* have you got the manifesto? asked the old count The countess has been to Miss at the Razumóvskis and heard the new prayer She says it's very fine

Yes I've got it said Pierre The Emperor is to be here tomorrow there's to be an Extraordinary Meeting of the nobility and they're talking of a levy of ten men per thousand Oh yes let me congratulate you!

Yes yes thank God! Well and what news from the army?

We are again retreating They say we're already near Smolensk replied Pierre

O Lord O Lord! exclaimed the count Where is the manifesto?

The Emperor's appeal? Oh yes!

Pierre began feeling in his pockets for the papers but could not find them Still slapping his pockets he kissed the hand of the countess who entered the room and glanced uneasily around evidently expecting Natásha who had left off singing but had not yet come into the drawing room

On my word I don't know what I've done with it he said

There he is always losing everything! remarked the countess

Natásha entered with a softened and agitated expression of face and sat down looking silently at Pierre As soon as she entered Pierre's features which had been gloomy suddenly lighted up and while still searching for the pa-

per he had left

Oh! And my coachman has gone

But Sónya & he had gone to look for the papers in the anteroom had found them in Pierre's hat & here he had carefully tucked them under the lining Pierre as about to begin reading

No after dinner said the old count evidently expecting much enjoyment from that reading

At dinner at which champagne was drunk to the health of the new chevalier of St George Shinshtin told the new town news of the illness of the old Georgian princess of Mtiwats disappearance from Moscow and of how some German fellow had been brought to Rostopchin and accused of being a French spy (so Count Rostopchin had told the story) and how Rostopchin let him go and assured the people that he was not a spy at all but only an old German ruin

People are being arrested said the count I've told the countess she should not speak French so much It's not the time for it now

And have you heard? Shinshtin asked Prince Golitsyn has engaged a master to teach him Russian It is becoming dangerous to speak French in the streets

And how about you Count Peter Kirilych? If they call up the militia you too will have to mount a horse remarked the old count addressing Pierre

Pierre had been silent and preoccupied all through dinner seeming not to grasp what was said He looked at the count

Oh yes the war he said No! What sort of warrior should I make? And yet everything is so strange so strange! I can't make it out I don't know I am very far from having military tastes but in these times no one can answer for himself

After dinner the count settled himself comfortably in an easy chair and with a serious face asked Sónya who was considered an excellent reader to read the appeal

To Moscow our ancient Capital!

The enemy has entered the borders of Russia with immense forces He comes to despoil our beloved country

Sónya read painstakingly in her high pitched voice The count listened with closed eyes heaving abrupt sighs at certain passages

Natásha sat erect gazing with a searching look now at her father and now at Pierre

Pierre felt her eyes on him and tried not to look round The countess looked her head disapprovingly and angrily at every solemn expression in the manifesto In all these words she saw only that the danger threatening her son could not soon be over Shinshtin with a sarcastic smile on his lips was evidently preparing

better pretext present itself

After reading about the dangers that threatened Russia, the hopes the Emperor placed on Moscow and especially on its illustrious nobles. So, at that quarter her voice due to the fact that she was being paid to her reading last words.

"We ourselves will not die to appear among our people in the capital and in their presence for consultation and for the direct management of the empire."

of Russia.

"Yes, that she cried the count, open his mother's door and saying repeatedly that the countess had been held to his nose and he added, "Let the Emperor but say the word and we'll sacrifice everything and be a ruddy nothing."

Before Shushin had time to utter the joke he was ready to make the countess pretense, Ntasha jumped up from her place and ran to her father.

"What darling our Papa is," she cried kissing him, and she gaily looked at Pierre with the unconscious coquetry that had returned to her with her better spirits.

"There! Here! permit me you said Shushin."

Not patriotic at all, but simply Ntasha replied, "injured to me. Everything seems funny to you, but this isn't at all a joke."

A joke indeed put in the count. "Let him but say the word and we'll all go. We're not Germans."

But did you notice, it says, for consultation? said Pierre.

Never mind what if

At this moment, Pierre, to whom nobody was paying attention, came up to his father with a flushed face and said in his broken gasps that was now deep and wailing.

"Well, Papa! I'll you do finally and Mama too, if as you please, but I said finally this morning."

her husband.

"That comes if your talking said he."

But then he had already recovered from his excitement.

Come come! said he. Here's a fine war or! No! Nonsense! You must study.

It's not nonsense Papa Fédya Obolénki's younger than I and he's going too. Besides, the same I can't study now when Petya stopped short flushed till he perspired but still got out the words when our Father and

and noer

"That'll do that'll do—nonsense."

But you said yourself that we would sacrifice everything.

Petya Be quiet I tell you cried the count with a glance at his wife who had turned pale and was ringing fixedly at her son.

And I'll you—Peter Karilych here we'll also tell you.

"Nonsense I tell you. Your mother milk

tudy before he has a nap.

"Well Peter Karilych let go of her a smoke he said.

Pierre was irritated and undecided. Ntasha's unwontedly brilliant eyes continually glancing at him with more than cordial look, had reduced him to this condition.

No I think I'll go home.

Home? Why you meant to spend the evening

only brighten up when you're here.

"Yes, I had forgotten. I really must go home business," said Pierre hurriedly.

Will then also go said the count and went out of the room.

"Why are you going? Why are you upset?" asked Ntasha, and he looked challengingly into Pierre's eyes.

Because I love you! was what he wanted to say but he didn't say it, and only blushed till his tears came and lowered his eyes.

Because it is better for me to come less often because No simply I have business.

"Why? No I'll see Ntasha began resolutely and suddenly topped.

They looked at each other with dismayed and embarrassed faces. He tried to smile but could not his smile expressed suffering and he silently kissed her hand and went out.

Pierre made up his mind not to go to the Rosovs any more.

Pierre to find out whether he would be accepted in the hussars

Pierre walked up and down the drawing room not listening to what Petya was saying

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would be too bold. But in spite of this he continued to struggle desperately forward, and even between the backs of those in front he caught glimpses of an open place with a tripod cloth spread out on it but just then the crowd swayed back—the police in front were pushing back those who had pressed too close to the process. The Emperor was passing from the palace to the Cathedral of the Assumption—and Petva unexpectedly received such blows on his delicate ribs and was wrenched so hard that suddenly everything grew dim before his eyes and he lost consciousness. When he came to himself a man of clerical appearance with tuft of gray hair at the back of his head and wearing a blue cassock—probably church clerk and chamberlain—was holding him under the arm with one hand while the warden of the pressure of the crowd with the other.

"Crushed the young gentleman said the clerk. "What are you up to? Gently! They've crushed him, crushed him!"

The Emperor entered the Cathedral of the Assumption. The crowd spread out no more even! and the clerk led Petva—pale and breathless—to the Tsar-chamber. Several people were sorry for Petva's sudden crowd turned toward him and pressed around him. Those who took nearest him attended to him, unbuttoned his coat, seated him in the raised platform of the altar and approached those others (whoever they might be) who had crushed him.

One might easily get killed that way! What does it mean but to kill people? Poor dear be as well as heet!—arous voices were heard saying so.

Petva soon came to himself, the color returned to his face, the pain had passed and the cost of that temporary unpleasantness had been paid by the cannon fire from where he hoped to see the Emperor who would be returning that way. Petva no longer thought of presenting his petition. If he could only see the Emperor he would be happy!

While the service was proceeding in the Cathedral of the Assumption—it was combined service of prayer on the occasion of the Emperor's arrival and of thanksgiving for the conclusion of peace with the Turks—the crowd outside peeped out and hawkers appeared, selling kvass, gingerbread, and poppyseed sweets (the latter Petva was particularly fond of).

A very large cannon cast in 1883 and preserved in the Moscow Kremlin as a curiosity—Tz.

ordinary conversation could not be heard. A tradesman's wife was showing her shawl and telling how much the shawl had cost in the way of saving that all silk goods had now got dear. The clerk who had rescued Petva was talking to a functionary about the priests who were officiating that day with the bishop. The clerk several times uttered the word plenty (of the service) word Petva did not understand. Two young citizens were joking with some girl who were cracking nuts. All these conversations especially the joking with the girls were such as might have had particular charm for Petva this afternoon but they did not interest him now. He sat on his elevation—

had experienced when he was being crushed, together with that of rapture still further intensified his sense of the importance of the occasion.

Suddenly the sound of firing of cannon was heard from the embankment, to celebrate the signing of peace with the Turks and the crowd rushed impetuously toward the embankment to watch the firing. Petva too would have run there, but the clerk who had taken the young gentleman under his protection stopped him. The firing was still proceeding when officers, generals, and gentlemen waiting came running out of the cathedral, and for them others in more leisurely manner caps were again raised, and those who had run to look at the cannon ran back again. At last uniforms and sashes emerged from the cathedral doors. Hurrah hurrah shouted the crowd again.

"Which is he? Which?" asked Petva in a tearful voice, of those around him, but no one answered him, everybody was too excited. Petva fixing on one of those faces whom he could not clearly see for the tears of joy that filled his eyes, concentrated all his enthusiasm on him—though it happened not to be the Emperor—frantically shouted Hurrah and resolved that tomorrow come what might, he would go to him.

The crowd ran after the Emperor followed him to the palace and began to disperse. It

CHAPTER XXI

AFTER THE definite refusal he had received Pétya went to his room and there locked himself in and wept bitterly. When he came in to tea

and several of the Rostóvs domestic serfs

a grown up man. He frowned before his looking glass gesticulated shrugged his shoulders and finally without saying a word to anyone took his cap and left the house by the back door trying to avoid notice. Pétya decided to go straight to where the Emperor was and to explain frankly to some gentleman in waiting (he imagined the Emperor to be always sur-

drance to loyalty and that he was ready to. While dressing Pétya had prepared many fine things he meant to say to the gentleman in waiting.

It was on the very fact of being so young that Pétya counted for success in reaching the Emperor—he even thought he surprised every one would be at his youthfulness—and yet in the arrangement of his collar and hair and by

ever increasing crowds moving toward the Krémelin the less he remembered to walk with the sedateness and deliberation of a man. As he approached the Krémelin he even began to avoid being crushed and resolutely stuck out his elbows in a menacing way. But within the Trinity Gateway he was so pressed to the wall by people who probably were unaware of the patriotic intentions with which he had come that in spite of all his determination he had to give in and stop while carriages passed in rumbling beneath the archway. Beside Pétya stood a peasant woman, a footman, two trades-

for all the carriages to pass at a snail's pace, but he was not at all completely working his way with his elbows; but the woman just in front of him, who was the first against whom he directed his efforts angrily shouted at him:

What are you shoving for, young lordling?

Don't you see we're all standing still? Then why push?

Anybody can shove, said the footman, and also began working his elbows to such effect that he pushed Pétya into a very filthy corner of the gateway.

Pétya wiped his perspiring face with his hands and pulled up the damp collar which he had arranged so well at home to seem like a man's.

He felt that he no longer looked presentable.

Impossible to smarten oneself up or move to another place because of the crowd. One of the generals who drove past was an acquaintance of the Rostóvs, and Pétya thought of asking his help, but came to the conclusion that that would not be a manly thing to do. When the carriages had all passed in the crowd carrying Pétya with it streamed forward into the Krémelin Square which was already full of people. There were people not only in the square

ous voices of the crowd that filled the whole of Krémelin.

For a while the crowd was less dense, but suddenly all heads were bared and everyone rushed forward in one direction. Pétya was being pressed so that he could scarcely breathe and everybody shouted: Hurrah! hurrah! hurrah! Pétya stood on tiptoe and pushed and pinched, but could see nothing except the people about him.

All the faces bore the same expression of excitement and enthusiasm. A tradesman's wife standing beside Pétya sobbed and the tears ran down her cheeks.

Father! Angel! Dear one! she kept repeating, wiping away her tears with her fingers.

Hurrah! was heard on all sides.

For a moment the crowd stood still, but then

nothing but a pushing and shoving, pushing forward, elbowing his way and shouting: hurrah! as if he were prepared that instant to kill himself and everyone else, but on both sides of him other people with similarly ferocious faces pushed forward and everybody shouted: hurrah!

So this is what the Emperor is! thought Pétya. No, I can't petition him myself—that

would be too bold. But in spite of this he continued to struggle desperately forward, and from between the backs of those in front he cranked himself up in an open pace with a trip of red cloth spread out in front but just behind the crowd swayed back—the police in front were pressing back those who had pressed too close to the process. The Emperor was passing from the palace to the Cathedral of the Assumption—and Pétia unexpectedly received such a blow on his side and ribs and was rendered so hard that suddenly everything grew dim before his eyes and he lost consciousness. When he came to himself, a man of clerical appearance with tuft of gray hair at the back of his head and wearing a habbale cassock—probably church clerk or chanter—was holding him under the arm with his hand warding off the pressure of the crowd with the other.

"You crushed the young gentleman," said the clerk. "What are you up to? Gently! They're crushing him, crushing him!"

The Emperor entered the Cathedral of the Assumption. The crowd spread out a little more evenly and the clerk led Pétia—pale and breathless—to the Tsar-cannon. Several people were waiting for Pétia. A sudden crowd turned toward him and pressed round him. Those who stood nearest him attended to him, unbuttoned his coat, seized him on the raised platform of the cannon and reproached those others (whatever they might be) who had crushed him.

"Oh, might easily get killed that way! What do they mean by it? Killing people! Poor dear he is as white as sheet!—various voices were heard."

Pétia soon came to himself, the color returned to his face, the pain had passed, and the cost of that temporary unpleasantness had obtained place by the cannon from where he hoped to see the Emperor who would be returning this way. Pétia no longer thought of presenting his petition. If he could only see the Emperor he would be happy.

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A very large cannon cast in 1483 and preserved in the Moscow Kremlin as a curiosity.—T.R.

ordinary conversation could now be heard. A tradesman's wife was showing her hand and telling how much the hawk had cost another was saying that all silk goods had now got dear. The clerk who had rescued Pétia was talking to a functionary about the priests who were officiating that day with the bishop. The clerk several times used the word plenary (of the service) and Pétia did not understand. Two young citizens were joking with some serfs who were cracking nuts. All these conversations especially the joking with

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run there but the clerk who had taken the young gentleman under his protection stopped him. The firing was still proceeding when officers, generals, and gentlemen in waiting came running out of the cathedral, and for them others more leisurely manner caps were being raised, and those who had run to look at the cannon ran back again. At last four men in uniforms and sashes emerged from the cathedral doors. Hurrah! hurrah! shouted the crowd again.

"Which is he? Which?" asked Pétia in a tearful voice, of those around him, but no one answered him, everybody was too excited and Pétia fixed his eyes on one of those four men whom he could not clearly see. His tears of joy that filled his eyes, concentrated all his enthusiasm in him—though it happened not to be the Emperor—frantically shouted Hurrah! and resolved that tomorrow come what might, he would join the army.

The crowd ran after the Emperor followed him to the palace, and began to disperse. It was already late and Pétia had not eaten this day was drenched with perspiration yet he did not go home but stood with that diminishing, but still considerable crowd before the palace while the Emperor descended—looking at the palace windows, expecting he knew not

CHAPTER XXI

AFTER THE definite refusal he had received Petya went to his room and there locked himself in and wept bitterly. When he came in to tea silent morose and with tear stained face every body pretended not to notice anything.

Next day the Emperor arrived in Moscow and several of the Rostóvs' domestic serfs begged permission to go to have a look at him. That morning Petya was a long time dressing and arranging his hair and collar to look like a grown up man. He frowned before his looking glass, gesticulated, shrugged his shoulders and finally without saying a word to anyone took his cap and left the house by the back door, trying to avoid notice. Petya decided to go straight to where the Emperor was and to explain frankly to some gentleman in waiting (he imagined the Emperor to be always surrounded by gentlemen in waiting) that he Count Rostov in spite of his youth wished to serve his country, that youth could be no hindrance to loyalty and that he was ready to. While dressing Petya had prepared many fine things he meant to say to the gentleman in waiting.

It was on the very fact of being so young that Petya counted for success in reaching the Emperor—he even thought how surprised every one would be at his youthfulness—and yet in the arrangement of his collar and hair and by his sedate deliberate walk he wished to appear a grown up man. But the farther he went and the more his attention was diverted by the ever increasing crowds moving toward the Krémelin the less he remembered to walk with the sedateness and deliberation of a man. As he approached the Krémelin he even began to avoid being crushed and resolutely stuck out his elbows in a menacing way. But within the Trinity Gateway he was so pressed to the wall by people who probably were unaware of the patriotic intentions with which he had come that in spite of all his determination he had to give in and stop while carriages passed in rumbling beneath the archway. Beside Petya stood a peasant woman, a footman, two tradesmen and a discharged soldier. After standing some time in the gateway Petya tried to move forward in front of the others without waiting

Don't you see we're all standing still? Then why push?

Anybody can shove, said the footman and also began working his elbows to such effect that he pushed Petya into a very filthy corner of the gateway.

Petya wiped his perspiring face with his hands and pulled up the damp collar which he had arranged so well at home to seem like a man's.

He felt that he no longer looked presentable and feared that if he were now to approach the gentlemen in waiting in that plight he would not be admitted to the Emperor. But it was impossible to smarten oneself up or move to another place because of the crowd. One of the generals who drove past as an acquaintance of the Rostóvs and Petya thought of asking his help but came to the conclusion that that would not be a manly thing to do. When the carriages had all passed in the crowd carrying Petya with it streamed forward into the Krémelin Square which was already full of people. There were people not only in the square but everywhere—on the slopes and on the roofs. As soon as Petya found himself in the square he clearly heard the sound of bells and the joyous voices of the crowd that filled the whole Krémelin.

For a while the crowd was less dense but suddenly all heads were bared and everyone rushed forward in one direction. Petya was being pressed so that he could scarcely breathe and everybody shouted Hurrah! hurrah! Hurrah! Petya stood on tiptoe and pushed and pinched but could see nothing except the people about him.

All the faces bore the same expression of excitement and enthusiasm. A tradesman's wife standing beside Petya sobbed and the tears ran down her cheeks.

Father! Angel! Dear one! she kept repeating wiping away her tears with her fingers.

Hurrah! was heard on all sides.

For a moment the crowd stood still but then it made another rush forward.

Quite beside himself Petya clenching his teeth and rolling his eyes ferociously pushed forward elbowing his way and shouting hurrah! as if he were prepared at any instant to kill himself and everyone else but on behalf of him other people with similarly ferocious faces pushed forward and everybody shouted hurrah!

So this is what the Emperor is! thought Petya. No I can't petition him myself—that

the first against whom he directed his efforts angrily shouted at him.

What are you shoving for young lordling?

minhals of the nobility were to stand when the Emperor entered, when the ball should be given in the Emperor's honor—whether they should grope themselves by districts or by whole provinces—a decision but soon as the war stretched on so what the nobility had been concerned for the talk became undecided and definite. The all preferred listening to speak.

A middle-aged man handsome and rife in the uniform of a retired naval officer was speaking

to the Emperor) need only say the word and we will die for him—added the orator with an air on

Count Rostov's mouthwatered with pleasure and he nudged Pierre but Pierre wanted to speak himself. He pushed forward feeling stirred but not yet sure what stirred him or what he would say. Scarcely had he opened his mouth when one of the enattés, a man with

both was continued. He too proposed that the grope district with a kindly rule

from the fact that some people Pierre knew as the meekest and quietest of men walked away disapprovingly expressed disagreement with him. Pierre pushed his way to the middle of the group listened and heard him. If that theme was indeed liberal but of views quite different from his own. The naval officer poked in particularly sonorous musical and aristocratic banter—quite pleasantly wallowing his remarks deliberately slurring his consonants the of me calling out his service at the Brest-Bugmoypp. It was indicative of dissipation and the excuse of authorship.

"What if the Smolensk people have offended to waste militarily the Empress? Ah, we to take Smolensk our pattern? If the noble wisecracker of the power of Moscow thinks fit, it is his valiantly to do so we gain the Empress that way. He will go to the aid of the militia the year seven? All that does as to encourage the power of the sons of thieves and wobbles."

Count Rostov smiled blandly and nodded approvingly.

And as for militia of any use to the Em-

pire at the present moment to adopt conscription or to call out the militia. We have been summoned to reply to the appeal with which our sovereign the Emperor has honored us. But to judge what is best—conscription or the militia—we can leave to the supreme authority.

Pierre suddenly saw an outlet for his excitement. He hardened his heart against the servant who was introducing this thread narrow attitude to the deliberation of the nobility. Pierre stepped forward and interrupted him. He himself did not yet know what he would say but he began to speak eagerly occasionally lapsing into French or expressing himself in bookish Russian.

Excuse me your excellency he began (He was well acquainted with the emperor but thou hast necessary on this occasion to address him formally) "Thou hast heard me with the gentleman (he hesitated he wished to say) 'My dear honorable president'—the gentleman whom I have met the honor of knowing I propose that the nobility have been unmoved not merely to express their sympathy and enthusiasm but to consider the means by which we can assist our Father

and his dear new ready to make of ours—es—and not to obtain from us any co-operation.

Many persons withdrew from the circle notwithstanding the sarcasm and the freedom of Pierre's remarks. Only Count Rostov

Food for

Il get nily depwaty from them. The nobility don't gudge theahles—every one of us will go down to the wecruits and so weigh (thetwa) way he referred

what and envying alike the notables he saw arriving at the entrance to dine with the Emperor and the court footmen who served at table glimpses of whom could be seen through the windows

While the Emperor was dining Valuev looked out of the window said

The people are still hoping to see Your Majesty again

The dinner was nearly over and the Emperor munching a biscuit rose and went out onto the balcony The people with Petya among them rushed toward the balcony

Angell Dear one! Hurrah! Father! cried the crowd and Petya with it and again the women and men of weaker mold Petya among them wept with joy

A large piece of the biscuit the Emperor was holding in his hand broke off fell on the balcony parapet and then to the ground A coachman in a jerkin who stood nearest sprang forward and snatched it up Several people in the crowd rushed at the coachman Seeing this the Emperor had a plateful of biscuits brought him and began throwing them down from the balcony Petya's eyes grew bloodshot and still more excited by the danger of being crushed he rushed at the biscuits He did not know why but he had to have a biscuit from the Tsar's hand and he felt that he must not give way He sprang forward and upset an old man but the old

Petya pushed her hand away with his knee seized a biscuit and as if fearing to be too late again shouted Hurrah! with a voice already hoarse

The Emperor went in and after that the greater part of the crowd began to disperse

There! I said if only we waited—and so it was being joyfully said by various people

Happy as Petya was he felt sad at having to go home knowing that all the enjoyment of that day was over He did not go straight home from the Kremlin but called on his friend Obolenski who was fifteen and was also entering the regiment On returning home Petya announced resolutely and firmly that if he was not allowed to enter the service he would run away And next day Count Ilyá Rostóv—though he had not yet quite yielded—went to inquire how he could arrange for Petya to serve where there would be least danger

CHAPTER XXII

TWO DAYS LATER on the fifteenth of July an immense number of carriages were standing outside the Slobódá Palace

The great halls were full In the first were the nobility and gentry in their uniforms in the second bearded merchants in full-skirted coats of blue cloth and wearing medals In the noblemen's hall there was an incessant movement and buzz of voices The chief magnates sat on high-backed chairs at a large table under the portrait of the Emperor but most of the gentry were strolling about the room

All these nobles whom Pierre met every day at the Club or in their own houses were in uniform—some in that of Catherine's day others in that of the Emperor Paul others again in the new uniforms of Alexander's time or the ordinary uniform of the nobility and the general characteristic of being in uniform imparted something strange and fantastic to these diverse and familiar personalities both old and young The old men dim-eyed toothless bald fallow and bloated or grunt and wrinkled were especially striking For the most part they sat quietly in their places and were silent or if they walked about and talked attached them-

the general expectation of a solemn event and at the same time the everyday interests in a boston card party Peter the cook Zinaída Dmitrievna's health and so on

Pierre was there too buttoned up since early morning in a nobleman's uniform that had become too tight for him He was agitated this extraordinary gathering not only of nobles but also of the merchant class—*les états généraux* (States General)—evoked in him a whole series of ideas he had long laid aside but which were deeply graven in his soul thoughts of the *Contrat social* and the French Revolution The words that had struck him in the Emperor's appeal—that the sovereign was coming to the capital for consultation with his people—strengthened this idea And imagining that in this direction something important which he had long awaited was drawing near he strolled about watching and listening to conversations but nowhere finding any confirmation of the ideas that occupied him

The Emperor's manifesto was read evoking enthusiasm and then all moved about discussing it Besides the ordinary topics of conversation Pierre heard questions of where the

marshals of the bulity were to stand wh n
the Emperor tered, wh n b l l h uld be
given in the Empero s ho whethe they
should gro p themsel es by districts o by
bol provi ces d so o but as soon as
the war was to ched what th nob l ty
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t the Empero) need only say the word and
we ll l l d e so him added the orator with
animation

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spe k h mself. He pushed f rward feel ng
sturred but not y t sure what st rred him or
what he would say Scarcely had he opened l
mouth when one of the en tors a man w tl
out tooth in his head w th a shrewd t ugl
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er interrupted h m. E d ntly ccust med to
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gument, h began n low but dist ct to es

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toothless mouth that w h e been summ ed
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p re t the prese t moment to adopt conscrip-
tion o to call o t the m l t u We have been
ummoned to eply to the ppeal w th wh ch
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But to j dge what best—conscription or the
m l t u—we can lea e to the supreme auth ri
ty

P erre suddenly saw n outl t f r his excite-
ment. He h rdened his heart gaunst the en
to who was troducin this set d narrow
it tude nto th del beration of the n b l ty
P erre stepped f rward d i terrupted h m.
H h mself did n t yet know what he would
say but he began to peak eage ly occas nal
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bookish Russian.

Excuse m your ex llency h began (H
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thought t necessary on this occas n to d
dress h m formally) Though l d n t gr
w th th gentleman (he hes tated h
wished to say M t s h bl p é p
t—My ery honorable oppon nt") w th
th g ntleman whom l h e not the ho o
f kn wing I suppose that the n b l ty ha e
bee umm ned n t merely to exp ess the r
sympathy d nthusiasm but lso to con der
the means by which we can assist ou F ther
la d l um on h went on warm g to his
subject, th t the Empero h mself would not
be satisfied to find n us merely owners of serfs
whom w are will n t dev te to h serv
and h r d e n we e ready to m k of
oursel es—nd not to obtain from us ny co-
co-counsel

M ny persons w thd ew from th circle no-
ticing the ena sa cast sm l d th f
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Food f ca n.

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and thieves d w bbahts.

Count llyá Rostóv smiled blandly and nod
ded pp oval.

And was our m l t u f ny us to the Em
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nd w l l get o ly d pwa ty f m them. Th
nob l ty don t gwudge theah l es—ewery one
of us l goa d bw g mo ewcwu ts d
the w r gn (that was th way h ferred

was pleased with them as he had been pleased with those of the naval officer the senator and in general with whatever speech he had last heard

I think that before discussing these questions Pierre continued we should ask the Emperor—most respectfully ask His Majesty—to let us know the number of our troops and the position in which our army and our forces now are and then

But scarcely had Pierre uttered these words before he was attacked from three sides The most vigorous attack came from an old acquaintance a boston player who had always been well disposed toward him Stepán Stepánovich Adráksin Adráksin was in uniform and whether as a result of the uniform or from some other cause Pierre saw before him quite a different man With a sudden expression of malevolence on his aged face Adráksin shouted at Pierre

In the first place I tell you we have no right to question the Emperor about that and secondly if the Russian nobility

The move and

Another voice that of a nobleman of medium height and about forty years of age whom Pierre had formerly met at the gypsies and knew as a bad cardplayer and who also transformed by his uniform came up to Pierre interrupted Adráksin

Yes and this is not a time for discussing he continued but for acting there is war in Russia! The enemy is advancing to destroy Russia to desecrate the tombs of our fathers to carry off our wives and children The nobleman smote his breast We will all arise every one of us will go for our father the Tsar! he shouted rolling his bloodshot eyes Several approving voices were heard in the crowd We are Russians and will not grudge our blood in defense of our faith the throne and the Fatherland! We must cease raving if we are sons of our Fatherland! We will show Europe how Russia rises to the defense of Russia!

Pierre wished to reply but could not get in a word He felt that his words apart from what meaning they conveyed were less audible than the sound of his opponent's voice

Count Rostov at the back of the crowd was expressing approval several persons briskly

turning a shoulder to the orator at the end of a phrase said

That's right quite right! Just so!

Pierre wished to say that he was ready to sacrifice his money his serfs or himself only one ought to know the state of affairs in order to be able to improve it but he was unable to speak Many voices shouted and talked at the same time so that Count Rostov had not time to signify his approval of them all and the group increased dispersed reformed and then moved with a hum of talk into the largest hall and to the big table Not only was Pierre's attempt to speak unsuccessful but he was rudely interrupted pushed aside and people

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been forgotten after the many subsequent speeches but to animate it the crowd needed a tangible object to love and a tangible object to hate Pierre became the

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underclap! was repeated approvingly in the back rows of the crowd

The crowd drew up to the large table at which sat gray haired or bald seventy year old magnates uniformed and besashed almost all of whom Pierre had seen in their own homes with their buffoons or playing boston at the clubs With an incessant hum of voices the crowd advanced to the table Pressed by the throng against the high backs of the chairs the orators spoke one after another and sometimes two together Those standing behind noticed what a speaker omitted to say and hastened to supply it Others in that heat and crush racked their brains to find some thought and hastened to utter it The old magnates whom Pierre knew sat and turned to look first at one and then at another and their faces for the most part only expressed the fact that they found it very hot Pierre however felt excited a little general desire to show that they were ready to go to all lengths—which found expression in the tones and looks more than in the substance of the speeches—infected him too He did not

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some way t bl me d w hed to just fy him
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I ly sa d th t t w uld be mo e to the
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O e f the old men ne rest to h m looked
ro d, b t his ttenti n was mm di tely di
erted by n exclamati n t the other de of
the table

Yes Mosc w w ll be surrendered! She will
be resp u ! ho ted e man

He the e my f mank ndt er ed a th
e All w me to peak Ge tlemen you
ar crush g me

CHAPTER XXIII

At th t t Cou t R st pch n w th hus

f t f th crowd I gentry

O so ere gn th Empe r w ll be here
mome t sa d Rost pch I m stra ght
from th p lace See g the pos t n we e
I th k the e I til need f d scuss n
Th Empe h de gn ed t summon us
d th mer ha t M ll w ll pour f rth
from ther —he po ted t the me ch nts
hall— but our bus ess s to s pply m d
t p rsel es. Tl t is th l ast we
ca d

A f ce took pl ce conf ed to the
m gn tes s tu t th tabl Th wh le con
t passed m re tha q tly Aft ll
t p ed g se tl so d of the old
essay g e f r tler I gree r
to a y l too m f th t p d so
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Th secr t ry w t ld t wr te d wn the
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Sm lé k g try had d e The h rsm de
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"Th Empe ro l Tle Empero s dde
cry es o ded thro h the h ll d tl wh le
thr h rred t th e tra ce

Th Empe te ed the hall tl gh a
b oad p th betwee twoll es f bles. E ery
f p res ed respectf l w tru k cu os ty

P erre stood rathe far off and could not l ear
ll that the Empero sa d. From what l e did
he r he u derstood that the Emperor spoke of
the da ger th aten the emp e and of the
h pes he pl ed on the Moscow nobil ty He
wa a e ed by a vo ce which inf rmed h m
f the resolut on just rri ed at.

Ge tlemen! sa d the Emperor w th a qu
er o ce.

There was a rustl ng mo g the crowd a d
it ga sub ded so that P erre dist tly l ea d
the ple santly human vo ce of the Emperor
say g w them t on

I e er do bted the dev t on of the Rus
s n nobles but tod y it h s surpassed my ex
pe t ns. I th nk y n the n me of the
Fathe l d Gentlemen let us act! T me s
most prec o s.

The Empero cez ed peak g the crowd
began p ess n ou d h m a d rapturou ex
cl matu were he rd from ll s des.

Yes most prec ius royal w rd said

we t to th t f the me ch nts Th e he re
m ed bout t m nutes. P erre wa m g
th e w lo saw h m come out from the mer
ch nts hall w tl t rs f em t n n h eyes.

com g ut accomp d by two merch nts
ne f whom P erre k ew f t otkup hch k
The th w the m yo m n w th th n

d k ptrepe t

O l es d property—t ke th m Your
M jesty!

P erre one feeling at th moment wa a de
et sh w that h wa ready to go lile gth
d was prep red t sac r fice e eryth ng He
w f l t ash med f h s sp ech w th ts con t

A dealer i p ts—o wh lea ed from th
go ernm t th m poly f th sal f p nts f
certain district.—Tx.

was pleased with them as he had been pleased with those of the naval officer the senator and in general with whatever speech he had last heard.

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In the first place I tell you we have no right to question the Emperor about that and secondly if the Russian nobility had that right the Emperor could not answer such a question. The troops are moved according to the enemy's movements and the number of men increases and decreases

Another voice that of a nobleman of medium height and about forty years of age whom Pierre had formerly met at the gypsies and knew as a bad cardplayer and who also transformed by his uniform came up to Pierre interrupted Adraskin

Yes and this is not a time for discussing he continued but for acting there is war in Russia! The enemy is advancing to destroy Russia to desecrate the tombs of our fathers to carry off our wives and children. The nobleman smote his breast. We will all arise every one of us we will go for our father the Tsar! he shouted rolling his bloodshot eyes. Several approving voices were heard in the crowd. We are Russians and will not grudge our blood in defense of our faith the throne and the Fatherland! We must cease raving if we are sons of our Fatherland! We will show Europe how Russia rises to the defense of Russia!

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Glinka the editor of the *Russian Messenger* who was recognized (cries of author author were heard in the crowd) said that hell must be repulsed by hell and that he had seen a child smiling at lightning flashes and thunder claps but we will not be that child.

Yes yes at thunderclaps! was repeated approvingly in the back rows of the crowd.

The crowd drew up to the large table at which sat gray haired or bald seventy year-old magnates uniformed and besashed almost all of whom Pierre had seen in their own homes with their buffoons or playing boston at the clubs. With an incessant hum of voices the crowd advanced to the table. Pressed by the throng against the high backs of the chairs the orators spoke one after another and sometimes two together. Those standing behind noticed what a speaker omitted to say and hastened to supply it. Others in that heat and crush racked their brains to find some thought and hastened to utter it. The old magnates whom Pierre knew sat and turned to look first at one and then at another and their faces for the most part only expressed the fact that they found it very hot. Pierre however felt excited and in a general desire to show that they were really to go to all lengths—which found express on in the tones and looks more than in the substance of the speeches—infected him too. He did not

re o ce his op ns b t f l t himself n
some ay to blame d w hed t just fy him
self

I ly said that it would be mo e to the
purpose t make sacrific es when we know what
eeded sa d h try g to be heard bo e
th ther ces.

O f the ld men nearest t h m looked
round, but his t t n was immed tely di
rted by n e clamations t the other de of
th table

Yes, Moscow w ll b surrendered! She will
be urexpia h uted ne ma

He is the e my f ma k d! cried n th
er All me to peak. Ge tlemen you
are crushi g m

CHAPTER XXIII

A n t m E T Co t Ro t pch n w th his
prtrud g ch d l r t eyes wear g the
un l m f ge eral w th sash o er his shoul
der entered the room, t pp g briskly to the
fro t f th cro d f ge try

Our so ere gn th Empe o w ll be he e
moment sa d Rost pch n I m tra ht
from th palace See g the po ti n we are
in l th k there little need f d scuss on.
The Emper h d gned t umm n us
and th mercha ts. V ll ns w ll pour forth
from ther —he po ted to th merchants
hall— but our bus ess to s pply men nd
not sp re ur sel es. Th t is the least we
ca do

A co fer ce took pl ce confi ed t the
magna es tu t the table Th wh l co
salutatio passed more th qu etly Afte ll
th p eted g e the so d of th r old
vo es sa g fier n ther I agree o
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Th secretary a t ld to wr te d wn th
reso tion f th Moscow n b l ty a d ge try
that they wo ld f r n h t n m f ll
equiped

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"The Empero ! The Empe l dde
cry reso del h m

P rre too d rather far off and could not hear
ll th t the Empero sa d. From what he d d
hear he u derstood th t the Emperor spoke of
the da er threaten n the emp re and of the
h pes he pl ced on the Moscow nob l ty He
vas ns rred by vo ce wh ch informed h n
of the resolut n just rived at.

Gentlemen! sa d the Emperor w th a qu
er o v ice.

There was a rustl g mo g the crowd nd
t ga n sub ded so that P rred t nctly hea d
the pleasantly hum n o ce of the Emperor
say ng with em tion

I n e doubted the de ot on of the Rus
s an nobles b t tod y t has surpassed my ex
pect t ns. I th nk you in the n me of the
F the l d! G nil men let us ctl T me s
mo t precious.

Th Empero cea ed speak g the crowd
began press e rou d h m and rapturous ex
cl m t ns wer heard from ll s des

"Yes m t preci u a royal ord sa d
Cou t Ro tó w th a sob Hestood t th b ck,
d th u h he h d h rd h rdly nything un
derstood e ryth g n h own way

From the hall of the n bil ty the Emperor
w t to th t f the merch ts. There he re
ma ed bout te m utes. P rre wa m ng
those wl saw h m come o t from the mer
chants h ll w d tears of em t on n h yes.

com g out comp ed by two merch nt
e of whom P rre knew f t otkup l l k
The th was th may a m w th a th
sallow f nd narrow beard. B th er w ep
g Tears filled the th n man eyes d tle
f t tk p h h k sobbed o tr ght l le a ch ld
d kept repeat

O l es and prop rty—take them, You
Majesty!

P rre s one feel g at the moment wa d

o e n f rmed R t pch n that he would g
th usa d men nd he ma nte nce.

A deal in p rri o wh leased from th
go crumen h m poly f th sal f p rris f
certa district.—T.R.

was pleased with them as he had been pleased with those of the naval officer the senator and in general with whatever speech he had last heard

I think that before discussing these questions Pierre continued we should ask the Emperor—most respectfully ask His Majesty—to let us know the number of our troops and the position in which our army and our forces now are and then

But scarcely had Pierre uttered these words before he was attacked from three sides The most vigorous attack came from an old acquaintance a Boston player who had always been well disposed toward him Stepan Stepanovich Adraskin Adraskin was in uniform and whether as a result of the uniform or from some other cause Pierre saw before him quite a different man With a sudden expression of malevolence on his aged face Adraskin shouted at Pierre

In the first place I tell you we have no right to question the Emperor about that and secondly if the Russian nobility had that right the Emperor could not answer such a question The troops are moved according to the enemy's movements and the number of men increases and decreases

Another voice that of a nobleman of medium height and about forty years of age whom Pierre had formerly met at the gypsies and knew as a bird cardplayer and who also transformed by his uniform came up to Pierre interrupted Adraskin

Yes and this is not a time for discussing he continued but for acting there is war in Russia! The enemy is advancing to destroy Russia to desecrate the tombs of our fathers to carry off our wives and children The nobleman smote his breast We will all arise every one of us will go for our father the Tsar! he shouted rolling his bloodshot eyes Several approving voices were heard in the crowd We are Russians and will not grudge our blood in defense of our faith the throne and the Fatherland! We must cease raving if we are sons of our Fatherland! We will show Europe how Russia rises to the defense of Russia!

Pierre wished to reply but could not get in a word He felt that his words apart from what meaning they conveyed were less audible than the sound of his opponent's voice

Count Rostov at the back of the crowd was expressing approval several persons briskly

turning a shoulder to the orator at the end of a phrase said

That's right quite right! Just so!

Pierre wished to say that he was ready to sacrifice his money his serfs or himself only one ought to know the state of affairs in order to be able to improve it but he was unable to speak Many voices shouted and talked at the same time so that Count Rostov had not time to signify his approval of them all and the group increased dispersed reformed and then moved with a hum of talk into the largest hall and to the big table Not only was Pierre's attempt to speak unsuccessful but he was rudely interrupted pushed aside and no longer

had been forgotten after the many subsequent speeches but to animate it the crowd needed a tangible object to love and a tangible object to hate Pierre became the latter Many other orators spoke after the excited nobleman and all in the same tone Many spoke eloquently and with originality

Glory

who were

be rescued by hell and that he had seen a child smiling at lightning flashes and thunder claps but we will not be that child

Yes yes at thunderclaps! was repeated approvingly in the back rows of the crowd

The crowd drew up to the large table at which sat gray haired or bald seventy year-old magnates uniformed and besashed almost all of whom Pierre had seen in their own homes with their buffoons or playing Boston at the clubs With an incessant hum of voices the crowd advanced to the table Pressed by the throng against the high backs of the chairs the orators spoke one after another and sometimes two together Those standing behind noticed what a speaker omitted to say and hastened to supply it Others in that heat and crush racked their brains to find some thought and hastened to utter it The old magnates whom Pierre knew sat and turned to look first at one and then at another and their faces for the most part only expressed the fact that they found it very hot Pierre himself ever felt excited at the general desire to show that they were ready to go to all lengths—such sound expression in the tones and looks more than in the substance of the speeches—infected him too He did not

BOOK NINE

ten nce his p n ns but f l t himself in
som y t bl me and w hed t justify h m
self

I o l y s d l t t would be m e to the
purpose to m ke cr fices wh n we kn w what
eeded s d he trying to b h d abo e
the ther ces

O e of the ld men n rest to h m look d
round, but his t tent on w s mm d ately d
verted by an excl mat on at the other s de of
the table

Yes, Moscow w ll be urrender d! She w ll
be urexp t l h uted ne man

He thee emy f m nk nd! cred noth
er All w me to pe k. Gentlemen you
are crush ng mel

CHAPTER XXIII

A th t o t w Co nt R t pch n w th h
prouad g ch n a d l t eye we ng th
f rm of age er l w th asl o er h h ul
der enter d the m t pp ng b kly to the
fro t f th crowd f g ntry

Ou so e e g th Emp w ll be h e n
mome t s d R t pch I m raght

lrom th pl Se g the post n we
m l th k th l t l n d f d scus n
Th Empe h d gn d to ummon us
s d th me h ts. M ll n w ll p ur f th
from th —h p nted t the me h nts
hall— b t rou bu es s t upply m n and
not pre rle Tl t th least we
ca d

A co le n ook pl conf n d t the
man es t g t h table Th wh l con
ultat pas d m th n qu ly After all
he p eced g se he sou d f th ld
vo es sav g f n her l gree
forvari y l oo m of hat p n n nd so
on had ev m unful f t

Th secr tary w t ld o wr d wn th
resol f th Mosc w n b l ty nd gentry
that th ld f m h n m n full
eq pped t f e r y thousand serfs as th
Smile k ge ry had d Th ur ha rs mad

scrap g n use th gentlem n who had
oo ferred rose w th pp rel f nd began
walk g p d d wn rm n rm. ur ch
th lew d n rse uples

Th Emper Th Emper udd n
cr reso ded th h th hall nd th whole
Lron h rred o h n ra

Th Emper ered t hall th h
broad p h between two l es of nobles. E ery
tax p essed respectful w truck curios ty

P erre tood rather far off and could not l ear
all th t the Emperor said. From wh t he d l
hear he understood that the Emperor spoke of
the d ng threaten ng the emp re and of the
hopes he placed on the Mo cow nob l ty He
w n were by a vo ce wh ch nformed h n
of the res lut n ju t arr ed at
Gentlemen! s d the Emperor w th a quiv

e ng vo ce
There s a ru t l ng am ng the crowd and
t ag n subs ded so tl t P erred st nctly he rd
the pl as ntly human o ce of the Emperor
s ying w th em t on

I ne er d ubt d the d ot n of the Rus
s n n bles but t day t h s surpassed my ex
pect t ns I th nk y u in the name of the
Fathe land! G nlemen let us act! Time is
m t pec u

The Empero cea d sp k g the crowd
began p es ng ound h m nd raptur us ex
cl m t on were hea d f om lls de

Ye mo t p c u a royal wo d s d
Count R t w th a sob He tood at the b ck
and th ough h h d h d hardly nyth ng un
derstood e cryth ng in h own way

Fr m th h ll of th nob l ty t le Emperor
w nt to th t of the merch nts The e he re
ma ned b ut ten m nutes P rre was among
th e w lo w h m me ut from the mer
h nts hall w l t e rs of em t n n h eyes
As becam kn w n l te h had carcelly begu
to dd ess the merchants bef e te rs g hed
f m h eyes nd he c ncl d n a t embl ng

When P rre s w the Emperor he was
com g ut comp ed by two merch ts
n f wh m P erre knew fat oth p hch k
Th othe w stle m yo a m w th a th
llow f d narr w be d B t l were cep-
ng Tears fill d the thun man s yes nd the
fa tk p hchik sobbed ut ght like a ch ld
nd kept peat g

Ou l e a d property—take them Y ur
M jestyl

t t l t de cy a d so ght n pportun ty
f eff g t H hea d that Co t Mam-
n was f m h g eume t, Bezukhov at
e f rmed Rost pchin that he w uld ga e
th usand me d their mar tenance.

A dealer sp ts—one who leased from L e
go erment the mon poly of the sal f punts for
certain district.—Tz.

WAR AND PEACE

Old Rostov could not tell his wife of what had passed without tears and at once consented to Petya's request and went himself to enter his name

Next day the Emperor left Moscow. The as

sembled nobles all took off their uniforms and settled down again in their homes and clubs and not without some groans gave orders to their stewards about the enrollment, feeling amazed themselves at what they had done.

conjectures many were to quite the contrary effect

Conjectures as to Napoleon's awareness of the danger of extending his line and (on the Russian side) as to luring the enemy into the depths of Russia are evidently of that kind and only by much straining can historians attribute such conceptions to Napoleon and his marshals or such plans to the Russian commanders. All the facts are in flat contradiction to such conjectures. During the whole period of the war not only was there no wish on the Russian side to draw the French into the heart of the country but from their first entry into Russia everything was done to stop them. And not only was Napoleon not afraid to extend his line but he welcomed every step forward as a triumph and did not seek battle as eagerly as in former campaigns but very lazily.

At the very beginning of the war our armies were divided and our sole aim was to unite them though uniting the armies was no advantage if we meant to retire and lure the enemy into the depths of the country. Our Emperor joined the army to encourage it to defend every inch of Russian soil and not to retreat. The enormous Drissa camp was formed on Pfuels plan and there was no intention of retiring farther. The Emperor reproached the commanders in chief for every step they retired. He could not bear the idea of letting the enemy even reach Smolensk still less could he contemplate the burning of Moscow and when our armies did unite he was displeased that Smolensk was abandoned and burned without a general engagement having been fought under its walls.

So thought the Emperor and the Russian commanders and people were still more provoked at the thought that our forces were retreating into the depths of the country.

Napoleon having cut our armies apart advanced far into the country and missed several chances of forcing an engagement. In August he was at Smolensk and thought only of how to advance farther though as we now see that advance was evidently ruinous to him.

The facts clearly show that Napoleon did not foresee the danger of the advance on Moscow nor did Alexander and the Russian commanders then think of luring Napoleon on but quite the contrary. The luring of Napoleon into the depths of the country was not the result of any plan for no one believed it to be possible it resulted from a most complex interplay of intrigues aims and wishes among

those who took part in the war and had no perception whatever of the inevitable or of the one way of saving Russia. Everything came about fortuitously. The armies were divided at the commencement of the campaign. We tried to unite them with the evident intention of giving battle and checking the enemys advance and by this effort to unite them while avoiding battle with a much stronger enemy and necessarily withdrawing the armies at an acute angle—we led the French on to Smolensk. But we withdrew at an acute angle not only because the French advanced between our two armies the angle became still more acute and we withdrew still farther because Barclay de

— — — — —
er disliked by
nder his com
command of

the second army—tried to postpone joining up and coming under Barclays command as long as he could. Bagration was slow in effecting the junction—though that was the chief aim of all at headquarters—because as he alleged he exposed his army to danger on this march and it was best for him to retire more to the left and more to the south worrying the enemy from flank and rear and securing from the Ukraine recruits for his army and it looks as if he planned this in order not to come under the command of the detested foreigner Barclay whose rank was inferior to his own.

The Emperor was with the army to encourage it but his presence and ignorance of what steps to take and the enormous number of advisers and plans destroyed the first enemys energy and it retired.

The intention was to make a stand at the Drissa camp but Paulucci aiming at becoming commander in chief unexpectedly employed his energy to influence Alexander and Pfuels whole plan was abandoned and the command entrusted to Barclay. But as Barclay did not inspire confidence his power was limited. The armies were divided there was no unity of command and Barclay was unpopular but from this confusion division and the unpopularity of the foreign commander in chief there resulted on the one hand indecision and the avoidance of a battle (which we could not have refrained from had the armies been united and had someone else instead of Barclay been in command) and on the other an ever increasing indignation against the foreigners and an increase in patriotic zeal.

At last the Emperor left the army and as the most convenient and indeed the only pretext

decided that to win

was troubled.

He left no doubt to obstruct the commander's undivided control of the army and hoped that the commander of the reserves became still more confused and defeated. Bringing the Tsar's children and a warm family to the general remained with the army to keep the commander in chief under observation and rouse his energy and bring feelings to the ruler of the observance of all these eyes of the Emperor became till more cautious of undertaking any decision and ordering battle.

Barclay stood fast on the Tsar's

family to the general to Petersburg and plunged to an open struggle with Bennigsen and the Tsar's children.

At Smolensk the reserves last reunited

of Barclay

Despite his severity, Barclay's nature was tested by the army took his orders from Barclay but his submission, ordered that he was less than ever. By the Emperor's Barclay's position did not change. He tested Arakchey's confidence. It must be my so-called general's but I can't know that. If I (my Barclay) of God, I ask send me somewhere else, I only command the regime. I can do that. Her Headquarters of the German troops. Russian cavalry did not have any more. You thought I was really very glibly so. Regard the French did, but it turned out that I am serving Barclay. I confess I did not

The swarm of Bronitski's and Wittenberg rode the black hills rather embittered. The battle between the commanders in chief of the division resulted. Preparations for the fight with the French before Smolensk. The general sent survey the positions. Thus

general's high ground Barclay's to the front of his own corps commander and long spent the day with him returned to Barclay and damned himself. He cried out that few of the battle ground had not seen

While dispute and arguments were going on about the future field of battle and while we were looking for the French—having long to touch with them—the French tumbled upon Napoleon's division and reached the walls of Smolensk.

It was necessary to fight an unexpected battle

Smolensk was bandaged contrary to the wishes of the Emperor and of the whole people.

Thank God only for this. While it is but a day's work of the Emperor Napoleon did not find the and waited there for the final result which would be destructive.

CHAPTER II

THE DAY after the son of the left, Prince Nicholas of the Princes Mary to come to his study.

Well? Are you satisfied now? said he. You come to me quarrel with my son? Satisfied? Yes? Then tell you wanted? Satisfied.

It hurts me thus. I'm old and weak. I don't want to quarrel with you. Well, the gloom to the gloom.

After that Prince Mary did not see her father for a while. He was ill and did not leave his study.

Prince Mary's intention to surprise the daughter of the house of the prince to the lady of her room but did not dream of the mother's business. The father's intention was to see her.

At that day the week the prince's appointment resumed his former way of life. He did not know with the people's duty to build a palace to the daughter's name. The garden and completely being off his election with the mother's business. He looks a little cold to the daughter's appointment. He says "There you are? You plotted against me. You led to the Prince. And about my relation with the Frenchman's dream of the quarrel with him. He is in the hands of the French."

Prince Mary's path of life was very different. Nicholas watched his lessons teaching

him Russian and music herself and talking to Dessalles the rest of the day she spent over her books with her old nurse or with God's folk who sometimes came by the back door to see her

Of the war Princess Mary thought as women do think about wars. She feared for her brother who was in it was horrified by and amazed at the strange cruelty that impels men to kill one another but she did not understand the significance of this war which seemed to her like all previous wars. She did not realize the significance of this war though Dessalles with whom she constantly conversed was passionately interested in its progress and tried to explain his own conception of it to her and though the God's folk who came to see her reported in their own way the rumors current among the people of an invasion by Antichrist and though Julie (now Princess Drubetskaya) who had resumed correspondence with her wrote patriotic letters from Moscow

I write you in Russian my good friend wrote Julie in her Frenchified Russian because I have a detestation for all the French and the same for their language which I can not support to hear spoken. We in Moscow are elated by enthusiasm for our adored Emperor

My poor husband is enduring pains and hunger in Jewish taverns but the news which I have inspires me yet more

You heard probably of the heroic exploit of Raevski embracing his two sons and saying I will perish with them but we will not be shaken! And truly though the enemy was twice stronger than we we were unshakable. We pass the time as we can but in war as in

charpie only you my friend are missing and so on

The chief reason Princess Mary did not realize the full significance of this war was that

hesitatingly believed him

All that July the old prince was exceedingly ill and even animated. He planned another

very little and instead of a p. 6. 33. 1

as usual changed his sleeping place every day. One day he would order his camp bed to be set up in the glass gallery another day he remained on the couch or on the lounge chair in

would spend a night in the dining room

On August 1 a second letter was received from Prince Andrew. In his first letter which came soon after he had left home Prince Andrew had dutifully asked his father's forgiveness for what he had allowed himself to say and begged to be restored to his favor. To this letter the old prince had replied affectionately and from that time had kept the French on at a distance. Prince Andrew's second letter written near Vitebsk after the French had occupied that town gave a brief account of the whole campaign enclosed for them a plan he had drawn and forecasts as to the further progress of the war. In this letter Prince Andrew pointed out to his father the danger of staying at Bald Hills so near the theater of war and on the army's direct line of march and advised him to move to Moscow.

At dinner that day on Dessalles mentioning that the French were said to have already entered Vitebsk the old prince remembered his son's letter.

There was a letter from Prince Andrew today he said to Princess Mary—Haven't you read it?

No Father she replied in a frightened voice

She could not have read the letter as she did

to him in speaking of the present war

That must be very interesting said Dessalles. Prince Andrew is in a position to know

Oh very interesting! said Mademoiselle Bourienne

Go and get it for me said the old prince to Mademoiselle Bourienne. You know—under the paperweight on the little table

Mademoiselle Bourienne jumped up eagerly

No don't! he exclaimed with a frown. You go Michael Ivánovich

Michael Ivánovich rose and went to the study. But as soon as he had left the room the old prince looking uneasily round threw down his napkin and went himself

"They can't do anything always make
muddle," he muttered.

While he was saying Princess Mary Desalles
Vármoss lle Boienne nde en i tle N ch
exchanged looks n s le ce The old pr nce
returned with qu k st p ac mpanied by
Michael I á n ich b ng ng the letter nd a
plan. There h put d wn bes de h m—not i t
mg any ne read them t d nner

O mo to the draw ng room he h nded
the letter to P cas M ry and spread ng out
before h m the pl f tle new bu ld ng nd
fain h eyes po t t ld he to re d th l t
ter also d. Whe st h d done so P ncess
Mary looked qu r gly t he f the He was
exam g the plan e dently engr ed n his
own d as

"What do y u th k of t Pr nce? D s lles
tured to ask

PR sa d the p as if unpleasantly
wak ed d n t tak ng hus ey s from the
pla f th b ld g

"Very poss bly the the ter of war w ll m e
ear to u that

H ha ha The tle t of wa l s d tle
p ce l h e d d st ll say that the thea
ter f w s P la d th nemy w ll never
get bey d th Nemen

Desalles look d magement t th p nce
bo as talk ng of the Nemen wh n th en
emy s ready t the Dn epe but Pr ncess
M ry f rge t g t geograph cal pos uon of
th t eme tho h s that what he father was
say g as n t t

"Wh n th s w m l s they ll k n the
P l h wamps. O ly they could fa l to st
the p to i ued ev d ntly think g f
the camp gn f So r wh ch remed to h m so
re t B g h uld h e d n d n
to Prussia soo er the th ngs w uld ha e tak
d H n s

E t, P Desalles began timidly the
l term ns t it bsk.
Ah, th l tter? Yes epl ed the p nce
peer hly Yes yes His fa udd nly
look mo ose express H p used. Yes
h wt tes tha tle f re d were beaten t at
what t?

Desalles dr pped his eyes.

"Th p ce says noth g bout that, h e-

how y u me n to lter it.

Michael I á nov ch went up to the plan and
the p nce after spe k ng to h m about tle n e v
bu ld ng l ked angr ly at Pr ncess Mary and
Des lles and went to h s own room.

Princess Mary s w Des lle emb rras ed
and ast n hed look fixed on her f ther no
t c d h s s lence nd was struck by the f ct that
her f ther had f rgott n h s son s letter on the
ble but she was n t only
rea
frast

e en to think at

In th even ng Michael Iván ich sent by
th p nce came t Pr ncess M ry for P nce
And ew s l tter wh ch h d been forgotten in
the dr w ng room She ga t t him and un-
pleas nt t w s to her to d so ventu ed to
k h m wh t he f ther was d "

Always bu y epl d Mich el Iván ich
w th a resp tfully r n m le wh ch caused
P n ss M ry to turn p le. He s worry ng
ry much b ut the new bu ld g He has
been ead a little but n w —Mich ll á n
ov cl w nt on l we ng h s vo e— n wh es
ath desk, bu y w th h s w ll l exp t (One
of tle p nces f t occupat on of l tle had
be n the prep t n f som p per h e n cant
to lea at hus d th nd wh ch he called l s
w ll)

And Alpátycl be g sent to Sm lén k
asked Pr nces M ry

Oh yes he has be n wa t ng t start f r
som t me

CHAPTER III

WHEN MICHAEL I Á TCH returned to the
h l t r th old p nce, w th pec
s

somewhat drama

manuscript—his Remarks as h term d t—
nd h Emper

The prince h d l t o g w t
n Sm lén k and, walking up and d wn the
oom past Alpátych wh rood by the doo he
ga e h s tructions.

him Russian and music herself and talking to Dessalles the rest of the day she spent over her books with her old nurse or with God's folk who sometimes came by the back door to see her.

Of the war Princess Mary thought as women do think about wars. She feared for her brother who was in it and was horrified by and amazed at the strange cruelty that impels men to kill one another but she did not understand the significance of this war which seemed to her like all previous wars. She did not realize the significance of this war though Dessalles with whom she constantly conversed was passionately interested in its progress and tried to explain his own conception of it to her and though the

God's folk who came to see her reported in their own way the rumors current among the people of an invasion by Antichrist and though Julie (now Princess Drubetskáya) who had resumed correspondence with her wrote patriotic letters from Moscow

I write you in Russian my good friend wrote Julie in her Frenchified Russian because I have a detestation for all the French and the same for their language which I can not support to hear spoken. We in Moscow are elated by enthusiasm for our adored Emperor

My poor husband is enduring pains and
hunger in Jewish taverns but the news which
I have inspires me yet more

You heard probably of the heroic exploit of Raévski embracing his two sons and saying: I will perish with them but we will not be shaken! And truly though the enemy was twice stronger than we we were unshakable. We pass the time as we can but in war as in war! The princesses Aline and Sophie sit whole days with me and we unhappy widows of live men make beautiful conversations over our *charpie* only you my friend are missing and so on

The chief reason Princess Mary did not realize the full significance of this war was that

calm and confident that Princess Mary unhesitatingly believed him.

All that July the old prince was exceedingly active and even animated. He planned another garden and began a new building for the domestic serfs. The only thing that made Princess Mary anxious about him was that he slept very little and instead of sleeping in his study

as usual changed his sleeping place every day. One day he would order his camp bed to be set up in the glass gallery, another day he re-

rienne—a serf boy read to him. Then again he could spend a night in the dining room.

On August 1 a second letter was received from Prince Andrew. In his first letter which came soon after he had left home Prince Andrew had dutifully asked his father's forgiveness for what he had allowed himself to say and begged to be restored to his favor. To this letter the old prince had replied affectionately and from that time had kept the French omnibus at a distance. Prince Andrew's second letter, written near Vitebsk after the French had occupied that town, gave a brief account of the whole campaign, enclosed for them a plan he had drawn and forecasts as to the further progress of the war. In this letter Prince Andrew pointed out to his father the danger of staying at Bald Hills, so near the theater of war and on the army's direct line of march, and advised him to move to Moscow.

At dinner that day on Dessalles mentioned that the French were said to have already entered Vitebsk the old prince remembered his son's letter.

There was a letter from Prince Andrei to-day he said to Princess Mary— Haven't you read it?

No Father she replied in a frightened voice

She could not have read the letter as she did not even know it had arrived.

He writes about this war said the prince with the ironic smile that had become habitual to him in speaking of the present war.

That must be very interesting said Des salles. Prince Andrew is in a position to know

Oh very interesting! said Mademoiselle Bourienne

Go and get it for me said the old prince
— " o k — un

gerly up ca

No doubt! he exclaimed with a frown.
You go, Michael Ivánovich!

Michael Ivanovich rose and went to the study. But as soon as he had left the room the old prince, looking uneasily round, threw down his napkin and went himself.

"They can't do an thing always make
see nothing," he muttered.

While he was with Princess Mary Dessalles, *Mademoiselle Bourienne* and even little *Nicholas* remained looks in silence. The old prince moved with quick steps, accompanied by Michael Ivanovich, bringing the letter and a plan. Then he put down beside him—not letting anyone read them—dinner.

On moving to the drawing-room he handed the letter to Princess Mary and, spreading out before him the plan of the new building and fixing his eyes upon it, told her to read the letter aloud. When she had done so Princess Mary looked inquiringly at her father. He was examining the plan, evidently engrossed in his own ideas.

"What do you think of it, Prince?" Dessalles ventured to ask.

"Papa," said the prince as if unpleasantly alarmed, and not taking his eyes from the plan of the building.

"Very possibly the theater of war will move so near to us that

"Ha ha ha. The theater of war!" said the prince. He said and studied so that the theater of war is Poland and the enemy will never get beyond the Vistula.

Dessalles looked in amazement at the prince, so was talking of the Vistula when the enemy was already at the Dnieper but Princess Mary forgot the geographical position of the Vistula, though that what her father was saying was correct.

"When the snow melts we'll sink in the Passes. Only they could fail to see it, the prince continued, evident thinking of the campaign of 1807 which seemed to him so recent. Bonaparte should have advanced into Prussia sooner than things would have taken a different turn.

"But, Prince, Dessalles began timidly, "the letter mentions it clearly."

"Oh, the letter is clear," replied the prince peremptorily. "Yes, yes." His face suddenly took on a morose expression. He paused. "Yes," he writes that the French were beaten at Waterloo.

Dessalles dropped his eyes.

"The prince says nothing about that," he remarked gently.

"Dessalles? But I didn't invent it myself. No one spoke for a long time."

"Yes, yes." Well, Michael Ivanovich, he suddenly went on, raising his head and pointing to the plan of the building, "tell me

how you mean to alter it."

Michael Ivanovich went up to the plan and the prince after peaking at him about the new building looked angrily at Princess Mary and Dessalles and went to his own room.

Princess Mary saw Dessalles embarrassed and astonished look fixed on her father noticed his silence, and was struck by the fact that her father had forgotten his son's letter on the drawing-room table; but she was not only afraid to speak of it and ask Dessalles the reason of his confusion and silence, but was afraid even to think about it.

In the evening Michael Ivanovich, sent by the prince, came to Princess Mary for Prince Andrew's letter which had been forgotten in the drawing-room. She gave it to him and, unpleasant as it was to her to do so, ventured to ask him what her father was doing.

"Always busy," replied Michael Ivanovich with a respectfully ironical smile which caused Princess Mary to turn pale. He's worrying very much about the new building. He has been reading a little, but now—Michael Ivanovich went on, lowering his voice—now he is at his desk, busy with his will, I expect. (One of the prince's favorite occupations of late had been the preparation of some papers he meant to leave at his death and which he called his "will.")

"And Alpatych is being sent to Smolensk?" asked Princess Mary.

"Oh, yes, he has been waiting to start for some time."

CHAPTER III

WHEN MICHAEL IVANOVICH returned to the study with the letter the old prince, with spectacles on and a shadow over his eyes, was sitting

his open bureau with screened candles, holding a paper in his outstretched hand, and in a somewhat dramatic attitude was reading his manuscript—his "Remarks," as he termed it—which was to be transmitted to the Emperor after his death.

When Michael Ivanovich went in there were tears in the prince's eyes evoked by the memory of the time when the paper he was now reading had been written. He took the letter from Michael Ivanovich's hand, put it in his pocket,

him Russian and music herself and talking to Dessalles the rest of the day she spent over her books with her old nurse or with God's folk who sometimes came by the back door to see her

Of the war Princess Mary thought as women do think about wars She feared for her brother who was in it was horrified by and amazed at the strange cruelty that impels men to kill one another but she did not understand the significance of this war which seemed to her like all previous wars She did not realize the significance of this war though Dessalles with whom she constantly conversed was passionately interested in its progress and tried to explain his own conception of it to her and though the

God's folk who came to see her reported in their own way the rumors current among the people of an invasion by Antichrist and though Julie (now Princess Drubetskaya) who had resumed correspondence with her wrote patriotic letters from Moscow

I write you in Russian my good friend wrote Julie in her Frenchified Russian because I have a detestation for all the French and the same for their language which I can not support to hear spoken We in Moscow are elated by enthusiasm for our adored Emperor

My poor husband is enduring pains and hunger in Jewish taverns but the news which I have inspires me yet more

You heard probably of the heroic exploit of Raevski embracing his two sons and saying I will perish with them but we will not be shaken! And truly though the enemy was twice stronger than we we were unshakable We pass the time as we can but in war as in war! The princesses Aline and Sophie sit whole days with me and the unhappy widows of live men make beautiful conversations over our *charpie* only you my friend are missing and so on

The chief reason Prince M... alize the fu...
h... ..

... and confident that Princess Mary unhesitatingly believed him

All that July the old prince was exceedingly active and even animated He planned another garden and began a new building for the domestic serfs The only thing that made Princess Mary anxious about him was that he slept very little and instead of sleeping in his study

as usual changed his sleeping place every day One day he would order his camp bed to be set up in the glass gallery another day he remained on the couch or on the lounge chair in the drawing room and dozed there without undressing while—instead of Mademoiselle Bourienne—a serf boy read to him Then again he could spend a night in the dining room

On August 1 a second letter was received from Prince Andrew In his first letter which came soon after he had left home Prince Andrew had dutifully asked his father's forgiveness for what he had allowed himself

Prince Andrew's second letter written near Vitebsk after the ...

... forecasts as to the further progress of the war In this letter Prince Andrew pointed out to his father the danger of staying at Bald Hills so near the theater of war and on the army's direct line of march and advised him to move to Moscow

At dinner that day on Dessalles mentioning that the French were said to have already entered Vitebsk the old prince remembered his son's letter

There was a letter from Prince Andrew today he said to Princess Mary—Haven't you read it?

No Father she replied in a frightened voice

She could not have read the letter as she did not even know it had arrived

He writes about this war said the prince with the ironic smile that had become habitual to him in speaking of the present war

That must be very interesting said Dessalles Prince Andrew is in a position to know

Oh very interesting! said Mademoiselle Bourienne

Go and get it for me said the old prince to Mademoiselle Bourienne You know—under the paperweight on the little table

Mademoiselle Bourienne jumped up eagerly

No don't! he exclaimed with a frown You go Michael Ivánovich

Michael Ivánovich rose and went to the study But as soon as he had left the room the old prince looking uneasily round threw down his napkin and went himself

BOOK TEN

CHAPTER IV

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BALD HILLS Prince N ch las Bolkón kis es-
tate 1 y fty m les east from Smolénsk and
two miles from the m n rd to Moscow

The same evening that the prisoner gave his instructions to Alpátych Dessalles having led to see Princess Mary told her that she was at the prison and was taking no steps for her safety though from the presence of

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g.

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to the trap
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TEN
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tune he looked with pleasure

As he entered the field with pleasure at the splendid crop of corn scrutinized the trips of the field which here and there were already being reaped. He had his calculator as to the sowing and the harvest and asked himself whether he had not forgotten any of the prince's orders.

Hungary had the horses twice on the way
arrived at the town toward evening on the
fourth of August

fourth of August
Alpátych kept meet ng and overtak ng bag
gag tra n d troop on the oad. As he ap
pr ched Smolénsk he heard the sounds of d
t nt fir ng but these d d not mpress h m
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Why e they le ng the t wn? asked Al

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W m s f w m n s f u s s l s d A l p á t y c h .
Just wh t i t h n k Y á k A l p á t y c h What I
say d e r s h b e e g e n n t t i t h m
so that mu t b e r g h t . A n d t h p a s a n t s e a s k

WAR AND PEACE

First newspaper—do you hear? Eight quires like this sample gilt edged it must be exact ly like the sample. Varnish sealing wax as in Michael Ivánovich's list

He paced up and down for a while and glanced at his notes

Then hand to the governor in person a letter about the deed

Next bolts for the doors of the new building were wanted and had to be of a special shape the prince had himself designed and a leather case had to be ordered to keep the will in

The instructions to Alpátych took over two hours and still the prince did not let him go He sat down sank into thought closed his eyes and dozed off Alpátych made a slight move ment

Well go go! If anything more is wanted I'll send after you

Alpátych went out The prince again went to his bureau glanced into it fingered his papers closed the bureau again and sat down at the table to write to the governor

It was already late when he rose after sealing the letter He wished to sleep but he knew he would not be able to and that most depressing thoughts came to him in bed So he called Tikhon and went through the rooms with him to show him where to set up the bed for that night

He went about looking at every corner Every place seemed unsatisfactory but worst of all was his customary couch in the study That couch was dreadful to him probably because of the oppressive thoughts he had had when lying there It was unsatisfactory every where but the corner behind the piano in the sitting room was better than other places he had never slept there yet

With the help of a footman Tikhon brought in the bedstead and began putting it up

That's not right! That's not right! cried the prince and himself pushed it a few inches from the corner and then closer in again

Well at last I've finished now I'll rest thought the prince and let Tikhon undress him

Frowning with vexation at the effort necessary to divest himself of his coat and trousers the prince undressed sat down heavily on the bed and appeared to be meditating as he looked contemptuously at his withered yellow legs He was not meditating but only deferring the moment of making the effort

you would release me! thought he Pressing his lips together he made that effort for the twenty thousandth time and lay down But hardly had he done so before he felt the bed rocking backwards and forwards beneath him as if it were breathing heavily and jolting This happened to him almost every night He opened his eyes as they were closing

No peace damn them! he muttered angrily he knew not with whom Ah yes there was something else important very important that I was keeping till I should be in bed The bolts? No I told him about them No it was something something in the drawing room Princess Mary talked some nonsense Dessalles that fool said something Something in my pocket—can't remember

Tikhon what did we talk about at dinner? About Prince Michael

Be quiet quiet! The prince slapped his hand on the table Yes I know Prince Andrew's letter! Princess Mary read it Dessalles said something about Vitebsk Now I'll read it

He had the letter taken from his pocket and the table—on which stood a glass of lemonade and a spiral wax candle—moved close to the bed and putting on his spectacles he began reading Only now in the stillness of the night reading it by the faint light under the green shade did he grasp its meaning for a moment

The French at Vitebsk in four days march they may be at Smolensk perhaps are already there! Tikhon! Tikhon!

I don't want

He put the closed his eyes Danube at bridge way reads the Russian camp and himself a young general without a wrinkle on his ruddy face vigorous and alert entering Potemkin's gaily colored tent and a burning sense of jealousy of the favorite agitated him now as strongly as it had done then He recalled all the words spoken at that first meeting with Potemkin And he saw before him a plump rather sallow faced short stout woman the Empress Mother with her smile and her words at her first glance

Oh quicker quicker! To get back to that time and have done with all the present Quick er quicker—and that they should leave me in peace!

CHAPTER IV

BAID HILLS, Prince Nicholas Bolkónski's estate lay five miles east from Smolensk and two miles from the main road to Moscow.

The same evening that the prince gave his instructions to Alpatych, Dessalles, his minister, saw Princess Mary told her that, as the prince was not very well, he was taking no steps to secure his safety though from Prince Andrew's letter it was evident that he remained at Bald Hills might be dangerous, he respectfully advised her to send a letter by Alpatych to the Provincial Governor at Smolensk, asking him

even to Alpatych with instructions to hand it to the Governor and to come back as quickly as possible if there was danger.

Having received all his orders Alpatych, wearing his beaver hat—a present from the prince—and carrying a stick as the prince did, went out accompanied by his family. Three well-fed roans tooled ready-harnessed to a small conveyance with a leather hood.

The harness bell was muffled and the little bells on the harness stuffed with paper. The prince allowed no one at Bald Hills to drive with him in the bells, but on his journey Alpatych liked to have them. His satellites—the sen or clerk, the house clerk, scullery maids, a cook, two women, little page-boy the coachman, and various domestic servants—were seeing him

He dismounted placed chintz-covered down cushions for him to sit on and behind his back. His sister-in-law popped a small bundle, and the coachmen helped him into the carriage.

"There! There! Women fuss! Women fuss!" said Alpatych, puffing and peaking as he just as the prince did, and he climbed into the trap.

After giving the clerk orders about the work to be done, Alpatych, turning to his minister, now lifted the hat from his bald head and bowed himself three times.

If there is anything come back, Yákov Alpatych Christoforovitch, take this of us, cried he, referring to the rumors of war and the

"Women, women! Women fuss!" muttered Alpatych to himself and started on his journey looking round to see the fields flow with and the trees thickly growing oats, and to the

er quite black fields just being plowed a second time.

As he went along he looked with pleasure at the year's splendid crop of corn scrutinized the strips of rye-field which here and there were already being reaped, made his calculations as to the sowing and the harvest, and asked himself whether he had not forgotten any of the prince's orders.

He visited the horses twice on the way he arrived at the town toward evening on the fourth of August.

Alpatych kept meeting and undertaking baggage trains and troops on the road. As he approached Smolensk he heard the sounds of distant firing but these did not impress him. What struck him most was the sight of a splendid field of oats in which a camp had been pitched and which was being mown down by the soldiers, evidently for fodder. This fact impressed Alpatych, but in thinking about his own business he soon forgot it.

All the interests of his life for more than thirty years had been bounded by the will of the prince and he never went beyond that limit. Everything not connected with the execution of the prince's orders did not interest and did not even exist for Alpatych.

On the fourth of August he put up at the Gáchin

trade, and now had a house, an inn and a corn dealer shop in that province. He was stout, dark, red-faced peasant in the features, with thick lips, broad knob of nose, military knobby ears, his black frowning brows, and round belly.

Wearing a waistcoat over his cotton shirt, Fetapto was standing before his shop which he peered out of the street. On seeing Alpatych he went up to him.

"You're welcome, Yákov Alpatych. Folks are leaving the town but you have come to us, said he.

"Why are they leaving the town?" asked Alpatych.

"That's what I say. Folks are foolish. Always afraid of the French."

"Women fuss, women fuss," said Alpatych. Just what I think, Yákov Alpatych. What I say is right. The peasants are not so foolish. They must be right. And the peasants are ask

BOOK TEN

CHAPTER IV

CHAPTER IV
Bald Hills, Prince Nicholas Bolkonski's estate lay forty miles east from Smolensk and two miles from the main road to Moscow. The same evening that the prince gave his instructions to Alpatych Dessalles he visited the Princess Mary to let her that as though he was entirely ill and was taking steps to secure his safety through from Prince Andrei drew letters was evident that he remained Bald Hills though in danger as he particularly advised her to send letters by Alpatych to the Provincial Governor to Smolensk and Kingham's affairs and the ex-

TEN
er qu te black fields just being plowed a second
time along he looked with pleasure

As he went along he looked with pleasure at the yeas plind drop of corn scrut nized the str p of ryefield wh ch here and there were already b ng reaped made h s calcul tions as to th sow ng nd the harvest and asked h m elf whethe he had n t forgotten any of the p nces s o ders

Hung led the horses twice on the way
he arrived at the town toward evening on the
fourth of August

Alpatych kept in the background, and on the road ahead he appeared to be leading the troop on the sounds of the

Alpátych kept m tng
gag tra ns d troop on the r ad A he ap
P ched smolen kh hea d the sounds of d s
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rs g F rapo t by Alpatych s d ce had
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P g l l k d r s b o t h w k w up hum
 Alp h r s g m h l g th town but you ha come to it
 l l l h f m h b l d h d s a d h

Why re they lea g the t wn? ked Al

Tha h t Isay Folks are foolish! Always
fra d of th Fre ch.

W me fuss omen fuss said Alparvch.
J st h t think Yák Alparvch. What I
say is rdersha ebeengive not to let...
so that must be right. And th peasants are ask

ing three rubles for carting—it isn't Christian!

Yákov Alpátych heard without heeding. He asked for a samovar and for hay for his horses and when he had had his tea he went to bed.

All night long troops were moving past the inn. Next morning Alpátych donned a jacket he wore only in town and went out on business. It was a sunny morning and by eight o'clock it was already hot. A good day for harvesting, thought Alpátych.

From beyond the town firing had been heard since early morning. At eight o'clock the booming of cannon was added to the sound of musketry. Many people were hurrying through the streets and there were many soldiers, but cabs were still driving about. Tradesmen stood at their shops and service was being held in the churches as usual. Alpátych went to the shops to government offices to the post office and to the Governor's. In the offices and shops and at the post office everyone was talking about the army and about the enemy who was already attacking the town. Everybody was asking what should be done and all were trying to calm one another.

In front of the Governor's house Alpátych found a large number of people. Cossacks and a traveling carriage of the Governor's. At the porch he met two of the landed gentry, one of whom he knew. This man, an ex-captain of police, was saying angrily:

It's no joke, you know! It's all very well if you're single. One man though, undone is but one—as the proverb says—but with thirteen in your family and all the property. They've brought us to utter ruin! What sort of governors are they to do that? They ought to be

the other

We're not dogs, said the ex-captain of police, and looking round he noticed Alpátych.

Oh Yákov Alpátych! What have you come for?

To see the Governor by his excellency's order, answered Alpátych, lifting his head and proudly thrusting his hand into the bosom of his coat as he always did when he mentioned the prince. He has ordered me to inquire into the position of affairs, he added.

Yes, go and find out! shouted the angry gentleman. They've brought things to such a pass that there are no carts or anything! There it is again, do you hear? said he, pointing in the direction whence came the sounds of firing.

They've brought us all to ruin—the brigands! he repeated and descended the porch steps.

Alpátych swayed his head and went upstairs. In the waiting room were tradesmen, women and officials looking silently at one another. The door of the Governor's room opened and they all rose and moved forward. An official ran out, said some words to a merchant, called a stout official with a cross hanging on his neck to follow him and vanished again, evidently wishing to avoid the inquiring looks and questions addressed to him. Alpátych moved forward and next time the official came out addressed him, one hand placed in the breast of his buttoned coat and handed him two letters.

To his Honor Baron Asch from General in Chief Prince Bolkónski, he announced with such solemnity and significance that the official turned to him and took the letters.

A few minutes later the Governor received Alpátych and hurriedly said to him:

Inform the prince and princess that I knew nothing. I acted on the highest instructions—here—and he handed a paper to Alpátych. Still, as the prince is unwell, my advice is that they should go to Moscow. I am just starting

expressed terror.

Go, he said, nodding his head to Alpátych and began questioning the officer.

Eager, frightened, helpless glances were turned on Alpátych when he came out of the Governor's room. Involuntarily his eyes now to the firing, which had drawn nearer and was increasing in strength. Alpátych hurried to his inn. The paper handed to him by the Governor said this:

I assure you that the town of Smolénsk is not in the slightest danger, say it and it is unlikely that it will be threatened with any. From the one side and Prince Bagration from the other are marching

People were anxiously roaming about the streets.

Carts piled high with household utensils, chairs, and cupboards kept emerging from the gates into the yards, diminishing the treetops. Loaded carts stood at the house next to Ferapont's doorway, where walls and lamenting as they said good-bye. A small watchdog ran round barking in front of the harnessed horses.

Alpátych entered the yard at a quicker pace than usual and went straight to the shed where his horses and trap were. The coachman was asleep. He woke him up to lead him to harness, and went to the passage. From the host's room came the sounds of child crying, the deep sighs of a woman, and the harsh angry shouts of Ferapóto. The cook began running hither and thither the passage like frightened horse just as Alpátych entered.

He stood here at death, killed the mistress!

Best her dragged her about so!

"What for?" asked Alpátych.

"She kept begging to go away. She was a woman. Take me away, says she, don't let me perish in my little household! Folk here says are ill, go so why he says don't we go? And he began beating and pulling her about so!"

At these words Alpátych nodded as if in approval, didn't wish to hear more went to the door of the room opposite the innkeeper's where he had left his purchases.

"You brute, you murderer! screamed the poor woman who with baby in her arms, dithered left and right in her head, burst through the door at that moment and dashed with steps into the yard.

Ferapóto came out after her, but on seeing Alpátych adjusted his waistcoat, smoothed his jawed, and followed Alpátych to the opposite room.

"Go, go, ready?" said he.

Alpátych, who turned swiftness, looking at his host, sorted his packages and asked how much he owed.

"Will reckon up. Will have you been to the Governor?" asked Ferapóntov. "What has been decided?"

Alpátych replied that the Governor hadn't told him anything definite.

"With business, how can we get away?" said Ferapóto. "We have to pay seven rubles cartload. Do you know? I'll tell them they're not Christ. I'll sell now. Did a good strike last Thursday—sold flour to

the army for nine rubles a sack. Will you have some tea?" he added.

While the horses were being harnessed Alpátych and Ferapóntov over the tea talked of the price of corn, the crops and the good weather for harvest.

"Well, it seems to be getting quite re-

So we'll force it seems. They say the other day Matthew Iánych Plát drove them into the river Máryn and drowned some eighteen thousand one day.

Alpátych collected his parcels handed them to the coachman who had come and settled up with the innkeeper. The noise of wheel, hoof and bell was heard from the gateway as the little trap passed out.

It was by now late in the afternoon. Half the street was had with other half brightly lit by the sun. Alpátych looked out of the window and went to the door. Suddenly the strange sound of a far-off whistle and thud was heard followed by a boom of cannon blinding to dull roar that set the window rattling.

He went into the street, two men were

comp so with the noise of the fir going to the town and attracted little attention from the inhabitants. That was because bombarded by hundred and thirty guns which Napoleon had ordered up after five o'clock. The people did not take the meaning of this bombardment.

At first the use of the fall-g bombs and shells only roused curiosity. Ferapóntov's wife while then hadn't ceased with gun, the head became quiet with the baby.

George, the young man, tried to get glimpse of the projectiles as they flew over their heads. Several people came out to the corner talk eagerly.

"What for?" asked one. Knocked the roof down, all to pieces.

Routed up the earth like pig said another.

"That's grand, it bucks one up," laughed Htman of the Cossack army—Tsk.

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your family and all the property. They've
brought us to utter ruin! What sort of gover-
nors are they to do that? They ought to be
hanged—the brigands!

Oh come, that's enough! said the other.
What do I care? Let him hear! We're not
dogs, said the ex captain of police.

To see the Governor by his excellency's or-
der answered Alpatykh, lifting his head and
proudly thrusting his hand into the bosom of
his coat as he always did when he mentioned
the prince. He has ordered me to inquire
into the position of affairs, he added.
Yes, go and find out! shouted the angry
gentleman. They've brought things to such a
pass that there are no carts or anything!
There it is again, do you hear? said he point-
ing in the direction whence came the sounds of
firing.

They've brought us all to ruin—the brig-
ands! he repeated and descended the porch
steps.

Alpatykh swayed his head and went upstairs.
In the writing room were tradesmen, women
and officials looking silently at one another.
The door of the Governor's room opened and
they all rose and moved forward. An official
ran out, said some words to a merchant, called
a stout official with a cross hanging on his neck
to follow him and vanished again. Evidently
wishing to avoid the inquiring looks and ques-
tions addressed to him, Alpatykh moved for-
ward and next time the official came out ad-
dressed him, one hand placed in the breast of
his buttoned coat and handed him two letters.

To his Honor Baron Asch from General in
Chief Prince Bolkónski, he announced with
such solemnity and significance that the official
turned to him and took the letters.

A few minutes later the Governor received
Alpatykh and hurriedly said to him:

Inform the prince and princess that I know
nothing. I acted on the highest instructions—
here and he handed a paper to Alpatykh.
Still as the prince is unwell my advice is that
they should go to Moscow. I am just starting
myself. Inform them.

But the Governor did not finish. A dusty per-
spiring officer ran into the room and began to
say something in French. The Governor's face
expressed terror.

Go, he said, nodding his head to Alpatykh
and began questioning the officer.

Eager, frightened, helpless, the officer
turned on Alpatykh.
Governor
to the fir-
increasing
inn. The
or said th-

I
in the
it will
and I Pr
to our forces before Smolensk which
will be effected on the 22nd instant and both ar-
mies with the united forces will defend our com-
patriots of the province entitled to your care. I
our efforts hail have beaten back the enemies of
our Fatherland. I shall stay with you and I
I in ranks I speared from the sky I will see that
you have a perfect guarantee that the what is
of Smolensk for the defended by two soldiers
armies may feel assured of victory. (Instructions
from B. Lay de Tolly to Baron Asch the civil
governor of Smolensk 1812)

to stop I s de treet ne r the cro sroads
here the veh cles had t pped h us and
some hop w e n fire This fi e was l e dy
burn g t lf ut. The fl mes n w d ed down
a d ere l t the black smoke w udden
ly flared up ga n brghtly lghtu g up w th
stra ge d t ct ess the f es f th people
cro d g t the cro s ro ds Black figures flit

Alpátych g t down d turned t the d
sure t t look t the fire. Soldiers were cont n
ually rush g b ckwa ds a d f rw rds near it
nd he saw tw f them and m n n frie e
coat dragg g burn g beams to an theryard
cross th treet, wh le thers carried bundles
of hay

Alpátych went p to l rge crowd sta d g
before h h b rn wh ch was bl g bri kly
The alls e e ll on fire d th b ckwall h d
fallen in the wooden roof was collap ng d
th e raf ers ere alght. Th cr wd was ev d nt
ly ich to the oof t fall n d Alpátych
watched f t too

Alpátych f m liar e udd ly hailed
L e l d man.

Mercy us! Y ur ellency! w ered
Alpátych, mmediat ly recognuzing the o ce
f his p g pri ce.

Prince A drew h ridding cl ak mounted
on bl k h rse wa look g t Alpátych from
th ba k f th cro d.

"Why vo here h asked.

"Your your excellency tampered Al
pátych and broke to sob. Are we really
los M ter!

"Why re y here Pri ce Andrew repeat
ed.

At that moment th flames flared up and
showed h y g ma er pale w rn face. Al
pátych told how he had been sent there nd
how d. Scult t was t get w z

Ar w ally quit lost, your excellency
he asked n n.

Prince Andrew w th t replyin took o t
n n book nd raising his k ee began writing
in pencil n page h tor out. H wro e to
h ter

"Smolensk being abandoned, Baid Hill will
be occupied by the enem within a week. Set off
immediat for Moscow Let me know t once
ten vo will tart. Send by special messenger to
L msk.

H ng wri ten this and given L e paper to

Alpátych he told h m how to arrange fo the
departure of the pr ce the p ncess his son

at it foll weu ya c g p u r
Y u r col nel? houted the ch f of
taff w th a German ccent n vo c fam l r
t Pri ce Andrew Houses a e set on fire in
you presence nd you tand by! What d es
th s mean? You w ll nswer fo t l sh uted
B rg who was now assistant to the ch ef f
taff f the comm nde of the left flank of the

Rere d

the tenth a d if by the tenth I don t recei e
n ws that they ha ll g t way I shall h e to
throw up e eryth g nd com myself to B ld
H lls.

Prince sa d Berg recogn g Prince An
drew I only poke b cause I ha e to obey o
ders b cause I lways do obey xactly You
must pleas excuse me he w nt n pologet
cally

Some thing cracked n th flames Th fi e
died down to moment and wreaths of bl k
sm k rolled from u der the oof Ther was
another t rible cra h nd someth g huge col
l psed.

"Ou rou rou! yelled th crowd ch g th
crash of th collap g oof of the barn th
burn ng gra n n wh ch diffused cakel ke
aroma all ar und The flames flared up ga n
lghtu th n mated, del ghted exhausted
faces of the pectators

The man n th frieze coat raised his rms
and houted

It fin lads \ w t rraging It fin

"That the owner himself, cried everal
v ces.

"Well then continued Prince Andrew to
Alpátych, eport to them as I hav told you
and not replying word to Berg who was now
mute bes d him, h touched his hors nd rode
down th d treet.

CHAPTER V

F M SMOLENSK th troops continued to re-
treat, f ll wed by th enemy On the tenth of
August th eriment Pri ce Andrew command
ed was mar h lo g th h ghroad past the
enuelead g to B ld H lls. Heat and dr ught
had continued f more than three weeks.

the first Lucky you jumped aside or it would have wiped you out!

Others joined those men and stopped and told how cannon balls had fallen on a house close to them. Meanwhile still more projectiles now with the swift sinister whistle of a cannon ball now with the agreeable intermittent whistle of a shell flew over people's heads incessantly but not one fell close by they all flew over Alpatych was getting into his trap. The inn keeper stood at the gate.

What are you staring at? he shouted to the cook who in her red skirt with sleeves rolled up swinging her bare elbows had stepped to the corner to listen to what was being said.

What marvels! she exclaimed but hearing her master's voice she turned back pulling down her tucked up skirt.

something exploded and the street was shrouded in smoke.

Scoundrel what are you doing? shouted

ened baby began to cry and people crowded silently with pale faces round the cook. The loudest sound in that crowd was her wailing.

Oh h h! Dear souls dear kind souls! Don't let me die! My good souls!

Five minutes later no one remained in the street. The cook with her thigh broken by a

tress rocked and hushed her baby and when anyone came into the cellar asked in a pathetic whisper what had become of her husband who had remained in the street. A shopman who entered told her that her husband had gone with others to the cathedral whence they were fetching the ponderous icon of Smolensk.

clear was clouded with smoke through which high up the sickle of the new moon shone strangely. Now that the terrible noise of the guns had ceased a hush seemed to reign over the town broken only by the rustle of footsteps

the morning the distant cries and the crackle of fires which seemed widespread everywhere. The cook's moans had now subsided. On two sides black curling clouds of smoke rose and spread from the fires. Through the streets soldiers in various uniforms walked or ran confusedly in different directions like ants from a ruined ant hill. Several of them ran into Ferapontov's yard before Alpatych's eyes. Alpatych

being abandoned. Get away get away! and then turning to the soldiers shouted.

I'll teach you to run into the yards!

Alpatych went back to the house called the coachman and told him to set off. Ferapontov's whole household came out too following Alpatych and the coachman. The women who had been silent till then suddenly began to wail as they looked at the fires—the smoke and even the flames of which could be seen in the failing twilight—and as if in reply the same kind of lamentation as heard from other parts of the street. Inside the shed Alpatych and the coachman arranged the tangled reins and traces of their horses with trembling hands.

As Alpatych was driving out of the gate he saw some ten soldiers in Ferapontov's open

at his hair burst into sobs and laughter.

Loot everything! Idiot! Don't let those devils get it! he cried taking some bags of flour himself and throwing them into the street.

Some of the soldiers were frightened and ran away others went on filling their bags. On seeing Alpatych Ferapontov turned to him.

Russia is done for! he cried. Alpatych I'll set the place on fire myself. We're done for! and Ferapontov ran into the yard.

Soldiers were passing in a constant stream

out

Night had come. There were stars in the sky and the new moon shone out amid the smoke that screened it. On the sloping descent to the Dnieper Alpatych's cart and that of the inn keeper's life which were slowly moving amid the rows of soldiers and of other vehicles had

to stop. In a side street near the crossroads where the houses had topped a house and some shops were in fire. This fire was already burning itself out. The flames now died down and were lost in the black smoke now sudden-ly flared up again brightly lighting up with strange distinctness the faces of the people crowd-*g* the crossroads. Black fires flared about before the fire and through the noise a crackling of the flames talking and shouting could be heard. See that his trap would not be able to move now for some time.

cross the street, while others called out.

Alpátych went up to the large crowd standing before his barn which was blowing briskly. The allowance of fire and the black wall had fallen in, the wooden roof was collapsing and the rafters were alight. The crowd was evident. I watch for the roof to fall and Alpátych watched it too.

Alpátych familiarly and suddenly hailed the old man.

"Mercy on your excellency answered Alpátych, immediately recognizing the voice of his young prince.

Prince Andrew in his riding cloak, mounted on black horse, was looking at Alpátych from the back of the crowd.

"Why are you here?" he asked.

"Your excellency stammered Alpátych and broke to sobs. Are we really lost? My lord!

"Why are you here? Prince Andrew repeated.

At that moment the flames flared up and alsoed his garments as palaces of fire. Alpátych told him what had been going on there and how difficult was the way.

Are we really lost, your excellency he asked again.

Prince Andrew without reply took out not book and began to write with pencil. The pencil tore. He wrote to her.

Smolensk is being abandoned. Bald Hills will be occupied by the enemy within week. Set off immediately for Moscow. Let me know once you will start. Send by special messenger to Kryzh.

He gave her this and given the paper to

Alpátych he told him how to arrange for the departure of the princess, the princess, his son and the boy tutor and how and where to let him know immediately. Before he had had time to finish giving these instructions, a chief of staff followed by suite galloped up to him.

"You are a colonel?" he asked the chief of staff with a German accent. "No, I am a family to Prince Andrew. He is here on fire and you present and you stand by! What does this mean? You will answer for it!" shouted Berg who was now assistant to the chief of staff of the commander of the left flank of the infantry of the first army place as Berg said.

Prince Andrew looked at him and without reply went on speaking to Alpátych.

So tell them that I shall wait a reply till the tenth and if by the tenth I don't receive news that they have got away I shall have to throw up everything and come myself to Bald Hills.

Prince, said Berg, recognizing Prince Andrew. I only poke because I have to obey orders because I always do obey exactly. You must please excuse me. He went on pologetically.

Something crackled in the flames. The fire died down for a moment and wreaths of black smoke rolled from under the roof. The fire was another terrible crash and something huge collapsed.

Our our our yelled the crowd echoing the crash of the collapse of the roof of the barn the burning grain in which dissolved cackles as a matter of fact. The flames flared up again lighting the moment, delighted exhausted faces of the spectators.

The moment the fire rose he raised his arms and he uttered.

It's finished! Now it's raging. It's finished! That the owner himself cried several times.

Well then continued Prince Andrew to Alpátych report to them as I have told you and in reply gave a word to Berg who was now mute beside him he touched his horse and rode down the street.

CHAPTER V

From Smolensk the troops continued to retreat, followed by the enemy. On the tenth of August the commandant Prince Andrew commanded was marching through the ghro-d past the enemy lead. Bald Hills. Heat and drought had continued for more than three weeks.

Each day fleecy clouds floated across the sky and occasionally veiled the sun but toward evening the sky cleared again and the sun set in reddish brown mist. Heavy night dews alone refreshed the earth. The unreaped corn was scorched and shed its grain. The marshes dried up. The cattle lowed from hunger finding no food on the sun parched meadows. Only at night and in the forests while the dew lasted was there any freshness. But on the road the highroad along which the troops marched there was no such freshness even at night or when the road passed through the forest the dew was imperceptible on the sandy dust churned up more than six inches deep. As soon as day dawned the march began. The artillery and baggage wagons moved noiselessly through the deep dust that rose to the very hubs of the wheels and the infantry sank ankle deep in that soft choking hot dust that never cooled even at night. Some of this dust was kneaded by the feet and wheels while the rest rose and

-- --

higher rose that cloud of dust and through the screen of its hot fine particles one could look with naked eye at the sun which showed like a huge crimson ball in the unclouded sky. There was no wind and the men choked in that motionless atmosphere. They marched with handkerchiefs tied over their noses and mouths. When they passed through a village they all rushed to the wells and fought for the water and drank it down to the mud.

Prince Andrew was in command of a regiment and the management of that regiment the welfare of the men and the necessity of receiving and giving orders engrossed him. The burning of Smolensk and its abandonment made an epoch in his life. A novel feeling of anger against the foe made him forget his own sorrow. He was entirely devoted to the affairs of his regiment and was considerate and kind to his men and officers. In the regiment they called him our prince were proud of him

-- --

to a different world and who could not know and understand his past. As soon as he came across a former acquaintance or anyone from the staff he bristled up immediately and grew spiteful, ironical and contemptuous. Every thing that reminded him of his past was repug-

nant to him and so in his relations with that former circle he confined himself to trying to do his duty and not to be unfair.

In truth everything presented itself in a dark and gloomy light to Prince Andrew especially after the abandonment of Smolensk on the sixth of August (he considered that it could and should have been defended) and after his sick father had had to flee to Moscow abandoning to pillage his dearly beloved Bald Hills which he had built and peopled. But despite this thanks to his regiment Prince Andrew had something to think about entirely apart from general questions. Two days previously he had received news that his father son and sister had left for Moscow and though there was nothing for him to do at Bald Hills Prince Andrew with a characteristic desire to foment his own grief decided that he must ride there.

He ordered his horse to be saddled and leaving his regiment on the march rode to his father's estate where he had been born and spent his childhood. Riding past the pond where there used always to be dozens of women chattering as they rinsed their linen or beat it with wooden beetles Prince Andrew noticed that there was not a soul about and that the little washing half torn from its place and half submerged was floating on its side in the middle of the pond. He rode to the keeper's lodge. No one was at the stone entrance gates of the drive and the door stood open. Grass had already begun to grow on the garden paths and horses and calves were straying in the English park. Prince Andrew rode up to the hothouse some of the glass panes were broken and of the trees in tubs some were overturned and others dried up. He called for Taras the gardener but no one replied. Having gone round the corner of the hothouse to the ornamental garden he saw that the carved garden fence was broken and branches of the plum trees had been torn off with the fruit. An old peasant whom Prince Andrew in his childhood had often seen at the gate was sitting on a green garden seat plaiting a bast shoe.

He was deaf and did not hear Prince Andrew ride up. He was sitting on the seat the old prince used to like to sit on and beside him strips of bast were hanging on the broken and withered branch of a magnolia.

Prince Andrew rode up to the house several times in the old garden had been cut down and a pebbled mare and her foal were wandering in front of the house among the rosebushes. The shutters were all closed except at one

window which was open. A little serf boy carrying Prince Andrew ran to the house. Al-
pátych, having sent his family away, was late
at Bald Hills and was sitting at the doors reading

"Well good bye! said Prince Andrew bend-
ing over to Al-pátych. "You must go away too
take away what you can and tell the serfs to go
to the Ryazán estate or to the one near Mos-
cow

Al-pátych clung to Prince Andrew's leg and
himself

and kissing Prince Andrew's knee

Then, exasperated at his own weakness, he turned
away and began to report on the position of af-
fairs. Everything precious and valuable had
been removed to Boguchár. The seventy quar-
ters of grain had also been carted away. The
hay and the spring corn of which Al-pátych
said there had been a remarkable crop that
year had been commandeered by the troops.
The ground was still green. The peasants
were ruined, some of them too had gone
to Boguchár, only a few remained.

With this he went to hear him out. Prince An-
drew looked

"When did my father and sister leave?
mean when did they leave for Moscow?

Al-pátych understood the question to refer
to the departure for Boguchár. He replied
that they had left in the seventh ad-
vanced detachment of the estate
management staff.

Am I the troop here, is and to
take a receipt of them? Which will be hun-
dred quarters left, he inquired.

mental garden like fly-compasses
had disappeared last on

the trees there came
seeing the young master the elder one with
frightened look clutched her young com-
panion by the hand and hid with her behind a rich
tree not stopping to pick up some green plums
which had dropped.

frightened little girl was afraid of looking at
him and yet felt nervous to be desired to do so.
A new sensation of comfort and relief came
over him when seeing the girl. He realized
that the life of the human interests entirely

undoubtedly with them. He asked
and he asked them to ally themselves
"Yes, let them have it, replied Prince An-
drew.

If you would some disorder in the garden
and Al-pátych was impossible to prevent it.
Three eggs were here. The peacock
fight, dragon mostly looked with him. The
drank fish command. He felt dis-
completing.

"Will, do what they go to do? Will
you say her fish occupy the place?
asked Prince Andrew.

Al-pátych smiled. He felt Prince Andrew
looked at him, and did only with solemn
gesture raised his arm.

He is my refuge! He will be denied. He ex-
claimed.

A group of bareheaded peasants was pro-
ceeding across the meadow toward the prince.

danger past, they passed from the ambulance
and chirruping methinks in their shrill little
voices. The old guard put their kurtis the re-
lief. The unbanned feet camped merrily and
quickly crossed the meadow grass.

Prince Andrew was somewhat refreshed by
the good news. The dusty high road lying
which the troop were moving. But not far
from Bald Hills he again came out on the road.
He took his regiment to its halt. The place
by the dam of a small pond. It was a pleasant
old place. The red ball through the dust
battered. The rich horse back not terribly
thrilling. The black coat. The dust always hung
motionless about the buzz of talk that came
from the resting troops. There was no word.
Andrew crossed the dam. Prince Andrew smelled
the odor of freshness. The pond. He longed
to get into the water. He never dived. The might
be a dangerous ground. The pool from

whence came sounds of shrieks and laughter. The small muddy green pond had risen visibly more than a foot flooding the dam because it was full of the naked white bodies of soldiers with brick red hands necks and faces who were splashing about in it. All this naked white human flesh laughing and shrieking floundered about in that dirty pool like carp stuffed into a watering can and the suggestion of merriment in that floundering mass rendered it specially pathetic.

One fair haired young soldier of the third company whom Prince Andrew knew and who had a strap round the calf of one leg crossed himself stepped back to get a good run and plunged into the water. Another a dark noncommissioned officer who was always shaggy stood up to his waist in the water joyfully wriggling his muscular figure and snorted with satisfaction as he poured the water over his head with hands blackened to the wrists. There were sounds of men slapping one another yelling and puffing.

Everywhere on the bank on the dam and in the pond there was healthy white muscular flesh. The officer Timókhin with his red

less

It's very nice your excellency! Wouldn't you like to? said he.

It's dirty replied Prince Andrew making a grimace.

We'll clear it out for you in a minute said Timókhin and still undressed ran off to clear the men out of the pond.

The prince wants to bathe.

What prince? Ours? said many voices and

barn

of bodies splashing about in the dirty pond

On the seventh of August Prince Bagration wrote as follows from his quarters at Mikháylovka on the Smolensk road.

Dear Count Alexis Andréevich—(He was writing to Arakchéev but knew that his letter would be read by the Emperor and therefore we gilded every

word in it to the best of his ability.)

I expect the Minister [Barclay de Tolly] has already reported the abandonment of Smolensk to the enemy. It is pitiable and sad and the whole army is in despair that this most important place has been wantonly abandoned for my part

was in such a fix as never before and might have lost half his army but could not have taken Smolensk. Our troops fought, and are fighting, a never before. With fifteen thousand men I held the enemy at bay for thirty five hours and beat him but he would not hold out even for fourteen hours. It is disgraceful a stain on our army and as for him he ought it seems to me not to live. If he reports that our losses were great it is not true perhaps about four thousand not more and not even that but even were they ten thousand and that's all! But the enemy has lost masses.

What would it have cost him to hold out for another two days? They would have had to retreat

retiring that night. We cannot fight in this way or we may soon bring the enemy to Moscow.

There is a rumor that you are thinking of peace. God forbid that you should make peace after all our sacrifices and such insane retreats! You would set all Russia against you and every one of us

One man ought to be in command and not the Minister may perhaps be good as a Minister

get away with you. I would locate the conclusion of space and that the Minister should command the army does not love you so enough and less the ruin of all. So I write you frankly call out the militia. For the Minister is leading these visitors after him to Moscow in a most miserable way. The whole army feels

The army to say I I. Consider that on our retreat the whole left flank is left in the hospital more than fifteen thousand men and if we attacked this would not happen. Tell me so God as he will tell Russia or mother Russia to say to our being so frightened and why we should go our good night. I faith land to our rally and implanting feelings of

lured and sham in all r bjects. Wh t are
scared t and f h m w fraid. I m n t
thme that th Minister as acill t g cowa d
dense dilatory d h all bad q lities. Th
whole army bewails t d calls d n curses upo
him.

CHAPTER VI

A c r m e umerable categories ppl cabl
to the phe m n f human l f ne m y d s

try prov l r even Moscow l f—we may
alot P tersh r g l f a d espec lly the l f e of
its sons. That l f e f the sal ns is u cha ging
S c th year 8 w h d made pea e nd had
a quarrel w th Bo p r te d h d m de
over t t t sand u m de them a a b t the
sons f A Pál n a d Hélène rema ned
just as they had been—th e seven nd the
other f e ears bef e. At A n Pál n
they talked th perpl ty f Bo p r t s u
esses j t as bef e d saw them nd n
th bers ce h w n to h m by the European

with his is toward g Hélén as em k
bly tell ge t woma they t lked w th the
same ecstasy 8 as 808 f th great
n tion d th great ma nd egr tted ur
rupture w th Fra ruptu wh h, cco d
g to them, ght t b p mply term n ted
by pea e.

Of l a s the Empero return f m the
rmy d er had bee som excit ment n these
onl t u salo ci les d som demo tra
tions f hos l y t o other b teach camp
retained is w t d cy l A na Pál n
cud ly those F chm nwer d m t ed who
wer deep rood legum is patr ou
er wer expressed th effect that ne
ught nott got th Fre ch thea e d that
to ma ta th Fench tro pe was costing the
gover ment much as whole rmy corps.
The progress f the war wa eagerly f llowed,
nd ly h eports most flatter g to our ar
m ere rculted. l th F ch cle of Hé
lé d R my tsev h eports f the cru l
ty f th emy d f the w were co trad ct
ed nd l N poleo empts t co tnat n

Cou N P R m d tsev had been Min er of
Foreign Aff irs in 400 nd in 509 becam Cha
llor—Ta.

were d scussed. In th t c cle they discounte
nanced tho ewho d i ed hurr ed preparat on
for emo al t kazán of the cou t and the
girl educat on l establ hments under the pa
tronage of the Dowage Empress In Hélène s
l th w r n general vas regarded a a s

p esseu y u

qu te at h me n Hélène s hous wh ch e ery
t—th t n t by

enthu a m—news of wh ch had e u u u
burg s multaneously w th the Empero s re
turn—was d culd sarcast cally and very cle
erly though w th much caut n

port nt posts f rmed a co n ct o u

com gs nd go gs between the two camp be
cam confused d s a d t Hélène wh t he
should ha s a d t Ann Pál lovn nd v ce
ersa.

Soon fter the Empero return Pri ce Va
il n con ers t on bo t the wa at Anna
Pál n severely co demned Bard yde Tol

een kutu o th newly chos n ch e f of the
Petersburg mil t pes d o er the en oll
m nt of recr ts at the Treasury cou usly
tued to ggest th t kutuzo would be the
mant sat fy all equireme ts.

Ann Pál lovn rema ked w th a m l n holy
ml that kutuzo had d nenoth gb t caus
th Empero r nnorance.

Th stalked d talked t th Assembly of
the N b lty Prince Vasil s interrupted but
they d d n t listen t m It ld them hu lec
t n as ch f of th m l u w uld n t please the
Emper r They d d n t list n to m

It ll th ma f opposu n h went
on. And who f ? It is ll because we wa t to
pe the fool sh enthussasm of those Musco
tes Pri ce V il co t u ed, f rgettu g f
mom nt that tho gh at Hélé s o ch d to
ridicule the Moscow thus asm t Anna Pál
l n a s o e had t be ecstatic about t. But he

retrieved his mistake at once. Now is it suitable that Count Kutuzov, the oldest general in Russia, should preside at that tribunal? He will get nothing for his pains! How could they make a man commander in chief who cannot mount a horse, who drops asleep at a council, and has the very worst morals! A good reputation he made for himself at Bucharest! I don't

No one replied to his remarks.

This was quite correct on the twenty-fourth of July. But on the twenty-ninth of July Kutuzov received the title of Prince. This might indicate a wish to get rid of him, and therefore Prince Vasili's opinion continued to be correct, though he was not now in any hurry to express it. But on the eighth of August a committee consisting of Field Marshal Saltykov, Arakchëev, Vyazmitinov, Lopukhin, and Kochubëv met to consider the progress of the war. This committee came to the conclusion that our failures were due to a want of unity in the com-

But Prince they say he is blind! said he, reminding Prince Vasili of his own words.

Eh? Nonsense! He sees well enough, said Prince Vasili rapidly in a deep voice and with a slight cough—the voice and cough with which he was wont to dispose of all difficulties.

He sees well enough, he added. And what I am so pleased about, he went on, is that our sovereign has given him full powers over all the armies and the whole region—powers no commander in chief ever had before. He is a second autocrat, he concluded with a victorious smile.

God grant it! God grant it! said Anna Pavlovna.

The man of great merit, who was still a novice in court circles, wishing to flatter Anna Pavlovna by defending her former position on this question, observed:

It is said that the Emperor was reluctant to

Perhaps the heart took no part in that speech, said Anna Pavlovna.

Oh, no, not warmly rejoined Prince Vasili, who would not now yield Kutuzov to anyone in his opinion. Kutuzov was not only admirable himself, but was adored by everybody. No that's impossible, said he, for our sovereign appreciated him so highly before.

God grant only that Prince Kutuzov assumes real power and does not allow anyone to put a spoke in his wheel, observed Anna Pavlovna.

Understanding at once to whom she alluded, Prince Vasili said in a whisper:

I know for a fact that Kutuzov made it an absolute condition that the Tsarévich should not be with the army. Do you know what he said to the Emperor?

And Prince Vasili repeated the words supposed to have been spoken by Kutuzov to the Emperor: I can neither punish him if he does wrong nor reward him if he does right.

Oh, a very wise man is Prince Kutuzov! I have known him a long time!

They even say, remarked the man of great merit, who did not yet possess courtly tact, that his excellency made it an express condition that the sovereign himself should not be with the army.

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armies and over the whole region occupied by them.

On the ninth of August Prince Vasili and Anna Pavlovna again met the man of great merit. The latter was very attentive to Anna Pavlovna because he wanted to be appointed director of one of the educational establishments for young ladies. Prince Vasili entered the room with the air of a happy conqueror who has attained the object of his desires.

Well, have you heard the great news? Prince Kutuzov is field-marshal! All dissensions

ing room

also to
ceived the news with delight, he could not resist the temptation

Anna Pi Iorna turned away from him and glanced sadly at one another with a sigh at his misfortune.

CHAPTER VII

WHILE THIS was taking place in Petersburg the French had already passed Smolénk and were drawing nearer and nearer to Moscow. A popular historian Thiers, like other of his historians, tries to justify his hero says that he was drawn to the walls of Moscow against his will. He is as right as other historians who look for the explanation of historic events in the will of man. He is as right as the Russian historians who maintain that Napoleon was drawn to Moscow by the skill of the Russian commanders. Here begins the law of retrospection, which regards all the past as preparation for events that subsequently occur. The law (recapitulates) comes in, confusing the whole matter. A good chessplayer having lost a game is sincerely convinced that his loss resulted from mistake he made and looks for that mistake in the opening, but regrets that in each stage of the game there were similar mistakes and that none of his moves were perfect. He only notices the mistake to which he pays attention because his opponent took advantage of it. How much more complex than this is the game of war which occurs under certain limits. I think indeed that it is not one will that manipulates all the objects, but everything results from innumerable co-factors & various wills.

After Smolensk the poleon sought battle be-
tween Dorogobuzh and Viazma and then at
Tsitvovo-Zavna but it happened that ow-
ing to conjuncture of innumerable circum-
stances the Russes could not get battle till
they reached Borodino, seventy miles from
Moscow. From Viazma the poleon ordered a
direct drive on Moscow.

Moscow la 1 an 1 q e d gr d
 m r la ll sacr d peupl d'ill d
 Moscow ever se m m b bl glur en/ rre
 d pazed h th Moscow gave Na-
 poeo m agina son no rest. O the march
 from Alma to Tsierevo-Zavru hch he rode
 h l- ba bobta led mblcr compa ed by
 hn Guarda hn bodyguard, his pages, daides-
 decamp. Berth cr his ch ef l taft, dropped
 beh ad question Russian prisoner cap-
 ured by he cavalry Followed by Lelorgue

Moscow the Asia capital of this great empire is the sacred city of Alexander people Moscow is in innumerable churches shaped like Chinese pagodas.

corps is joining up with the 1st and that Kutuzov has been appointed commander in chief. He is a very shrewd and glib fellow."

Napoleon smiled and told them to give the Cossack horse and bring the man to him. He wished to talk to him himself. Several adjutants galloped off, and an hour later Lavrushka the serf Denisov had handed over to Ros-

harm

"You are a Cowboy"

"Yes, Cossack, your H nor"

"The Cosa K, not known" in what company he was, for Napoleon in appearance had nothing about him that would reveal to an Oriental mind the presence of a monarch. talked with the extreme multiplicity of the incidents of the war says Thiers, narrating this episode. In reality Lavrushka, having got drunk the day before and left his master dinnerless, had been whipped and sent to the village on quest of chickens, where he engaged in looting till the French took him prisoner. Lavrushka was one of those coarse bare-faced rascals who have seen all sorts of things, consider it necessary to do everything in the mean and cunning way are ready to render any sort of service to their master and are keen at guessing their master's baser impulses, especially those prompted by vanity and pettiness.

Findi himself in the company of a pole on whose density he had easily and surely recognized, Lavrushka was not in the least baffled but merely did his utmost to gain his new master's favor.

He knew very well that this was \ poleon but \ poleon's presence could no more intimidate him than Rostó's, so sergeant mayor with the rods, would have done for he had nothing that either the sergeant major or \ poleon could deprive him of.

So he rattled it off: all the gossip had heard of the orderlies. Much of it was true. But when Napoleon asked him whether the Russians thought they would beat Bonaparte or not, Lavrushka screwed up his eyes and considered.

In this question he saw subtle cunning as men of his type see cunning in everything so he frowned and did not answer immediately

It's like this he said thoughtfully *if there's a battle soon yours will win That's right But if three days pass then after that well then that same battle will not soon be over*

Lelorgne d Ideville smilingly interpreted this speech to Napoleon thus *If a battle takes place within the next three days the French will win but if later God knows what will happen Napoleon did not smile though he was evidently in high good humor and he ordered these words to be repeated*

Lavrushka noticed this and to entertain him further pretending not to know who Napoleon was added

We know that you have Bonaparte and that he has beaten everybody in the world but we are a different matter —without knowing why or how this bit of boastful patriotism slipped out at the end.

The interpreter translated these words with out the last phrase and Bonaparte smiled

The young Cossack made his mighty interlocutor smile *says Thiers After riding a few paces in silence Napoleon turned to Berthier and said he wished to see how the news that he was talking to the Emperor himself to that very Emperor who had written his immortally victorious name on the Pyramids would affect this enfant du Don*

The fact was accordingly conveyed to Lavrushka

Lavrushka understanding that this was done to perplex him and that Napoleon expected him to be frightened to gratify his new masters promptly pretended to be astonished and awe struck opened his eyes wide and assumed the expression he usually put on when taken to be whipped As soon as Napoleon's interpreter had spoken *says Thiers the Cossack seized by amazement did not utter another word but rode on his eyes fixed on the conqueror whose fame had reached him across the steppes of the East All his loquacity was suddenly arrested and replaced by a naive and silent feeling of admiration Napoleon after making the Cossack a present had him set free like a bird restored to its native fields*

Napoleon rode on dreaming of the Moscow that so appealed to his imagination and the bird restored to its native fields galloped to our outposts inventing on the way all that had Child of the Don

not worth telling He found the Cossacks inquired for the regiment operating with Piltov's detachment and by evening found his master Nicholas Rostov quartered at Yankovo Rostov was just mounting to go for a ride round the neighboring villages with Ilyin he let Lavrushka have another horse and took him along with him

CHAPTER VIII

PRINCESS MARY was not in Moscow and out of

from a dream He ordered the militiamen to be called up from the villages and armed and wrote a letter to the commander in chief informing him that he had resolved to remain at Bald Hills to the last extremity and to defend it leaving to the commander in chief's discretion to take measures or not for the defense of Bald Hills

But while himself remaining he gave in

by her father's feverish and sleepless after his previous apathy could not bring herself to leave him alone and for the first time in her life ventured to disobey him She refused to go away and her father's fury broke over her in a terrible storm He repeated every injustice he had ever inflicted on her Trying to convict her he told her she had worn him out had caused his quarrel with his son had harbored nasty suspicions of him making it the object of her life to poison his existence and he drove her from his study telling her that if she did not go away it was all the same to him He declared that he did not wish to remember her existence and warned her not to dare to let him see her The fact that she did not as she had feared order her to be carried away by force but only told her not to let him see her cheered Princess Mary She knew it was a proof that in the depth of his soul she was glad she was remaining at home and had not gone away

The morning after little Nicholas had left the old prince donned his full uniform and prepared to visit the commander in chief His

He was already at the door. Princess Mary saw him walk out of the house in his uniform wearing all his orders and go down the garden to review his armed peasants and domestic staff. She sat by the window listening to his voice which reached her from the garden. Suddenly several men came running up the avenue with frightened faces.

Princess Mary ran out to the porch, down the lower-bordered path, and into the avenue. A large crowd of militiamen and domestics were moving toward her and in their midst several men were supporting by the arms and dragging along a little old man in a uniform and decorations. She ran up to him and, in the pale twilight that fell in small round spots through the shade of the lime-tree avenue, could not be sure what character there was in his face. All she could see was that his former stern and determined expression had altered to one of timidity and submission. On seeing his daughter he motioned his helpless lips and made a hoarse sound. It was impossible to make out what he wanted. He was lifted up, carried to his study and laid on the very couch he had so feared of late.

The doctor who was fetched that same night, bled him and said that the prince had had a severe paralytic his right side.

It was becoming more and more dangerous to remain at Bald Hills, and next day they moved to Boruchárovo, the doctor accompanying him.

By the time they reached Boruchárovo Desyatov and the little prince had already left for Moscow.

For three weeks the old prince lay stricken by paralysis in the new house. Prince Andrew had built at Boruchárovo, ever in the same way, getting neither better nor worse. He was unconscious and his limbs distorted corpse. He moaned incessantly, his eyebrows and lips trembled and was impossible to understand what he understood what was going on around him or not. One thing was certain—that he was suffering and wished for something. But it was no one could tell, might be voice crying of lack and half-crazy man, or it might relate to public affairs, or possibly to family concerns.

The doctor said his restlessness did not mean anything and was due to physical causes, but Princess Mary thought it best to tell her something, and the fact that her presence always increased his restlessness concerned her opinion.

He was evidently suffering both physically and mentally. There was no hope of recovery. It was impossible for him to travel. It would not do to let him die on the road. "Would it not be better if the end did come, the very end?" Princess Mary sometimes thought. "What and day hardly sleeping at all, she watched him and, terrible to say, often watched him not with hope of finding signs of improvement but wishing to find symptoms of the approach of the end.

Strange as it was to her to acknowledge this feeling in herself, yet there it was. And what seemed still more terrible to her was that her father's illness began (perhaps even sooner when he saved with him expects something to happen) if the person he desires and hopes that had been forgotten no sleeping with her had awakened. Though his thoughts had not entered

free from his belief continued continually in her imagination. The temptation of the devil. Thrust them as she would, question continually recurred to her. How she would order her life now after this? These were temptations of the devil and Princess Mary knew it. She knew that the sole weapon against him was prayer and she tried to pray. She assumed a attitude of prayer looked at the cross, repeated the words of prayer but she could not pray. She felt that a different world had now taken possession of her—the life of the world of strenuous and free activity quite opposed to the spiritual world in which

It was becoming dangerous to remain at Boruchárovo. News of the approach of the French came from all sides, and no village ten miles from Boruchárovo a homestead had been looted by French marauders.

that the French were only some twenty-five miles away the French proclamations were circulating in the villages, and that if the prince did not take her father was before the fifteenth, he could not answer for the consequences.

In this question he saw subtle cunning as men of his type see cunning in everything so he frowned and did not answer immediately

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CHAPTER VIII

PRINCESS MARY was not in Moscow and out of danger as Prince Andrew supposed

After the return of Alpatych from Smolensk the old prince suddenly seemed to wake as from a dream He ordered the

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to take measures or not for the defense of Bald Hills where one of Russia's oldest generals would be captured or killed and he announced to his household that he would remain at Bald Hills

But while himself remaining he gave instructions for the departure of

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overish and sleepless activity after his previous apathy could not bring herself to leave him alone and for the first time in her life ventured to disobey him She refused to go away and her father's

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she had worn him out had caused his quarrel with his son had harbored nasty suspicions of him making it the object of her life to poison his existence and he drove her from his study telling her that if she did not go away it was all the same to him He declared that he did not wish to remember her existence and warned her not to dare to let him see her The fact that she did not as she had feared order her to be carried away by force but only told her not to let him see her cheered Princess Mary She knew it was a proof that in the depth of his soul he was glad she was remaining at home and had not gone away

The morning after little Nicholas had left the old prince donned his full uniform and prepared to visit the commander in chief His

which was already at the door Princess Mary saw him walk out of the house in his uniform carrying all his orders and go down the garden to review his armed peasants and domestics. She sat by the window listening to his voice which reached her from the garden. Suddenly several men came running up the avenue with frightened faces.

Princess Mary ran out to the porch, down the flower-bordered path, and into the avenue. A large crowd of militiamen and domestics were moving toward her and in their midst several men were supporting a little old man in a uniform and decorations. She ran up to him and, in the pale sunlight that fell in small round spots through the shade of the lime-tree avenue, could not be sure what chance there was in his face. All she could see was that his former stern and determined expression had altered to one of timidity and submission. On seeing his daughter he motioned his helpless lips and made a hoarse sound. It was impossible to make out what he wanted. He was lifted up, carried to his study and laid on the very couch he had so feared to late.

The doctor who was fetched that same night, told him and said that the prince had had a seizure paralyzing his right side.

It was becoming more and more dangerous to remain at Bald Hills, and next day they moved the prince to Boguchárovo, the doctor accompanying him.

At the time they reached Boguchárovo, Desnais and the little prince had already left Moscow.

For three weeks the old prince lay stricken by paralysis in the new house Prince Andrew had built at Boguchárovo ever the same, getting neither better nor worse. He was unconscious and like a distended corpse. He trembled incessantly; his eyebrows and lips twitching, and was impossible to tell whether he understood his was going on around him or not. One thing was certain—that he was suffering and wished for something. But it was, no one could tell, might be some caprice of a kind half-crazy man, it was not reliable to public affairs, or possibly to family concerns.

The doctor said this restlessness did not emanate from any physical causes, but Princess Mary thought he was hedged to kill her somehow, and he felt that her presence increased his restlessness confirmed her opinion.

He was evidently suffering both physically and mentally. There was no hope of recovery. It was impossible for him to travel, it would not do to let him die on the road. "Would it not be better if the end did come, the very end?" Princess Mary sometimes thought. "What and the hard sleeping at all, she watched him and, terrible to say, often watched him not with hope of finding signs of improvement but wishing to find symptoms of the approach of the end.

Strange as it was to her to know, it felt no pain herself, yet there it was. And what seemed still more terrible to her was that since her father's illness began (perhaps even sooner when he dined with him expecting something to happen) all the person's desires and hopes that had been forgotten or sleeping within her had awakened. Thoughts that he did not enter her mind for years—thoughts of a life free from the fear of her father and even the possibility of love and of family happiness—floated continually in her imagination like temptations of the devil. Thrust them aside as she would, questions so usually recurrent to her to how she would order her life now after that these were temptations of the devil and Princess Mary knew it. She knew that the sole weapon against them was prayer and she tried to pray. She assumed a studied of prayer looked at the icons, repeated the words of prayer but she could not pray. She felt that different world had now taken possession of her—the life of a world of terrors and free activity quite opposed to the spiritual world in which till now she had been confined and which her greatest comfort had been prayer. She could not pray, could not weep, and would care took possession of her.

It was becoming dangerous to remain at Boguchárovo. News of the approach of the French came from all sides, and in one village ten miles from Boguchárovo, a homestead had been looted by French marauders.

The doctor insisted on the necessity of moving the prince to the provincial Marshal of the Nobility sent an official to Princess Mary to persuade her to get away as quickly possible, and the head of the rural police having come to Boguchárovo urged the same thing, saying that the French were only some twenty-five miles away that French proclamations were circulating in the villages, and that if the prince died did not take her father away before the fifteenth, he could not answer for the consequences.

The princess decided to leave on the fifteenth. The cares of preparation and giving orders for which everyone came to her occupied her all day. She spent the night of the fourteenth as usual without undressing in the room next to the one where the prince lay. Several times waking up she heard his groans and muttering the creak of his bed and the steps of Tikhon and the doctor when they turned him over. Several times she listened at the door and it seemed to her that his mutterings were louder than usual and that they turned him over oftener. She could not sleep and several times went to the door and listened wishing to enter but not deciding to do so. Though he did not speak Princess Mary saw and knew how unpleasant every sign of anxiety on his account was to him. She had noticed with what dissatisfaction he turned from the look she sometimes involuntarily fixed on him. She knew that her going in during the night at an unusual hour would irritate him.

But never had she felt so grieved for him or so much afraid of losing him. She recalled all her life with him and in every word and act of his found an expression of his love of her. Occasionally amid these memories temptations of the devil would surge into her imagination thoughts of how things would be after his death and how her new liberated life would be ordered. But she drove these thoughts away with disgust. Toward morning he became quiet and she fell asleep.

She woke late. That sincerity which often comes with waking showed her clearly what chiefly concerned her about her father's illness. On waking she listened to what was going on behind the door and hearing him groan said to herself with a sigh that things were still the same.

But what could have happened? What did I want? I want his death! she cried with a feeling of loathing for herself.

She washed dressed said her prayers and went out to the porch. In front of it stood carriages without horses and things were being packed into the vehicles.

It was a warm gray morning. Princess Mary stopped at the porch still horrified by her spiritual baseness and trying to arrange her thoughts before going to her father. The doctor came downstairs and went out to her.

He is a little better today said he. I was looking for you. One can make out something of what he is saying. His head's clearer. Come in he is asking for you.

Princess Mary's heart beat so violently at this news that she grew pale and leaned against the wall to keep from falling. To see him talk to him feel his eyes on her now that her whole soul was overflowing with those dreadful wicked temptations was a torment of joy and terror.

Come said the doctor.

Princess Mary entered her father's room and went up to his bed. He was lying on his back propped up high and his small bony hands with their knotted purple veins were lying on the quilt. His left eye gazed straight before him, his right eye was awry and his brows and lips motionless. He seemed altogether so thin small and pathetic. His face seemed to have shriveled or melted. His features had grown smaller. Princess Mary went up and kissed his hand. His left hand pressed hers so that she understood that he had long been waiting for her to come. He twitched her hand and his brows and lips quivered angrily.

She looked at him in dismay trying to guess what he wanted of her. When she changed her position so that his left eye could see her face he calmed down not taking his eyes off her for some seconds. Then his lips and tongue moved. Sounds came and he began to speak timidly and imploringly at her evidently afraid that she might not understand.

Straining all her faculties Princess Mary looked at him. The comic efforts with which he moved his tongue made her drop her eyes and with difficulty repress the sobs that rose to her throat. He said something repeating the same words several times. She could not understand them but tried to guess what he was saying and inquiringly repeated the words he uttered.

Mmm ar ate ate he repeated several times.

It was quite impossible to understand these sounds. The doctor thought he had guessed them and inquiringly repeated *Mary are you afraid?* The prince shook his head and again repeated the same sounds.

My mind my mind aches! questioned Princess Mary.

He made a mumbling sound in confirmation of this took her hand and began pressing it to different parts of his breast as if trying to find the right place for it.

Always thoughts about you thou his he then uttered much more clearly than he had done before now that he was sure of being understood.

Princess Mary pressed her head against his hand, trying to hide her sobs and tears. He moved his hand over her hair. "Have been calling you all night," he murmured.

"If I had known she said through her tears. I was afraid to come in."

He pressed her head.

" weren't you sleep?"

"No, I didn't sleep," said Princess Mary, taking her head.

Unknown to either of them she now tried to express herself as he did, as much as possible by means, and her tongue too seemed to move with difficulty.

"Dear one, be rest," Princess Mary could not quite make out what he said, but from his look it was clear that he had uttered a tender, caring word such as he had never used to her before. "Why didn't you come in?"

And I was, thinking for his death! thought Princess Mary.

He was silent awhile.

"This is your daughter dear! for all, for I forgive! thank you! forgive! Thank you, and tears began to flow from his eyes. "Call Andrew," he said suddenly, and a childish, timid expression of doubt showed on his face, he spoke.

He himself seemed aware that he demanded meaning. So at least it seemed to Princess Mary.

"This is a letter from him," she replied.

He glanced at her with timid surprise.

"Where is he?"

"He is with my Father at Smolensk."

He closed his eyes and remained silent long time. Then he answered to his doubts.

It confirmed the fact that now he understood & remembered truths which he nodded his head & drooped his eyes.

"Yes, he said, softly & distinctly, Russia has perished. They've destroyed her."

And he began to sob & to gasp & to swallow from his eyes. Princess Mary could no longer restrain herself and wept with him, gazing at his face.

Again he closed his eyes. He sobbed & he pointed to his eyes. "I know, understand me, we wept with tears."

Then he opened his eyes and said, "I know, I know, I then could understand for him."

he said.

Having understood this Princess Mary sobbed silently under and the doctor taking her arm led her out to the veranda, soothing her.

Princess Mary lay on the veranda. The day had died, it was hot & dissonant. She could understand nothing, think of nothing & feel nothing except passion, the love for her father, love such as she thought she had never felt till that moment. She ran out & babbled into the garden and as for the pond, all the avenues of young lime trees Prince Andrew had planted.

"Yes, I, I, I wished for his death! Yes, I wanted it to end quicker. I wished to be at peace. And what will become of me? What will peace be when he is no longer here?" Princess Mary murmured, pacing the garden with hurried steps and pressing her hand to her bosom which heaved with convulsive sobs.

When she had completed the tour of the garden, which brought her again to the house, she saw Madame de Boucenne—who had dreamed of Boguárov and did not wish to leave it—coming toward her with a stranger. This was the Marshal of the Nobility of the district, who had come personally to point out to the princess the necessity for her prompt departure. Princess Mary listened without understanding him, she led him to the house, offered him lunch, & sat down with him. The evening closing herself she went to the door of the old prince's room. The doctor came out with an agitated face and said she could not enter.

Go away, Princess! Go away, go away!

She returned to the garden and sat down on the grass at the foot of the alpe by the pond, where no one could see her. She did not know how long she had been there when she was

just been waking. She thought he was peering

on her mistress.

The princess decided to leave on the fifteenth. The cares of preparation and giving orders for which everyone came to her occupied her all day. She spent the night of the fourteenth as usual without undressing in the room next to the one where the prince lay. Several times waking up she heard his groans and muttering the creak of his bed and the steps of Tikhon and the doctor when they turned him over. Several times she listened at the door and it seemed to her that his mutterings were louder than usual and that they turned him over oftener. She could not sleep and several times went to the door and listened wishing to enter but not deciding to do so. Though he did not speak, Princess Mary saw and knew how unpleasant every sign of anxiety on his account was to him. She had noticed with what dissatisfaction he turned from the look she sometimes involuntarily fixed on him. She knew that her going in during the night at an unusual hour would irritate him.

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He moved his hand over her hair

"It has been calling you all night," he brought out.

"How! I had known," she said through her tears, "I was afraid to come in."

He pressed her hand.

"Were you asleep?"

"No, I did not sleep," said Princess Mary shaking her head.

Unconscious, imitating her father she now tried to express herself as he did, as much as possibly by words, and her tongue too seemed to move with difficulty.

"Dear one, dearest," Princess Mary could not quite make out what he said, but from his look it was clear that he had uttered tender caressing words such as he had never used to her before. "Why didn't you come in?"

And as if wishing for his death, thought Princess Mary

He was silent while.

"Thank you, daughter dear! for all, for all, forgive, thank you, forgive, thank you," and tears began to flow from his eyes. "And Andrew," he said suddenly and calmly, timid expression of doubt showed itself on his face as he spoke.

He himself seemed aware that his demand was meaningless. So at least it seemed to Princess Mary.

"I have letter from him," she replied.

He glanced at her with timid surprise.

"Where is he?"

"He with the army of Lier at Smolensk."

He closed his eyes and remained silent a long time. Then as if in answer to his doubts and to confirm the fact that now he understood and remembered everything, he nodded his head and reopened his eyes.

"Yes," he said, softly and distinctly, "Russia has perished. They've destroyed her."

And he began to sob, and again tears flowed from his eyes. Princess Mary could no longer restrain herself and wept while she gazed at his face.

Again he closed his eyes. His sobs ceased, he pointed to his eyes, and Tikhon, understanding him, wiped away the tears.

Then he again opened his eyes and said something none of them could understand for long time. And at last, Tikhon understood and repeated. Princess Mary had sought the meaning of his words in the mood in which he had just been speaking. She thought he was speak-

ing of Russia, or Prince Andrew of herself, of his grandson, or of his own death, and so she could not guess his words.

"Put on your white dress. I like it," was what he said.

Having understood this Princess Mary sobbed still louder, and the doctor taking her arm led her out to the veranda, soothing her and trying to persuade her to prepare for her journey. When she had left the room the prince again began peaking about his son, about the war and about the Emperor angrily twitching his brows and raising his hoarse voice, and then he had a second and final stroke.

Princess Mary stayed on the veranda. The day had cleared, it was hot and sunny. She could understand nothing, think of nothing and feel nothing, except passionate love for her father, love such as she thought she had never felt till that moment. She ran out sobbing into the garden and as far as the pond, along the avenues of young lime trees Prince Andrew had planted.

"Yes, I, I, I wished for his death. Yes, I wanted it to end quicker. I wished to be at peace. And what will become of me. What use will peace be when he is no longer here?" Princess Mary murmured, pacing the garden with hurried steps and pressing her hands to her bosom which heaved with convulsive sobs.

When she had completed the tour of the garden, which brought her again to the house, she saw Mlle. Bournenne—who had remained at Boruchárovo and did not wish to leave—coming toward her with a stranger. This was the Marshal of the Nobility of the district, who had come personally to point out to the princess the necessary for her prompt departure. Princess Mary listened without understanding him, she led him to the house, offered him lunch, and sat down with him. Then, excusing herself, she went to the door of the old prince's room. The doctor came out with an agitated face and said she could not enter.

"Go away, Princess! Go away, go away!"

She returned to the garden and sat down on the grass at the foot of the slope by the pond, where no one could see her. She did not know how long he had been there when she was aroused by the sound of woman's footsteps running along the path. She rose and saw Dunyasha, her maid, who was evidently looking for her and who stopped suddenly as if in alarm on seeing her mistress.

Please come Princess The Prince said Dunyasha in a breaking voice

Immediately I'm coming I'm coming! replied the princess hurriedly not giving Dunyasha time to finish what she was saying and trying to avoid seeing the girl she ran toward the house

Princess it's God's will! You must be prepared for everything said the Marshal meeting her at the house door

Let me alone it's not true! she cried angrily to him

The doctor tried to stop her She pushed him aside and ran to her father's door Why are these people with frightened faces stop

ously darkened room startled her in the room were her nurse and other women They all drew back from the bed making way for her He was still lying on the bed as before but the stern expression of his quiet face made Princess Mary stop short on the threshold

No he's not dead—it's impossible! she told

the force of the tenderness she had been feeling for him vanished instantly and was replaced by a feeling of horror at what lay there

Princess Mary sank into the arms of the doctor who held her up

In the presence of Tikhon and the doctor

another handkerchief tied together the legs that were already spreading apart Then they

cord Toward night candles were burning round his coffin a pall was spread over it the floor was strewn with sprays of juniper a printed band was tucked in under his shriveled head and in a corner of the room sat a chanter reading the psalms

Just as horses shy and snort and gather about a dead horse so the inmates of the house and

strangers crowded into the drawing room round the coffin—the Marshal the village Elder peasant women—and all with fixed and frightened eyes crossing themselves bowed and kissed the old prince's cold and stiffened hand

CHAPTER IX

UNTIL PRINCE ANDREW settled in Boguchárovo its owners had always been absentees and its peasants were of quite a different character from those of Bald Hills They differed from them in speech dress and disposition They were called steppe peasants The old prince

disliked them for their boorishness

Prince Andrew's last stay at Boguchárovo, when he introduced hospitals and schools and reduced the quitrent the peasants had to pay had not softened their disposition but had on the contrary strengthened in them the traits of character the old prince called boorishness Various obscure rumors were always current among them at one time a rumor that they would all be enrolled as Cossacks at another of a new religion to which they were all to be converted then of some proclamation of the Tsar's and of an oath to the Tsar Paul in 1797 (in connection with which it was rumored that freedom had been granted them but the land owners had stopped it) then of Peter Fedorovich's return to the throne in seven years time when everything would be made free and so simple that there would be no restrictions Rumors of the war with Bonaparte and his invasion were connected in their minds with the same sort of vague notions of Antichrist the end of the world and pure freedom

In the vicinity of Boguchárovo were large villages belonging to the crown or to owners whose serfs paid quitrent and could work where they pleased There were very few resident landlords in the neighborhood and also very few domestic or literate serfs and in the lives of the peasantry of those parts the mysterious undercurrents in the life of the Russian people the causes and meaning of which are so baffling to contemporaries were more clearly and strongly noticeable than among others One instance which had occurred some twenty years before was a movement among the peasants to emigrate to some unknown warm river

Peter III who was assassinated or led on the accession of his wife Catherine II to the throne in 1762—TR.

ers. Hundreds of peasants among them the
Bogucháro of folk, did nly beean sell g their
cattle d mo g n whole f miles t ward
— om wher

e ra way a d dro e or walked toward
th warm r ers. M ny of them w e pun
shed some sent t S bersa m ny d ed f cold
a d h eer on the ro d ma y returned of
their n coo d, nd them ement died d wn
of tself just as t h d spru g up w th ut p
parent reaso B t such undercurrents still
ex ted mo g thc people d gathered new
f es ready t m n fest th ms l es just
strangely u expe tedly d t th same t me
umply n t rally a d f cibly N w 812
so y el g clos t uch w th these peo
ple t wa pp re t th t thes u de curr nts
ct stro gly d near g n erupt n.

Alpátych wh had r ched Bogucháro o
shortly bef the ld pri c death not ced
a gutat m g the peasa ts, nd th t con
trary t what was happen g n th B ld H ll
district, where er rad us of f rty m les ll
the peasants were mo g way d lea g
th ll ges to be dev t ed by the Cossacks
the peasa ts the t ppe eg on ro d Bogu
cháro were t wa rum ed n t ud w th
th F ch, r e ed l flets from them th t
p sed from h d to h nd nd d not m grate.
H learned from d mest serf l yal t h m
that th peasa t h rp who possessed great
ll e n the ll ge commu d h d re
tly bec way dr g go erume t tra s
port, had t med w th new th t th Cossack
were destroy g deserted ll ges b t that the
Fre ch d d th rm them. Alpáty h als kn w
that th prev us day ther peasant had
even b ght f m th ll g f v l kh
wh h a occupied by th F e ch a procl
ma by F ch ge eral th t h rm
ld be d he hab t ts d f they
rema ed they w uld be p d f yth g tak
e from them. A proof f this the peasa t
had bro ght from Visl úkh h dred ru
bles n tes (h d d n t kn w that they were
f lse) p d t h m d f h y

M e mporta t t ll Alpátych learned th t

er the s teenth he could not be t po e
for wh t m ght happen. On the e ni g of the
day the old prince d ed the Marshal went a ay
prom s ng to return next day for the f neral
But this he was unabl to do f r he rece ed
tudi gs th t the F ench had unexpectedly ad
van d and h d barely time to remo e hiso vn
fam ly nd valu bles from h estate

F rs me thirty ye rs Bogucháro o had been
man ged by the allag Elder Dron whom the
ld prince called by the dim nut e Dr nu h
ka.

Dron was one f those phys cally and mental
ly v gorous peasa ts who grow b g beards as
soon they are f ge nd go on u chan d
till they are sixty o seventy w th ut a gray
ha r the loss f a tooth as stra ht d strong
at s xty s at th rty

jestu gly called h m the M ter Du g
the whole t me of his r v ce D on had neve
been drunk ll never fter sle pless n ghts
th hardest t k h d le h wn the le t f
t gue d th gh he co ld not ead he l d
e er forgotten gle m ney ccou t or the
numbe of qu rters of flour n y f l nd
less cartlo ds he sold fo the prince n n
gle hock of the wh le corn cr p n ny le
cre f th Bogucháro f lds

Alpátych arr g from th de a tated B ld
H lls tat e t f his D on on the d y f
the pri ces f eral nd t ld hum to ha
rw l h res got ready f the pri cess car

s L Ap yci named cert n peasants he
knew from wh m h told h m t take the carts.
Dron repl ed that th h res f these pe s
ants w e way cart g Alpátych named oth

cided not to m b t to wa t. Yet there was

ers but they too according to Dron had no horses available some horses were carting for the government others were too weak and others had died for want of fodder It seemed that no horses could be had even for the carriages much less for the carting

Alpátych looked intently at Dron and frowned Just as Dron was a model village Elder so Alpátych had not managed the prince's estates for twenty years in vain He was a model steward possessing in the highest degree the faculty of divining the needs and instincts of those he dealt with Having glanced at Dron he at once understood that his answers did not express his personal views but the general mood of the Boguchárovo commune by which the Elder had already been carried away But he also knew that Dron who had acquired property and was hated by the commune must be hesitating between the two camps the masters and the serfs He noticed this hesitation in Dron's look and therefore frowned and moved closer up to him

Now just listen Drónushka said he Don't talk nonsense to me His excellency Prince Andrew himself gave me orders to move all the people away and not leave them with the enemy and there is an order from the Tsar about it too Anyone who stays is a traitor to the Tsar Do you hear?

I hear Dron answered without lifting his eyes

Alpátych was not satisfied with this reply

Eh Dron it will turn out badly! he said shaking his head

The power is in your hands Dron rejoined sadly

Eh Dron drop it! Alpátych repeated withdrawing his hand from his bosom and solemnly pointing to the floor at Dron's feet I can see through you and three yards into the ground under you he continued gazing at the floor in front of Dron

Dron was disconcerted glanced furtively at Alpátych and again lowered his eyes

You drop this nonsense and tell the people to get ready to leave their homes and go to Moscow and to get carts ready for tomorrow morning for the princess things And don't go

repeated knowing that his skill in beekeeping his knowledge of the right time to sow the oats and the fact that he had been able to retain the old prince's favor for twenty years had long since gained him the reputation of being a wizard and that the power of seeing three yards under a man is considered an attribute of wizards

Dron got up and was about to say something but Alpátych interrupted him

What is it you have got into your heads eh? What are you thinking of eh?

What am I to do with the people? said Dron They're quite beside themselves I have already told them

Told them I dare say! said Alpátych Are they drinking? he asked abruptly

Quite beside themselves Yákov Alpátych they've fetched another barrel

Well then listen! I'll go to the police officer and you tell them so and that they must stop this and the carts must be got ready

I understand

Alpátych did not insist further He had managed people for a long time and knew that the chief way to make them obey is to show no suspicion that they can possibly disobey Having wrung a submissive I understand from Dron Alpátych contented himself with that though he not only doubted but felt almost certain that without the help of troops the carts would not be forthcoming

And so it was for when evening came no carts had been provided In the village outside the drink shop another meeting was being held which decided that the horses should be driven out into the woods and the carts should not be provided Without saying anything of this to the princess Alpátych had his own belongings taken out of the carts which had arrived from Bald Hills and had those horses got ready for the princess carriages Meanwhile he went himself to the police authorities

CHAPTER X

AFTER HER FATHER'S FUNERAL Princess Mary

— — — — —

keys took
sake!

Stop that! cried Alpátych sternly I see through you and three yards under you he

Take the
Christ's

parture (This was before his talk with Dron) Princess Mary raised herself on the sofa on which she had been lying and replied through the closed door that she did not mean to go away and begged to be left in peace

The windows of the room in which she was

He looked westward She lay in the soft with
her feet the wall since the butto of
her leather cushion and see again the but

He had not suspected but with a usual
self during her illness. She wished to
praise it did not dare to, dared not in her
present state of mind address herself to God.
She lay all night in that position.

Thérèse had reached the other side of the
house a distant grayish ne into the pen
dew light grew up the room and part of the
morocco cushion which Princess Mary was
kicking. The flow of her thoughts suddenly
stopped. Unconsciously she sat up smoothed
her hair got up and went to the window. A
voluntarily inhaling the freshness of the clear
but windy even air.

"Yes, you can well enjoy the evening now!
He is good now. I will hinder you she
said to herself and sank again to her side let
her head fall to the window sill.

Her black dress and weepers. She softly
approached Princess Mary, ghed kissed her
and named it began to cry. The princess
looked up at her. All the former red shimmer
of her worn gown returned to her mind.
But she remembered too how she had changed
flat to waist. Mademoiselle Bourienne
could bear to see her thereby show glow
ing. There were patches. Princess Mary did
mentally disesteem her. Besides, if
her mind was desired to do to condemn
her to hell.

Princess Mary daily persecuted to herself the
fact that Mademoiselle Bourienne whom
she had felt kept to distance both who yet
a deeper detestation and general repulsion.
She felt sorry for her, did not know how to
withhold the guilty query. Mademoiselle
Bourienne began to cry again. She
kissed that head and pecked it with her
row and making herself present to it. She
said her lonely consolation was the fact that the
princess had not to share her sorrow with
all the idleness. Herstaid gashed to
nothing but the great grief that he felt her
self blameless. Regard to every detail
from before saw her reflect and grat
tude. The presence of her shared her
words but occasionally look at her father

listening to the sound of her voice.

Your position is doubly terrible dear prin
cess said Mademoiselle Bourienne after
pause. I understand that you could not and
cannot thank yourself but with my leave for
you I must do so. Has Alpatych been to
you. Has he spoken to you of going away? she
asked.

Princess Mary did not answer. She did not
understand who was to go or where to. Is it
possible to plan or think of anything now? Is
it not all the same? she thought and did not
reply.

"You know *chère Marie* said Mademoiselle
Bourienne that we are not yet—are
surrounded by the French. It would be danger
ous to move now. If we go we are almost sure
to be taken prisoners. God knows.

Princess Mary looked at her companion with
out understanding why she was talking about

Oh if anyone knew how little anything
matters to me now she said. Of course I
would on account wish to go away from
him. Alpatych did say something about it go

would not be better to stay here said Mademoiselle
Bourienne. Because you will see
chère Marie to fall to the hand of the sol
diers or of our peasants would be terrible."

Mademoiselle Bourienne took from her
reticule proclamation (not printed on ordi
nary Russian paper) of General Ramez, telling
people not to leave the Russian land with
the French authorities would afford them proper
protection. She handed this to the princess.

I think it would be best to pop to the
general she continued, and I must be there
all due respect would be to you.

Princess Mary read the paper and her face
began to quiver with stifled sobs.

From whom did you get this she asked.

"They probably recognized it from French
by my name replied Mademoiselle Bourienne
blush.

Princess Mary with the paper in her hand
rose from the window and with pale face
went out of the room and into where it had been.
Princess Mary drew study.

"Du ya ha se Alpatych Drólik or
so body to me he said and tell Mademoiselle
Bourienne to come to me she added.
I can go Mademoiselle Bourienne voice. "We
must go to the cellar she said pop lled at

ers but they too according to Dron had no horses available some horses were carting for the government others were too weak and others had died for want of fodder It seemed that no horses could be had even for the carriages much less for the carting

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Dron was disconcerted glanced furtively at Alpátych and again lowered his eyes

You drop this nonsense and tell the people to get ready to leave their homes and go to Moscow and to get carts ready for tomorrow morning for the princess's things And don't go to any meeting yourself do you hear?

Take the
or Christ's

sake!

Stop that! cried Alpátych sternly I see through you and three yards under you he

repeated knowing that his skill in beekeeping his knowledge of the right time to sow the oats and the fact that he had been able to retain the old prince's favor for twenty years had long since gained him the reputation of being a wizard and that the power of seeing three yards under a man is considered an attribute of wizards

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Well then listen! I'll go to the police officer and you tell them so and that they must stop this and the carts must be got ready

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Alpátych did not insist further He had managed people for a long time and knew that the chief way to make them obey is to show no suspicion that they can possibly disobey Having wrung a submissive I understand from Dron Alpátych contented himself with that, though he not only doubted but felt almost certain that without the help of troops the carts would not be forthcoming

And so it was for when evening came no carts had been provided In the village outside the drink shop another meeting was being held which decided that the horses should be driven out into the woods and the carts should not be provided Without saying anything of this to the princess Alpátych had his own belongings taken out of the carts which had arrived from Bald Hills and had those horses got ready for the princess's carriages Meanwhile he went himself to the police authorities

CHAPTER V

AFTER HER FATHER'S FUNERAL Princess Mary shut herself up in her room and did not admit anyone A maid came to the door to say that Alpátych was asking for orders about their departure (This was before his talk with Dron) Princess Mary raised herself on the sofa on which she had been lying and replied through the closed door that she did not mean to go away and begged to be left in peace

The windows of the room in which she was

lying looked eastward. She lay on the sofa with her feet to the wall, huddling the butt of her legs to her cushion and seeing nothing but —

she had suspected, but with all that she did not give her father's illness. She wished to pray but did not dare to. She dared not in her present state to address herself to God. She lay for long time in that position.

The sun had reached the threshold of the house, and slanting grayish light through the open window lighted up the room and part of the morocco cushion on which Princess Mary was looking. The flow of her thoughts suddenly stopped. Unconsciously she sat up, smoothed her hair, got up, and went to the window. involuntarily noting the freshness of the clear but windy evening.

"Yes, you can well enjoy this even now! He is gone, and now he will hinder you, he said to herself, sinking into her chair, let her head fall, then will do ill.

Someone spoke her name in a soft and tender voice from the garden, and kissed her head. She looked up. It was Mademoiselle Bourienne, a black dress and weepers. She softly approached Princess Mary, sighed, kissed her, and immediately began to cry. The princess looked at her. All the former disharmony and her own jealousy recurred to her mind. But she remembered too how she had changed, and she turned toward Mademoiselle Bourienne and would not bear to see her thereby how ghastly unjust were the reproaches Princess Mary had mentally addressed to her. Besides, it was for her sake that he desired his death, to condemn her to his thoughts.

Princess Mary displayed to herself the position of Mademoiselle Bourienne, whom she had flatly kept distant, but who yet was dependent on her, dwelling in her house. She felt sorry for her, and held out her hand with gentle inquiry. Mademoiselle Bourienne came and began crying again, and kissed that hand, peaking to the princess sorrow and making herself partner in it. She said her only consolation was the fact that the princess allowed her to share her sorrow, that the princess understood her, and that she could not but thus greatly thank her for her self-blame less regard to everyone, and that she from love, saw her election and gratitude. The princess heard her not heeding her words but occasionally looking up at her and

listen to the sound of her voice.

"Your position is doubly terrible, dear princess," said Mademoiselle Bourienne after a pause. "I understand that you could not, and cannot think of yourself but with my eyes for you I must do so. Has Alpatych been to you? Has he spoken to you of going away? she asked.

Princess Mary did not answer. She did not understand who was to go or where to. Is it possible to plan or think of anything now? I do not all the same, she thought, and did not reply.

"Then, Mademoiselle Bourienne, — are you going to the garden?"

to be taken prisoners, God knows.

Princess Mary looked at her companion without understanding what he was talking about.

"Oh, if anyone knew how little anything matters to me now," she said. "Of course I would on occasion wish to go away from him. Alpatych did say something about going. Speak to him! I can do nothing more. I do not want to."

"I spoke to him. He hopes we should be permitted to get away tomorrow but I think it would now be better to stay here," said Mademoiselle Bourienne. "Because you will agree that Marie told us that the hands of the soldiers or of otiose peasants would be terrible."

Mademoiselle Bourienne took from her reticule a proclamation (not printed on ordinary Russian paper) of General Rameau, telling the people not to leave their homes and that the French authorities would find them proper protection. She handed this to the princess.

"I think it would be best to appeal to that general, he contended, and I am sure that he will due respect would be shown you."

Princess Mary read the paper and her face began to quiver with stifled sobs.

"From whom did you get this?" she asked.

"They probably recognized that I am French, by my name," replied Mademoiselle Bourienne blushing.

Princess Mary took the paper in her hand, rose from the window and with pale face went to the room and into what had been Prince Andrew's study.

"Dunvasha send Alpatych or Drónushka some word to me," he said, and told Mademoiselle Bourienne not to come to me," he added, hearing Mademoiselle Bourienne voice. "We must go to once, I need," he said, pulled it

the thought of being left in the hands of the French

If Prince Andrew heard that I was in the

This idea horrified her, made her shudder, blush, and feel such a rush of anger and pride as she had never experienced before. All that was distressing, and especially all that was humiliating in her position rose vividly to her mind. They, the French, would settle in this house. M. le Général Rameau would occupy Prince Andrew's study and amuse himself by looking through and reading his letters and papers. Mademoiselle Bourienne would do the honors of Boguchárovo for him. I should be given a small room as a favor; the soldiers would violate my father's newly dug grave to steal his crosses and stars; they would tell me of their victories over the Russians, and would pretend to sympathize with my sorrow.

care where she remained or what happened to her but she felt herself the representative of her dead father and of Prince Andrew. Instinctively she thought their thoughts and felt their feelings. What they would have said and what they would have done she felt bound to say and do. She went into Prince Andrew's study, trying to enter completely into his ideas and considered her position.

The demands of life which had seemed to her annihilated by her father's death all at once rose before her with a new previously unknown force and took possession of her

Agitated and flushed she paced the room sending now for Michael Ivánovich and now for Tikhon or Dron Dunyásha the nurse and the other maids could not say in how far Made moiselle Bourienne's statement was correct Alptých was not at home he had gone to the police Neither could the architect Michael

answer the old prince without expressing views of his own he now replied to Princess Mary so that nothing definite could be got from his answers. The old valet Tikhon, with sunken, emaciated face that bore the stamp of insoluble grief replied: "Yes, Princess, to all Princess Mary's questions and hardly refrained

from sobbing as he looked at her

At length Dron the village Elder entered the room and with a deep bow to Princess Mary came to a halt by the doorpost.

Princess Mary walked up and down the room and stopped in front of him.

Drónushka she said regarding as a sure friend this Drónushka who always used to bring a special kind of gingerbread from his visit to the fair at Vyazma every year and smilingly offer it to her. Drónushka now since our misfortune she began but could not go on.

We are all in God's hands said he with a sigh

They were silent for a while

Dronushka Alpit'ych has gone off some where and I have no one to turn to. Is it true as they tell me that I can't even go away?

Why shouldn't you go away your excellency? You can go," said Dron.

I was told it would be dangerous because of the enemy. Dear friend, I can do nothing. I understand nothing. I have nobody! I want to go away tonight or early tomorrow morning.

Dron paused. He looked askance at Princess Mary and said: "There are no horses," I told Yákov Alpátych so.

Why are there none? asked the princess

It's all God's scourge, said Dron. What horses we had have been taken for the army or have died—this is such a year! It's not a case of feeding horses—we may doff hunger ourselves! As it is, some go three days without eating. We've nothing, we've been ruined.

Princess Mary listened attentively to what he told her.

The peasants are ruined? They have no bread? she asked.

They're dying of hunger said Dron. It's not a case of carting.

But why didn't you tell me Drónushkya? Isn't it possible to help them? I'll do all I can.

To Princess Mary it was strange that now at a moment when such sorrow was filling her soul there could be rich people and poor and the rich could refrain from helping the poor. She had heard vaguely that there was such a thing as landlord's corn which was sometimes given to the peasants. She also knew that neither her father nor her brother would refuse to help the peasants in need she only feared to make some mistake in speaking about the distribution of the grain she wished to give. She was glad such cares presented them-

sel is enabling her without cruple to forget her own grief. She began asking Dron about the peasants' needs and what there was in *Boruchiro* that belonged to the landlady.

But we have a grain belonging to my brother's," she said.

"The landlady's grain is all safe," replied Dron proudly. *Our prince did not order it to be sold.*

Get to the peasants; let them have all they need. I give you leave in my brother's name," said she.

Dron made no answer but bowed deeply.

Get them that corn if there is enough of it. Disturb them not. I give you this order in my brother's name. And tell them that what sours is theirs. We do not grudge them anything. Tell them so.

Dron looked tently at the princess while she was speaking.

Discharge my little mother! God save! Order the keys to be taken from me," said he. I have served twenty-three years and have done now. Discharge me, for God's sake!

Princess Mary did not understand what he wanted of her, while he was asking to be discharged. She replied that he had never doubted his devotion and that she was ready to do anything for him and for the peasants.

CHAPTER XI

After a while Dron came to tell the princess that Dron had made all the peasants had assembled at the barn by the princess's order and wished to have word with their mistress.

But I never told them to come," said Princess Mary. I only told Dron to let them have the grain.

O! for God's sake, Princess dear, have them sent away. I do not go out to them. It is a trick," said Dron. And when Lakov Alpaich returns let us get away and please don't.

"What is it?" asked Princess Mary in surprise.

I know it, only listen to me for God's sake. Ask the wise men. They say they do not agree to leave *Boruchiro* as you ordered.

You're making some mistake. I never ordered them to go away," said Princess Mary. Call Dron to me.

Dron came and confirmed Dron's words, the peasants had come by the princess's order.

But I never sent for them," declared the princess. "You must have given me message

when I only said that you were to give them the grain."

Dron only sighed in reply.

If you order that they will go away," said he.

No, no, I'll go out to them," said Princess Mary and in spite of the nurses' and Dron's protests she went out to the porch. Dron, Dunyasha the nurse, and Michael the coachman followed her.

"They probably think I am offering them the grain to bribe them to remain here, while I myself go away leaving them to the mercy of the French," thought Princess Mary. I will suffer them mostly rationed hours of our Moscow estate. I am sure Andrey would do even more in my place," she thought as she went out in the twilight toward the crowd standing on the pasture by the barn.

The men crowded closer together, stirred

and you, were fixed on her and there were so many different faces that he could not distinguish any of them and, feeling that she must speak to them all at once, did not know how to do it. But gaining sense that she represented her father and her brother gave her courage, she boldly began her speech.

I am very glad you have come," he said

...

because it is dangerous here, the enemy is near, because I am giving you everything, my friends and I beg you to take everything, all our grain so that you may not suffer want. And if you have been told that I am giving you the grain to keep you here—that is not true. On the contrary, I ask you to go with all your belongings to our estate near Moscow and I promise you I will see to it that there you shall want for nothing. You shall be given food and lodging.

The princess stopped. She was the only sound heard in the crowd.

I am not doing this on my own account," she continued, "I do it in the name of my dead father who was good master to you, and of my brother and his son."

Aganb paused. No one broke the silence.

Ours is common misfortune and we will share it together. All that is mine is yours," he concluded, scanning the faces before her.

the thought of being left in the hands of the French

If Prince Andrew heard that I was in the power of the French! That I the daughter of Prince Nicholas Bolκόnski asked General Ramau for protection and accepted his favor! This idea horrified her made her shudder blush and feel such a rush of anger and pride as she had never before. She was distressed and humiliating in her mind.

They the French would settle in this house. M. le Général Ramau would occupy Prince Andrew's study and amuse himself by looking through and reading his letters and papers. Mademoiselle Bourienne would do the honors of Boguchárovó for him. I should be given a small room as a favor. The soldiers would violate my father's newly dug grave to steal his crosses and stars. They would tell me of their victories over the Russians and would pretend to sympathize with my sorrow. I thought Princess Mary not thinking her own thoughts but feeling bound to think like her father and her brother. For herself she did not care where she remained or what happened to her but she felt herself the representative of her dead father and of Prince Andrew. Involuntarily she thought their thoughts and felt their feelings. What they would have said and what they would have done she felt bound to say and do. She went into Prince Andrew's study trying to enter completely into his ideas and considered her position.

The demands of life which had seemed to her annihilated by her father's death all at once rose before her with a new powerfully unknown force and took possession of her.

Agitated and flushed she paced the room sending now for Michael Ivánovich and now for Tikhon or Dron. Dúnýsha the nurse and the other maids could not say in how far Mademoiselle Bourienne's statement was correct. Alpátych was not at home he had gone to the police. Neither could the architect Michael Ivánovich who was busy.

She was just the sleepy one for five years she had been accustomed to answer the old prince without expressing views of his own. He now replied to Princess Mary so that nothing definite could be got from his answers. The old valet Tikhon with sunken emaciated face that bore the stamp of insoluble grief replied. Yes Princess to all Princess Mary's questions and hardly refrained

from sobbing as he looked at her.

At length Dron the village Elder entered the room and with a deep bow to Princess Mary came to a halt by the doorpost.

Princess Mary walked up and down the room and stopped in front of him.

Dronushka she said regarding as a sure friend this Dr. moushka who always used to bring a special kind of gingerbread from his visit to the fur at Vyázma every year and smilingly offer it to her. Drónushka now since our misfortune she began but could not go on.

We are all in God's hands said he with a sigh.

They were silent for a while.

Drónushka Alpátych has gone off somewhere and I have no one to turn to. Is it true as they tell me that I can't even go away?

Why shouldn't you go away your excellency? You can go said Dron.

I was told it would be dangerous because of the enemy. Dear friend I can do nothing I understand nothing I have nobody! I want to go away tonight or early tomorrow morning.

Dron praised. He looked askance at Princess Mary and said. There are no horses I told Yákov Alpátych so.

Why are there none? asked the princess.

It's all God's scourge said Dron. What horses we had have been taken for the army or have died—this is such a year! It's not a case of feeding horses—we may die of hunger ourselves! As it is some go three days without eating. We've nothing we've been ruined.

Princess Mary listened attentively to what he told her.

The peasants are ruined? They have no bread? she asked.

They're dying of hunger said Dron. It's not a case of caring.

But why didn't you tell me Drónushka? Isn't it possible to help them? I'll do all I can.

To Princess Mary it was strange that now as a moment when such sorrow was filling her soul there could be rich people and poor and that the rich could refrain from helping the poor. She had heard vaguely that there was such a thing as landlords' corn which was sometimes given to the peasants. She also knew that neither her father nor her brother would refuse to help the peasants in need. She only feared to make some mistake in speaking about the distribution of the grain she was led to give. She was glad such cares presented them

again now. "Now he will never tell anyone what he had in his soul. Never will that moment return for him or for me when he might have said all he loved to say. And Tikhon too I might have heard and understood him. Why did I enter the room? Ah, thought."

Perhaps he would then have said to me what he said then. He died. While talking to Tikhon he asked about me twice. He wanted to see me, and I was standing close by outside the door. It was sad and painful for him to talk to Tikhon who did not understand him. I remember how he began speaking to him about Lise as if she were still—she had forgotten she was dead—and Tikhon reminded him that she was no more, and he shouted, Fool! He was greatly depressed. From behind the door I heard how he lay down in his bed groaning and loudly exclaimed, "My God! Why didn't I go in then? What could he have done to me. What could I have lost? And perhaps he would have been comforted and would have said that word to me. And Princess Mary uttered aloud that caressing word he had said to her the day of his death. "Dear-est! he repeated, and began sobbing, with tears that relieved her soul. She now saw his face before her. And not the face she had known ever since she could remember and had always seen at a distance but the timid, feeble face he had been for the first time quite close to her. All his wrinkles and details, when he stooped near to her mouth to catch what he said.

Dear-est she repeated again.

"What was this kin when he uttered that word? What is he thinking now? This question suddenly pressed itself to her and in answer she saw him before her with the expression that was his face as he lay in his coffin with his chin bound up with white handkerchief. And the horror that had seized her when he touched him and convinced herself that it was not he but something mysterious and horrible, seized her again. She tried to think of something else and to pray but could do neither. With wide open eyes she gazed at the moonlight and the shadows, expecting every moment to see his dead face. And he felt that silence brooding over the house and within his heart.

Dunvisha, she whispered. Dunvisha he screamed wildly and caught herself out of his silence she ran to the servants' quarters to meet her old nurse and the maidservants who came running toward her.

CHAPTER XIII

ON THE SEVENTEENTH OF AUGUST Rostov and Ilyin accompanied by Lavruška who had just returned from captivity and by an hussar orderly left their quarters at Yankovo ten miles from Boruchárovo and went for a ride—to try a new horse Ilyin had bought and to find out whether there was any hay to be had in the villages.

For the last three days Boruchárovo had lain between the two hostile armies so that it was as easy for the Russian rear-guard to get to it as for the French vanguard. Rostov as careful squadron commander wished to take such provision as remained at Boruchárovo before the French could get them.

Rostov and Ilyin were in the merriest of moods. On the way to Boruchárovo princely estates with dwelling houses and farms where they hoped to find many domestic fowl and pretty girls, they questioned Lavruška about Napoleon and laughed at his stories and raced one another to try Ilyin's horse.

Rostov had no idea that the village he was entering was the property of that very Bolkonski who had been engaged to his sister.

Rostov and Ilyin galloped to their horses for the last race also. They incline before reaching Boruchárovo and Rostov outstripped Ilyin was the first to gallop into the village street.

"You're first," cried Ilyin, flushed.

"Yes, always first both on the grassland and here," answered Rostov stroking his heated Don horse.

And I did have won on my Frenchy your excellency said Lavrushka from behind, alluding to his shabby cart horse, only I didn't wish

and scanty beards emerged from the tattered smiling tattered, and in a somewhat incoherent sort of way approached the officers.

"Follows said Rostov laughing. "I there are hay here."

And how like one another," said Ilyin.

At once in a moment of the peasants with blissful mile.

Of the men came out of the crowd and went up to Rostov.

"Who do you belong to," he asked.

"The French," replied Ilyin jestingly and

All eyes were gazing at her with one and the same expression. She could not fathom whether it was curiosity, devotion, gratitude or apprehension and distrust—but the expression on all the faces was identical.

We are all very thankful for your bounty but it won't do for us to take the landlord's grain said a voice at the back of the crowd.

But why not? asked the princess.

No one replied and Princess Mary looking round at the crowd found that every eye she met now was immediately dropped.

But why don't you want to take it? she asked again.

No one answered.

The silence began to oppress the princess and she tried to catch someone's eye.

Why don't you speak? she inquired of a very old man who stood just in front of her leaning on his stick. If you think something more is wanted tell me! I will do anything said she catching his eye.

But as if this angered him he bent his head quite low and muttered.

Why should we agree? We don't want the grain.

Why should we give up everything? We don't agree. Don't agree. We are sorry for you but we're not willing. Go away yourself alone came from various sides of the crowd.

And again all the faces in that crowd bore an identical expression though now it was certainly not an expression of curiosity or gratitude but of angry resolve.

But you can't have understood me said Princess Mary with a sad smile. Why don't you want to go? I promise to house and feed you while here the enemy would ruin you.

But her voice was drowned by the voices of the crowd.

We're not willing. Let them ruin us! We won't take your grain. We don't agree.

Again Princess Mary tried to catch someone's eye but not a single eye in the crowd was turning to ward.

... into slavery! Pull down your houses and go into bondage! I dare say! I'll give you grain in deed she says voices in the crowd were heard saying.

With drooping head Princess Mary left the crowd and went back to the house. Having repeated her order to Dron to have horses ready for her departure next morning she went to

her room and remained alone with her own thoughts.

CHAPTER VII

FOR A LONG TIME that night Princess Mary sat by the open window of her room hearing the sound of the peasants' voices that reached her from the village but it was not of them she was thinking. She felt that she could not understand them however much she might think about them. She thought only of one thing her sorrow which after the break caused by her cares for the present seemed already to be long to the past. Now she could remember it and weep or pray.

After sunset the wind had dropped. The night was calm and fresh. Toward midnight the voices began to subside a cock crowed the full moon began to show from behind the lime trees a fresh white dewy mist began to rise and stillness reigned over the village and the house.

Pictures of the near past—her father's illness and last moments—rose one after another to her memory. With mournful pleasure she now lingered over these images repelling with horror only the last one the picture of his death which she felt she could not contemplate even in imagination at this still and mystic hour of night. And these pictures presented themselves to her so clearly and in such detail that they seemed now present now past and now future.

She vividly recalled the moment when he had his first stroke and was being dragged along by his armpits through the garden at Bald Hills muttering something with his helpless tongue twitching his gray eyebrows and looking uneasily and timidly at her.

Even then he wanted to tell me what he told me the day he died she thought. He has always thought what he said then. And she remembered the words of the old man.

... against his will she was going to the stolen downstairs on tiptoe and going to the door of the conservatory where he slept. It at night had listened at the door. In a suffering and weary voice he was saying something to Tikhon speaking of the Crimea and its warm nights and of the Empress. Evidently he had wanted to talk. And why did I call me? Why didn't he let me be there instead of Tikhon? Princess Mary had thought and thought

bility there re her features nd expres-
th glt he a h looked at her d lis
t ed t h r t m d t r v

Wh she began to tell h m that ll t l s had
f ppe ed th day after her f the funeral her
ed trembled. She turned way nd then
f fca g h e m h t t k e h r w ds as meant
t mo e h m t p ty looked at h m with n ap-
p hen egl ce f nqu ry Th ewe e tears
Rostó eyes. Pr ncess Mary ot ced th
d gla ed gratef lly th m w th th trad nt
look wh ch ca ed the pla ess of he fa e to
bef rgotten.

I ca t express Pr cess h w glad I am
that I happe ed to r de h re d am ble to
bow my read ess t erv you sa d Rostóv
us G o hen y uplea d l g y u my
ord f honorth t no o shall dare to caus
to noyance f ly y u w ll l low m to
t as your esc t. A d bow g espe t f lly
as ft lady f yal blood h m ed t w rd
th doo

Rostóv fere t l t seemed to dicat
th t tho h he w ld cons der h mself happy
t be equa ted w th her he did not w sh to
tak dra tage f h e m f r t u es to ntrude
po l

Pr ess M ry u derstood this nd ppreca
ted h del cacy

I m ery ry grat f l to you he sa d
F en h but I hope t wa ll m dersta d
n d th t stobl me f t. Sh sud
d ly bega t cry

Excuse m h sa d
Rostóv h b ws, left the room
th ther low bow

CHAPTER XIV

W ll, is he p e ty? Ah, fr d—my p nk one
d l ous her m is Dunyásha

E t n gl c g t Rostóv f ce llyín
t pped short. H saw that h hero d om
mond was f ll w g qu te d fferent tra n
f thought.

Rostóv gl ed gr ly t llyín d w th ut
t pl g strod f w th rap d teps t the vil
lanc.

I ll show them I ll g e t to them, th br g
ds sa d h t h mself.

Alpátych t gl d gt t o ly just ma g
g not to ru kept p w th h m w th d ffculty
What dec ha y been plea ed o
ome t sa d t

Rostóv topped d, clencl gh fists, d
de ly d r nly t rned o Alpátych.

Decuon. What decus ? Old d tardl

cried h What ha e you been about Eh The
oasants are r t g a d y u can t manage

gl d gga t nd cont ued to mp r t w
He said th pe sants were bd rate and th t at
the pres nt m me t t would be imp dent to
o erres t them w thout n rmed f rce a d
wo ld t n t be bette first to se d f r the m l
tary?

t ent t.

W th ut con dering what h w ld do he
m ed u co sciously w th qu k esolute st ps
t wa d th crowd. And the n arer he dr w to
t th mo e Alpátych felt that th s u reason
ble ction might produce good results Tl e
peasa is nth crowd we s mil ly mpressed
when they saw Rostóv rap d firm step d
resolut frown gla

After the bussars h d come to the ll ge and
R. tó h d g ne to ce th princess a c ta n
confus na d d ssens on h dar en mon, the
cr wd. Some of th peasa is sa d th t these
n w rrvial were Russians d might take t
m ssth t them mistress w be ngdet ned. Dron
was of th op n on b t soo he exp essed
t k rp d thers attacked the e Elder

H w m ny years ha e y u be n f tten ng
n the mmu e k rp shouted t l m. Its
llo et y u l u l d o up your pot of m ney
d tak t away with y u. What d es t
matter t y u whether our homes are ru ned
o t?

We e been t ldt keep order nd th t no
one tolea th h mes o take way n
gle gra n nd that all bout t! cried n th
er

It was y ur so t rnt beto crypted, b t
n fear! You begrudged y u l mp of son
l t l old man uddenly began t tack g D n
— nd so they took my l k t besh ed f r
sold ! B t we all h e to d e

"To be ure, we ll h to die I m n t
ga t the commu e sa d d

"Tl t t—n t o a st t l You e filled your
belly

Th two t l peasants h d th r say As soon
Rostóv f ll wed by llyí La ru h k a d
Alpátych, came p to th cr wd k rp thrust
gh fingers t h belt nd smil ga l t

here is Napoleon himself —and he pointed to Lavrushka

Then you are Russians? the peasant asked again

And is there a large force of you here? said another a short man coming up

Very large answered Rostov But why have you collected here? he added Is it a holiday?

The old men have met to talk over the business of the commune replied the peasant moving away

At that moment on the road leading from the big house two women and a man in a white hat were seen coming toward the officers

The one in pink is mine so keep off! said Ilyin on seeing Duniáša running resolutely toward him

She'll be ours! said Lavrushka to Ilyin winking

What do you want my pretty? said Ilyin with a smile

The princess ordered me to ask your regiment and your name

This is Count Rostov squadron commander and I am your humble servant

Go-o om pa nyl roared the tipsy peasant with a beatific smile as he looked at Ilyin talking to the girl Following Duniáša Alpátych advanced to Rostov having bared his head while still at a distance

May I make bold to trouble your honor? said he respectfully but with a shade of contempt for the youthfulness of this officer and with a hand thrust into his bosom My mistress daughter of General in Chief Prince Nicholas Bolkónski who died on the fifteenth of this month finding herself in difficulties owing to the boorishness of these people —he pointed to the peasants— asks you to come up to the house Won't you please ride on a little further said Alpátych with a melancholy smile as it is not convenient in the presence of ? He pointed to the two peasants who

tych
h?

said the peasants smiling joyfully at him

Rostov looked at the tipsy peasants and smiled

Or perhaps they amuse your honor? remarked Alpátych with a staid air as he pointed at the old men with his free hand

No there's not much to be amused at here said Rostov and rode on a little way What's the matter? he asked

I make bold to inform your honor that the rude peasants here don't wish to let the mistress leave the estate and threaten to unharness her horse

I have the honor to report to you the actual truth said Alpátych

Rostov dismounted gave his horse to the orderly and followed Alpátych to the house questioning him as to the state of affairs. It appeared that the princess' offer of corn to the peasants the previous day and her talk with Dron and at the meeting had actually had so bad an effect that Dron had finally given up the keys and joined the peasants and had not appeared when Alpátych sent for him and that in the morning when the princess gave orders to harness for her journey the peasants had come in a large crowd to the barn and sent word that they would not let her leave the village that there was an order not to move and that they would unharness the horses Alpátych had gone out to admonish them but was told (it was chiefly Karp who did the talking Dron not showing himself in the crowd) that they could not let the princess go that there was an order to the contrary but that if she stayed they would serve her as before and obey her in everything

At the moment when Rostov and Ilyin were galloping along the road Princess Mary despite the dissuasions of Alpátych her nurse and the maids had given orders to harness and intended to start but when the cavalrymen were espied they were taken for Frenchmen the coachman ran away and the women in the house began to wail

Father! Benefactor! God has sent you exclaimed deeply moved voices as Rostov passed through the anteroom

Princess Mary was sitting helpless and bewildered in the large sitting room when Rostov was shown in She could not grasp who he was and why he had come or what was happening to her When she saw his Russian face and by his walk and the first words he uttered recognized him as a man of her own class she glanced at him with her deep radiant look and began speaking in a voice that faltered and trembled with emotion This meeting im-

obility there e nler fatures nd expres-
o l tho ht he she looked ther a dila-
ed to h r t m d tory
Whe she began to tell h m th t all thus h d

— look d th m w u ap-

belong it n.

I ca t e p ess P ess h w glad I m
th t l happe d t de he e a d am ble to
l w m y read ne t cry y u a d Ro tóv

cr e l he Wh t ha e y u been abo it? Eh? The
p a nus re r t ng nd you cant na i ge
th m? y ure tra t ryo riell l kn w yo l l
fl y you all al el And as if afraid I wait n
hs st re of a ger he left Alpátyd and went
rap dly f rward Alpáty h m ster ng f s of
fe ded feel ngs kept pace w l R t v t
gl d ng ga t nd co t ued to mp t l cws
He idtle p e s us we eobdu tea d l t at
th p es nt mome t it w ld be mprude t to
o erres st them with t an armed f ce n l
w uld it n t be better first to send fo t le m l
it ry?

t ve t t

Without con deri g what he w ld do he

th doo

R t defe ent lt e e m d t d cate
t l t l h he w ld der h m l l h ppy
t be acq ted w th he he d d t w h to
t k dra tage f her m f tu es to t tude
p he

Pri ess M ry derstood th s d pprec
ted h del cacy

I m ery ry grat f l to y u she s a d n
F h b t l hop t w ll m u derstand
g d th t o e st bl me fo t She sud
d ly beg t cry

E cuse m l h d

R tó k t t gh b w l ft the room
w th the l w bow

CHAPTER XIV

W u, is h p ty? Ah fr d—my p nk ne
d l us her am Du yásh

L t gl cr g t R t f ce lly f
t pp d sh t. He saw that h he o d com
ma d r w f l l w g q t d fferent tra n
f sh ght.

R tó gl ed gr ly t llyf d w thout
r ply g strod f w th p d t p to th l
l ge

l l sh w th m l l g t t th m th b g
d s l s a d h t h m elf

Alpátych t gl d g tr t ly just m g
g tto k pt p w th h m w th d ficulty

Wh t d c h e y u b n ple ed t
com t d l e

R tó t pp d d le ch gh fists sud
d ly d t ly t ed n Alpátych

D s ? Wh t dec ? Old d t d l

bl act n mght produce good results l l e
pea us the crowd w e s m l rly mpre ed
when they saw R tó s rap d firm st p and
es l t e f w g f e

Aft r the hus r shad c met th ll ge a l
R tó h d g ne t s e the p nces rtain
conf n d d s s on h d enamo g the
crowd Some of the p asants s d that t l es
new rr al w re Russ nd m gl t take it
m s s that them tress w be g d e t a n d n
w f th s p n but a soo he expres ed
it k r p a dothers itacked the e Elder

l l w m y years h e y u b e n f t n ng
o the c mm e? k rp shouted t l m It
l l e t y u l Y u l d g up your pot of mo ey
a d tak t w y w th y u. What d es it
m t t y u whether our h mes a e ru ned
o t?

We b n t l d t keep order d that no
one t l e th i h me t ke w y
gl gra d th t l l bo t l cr ed noth
e

It w y so t r n t b co cr pted but

To be sure w ll h e t d e l m n t
ga t th mmu s a d d

Th t s t— t g t t l Y u ve filled your
belly

T

here is Napoleon himself —and he pointed to Lavrushka

Then you are Russians? the peasant asked again

And is there a large force of you here? said another a short man coming up

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At that moment on the road leading from the big house two women and a man in a white hat were seen coming toward the officers

The one in pink is mine so keep off! said Ilyin on seeing Dunyasha running resolutely toward him

She'll be ours! said Lavrushka to Ilyin winking

What do you want my pretty? said Ilyin with a smile

The princess ordered me to ask your regiment and your name

This is Count Rostov's squadron commander and I am your humble servant

Co-o-om pa ny! roared the tippy peasant with a beatific smile as he looked at Ilyin talking to the girl Following Dunyasha Alpatych advanced to Rostov having heard that I

tem with dau Bolkonski who died on the fifteenth of this month finding herself in difficulties owing to the boorishness of these people —he pointed to the peasants— asks you to come up to the house Won't you please ride on a little farther said Alpatych with a melancholy smile as it is not convenient in the presence of ? He pointed to the two peasants who kept as close to him as horseflies to a horse

Ah! Alpatych Ah Yakov Alpatych Grand! Forgive us for Christ's sake eh? said the peasants smiling joyfully at him

Rostov looked at the tippy peasants and smiled

Or perhaps they amuse your honor? remarked Alpatych with a staid air as he pointed at the old men with his free hand

No there's not much to be amused at here said Rostov and rode on a little way What's the matter? he asked

rude

I — I — the morning her excellency cannot get away

tr

de I — I — you to the house questioning him as to the state of affairs. It appeared that the princess' offer of corn to the peasants the previous day and her talk with Dron and at the meeting had actually had no bad an effect that Dron had finally given up the keys and joined the peasants and had not appeared when Alpatych sent for him and that in the morning when the princess gave orders to harness for her journey the peasants had come in a large crowd to the barn and sent word that they would not let her leave the village that there was an order not to move and that they would unharness the horses Alpatych had gone out to admonish them but was told (it was chiefly Karp who did the talking Dron not showing himself in the crowd) that they could not let the princess go that there was an order to the contrary but that if she stayed they would serve her as before and obey her in everything

At the moment when Rostov and Ilyin were galloping along the road Princess Mary despite the dissuaves of Alpatych her nurse and the maids had given orders to harness and intended to start but when the cavalrymen were espied they were taken for Frenchmen the coachman ran away and the women in the house began to wail

Father! Benefactor! God has sent you exclaimed deeply moved voices as Rostov passed through the interior room

Princess Mary was sitting helpless and bewildered in the large sitting room when Rostov was shown in She could not grasp the

I

as a man of her own class she glanced at him with her deep radiant look and began speaking in a voice that faltered and trembled with emotion. The meeting immediately struck Rostov as a romantic event. A helpless girl overwhelmed with grief left to the mercy of coarse-roving peasants. And what a strange fate sent me here! With gentleness and

nt t make me blu h pl ase don t thank

k

led l m on ha ng gone to look f r hay n l
la i gp cked upo eof the wealtl estheires es
n Rus t he grew angry It made l m angry
ju t beca use the idea of m rrying the gentl
Pr n ess Mary wlo w s attracti e to him and
h d a i e orm s f rtune had ag inst h s will
m re th n once entered h s head For h mself
personally N l las c uld not w sl for a better
wf by m rrying her he w uld make the
nn would be able to

s

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l

r

about Princess B lkó skaya

CHAPTER XV

r i rm es kutú ov

ory

Wh she h d t ke le e f h m and re-
m d l ne h dde ly felt h eyes fill g
wth tears d th n n t f the first t me th
tra g q est n pre cnted self t her d d
h l e h m?

O the r t f the w y to M s w th gh
the p ces p t n w nt che f lon

wtl e p fm gled j ya ds rr w
W ll ppo g l d l h m? thought
P M ry

A h m d he was f ck wld g gt h r
lth t h e h d f ll l w th m n who
ld p h p v r i e he he omfo ted
her elf w th th th ht l t n o would
e k w t d th t he w uld n t be to
bl m f w th ut r p k g f t to ny
he t d t th nd f her l f e to
l e them w th w m h h d f l l e n love
f th f t d l t t m h l f

Som times wh sh e called h l ks hus
ymp thy d h s w d h p p n s d d not
pp mp bl t h It w t th o e mo-
m t th t D yá h n t ed h m l g as
l look d t f t l carr g w nd w

W t t f t e th t b ght h m to B gu
lá d t th t ery m me t? th ght
Pri ss M ry A d th t c ed h t t
f my b the? A d ll th P es
M ry w th h d f Pr d

Tl mp n th p e s m d on R s-
ó w ery gre bl To m mber
l erga e h mple e d w h c m d
l g f h d tu t B gu há ral

A w m mght m rry l er br th
brother l w l rs -Tr.

che on the ery d ya d t the very t
k t ov was e ew ng the troops f r the frst
t me H t pped in the v ll ge at the priest s
h u e f nt of wh h tood the comm nder
h ef's carr g d he at down on the
ben h t the gate aw t g l s Se ene H h
nes a e ry ne now called kut v From
the f eld beyo d the ll g came now sound
of reg me talmu a d now the r ar of many
v es shout g H rrah! to the new com

kut o b ce d of the fine weatler A
sh rt swarthy l e ten nt col nel of hussars
w th th k mu t ches a d wh kers r de up
to t l gate d gl cng t Pr A d ew n
q ed w l the h S ne H l e s w put
t ng p there nd wh the l would so n be
b k

P e And w epl d th the wa t on h s
S H gh e st f f but w h mself a n w
arr l Th l e t t col n l turned t
m t rde ly wh w th the p cul ar co t mpt
w th wh l c mm de n ch ef's o de ly
pe ks t offic rs epl d

Wh t? H S H gh n ? I expect he ll
be her oo Wh t do j u wa t?

Th l l ute nt col l of hu rs m led be
th h s must che at the o de l y s t ne d s
mou ted ga h h rs t d p tch ru
d pp ch d B lkónsk w th l ght b w
B lkó k made r m f h m on the benc
d the l eut nt l nel s t d wn bes d
him.

He walked to the front. Dron on the contrary retired to the rear and the crowd drew closer together.

Who is your Elder here? Hey? shouted Rostov coming up to the crowd with quick steps.

The Elder? What do you want with him? asked Karp.

For the words were well out of his

Lips
writhful voice. Where's the Elder? he cried furiously.

The Elder. He wants the Elder! Dron Zakhárych you! meek and flustered voices here and there were heard calling and caps began to come off their heads.

We don't riot, we're following the orders declared Karp and at that moment several voices began speaking together.

It's as the old men have decided—there's too many of you giving orders.

Arguing? Mutiny! Brigands! Traitors! cried Rostov unmercifully in a voice not his.

Bind him

here as no

Alpátych

Lavrushka however ran up to Karp and seized him by the arms from behind.

Shall I call up our men from beyond the hill? he called out.

Alpátych turned to the peasants and ordered two of them by name to come and bind Karp. The men obeyed and came out of the crowd and began taking off their belts.

Where's the Elder? demanded Rostov in a loud voice.

With a pale and frowning face Dron stepped out of the crowd.

Are you the Elder? Bind him! Lavrushka! shouted Rostov as if that order too could not possibly meet with any opposition.

At that two more peasants began bind

And you all listen to... to the peasants. Be off to your houses at once and don't let one of your voices be heard!

Why are we not done any harm? We did it just out of foolishness. It's all nonsense. I said then that it was not in order. Voices were heard bickering with one another.

There! What did I say? said Alpátych coming into his own again. It's wrong, lads!

All our stupidity. Yákov Alpátych came

the answers and the crowd began at once to disperse through the village.

The two bound men were led off to the master's house. The two drunken peasants followed them.

Aye, when I look at you! said one of them to Karp.

How can one talk to the masters like that? What were you thinking of, you fool? added the other. A real fool!

Two hours later the carts were standing in the courtyard of the Boguchárovo house. The peasants were briskly carrying out the property, goods and packing them on the carts and

standing in the yard directly.

Don't put it in so carelessly, said one of the

that or shove it under the wheel rubbed? I don't like that way of doing things. Let it all be done properly according to rule. Look here, put it under the bast matting and cover it with hay—that's the way!

Eh, books, books! said another peasant bringing out Prince Andrew's library cupboard. Don't catch up against it! It's heavy. A—al! books.

... play! ... avely ... cution

aries that were on the top.

Unwilling to obtrude himself on the princess, Rostov did not go back to the house but

... at the village awaiting her departure.

from Boguchárovo to walk... cu... pried by our troops. At the inn at Yankovo he respectfully took leave of her for the first time permitting himself to kiss her hand.

How can you speak so! he blushing replied to Princess Mary's expressions of gratitude for her deliverance as she termed what had occurred. Any police officer would have done as much! If we had had only peasants to fight we should not have let the enemy come so far, said he with a sense of shame and wishing to change the subject. I am only happy to have had the opportunity of making your acquaintance. Good-bye, Princess! With you happiness and consolation and hope to meet you again in happier circumstances. If you don't

He sat heavily and swayed limply on his broken horse.

Whew whew whew! he wh tied
a h yard. H s i ce

down into the arms of the Cossacks and
tants he took easily as them.

He pulled him self together, looked round screwing up his eyes glanced at Prince Andrew and, evidently not recognising him mixed with his wadded no gate to the porch. "Where, where, where," he whistled, and glanced at Prince Andrew. A soft no occurs that old men two or three after some seconds that trumpet is produced by Prince Andrew's cell. He looked at himself with hurt and remembrance of his personality.

Ah h w d o y u d my dea prince? H w
 d m dea boy Com l sa d
 he gl a gnea ly d, d he tepped o
 th po ch whu h creaked u de h we ght.
 H b t ed h oat and sat d wn on
 be ch th po ch.

A d h w y u f ther
I e e e d n w s f h death yesterday re
p l e d P r i n A n d w b p t y
K t u r o l o o k e d t h m w t h y e s w d o p e
w i t h d m a y d t h n t o o k f f h c a p c
c r o s s e d h i m s e l f

My the kgd m f Hea n be h God
ill be do t u ll H ghed deeply h s
whol chest h g dwa l t f whul
I l ed hum nd respe ed hm nd ymp
thuze w th y w th ll my heart.

He embra ed P A drew p ess gh m
t hus fat b ea t d som t m d d n l t
h m go. Wh n h leas h m Pr e Andrew
saw that hu uz # bbr l p we e trembl g
and that tears w n h eyes. H ghed d
p essed on the be ch w th both hands t
raise himself.

Com ! Com w h m w il ha talk,
sa d h

B t that m m De so no m
m dat d by his pe rs than by the nemy
cam th j l purs p th ps f th
po ch, desp t h ory w l p rs f th d
j ta is who tried p h m ku rov his
j ds tll pressed th seat, gla ced t hum
gl mly D so ha gg hu n m n
d th t h h d mmu cat t hus

Serene H hness a matter of great importance
for th r country's welfare but so looked

try welts. He blushed like a girl (it was strange to see the color in that shaggy bulbous brown face) and boldly began to expound his plan of cutting the emyslness of communism between Smolensk and Vyazma. Denisov came from there parts and knew the country well. His plan seemed decidedly good one.

u pleasant t emerge from it. And from that hut, while D niso was peak ng a general w th

g neral

But swayed his head, as much as to say
How o'er me it dealt with the ill
Than list need to De so

I give my word for him as Russian officer said so that I can break Napoleon's line of communication.

"What relationship do you think I have to General Kurl Andreevich Denisov?" he asked him, interrupting him.

H is my uncle you Sewene H h ess.

Ah we were frie ds sad kudu on heer
 fully All right ll right fri nd, stay h re t
 the taff nd tomorrow we ll ha talk

With nod t De iso he t med away d
p t ut h ha d f th p pers ko o n yn
h d brought him.

Would not your Seren High es like to come d ? said th general on duty n d s-
contented e th pl ns must be exam ed
d several p pers ha e t be s oned.

An adjutant came to announce that everything was in readiness with the British troops. Eventually did not wish to enter that room till he was addressed by the commander.

here my dear boy I'll look t them h s d
h Don't go w y h dded turn to
Pri e A drew who em ed h po h

You're also waiting for the commander in chief? said he. They say he receives every one thank God! It's awful with those sausage eaters! Ermólov had reason to ask to be promoted to be a German! Now perhaps Warsaw will get a look in. As it was, devil only knows what was happening. We kept wet eating and wet eating. Did you take part in the campaign? he asked.

I had the pleasure, replied Prince Andrew, not only of taking part in the retreat but of losing in that retreat all I held dear—not to mention the estate and home of my birth—my father, who died of grief. I belong to the province of Smolensk.

Ah? You're Prince Bolkónski? Very glad to make your acquaintance! I'm Lieutenant Colonel Denisov, better known as Vaska, said Denisov, pressing Prince Andrew's hand and looking into his face with a particularly kindly attention. Yes, I heard, said he sympathetically, and after a short pause added:

Yes, it's Scythian warfare. It's all very well—only not for those who get it in the neck. So you're Prince Andrew Bolkónski? He swayed his head. Very pleased, Prince to make your acquaintance! he repeated again smiling sadly, and he again pressed Prince Andrew's hand.

Prince Andrew knew Denisov from what Natasha had told him of her first suitor. This memory carried him sadly and sweetly back to those painful feelings of which he had not thought lately but which still found place in his soul. Of late he had received so many new and very serious impressions—such as the retreat from Smolensk, his visit to Bald Hills, and the recent news of his father's death—and had experienced so many emotions that for a long time past those memories had not entered his mind, and now that they did they did not act on him with nearly their former strength. For Denisov, too, the memories awakened by the name of Bolkónski belonged to a distant, romantic past. When after supper and after Natasha's singing he had proposed to a little girl of fifteen without realizing what he was doing, he smiled at the recollection of that time and of his love for Natasha, and passed at once to what now interested him passionately and exclusively. This was a plan of campaign he had devised while serving at the outposts during the retreat. He had proposed that plan to Barclay de Tolly and now, when he proposed it to Kutuzov, the plan was based on the fact that the French line of operation was too

extended and it proposed that instead of, or concurrently with action on the front to bar the advance of the French, we should attack their line of communication. He began explaining his plan to Prince Andrew.

They can hold all that line. It's impossible. I will undertake to break through. Give me five hundred men and I will break the line that's certain! There's only one way—guerrilla warfare!

Denisov rose and began gesticulating as he explained his plan to Bolkónski. In the midst of his explanation shouts were heard from the army, growing more incoherent and more confused, mingling with music and songs and coming from the field where the review was held. Sounds of hoofs and shouts were nearing the village.

He's coming! He's coming! shouted a Cossack standing at the gate.

Bolkónski and Denisov moved to the gate at which a knot of soldiers (a guard of honor) was standing and they saw Kutuzov coming down the street mounted on a rather small sorrel horse. A huge suite of generals rode behind him. Barclay was riding almost beside him and a crowd of officers ran after and around them shouting Hurrah!

His adjutants galloped into the yard before him. Kutuzov was impatiently urging on his horse which ambled smoothly under his weight and he raised his hand to his white Horse Guards cap with a red band and nodded his head continually. When he came up to the guard of honor, a fine set of Grenadiers mostly wearing decorations who were giving him the salute, he looked at them slowly and attentively for nearly a minute with the steady gaze of a commander and then turned to the crowd of generals and officers surrounding him. Suddenly his face assumed a subtle expression, he shrugged his shoulders with an air of perplexity.

And with such fine fellows to retreat and retreat! Well good-bye, General! he added and rode into the yard past Prince Andrew and Denisov.

Hurrah! hurrah! hurrah! shouted the behind him.

— 1

still the same. He was wearing the white Horse Guards cap and a military overcoat with a whip hanging over his shoulder by a thin strap.

I fear I but I only employed these two things and took
 ce mo e fortres es than Kámenski and m de tle
 1. Turk eat horsefle hl He swayed l s head.
 And the Fre ch sh ll too belie e me" He
 I went on grow ng warmer and beat ng h s
 chest I ll make them eat horsefleshl And
 tears ga n d mmed his eyes.
 But shan t we h e to ccept battle? re-
 r l P r And ew

grow used t my eg me
 he flicers and l f ncy the men als l ke me I
 should be sorry t le e th regiment. If I de-
 d e the ho r f be ng w th you belie e

me Ashrewd k dly yet s buly den e expres-
 lit up kutú podgy f ce He cut Bol
 kó k h rt.

I m sorry f r I e d y u But you rer ght

needed
 n t
 are f
 the w ld b d ers s rveu t y u do.

I emembe y u t Aust rlt I remember
 ves I em mbe y u w th tle st nd rdl sa d
 K t zo d a flush f pleasure uffused
 Pr e Andrews f t th coll ct on

T k gh ha d nd draw ng h m down
 ards kut offe ed h ch k t be k ssed
 d ga Pr ce Andrew n t ced tears n the
 ld m n s eyes Th ugh Pr n e And ew knew
 that K tüz v te rs came ly nd th t he
 was p rt cul ly tende t d co d rate of

to d ? he a ked e dently e pe h
 swer "Well wlt do you wa t us to d l e
 repeated and h s eyes sl onew t a deep sl rewd

ont nue l
 w ll tell
 d ute
 - l e ar

t cul ted the F ench pro erb d l e t ly
 "Well good by my dea fellow remember
 - m t h e ur sorrow a d

Good by my de boy

Aga n he embraced d k ssed Pri ce An
 dr w but b lo e the latter had left tle room

I
 m ssed y t Bu har st but I needed so e-
 et d And cl g g th ubj ct, kutú
 m bega t peak f the Tuk h w d the
 pea th t h d be co l ded. "Yes I h e
 bee m ch bl med l d both f th t
 ar d th p but everyth came t
 he right t m T t t d p t d l q
 t t d A d th w m y d rs
 l er her h we to eturn g t le

P n e And w could n t l ave explai ed
 how o why t was, b t fter that nters ew
 w th kut zo he went back to h reg me t re-
 ssu ed s to the g eral course of aff rs d
 st the man to wh m th d been e tru ted
 Th m e h re l ed the bs ce of ll per

thro h w th that w E ry h haste
 b m e hate less p ed káme k w ld
 h b l t f he had n t d ed H
 rmed f rtresses w th ty th u d men
 lt t d fficult t capt f rtes b t t s
 d fficult t w camp gn F that n t t rm
 g d t t ck g b t p t d t m
 wa ted. kám k e t sold ers t Rustch k

E eryth g comes t m t h m wh kn
 b w t wa

d draw n conclu ns) nly the cap c ty
 calmly to co templ t th course of e ts-
 th mo reassured he was that everyth ng
 w ld b s t h uld H w ll n t b g m
 ypl n of h own H e w ll n t d use o un
 dertak nyth g th ght P nce And ew

th g tr ger d m e mportant than h s

Dont see it th t way h th tro bl
 When und bt my d f ll w d n h g

times on glancing that way he noticed behind that door a plump rosy handsome woman in a pink dress with a lilac silk kerchief on her head holding a dish and evidently awaiting the entrance of the commander in chief Kutuzov's adjutant whispered to Prince Andrew that this was the wife of the priest whose home it was and that she intended to offer his Serene Highness bread and salt. Her husband has welcomed his Serene Highness with the cross at the church and she intends to welcome him in the house. She's very pretty," added the adjutant with a smile. At those words Kutuzov looked round. He was listening to the general's report—which consisted chiefly of a criticism of the position at Tsarevo-Zaymishche—as he had listened to Denisov and seven years previously had listened to the discussion at the Austerlitz council of war. He evidently listened only because he had ears which, though there was a piece of tow in one of them, could not help hearing, but it was evident that nothing the general could say would surprise or even interest him, that he knew all that could be said beforehand and heard it all only because he had to, as one has to listen to the chanting of a service of prayer. All that Denisov had said was clever and to the point. What the general was saying was even more clever and to the point, but it was evident that Kutuzov despised knowledge and cleverness and knew of something else that would decide the matter—something independent of cleverness and knowledge. Prince Andrew watched the commander in chief's face attentively and the only expression he could see there was one of boredom, curiosity as to the meaning of the feminine whispering behind the door and a desire to observe propriety. It was evident that Kutuzov despised cleverness and learning and even the patriotic feeling shown by Denisov, but despised them not because of his own intellect, feelings or knowledge—he did not try to display any of these—but because of something else. He despised them because of his old age and experience of life. The only instruction Kutuzov gave of his own accord dur-

ing to the recovery of payment from army commanders for green oats mown down by the soldiers when landowners lodged petitions for compensation.

After hearing the matter Kutuzov smacked his lips together and shook his head.

Into the stove into the fire with it! I tell you once for all my dear fellow said he into the fire with all such things! Let them cut the crops and burn wood to their hearts content. I don't order it or allow it but I don't expect compensation either. One can't get on

his head

CHAPTER XVI

WELL, THAT'S THE LAST OF AND SMOOTH neck he moved toward the door with a more cheerful expression.

The priest's wife flushing rosy red caught up the dish she had after all not managed to present at the right moment though she had so long been preparing for it and with a low bow offered it to Kutuzov.

He screwed up his eyes, smiled, lifted her chin with his hand and said:

Oh what a beauty! Thank you sweetheart!

He took some gold pieces from his trouser pocket and put them on the dish for her.

Well, my dear, and how are we getting on? he asked, moving to the door of the room assigned to him. The priest's wife smiled and with dimples in her rosy cheeks followed him into the room. The adjutant came out to the porch and asked Prince Andrew to lunch with him. Half an hour later Prince Andrew was

book which he closed as Prince Andrew entered, marking the place with a knife. Prince Andrew saw by the cover that it was *Les Chénalisiers du Cygne* by Madame de Genlis.

Well, sit down, sit down here. Let's have a talk, said Kutuzov. It's sad, very sad. But remember, my dear fellow, that I am a father to you, a second father.

Prince Andrew told Kutuzov all he knew of his father's death and what he had seen at Bald Hills when he passed through it.

What, what they have brought us to, Kutuzov suddenly cried in an agitated voice, evidently picturing vividly to himself from

I sent for you to keep you with me

"Another forfeit for a Gallicism," said a Russian writer who was present. "What pleasure is there to be in not Russian!"

"You sure are not," continued Julie to the young man without heeding the author's remark.

"For conscience—I am guilty and will pay. But I am prepared to pay for the pleasure of telling you the truth. For Gallicism I

do not," she said to the militia officer. "You won't catch me 'speak of the sun' and you see my ears!" and she smiled amiably at Pierre. "We were just talking of you," she said with the familiarly natural society woman. "We were saying that your regiment would be sure to be better than M. Mironov's."

"Oh, don't talk to me of my regiment," replied Pierre, kissing his hostess's hand and taking her seat beside her. "I am so sick of it."

"You will, of course, command it yourself," said Julie, directing her sarcastic glance toward the militia officer.

The latter on Pierre's presence had ceased to be caustic, and his face expressed perplexity as to what Julie's smile might mean. In spite of his absent-mindedness, a good natured Pierre personally and immediately checked himself and turned to his face.

"No, said Pierre with a laughing lance at his big, stout body. "I should make too good sport for the French, besides I am afraid I should hardly be able to climb onto a horse."

Among those whom Julie's guests happened to choose for conversation were the Rostovs.

"I hear that their affairs are in a very bad way," said Julie. "And he is so unreasonable, the count himself I mean. The Rarumovskis are dead, but his house and his estate near Moscow but it drags on and on. He asks too much."

"No, I think the sale will come off in a few days," said someone. "Though it is madness to buy when the French are now."

"Why?" asked Julie. "You don't think Moscow is undervalued?"

"Then why are you leaving?"

"What question I am going because well, because everyone is going—and besides—I am not Joan of Arc or an Amazon."

"Well, of course, of course. Let me have some more strips of linen."

If he manages the business properly he will be able to pay off all his debts," said the militia officer speaking of Rostov.

A kindly old man but not up to much. And why do they talk on so long in Moscow? They meant to leave for the country long ago. Natalie is quite well—and now isn't she? Julie asked Pierre with a knowing smile.

"They're waiting for their younger son," Pierre replied. He joined Olenka's Cossacks and went to Belaya Tserko, where the regiment is being formed. But now they have had him transferred to my regiment and are expecting him every day. The count wanted to leave long ago, but the countess won't on account of leaving Moscow till her son returns."

"I met them the day before yesterday at the Arkhirov's. Natalie has recovered her looks and is brighter. She says a son. How easily some people get over everything."

"Get over what?" inquired Pierre, looking displeased.

Julie smiled.

"You know, Count, such knotholes as you are only found in Madame de Souza's rocks."

"What knotholes? What do you mean?" demanded Pierre, blushing.

"Oh, come in, dear count. *C'est la fin de tout Moscou. J'en suis sûr*," said Pierre.

"Forfeit," cried the militia officer.

"All right, one can't talk—how tiresome."

"What is the talk of all Moscow?" Pierre asked, partly rising to his feet.

"Come now, Count, you know."

"I don't know anything about it," said Pierre.

"I know you were friendly with Natalie and so, but I was always more friendly with Natalie than dear Vera."

No, madame, Pierre continued in a tone of displeasure. "I have not taken on myself the role of Natalie's Rostov knight at all, and have not been to their house for nearly a month. But I cannot understand their cruelty."

"Qu'excusez-vous?" said Julie, smiling, and waving the lint triumphantly and to have the last word she promptly handed the subject. Do you know what I heard today? Poor Mary Bolkonskaya arrived in Moscow yesterday. Do you know that she has lost her father?"

"Really? Where is she? I should like very

to talk to all Moscow. My word I'd sure do."

No excuses himself, accuses himself.

own will—the inevitable course of events and he can see them and grasp their significance and seeing that significance can refrain from meddling and renounce his personal wish directed to something else. And above all thought Prince Andrew—one believes in him because he's Russian—despite the novel by Genlis and the French proverbs and because his voice shook when he said: "What they have brought us to! and had a sob in it when he said he would make them eat horseflesh!"

On such feelings more or less dimly shared by all the unanimity and general approval were founded with a high despite court influences the popular choice of Kutuzov as commander in chief and received

CHAPTER XVII

AFTER THE EMPEROR had left Moscow life flowed on there in its usual course and its course was so very usual that it was difficult to

... and that the members of the English Club were also sons of the Fatherland ready to sacrifice everything for it. The one thing that recalled the patriotic fervor every one had displayed during the Emperor's stay was the call for contributions of men and money, a necessity that as soon as the promises had been made assumed a legal official form and became unavoidable.

With the enemy's approach to Moscow the Moscovites' view of their situation did not grow more serious but on the contrary became even more frivolous as always happens with people who see a great danger approaching. At the approach of danger there are always two voices that speak with equal power in the human soul: one very reasonably tells a man to consider the nature of the danger and the means of escaping it; the other still more reasonably says that it is too depressing and painful to think of the danger since it is not in man's power to foresee everything and avert the general course of events and it is therefore better to divert one's mind.

So it was now with the inhabitants of Moscow. It was long since people had been as gay in Moscow as that year.

Rostopchin's broadsheets headed by woodcuts of a drink shop, a potman and a Moscow burgher called Karpushka Chigirin who—having been a militiaman and having had rather

too much at the pub—heard that Napoleon wished to come to Moscow grew angry, abused the French and

the drink shop began to

were read at a discussion together with the latest of Vasilii Lvovich Pushkin's *bouts rimés*.

In the corner room at the Club members gathered to read these broadsheets and some liked the wry Karpushka jeered at the French saying: "They will sell up with Russian cabbage burst with our buckwheat porridge and choke themselves with cabbage soup. They are all dwarfs and one peasant woman will toss three—"

It was as if Napoleon had expelled all Frenchmen and even all foreigners from Moscow and that there had been some spies and agents of Napoleon among them but this was told chiefly to introduce Rostopchin's witty remark on that occasion. The foreigners were deported to Nizhni by boat and Rostopchin had said to them in French: *Retrez en vous-mêmes entrez dans la barque et n'en faites pas une barque de Charon*. There was talk of all the government offices having been already removed from Moscow and to this Shishin's witticism was added—that for that alone Moscow ought to be grateful to Napoleon. It was said that Mamajov's regiment would cost him eight hundred thousand rubles and that Bezukhov had spent even more on his but that the best thing about Bezukhov's action was that he himself was going to don a uniform and ride at the head of his regiment without charging anything for the show.

Julie was preparing to leave Moscow next day and was giving a farewell soiree. Bezukhov is ridiculous but he is so kind and good natured. What pleasure is there to be so caustic?

A forlorn! cried a young man in militia uniform whom Julie called *mon chevalier* and who was going with her to Nizhni.

In Julie's set as in many other circles in Moscow it had been agreed that they would

think it over get out the large tale care not to make it a big one of Claron

This is what his cajolery has brought us to!
Barbara I said to him the mob nearly
killed her because she said something in
French.

French.
Oh, but so You take everything so
heart, said Pierre and began lying out his
cards for patience.

Altho gh that pat en ed d come out P erre
did not jo n the army but rem ed in desert
ed M scow er the same t te of agit on
unresol n a d larm y t the same t me

Next day toward evening the princess set off

other criminal thin and pale stood near Judge
 1 g by the r faces they were both Frenchmen
 With a f ghtened and suffering look resem
 bl g that on the th n Frenchman's face Pierre
 pushed h s way n through the crowd.

What is it? Who is it? What is it for? he kept asking.

But the attention of the crowd—official
by men, boys, girls and women

frowned, hugged his shoulders and suddenly
tried to appear firm began to pull on his jacket

Th w rs everyth g became especi lly his
own ffrs the b tter wa P erre plea ed d
th more ex de t was t that the catastrophe h
expected was ppro h g H rdly any e he
k ew as it nt wn J le had go e nd so
had Pr cess Mary Of h timate f ds
ly the Rostó's rem d b t he d d not go to
see th m.

To d tract h th ghts he dro e th t d y
t he ll ge f vo nts o t ee th great
balloo Lepp ch wa n truct to destr y
th loe d tr l b loon th t w o go up
ext day The b loo wa n t y t dy but
Perr learned th t t wa be g co tructed by
the Emp des The Emp ro h d wr t
tent Cou t Rost pchl s f ll ws

As too as Lepp ch is ready get together crew
reliable d in ligen men f his ca d end
co nter General K tárov t l h m k w I
ha m firmed h m f th m

Please impress pon lepp ch be ry ca ful
here h desce d f th first t m h t h m
not m k m k d f ll t th enemy
ha ds. I us essen l f h m to comb hus m ve
ments w th those l f th comm der h ef

O h way h m from\ ro tsó shew s
p ss g th Bolót oe Pl ce P rr e g
l rg cr wd ro d th Lób e Pl ce t pped
d got t f i h s trap A Fre ch cook cu ed
f be g py was be g flogged The flogg g
wa ly just o er d t e ecut ner wa re
leas g from the flogg g bench t ut man
w h ed wh kers, bl ock g s d
gre j cket wh was m g p teously An

ple began to laugh. Others continued to watch
and many the executor who was undressed
the throne.

Perre chucked his face puckered, and he turned hastily away we took to his trap mutter g some thing to himself he went and took his eat. As they drove lo g he shuddered and excl med several times so a dibly that the coachman asked him

What is your plea, re?

"When I saw you going, I shouted 'Perre to the man who was driving to Lubyá ka Street.'"
"To the Governor's as you ordered," answered the coachman.

"Fool! I didn't shed P. re. abus. g. h. s.
co. chman— th. gh. rarely d. d. H. me. I told
you A. d. d. r. f. t. r. blockhead! I must get
way th. ery d. y. he murmured to himself

At the night I felt the cold of the Lóbnoc Pl c
P erre h d so defi t lym d up h m nd th t
he could n l ger rema n Moscow nd
w ld leav f th rmy that very day th t
seemed t h m that either he h d told the
coachman th s o th t the man ought to have
kn wn t f h mself

On each g h me Perre ga e orders to
Ertsey—his head co chm n who kn we cry
thi g, could d nythu g and was known to all

of party as it seemed to P. re.

He's cook to some p nce.

much to see her said Pierre

I spent the evening with her yesterday. She is going to their estate near Moscow either today or tomorrow morning with her nephew.

Well and how is she? asked Pierre

She is well but sad. But do you know who rescued her? It is quite a romance. Nicholas Rostov! She was surrounded and they wanted to kill her and had wounded some of her people. He rushed in and saved her.

Another romance said the militia officer

Do you know I really believe she is *un petit peu amoureuse du jeune homme*

Forfeit forfeit forfeit!

But how could one say that in Russian?

CHAPTER XVIII

WHEN PIERRE returned home he was handed two of Rostopchin's broadsheets that had been brought that day.

The first declared that the report that Count Rostopchin had forbidden people to leave Moscow was false on the contrary he was glad that ladies and tradesmen's wives were leaving the city. There will be less panic and less gossip ran the broadsheet but I will stake my life on it that that scoundrel will not enter Moscow. These words showed Pierre clearly for the first time that the French would enter Moscow. The second broadsheet stated that our headquarters were at Vyázma that Count Wittgenstein had defeated the French but that as many of the inhabitants of Moscow wished to be armed weapons were ready for them at the arsenal sabers pistols and muskets which could be had at a low price. The tone of the proclamation was not as jocular as in the former Chigirin talks. Pierre pondered over these broadsheets. Evidently the terrible stormcloud he had desired with the whole strength of his soul but which yet aroused involuntary horror in him was drawing near.

Shall I join the army and enter the service or wait? he asked himself for the hundredth time. He took a pack of cards that lay on the table and began to lay them out for a game of patience.

If this patience comes out he said to him
self after shuffling the cards holding them in
his hand and lifting his head if it comes out
it means what does it mean?

He had not decided what it should mean

At the bottom in love with the young man

when he heard the voice of the eldest princess

and he added to the princess

Only the eldest princess the one with the stony face and long waist was still living in Pierre's house. The two younger ones had both married.

Excuse my coming to you cousin she said in a reproachful and agitated voice You know some decision must be come to What is going to happen? Everyone has left Moscow and the people are rioting How is it that we are staying on?

On the contrary things seem satisfactory
ma cousine said Pierre in the bantering tone
he habitually adopted toward her always feel-
ing uncomfortable in the role of her benefac-
tor

Satisfactory indeed! Very satisfactory! Bar bara Iznobova told me today how our troops are distinguishing themselves. It certainly does them credit! And the people too are quite mutinous—they no longer obey even my maid has

day now so what are we waiting for? I ask just one thing of you cousin she went on - arrange for me to be taken to Petersburg. Whatever I may be I can't live under Bonaparte's rule.

Oh come *ma cousine*! Where do you get your information from? On the contrary

I won't submit to your Napoleon! Others may if they please. If you don't want to do this

But I will I'll give the order at once

to

But you have been misinformed said Pierre Everything is quiet in the city and there is not the slightest danger See! I've just been reading He showed her the broad sheet Count Rostopchin writes that he will stake his life on it that the enemy will not enter Moscow

Oh that count of yours! said the princess malevolently. He is a hypocrite & rascal who has himself roused the people to riot. Didn't he

thef esghta dgen us of the generals who
f h t r v w re the most

twenty fifth and th t those begun on the

Borod d the pr ed g battle t e
di wer f ght, there lso xists a d fi te
and ellk w b t quite fle co ept n
All the b t rian desc b th ff ras follows
Th Russ rmy they say n t etr t
f m Smolé k s ght o t fo it lf the be t
po t f g l g g me t d fo d
such p to t B d ó

Th Russ they s y fort fi d th p s
t d c the left of th h gh d
(fom Mo ow t Sm lnsk) d lm t t
ght gl t f m B d t Ut ts t
th ery pl ce wher th b til was f ght
f t fi d

p t d t k t d the tue ty th t
t k d th h l R ss my wh h was
p t th field f B d ó

So the hus ries y d t s ll q te wro g
as y e h ca est look t th m t r
ca easly co h mself

Th Russ d d t eek ut th best po-
t b t, th co trary d r i ght et t
passed ma y p t b tte tha B od ó
They d d t t p t ny f th es p t n
beca se k d d t w h t ocupy po-
t h had th ms lf cl en b cau th
pop lar dema d f b t l h d t yet ex-
p essed self t gly ough d b caus
M l á d ch had ty tarr ed w th the m
lu d f m y th re so Th f ct is
that ther post they h d p ssed wer
tro ger d th t th post n t B d ó
(the wh e he b t l wa f ght) far fr m
be g tr w m p to th y
ther pot mght fi d n th Russ Em
p by t k g p the m p t haza d.

N t ly d d th R ss n t f t fy th po-
t th fi d f B od ó t the left f
d t ght gl t th h ghro d (that
th post n wh ch th b til took pl)
b t ever t l th tw ty fifth of A gust 8 z
d d they th k that b tile mght b f ght
ther This was h wn first by th f ct th t
there w en chm is th by the

fied th n ny other post? And w y w te e
f rts exhaust d a d s x th us nd men sacri-
ficed to defend t t l late t night on the
twenty fourth? A Coss ck patrol would l e
sufficed to observe the enemy Th rdly as proof
that the po t on on wh ch the b tile wa
fo ght h d ot been f reseen and th t d e
She árd no Redoubt was n tan d nced post
of that pos t n we h ve the f ct that up to the
twenty fifth Ba l y de Tolly a d B grat / n
w re con i ced that the She á d o Red ubt
wa the left fl k f th pos t on and that ku

much l ter when eports on the b tile of B r
od nów ew t nat leasure, th t the ncorrect
and e trao d n ry statement wa ented
(p b bly to ju t fy the m stakes of a com-
m nde n h ef who h d to be represe ted s
n f l ble) th t the Shevárd no Redo bt an
d d post—whe n ealy t was s m-
ply f r fied po t on the l f fl k— d th t
th b tile of Bo od nów s f gl t by u on an
entre ched pos t p e us ly selected where
s t wa f ight on q te u expect d pot
wh ch wa lmost e tre hed.

The ca e was e de tly th a pos t on w
sel cted l g the r r Kol há—w l d crosses
the h gh d n t t r ght gle but t n
cut gle—so th t the left fl k was at She
á d the ght fl k ne the llag of Nó-
o d the ter t B od ó t th conflu-
e e of th r r s k lochá d Vóy a

T ny e wh looks t the field of Bo o-
d ó w tho t th k g f h w the b tile w
tu lly f ght th s pos itio p t cted by th
r r e k l chá p is self ob ous f n
rmy wh se b j ct w t p t my
f m d c i g l g th Smolé k d to
M c w

N poleon rading to Valué o on th twenty
f rth d d t (as the h t ry book say h
d d) th post n of th Russ ns from Utitsa
to B d ó (h uld n th e n th t po-
t n b cause t d d n t xust) d d he see
n dva d post of th Ru n army but
wh le pursu ng th Russ n reargua d he cam
upon the l f fl k f the Ru n po t n— t
the Shevárd n Red ubt—nd u pectedly

Moscow—that he would leave that night for the army at Mosháysk and that his saddle horses should be sent to him.

be arranged

tation Pierre

next day to allow time for the relay horses to be sent on in advance

On the twenty fourth the weather cleared up after a spell of rain and after dinner Pierre left Moscow. When changing horses that night in Perkhushkovo he learned that there had been a great battle that evening. (This was the battle of Shevárdino.) He was told that there in Perkhushkovo the earth trembled from the firing but nobody could answer his questions as to who had won. At dawn next day Pierre was approaching Mosháysk.

Every house in Mosháysk had soldiers quartered in it and at the hostel where Pierre was met by his groom and coachman there was no room to be had. It was full of officers.

Everywhere in Mosháysk and beyond it troops were stationed or on the march. Cossacks, foot and horse soldiers, wagons, caissons and cannon were everywhere. Pierre pushed forward as fast as he could and the farther he left Moscow behind and the deeper he plunged into that sea of troops the more was he overcome by restless agitation and a new and joyful feeling began to take possession of him.

was a

Slobó

sense of the necessity of undertaking something and sacrificing something. He now experienced a glad consciousness that everything that constitutes men's happiness—the comforts of life, wealth, even life itself—is rubbish; it is pleasant to throw away compared with something. With what? Pierre could not say and he did not try to determine for whom and for what he felt such particular delight in sacrificing everything. He was not occupied with the question of what to sacrifice for; the fact of sacrificing in itself afforded him a new and joyous sensation.

CHAPTER XXV

ON THE TWENTY FOURTH OF AUGUST the battle of the Shevárdino Redoubt was fought; on the twenty fifth not a shot was fired by either side and on the twenty sixth the battle of Borodino itself took place.

Why and how were the battles of Shevárdino and Borodino given and accepted? Why was the battle of Borodino fought? There was not the least sense in it for either the French or

the Russians. Its immediate result for the Russians was and was bound to be that we were brought nearer to the destruction of Moscow—which we feared more than anything in the world and for the French its immediate result was that they were brought nearer to the destruction of their whole army—which they feared more than anything in the world. What the result must be was quite obvious and yet Napoleon offered and Kutuzov accepted that battle.

If the commanders had been guided by reason it would seem that it must have been obvious to Napoleon that by advancing thirteen hundred miles and giving battle with a probability of losing a quarter of his army he was advancing to certain destruction and it must have been equally clear to Kutuzov that by accepting battle and risking the loss of a quarter of his army he would certainly lose Moscow. For Kutuzov this was mathematically clear as it was for Napoleon.

My opponent has sixteen men and I have four teen. I am only one eighth weaker than he but when I have exchanged thirteen more men he will be three times as strong as I am.

Before the battle of Borodino our strength in proportion to the French was about as five to six but after that battle it was as little more than one to two. Previously we had a hundred thousand against a hundred and twenty thousand afterwards little more than fifty thousand against a hundred thousand. Yet the shrewd and experienced Kutuzov accepted the battle while Napoleon—who was said to be a commander of genius—refused it.

to end the campaign by occupying Moscow as he had ended a previous campaign by occupying Vienna there is much evidence to the contrary. Napoleon's historians themselves tell us that from Smolensk onwards he wished to stop, knew the danger of his extended position and knew that the occupation of Moscow would not be the end of the campaign for he had seen at Smolensk the state in which Russian towns were left to him and had not received a single reply to his repeated announcements of his wish to negotiate.

In giving and accepting battle at Borodino Kutuzov acted involuntarily and irrationally. But later on to fit what had occurred the historians provided cunningly devised evidence

which the road ran. The sun shone from behind
 merged into the cutting and

ing p to t, placed tone u uet s
 tireless hind wheels, and began arranging the
 breech-ba do his little horse.

One of the wounded, an old soldier with a
 bandaged arm who was following the cart on
 foot, caught hold of it with his sound hand and
 turned to look at Pierre.

"I say fell w countryman! Will they set us
 down here take us in to Moscow," he asked.

Pierre was so deep in thought that he did not
 hear the question. He was looking now at the
 cavalry regiment that had in the company of
 wounded, was the cart by which he was
 standing, in which two wounded men were
 sitting. One was lying on one of those little
 p in the cart had probably been wounded in
 the cheek. His whole head was wrapped in
 rags. His cheek was swollen to the size of a
 baby's head. His nose and mouth were twisted
 to one side. This soldier was looking at the
 cathedral and cross of himself. Another
 one lay, fair-haired recruit, white as
 though there was no blood in his thin face.
 looked at Pierre kindly with a fixed smile.
 The third lay prone so that his face was not
 visible. The cavalry officers were passing close
 by.

Ah lost q lost is my head so k en
 Luv g m foreign land

they sang the soldiers' dance song

And responded to them but with different
 sort of merriment, the metallic sound of the
 bells reverberated high above the hot rays
 of the sun bathed the top of the opposite hill
 with another sort of merriment. But be-
 cause the soldiers, by the cart with the wounded
 near the pants gliding on where Pierre stood,
 was damp and somber and sad.

The soldier with the swollen cheek looked
 on at the cavalry officers.

"Oh, the two combs," he muttered reproach-
 fully.

I not the soldiers only but I seen peas-
 ants today too. The peasants—even they
 have to go said the soldier behind the cart.
 addressed Pierre with a sad smile. "No dis-
 tinctions mad nowadays. They want the
 whole nation to fall on them—in word, in
 Moscow. They want to make an end of it.

In spite of the obscurity of the soldier's
 words Pierre understood what he wanted to say
 and nodded approvingly.

The road was clear again. Pierre descended
 the hill and drove on.

He kept looking to either side of the road
 for familiar faces, but only saw everywhere the
 unfamiliar faces of various military men of
 different branches of the service who all
 looked with astonishment at his white hat and
 green tailcoat.

Having gone nearly three miles he at last
 met an acquaintance and eagerly addressed
 him. This was one of the head army doctors.
 He was driving toward Pierre in a covered
 carriage. Beside you, the surgeon, doctor, recon-
 sidering Pierre he told the Cossack who occupied
 the driver's seat to pull up.

Count Yuriev called out: "How come you to
 be here?" asked the doctor.

"Well, you know I wanted to see."

"Yes, yes, there will be something to see."

Pierre got out and talked to the doctor ex-
 plaining his intention of taking part in a bat-
 tle.

The doctor advised him to apply directly to
 Kutuzov.

"Why should you be God knows where out
 of sight during the battle," he said, exchanging
 glances with his young companion. "Any-
 how his Seren Highness knows you and will
 receive you graciously. That's what you must
 do."

The doctor seemed tired and hurriedly

"You think so. Ah! I also wanted to ask
 you where our position is exactly," said Pierre.

"The position," repeated the doctor, "well,
 that's not my line. Drive past Tikhonova
 and the digging is going on there. Go up the hill-
 ock, and you'll see."

Can we see from there? If you would

But the doctor interrupted him and re-
 turned his gaze.

I would go with you but on my honor I'm
 up to her—and he pointed to his throat. I'm
 galloping to the commander of the corps. How
 do matters stand? I know, Count, there'll
 be battle tomorrow. Out of harm of hun-
 dred thousand we must expect at least two
 thousand wounded, two hundred thousand
 or bunks, or dressers, or doctors, half a
 thousand. We have ten thousand carts but we
 need other things as well—we must make as
 best we can!

The trainee thought that of the thousands

for the Russians moved his army across the Kolochá. And the Russians not having time to begin a general engagement withdrew their left wing from the position they had intended to occupy and took up a new position which had not been foreseen and was not fortified. By crossing to the other side of the Kolochá to the left of the highroad Napoleon shifted the whole forthcoming battle from right to left (looking from the Russian side) and transferred it to the plain between Utitsa, Semenovsk and Borodinó—a plain no more advantageous as a position than any other plain in Russia—and there the whole battle of the twenty-sixth of August took place.

At sudden dawn on the

morning no one would have doubted that the Shevárdino Redoubt was the left flank of our position and the battle would have taken place where we expected it. In that case we should probably have defended the Shevárdino Redoubt—our left flank—still more obstinately. We should have attacked Napoleon in the center or on the right and the engagement would have taken place on the twenty-fifth in the position we intended and had fortified. But as the attack on our left flank took place in the evening after the retreat of our rearguard (that is immediately after the fight at Gridneva) and as the Russian commanders did not wish or were not in time to begin a general engagement then on the evening of the twenty-fourth the first and chief action of the battle of Borodinó was already lost on the twenty-fourth and obviously led to the loss of the one fought on the twenty-sixth.

After the loss of the Shevárdino Redoubt we found ourselves on the morning of the twenty-fifth without a position for our left flank and were forced to bend it back and hastily entrench it where it chanced to be.

Not only was the Russian army on the twenty-sixth defended by a weak unfinished entrenchment but the disadvantage of that position was increased by the fact that the Russian commanders—not having fully realized what had happened, namely the loss of our position on the left flank and the shifting of the whole field of the forthcoming battle from right to left—maintained their extended position from the village of Nóvoe to Utitsa and consequently

had to move their forces from right to left during the battle. So it happened that throughout the whole battle the Russians opposed the entire French army launched against our left flank with but half as many men.

skisac
right flank distinct

So the battle of Borodinó did not take place at all as (in an effort to conceal our commanders' mistakes even at the cost of diminishing the glory due to the Russian army and people) it has been described. The battle of Borodinó was not fought on a chosen and entrenched position with forces only slightly weaker than those of the enemy but as a result of the loss of the

fought

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but unthinkable to keep an army even from complete disintegration and flight.

CHAPTER XX

ON THE MORNING of the twenty-fifth Pierre was leaving Mozháysk. At the descent of the high steep hill down which a winding road led out of the town past the cathedral on the right there a service was being held and the bells were ringing. Pierre got out of his vel

The peasant drivers shouting and lashing their horses kept crossing from side to side. The carts in each of which three or four wounded soldiers were lying or sitting jolted over the stones that had been thrown on the steep incline to make it something like a road. The wounded bandaged with rags with pale cheeks compressed lips and knitted brows held on to the sides of the carts as they were jolted against one another. Almost all of them stared with naive childlike curiosity at Pierre's white hat and green swallow-tail coat.

Pierre's coachman shouted angrily at the convoy of wounded to keep to one side of the road. The cavalry regiment as it descended the hill with its singers surrounded Pierre's carriage and blocked the road. Pierre stopped being pressed against the side of the cutting in

h ch the road ran The sunshin from behind
the hill did not pe etrate int the cutting and
there t was cold d damp but bove P erre s
head was the bri ht August sunsh ne nd the
bells sounded merrily O e of the carts w th
wou ded topped by the s de of the road close
to P erre. The driver in his ba t ho es ran pant
in p to t, placed st ne under o e of its
tireless hu d wheels, nd began arranging the
brech-ba d on his l tle horse.

O f the wou ded, n old soldie w th a
bandaged arm who was foll wing the cart on
foot, ca ght hold f t w th his sou d hand nd
turned t look t P erre

I say fell w countryman! Will they set us
down here or tak us on to Moscow?" he a ked.

P err was so deep th ught that h d d not
hear th questio H wa look g now at the
cavalry regim t that h d met the con oy of
wounded, now t th cart by which he was
standi g, wh ch two wounded men were
tun d was ly ng O of those t g
up the cart had probably been wounded in
th cheek. His whole head was wrapped in
rags d e cheek was w llen to th ure of
baby head. His nose nd m uth were twisted
to e ide. This soldie was looki g at the
cathedral d cross g hms lf. An ther a
o g l d, fa ha red recru t as wh te as
tho gh th re was no blood n h s th n f ce
looked t P rr kindly w th fixed sm le.
Th third lay prone so that his f ce was n t
ble. The cavalry gers were p ss g close
by

Ah! t q t lost us my h d k en
Lrr g f gn land

they san the soldiers da es o g
A frespo d them but w h differ t
sort f merrim nt th m tall sou d of th
bells everberated h gh bo nd th h trays
f th b thed the t p f th oppos t l pe
th t an ther sort f merriment. But be-
eath th l p by th ca t w th th w unded
ea the p t gl t len g wh re P erre stood,
t was damp somber d sad.

Th soldier w th l w ll n cheek looked
grily t the cavalry ers.

Oh, th co comb! he muttered reproach
f lly

It t th soldiers nly b t l e seen peas-
ts today oo Th peasas—e n they
ha to go sa d th sold er beh d th cart
dd ess g P rr w th sad m le. No dis-
t ct m d wad ys Th y wa t the
whole t f ll n them—n w rd, ts
Moscow! They w t t m ke end of t.

In p te of the obscurity of the sold er s
words P erre understood what he wa ted to say
nd nodded appro al.

The road was clear ga n P erre descended
the hill nd dro e on

He kept look ng to e ther s de of the road
fo f m l rf ces, but only saw e cry where the
unfamiliar faces of ar us m l tary men of
diffe nt branches of the serv ce who all
looked w th astonishment at h s w l te hat and
green ta l co t.

H g gone nearly th ee m les he t l t
m t n equa tance and e gerly addressed

the dri ers cat to p ll up

Count Your xcellery how come you to
be here?" asked th doctor

"W ll you know I wanted to see

"Yes yes there w ll be somethi g to see

P erre got out nd talked to the doct r ex-
pl n ng hu ntent on of tak ng p rt in a b t
tle.

The docto ad used h m to apply d rect to
Kutur

"Why should you be God knows where out
of sight duri g the battle? he sa d, exchang-
ing gl nces w th hu young companion. A y
h w h us Ser e H ghness k ws you and w ll
rece e) u graciously That s what you must
d

Th doct r seemed ti ed and n hurry

"You th k so? Ah I lso wa ted to ask
y u where ur posu n is exa tly? said P erre.

"The pos t peated th doct r Well
that s not my l ne Dri p t T tinnova
l t of digg g us goi n on th re Go up th hill
ock d) ull ee.

Can e ee from th re? If you would

But th doct r terrupted h m a d m ed
t ward his g

I w uld go w th you but on my hon I m
pt her — nd he pointed to his throat. I m
gall p gt the comm der of tl corps. H w
domatt rs ta d Y uk ow Count, there ll
be battl t m row O t of n rmy of hun-
dred thousa d w must e pect at l ast twenty
th us nd w unded d w ha nt stretch rs
o bunks, dressers, or doctors en gh f rsix
th usa d. We ha e t n th usa d carts but we
need ther th gs as well—w must man as
best we can!

The stra ge t l ou ht that of th thousands

of men young and old who had stared with merry surprise at his hat (perhaps the very men he had noticed) twenty thousand were inevitably doomed to wounds and death amazed Pierre

They may die tomorrow why are they thinking of anything but death? And by some latent sequence of thought the descent of the Mosháysk hill the carts with the wounded the ringing bells the slanting rays of the sun and the songs of the cavalrymen vividly recurred to his mind

The cavalry ride to battle and meet the wounded and do not for a moment think of what awaits them but pass by winking at the wounded Yet from among these men twenty thousand are doomed to die and they wonder at my hat! Stringel thought Pierre continuing his way to Tatárinova

In front of a landowner's house to the left of the road stood carriages wagons and crowds of orderlies and sentinels The commander in chief was putting up there but just when Pierre arrived he was not in and hardly any of the staff were there—they had gone

Pierre saw for the first time peasant militiamen in their white shirts and with crosses on their caps who talking and laughing loudly animated and perspiring were at work on a huge knoll overgrown with grass to the right of the road

Some of them were digging others were wheeling barrowloads of earth along planks while others stood about doing nothing

Two officers were standing on the knoll directing the men On seeing these peasants who were evidently still amused by the novelty of their position as soldiers Pierre once more thought of the wounded men at Mosháysk and understood what the soldier had meant when he said They want the whole nation to fall on them The sight of these bearded peasants at work on the battlefield with their queer clumsy boots and perspiring necks and their shirts of lining from the left toward them idle unfastened exposing their sunburned collar bones impressed Pierre more strongly with the solemnity and importance of the moment than anything he had yet seen or heard

CHAPTER XXI

PIERRE STEPPED OUT of his carriage and passing the toilng militiamen ascended the knoll from which according to the doctor

the battlefield could be seen

It was about eleven o'clock The sun shone some hat to the left and behind him

thickened atmosphere

From above on the left bisecting that amphitheater wound the Smolénsk highroad passing through a village with a white church some five hundred paces in front of the knoll and below it This was Borodínó Below the village the road crossed the river by a bridge and winding down and up rose higher and higher to the village of Valuevo visible about four miles away where Napoleon was then stationed Beyond Valuevo the road disappeared into a yellowing forest on the horizon Far in the distance in that birch and fir forest to the right of the road the cross and belfry of the Kolochá Monastery gleamed in the sun Here and there over the whole of that blue expanse to right and left of the forest and the road smoking campfires could be seen and indefinite masses of troops—ours and the enemy's The ground to the right—along the course of the Kolochá and Moskva rivers—was broken and hilly Between the hollows the villages of Bezubova and Zakhárino showed in the distance On the left the ground was more level there were fields of grain and the smoking ruins of Emelnovsk which had been burned down could be seen

All that Pierre saw was so indefinite that neither the left nor the right side of the field fully satisfied his expectations Nowhere could he see the battlefield he had expected to find but only fields meadows troops woods the smoke of campfires villages mounds and streams and try as he would he could discern no military position in this place which teemed with life nor could he even distinguish our troops from the enemy's

I must ask someone who knows I thought and addressed an officer who was looking with curiosity at his huge unarmy figure

May I ask you said Pierre what village that is in front?

Borodínó isn't it? said the officer turning to his companion

Borodínó the other corrected him

The officer evidently glad of an opportunity for a talk more helpful to Pierre

Are those our men there? Pierre inquired

Yes and there further on are the French said the officer "There they are there you can see them"

Where Wh e? ked Pierre
O e ca e them w th the n k d eye

Why the el

The sh er po ted w th h s h nd to the
m k ble th left bey nd th e nd
the me t rn and se u e p es n th t
Perreh dn t ced nm ny of the fac he had
r m m t h face

e?

e

Ab urs! A d there? e i j d t
the k l l n sh d t ne w th b g t ce n
t e l l g th t l y n a h o l l w w h r l s o
some campfires were m k g nd someth g
bl k w bl

That I ga s d the offi er (It w s
r m aster

smil f sat f t l cant lly q clea
~ t l l l ou en

the ll g f t of th m w e
ch h Th t wh cro ses th k f h á
Y ed w th e w he th w of h y a e
ly g th h ll w the e th b d ge Th t
e t O ght fl nk e th - l e
po ted h rply t th ght f w y n the
b ke gr u d- Tl ts wh e the M k á
R d eh th w up th d ubis
th ery t g nes The l e f l k
h e th f f p u d W l l y u e th t
d f f c h t pl Y t d y u left fl k
the t Sl á d y u e whe the
k b t w w h w th d rawn u left
g- w t he d y u t l t l
f ge d t l m k? Th t S m k yes
h e i po ed s R é k kn l l But the
b t l w l h dly be th e H u h g m d
h t r o o p t l s l y h w l p b bly
pas ro d t l ght f the Mosk á But
h er t m y b m y m n w l l be m
g t m r r w l h m a k e d

A l d ly g t w l h d p p ch d th
sh er wh l he was g g t l e p l t
had w t d l f l m f h p k
g b t th s po t d tly n t l k g the
f er em k t r p t d h m

G b m t be nt f s a d h t e r n

ly
The f l e p p d bashed th ough he
d r stood th m ght th nk f h w m y

men would be m ssing tomorrow but o ght not
to speak of t.

Well send number three comp ny aga n
the offi er repl d hurr edly

And you re y u one of the doctors?

No l e come n m y o n answered Pierre
d he went d w n the l l l l a g n p s ng t e
m l t men

Oh those d mned fell w s! muttered the
off er wh f l l wed l m hold g h s nose as
he ran p st the men at w rk

The e they are br nging her om g
The e they e T ey l l be here in a n ute
es we e s d d nly heard say ng and
f ficers sold ers nd m l t men began run
f r w rd along the r ad.

~ h h l l

rms e er ed F m bel nd t l l e

u d f chu ch g g

Sold ers nd m l t am n ran b r l eaded p st
P r r e t v a d t l p c e s s o n

They a e b g ng he ou Protectress

The l b e n M ther f God! s m e n erred

Th S m l é k M the f G d an th r
correct d h m

The m l t men both th e wh f d b e
n th l l a e d t l e w l h d been t w o k
on the b ttery th ew down the r p des and
~ F all

bow d t the gr nd

At th umm t of th h l l th y t p p d w th
t l e co th men wh h d b n h l d n t u p
by the l b d a t ch e d t w e r e l e d
by o th r s th c l t r s l t the c e r s a d
r n bega The hot ray f the un beat
d n t d

n

himself (he was evidently a German) patiently waited the end of the service which he considered it necessary to hear to the end probably to arouse the patriotism of the Russian people. Another general stood in a martial pose crossing himself by striking his hand in front of his chest while looking about him. Standing among the crowd of peasants Pierre recognized several acquaintances among these notables but did not look at them—his whole mind was absorbed.

on the faces

men who we

As soon as the cantors who were singing the service for the twentieth time that day began lazily and mechanically from

bulwark and protection there again kindled in all those faces the same expression of consciousness of the solemnity of the impending moment that Pierre had seen on the faces at the foot of the hill at Mohráysk and momentarily on many and many faces he had met that morning and heads were bowed more frequently and hair tossed back and sighs and the sound men made as they crossed themselves were heard

The crowd round the icon suddenly parted and pressed against Pierre. Someone, a very important personage judging by the haste with which way was made for him, was approaching the icon.

It was Kutuzov, who had been riding round the position and on his way back to Tat'rina-na had stopped where the service was being held. Pierre recognized him at once by his peculiar figure which distinguished him from everybody else.

32 2

I walking swaying gait into the crowd and
 stopped behind the priest. He crossed himself
 with an accustomed movement. He
 touched the
 his white

204 was B

presence of the commander in chief who attracted the attention of all the superior officers the militiamen and soldiers continued their prayers without looking at him.

When the service was over, Kuti zov stepped up to the icon, sank heavily to his knees, bowed

to the ground and for a long time tried vainly to rise but could not do so on account of his weakness and weight. His white head twitched with the effort. At last he rose, kissed the icon as a child does with nervously pouting lips and again bowed till he touched the ground with his hand. The other generals followed his example then the officers and after them with excited faces pressing on one another crowd ing panting and pushing scrambled the soldiers and militiamen.

CHAPTER XXII

STAGGERING amid the crush Pierre looked about him.

Count Peter Kirilovich! How did you get here? said a voice.

Pierre looked round Boris Drubetskóv brushing his knees with his hand (he had probably soiled them when he too had knelt before the icon) came up to him smiling. Boris was elegantly dressed with a slightly martial touch appropriate to a campaign. He wore a long coat and like Kutúzov had a sash slung across his shoulder.



one Lost k h = 1

to letch " "

rug in

ed him

The icon was carried further accompanied by the throng. Pierre stopped some thirty paces from Kuz'kov, talking to Boris.

He explained his wish to be present at the battle and to see the position.

That is what you must do, said Boris. I will do the honors of the camp to you. You will see everything best from where Count Benignsen will be. I am in attendance on him, you know. I'll mention it to him. But if you want to ride round the position, come along with us. We're just going to the left flank. Then when we get back, do spend the night with me and we'll arrange a game of cards. Of course you know Dmitri Sergeievich? Those are his quarters, and he's posted to the third house in the village of Gorki.

But I should like to see the right flank
They say it very strong said I erre I should
like to start from the Moskva River and ride
round the whole position

Well you can do that later but the chief thing is the left flank

Yes yes But where is Prince Bolk's regiment? Can you point it out to me?

"Prin e A drews? We sh ll pass t and I ll and the group gathered r und h m.
 h m — — — — — d k i z v

I gl
 zov s
 I m.

his Se ne H h ess w uia i but
 someo e persuaded h m You ee — — — — — k vsd

It was so

"How did th t fellow get here? asked
 Perre.

He sa creature that wriggles n anywl erel
 was the n wer He las be n degraded y u
 kn w N w he wa ts to bob up aga n He s
 been pr po g some scheme o other nd has
 crawled i to the enemy p cket l ne at n glt.

He sa bra e fellow

Perre took off his hat and bowed respectful
 ly to k tu ov

I co cluded that if I reported to your Se
 re e H hness you mght se d m away or say
 that you knew wh t I wa reporti g but th n
 I h uldn t lose nyth ng Dól kho was
 saying

str g
 Th h k t h d d sm ssed ll un e es

"Yes yes.

B t if I were r ght I should be render ng
 serv e to my F therland for which I am ready
 t de

"Yes yes.

And sh uld your Serene H ghness requ re
 a m n who w ll not pare h k n please think
 of me Perhaps I may p o e useful to y ur
 Se e H ghness

Yes Yes Kut zov repeated, his
 l gh gey n rr w g m e and mo e as le
 looked at Perre

Just then Bo í w th his court erl k ad t
 nes tepped up to Perr s de near Kut zov
 nd n a most n tural m nner without ra ng
 h e sa d t Perre as though continu n
 n interrupt d n ers t n

"Th ml t h e put clean wh t sh ris

t da c co d ed y ng Prin Drubet
 sk/y luabl m n
 I tl h h comma d therewer twosharp-

k w ld b destroy d nd the pow
 p sst B gs en f k túz w n the
 battle t w uld be felt th t eryth g as

Af k y ár th rs whom Perre kn w
 cam p t h m dh had t t m t reply
 t ll th q est bout M w th at w e
 ho d po h m to l t n to ll tha wa
 t ld h m Th f ces ll p essed m t n
 d pp he b t em d to Perre tl t
 th cause f th ement h wn n some f
 these f es lay ch fly n questu ns of perso l
 ess h m d h weve wa occup d by
 h d ll t exp es he w n other f es
 — exp ss that poke t f p rsonal
 m t rs but f th u ersal q est f lfe
 d d h k t ced Perr figure

thos w ds nd so t was.

"Wh t e you say g bout the ml t a? he
 asked B í

Pr p f r tom rrow y rSere e H gh
 ness—f r death—they ha e put on clean sh ris
 Ah w de fl m tchless people!
 d Kut and he closed h eyes dswayed
 h s head A m tchless people! he epeat d
 w th gh

So you w nt to smell gu powd r? h sa d
 t Perre "Yes t pleasant sm ll I h e the
 h t be o e f y w f d r rs I l
 w ll? Ny q arters t yo serv ce

And as often happens with old people Kutuzov began looking about absent mindedly as if forgetting all he wanted to say or do

Then evidently remembering what he wanted he beckoned to Andrew Kaysárov his adjutant's brother

Those verses those verses of Márin's how do they go eh? Those he wrote about Geríkoy Lectures for the corps inditing Recite them recite them! said he evidently preparing to laugh

Kaysárov recited Kutuzov smilingly nodded his head to the rhythm of the verses

When Pierre had left Kutuzov Dólokhov came up to him and took his hand

I am very glad to meet you here Count he said aloud regardless of the presence of strangers and in a particularly resolute and solemn tone On the eve of a day when God alone knows who of us is fated to survive I am glad of this opportunity to tell you that I regret the misunderstandings that occurred between us and should wish you not to have any ill feeling for me I beg you to forgive me

Pierre looked at Dólokhov with a smile not knowing what to say to him With tears in his eyes Dólokhov embraced Pierre and kissed him

Boris said a few words to his general and Count Bennigsen turned to Pierre and proposed that he should ride with him along the line

It will interest you said he

Yes very much replied Pierre

Half an hour later Kutuzov left for Tatárinova and Bennigsen and his suite with Pierre among them set out on their ride along the line

CHAPTER XXIII

FROM GÓRKI Bennigsen descended the high road to the bridge which when they had looked at it from the hill the officer had pointed out as being the center of our position and where rows of fragrant new mown hay lay by the riverside They rode across that bridge into the village of Borodínó and thence turned to the left passing an enormous number of troops

S V Márin an artist came up to Alex der I was well known for his paodes and painting verses G V Geríkoy was a captain in the army a teacher in the military school a little out of numerous pairs of socks of very poor quality Márin's verse about him was

You will say g on u it ng
And it d all y d bo
Let es f t co p d ing—
Be a capt n e n e

and guns and came to a high knoll where militiamen were digging This was the redoubt as yet unnamed which afterwards became known as the Raévski Redoubt or the knoll Battery but Pierre paid no special attention to it He did not know that it would become more memorable to him than any other spot on the plain of Borodínó

They then crossed the hollow to Semenovsk where the soldiers were dragging away the logs from the

tracks freshly made by the artillery over the furrows of the plowed land and reached some *flèches* which were still being

located where the army before and where several horsemen could be descried The officers said that either Napoleon or Murat was there and they all gazed eagerly at this little group of horsemen Pierre also looked at them trying to guess which of the scarcely discernible figures was Napoleon At last those mounted men rode away from the mound and disappeared

Bennigsen spoke to a general who approached him and began explaining the whole position of our troops Pierre listened to him straining each faculty to understand the essential points of the impending battle but was mortified to feel that his mental capacity was inadequate for the task He could make nothing of it Bennigsen stopped speaking and noticing that Pierre was listening suddenly said to him

I don't think this interests you?

On the contrary it is very interesting! replied Pierre not quite truthfully

Left of the wood In the middle of the wood a brown hare with white feet sprang out and scared by the tramp of the many horses grew so confused that it leaped along the road in front of them for some time arousing general attention and laughter until it was overtaken by several voices shouted at it and it ran to one side and disappeared in the thicket After going through the wood for about a mile and half they came out on a glade where troops of the 1st corps were stationed to the left flank

Here at the extreme left flank Bennigsen A knoll before him to the left

talled great deal and with much heat, and
 n seemed to Pierre, gave orders of great mil-
 itary importance. In front of Tuck's troops
 was some high ground not occupied by troops.
 Bennigsen had entrenched this must be say-
 ing that it was madness to leave a height which
 commanded the country around occupied
 and to place troops below it. Some of the gen-
 erals expressed the same opinion. On the par-
 ticular declared with martial heat that they
 were there to be slaughtered. Bennigsen
 however authorized the troops to occu-

opinion but for that every reason he could not
 understand how the man who put them there
 behind the hill could have made so gross and
 palpable blunder.

Pierre did not know that these troops were
 not, as Bennigsen supposed, put there to de-
 fend the position but were in concealed po-
 sition as ambush that they should not be
 seen. Dimly he believed to take an approach
 enemy expectedly. Bennigsen did not know
 this and moved the troops forward according
 to his ideas without mentioning the mat-
 ter to the commander in chief.

CHAPTER XXIV

ON THE TWENTY-EIGHTH OF AUGUST Prince
 Andrew lay leaning on his elbow and be-
 lieved down in the light of Knyaz's to the
 further end of the regimental camp. The
 though gap in the barbed wire wall he could
 see beyond the wood in the row of thirty
 ear-old birches which the lower branch
 lopped off. In which shocks of oats were
 standing some bushes near which rose the
 smoke of campfires—the soldiers' kitchen.

Narrative did not seem useless to any-
 one. It seemed to him, Prince Andrew
 drew the first battle of the great day
 which had been seven years before in
 Austria.

He had expected to find the riders
 excited but he had not the ground to do.
 In the high hall the simplest clearest, and
 here the most terrible thoughts would go
 hum no peace. He knew that tomorrow
 would be the most terrible day of his life
 part of the first time he had felt the pos-
 sibility of death presented itself to him—

in relation to any worldly matter or with ref-
 erence to its effect on others but simply in re-
 lation to himself to his own soul—dread-
 fully terribly and almost certainly. And
 from the height of this perception that had
 previously troubled him preoccupied him
 suddenly became illumined by a cold white
 light without shadow without perspective and
 without distinction. Suddenly all disappeared
 to him like magic. The pictures which he
 had long been gazing at fell from his
 aglass. When suddenly saw those badly daubed
 pictures in clear daylight and without glass.
 "Yes yes. There they are those false images
 that gitated, enraptured and troubled me.
 said he to himself passing in review the prin-
 cipal pictures of the dramatic life of the ad-
 regent. In them was the cold white daylight
 of his life perception of death. "There they
 are those rudely painted figures that once
 seemed splendid and mysterious. Glory the
 good society of the woman the Fatherland
 itself—how important these pictures appeared
 to me with what profound meaning they
 seemed to be filled. And it all so simple and
 crude in the cold white light of this morn-
 ing which I feel as dawn of some. The three
 great sorrows which I held in attention in
 particular: the death of a woman his father's
 death and the French invasion which had over-
 run half Russia. Love that little girl who
 seemed to me brim with life and to be res-
 pected, indeed, I loved her I made romantic plots
 of life and happiness with her! Oh what a
 boy I was! he said bitterly. At that time I
 believed in some ideal love which was to
 keep her faithful to me for the whole year of
 my absence. Like the gentle dawn the first
 she was to part from me. But it was
 much simpler really. It was all very simple
 and horrible.

"When I then built Bald Hills in the house
 the place was his and his peasants.
 But Napoleon came and swept him down—

ed. The Fatherland the destruction of Mos-
 cow. And tomorrow I shall be killed, per-
 haps not even by Frenchman but by one of our
 own men by sold or discharging musket
 lose me as one of them did yesterday
 and the Fatherland will come and take me by the

WAR AND PEACE

and heels and fling me into a hole that I may not stink under their noses and new conditions of life will arise which will seem quite ordinary to others and about which I shall know nothing I shall not exist

He looked at the row of birches shining in the sunshine with their motionless green and yellow foliage and white bark To die to be killed tomorrow That I should not exist That all this should still be but no me

And the birches with their light and shade the curly clouds the smoke of the campfires and all that was round him changed and seemed terrible and menacing A cold shiver ran down his spine He rose quickly went out of the shed and began to walk about

After he had returned voices were heard outside the shed Who's that? he cried The red nosed Captain Timókhn formerly Dólokhov's squadron commander but now from lack of officers a battalion commander shyly entered the shed followed by an adjutant and the regimental paymaster

Prince Andrew rose hastily listened to the business they had come about gave them some further instructions and was about to dismiss them when he heard a familiar hissing voice behind the shed

Devil take it! said the voice of a man stumbling over something

Prince Andrew looked out of the shed

Prince Andrew to meet a couple of his own set in general and Pierre especially for he reminded him of all the painful moments of his last visit to Moscow

You? What a surprise! said he What brings you here? This is unexpected!

As he said this his eyes and face expressed more than coldness—they expressed hostility which Pierre noticed at once He had approached the shed full of animation but on seeing Prince Andrew's face he felt constrained and ill at ease

I have come simply you know come it interests me said Pierre who had so often that day senselessly repeated that word interesting I wish to see the battle

Oh yes and what do the Masonic brothers say about war? How could they stop it? said Prince Andrew sarcastically Well and how's Moscow? And my people? Have they reached Moscow at last? he asked seriously

Yes they have. Julie Drubetskaya told me

so I went to see them but missed them They have gone to your estate near Moscow

CHAPTER XXV

THE OFFICERS were about to take leave but Prince Andrew apparently reluctant to be left alone with his friend asked them to stay and have tea Seats were brought in and so was the tea The officers gazed with surprise at Pierre's huge stout figure and listened to his talk of Moscow and the position of our army round which he had ridden Prince Andrew remained silent and his expression was so forbidding that Pierre addressed his remarks chiefly to Timókhn the good natured battalion commander

So you understand the whole position of our troops? Prince Andrew interrupted him

Yes—that is how do you mean? said Pierre Not being a military man I can't say I have understood it fully but I understand the general position

Well then you know more than anyone else be it who it may said Prince Andrew Oh! said Pierre looking over his spectacles in perplexity at Prince Andrew Well and what do you think of Kutuzov's appointment? he asked

I was very glad of his appointment that's all I know replied Prince Andrew

And tell me your opinion of Barclay de Tolly In Moscow they are saying heaven knows what about him What do you think of him?

Ask them replied Prince Andrew indicating the officers

Pierre looked at Timókhn with the condescending interrogative smile

Why so? asked Pierre

Well to mention only few words far fodder let me inform you Why were we retired from Smolensk we dare not touch it or a wisp of hay or anything to see we were going away so I would get it all written to your excellency again Timókhn turned to the prince But we daren't In our regiment two officers were counted

Then why was it forbidden?

Timókh looked about n confu on not
know g h t r h w to an wer such ques-
tio P r r p t the same que t on to Pr ce
A drew

"Why so s ot to l y w ste the cou try we
h d g t the emy sa d Pr nce

outl k as they h d larg r i
co ld not derst d th cred Pr n e An
drew i hr ll c th t seemed t escape
l m l ta ly he could n t underst nd
first me e were fht ng

that u ess h d ncre ed u st e gu
H de ed us t et e t d il ou ff ts
d losses we t f n th g H had no
th ght f betray gus h t ed t do the b st
h co ld he th ght ute eryth g a d th t
u hy he su t bi He un ut ble n w
just beca he pl ute ryt l ryth r
ghly d ccurat ly s ery G r m n h s to
How I e pl ? W ll y y u f t l r
h Germ l t nd l pl d d let
a d sat shes you f t l equ m ts better
th y could then t ll r ght to let h m
serve B t l y f ther m rt lly k y ull
se d th l t way d ttend t y r f the
nd h d

co ld erv her d b pl d d n er but
soo he d ge sh n d ne of h
wnk B t y u Cl b th y h be m k
h m t trat t Th y l de h m as
trat d th ly res l t w ll be th t ster
ard h med f th f l cu t n they

epo ed Perr

Id t d rst d wh t mea t by k ll
f l comm der pl ed P e Andrew
cally

A k ll f l comm d ? epl ed Perr e

"Why e wh f es es ll o t ge ces
d f es es th d rsary t

B t that s mpos bl d P ce A drew
as f w m t e uled l g go

Perr looked t h m r p e

And yet they say that war is l ke a game of
chess he rem rked

Yes repl d Pr ce Andrew but w th l s
l tle d f r nce that in chess you may t k
o r each m e as l ng as you please and are
n t l m t d f r t me and w th th s d f r nce
too that k ght s alwys str nger t l an a
p w n l t w p w s t e l ays stronger than
one w l l n w a b t l on is sometimes
str erth n a d n d s omet mes we ker
than a comp ny The relat e strength of
bodes of troop can never be known to a y
e Bele e me h we t on f t l ngs de
pe ded o r rangement made by tle t f l
ould be there mak ng arrangements but n
st d f that l l a e th h nor to serve l ere in
the reg me t w th these gentlemen and l con

eq pment or e e on numbers a u cast f
all on post o

But on what th i ?

O the f l g t at is in me a d h m he
P nted t T m l h n an l n each sold er

Pr ce Andrew glan ed at T mók l n who
looked at h s commande n al rm and bew l
derment. In co trast t h f r me ret cent tae
tur ty P ce A dr now seemed exc ted.
H uld pp ently tr fra f ome p ess
g the tho ghts t l at l d udd nly occurred
to h m

A b tle w n by those who firmly resol e
t w n t l Why d d we lo e the b tle t Au ter
l t ? Tle F d losses we e almost equ l to
o r s b t r yearly we sa d to urs l es th t w
were los g the b t l nd w d d los t And
we d so becau w h d n th g to f l t f r
th e w wa t d to get away fr m the b tle
f l d soon as we ould We el t sol t us
u d w ran l f h d not d t l t l l
the e en g l n k ws h t m ght n t
h h ppe d. But t m rrow we shan t y
t l k u talk bout u post o the left fl k
we k d th r h t fl k too tended he
w t on "Th t s ll e tler s n th
of t l k d B t w h taw ts t m r r w ? A
h dred m l l n m t d lances wh ch
w ll b d ded th t t b y t l fa t l t
u e th r s ru o do o t run nd th t
th m o t l t m n k l l e t b t l l th t
b g d e t pes t l y p l y Th f t s
th t thos men w th wh m u h e r dden
ru d l po t n t nly d th l p m t
t r s but h der They nly concer ed w th
th w p t ty trests

At such a moment? said Pierre reproachfully

At such a moment? Prince Andrew repeated. To them it is only a moment affording opportunities to undermine a rival and obtain an extra cross or ribbon. For me tomorrow means this: a Russian army of a hundred thousand and a French army of a hundred thousand have met to fight and the

you like I will tell you that whatever happens and whatever muddles those at the top may make we shall win tomorrow's battle. Tomorrow happen what may we shall win!

There now your excellency! That's the truth, the real truth, said Timókhu. Who would spare himself now? The soldiers in my battalion believe me, I couldn't drink their vodka! It's not the dry for that! they say.

All were silent. The officers rose. Prince Andrew went out of the shed with them giving final orders to the adjutant. After they had gone Pierre approached Prince Andrew and was about to start a conversation.

when and C. usenitz accompanied by a Cossack. They rode close by continuing to converse and Prince Andrew involuntarily heard these words:

Der Krieg muss in Raum verlegt werden. Der Ansicht kann ich nicht genug Preis geben. said one of them.

Oh ja said the other. *der Zweck ist nur den Feind zu schwächen so kann man gewiss nicht den Verlust der Privat Personen in Achtung nehmen.*

Oh no, agreed the other.

Extend widely! said Prince Andrew with an angry snort when they had ridden past.

In that extend were my father, son, and sister at Bald Hills. That's all the same to him! That's what I was saying to you—those German gentlemen won't win the battle tomorrow but will only make all the mess they can because they have nothing in their German heads but theories not worth an empty eggshell and haven't in their hearts the one thing needed to-

The war must be extended widely. I cannot sufficiently commend that.

Oh yes! only aim to weaken the enemy so of course one cannot take account of the loss of private individuals.

tomorrow—that which Timókhu has. They have yielded up all Europe to him and have now come to teach us. Fine teachers! and again his voice grew shrill.

So you think we shall win tomorrow's battle? asked Pierre.

Yes yes, answered Prince Andrew absently. One thing I would do if I had the power, he began again. I would not take prisoners. Why take prisoners? It's chivalry! The French have destroyed my home and are on their way to destroy Moscow, they have outraged and are outraging me every moment. They

must be—
so it
shows that since they are my foes they cannot be my friends whatever may have been said at Tilsit.

Yes yes, muttered Pierre looking with shining eyes at Prince Andrew. I quite agree with you!

The question that had perturbed Pierre on the Moxháysk hill and all that day now seemed to him quite clear and completely solved. He now understood the whole meaning and importance of this war and of the impending battle. All he had seen that day, all the significant and stern expressions on the faces he had seen in passing, were lit up for him by a new light. He understood that latent heat (as they say in physics) of patriotism which was

heatedly
Not take prisoners, Prince Andrew continued. That by itself would quite change the whole war and make it less cruel. As it is we have played at war—that's what's vile! We play at magnanimity and all that stuff. Such magnanimity and sensibility are like the magnanimity and sensibility of a lady who faints when she sees a calf being killed: she is so kind hearted that she can't look at blood.

It is all rubbish! I say of valour and flags of truce in 1805 they humbugged us and we humbugged them. They plunder other people's houses, issue false paper money and worst of all they kill my children and my father and then talk of rules of war and magnanimity to foes! Take no prisoners, but kill and be killed! He who has come to this as I have through the same sufferings.

Prince Andrew who had thought it was all

the sam to him whether o n t Mo cow was
take Smolén k h d been w s suddely
checked his p ch by an u exp ted tramp
in his thro t. H p ced up and d wn few
times n silenc b th eyes gl tte ed fe er h
ly d hus lps q ered he began pe k ng
If th e w e f th s magn n m y n
war e sh uld go t war nly when t wa
with whul go g t c rt n death, s now
Then ther wo ld t be war because Paul
l d ch had offended M ch l l á nov ch
A d when ther was war l ke th on it
o ld be wa A d then the determ n t on of
the troops w uld be qu t diffie ent. Then ll
these H es phal ans d Hess n wh m N
poleo is lead g w ld ot f llow h m nto
Russia nd w sh ld t g to fight n Aus-
tria d Pruss w thout kn w n why W r
ot riesy b t the most h rrible th g n
life d we u h t u dersta d th t d n t
play at wa We ght t cc pt th t r r ble
ecess ty ternly d erously it all les n
that get d of f l e hood nd f t wa b w r
w th f o

ess w f e? Wh t are th h b ts of th
military? Th m f war mud th m th-
ods f ar are py g treach ry nd the en-
tour em t th ru of untrys h b t
— n n th

th highest ewa ds

They meet, w hall me t tom rr w to
murd th they k ll d m m t
f th usa ds d th h h k g g ers
es f h g k lled so ma y peopl (they
exagg ra the number) nd they
ct ry ppo g th t the m e peo-
pl they h k lled th gr e the che
men H w does God bn e look t them d
h them e d m d Pr A dew n
sh ll p c g e Ah my f nd th f
la becom h d f m t l e. I e th f
ha begu t u dersta d too much A d t
does td form taste f the tr f k wl
edge f good de f Ah well t t f
lo g f h dd d.

Howe er you re sleepy and its t me f r
me to sleep Go back to Górkil s id Prince
And cwsuddenly

Oh n l P erre repl ed look ng at Prince
Andre il f rightened compa s nate eyes.

Go go B f re a b ttle one m th cones
sleep out, repe ted P nce Andrew

He came qu kly up to P erre nd embraced
and k ssed l m

Good by be off he sh uted "Whether
we meet ga n o not and turn n way
hurr edly l e ente ed the shed.

It was al eady dark d P erre could n t
make out whether the express on of Pr nce
Andrew s l ce wa angry or tender

For some time l e stood in l nce co de
ng w l eib r he h uld f ll wh m o go away
N he d es n t wa t t l P erre c d d ed
And l k w that th s sour la t n eet gl H
s ghed deeply nd rode b k to Go k

On e-ente g the shed Prince And cw l y
down on ru but he could not sleep

He closed his eyes One p ctur e cceeded
a the t h s m g nat n O o e of them he
dwelt l g nd joyfully He dly e called an
e h m ted

cally had u d rstood ll she wanted t say
But N tá h w not saufs d th her own
word h felt that th y did n t n ey the
pas n t ly poet c feel g he d e pe
ed th t day d w hed t con y H w k

n t only und rstood her but t was ju t that
n p tual fo ce th t ce ty that fra k
ness f ul—th t ry so l of he h ch
cemed t b fette ed by h body—t w th t

ythng f the sort H nly t
pretty nd f e h y u ggurl w th wh ml d d

not deign to unite his fate And I? and he is still alive and gay!

Prince Andrei jumped up as if someone had burned him and again began pacing up and down in front of the shed

CHAPTER XXVI

ON AUGUST 25 the eve of the battle of Borodino M de Beausset prefect of the French Emperor's palace arrived at Napoleon's quarters at Valuevo with Colonel Fabvier the former from Paris and the latter from Madrid

Donning his court uniform M de Beausset ordered a box he had brought for the Emperor to be carried before him and entered the first compartment of Napoleon's

garret

F

the entrance talking to some generals of his acquaintance

The Emperor Napoleon had not yet left his bedroom and was finishing his toilet Slightly snorting and grunting he presented now his back and now his plump hairy chest to the brush with which his valet was rubbing him down Another valet with his finger over the mouth of a bottle was sprinkling Eau de Cologne on the Emperor's pampered body with an expression which seemed to say that he alone knew where and how much Eau de Cologne should be sprinkled Napoleon's short hair was wet and matted on the forehead but his face though puffy and yellow expressed physical satisfaction Go on harder go on! he muttered to the valet who was rubbing him slightly twitching and grunting An aide de camp who had entered the bedroom to report to the Emperor the number of prisoners taken in yesterday's action was standing by the door after delivering his message awaiting permission to withdraw Napoleon frowning looked at him from under his brows

No prisoners! said he repeating the aide de camp's words They are forcing us to exterminate them So much the worse for the Russian army Go on harder harder! he muttered hunching his back and presenting his fat shoulders

All right Let Monsieur de Beausset enter and Fabvier too he said nodding to the aide-de-camp

Yes sire and the aide de camp disappeared through the door of the tent

Two valets rapidly dressed His Majesty and wearing the blue uniform of the Guards he

went with firm quick steps to the reception room

De Beausset's hands meanwhile were busily engaged arranging the present he had brought from the Empress on two chairs directly in front of the entrance But Napoleon

dressed and

pidity that

the surpris

Napoleon noticed at once what they were about and guessed that they were not ready He did not wish to deprive them of

ure of

not t

him

and with a stern frown to what Fabvier told him of the heroism and devotion of his troops fighting at Salamanca at the other end of Europe with but one thought—to be worthy of their Emperor—and but one fear—to fail to please him The result of that battle had been deplorable Napoleon made ironic remarks during Fabvier's account as if he had not expected that matters could go otherwise in his absence

I must make up for that in Moscow said Napoleon I'll see you later he added and summoned de Beausset

~

low with that courtly French bow which only the old retainers of the Bourbons knew how to make

p ~

er

You have hurried here I am very glad Well what is Paris saying? he asked suddenly changing his former stern expression for a most cordial tone

re all Paris regrets your absence replied de Beausset as was proper

But though Napoleon knew that de Beausset had to say something of this kind and though in his lucid moments he knew it was untrue he was pleased to hear it from him Again he honored him by touching his ear

I am very sorry to have made you travel so far said he

re I expected nothing less than to find you at the gates of Moscow replied de Beausset

Napoleon smiled and lifting his head attentively glanced to the right An aide-de-camp approached with gliding steps and offered him a gold snuffbox which he took

Yes it has happened luckily for you he

and, raising the open snuffbox to his nose.
I am fond of travel and in three days you
will see Moscow. You surely did not expect to
see the Tsar at a capital. You will have a pleas-
ure to my

De Beaussart bowed gratefully to the regard
of the latter (of which he had not
until then been aware).

Ha, what th? ked Napoleon t g
that all the co rt rs we e look ng t some-
th gco al d under cloth.

With courtesy dro tness de Be usset h If
t ed d w th t turn ng h s b ck to the
Empero ret red tw tep tw tch g off th
d th t th sam time d d

A present to Your Majesty from the Emperor.

It was portrait, painted in bright colors by Gérard, the son of Napoleon by the daughter of the Emperor of Austria the boy himself some day called the king of Rome.

A ryp ity cu ly he ded boy w th look

h. the h d sc pt

Th gh w tclea wh tle rustmeant
t expess b d p c t g th so-call d h g of
R m p k g th ea th w th t k th lle-
gory pp re tly m d o N poleon as t
hadd t ll wh h d seen t n P r i qu te

With the usual capacity for intellectual
character the expression of his feelings
drew each to the portrait of the
look of the student. He felt that what
he said would be both useful and
it seemed to him that would be best for
him— those gradual building up
the building with the interest in the
the training of the grade the
pleasure in the lesson. His eyes grew dim
in the forward gliding road to the
the child seemed pleased with the
outdoor breathing portrait. At the
general impression was too to the
leaving the great matter in the
the

H gnat llf whilehet led-l m
 well tk w why-th h k pot f p t
 ep oc g h l heat l ht the portra t
 rose d ecall d d Beausse d tl offi r

on duty. He ordered the portrait to be carried
outside his tent, that the Old Guard stationed
round it might not be deprived of the pleasure
of seeing the King of Rome, the son and
heir of their adored monarch.

And while he was doing M de Be usset the
honor of breakfast with him they heard as

L'Empereur — **came** ti ose ecstat c er es

After breakfast Napoleon in de Beausset's presence dictated his order of the day to the army.

Shah and energetically here in which he had read of the proclamation which he had dictated straight off without correction. It ran

Soldiers This is the battle you have so long
 fought. Victory depends on you. It is essential for us
 to will give us all we need. Comfortable quarters
 and speedy transport. We can try. Be as you
 did in Austria. Friedl. Did I ask. Did Smo-
 lensk. Let me test posterity recall you
 achievements this day with pride. Let it be said of
 each of you. He was the great battle before
 Moscow.

Before Moscow! He told Napoleon and
 not to go to Moscow but to go to the
 capital to complete his mission. He went
 out of the tent to where the horses stood
 dead.

Y ur M jesty took nd! repl ed de Beau-
t the n tat nt accomp y the Emper
or he wanted t leep d d n t know h to
r d nd was fra d f do g so

But N poleon added to the tra eler a d
de Beausset had to mount. Wh n N poleon
cam out of the tent th h t of the Gua ds
bef re l son s portra t grew t ll louder N
poleo frown d

Take him wyl he said point g w th a
grac f lly m jest c gestu e to the po tra t. It
too soo f him t ee a feld f b tile

D Beauss t l ed h eyes bowed h s he d,
 d g l ed d eply t d catch w prof u dly
 he al ed d comprehe d d the Emperor's
 w ds

CHAPTER XXVII

O n t r t r t o 4u ust so h h to-
n t llus N polcon sp t the wh l dy on
h rs b k pect gth local t on der g
pl ns s b m tted t h m b h m rsh l d
perso lly g commands to h gen rals.

The original line of the Russian forces along the river Kolochá had been dislocated by the capture of the Shevárdino Redoubt on the twenty-fourth and part of the line—the left flank—had been drawn back. That part of the line was not entrenched and in front of it the ground was more open and level than elsewhere. It was evident to anyone military or not that it was here the French should attack. It would seem that not much consideration was needed to reach this conclusion nor any particular care or trouble on the part of the Emperor and his marshals nor was there any need of that special and supreme quality called genius that people are so apt to ascribe to Napoleon yet the historians who described the event later and the men who then surrounded Napoleon and he himself thought otherwise.

the
no
of snook his head du-
biously and without communicating to the
generals around him the profound course of
ideas which guided his decisions merely gave
them his final conclusions in the form of com-
mands. Having listened to a suggestion from
Drouot he
to turn
it should
without explaining why
not. To a proposal made by General

s
t
of Elichingen (Ney)
ventured to remark that a movement through
the woods was dangerous and might disorder
the division.

Having inspected the country opposite the
Shevárdino Redoubt Napoleon pondered a
little in silence and then indicated the spots
where two batteries should be set up by the
morrow to act against the Russian entrench-
ments and the places where in line with them
the field artillery should be placed.

After giving these and other commands he
returned to his tent and the dispositions for
the battle were written down from his dicta-
tion.

These dispositions of which the French his-
torians write with enthusiasm and other his-
torians with profound respect were as follows:

At dawn the two new batteries sent to the
right flank in the plain occupied by the Rus-
sians will open fire on the two opposi-
tional positions of the enemy.

At the same time the commander of the artil-

lery of the 1st Corps General Permetti with thirty
cannon of Campan's division and all the howitzers
of Dessaix's and Friant's divisions will move for-
ward open fire and overwhelm with shell fire the
enemy's battery against which will operate

24 guns of the artillery of the Guards

30 guns of Campan's division

and 8 guns of Friant's and Dessaix's divisions

in all 62 guns

The commander of the artillery of the 3rd
Corps General Touché will place the howitzers
of the 3rd and 18th Corps sixteen in all on the flanks
of the battery that is to bombard the entrench-
ment on the left which will have forty guns in
all directed against it.

General Sorlier must be ready at the first order
to advance with all the howitzers of the 1st Corps
artillery against either one or other of the en-
trenchments.

During the cannonade Prince Lonski will be
in advance though the wood on the village and from
the enemy's position.

General Campan will move through the wood
to seize the first fortification.

After the advance has begun in this manner
orders will be given in accordance with the en-
emy's movements.

The cannonade on the left flank will begin as
soon as the guns of the right wing are heard. The
sharpshooters of Morozov's division and of the
1st Cuirassiers will open a heavy fire on see-
ing the attack commence on the right wing.

The vice king will occupy the village and cross
by its three bridges and advance to the village
by Morozov's and Cérard's divisions which will
be leaders in the attack against the redoubt
and come into line with the rest of the corps.

All the musketeers go to the left flank
for the defence of the village as far as possible re-
taining troops in reserve.

The Imperial Camp near Mohaysk.

September 6, 1812.

These dispositions which are very obscure
and confused if one allows oneself to regard
the arrangements without religious awe of his
genius related to Napoleon's orders to deal
with four points—four different orders. Not
one of these was or could be carried out.

In the disposition it is said first that the bat-
tery placed on the spot chosen by Napoleon
with the guns of Permetti and Drouot will
move to come in line with them and 24 guns
will move to open fire and follow the Russian
Rusar fleches and redoubt. This could not

Material—

The late of the French proclamation and New
Style and correspond to the English Old Style—
T.R.

CHAPTER XXVIII

done, as from the spots selected by Napoleon the projectiles did not carry to the Russian ranks, and those 100 guns shot into the air until the nearest commander contrary to Napoleon's instructions moved them forward.

The second order was that Poniatowski with 10th village and his wood should turn the Russian left flank. This could not be done and was not done, because Poniatowski, advancing on the village through the wood, met Tuchkov's bare bayonet and could not and did not turn the Russian position.

The third order was General Campan to throw his wood to the first fortification. General Campan's division did not secure the first fortification but was driven back, his emerging from the wood had to reform under grapeshot, of which Napoleon was unaware.

The fourth order was that the 11th (Borodino) division by its front advanced to the same place as Morand and Gérard's divisions (for whose movements no directions are given), which had their left flank directed to the right and on the left with the rest of the forces.

As far as can be made out, not so much from the unambiguous sentence as from the attempt of the vice-king to execute the orders given him, he was to drive from the left through Borodino to the redoubt while the divisions of Morand and Gérard were to advance simultaneously from the front.

All this, like the other parts of the disposition, was not and could not be executed. After passing through Borodino the vice-king was driven back to the Klichka and could get no farther when the divisions of Morand and Gérard did not take the redoubt but were driven back, and the redoubt was only taken at the end of the battle by the cavalry (though probably unforeseen and not heard of by Napoleon).

So not only the orders in the disposition was, or could be, executed. But in the disposition itself, after the fight has commenced, the orders will be given according to the enemy's movement and so it might be supposed that all necessary arrangements would be made by Napoleon during the battle. But this was no and could not be done, for during the battle Napoleon was so far away that as appeared later he could not know the course of the battle and not one of his orders during the fight could be executed.

MANY HISTORIANS SAY that the French did not win the battle of Borodino because Napoleon had a cold, and that if he had not had a cold the orders he gave before and during the battle would have been till more full of genius and Russia would have been lost if the force of the world had been changed. To historians who believe that Russia was shaped by the will of one man—Peter the Great—and that France from a republic became an empire and French armies went to Russia at the will of one man—Napoleon—to say that Russia remained a power because Napoleon had a bad cold on the twenty-first of August may seem logical and convincing.

If it had depended on Napoleon will to fight or not to fight the battle of Borodino, and if this or that other arrangement depended on his will, then evidently cold affected the man's estimation of his will might have saved Russia, and consequently the valet who omitted to bring Napoleon his waterproof boots on the twenty-first would have been the savior of Russia. Along that line of thought such a deduction is indeed a table, as indubitable as the deduction Voltaire made in jest (without knowing what he was jesting at) when he saw that the Massacre of St. Bartholomew was due to Charles IX's stomach being deranged. But to men who do not admit that Russia was formed by the will of one man Peter I or that the French Empire was formed and the war with Russia begun by the will of one man, Napoleon, that argument seems not merely untrue and irrational, but contrary to all human reality. To the question of what causes historical events another answer presents itself, namely that the course of human events is predetermined from on high—depends on the coincidence of the will of all who take part in the events, and that Napoleon's influence on the course of these events is purely external and fortuitous.

Strange that at first glance it may seem to suppose that the Massacre of St. Bartholomew was not due to Charles IX's will, though he gave the order for it and thought it was done as a result of that order and chance as it may seem to suppose that the laughter of his thousand men at Borodino was not due to Napoleon's will, though he ordered the commencement and conduct of the battle and thought it was done because he ordered chance as these suppositions appear yet human destiny—which tells us that each of us is, if not more

He finished his second glass of punch, and went to rest before the service bus-

the evening, he went to the guard tent where three look-them-rings loudly blowing his nose. He asked whether the Russians had not withdrawn, and was told that the enemy fires were still in the same places. He noted approval.

The day after the attendance came into the tent.

"Well, Rapp, do you think we shall do good business today?" Napoleon asked him.

"The third, but, sire, replied Rapp.

Napoleon looked at him.

"Do you remember sure what you did me the honor to say to Smolénko?" continued Rapp.

"The withdrawal must be drunk."

Napoleon frowned and sat silent for a long time in his head in his hand.

"This poor army," he suddenly remarked. "It has diminished greatly since Smolénko. For time is fast killing courtesans. Rapp, I have always said so and I must begin to experience it. But the Guards, Rapp, the Guards are intact. He remarked erroneously.

"Yes," replied Rapp.

Napoleon looked at him, put it in his mouth, and glared at his watch. He was not sleepy, it was still too early in the morning. It was impossible to give further orders for the sake of killing him for the orders had all been given and were now being executed.

"He has been served out to the regiment of the Guards?" asked Napoleon firmly.

"Yes, sire."

"The rice too?"

Rapp replied that he had given the Emperor or order both to the first and Napoleon took his head and said that if not believing that he had been executed. An order came with which Napoleon ordered his glass to be brought. Rapp did not interrupt his work.

"The thirteenth in the line," he remarked, "long his glass. 'This cold is tiresome. They talk about medicine—what is the good of medicine when the cure is cold? Corvisart says these things but they do not help at all. What can doctors cure? Only the cure of things. Our bodies are made of fire. It is organized for that, it is its nature. Let life go

on in it undisturbed and let it defend itself as it will more than if you paralyze it by encumbering it with remedies. Our bodies are like a perfect watch that should go for a certain time. If we hamper it, it cannot open it, he can only add

to it of which he was fond, a pocket watch and unexpectedly gave a new one.

"Do you know Rapp what military art?" asked he. "It is the art of being stronger than the enemy at any given moment. That's all."

Rapp made no reply.

"Tomorrow we shall have to deal with Kutuzov," said Napoleon. "We shall see! Do you remember at Braunau he commanded an army for three weeks and did not once mount a horse to inspect his entrenchments. We shall see."

He looked at his watch. It was still only four o'clock. He did not feel sleepy. The punch was

night was dark and damp, scarcely perceptible in the air was descending from above. Near by the campfires were dimly burning among the French Guards and in the distance those of the Russian line shone through the smoke. The weather was calm, and the rustle and tramp of the French troops already beginning to move to take up their positions were clearly audible.

Napoleon walked about in front of his tent, looked at the fires and listened to these sounds as he was passing tall guardsmen in a shaggy cap who were standing sentinel before his tent. He had drawn himself up like a black pillar in the light of the Emperor. Napoleon stopped in front of him.

"What year did you enter the service?" he

The man answered the question.

"Ah, O of the old ones. Has your regiment had its rise?"

It has, Your Majesty.

Napoleon nodded and walked away.

At half past five Napoleon rode to the village of Shevardino.

It was growing light, the sky was clearing, and the smoke of the day lay in the east. The abandoned campfires were burning themselves out

These puff of smoke and (strange to say) the sound of the firing produced the chief beauty of the spectacle.

"Suddenly a round compact cloud of

was holding his horses and, asking which was the quietest, clambered onto it, seized it by the mane, and turning on his toes pressed his heel against it and, feeling that this

boom boom came the sounds confirming what the eye had seen

Pierre regarded round the first cloud, which he had seen as round compact ball and it is placed already were a flood of smoke floating to one side and—puff (with a pause)—puff three and then further more appeared and then from each with the same interval—boom—boom boom came the fine, firm, precise sounds reply. It seemed that those smoke clouds sometimes ran and sometimes

were to usually appear followed by their solemn reports, while nearer still, in the hollows and woods, there burst from the muskets small clouds that had no time to become balls, but had their little echoes in just the same way. Tak-tak-tak came the frequent crack of muskets but it was irregular and feeble in comparison with the reports of the cannon.

Pierre wished to be there with that smoke, those ringing bayonets, that movement, and those sounds. He turned to look at Kutuzov and his suit compared his impression with those of others. They were all looking at the field but he was dead, as it seemed to him, with the same feeling. All their faces were glowing with that latent warmth of feeling. Pierre had lived the day before and had fully understood after his talk with Prince Andrew.

"Go, my dear fellow, go, and Christ be with you, Kutuzov was saying, general, he too looked at him not taking his eye from the battlefield.

He gave order the general paused by Pierre and his words with him.

"To the cross," said the general coldly and sternly in reply to one of the staff who asked where he was going.

"I'll go there too, I too," thought Pierre and followed the general.

The general mounted his horse. A Cossack had brought him. Pierre went with his groom who

CHAPTER XXXI

HENRI DESCENDED the hill the general after whom Pierre was galloping turned sharply to

from the front to the right, and were sold everywhere with the same pre-

trample them under his horse's hoofs.

"Why ride into the middle of the battalion one of them shouted at him.

Another prodded his horse with the butt end of musket and Pierre, bending over his saddlebow and hardly able to control his shivering horse galloped head of the soldiers where there was a free place.

There was a bridge ahead of him, where other soldiers stood firm. Pierre rode up to them. Without being aware of it he had come to the bridge across the Kolochá between Gorki and Borodino which the French (having occupied Borodino) were attacking in the first phase of the battle. Pierre saw that there was a bridge in front of him and that the soldiers were doing something in both sides of it and in the meadow more rows of new-mown hay which he had taken no notice of amid the smoke of the campfires the day before but despite the incessant firing going on there he had no idea that this was the field of battle. He did not notice the sound of the bullets whistling from every direction, the projectiles that flew over him, did not see the enemy on the other side. The river did not seem to him to be the killed and dead, though many fell near him. He looked both ways with a smile which did not leave his face.

"Why that fellow is from the first line shouted somebody to him again.

"To the left," he kept to the right, the men shouted at him.

Pierre went to the right, and unexpectedly

in the faint morning light

On the right a single deep report of a cannon resounded and died away in the prevailing silence. Some minutes passed. A second and a third report shook the air, then a fourth and a fifth boomed solemnly near by on the right.

The first shots had not yet ceased to reverberate before others rang out and yet more were heard mingling with and overtaking one another.

Napoleon with his suite rode up to the Shérardino Redoubt where he dismounted. The game had begun.

CHAPTER XXV

ON RETURNING to Gorki after having seen Prince Andrew, Pierre ordered his men to get the morning

hind a given up to him.

Before he was thoroughly awake next morning everybody had already left the hut. The panes were rattling in the

while he shook Pierre by the shoulder without looking at him, having apparently lost hope of getting him to wake up.

What? Has it begun? Is it time? Pierre asked, waking up.

Hear the firing! said the groom, a discharged soldier. All the gentlemen have gone out and his Serene Highness himself rode past long ago.

Pierre dressed hastily and ran on porch.

cheer with the roofs of the street opposite on the dew besprinkled dust of the road on the the horse.

Pierre, roar of adjutant, as by a Cossack passed by at a sharp trot.

It's time! Count it's time! cried the adjutant.

Telling the groom to follow him with the horses, Pierre went down the street to the knoll from which he had looked at the field of battle the day before. A crowd of military men was assembled there; members of the staff could be heard conversing in French and Russian.

gray head in a white cap with a red band was visible; his gray nape sunk between his shoulders. He was looking through a field glass down the highroad before him.

At ty, forama he had admired from that spot the day before, but now the whole place was full of troops and covered by smoke clouds from the guns, and the slanting rays of the bright sun rising slightly to the left behind Pierre, cast upon it.

carved in some precious stone of a yellowish green color.

troops nearer at hand glittered golden cornfields interspersed with copses. There were troops to be seen everywhere in front and to the right and left. All this was vivid, majestic and unexpected, but what impressed Pierre most of all was the view of the battlefield itself, of Borodino and the hollows on both sides of the Kolochá.

Above the Kolochá in the

a mist had spread which seemed to melt, to dissolve and to become translucent when the brilliant sun appeared and magically colored and outlined everything. The smoke of the guns mingled with this mist and over the whole expanse and through that mist the rays of the morning sun were reflected, flashing back like lightning from the water from the dew and from the bayonets of the troops crowded together by the riverbanks and in Borodino. A white church could be seen through the mist and here and there the roofs of huts in Borodino as well as dense masses of soldiers or green

as in the mist envelope hollow near Borodino so along the entire line outside and above it and especially in the woods and fields to the left in the valleys and on the summits of the high ground clouds of powder smoke seemed to usually to spring up out of nothing now singly now several at a time some translucent others dense which swelling growing rising and blending extended over the whole expanse.

were separated from the rest by a trench every experienced commandant as it were family feeling in common.

The young officer was evidently exercising his duties for the first or second time and therefore treated both his superiors and the men with great precision and formality.

The booming cannonade and the fusillade of musketry were growing more intense over the whole field, especially to the left where Bagration's flèches were, but where Perre was the smoke of the firing made it almost impossible to distinguish anything. Moreover his whole attention was engrossed by watching the family curl—separated from all else—formed by the men in the battery. His first unconscious feeling of joyful animation produced by the sights and sounds of the battle-field was now replaced by another especially since he had seen that soldier lying alone in the hayfield. Now seated on the slope of the trench, he observed the faces of those around him.

By ten o'clock some twenty men had already been carried away from the battery: two guns were smashed and cannon balls fell more and more frequently on the battery and spent bullets buzzed and whistled around. But the men in the battery seemed not to notice this, and merry voices and jokes were heard on all sides.

Alone! shouted a man as whistling shell approached.

"Not this way! To the infantry! Added another with loud laughter seeing the hell fly past and fall on the ranks of the supports.

Are you bowing to friend, eh?" remarked another chaffing a peasant who ducked low as a cannon ball flew over.

Several soldiers gathered by the wall of the trench, looking out to see what was happening in front.

"They withdrawn the front line it has returned, said they position got the earth-work."

Mind your own business, an old sergeant shouted to them. If they returned because they work for them to do farther back.

And the sergeant, taking one of the men by the shoulders gave him a shove with his knee. This was followed by a burst of laughter.

"To the fifth gun wheel it up can shout from one side.

"Well then, all together like barges rose the merry voices of those who were moving the gun.

Oh, the nearly knocked old gentleman hat off cried the red-faced humorist, how goes his teeth and chaffing Perre. Awkward baggage

at him with curiosity.

A young red-faced officer quite a boy till and evidently only just out of the Cadet College, who was zealously commanding the two guns entrusted to him, addressed Perre sternly.

"Sir," he said, "permit me to ask you to stand aside. You must not be here."

The soldiers shook their heads disapprovingly as they looked at Perre. But when they had convinced themselves that this man in the blue hat was doing no harm, but rather sat quietly on the slope of the trench with a highly polite making way for the soldiers, paced past down the battery under fire as calmly as if he were on boulevard, the feeling of hostile distrust gradually began to change to kindly danger. They began to jump by such as soldiers feel of the dogs, cocks, goats, and in general for the animals that live with

him himself.

As he took the earth two paces from Perre and he looked round with smile as he brushed from his clothes some earth that had thrown upon him.

And how are you not afraid, really now red-faced, broad-shouldered soldier asked Perre, with grin that disclosed set fangs and white teeth.

Are you afraid, hen?" said Perre.

"What else do you expect?" answered the soldier. "She has no mercy you know! When it comes plucking down out go your nerves. One can't help being afraid," he said laughing.

Several of the men with bright kindly faces, opposed beside Perre. They seemed not to have expected him to talk like anybody else, and the discovery that he did so delighted them.

It is the business of us soldiers. But in a gentleman wonderful. There gentleman for you.

"Your places ordered the young officer to the men gathered round Perre.

encountered one of Ráevski's adjutants whom he knew. The adjutant looked angrily at him evidently also intending to shout at him but on recognizing him he nodded.

How have you got here? he said and galloped on.

Pierre feeling out of place there having nothing to do and afraid of getting in some one's way galloped after the adjutant.

What's happening here? May I come with you? he asked.

One moment one moment! replied the adjutant and riding up to him.

You come here Count? he asked with a smile. Still inquisitive?

Yes yes assented Pierre.

But the adjutant turned his horse about and rode on.

Here it's tolerable said he but with Bagration on the left flank they're getting it frightfully hot.

Really? said Pierre. Where is that?

Come along with me to our knoll. We can get a view from there and in our battery it is still bearable said the adjutant. Will you come?

Yes I'll come with you replied Pierre looking round for his groom.

It was only now that he noticed wounded men staggering along or being carried on stretchers. On that very meadow he had ridden over the day before a soldier was lying athwart the rows of scented hay.

Without seeing the stern expression of the adjutant who was also looking that way he checked himself.

Pierre did not find his groom and rode along the hollow with the adjutant to Ráevski's Redoubt. His horse hopped behind the adjutant's and jolted him at every step.

You don't seem to be used to riding Count? remarked the adjutant.

No it's not that but her action seems so jerky said Pierre in a puzzled tone.

Why she's wounded! said the adjutant. In the off foreleg above the knee. A bullet no doubt I congratulate you Count on your baptism of fire!

Having ridden in the smoke past the Sixth Corps behind the artillery which had been moved forward and was in action deafening them with the noise of firing they came to a

small knoll. There it was cool and safe.

He asked the adjutant on reaching the knoll.

He was here a minute ago but has just gone that way someone told him pointing to the right.

The adjutant looked at Pierre as if puzzled what to do with him now.

Don't trouble about me said Pierre. I'll go up onto the knoll if I may?

Yes do. You'll see everything from there and it's less dangerous and I'll come for you.

Pierre went to the battery and the adjutant rode on. They did not meet again and only much later did Pierre learn that he lost an arm that day.

The knoll to which Pierre ascended was that famous one afterwards known to the Russians as the Knoll Battery or Ráevski's Redoubt and to the French as *la grande redoute la fatale redoute la redoute du centre* around which tens of thousands fell and to which the French regarded as the key to the whole position.

This redoubt consisted of a knoll on three sides of which trenches had been dug. Within the entrenchment stood ten guns that were being fired through openings in the earth work.

In line with the knoll on both sides were

Pierre had no notion that this spot on which small trenches had been dug and from which a few guns were firing was the most important point of the battle.

On the contrary just because he happened to be there he thought it one of the least significant parts of the field.

Having reached the knoll Pierre sat down at one end of a trench surrounding the battery and gazed at what was going on around him with an unconsciously happy smile. Occasionally he rose and talked about the battery still with that same smile trying not to obstruct the soldiers who were loading the guns.

Enveloping the whole neighborhood in powder smoke.

In contrast with the dread felt by the infantrymen placed in support here in the battery where a small number of men busy at their

The man wh h d been ordered to go for
ammun u stumbled gan t P erre
Eh, sir this is n pl e f r you sa d he
and ra do n the sl pe

P erre ra ste him o d g the spot where
th yo goffi er was it g

O e can n ball, a ther a d th rd flew
er him, f ll g t fr nt bes de and beh nd
hum. P erre ran down th lop Whe e m l
go g? he udd nly asked h m elf wh n he
was leady ne r the green ammun t on wag
o s. He h lted rresolut ly n t know ng

bethe tort r m g n S ddenly terr bl
co cuss threw h m backw rdstoth grou d.
At the same ta t h was dazzled by a great
flash of flame and mmed t ly a de fen ng
roar crackl g nd wh t ng made h s ears
u l

Whe he came t h m elf he was s tt ng n
th gr nd le n gon l h nd th mmu
nno wag h h d been pp o ch g no
ho ds nd

erre the gr und utter g p l g u u
perra cries

CHAPTER XXXII

BESIDE H MSELF w th t rro P err jumped up
and ra back t th b ttery ast tl only f
ge fr m th h r r s that rr u ded h m.

O ter g th earthw k h n t ed that
the e ere m nd gsom th gth but that
h t s were be ng fied f m the b ttery H
h d tum to l e who the men w e He
th th wall

tra g

B h had t tum t e l e that th colo-
l h d bee killed th t the sold e sho t ng
Brothers! wa p soner d th t ther
m had bee bay ted the b k bef re
h eyes, f t hardly had h ru nt the e-
do b bef th sall w f d p rsp g
na bl u f rm ru hed n h m w d
h d, h t g someth g l t ct ly
gua d g ga t th hock—I they h d been
run g oge h full peed bef e they saw
e ther—P erre p t t his h ds nd
seued th m (F ch f h e) by the h ul

der with one hand and by the throat with the
ther The f ficer dropp ng his sword se red
P erre by his coll r

F r some seconds they gazed w th fr ghtened
eyes ton nothe sunfam l r f ces and both
were perple ed at what they had done nd
what they were to do next. Am l t ken pris
oner o h ve I taken h m pr sone ? each was
th nking But the Fr nch f ficer was evidently
k he had been taken p s-

say someth ng w i e ju
terr ble and low a cannon b ll wh stled and
t seemed to P erre that the French officer s
he d h d been torn off so sw f ly had he
du ked t.

P erre too bent his head nd let h s l and

he reached the foot of the kn l l e was u f
a d nse crowd f Russ n old rs who stum-
bl g tr pp ng up a d shout ng ran merr ly

made s ch feat poss ble t was the a tack i
wh ch he was s d t ha e thrown some St.
George s Crosses he h d in his pocket nt the
b ttery for th first soldiers to take who got
the e)

Th F nch who had occup ed th b ttery
fled nd our troops sh ut ng Hurrah pur
sued them so far b y nd the batt ry th t was
d f ficult to call them b ck.

The priso rs we e brought d wn from the
b ttery and m ng them wa wounded F ench
ge eral wh m the officers surrounded Crowds
f w u d d—some known to P err nd some
u known—Russian and French w th f ces
d torted by uffering walked, crawled nd
w e carried on stretchers from th battery
P erre gan w nt up ont the k ll whe e h
h d pent er an h ur nd of th t f m ly
c l e wh ch h d d h m as member he
d d t f d gl one Th v e e m ny
dead wh m he d d not k w but some he

he added reproachfully to a cannon ball
struck

ing stooping low entered the battery to carry away the wounded man

So this gruel isn't to your taste? Oh you crows! You're scared! they shouted at the militiamen who stood hesitating before the man whose leg had been torn off

There lads oh oh! they mimicked the peasants they don't like it at all!

Pierre noticed that after every ball that hit the redoubt and after every loss the liveliness increased more and more

As the flames of the fire hidden within came more and more vividly and

glowed in the faces of these men

Pierre did not look out at the battlefield and was not concerned to know what was happening there he was entirely absorbed in watching this fire which burned ever more brightly and which he felt was flaming up in the same way in his own soul

At ten o'clock the infantry that had been among the bushes in front of the battery and along the Kámenka streamlet retreated From the battery they could be seen running back past it carrying their wounded on their muskets A general with his suite came to the battery and after speaking to the colonel gave Pierre an angry look and went away again having ordered the infantry supports behind the battery to lie down so as to be less exposed to fire After this from amid the ranks of infantry to the right of the battery came the sound of a drum and shouts of command and from the battery one saw how those ranks of infantry moved forward

Pierre looked over the wall of the trench and was particularly struck by a pale young officer who left no doubt

The

to us of wounded men and stretcher bearers came back from that direction Projectiles began to fall still more frequently in the battery Several men were lying about who had not been removed Around the cannon the men moved still more briskly and busily No one any longer took notice of Pierre Once or

with a frowning face The young officer with his face still more flushed commanded the men more scrupulously than ever The soldiers handed up the charges turned loaded and

Shako ran up to his superior

I have the honor to report sir that only eight rounds are left Are we to continue firing? he asked

Grapeshot! the senior shouted without answering the question looking over the wall of the trench

Suddenly something happened the young officer gave a gasp and bending double sat down on the ground like a bird shot on the wing Everything became strange confused and misty in Pierre's eyes

One cannon ball after another hustled by and struck the earthwork a soldier or a gun Pierre who had not noticed these sounds before now heard nothing else On the right of the battery soldiers shouting Hurrah were running not forwards but backwards it seemed to Pierre

A cannon ball struck the very end of the earthwork by which he was standing crumpling down the earth a black ball flashed before his eyes and at the same instant plumped into something Some militiamen who were entering the battery ran back

All with grapeshot! shouted the officer

The sergeant ran up to the officer

He asked for that there were no more charges

The scoundrels! What are they doing? shouted the officer turning to Pierre

The officer's face was red and perspiring and his eyes glittered under his frowning brow

Run to the reserves and bring up the ammunition boxes! he yelled angrily avoiding Pierre with his eyes and speaking to his men

I'll go said Pierre

The officer without answering him strode across to the opposite side

Don't fire! Wait! he shouted.

the Borod ð—the b lge had been retaken by
the R ss s nd burn d in the very sk rm l
at h ch P erre h d be p es nt at the beg n
n of th b tile

A adj ta t gall ped up fr m the flèch
with pale d f hte ed f e nd ep rt d
h t the r t t a c k l ad been re

brused O the b s of thes
trust rthy epo t N poleon ga eh o d rs
wh ch h d ther b en executed before le
ga them r could n t be nd we e not e e-
cuted

Th m rsh l dge erals who w en rer
th fild of b tile but l ke Napoleon d d

pl ce whe e the balls at u
bo t tle r supe rs l cated a the ba k
grou l ref rmed them d l ought th m
unl r d c pl ne an l under the infl uence of
th t l s pl ne led them back to the o e f
fre wle e under the nflue ce of fea of l at
th y l tle r d c pl e nd rusl ed about ac
cord n to the chan ep ompt ngs of the throng

CHAPTER XXXIV

N and Mu
nd

c trary to wh th d a w } PP
f rmer b tiles nstead of the e ws they e
p cted f th e emys flgt these or le ly
m es etu ned the ce d rgan ed nd
terr f d mob The ge eral ref rmed them
but tl numbers c n t nly d cre s l l the
s mddl of th day Murat ent h a ljut nt to
N p leo to dem nd re nfo cements
N p leon t at the foot of the kn ll d nk
n n h wh n Murat djutant gall ped

bef eth m, som t n ru h d b k so e
tmes f rward d d ca lry d h d th ut
d rs p rs t f th fly g Russ In th
way t ca lry eg m ts gall ped th gl
the Sem k h l l w d oon th y
h d th t p f d l turn d und
d gall p f f l l peed b k ga Th n
l try m ed n tle m way som tmes ru
qu th pl es th n thos they
de ed t g t All ders t h
d wh nt m d l gu wlen t s d n
f try t hoot h rs en to d d n the

st nd h s w rds

Re f c m nts l th ught N poleon to

l at t n t noon yet and l d n t yet e my
chessbo d clearly Go!

d rs f t g l own t
ba le h t t k l t dea est t
—h w n l f — l t m mes msth t

were b g l ight red

N pol a d ha g ummo ed C l
cou t and Be th er began talk to then
bout m tters u ect d w th the b tile

In th m dst f l l n rsat o l l wa
beg gt t est N poleon B tle eyes
t rned to look at g neral w th a su t h
was gall p ng t wa d th knoll on l ther g

thes movements f rwa d a d b ckwa d d d

— Pierre ran down the slope once more

Now they will stop it now they will be horrified at what they have done! he thought aimlessly going toward a crowd of stretcher-bearers moving from the battlefield

But behind the veil of smoke the sun was still high and in front and especially to the left near Semenovsk something seemed to be seething in the smoke and the roar of cannon and musketry did not diminish but even increased to desperation like a man who straining himself shrieks with all his remaining strength

CHAPTER XXXIII

THE CHIEF ACTION of the battle of Borodino was fought within the seven thousand feet between Borodino and Bagration's *flèches*. Beyond that space there was on the one side a demonstration made by the Russians with Uti's cavalry at midday and on the other side beyond Uti's Poniatowski's collision with Tuchkov but these two were detached and feeble actions in comparison with what took place in the center of the battlefield. On the field between Borodino and the *flèches* beside the wood the chief action of the day took place on an open space visible from both sides and was fought in the simplest and most artless way

The battle began on both sides with a cannonade from several hundred guns

Leon was standing the *flèches* were to thirds of a mile away and it was more than a mile as the crow flies to Borodino so that Napoleon could not see what was happening there especially as the smoke mingling with the mist hid the whole locality. The soldiers of Dessaix's division advancing against the *flèches* could only be seen till they had entered the hollow that lay between them and the *flèches*. As soon as they had descended into that hollow the smoke of the guns and musketry on the *flèches* grew so dense that it covered the whole approach on that side of it. Through the smoke glimpses could be caught of something black—probably men—and at times the glint of bayonets. But whether they were moving or stationary whether they were French or Russian could not be discovered from the Shevârdino Redoubt.

The sun had risen brightly and its slanting rays struck straight into Napoleon's face as shading his eyes with his hand he looked at the *flèches*. The smoke spread out before them, and at times it looked as if the smoke were moving at times as if the troops moved. Sometimes shouts were heard through the fringe but it was impossible to tell what was being done there

Napoleon standing on the knoll looked through a field glass and in its small circle saw smoke and men sometimes his own and sometimes Russians but when he looked again with the naked eye he could not tell where what he had seen was

He descended the knoll and began walking up and down before it

Occasionally he stopped listened to the firing and gazed intently at the battlefield

But not only was it impossible to make out what was happening from where he was standing down below or from the knoll above on which some of his generals had taken their stand but even from the *flèches* themselves—in which by this time there were now Russian and now French soldiers alternately or together dead wounded alive frightened or maddened—even at those *flèches* themselves it was impossible to make out what was taking place. There for several hours amid incessant cannon and musketry the new Russians were seen alone now Frenchmen alone now in infantry and now cavalry they appeared and fell collided not knowing what to do with one another screamed and ran back again

From the battlefield adjutants he had sent out and orderlies from his marshals kept galloping up to Napoleon with reports of the progress of the action but all these reports were false both because it was impossible in the heat of battle to say what was happening at any given moment and because many of the adjutants did not go to the actual place of conflict but reported what they had heard from others and also because while an adjutant was riding more than a mile to Napoleon's recollections changed and the news he brought was already becoming false. Thus an adjutant galloped up from Murat's divisions to Borodino had been occupied and the bridge over the Kolochá was in the hands of the French. The adjutant asked if either Napoleon wished the troops to cross it? Napoleon gave orders that the troops should form up on the left rather side and wait. But before that order was given—almost as soon in fact as the adjutant had

of enemy eagles and standard cannons and
stores and Murat had only begged leave to
loose the cavalry together in the baggage
wagon. So there had been the Lord Marego Ar
col Jen Atritz Wagram and so on
But now something strange was happening to
his troop

Despite the capture of the *flèche*
his men

What do you say? asked Napoleon
Yes tell them to bring me my horse
He mounted and rode toward Semenovsk.
Among the powder smoke slowly dispersing
over the whole place through which Napoleon
rode horses and men were lying in pools of
blood so glibly in heap. Neither Napoleon
nor any of his generals had ever before seen
such horrors or so many slain in such a small
space. The roar of guns that had not ceased for

ceased the art of war
directed, did they all hinder one another's
eyes—only de Beauvau could fail to grasp the
meaning of what was happening
But Napoleon with his long experience of
war but not

The Hussars
Semenovsk village and its knoll and the guns
boomed incessantly along the river and sent

and Napoleon stopped his horse

army
What has happened there while I
was absent

no real depends on the few survivors

Lucky did it that might destroy him occu-
rred to him. The Russian might fall
but if it were to be killed by a stray can-
non ball. All that was possible. In former
battles had only considered the possibilities
of a less but with numerable unlucky
chances predicted themselves did he expected

supposed to be directed by the
on him from the risk of success this affair
for the first time seemed to him unnecessary
and horrible

One of the generals rode up to Napoleon
and entreated him to lead the Old Guard
into action. Ney and Berthier stood near
Napoleon changed looks and smiled a
temptingly thoughtful general scarcely offered
Napoleon bowed his head and remained si-
lent a long time

At eight hundred leagues from France I
will not have my Guard destroyed here and
and turning his horse rode back to Shevardno

CHAPTER XXXV

ON THE RUG-COVERED BENCH where Perre had
seen him the morning that so long ago
he had hanging his heavy body relaxed. He
gave orders but only assented to the
idea of what they suggested.

Yes yes that he replied to the
proposals. Yes yes dear boy and have a
look, how would you do neither of these
about him. No did not wed better with

late him, but that if that his arm drags
poles and implicate rag and the horse
if a fatal destruction of him in his
helpless

That that the Russian were taking
thick with the French army used the
horrible Napoleon. He still the camp
tool belt with knoll with head bowed
bowed his knees. Berthier proposed
suggested that they should rid the
to ascertain the position of affairs.

estimated the importance of the words spoken but

horse. It was Belliard. Having dismounted he went up to the Emperor with rapid strides and in a loud voice began boldly demonstrating the necessity of sending reinforcements. He swore on his honor that the Russians were lost if the Emperor would give another division.

Napoleon shrugged his shoulders and continued to pace up and down without replying. Belliard began talking loudly and eagerly to the generals of the suite around him.

You are very fiery, Belliard, said Napoleon when he again came up to the general. In the heat of a battle it is easy to make a mistake. Go and have another look and then come back to me.

Now then, what do you want? asked Napoleon in the tone of a man in a hurry.

A hurried gesture.

The adjutant bent his head affirmatively and began to report, but the Emperor turned from him, took a couple of steps, stopped, came back and called Berthier.

We must give reserves, he said, moving his arms slightly apart. Who do you think should be sent there? he asked of Berthier (whom he subsequently termed that gossling I have made an eagle).

Send Claparède's division, sire, replied Berthier, who knew all the divisions, regiments and battalions by heart.

Napoleon nodded assent.

The adjutant galloped to Claparède's division and a few minutes later the Young Guards stationed behind the knoll moved forward. Napoleon gazed silently in that direction.

No! he suddenly said to Berthier. From all sides adjutants continued to arrive at a gallop and as if by agreement all said the

same thing. They all asked for reinforcements and all said that the Russians were holding their positions and maintaining a hellish fire under which the French army was melting away.

Napoleon sat on a campstool, wrapped in thought.

M. de Beausset, the man so fond of travel, having fasted since morning, came up to the Emperor and ventured respectfully to suggest lunch to His Majesty.

I hope I may now congratulate Your Majesty on a victory? said he.

Napoleon silently shook his head in negation. Assuming the negation to refer only to the victory and not to the lunch, M. de Beausset ventured with respectful jocularity to remark that there is no reason for not having lunch when one can get it.

Go away, said Napoleon. A beam of ecstasy shone on Beausset's face and he glided away to the other generals.

Napoleon was experiencing a feeling of depression like that of an ever lucky gambler who, after recklessly flinging money about and always winning, suddenly just when he has calculated all the chances of the game, finds that the more he considers his play the more surely he loses.

His troops were the same, his generals the same, the same preparations had been made, the same dispositions and the same proclamation *courte et énergique*; he himself was still the same, he knew that and knew that he was now even more experienced and skillful than before. Even the enemy was the same as at Austerlitz and Friedland—yet the terrible stroke of his arm had supernaturally become impotent.

All the old methods that had been uniformly crowned with success, the concentration of batteries on one point, an attack by reserves to break the enemy's line, and a cavalry attack by the men of iron—all these methods had already been employed, yet not only was there no victory, but from all sides came the same news.

Formerly, after he had given two or three orders and uttered a few phrases, marshals and adjutants had come galloping up with congratulations and happy faces, announcing the trophies taken, the corps of prisoners, bundles

hat as said to him. Wolzogen not caring the old gentleman smiled and said with a smile:

"I have not considered it right to conceal from your Serenity. However, what I have seen. The troops are in complete disorder."

"You have seen? You have seen?" Kutuzov shouted frowning and rising quickly. He went past Wolzogen.

How how dare you he shouted, choking and making a threatening gesture. "How dare you!"

Wolzogen was about to make a rejoinder but Kutuzov interrupted him.

"The enemy has been repulsed on the left and defeated on the right flank. If you have seen amiss, sir, do not allow yourself to say what you don't know. Be so good as to rid to General Barclay and inform him of my firm intention to attack the enemy tomorrow said Kutuzov sternly.

All were silent, and the only sound audible was the heavy breathing of the participants of the general.

"They are repulsed everywhere for which I thank God and our brave army! The enemy is beaten. Tomorrow we shall drive him from the sacred soil of Russia said Kutuzov crossing himself, and he suddenly sobbed as his eyes filled with tears.

Wolzogen, shrugging his shoulders and curling his lips, stepped silently as dejectedly past the old gentleman's concealed stupor.

Ah, here he is, my hero said Kutuzov portly handsome dark haired general who was just ascending the hill.

That was Raevski who had perceived the whole of the most important part of the field of Borodino.

Raevski reported that the troops were firmly holding the ground and that the French no longer entered the attack.

After hearing him, Kutuzov said in French:

"Then you do not think, like me, that we must retreat?"

On the contrary, your Highness, in decisions it is always the most stubborn who remain correct, replied Raevski and in my opinion.

Kutuzov called to his adjutant.

"Sit down and write out the order of the day

for tomorrow. And you he continued addressed the other side along the line and announce that tomorrow we attack.

While Kutuzov was talking to Raevski and dictating the order of the day Wolzogen returned from Barclay and said that General Barclay wished to have written confirmation of the order the field marshal had given.

Kutuzov without looking at Wolzogen gave the direction of the order to be written out which the former commander in chief took to do a personal response but very judiciously wished to receive.

And by means of that mysterious definite bond which maintains throughout the army in the same temper known as the spirit of the arm and which constitutes the chief's new of war Kutuzov's words, his order for a battle next day immediately became known from one end of the army to the other.

It was far from being the same words of the same order that reached the farthest links of that chain. The tales passed from mouth to mouth different and of the army did not even resemble what Kutuzov had said but the sense of his words spread everywhere because what he said was not the outcome of cunning calculations but of a feeling that lay in the commander in chief's soul as in that of every Russian.

And in learning that tomorrow they were to attack the enemy and hearing from the headquarters confirmation of what they wanted to believe they exhausted, weary men felt comforted and inspired.

CHAPTER XXVI

PRECEDED BY THE REGIMENT WAS AMONG THE RESERVES WHICH TILL FIFTEEN O'CLOCK WERE TATTERED IN THE BEHIND SEMENOVSK, UNDER HEAVY ARTILLERY FIRE. TOWARD TWO O'CLOCK THE RECONCENTRATION, ALREADY LOST MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED MEN WAS MADE FORWARD INTO THE TRAMPLED OAT FIELD IN THE GAP BETWEEN SEMENOVSK AND THE KNOLL BATTERY WHERE THOUSANDS OF MEN PERISHED THAT DAY IN WHICH AN INTENSE CONCENTRATED FIRE FROM SEVERAL HUNDRED ENEMY GUNS WAS DIRECTED BETWEEN ONE AND TWO O'CLOCK.

WITHOUT MOVING FROM THAT SPOT OF FIRE

HE SHOT THE REGIMENT HER LOST ANOTHER THIRD OF ITS MEN FROM THE FRONT AND ESPECIALLY FROM THE RIGHT, IN THE UNLIT SMOKE THE GUN BOOMED, AND OUT OF THE MYSTERIOUS DOMAINS OF SMOKE THAT OVERLAY THE WHOLE PLACE IN FRONT, QUICK HISsing CANON BALLS AND SLW

rather in something else—in the expression of face and tone of voice of those who were reporting. By long years of military experience he knew and with the wisdom of age understood that it is impossible for one man to direct

others struggle
that the result

the orders of a commander in chief nor the place where the troops are stationed nor by the number of cannon or of slaughtered men but by that intangible force called the spirit of the army and he watched this force and guided it in as far as that was in his power

Kutuzov's general expression was one of concentrated quiet attention and his face wore a strained look as if he found it difficult to master the fatigue of his old and feeble body

At eleven o'clock they brought him news that the *frèches* captured by the French had been retaken but that Prince Bagration was wounded. Kutuzov groaned and swayed his head

Ride over to Prince Peter Ilyich and find out about it exactly he said to one of his adjutants and then turned to the Duke of Württemberg who was standing behind him

Will Your Highness please take command of the first army?

Soon after the duke's departure—before he could possibly have reached Semenovsk—his adjutant came back from him and told Kutuzov that the duke asked for more troops

Kutuzov made a grimace and sent

you cannot spare at such an important moment

Kutuzov smiled

What a little gentlemen said he. The battle is won and there is nothing extraordinary in the capture of Murat. Still it is better to wait before we rejoice

But he sent an adjutant to take the news round the army

What

Kutuzov guessing by the sounds of the battle and by Scherbinin's looks that the news was bad rose as if to stretch his legs and taking Scherbinin's arm led him aside

Go my dear fellow he said to Ermolov and see whether something can be done

Kutuzov was in Gorki near the center of the Russian position. The attack directed by Napoleon against our left flank had been several times repulsed. In the center the French had not got beyond Borodino and on their left flank Uvarov's cavalry had put the French to flight

Toward three o'clock the French attack ceased. On the faces of all who came from the field of battle and of those who stood around

our main General Wolzogen the man who when riding past Prince Andrew had said the war should be extended widely and whom Bagration so detested rode up while Kutuzov was at dinner. Wolzogen had come from Barclay de Tolly to report on the progress of affairs on the left flank. The sagacious Barclay de Tolly seeing crowds of wounded men running back and the disordered rear of the army weighed all the circumstances concluded that the battle was lost and sent his favorite officer to the commander in chief with that news

Kutuzov was chewing a piece of roast chicken with difficulty and glanced at Wolzogen with eyes that brightened under their puckering lids

Wolzogen nonchalantly stretching his legs approached Kutuzov with a half contemptuous smile on his lips scarcely touching the peak of his cap

He treated his Serene Highness with a somewhat affected nonchalance intended to show that as a highly trained military man he left it to Russians to make an idol of this useless old man but that he knew whom he was dealing with. *Der alte Herr* (as in their own set the Germans called Kutuzov) is making him self very comfortable though Wolzogen and looking severely at the dishes in front of Kutuzov he began to report to the old gentleman the position of affairs on the left flank as Barclay had ordered him to and as he himself had seen and understood it

All the points of our position are in the enemy's hands and we cannot dislodge them for lack of troops the men are running away and it is impossible to stop them he reported

Kutuzov ceased chewing and fixed an astonished gaze on Wolzogen as if not understand

"Look o t! came a frightened cry from a
 -- "I a b d whurring n rap d f l h t

keep in step! Ah those peasants
 shouted an officer seizing by their shoulders
 nd checking the peasants who w re walki g
 unevenly nd jolt g the stretcher
 Get nto step F dor I say Fed r l sa d
 the foremost peasant.

Now that s right! sa d the one beh nd joy-
 fully when he had got to tep

"Your ex ellency! Eh Princel sa d the
 trembl ng vo ce of T mókh n ho h d run up
 and was looki g down on the stretcher

Prince And ew pened his eyes and looked
 up at the speaker from the trecther tow h ch
 h s head had sunk deep and aga n his eyes ds
 drooped.

The h rse terro infected the m
 Lie down cried the adjutant throwing
 himself flat n the ground.

Pri c A drew hies tated. The mok g hell
 spun lik top between h m nd th p ostrate
 djutant, near a w rmwood plant b tween the
 field nd the mead w

Can thi be death? th ught Prince An
 drew looking w th quite new en us glance
 t the grass, the w rmwood nd the treamlet
 f smok th t curled up fr m the rotatu g
 black ball I ca t, I do not w h to de I
 love life—I l e this grass th s ea th, this
 ir H th ght this nd t th ame tum
 remembered that people were looking th m
 It shame! l l he said to the djutant.

"What

He did not fi h peaking At n nd the
 sam moment cam th sound of n explo n
 hustle f pl ters as from b eak g win-
 d w fram a uffocatu g smell of powder d
 Prince A drew started to n de ra ng his
 arm, d f l l n his chest. Se eral offi ers ran
 up to him. F om th ghts d f h bdom n
 blood was w lling t mak ng l rg ta n on
 the grass.

The mil tuamen with tr tchers who were
 called p tood beh d th ficers Pri ce An-
 drew lay n hi chest w th h f in th grass
 breath g hea ly d n ly

"What you wa t g f ? Come l ng!

The peasa ts we t p and took h m by his
 shoulders d legs but h m ned p teously
 d, excha g g looks they t hum down
 "a n.

P ck him up l ft him, t s all th samel
 cr ed someo

They "a took him by th h ulders and
 la d h m th trecther

Ah God My God! What is t? Th t m-
 ch? Tha means death! My God! — o es
 mo th offi ers w heard say g

It flew hair b eadth past my ear sa d
 th dj t t

Th peasa s djust g th tretch to their
 boulders, tarted hurr edly al g th p th
 they had trodden down to th dressu g ta
 tion.

The mil tuamen carr ed Prince Andrew to
 nd wh ewagons

ted
 ed
 g
 on and horses we ta m were
 eati g o ts from their mo able troughs a d
 sparr ws flew down and pecked the gra ns th t
 f ll Som crows scenting blood, fl w among
 the birch tr es caw ng mp u ntly Around
 th t nts o er m re than fi e acres blood
 stan ed men n vari u garbs tood sat o lay
 Around th wounded stood crowds of sold er
 stretche be rs w th dismal and tent ve
 faces wh m the officers keep ng order tr ed n
 vain t dri e from the sp t. Disregard ng the
 officers orders, th sold rs tood l n ng
 ga nt the stret hers d gar g ntently as
 if try ng t comp ehend the difficult problem
 f what was tak g pl befo e them. From

vodka. Some were d liri us Prince Andrews
 bearers stepp g er th wounded who had
 not y t been bandaged, took him as a regi-
 mental commander clo up to o of th tents
 and th re t pped waiting nstruct on
 Pri ce Andrew op ed his eyes nd f r a lo g
 time could n t m k out what was go ng on
 ar und him. H remembered the mead w
 the w rmwood, the fi ld th whurl ng bl ck
 ball and hi sudden rush of pass onate l of
 life. Two tep from him lean g against a
 bra ch and talk g loudly d attracting gen-
 eral tention stood tall ha dsome, black
 haired noncommissioned officer with ban-

whistling shells flew unceasingly At times as if to allow them a respite a quarter of an hour passed during which the cannon balls and shells all flew overhead but sometimes several men were torn from the regiment in a minute and the slain were continually being dragged away and the wounded carried off

With each fresh blow less and less chance of life remained for those not yet

regim

hundr

men w

one and the same mood

All alike were taciturn and morose Talk was

rarely heard in the ranks and it ceased alto

gether every time the thud of a successful shot

and the cry of stretchers! was heard Most of

the time by their officers order the men sat

on the ground One having t

shat

ing

bin

his bayonet another fingered the strap and

pulled the buckle of his bandolier while an

other smoothed and refolded his leg bands

and put his boots on again Some built little

houses of the tufts in the snow

nl

wounded when rows

of stretchers went past when some troops re

treated and when great masses of the enemy

came into view through the smoke no one

paid any attention to these things But when

our artillery or cavalry advanced or some of

our infantry were seen to move forward words

of approval were heard on all sides But the

liveliest attention was attracted by occurrences

quite apart from and unconnected with the

battle It was as if the minds of these morally

exhausted men found relief in everyday com

monplace occurrences A battery of artillery

was passing in front of the regiment The

horse of an ammunition cart put its leg over a

trace Hey look at the trace horse! Get

her leg out! She'll fall Ah they don't see

it! came identical shouts from the ranks all

along the regiment Another time general at

tention was attracted by a small brown dog

coming heaven knows whence which trotted

in a preoccupied manner in front of the ranks

with tail stiffly erect till suddenly a shell fell

close by when it yelped tucked its tail be

tween its legs and darted aside Yells and

shrieks of laughter rose from the whole regi

ment But such distractions lasted only a mo

ment and for eight hours the men had been

inactive without food in constant fear of death and their pale and gloomy faces grew ever paler and gloomier

Prince Andrew pale and gloomy like every one in the regiment paced up and down the be

of the

bowed

nothing for him to do and no orders to be

given Everything went on of itself The killed

were dragged from the front the wounded

carried away and the ranks closed up If any

soldiers ran to the rear they returned immedi

ately and hastily At first Prince Andrew con

sidering it his duty to rouse the courage of the

men and to set them an example walked about

among the ranks but he soon

v

l

on avoiding the contem

plation of the horrors of their situation He

walked along the meadow dragging his feet

rustling the grass and gazing at the dust that

covered his boots now he took big strides try

ing to keep to the footprints left on the mead

ow by the movers then he counted his steps

calculating how often he must walk from one

strip to another to walk a mile then he stripped

the flowers from the worms food that grew a

long boundary rut rubbed them in his palms

and smelled their pungent sweetly bitter scent

Nothing remained of the previous days

thoughts He thought of nothing He listened

with weary ears to the ever recurring sounds

distinguishing the whistle of flying projectiles

from the booming of the reports glanced at

the tremendously familiar faces of the men of the

first battalion and

Here it con

this o

r

But this one he has

hit! And again he started trying to reach the

boundary strip in sixteen paces A whistle and

a thud! Five paces from him a cannon ball

tore up the dry earth and disappeared A whistle

ran down his back Again he glanced at the

ranks Probably many had been hit—a large

crowd had gathered near the second

Adjutant he shouted Order them not

to crowd together

The adjutant having obeyed this instruc

tion approached Prince Andrew From both

sides a battalion commander rode up

"Look o t came a frightened cry from a soldier a d, like bird whurring in rap d flight and alghum n the ground shell dropped th litle ouse w thun tw teps of Prince Andrew and close to th battal on commander s horse. The horse first, regardless of whether t was right rong to show fear norted reared almost throwing th major and galloped as de. The horse terr r infected the men.

L down cried th adjutant throw ng himself flat the ground.

Prince Andrew hes tated. The sm kin shell upon like a t p between him and the prostrate d jutant, near a wormwood plant between the field and the meadow

"Can this be death th ught Prince Andrew looking w th quite new envs us glance

an. He thought this, a d at the same tim remembered that peopl wer looking t him.

It sham ful, sur! he said to the d jutant. "What

He did not finish speaking. At e and th sm moment came th sound f an explos on wh d f sp ters as from b eak ng window fram uffocatu smell of powder nd Prince Andrew started to one de, rais g his arm, d fell his hest. Several officers ran up to him. F m the rights de fhs bdomen blood was wellm o t making large tain on the grass.

The militiam with tretchers who were called up stood beh d th ficers. Pri ce Andrew lay n his chest w th h face the grass breathing heavily d n sily

"What are you wa g f ? Com lon,!

The peasants w t up and took him by his shoulders d legs but h moa ed p teously and, excha ging looks, they set him down

"Pick him p lift him, t all th same! cried someo

They ran took him by the sh ulders and had him th stretcher

Ah, God My God! What is t? The stomach. That means death! My God! — ces among th off ers were heard sa ing

It flew hair breadth past my ear said the adjutant.

Th peasants, djust g th tretch t th wou ders, tarted hurr edly al n th p th way had trodden down to th dress g ta tion.

keep in step! Ah those peasants shouted an officer seiz g by their shoulders and checki g the peasants who were walking unevenly nd jolt g the stretcher

Get nto tep Fedo I say F dor! sa d the foremost peasant.

"Now th t s right! sa d the one behind joy-

aid the I run up

Prince Andrew ope ed h eyes nd looked up at the speaker from the stretcher into wh ch his head had sunk deep and gain his eyes drooped.

The mil uamen carr ed Prince Andrew to the dress g station by the wood, where wagons were stat o ed. The dress g station cons ted of three t nts w th fl ps turned b ck p tched at the edge of birch wood. In the wood, wa ons and horses were standing. The horses were eati g o ts from their mo able troughs nd sparrows flew down and pecked the gra ns that fell. Som crows scenting blood, flew mong th birch trees caw g impatiently. Arou d th tents, o er m re than fi e cres blood stained men n vari us garbs stood, sat, o lay. Around the wou ded stood crowds of sold er tretchers bearers w th dismal and attenu e faces, whom the officers keep ng order tr ed n va n to dri e from th spot. Dis regarding the officers orders, the soldiers stood lean ng

the tents cam n w l ud ngy cries and n w plaintive groans. Occas onally dressers ran out to f tch water o to po t out thos who were to be bro ght n next. Th wounded m n waiting th ir turn outs d the te is groaned, sighed, wept, creamed swo e o asked for vodka. Some were deliri us. Prince Andrew bearers, tepp g o er the wounded who had not y t been b ndaged, took him as a regimental commander close up to o f the tents and th re st pped, awa ting instructi ns. Pri ce Andrew p ned his eyes and f al g tum could n t make ut what was go ng o around him. H remembered the meadow the w rmwood, the field th wharl g black

haved n ncommissioned officer with a ban

whistling shells flew unceasingly. At times as if to allow them a respite a quarter of an hour passed during which the cannon balls and shells all flew overhead but sometimes men were and the soldiers away and taken off.

With each fresh blow less and less chance of life remained for those not yet in the regiment. Hundreds of men were in one and the same mood. All alike were taciturn and morose. Talk was rarely heard in the ranks and it ceased altogether every time the thud of a successful shot and the cry of stretchers as heard. Most of the time by their officers' order the men sat on the ground. One having taken a shell in the

ing his bayonet with his palms polished his bayonet another fingered the strap and pulled the buckle of his bandolier while another smoothed and refolded his leg bands and put his boots on again. Some built little houses of the tufts in the plowed ground or plaited baskets from the straw in the cornfield. All seemed fully absorbed in these pursuits. When men were killed or wounded when rows of stretchers went past when some troops retreated and when great masses of the enemy came into view through the smoke no one paid any attention to these things. But when our artillery or cavalry advanced or some of our infantry were seen to move forward

unconnected with the battle. It was as if the minds of these morally exhausted men found relief in everyday commonplace occurrences. A battery of artillery was passing in front of the regiment. The horse of an ammunition cart put its leg over a trace. Hey look at the trace horse! Get her leg out! She'll fall. Ah they don't see it! came identical shouts from the ranks all along the regiment. Another time general attention was attracted by a small brown dog coming heaven knows whence which trotted in a preoccupied manner in front of the ranks with tail stiffly erect till suddenly a shell fell close by when it yelped tucked its tail between its legs and darted as the yell and shrieks of laughter rose from the whole regiment. But such distractions lasted only a moment and for eight hours the men had been

inactive without food in constant fear of death and their pale and gloomy faces grew ever paler and gloomier.

Prince Andrew pale and gloomy like every one in the regiment paced up and down the bow behind his back. There was nothing for him to do and no orders to be given. Everything went on of itself. The killed were dragged from the front

among the ranks but he soon became

on avoiding the contemplation of the horrors of their situation. He walked along the meadow dragging his feet rustling the grass and grazing at the dust that covered his boots. Now he took big strides trying to keep to the footprints left on the meadow by the movers then he counted his steps calculating how often he must walk from one strip to another to walk a mile then he stripped the flowers from the wormwood that grew along a boundary rut rubbed them in his palms and smelled their pungent sweetly bitter scent. Nothing remained of the previous day's thoughts. He thought of nothing. He listened with his ears to the ever recurring sounds distinguishing the whistle of flying projectiles from the booming of the reports glanced at the faces of the men of the first battalion and waited. Here it comes this one is coming our way again he thought listening to an approaching whistle in the hidden region of smoke. One another! Again! It has hit. He stopped and looked at the ranks. No it has gone over. But this one has hit! And again he started trying to reach the boundary strip in sixteen paces. A whistle! A thud! Five paces from him a cannon ball tore up the dry earth and disappeared. A chill ran down his back. Again he glanced at the ranks. Probably many had been hit—a large crowd had gathered to hear the second battle on. Adjutant! he shouted. Order them not to crowd together.

The adjutant having obeyed it is true that on the other side a battalion commander rode up

more conscious of life—returned to his memory not merely as something past but as something present.

The doctors were busily engaged with the wounded man the shape of whose head seemed familiar to Prince Andrew—they were lifting him up and trying to quiet him.

"Show us some. Oh, ooh! Oh! Oh, ooh!" his frightened moans could be heard, subdued by suffering and broken by sobs.

Hearing these moans Prince Andrew wanted to weep. Whether because he was dying without glory or because he was sorry to part with life, or because of those memories of childhood that could not return, or because he was suffering and there were suffering and that man near him was groaning so pitifully—he felt like weeping childlike, kindly and almost happy tears.

The wounded man was shown his amputated leg stained with clotted blood and with the foot still in.

"Oh, Oh, ooh!" he sobbed, like a man.

The doctor who had been standing beside him, preventing Prince Andrew from seeing his face, moved away.

"My God! What is this. Why is he here?" said Prince Andrew to himself.

Like miserable sobbing, feeble man whose legs had just been amputated, he recognized Anatol Kuragin. Men were supporting him.

And painfully connected with me, thought Prince Andrew, not yet clearly grasping what he saw before him. "What is this connection? I was a man with my childhood and my life!" he asked himself without finding an answer. And suddenly a new unexpected memory from that calm future and his childhood presented itself to him. He remembered the dish as he had seen her for the first time—the ball in which with her slender neck and arms and his first and tenderest of her stronger and more vivid than ever was his soul. He now remembered the connection that existed between himself and this man who was dimly gazing through tears that filled his swollen eyes. He remembered everything, and especially his love for that man, crowned his happy heart.

Prince Andrew could no longer restrain himself and wept tender loving tears for his fel-

low men for himself, and for his own and their errors.

Compassion for those who love us and for those who hate us for those of our enemies, yes, that is which God preached on earth and which Princess Mary taught me and I did not understand—that is what made me sorry to part with life that is what remained for me had I lived. But now it is too late. I know it.

CHAPTER XXXVIII

THE TERRIBLE SPECTACLE of the battlefield covered with dead and wounded, together with the heaviness of his head and the news that some twenty generals he knew personally had been killed or wounded and the consciousness of the impotence of his once mighty arm, produced an unexpected impression on Napoleon who usually liked to look at the killed and wounded, thereby he considered, testing his strength of mind. This day the horrible appearance of the battlefield overcame that strength of mind which he thought could not be shaken by his merit and his greatness. He hurriedly from the battlefield and returned to the Shevardino knoll where he sat on his campstool his sallow face swollen and heavy his eyes dim, his nose red, and his voice hoarse, in a low, hoarsely listening, with downcast eyes to the sounds of firing. With painful dejection he waited the end of this action in which he regarded himself as a participant and which he was unable to arrest. A personal, human feeling for a brief moment got the better of the artificial phantasm of life he had served so long. He felt in his own person the suffering and death he had witnessed on the battlefield. The heaviness of his head and chest reminded him of the possibility of suffering and death for himself. At that moment he did not desire Moscow or victory or glory (what need had he for any more glory?). The one thing which he wanted for was

to strengthen the fire on the Russian troops crowded in front of Knyazkovo. Napoleon had assented and had given orders that news should be brought him of the effect those batteries produced.

An adjutant came now to inform him that the first two hundred guns had been concentrated on the Russians, as he had ordered, but that they still held their ground.

daged head. He had been wounded in the head and leg by bullets. Around him eagerly listening to his talk a crowd of wounded and stretcher bearers was gathered.

We kicked him out from there so that he chucked everything we grabbed the king himself! cried he looking around him with eyes that glittered with fever. If only reserves had come up just then lads there wouldn't have been nothing left of him! I tell you surely.

Like all the others near the speaker Prince Andrei looked at him with shining eyes and experienced a sense of comfort. But isn't it all the same now? thought he. And what will be there and what has there been here? Why was I so reluctant to part with life? There was something in this life I did not and do not understand.

CHAPTER XXXVII

ONE OF THE DOCTORS came out of the tent in a bloodstained apron holding a cigar between the thumb and little finger of one of his small bloodstained hands so as not to smear it. He raised his head and looked about him but above the level of the wounded men. He evidently wanted a little respite. After turning his head from right to left for some time he sighed and looked down.

All right immediately he replied to a dresser who pointed Prince Andrew out to him and he told them to carry him into the tent.

Murmurs arose among the wounded who were waiting.

It seems that even in the next world only the gentry are to have a chance! remarked one.

Prince Andrei

... took bleeding human bodies that seemed to fill the whole of the low tent as a few weeks previously on that hot August day such bodies had filled the dirty pond beside the Smolensk road. Yes it was the same flesh the same *cl air d canon* the sight of which had even then filled him with horror as by a presentiment.

There were three operating tables in the tent. Two were occupied and on the third

they placed Prince Andrew. For a little while he was left alone and involuntarily witnessed what was taking place on the other two tables. On the nearest one sat a Tartar Cossack judge beside him.

and a spectacle a doctor was cutting into his muscular brown back.

Ooh ooh ooh! grunted the Tartar and suddenly lifting up his swarthy snub-nosed face with its high cheekbones and faring his white teeth he began to wriggle and stretch his body and utter piercing ringing and prolonged yells. On the other table round which many people were crowding a tall well fed man lay on his back with his head thrown back. His curly

of his!

Andre

chest ... down. One large white plump leg twitched rapidly all the time with a feverish tremor. The man was sobbing and choking convulsively. Two doctors—one of whom was pale and trembling—were silently doing something to this man's other gory leg. When he had finished with the Tartar whom they covered with an overcoat the spectacled doctor came up to Prince Andrew wiping his hands.

He glanced at Prince Andrew's face and quickly turned away.

Undress him! What are you waiting for? he cried angrily to the dressers.

His very first remotest recollections of childhood came back to Prince Andrew's mind when the dresser with sleeves rolled up began hastily to undo the buttons of his clothes and undress him. The doctor bent down over the wound felt it and sighed deeply. Then he made a sign to someone and the torturing pain in his abdomen caused Prince Andrew to lose consciousness. When he came to himself the splintered portions of his thighbone had been extracted the torn flesh cut away and the wound bandaged. Water was being sprinkled on his face. As soon as Prince Andrew opened his eyes the doctor bent over kissed him silently on the lips and hurried away.

After the sufferings he had been enduring Prince Andrew enjoyed a blissful feeling such as he had not experienced before.

the mere consciousness of life turned to
us memory not merely as something present
somewhat present

The doctors were busily engaged with the
wounded man, the hap of whose head seemed
familiar to Prince Andrew; they were lifting
him up and trying to quiet him.

"Show it to me. Oh, oh! Oh! Oh, oh! Oh!
his frightened man could be heard subdued
by suffering and broken by sobs

Hear, O those men! Prince Andrew noted
the deep whither because he was dying with

low men for himself and for his own and
the errors.

Compassion for our brothers for those
who love us and for those who hate us love of

God reached
him

me sorry to part with it
made
mailed for me had I lived. But now it is too
late. I know it!

CHAPTER XXVIII

THE TERRIBLE SPECTACLE of the battlefield cov-
ered with dead and wounded, together with
the heaviness of his head and the new that
some twenty generals he knew personally had
been killed or wounded, and the consciousness
of the impotence of his once mighty arm, pro-
duced an unexpected impression on Napoleon
who usually liked to look at the killed and
wounded, thereby he considered testing his
strength of mind. This day the horrible ap-
pearance of the battlefield overcame that
strength of mind which he thought constituted
his merit and his greatness. He rode hurriedly
from the battlefield and returned to the She-
vardenko knoll where he sat on his campstool
his staff was swollen and heavy his eyes dim,
his nose red, and his voice hoarse, he could
only listen, with downcast eyes to the sounds

most happy tears

The wounded man was hewn his imputed
leg to need with clotted blood and with the
boot till on.

Oh, Oh, oh! he sobbed like a woman.
The doctor who had been talking to him,
pale under Prince Andrew from seeing
his face, moved away

My God! What is this. Why is he here.
and Prince Andrew drew to himself.

I, the miserable sobbing, feeble man
whose leg had just been imputed, he recog-
nized Anatol Kuragin. Men were appointed
— — — — —

closely and painfully connected with me,
thought Prince Andrew not yet clearly grasp-
ing what he saw before him. "What is the con-
nection of this man with my childhood and my
life. He asked himself without finding an an-
swer. And suddenly an unexpected memory
from that realm of pure and loving childhood
presented itself to him. He remembered Na-
tasha as he had seen her for the first time at the
ball in 8 with her slender neck and arms and

the flushed happy face ready for rapture,
and love and endearment for her stronger and
more vivid than ever woke his soul. He
now remembered the connection that existed
between himself and this man who was dimly
gazing into his eyes through tears that filled his swollen
eyes. He remembered everything, and ec-
stasy pervaded love for this man overflowed
his happy heart.

Prince Andrew could no longer restrain him-
self and wept tender loving tears for his fel-

felt in his own person the sufferings and death
he had witnessed on the battlefield. The heaviness
of his head and chest reminded him of the
possibility of suffering and death for himself.
At that moment he did not desire Moscow or
victory or glory (what need had he for any
more glory?) The thing he wished for was
rest, tranquillity and freedom. But when he

to strengthen the fire in the Russian troops
crowded in front of the Yazykovo Napoleon had
assented and had given orders that new shells
be brought him of the effect those batteries
produced.

An adjutant came now to inform him that
the fire of two hundred guns had been concen-
trated on the Russians, as he had ordered, but
that they still held their ground.

Our fire is more
still they hold

They want in Napoleon in a
horse voice

Sire? asked the adjutant who had not heard
the remark

They want more! croaked Napoleon
frowning Let them have it!

I've

did not

only by

it was expected of
him was being done And he fell back into
that artificial realm of imaginary greatness and
again—as a horse walking a treadmill thinks
it is doing something for itself—he submissively
fulfilled the cruel and gloomy and inhuman
role predestined for him

And not for that day and hour alone were the
mind and conscience darkened of this man on
whom the responsibility for what was happen-
ing lay more than on all the others who took
part in it Never to the end of his life could he
understand goodness beauty or truth or the
significance of his actions which were too con-
trary to goodness and truth too remote from
everything human for him ever to be able to
grasp their meaning He could not disavow his
actions beludged as they were by half the world
and so he had to repudiate truth goodness and
all humanity

Not only on that day as he rode over the
battlefield strewn with men killed and maimed
(by his will as he believed) did he reckon as
he looked at them how many Russians there
were for each Frenchman and deceiving him-
self find reason for rejoicing in the calculation
that there were five Russians for every French-
man Not on that day alone did he write in a
letter to Paris that the battlefield was superb
because fifty thousand corpses lay there but
even on the island of St Helena in the peace-
ful solitude where he said he intended to de-
vote his leisure to an account of the great deeds
he had done he wrote

The Russian war has been the most
popular war of modern times it was a
sense of real interests for the tranquility and
security of all it was purely pacific and con-
servative

It was a war for a great cause the end of un-
certainties and the beginning of security A new
horizon and new labors were opening out full of
well being and prosperity for all the European
system was already united all that remained
was to organize it

Satisfied on these great points as I was I tran-
quilized myself everywhere I too should have found my

Congress and my Holy Alliance Those ideas were
stolen from me In that reunion of great sovereigns
I should have discussed our interests like one
family and have rendered account to the peoples
as clerk to master

Europe would in this way soon have been in
fact but one people and anyone who traveled
anywhere would have found himself always in the
common fatherland I should have demanded the
freedom of all navigable rivers for everybody that
the seas should be common to all and that the
great standing armies should be reduced hence-
forth to mere garrisons for the sovereigns

On returning to France to the boom of the
great strong magnificent peaceful and glorious
fatherland I should have proclaimed her frontiers
immortal for all future wars purely defensive all
aggravation ceased I should have as-
sociated my son in the Empire my dynasty
would have been finished and I

and I intended

My leisure then and my old age would have
been passed in company with the Empress and
during the royal apprenticeship of my son I
leisurely sitting with our own horses and like a
true country couple every corner of the

Napoleon predestined by Providence for
the gloomy role of executor of the peo-
ples assured himself that the aim of his actions
had been the peoples welfare and that he
could control the fate of millions and by the
employment of power confer benefactions

Of his humblest and meanest created the
style he wrote the

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and forty thousand
who took the Russian expedition
ly out of France less than fifty thousand
Russian army not retreat from Vilna to Moscow
lost in the various battles five times more

than the French
thousands of
of colonial
from Moscow
itself
ly it is
reached Vilna in the middle only
thirty thousand and at Kalisch less than eight
thousand

He magnified that the war with Russia came
 to by his will and the horrors that occurred
 did not stagger his soul. He boldly took the
 helm for what happened and

and applied the match though only one art
 was out of every three and

to per
 than Hessians and Bavarians

CHAPTER XXXIV

SEVERAL TENS OF THOUSANDS of the slain lay in
 diverse postures and at us unfirms on the
 fields dead with belng to the Dvory
 families of the crowd of those fields and
 meadows where for hundreds of years the
 peasantry of Borodino Gorki Shevardenko and
 Semak had sowed the harvests and pas-

by the will of man

who goes men and words continued.

Any one looking at the disorganized rear of
 the Russian army would have said that only
 the French made one more slight effort it
 would disappear and any one looking at the
 rear of the French army would have said that
 the Russians need only make one more slight
 effort and the French would be destroyed. But
 neither the French nor the Russians made that
 effort, and the flame of battle burned slowly
 out.

The Russians did not make that effort be-
 cause they were not attacking the French. At
 the beginning of the battle they stood block-
 ing the way to Moscow and they still did so at the
 end of the battle at the beginning. But each
 had the aim of the Russian been to drive the
 French from their positions they could not
 have made this slight effort, for all the Russian
 troops had been broken up the way no part
 of the Russian army that had not suffered
 the battle and though still holding the
 position they had lost over half of their
 army.

The French with the memory of all the
 former defeats during fifteen years with the
 assurance of Napoleon's nobility and
 the consciousness that they had captured
 the battlefield and had it only quarter
 of their men did not have their Guadalupe
 twenty thousand strong might easily have
 made that effort. The French had attacked
 the Russian army in order to drive it from its
 position ought to have made that slight effort
 so that the Russian continued to block the
 road to Moscow as before the memory of the
 French had not been attained and all the
 efforts and issues were again before the French
 did not make that effort. Some historians
 that Napoleon need only have used his Old
 Guards who were intact, and the battle would
 have been won. To speak of what would have

men of our arms were new
 ed, thought of as dragged themselves
 from and back
 is ex
 their
 not in

ed to fire.

Over the whole field peculiarly so gaily
 beautiful with glittering bayonets and
 let us think in the morning there now
 predaunt and impudent and dark
 and mil (saltpetre and blood. Clouds gathered
 and dark spots from above to fill in the dead
 and undressed in the thinned houses,
 and the same as the sea. Enough in the
 Enough. Cease both of yours! What
 are doing

That men of both sides were not by
 the food did not begin equally
 and bit of which they held to the
 and hit the life of
 pressed hesitated in the quest of arrows
 every soldier. What if we must kill
 and be killed. You may go and kill with
 please. But I do not do so now.

But if this thought had passed every
 soldier. A young man might have
 been used with horror that they were
 doing might have thrown everything and
 run away where

But the forward of the battle the
 men fell in the front of what they were do-
 ing though they would have been glad to
 leave off some company but they were
 pressed to it and they were
 killed by the hand of the dead, med

not to get the Germans not because he did not
 want to but because he did not believe all
 the generals, officers, and soldiers of the French

Our fire is mowing them down by rows but still they hold on said the adjutant.

They want more! said Napoleon in a hoarse voice

Sire? asked the adjutant who had not heard the remark.

They want more croaked Napoleon
frowning Let them have it!

Even before he gave that order the thing he did not desire and for which he gave the order only because he thought it was expected of him was being done. And he fell back into that artificial realm of imaginary greatness and again—as a horse walking a treadmill thinks it is doing something for itself—he submissively fulfilled the cruel and gloomy and inhuman role predestined for him.

And not for that day and hour alone were the
mind and conscience darkened of

 $y_5^1 = 0$

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understand goodness beauty or truth or the significance of his actions which were too contrary to goodness and truth too remote from everything human for him to

IV

all humanity, I am replete with goodness and

Not only on that day as he rode over the battlefield strewn with men killed and maimed (by his will is he believed) did he reckon as he looked at them how many Russians there were for each Frenchman and deceiving himself and reason for rejoicing in the calculation that there were five Russians for every Frenchman. Not on that day alone did he write in a letter to Paris that the battlefield was superb because fifty thousand corpses lay there but even on the island of St. Helena in the peaceful solitude where he said he intended to devote his leisure to an account of the great deeds he had done he wrote

The Russo-Japanese War would have been the most popular war of modern times. It was a war of good sense for real interests for the tranquillity and security of all. It was purely pacifist and on racial basis.

It is a war for a great cause the end of un-
certainties and the beginning of equality. A new
foundation and new labors we are putting out full of
well being and prosperity for all. The new sys-
tem was already foreshadowed all the time we
were to organize it.

Sat fed on these great points and will trans-
mit every where I too should have had my

C. 24

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us clerk to master

Europe would in this way soon have been in fact but one people and one

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th

great standing armies should be reduced hence forth to mere garrisons for the sovereigns

On returning to France to the bosom of
great sorrow —

father!

Figure 1

aggrandizement and nationalism. I should have also stated my son in the Empire my direct risk he would have been finished.

4

y old age would ha
 een leuote in company with the Empres a
 diting the royal appent cest p of my a n to
 e surely v iting with our on l orses an l l e
 a n e country coupl e ery corner of the Empire
 e eivng omplait redressng w ongs a lscat
 ering p blic buldings and benefact ons on all
 les and everywhere

Napoleon predestined by Providence for the gloomy role of executioner of the peoples assured himself that the aim of his actions had been the peoples welfare and that he could control the fate of millions and by the employment of power confer benefactions

Off i r l un fred thou an l m n who c os ed the
Vi tult he w te furtle of l p

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 THE LIES OF H IN RED T AN I RU WHO L
 OF OLLA W NI NI WOOL F LY I T M T
 FROM MOS T THE O LIT R AN ARMY ALW
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 YLT LEM T E A T VLN UN THE ED LY
 TH T U NI A T KAL SCH LES T AN EIGHTEEN
 HOI NI

Book Eleven 1812

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CHAPTER I

into discuti-ous elements as
known so-called sophism of the
fact that Achilles could not catch
the tortoise which was following him in spite of
the fact that he travelled ten times faster than
it. By the time Achilles has come to the
distance that he rated himself from the tortoise

seemed to him to be solvable
(that Achilles did not overtake
it) resulted from the fact that it was
buriedly decided to forget the
mathematics here the mathematician both of Achilles
and of the new continuous

By putting mathematics in the form of
motion which properly is solution of the
problem but even so. Only when we
have demonstrated the correctness of the finite
mathematical result geometrical
progression which means ratio of one tenth
of the sum of the progressions
is yielded with each solution of the problem.

A modern branch of mathematics has
been developed the differential geometry which
mathematically yields solutions of the same
complex problems of motion which used to
be solved.

The modern branch of mathematics, un-
known to the ancients when dealing with
problems of motion, is the concept of
the infinitely small and so forms the
basis of differential mathematics (absolute continuous
ity) and thereby corrects the inevitable error

which human mind cannot avoid when

from others than the ancient
going to meet for one cent in
the sun interruptedly from the

The second method is to consider the
total of some one man's or community's
expenditure equal to the sum of many and
small whereas the sum of many small
things are passed by the continuity of a single
to a person's

Historical science in the last resort
is the truth continually takes smaller and
smaller units for itself. But we can
small the unit it takes we feel that it takes
units and connects from others, or to
somebody's of any plan or on or to
with the will of many things are pressed by
the effect of anyone's or person's is not
itself.

It needs no critical estimate of the utter
ly to live by deductive drawn from it
It is merely necessary to elect so large or
smaller units the subject of observation -
critical sense is very right to do that
while the unit itself observes that always be
irregularly lected

Only by taking infinitely small units
of observation (the different kinds of things
that they deal with tend to be of men) of
it gets the art of integration with the
infinitely small things (infinitesimals) can
we hope to reach the truth.

army knew it could not be done because the flagging spirit of the troops could not permit it

It was not Napoleon alone who had experienced that nightmare feeling of the mighty arm being stricken powerless but all the generals and soldiers of his army whether they had taken part in the battle or not after all their experience of previous battles—when after one tenth of such efforts the enemy had fled—experienced a similar feeling of terror before an enemy who after losing HALF his men stood as threatened

of the battle
French a

victory which is defined by the capture of pieces of material fastened to sticks called standards and of the ground on which the troops had stood and were standing but a moral victory that convinces the enemy of the moral superi-

ority of his opponent and of his own impotence was gained by the Russians at Borodino. The French invaders like an infuriated animal that has in its onslaught received a mortal wound felt that they were perishing but could not stop any more than the Russian army weakened by one half could help surviving. By the impetus gained the French army was still able to roll forward to Moscow but there without further effort on the part of the Russians it had to perish bleeding from the mortal wound it had received at Borodino. The direct consequence of the battle of Borodino was Napoleon's sense of the moral

on such at Borodino for the first time the hand of an opponent of stronger spirit had been laid

turn me
 customary pursuits hasten from one side of Europe to the other plunder and slaughter one another triumph and are plunged in despair and for some years the whole course of life is altered and presents an intensive movement which first increases and then slackens. What was the cause of this movement by what laws?

Then before men in the city of Paris calling these sayings and doings the Revolution then they give a detailed biography of Napoleon and of certain people favorable or hostile to him tell of the influence some of these people had on others and say that is why this movement took place and those are its laws.

But the mind of man not only refuses to believe this explanation but plainly says that this method of explanation is fallacious because in it a weaker phenomenon is taken as the cause of a stronger. The sum of human wills produced the Revolution and Napoleon and only the sum of those wills first tolerated and then destroyed them.

But every time there have been conquests there have been conquerors every time there has been a revolution in any state there have been great men says history. And indeed human reason replies every time conquerors appear there have been wars but this does not prove that the conquerors caused the wars and that it is possible to find the laws of a war in the personal activity of a single man. When ever I look at my watch and its hands point to ten I hear the bells of the neighboring church but because the bells begin to ring when the hands of the clock reach ten I have no right to assume that the movement of the bells is caused by the position of the hands of the watch.

Whenever I see the movement of a locomotive I hear the whistle and see the valves opening and wheels turning but I have no right to conclude that the whistling and the turning of the wheels are the cause of the movement of the engine.

The peasants say that a cold wind blows in late spring because the oaks are budding and really every spring cold winds do blow when the oak is budding. But though I do not know what causes the cold winds to blow when the oak buds unfold I cannot agree with the peasants that the unfolding of the oak buds is the

cause of the cold wind for the force of the wind is beyond the influence of the buds. I see only a coincidence of occurrences such as happens with all the phenomena of life and I see that however much and how ever carefully I observe the hands of the watch and the valves and wheels of the engine and the oak I shall not discover the cause of the bells ringing the engine moving or of the winds of spring. To do that I must entirely change my point of view and study the laws of the movement of steam of the bells and of the wind. History must do the same. And attempts in this direction have already been made.

To study the laws of history we must comprehend

infinitesimally small elements by which the masses are moved. No one can say in how far it is possible for man to

and that as yet

commanders and ministers and propounding the historians on reflections concerning these actions

CHAPTER II

THE FORCES of a dozen European nations burst into Russia. The Russian army and people avoided a collision till Smolensk was reached and again from Smolensk to Borodino. The French army pushed on to Moscow its goal its impetus ever increasing as it neared its aim just as the velocity of a falling body increases as it approaches the earth. Behind it were seven hundred miles of hunger-stricken hostile country ahead were a few dozen miles separating it from its goal. Every soldier in Napoleon's army felt this and the invasion moved on by its own momentum.

The more the Russian army retreated the more fiercely a spirit of hatred of the enemy flared up and while it retarded the army increased and consolidated. At Borodino a collision took place. The Russian army was broken up but the Russian army retreated immediately after the collision as the battle was a ball recoil after colliding with another having a

result b t h b tle would st ll n t t ke pl c
It would t take place becaus the command
ers n t mer ly all r cogn zed the pos t on to be
mpos ble b t n th r con rsat o s er
w e wh t would h ppen fter us

to be dec ded a d these con ersat ons ar u d
h m wh ch were s um n too f ee a d a acter
mu t be stopped

He called the most important gen rals to
f --

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CHAPTER IV

THE COUNCIL OF WAR began to assemble at
two in the afternoon n the better nd oom cr
part of And ew Sa ostyán v hut The men
w m n a d ch ldren of tl el rge peasant fam
ly cr wded t t the b ck room cros the p s
ge Only Malásha, And ew s s x ye r-old
grandd ht whom h Serene Hghness l d
p tted and t wh m he had g en a lump of
ugar wh le d k gh tea, em ned o t the
f th b k e n th l rrer room. Ma

k ew ll

Be gsen who h d ch en the pos t on
warmly d pl yed his Russ n p tr t m (hu
t m ld t t st n to th s w th ut w n n)
by t that Moscow must b defended.

Sp rr w H ll w tho t g g b ttle t
eeded t cl m the su cess h w or f
battl re t g n to clea h m elf f the

q es h heard ply f m ny e lre
q est f l m ww H e l eally l
l wed A poleo t reach M cow and when

d t ld B gs n to ssue d rs/ O w t
ealer ll? Wh n wl n wa t t st r r bl
f dec ded? Mos w must be b d d.
Th rmy must t eat d the order to d so
mu t be g To g e th t terr bl o der
seemed h meq l t t es n th com
d f th rmy A d n t nly d d h l e
po er to wh ch he wa cu t med (h h
ours ded t Pr Pro ó k u der
hom h had served Tu key galled h m)
b th as co d th t he wa destu ed to
sa Ru d tha that w why a t the
Emper w h d by the w ll f the peopl
h h d be h se comm der h ef He
wa ed that he l e co ld m nt n
comma d f th rmy n the s d f ficult c
m es d that n ll d w ld he l e
co lde co tterth cibl A poleo w th
ou fea d he w h r r fed t the th u ht f
th ler h had t ssue. B t so neth g had

nto the room a d at d wn o c d
benches n th corner under th c n Grand
d d h m elf a M lá h her own m nd
call-d hut o sat p r t n d k corner be
h d the o n H t, unk d ep n f ld g
rmch nd cont ually cleared h thro t
d pulled at the coll f h co t wh ch
th gh t wa unbutton d still eemed to
p nch h neck Th who entered went up
one by one t the field m rshal he pres ed the
h ds of some d odded to thers. His d
J tant Kaysáro was bout t draw back tl
curta of th w nd w f c kutuz but the
l tter mo ed his h d gril d k ysá ov
unders ood that h s S ren H hness did n t
h h s f ce to b

Round th pea t deal table on w l h l y
m ps pl n pencil d p pers so m nypeo-
pl gathe ed th t th d l es b ought n
th b nch nd put t bes de th table Ermo-
l k ysá d Toll wh had j t r r ed
t d w n th be ch In the f most pl e
mmed tely u de th con t Barcl y de
T lly l h gl f h d merg to h b ld

be taken and the chief of the hospitals asks where the wounded are to go and a courier from Petersburg brings a letter from the sovereign which does not admit of the possibility of abandoning Moscow and the commander in chief's rival the man who is undermining him (and there are always not merely one but several such) presents a new project diametrically opposed to that of turning to the Kaluga road and the commander in chief himself needs sleep and refreshment to maintain his energy and a respectable general who has been overlooked in the distribution of rewards comes to complain and the inhabitants of the district pray to be defended and an officer sent to inspect the locality comes in and gives a report quite contrary to what was said by the officer previously sent and a spy a prisoner and a general who has been on reconnaissance all describe the position of the enemy's army differently. People accustomed to misunderstand or to forget these inevitable conditions of a commander in chief's actions describe to us for instance the position of the army at Fili and assume that the commander in chief could on the first of September quite freely decide whether to abandon Moscow or defend it whereas with the Russian army less than four miles from Moscow no such question existed. When had that question been settled? At Drissa and at Smolensk and most probably of all on the twenty-fourth of August at Shevardino and on the twenty-sixth at Borodino and each day and hour and minute of the retreat from Borodino to Fili.

CHAPTER III

When Ermolov having been sent by Kutuzov to inspect the position told the field marshal that it was impossible to fight there before Moscow and that they must retreat. Kutuzov looked at him in silence.

Give me your hand said he and turning it over so as to feel the pulse added. You are not well my dear fellow. Think what you are saying!

out his carriage and sat down on a bench by the roadside. A great crowd of generals gathered round him and Count Rostopchin who had come out from Moscow joined them. This brilliant company separated into several groups who all discussed the advantages and

disadvantages of the position the state of the army the plans suggested the situation of Moscow and military questions generally. Though they had not been summoned for the purpose and though it was not so called they all felt that this was really a council of war. The conversations all dealt with public questions. If anyone gave or asked for personal news it was done in a whisper and they immediately reverted to general matters. No jokes or laughter or smiles even were seen among all these men. They evidently all made an effort to hold themselves at the height the situation demanded. And all these groups while talking among themselves tried to keep near the commander in chief (whose bench formed the center of the gathering) and to speak so that he might overhear them. The commander in chief listened to what was being said and sometimes asked them to repeat their remarks but did not himself take part in the conversations or express any opinion. After hearing what was being said by one or other of these groups he generally turned away with an air of disappointment as though they were not speaking of anything he wished to hear. Some discussed the position that had been chosen criticizing not the position itself so much as the mental capacity of those who had chosen it. Others argued that a mistake had been made earlier and that a battle should have been fought ten days before. Others again spoke of the battle of Salamanca which was described by Crozier a newly arrived Frenchman in a Spanish uniform. (This Frenchman and one of the German princes serving with the Russian army were discussing the siege of Smolensk and considering the possibility of defending Moscow in a similar manner.) Count Rostopchin was telling a fourth group that he was prepared to die with the city in his hands under the walls of the capital but that he still could not help regretting having been left in ignorance of what was happening and that had he known it sooner things would have been different. A fifth group discussing the profundity of their strategic perception discussed the direction the troops would now have to take. A sixth group was talking absolutely nonsense. Kutuzov's expression grew more and more preoccupied and gloomy. From all this talk he saw only one thing that to defend Moscow was a *plus cal impoibly* in the full meaning of those words that it was utterly impossible that if any senseless command were to give orders to fight confusion would

and country order retreat.

After that the generals began to disperse with the solemnity and circumspect silence of people who are leaving after a funeral.

Some of the generals, in lively tones, said a strange very different from the way they had spoken during the council communicated something to their commander-in-chief.

Malikha who had long been expected for supper climbed carefully backwards down from the very bare little feet catching at its projections, and slipping between the legs of the generals she darted out of the room.

When he had dismissed the general Kutuzov sat alone with his elbows on the table, thinking always of the same terrible question. When would the band of Moscow become established? When was that done which settled the matter? And who was to blame for it?

I did not expect this, said he to his adjutant Scherer when the latter came in late that night. I did not expect this. I did not know this would happen.

You should take some rest, your Serene Highness, replied Scherer.

But no. They shall eat horseflesh, eat, like the Turks exclaimed Kutuzov without reply. Yes, striking the table with his podoy fist. They shall too! and

CHAPTER V

AT THE VERY TIME, circumstances even more important than those with which we have been familiar, the evacuation and burning of Moscow. Rostopchin who is usually represented as being the instigator of that event, did not altogether differ from many from Kutuzov.

After the battle of Borodino the band of men and burn of Moscow was as inevitable as retreat from beyond Moscow without fight.

Every Russian man has predicted it, not because he felt it, but because he explained it in each of our fathers.

The same thing that took place in Moscow had happened in the wars and struggles of Russia so long ago with Smolensk without the participation of Count Rostopchin and his broadsheets. The people were educated and armed did not become excited and no one to perceive but faced it with the feeling that they were finding what would do the most difficult moment. And as soon as the news drew near the wealthy classes went away by doing their property

while the poorer remained and burned and destroyed what was left.

The consciousness that this would be so and would always be so was and is present in the Russian mind. And a consciousness of

those who are ready in July and at the beginning of August howed that they expected this. Those who went away took what they could and burned the houses and half their belongings did so from the intense patriotism which expresses itself in the phrases of bygone children to say the least and and in an unnatural explosion, but unobtrusively and organically and therefore in the way that always produces the most powerful results.

"It is disgraceful to run away from danger on cowards are running away from Moscow they were told. In his broadsheets Rostopchin impressed on them that to leave Moscow was shameful. They were ashamed to be called cowards ashamed to leave but still they left, knowing that had to be done. Why did they do it? Impossible to suppose that Rostopchin had scared them by his accounts of horrors. Napoleon had committed in conquered countries. The first people to go away were the rich educated people who knew quite well that Vienna and Berlin had remained intact and that during Napoleon's occupation the inhabitants had spent their time pleasantly in the company of the charming Frenchmen with the Russians, and especially the Russian ladies they liked so much.

They went away because for Russians there could be no question as to whether they would go well. Under French rule in Moscow it was out of the question to be under French rule. It would be the worst thing that could happen. They went away even before the battle of Borodino and still more rapidly after it, despite Rostopchin's calls to defend Moscow to the utter extermination of his intentions to take the wonderful working condition of the Iberian

Eight Napoleon said that they must go away sorry as they were to abandon their property

ed on his stomach. On the other side sat Count Ostermann Tolstoy seemingly absorbed in his own thoughts. His broad head with its bold features and glittering eyes was resting on his hand. Raevski twitching forward the black hair on his temples as was his habit glanced now at Kutuzov and now at the door with a look of impatience. Konovnitsev's firm hand and some kind face was lit up by a tender smile. His glance met Malasha's and the expression of his eyes caused the little girl to smile.

They were all waiting for Bennigsen who on the pretext of inspecting the position was finishing his savory dinner. They waited for him from four till six o'clock and did not begin their deliberations all that time but talked in low tones of other matters.

Only when Bennigsen had entered the hut did Kutuzov leave his corner and draw toward the table but not near enough to

ions were divided and arguments were advanced for and against that project. Ermolov, Dokhturov and Raevski agreed with Bennigsen. Whether feeling it necessary to make a sacrifice before abandoning the capital or guided by other personal considerations these generals seemed not to und

generals however understood it and leaving aside the question of Moscow spoke of the direction the army should take in its retreat. Malash

as she termed Bennigsen. She saw that they grew spiteful when they spoke to one another and in her heart she sided with Granddad. In the midst of the conversation she noticed Granddad give Bennigsen a subtle and

Bennigsen suddenly reddened and paced angrily up and down the room. What so affected him was Kutuzov's calm and quiet comment on the advantage or disadvantage of Bennigsen's proposal to move troops by night from the right to the left flank to attack the French right wing.

Gentlemen said Kutuzov. I cannot approve of the count's plan. Moving troops in close proximity to an enemy is always dangerous and military history supports that view. For instance, Kutuzov seemed to reflect searching for an example then with a clear naive look at Bennigsen he added. Oh yes take the battle of Friedland which I think the count well remembers and which was not fully successful only because our troops were rearranged too near the enemy.

There followed a momentary

quer as if more to be said

During one of these pauses Kutuzov heaved a deep sigh as if preparing to speak. They all looked at him.

Well gentlemen I see that it is I who have to pay for the broken crockery and he and slowly he moved to the table. Gentlemen I have heard your view

Russia's ancient and sacred capital without a struggle or are we to defend it? A prolonged and general silence followed. There was a frown on every face and only Kutuzov's angry grunts and occasional cough broke the silence. All eyes were gazing at him. Malasha too looked at Granddad. She was nearest to him and saw how his face puckered. He seemed about to cry but this did not last long.

Russia's ancient and sacred capital' he suddenly said repeating Ben

us an (He lurched his shabby body forward.) Such a question cannot be put it is senseless! The question I have asked these gentlemen to meet to discuss is a military one. The question is that of saving Russia. Is it better to give up Moscow without a battle or by accepting battle to risk losing the army as well as Moscow? That is the question on which I want your opinion and he sank back in his chair.

The discussion began. Bennigsen did not yet consider his game lost. Admitting the view of Barclay and others that a defensive battle at Fili was impossible but imbued with Russian patriotism and the love of Moscow he proposed to move troops from the right to the left flank during the night and attack the French right flank the following day. Of

The prince tried to comfort her but Hélène as if quite distraught, said through her tears that there was nothing to prevent her marrying that there were precedents (there were up to that time very few but she mentioned Napoleon and some other exalted personages) that she had never been her husband's wife, and that he had been sacrificed.

But the law religion said the prince, already yielding.

"The law religion? What have they been invented for if they can't arrange that?" said Hélène.

The prince was surprised that so simple an idea had not occurred to him and he applied for advice to the holy brethren of the Society of Jesus, with whom he was on intimate terms.

A few days later the one of those enchanting letters which Hélène gave at her country house

rebec court was presented to her and she came to the garden by the light of the illuminations and to the sound of music talked to her father for the first time of this. "God, Christ, the Sacred Heart, and of the consolations the one true Catholic religion affords in this world and the next. Hélène was touched, and more than once tears rose to her eyes and those of Monsieur curdled her and then her voice trembled. A dance for which her partner came to seek her put an end to her discourse with her future daughter. Science but the next evening Monsieur curdled Jobert came to see Hélène when she was alone, and after that often came again.

One day he took the countess to the Roman Catholic church, where he knelt down before the altar at which he was led. The enchanting, middle-aged Frenchman laid his hand on her head and, as he herself afterwards described, she felt something like a firebreath wafted to her soul. I was explained to her that this was the grace.

After that the little frocked abbé was brought to her. She confessed to him and he absolved her from her sins. Next day he received her into the Sacred Host, which was left to her house for her participation. A few days later Hélène learned with pleasure that she had now been admitted to the true Catholic Church and that a few days the Pope himself would hear of her and would send her certain documents.

Lay member of the Society of Jesus.

All that was done around her and to her at this time, all the attention devoted to her by so many clever men and expressed in such pleasant, refined ways, and the state of dove-like purity she was in when (he wore only white dresses and white ribbon all that time) gave her pleasure but he pleasure did not make her forget for a moment to forget her aim. And

the operations necessary to the husband should be performed. In her view the aim of every religion was merely to preserve certain proprieties while affording satisfaction to human desires. And with this aim none of her talks with her Father Confessor she ended on an answer to the question how far was she bound by her marriage.

They were sitting in the twilight by the window in the drawing room. The scent of flowers came in with the window. Hélène was wearing a white dress transparent over her shoulders and bosom. The little well-fed man with plump lean shoulders and a pleasant firm mouth and white hands meekly folded on his knees, sat close to Hélène and with a subtle smile on his lips and peaceful look of delight at her beauty occasionally glanced at her face she explained his opinion on the subject. Hélène with an uneasy smile looked at his curly hair

part, by entering the married state without faith in the religious significance of marriage

curious? A carnal, mortal sin? A venial sin?

to destruction. They went away without thinking of the tremendous significance of that immense and wealthy city being given over to destruction for a great city with wooden buildings was certain when abandoned by its inhabitants to be burned. They went away each on his own account and yet it was only in consequence of their going away that the momentous event was accomplished that will always remain the greatest glory of the Russian people. The lady who, afraid of being stopped by Count Rostopchin's orders, had already in

the enormous popular tide that bore him along with it

CHAPTER VI

HELENE, having returned with the court from Vilna to Petersburg, found herself in a difficult position.

In Petersburg she had enjoyed the special protection of a grandee who occupied one of the highest posts in the Empire. In Vilna she had formed an intimacy with a young foreign prince. When she returned to Petersburg both the magnate and the prince were there and both claimed their rights. Hélène was faced by a new problem—how to preserve her intimacy with both without offending either.

What could have seemed difficult or even impossible to another woman did not cause the least embarrassment to Countess Ilenkova, who evidently deserved her reputation of being a very clever woman. Had she attempted concealment or tried to extricate herself from her awkward position by cunning, she would have spoiled her case by acknowledging her self-guilty. But Hélène, like a really great man who can do whatever he pleases at once assumed her own position to be correct as she sincerely believed it to be, and that everyone else was to blame.

The first time the young foreigner allowed himself to reproach her, she lifted her beautiful head and half turning to him said firmly:

That's just like a man—selfish and cruel! I expected nothing else. A woman sacrifices herself for you, she suffers, and this is her reward! What right have you, monsieur, to demand an account of my attachments and friendships? He is a man who has been more than a father to me! The prince was about to say some thing, but Hélène interrupted him.

Well, yes, said she, it may be that he has other sentiments for me than those of a father.

— "I will not go to my door
I will repay
monseigneur
intimate
feelings I render account only to God and to my conscience," she concluded, laying her hand on her beautiful, fully expanded bosom and looking up to heaven.

part of servant was really simply carrying out the great work which saved Russia. But Count Rostopchin, who now taunted those who left Moscow and now had the government offices removed, now distributed quite useless weapons to the drunken rabble, now had processions displaying the icons, and now forbade Father Augustin to remove icons or the relics of saints, now seized all the private carts in Moscow and on one hundred and thirty-six of them removed the balloon that was being constructed by Leppich, now hinted that he would burn Moscow and related how he had set fire to his own house, now wrote a proclamation to the French solemnly upbraiding them for having destroyed his orphanage, now claimed the glory of having hinted that he would burn Moscow and now repudiated the deed, now ordered the people to catch all spies and bring them to him, and now reproached them for doing so, now expelled all the French residents from Moscow, and now allowed Madame Aubert Chalmé (the center of the whole French colony in Moscow) to remain, but ordered the venerable old postmaster Alyucharsky to be arrested and exiled for no particular offense, now assembled the people

gate, now declared that he would
the fall of Moscow, and now wrote French verses in albums concerning his share in the
man did not understand the mean

feat, and like a child he made spontaneous and unavoidable mention of the abandonment and burning of Moscow—an ill-considered thing, his poor hand now to speed and now to stay

You don't design to debase yourself by marrying me, you said Hélène began to cry.

BOOK ELEVEN

beamed fingers. "Tell me as you would a
 man what I ought to do. Which of the two?"

Blank wrinkled up the skin over his eyes and pondered, with a smile on his lips. "You're not taking in un-ware, you know."

"You're not taking in un wares, you are
 not. As my friend, I ha thought and
 thought again about your aff or I u see if
 you want this prince -he meant th younger
 man- and he crooked one finger ou f rever
 bet. chance of marryin the other and you
 will disp ease the court bes des. (A u know
 there is som kind of connecti n) But if you
 marry the old count you will mak his last
 days a py and as wid w f the Grand the
 prince would no l ver be mak n a m call
 ever by marryin you, and Bilbin smoothed
 out his forehead.

"That true friend said Hélène beam-
ing and again touching Bilbin's sleeve. "But
I love them, you know and don't want to dis-
turb either of them. I would give my life for
the happiness of them both."

But in surging his shoulders, as much as
to say that not even he could help in that dif-
ficulty.

That what is called
putting things square. Sh would I'd to be
married all three at the same time, thought
he

But tell me, how will your husband look
L. matter?" Bilibin asked, his reputation
being so well established that he did not fear
any one. "Will he see?"

"Oh, he loves me so," said Hélène, who for some reason imagined that Pierre too loved her. He will do anything for me.

B. Ben puckered his skin in preparation for something witty.

"Even d'vorc' ou?" said he.
Hélèn laur' ed.

Also those who ventured to doubt the
proposed marriage was Hé
len's mother Princess Kura. She was con-
tinually tormented by jealousy of her daugh-
ter and was a jealous coarsened sub-

ter nd n w L t jealous to enter

And so I pray God have you, my
His holy and powerful keeping—
Höine.

berdth showed her extth Gospel
bich (t seemed to him) plaul f rds
renarrage hth husband is al re.

Armed with these arguments, which appeared to her unsatisfactory, she drew to her

"Countess, there is mercy for every sin."

But suddenly Hélène who was getting bored said with one of her bewitching smiles But I think that having espoused the true religion I cannot be bound by what a false religion laid upon me

The director of her conscience was astounded at having the case presented to him thus with the simplicity of Columbus' egg He was delighted at the unexpected rapidity of his pupil's progress but could not restrain his face of

1
said and began refuting his spiritual daughter's arguments

CHAPTER VII

HÉLÈNE UNDERSTOOD that the question was very simple and easy from the ecclesiastical point of view and that her directors were making difficulties only because they were apprehensive as to how the matter would be regarded by the secular authorities

So she decided that it was necessary to prepare the opinion of society She provoked the jealousy of the elderly magnate and told him that she had told her other suitor that is she put the matter so that the only way for him to obtain a right over her was to marry her The elderly magnate was at first as much taken aback by this suggestion of marriage with a woman whose husband was alive as the younger man had been but Hélène's imperturbable conviction that it was as simple and natural as marrying a maiden had its effect on him too Had Hélène herself shown the least sign of hesitation shame or secrecy her cause would certainly have been lost but not only did she show no signs of secrecy or shame on the contrary with good natured naïveté she told her intimate friends (and these were all Petersburg) that both the prince and the magnate had proposed to her and that she loved both and was afraid of grieving either

A rumor immediately spread in Petersburg not that Hélène wanted to be divorced from her husband (had such a report spread many would have opposed so illegal an intent on) but simply that the unfortunate and interesting Hélène was in doubt which of the two men she should marry The question was no longer whether this was possible but only which was the better match and how the matter could be regarded at court There were it is true some rigid individuals unable to rise to the height of such a question who saw in the project a desecration of the sacrament of mar-

riage but there were not many such and they remained silent while the majority were interested in Hélène's good fortune and in the question which match would be the more advantageous Whether it was right or wrong to remarry while one had a husband living they did not discuss for that

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Though people were afraid of Márya Dmitrievna she was regarded in Petersburg as a buffoon and so of what she had said they only noticed and repeated in a whisper the one coarse word she had used supposing the whole sting of her remark to lie in that word

Prince Vassili who of late very often forgot what he had said and repeated one and the same thing a hundred times remarked to his daughter whenever he chanced to see her

Hélène I have a word to say to you and he would lead her aside drawing her hand downward I have heard of certain projects concerning you know Well my dear child you know how your father's heart rejoices to know that you You have a sister I so much

But my dear child consult only your own heart That is all I have to say and concealing his unvarying emotion he would press his cheek against his daughter's and move away

Billbin who had not lost his reputation of an exceedingly clever man and who was one of the disinterested friends so brilliant a woman as Hélène always was—men friends who can never elude into lovers—once gave her his view of the matter at a small and intimate gathering

Lesten Billbin said Hélène (she always called friends of that sort by their surnames) and she touched his coat sleeve with her white

There was not room to be had at the inn they were all occupied. Pierre went out into the yard and, coining himself up head and all, lay down in his carriage.

CHAPTER IX

SCARCELY HAD PIERRE laid his head on the pillow before he felt himself fall asleep, but almost with the distinctness of reality he heard the boom boom boom of fire—the thud of projectiles, groans and cries,

—a feeling of being drenched in mud, and talked to the innkeeper Abo c Pierre heard some pigeons, disturbed by the movement he had made, flutter up flustered under the dark roof of the penthouse. The courtyard was permeated by a tranquil peaceful smell of table yards, daylight to Pierre at that moment. He could see the clear sky between the dark roofs of two pent houses.

"Thank God, there is no more of that he thought, covering his head again. Oh, what terrible thing is fear! how shamefully I yielded to it! But they—they were steady and calm all the time to the end of the war."

They in Pierre's mind, were the soldiers, those who had been in the battery those who had given him food, and those who had prayed before the cross. They those strange men he had not previously known stood out clearly and sharply from every else.

"I be sold or just soldier thought Pierre as he fell asleep to enter communion. I feel complete to be imbued by what makes them what they are. But how cast off all the mercenary, devilish burden of outer man. There was a time when I could have done it. I could have run away from my father as I wanted to. Or I might have been sent to serve as soldier for the duelling duelists. And the memory of this disaster to the English Club—had challenged Dostoevsky flashed through Pierre's mind. And his remembrance of the benefactor. Torzhkov. And now

Pierre. "Yes, he died and I did not know he was here. How sorry I am that he died and how glad I am that he is alive again. On one side of the table sat Anatole Dolokhov Nesvitski, Denisov and others like them (in his dream the category to which these men belonged was as clearly defined in his mind as the category of those he termed *they*) and he heard those people, Anatole and Dolokhov shout and sing loudly yet through their shouting the voice of his benefactor was heard speaking all the time and the sound of his words was as a holy and uninterrupted a the booming on the battlefield but pleasant and comforting. Pierre did not understand what his benefactor was saying but he knew (the categories of those who were so quite distinct in his dream) that he was talking of goodness and the possibility of being what they were. And they with their simple, kind, firm faces surrounded him by fact on all sides. But though they were kindly they did not look at Pierre and did not know him. Wish to speak and to attract their attention he got up but at that moment his legs grew cold and bare.

He felt ashamed, and with one arm covered his legs from which his cloak had slipped. For a moment as he was rearranging his cloak Pierre opened his eyes and saw the same pent house roofs, posts, and yard, but now they were all bluish, lit up and glittering with frost or dew.

In the dawn thought Pierre "But that is not what I want. I want to hear and understand my benefactor's words. And now he credited himself up with his cloak but now neither the lodger nor his benefactor was there. There were only the words clearly expressed in words, though his thoughts somehow were uttering so that he himself was forming it.

Afterwards when he recalled those thoughts Pierre was convinced that someone outside himself had spoken them, though the impressions of that dream had evoked them. He had never seemed to him been able to think or express his thoughts that when awake.

"To endure war the most difficult labor of man is freedom to the law of God," the voice had said. "Simplicity is submission to the will of God; you cannot escape from Him."

This letter was brought to Pierre's house when he was on the field of Borodino

CHAPTER VIII

TOWARD THE END of the battle of Borodino Pierre having run down from Raevski's battery a second time made his way through a gully to Knyazkovo with a crowd of soldiers reached the dressing station and seeing blood and hearing cries and groans hurried on still entangled in the crowds of soldiers

The one thing he now desired with his whole soul was to get away quickly from the terrible sensations amid which he had lived that day and return to ordinary conditions of life and sleep quietly in a room in his own bed. He felt that only in the ordinary conditions of life would he be able to understand himself and all he had seen and felt. But such ordinary conditions of life were nowhere to be found.

Though shells and bullets did not whistle

suffering exhausted and sometimes strangely indifferent faces the same blood the same soldiers overcoats the same sounds of firing which though distant now still aroused terror and besides this there were the foul air and the dust

Having gone a couple of miles along the Mozhaysk road Pierre sat down by the roadside

Dusk had fallen and the roar of guns died away. Pierre lay leaning on his elbow for a long time gazing at the shadows that moved past

and sat up. He had no idea how long he had been there. In the middle of the night three soldiers having brought some firewood settled down near him and began lighting a fire.

The soldiers who threw sidelong glances at Pierre got the fire to burn and placed an iron pot on it into which they broke some dried bread and put a little dripping. The pleasant odor of greasy hands mingled with the smell

And who may you be? one of them suddenly asked Pierre evidently meaning what Pierre himself had in mind namely If you want to eat we'll give you some food only let us know whether you are an honest man

I I said Pierre feeling it necessary to minimize his social position as much as possible so as to be nearer to the soldiers and better understood by them. By rights I am a militia officer but my men are not here. I came to the battle and have lost them.

There now! said one of the soldiers.

Another shook his head.

Would you like a little mash? the first soldier asked and handed Pierre a wooden spoon after licking it clean.

Pierre sat down by the fire and began eating the mash as they called the food in the cauldron and he thought it more delicious than any food he had ever tasted. As he sat bending greedily over it helping himself to large spoonfuls and chewing one after another his face was lit up by the fire and the soldiers looked at him in silence.

Where have you to go to? Tell us! said one of them.

To Mozhaysk.

You're a gentleman aren't you?

Yes.

And what's your name?

Peter Kirilych.

Well then Peter Kirilych come along with us we'll take you there.

In the total darkness the soldiers walked with Pierre to Mozhaysk.

with the soldiers quite forgetting that his inn was at the bottom of the hill and that he had already passed it. He would not soon have remembered this such was his state of forgetfulness. Had he not halfway up the hill stumbled upon his groom who had been to look for him in the town and was returning to the inn. The groom recognized Pierre in the darkness by his white hat.

Your excellency! he said. Why were you beginning to despair! How is it you are on foot? And where are you going please?

Oh yes! said Pierre.

The soldiers stopped.

So you've found your folk? said one of them. Well good by Peter Kirilych—isn't it?

Good by Peter Kirilych! Pierre heard the other voices repeat.

Good by! he said and turned with his groom toward the inn.

I ought to give them something! he thought and felt in his pocket. No better not! said another inner voice.

There not a room t be l l at the inn
they e e l l c up ed Perre went out t
the yard and c i g h m s lf up head a d
all lay d n h s carr ge

CHAPTER IX

CHAPTER IX
SCA E Y H D PIERRE I d h head on the p l
l bef e f e felt l mself f l l g asleep b t
d bef e lmost w th the d t tness f r
lty hel a d t e b m b om b om of f r
g th l u d f p o j e c t l e gr s nd cr e s
d smelld blood a d p o d a d d feeling
l h r r a d d ead of d a t l se d h m f l l d

Perre Yes he d ed and I d d not know I e
 wa al ve f low sorry I am th t he d ed an l
 h w glad I an t t a t e is al e gain! On one
 s de of the table sat A tole Dólokl ov Nes-
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P rre a d d d n t kn w h m W sl t
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but at tl at mo ne t h s legs grew c ld and
bare

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h dg h m food d those wh h d pray l
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h t l w nt l wa t to hear a d understand
my b nef to sw d Aga n he co ered h m
elf up w th l s l k but w e the tle
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T b l d e r j u t l d e r! t h u g h t
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d m w h t t h y r e B t h w t o f f l l t h
p e l l d l h b u d e n f m y t r m ?
T h e w t m e w h e n I u l d h e d t i
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s o l d f t t h e d e l w t l D l k h

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Perr w co ced th t s m o e outs de
h mself h l p ke them th gh the mp es
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A d i l e y e m p l e T l e y d n t t k b t c t
T h e s p k n w l l e r b u t t h e u n s p o k e n s
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h e f r s d t h b t h w h d o e s n o t f t p s
s e s e s l l f t h e w e r e n u f f e g m a n y o u l d

p f sol m m et g f the l dge p e
d l l to l m d l tw t k ng pl t
the E gl l Cl b d meo en r nd d
to h m sat t th e d f th t ble yes th t
h l l t my b f ct But l d ed! th ht

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CHAPTER VIII

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Though shells and bullets did not whistle over the road along which he was going still on all sides there was what there had been on the field of battle. There were still the same suffering exhausted and sometimes strangely indifferent faces the same blood the same soldiers overcoats the same sounds of firing which though distant now still aroused terror and besides this there were the foul air and the dust.

Having gone a couple of miles along the Mozhiysk road Pierre sat down by the road side.

Dusk had fallen and the roar of guns died away. Pierre lay leaning on his elbow for a long time gazing at the shadows that moved past him in the darkness. He was continually imagining that a cannon ball was flying toward him with a terrific whizz and then he shuddered and sat up. He had no idea how long he had been there. In the middle of the night three soldiers having brought some firewood settled down near him and began lighting a fire.

The soldiers who threw sidelong glances at Pierre got the fire to burn and placed an iron pot on it into which they broke some dried bread and put a little dripping. The pleasant odor of greasy hands mingled with the smell of smoke. Pierre sat up and sighed. The three soldiers were eating and talking among themselves taking no notice of him.

And who may you be? one of them suddenly asked Pierre evidently meaning what Pierre himself had in mind namely: If you want to eat we'll give you some food only let us know whether you are an honest man.

I I said Pierre feeling it necessary to minimize his social position as much as possible so as to be nearer to the soldiers and better understood by them. By rights I am a militia man.

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Good by! Peter Kirilych! Pierre heard the other voices repeat.

Good by! he said and turned with his groom toward the inn.

I ought to give them something! he thought and felt in his pocket. No better not! said another inner voice.

There as not room to be had at the inn
they e e ll occup ed. Perr w nt out into
th yard d co er g h m elf up head and
ll, lay d n n h s carri ge.

CHAPTER IX

SCARCELY H. PIERRE I d h head on th p l
low bef e he felt h m s lf fall a leep but
sudd nl almost w th the d t c t es f re-
al ty h heard the b om boom bo m of fir-
ng th th d f p ject les gro ns nd cries
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m d, and talked

Perr head some p eo d t rbed by the
mo emen he had made n s tt up fluttered
under the da k roof f th p nthouse The
hol courtyard was permeated by str
pe f l m ll f stable yards del l f ul t
Perre t that moment. He could ee the clear
tarry ky between th dark roof of tw pent
houses.

"Th k God ther n m e of th t l he
thought, co eri up h s h d aga n Oh
what terr ble th g fea d how hame
fully l y elded t t But they they wer
eady d calm all the t me to th nd
tho gh t he.

They Perr m nd, w th sold ers
those h h d been t th b ttery those wh
had g h m food nd th ew h h d prayed
bef the n They those tra ge m n h
had t prev usly k wn stood out clearly
d sharply from ery lse

"T be sold jst sold er thought
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lf compl t l to be mbued by wh t makes
them wha they re But l w cas ff ll the
perfl u d l h bu d f my uter m n?
Ther wa t m when I could h d n t l
ld h run way from my f ther as l
a ted t O l m gh t h be t to erve
sold fter th d l w d l kh

A d th memory f th d nner t the E gl h
Cl b h l h dch ll ed D l kh flashed
hrou h Perr m d d l l mem
bered h be f ct t T rzh k A d n w
p f solem meet g f h l dge p
w ed self h m d l w t k gpl t
th E gl l Cl b d someo e near nd dear
h m sat t the e d f h table Yes th t s
h l l t my be f ct But h d ed th u ht

Perre "Yes he d ed and I d d not know he
was l e Ho sorry I am that l e d ed and
how gl d I am that l e is al e ga ! On one
s de of the t ble sat Anatole Dól k lo Nes-
vitski Deniso and others like tl em (n h s
dream the categ ry to wh ch these men be-
l nged was as clea ly defi ed in h m nd as
the category of those l e termed they) nd he
heard those people Anatole a d Dól k ho
sh ut ng nds g g l udly yet throu h the r
shout ng the v e of h s benefact r wa heard
peak g ll the t me nd the so nd of h s
w ds w s as we g l ty d un interrupted a the
boom ng on the battlefeld but pleasant nd
comfort g Perr d d ot underst nd what
er wa say g but he knew (the

t nct
w dness
were.

faces

es. But

look at

thou h they we e k uy t j o
P rre and d d not kn w h m W l n o
speak d t attract the r ttent he got up
but t th t m m nt h legs gre cold and
bare

H felt hamed and w th one rm co ered
h legs f m wh ch h us do kh d n f ct l pped.
Fo m me t h a rra g gh clo k
Perr op ed his eyes nd saw the me pent
house roof p t s nd yard but now th y were
ll blu sh l t up and gl ttering w th fro t or
des

It dawn thou ht Perr But th t s n t
wh t l wa t l wa t to lear nd u d rst d
my b n f cto s wo ds Aga he co red hum
elf up w th h cl ak but n w e th r the
lodoe n h s benef ct r wa there There were
only th ughts clea ly p es ed n word
th ht th t someo ew utte gor that he
h m l f f r mul t g

Aft rw ds when h recalled thos thou h s
P r r w con need that someo e outs de
h mself had pok n them thou h the mpre-
son of th t d y h d exoked th m He had
ever t emed t h m be n able to th nk
and exp ess h th l t l k e that when awake

"To nd wa th m t d f ficult subo-
d t f man f eed m t th l w of God,

g lde V l ca b m t u h
h fears death but h who does n t f ar t pos-
sesses all lf ther were n suffer m n would

not know his limitations would not know himself. The hardest thing [Pierre went on thinking or hearing in his dream] is to be able in your soul to unite the meaning of all. To unite all? he asked himself. No, not to unite. Thoughts cannot be united, but to harness all these thoughts together is what we need! Yes, one must harness them, must harness them! he repeated to himself with inward rapture, feeling that these words and they alone expressed what he wanted to say and solved the question that tormented him.

Yes, one must harness it, it is time to harness.

Time to harness, time to harness, your excellency! Your excellency! some voice was perceiving. We must harness, it is time to harness.

It was the voice of the groom trying to wake him. The sun shone straight into Pierre's face. He glanced at the dirty innyard in the middle of which soldiers were watering their lean horses at the pump while carts were passing out of the gate. Pierre turned away with repugnance and closing his eyes quickly fell back on the carriage seat. No, I don't want that, I don't want to see and understand that. I want to understand what was revealing itself to me in my dream. One second more and I should have understood it all! But what am I to do? Harness, but how can I harness every thing? and Pierre felt with horror that the meaning of all he had seen and thought in the dream had been destroyed.

The groom, the coachman and the innkeeper told Pierre that an officer had come with news that the French were already near Mohylsk and that our men were leaving it.

Pierre got up and having told them to harness and overtake him, went on foot through the town.

The troops were moving on, leaving about ten thousand wounded behind them. There were wounded in the yards at the windows of the houses and the streets were crowded with them. In the streets around carts that were to take some of the wounded away shouts, curses and blows could be heard. Pierre offered the use of his carriage which had overtaken him to a wounded general he knew and drove with him to Moscow. On the way Pierre was told of the death of his brother-in-law Anatole and of that of Prince Andrew.

CHAPTER X

ON THE THIRTIETH OF AUGUST Pierre reached Moscow. Close to the gates of the city he was

met by Count Rostopchin.

"I ask you to come to him at once on a very important matter."

Without going home Pierre took a cab and drove to see the Moscow commander-in-chief. Count Rostopchin had only that to

"I had come for orders. Vasilchikov and Platonov had already seen the count and explained to him that it was impossible to defend Moscow and that it would have to be surrendered. Though this news was being concealed from the inhabitants, the officials—the heads of the various government departments—knew that Moscow would soon be in the enemy's hands, just as Count Rostopchin himself knew it and to escape personal responsibility they had all come to the governor to ask how they were to deal with their various departments."

As Pierre was entering the reception room a courier from the army came out of Rostopchin's private room.

In answer to questions with which he was greeted, the courier made a despairing gesture with his hand and passed through the room.

While waiting in the reception room Pierre with weary eyes watched the various officials, old and young, military and civilian, who were there. They all seemed dissatisfied and uneasy. Pierre went up to a group of men, one of whom he knew. After greeting Pierre they continued their conversation.

"Late now, for anything?"

"But you see what he rises," said another, pointing to a printed sheet he held in his hand.

"That's another matter. That's necessary for the people," said the first.

"What is it?" asked Pierre.

"Oh, it's a fresh broadsheet."

Pierre took it and began reading.

"His Seren Highness is pleased to go Monday, the 1st, with the troops, towards the station, past the post, where the young will soon be killed, the elite goes with him, it has been decided from the 1st, His Seren Highness will defend Moscow to the last drop of blood, it is even really fought in the streets. Do not be upset."

BOOK ELEVEN

brothers that the law courts are closed things
 have to be put in order and we will deal with all
 business our way. When the time comes I shall
 win both our and peasant lands and will raise
 the cry that two before and better than ten
 will be yet so I shall make peace. And will be use-
 ful, hunting spears, bad, but three-pronged
 fork will be better. Frenchman is no hero
 than sheep drive. Tomorrow after dinner I shall
 take the Iberian count to the Mother of God to the
 wounded in the Catherine Hospital where we will
 have some war blessed. That will help them to
 get well quicker. I too must now on for my
 eyes was sore but now I am on the look out with
 both.

"But military men have told me that it is
 impossible to fight in this town," said Perre,
 and that the position is

"Well, of course. That what we were say-
 ing," replied the first speaker.

"And what does he mean by 'O' of my
 eyes was sore but I am on the look out with
 both?" asked Perre.

"The count had only replied the djuta
 smiling, and was very much upset when I told
 him people had come to ask what was the mat-
 ter with him. By the by Count, he added
 suddenly address me Perre with a smile
 heard that you have family troubles and that
 the countess, our wife.

"I have heard that," Perre replied un-
 concerned. "But what have you heard?"

"Oh, well, you know people often in-
 terfere. I have said what I heard."

"But what did you hear?"

"Well, they said you turned the djuta
 with the same smile, that the countess, your
 wife, is preparing to go abroad. I expect it's
 nonsense."

bl. peasant to erect with big no
 beard, deep brown, d. rudd. face.

H. Tha. tradesman that is say he
 the estaura keeper Vereshchagin. Perhaps
 you have heard of his affair with the procla-
 ma so.

Oh so that is Vereshchagin, said Perre,
 looking at the firm calm face of the old man
 and seeking indication of his being
 true.

"That is himself that the father of
 the fellow who wrote the proclamation," said
 the djuta. "The young man in prison
 I expect will go hard with him."

An old gentleman wearing star and another

official a German wearing cross round his
 neck, approached the speaker.

It is a complicated story you know, said
 the djuta. "That proclamation appeared
 about two months ago. The count was in-
 formed of it. He gave orders to investigate the
 matter. Gabriel Ivach here made the in-
 quiry. The proclamation had passed through
 exactly three hands. He asked one from
 the other. From so-and-so. He went

trader, said he. And the position is
 a delicate matter. When you ask it you find
 that we knew whom he had taken from. He could
 only have had it from the Postmaster. But evi-
 dently they had come to some understanding.
 He replied, "From no one. I made it up my-
 self. They threatened and questioned him,
 but he stuck to it. I made it up myself. And
 so it was reported to the count, who sent for
 the man. From whom did you get the procla-
 ma on? I wrote it myself. Well, you know
 the count, said the djuta cheerfully with a
 smile of pride, "he flared up dreadfully—
 just think of the fellow's audacity!—and
 obscurity."

And the count wanted him to say it was
 from Ivachare? I understand! said Perre.

"Not at all," rejoined the djuta in dis-
 missive. "Ivachare had his own share to answer
 for what that fellow did. It is why he has been
 banished. But the point is that the count was
 much annoyed. How could you have written
 it yourself," said he, "he took up the H. M.
 burr Gazette that was lying on the table."

... yourself but

attended an appointment. I made it up myself. If
 that so you can't trace or find I'll have you
 tried, and you'll be hanged. Say from whom
 you had it. I have seen no persons. I made it
 up myself. And that was the end of it. The
 count had the father fetched, but the fellow
 stuck to it. He was sent for trial and con-
 demned to hard labour. I believe. Now the fa-
 ther has come to intercede for him. But that
 good for nothing! You know that sort of
 tradesman so dandy and dandy. He
 attended some lectures somewhere and ma-
 kines that the devil is no match for him. That
 sort of fellow who is. His father keeps cook-
 shop here by the Stone Bridge, and you know

Pierre dressed hurriedly and instead of going to see them, went to the back porch and out through the gate.

From that time till the end of the destruction of Moscow none of Bezukhov's household, despite all the arches they made saw Pierre again knew where he was.

CHAPTER XII

The Rostovs remained in Moscow till the first of September, that is, till the evening of their enemy's entry into the city.

After Petya had joined Obolenski's regiment of Cossacks of the Belaya Tserkva here that regiment was forming the countess's

both of them might be killed. . . .
sons of one of her acquaintances truck her that manner for the first time with cruel clearness. She tried to get Nicholas back downed go herself to join Petya to get them in position somewhere Petersburg but neither of these proposals Petya could not turn unless his regiment did so or unless he was transferred to the command of the service. Nicholas was somewhere with the army. He did not send word of his last letter. Nicholas had given a detailed account of his . . . Mary. The countess did

near Moscow. The Petya would manage the service this transfer would give the countess the consolation of seeing at least one of her sons under her. . . . hoped to arrange matters for Petya so that he might go. . . . but I was in places where he could not possibly take part. . . . As I go, . . . I was in danger the countess imagined that he had her first born man. . . . her other children. . . . even approached her. . . . but when her guest the scapegrace would have been. . . . less. . . . would break things. . . . the house and make him a nuisance to everybody that. . . . Petya with his merry black eyes and fresh cheeks where so down was just beginning to show—when he was thrown among those dreadful cruel which were full of some. . . . boutsome

th and apparently finding pleasure in it—then his mother thought she would like to see much more than all her other children. The nearer the time came for Petya to return the more easily grew the countess. She began to think she would never see such happiness. The presence of Sonya of her beloved Natasha even of her husband rattled her. What do I not wish them? I want no one but Petya she thought.

At the end of August the Rostovs received another letter from Nicholas. He wrote from the province of Voronezh where he had been sent to procure recruits but that letter did not ease the countess's mind. Knowing that one son was out of danger she became the more anxious about Petya.

Though by the twentieth of August nearly all the Rostovs acquaintances had left Moscow and though everybody tried to persuade the countess to get away as quickly as possible, she would not hear of leaving before her twentieth. Petya returned. On that evening of August he married. The passionate tenderness with which his mother received him did not please the sixteen-year-old officer. Though he concealed from his mother's tent on of keeping him under her wing Petya guessed he designed to suitably fear that he might become a woman's as he termed it to himself—he treated her coldly and

On the twentieth count customary carelessness the general ready for their departure by the twentieth evening of August and the carts that were to come from them to Ryazan and Moscow estates to them. . . . the husband's bedchamber did not arrive till the twentieth.

From the twentieth till the twenty-first Moscow was a bustle and many. . . . Erydryth usands of men would be. . . . D. . . . gate. . . . gate. . . . of Moscow and thousands of carts conveyed the inhabitants. . . . the possession of the other gates. . . . I. . . . Ros. . . . sheets. . . . because of them independently of them. . . . the. . . . most contradictory rumors were current in the town. . . . that no one was to be allowed to leave the city others on the contrary said that it had been had been. . . . the churches. . . . everybody was to be

there was a large icon of God Almighty painted with a scepter in one hand and an orb in the other. Well, he took that icon home with him for a few days and what did he do? He found some scoundrel of a painter

CHAPTER XI

IN THE MIDDLE of this fresh tale Pierre was summoned to the commander in chief

When he entered the private room Count Rostopchin puckering his face was rubbing his forehead and eyes with his hand. A short

Rostopchin as soon as the short man had left the room. We have heard of your prowess. But that's not the point. Between ourselves *mon cher*, do you belong to the Masons? he went on severely as though there were some thing wrong about it which he nevertheless intended to pardon. Pierre remained silent. I am well informed, my friend, but I am aware that there are Masons and Masons and I hope that you are not one of those who on pretense of saving mankind wish to ruin Russia.

Yes I am a Mason, Pierre replied.

There you see *mon cher*! I expect you know that Messrs Speranski and Magnitski have been deported to their proper place. Mr Klyucharev has been treated in the same way and so have others who on the plea of building up the temple of Solomon have tried to destroy the temple of their fatherland. You can understand that there are reasons for this and that I could not have exiled the Postmaster had he not been a harmful person. It has now come to my knowledge that you lent him your carriage for his removal from town and that you have even accepted papers from him for

munication with men of that stamp and to leave here as soon as possible.

But what did Klyucharev do wrong, Count? asked Pierre.

That is for me to know, but not for you to ask, shouted Rostopchin.

If he is accused of circulating Napoleon's

and

There you are! Rostopchin said at Pierre louder than before frowning suddenly. Vereshchagin is a renegade and a traitor who

will be punished as he deserves. And I will with the vindictive heat with which people speak when recalling an insult. But I did not summon you to discuss my actions. I put to give you advice—or an order if you prefer it. I beg you to leave the town and break off all communication with such men as Klyucharev. And I will knock the nonsense out of anybody—but probably realizing that he was shouting at Bezuk

and I haven't time to be polite to everybody who has business with me. My head is some times in a whirl. Well, *mon cher*, what are you doing personally?

Why nothing, answered Pierre without raising his eyes or changing the thoughtful expression of his face.

The count frowned.

A word of friendly advice, *mon cher*. Be off as soon as you can. That's all I have to tell you. Happy he who has ears to hear. Good by my dear fellow. Oh by the by! he shouted through the doorway after Pierre. Is it true that the countess has fallen into the clutches of the holy fathers of the Society of Jesus?

Pierre did not answer and left Rostopchin's room more sullen and angry than he had ever before shown himself.

When he reached home it was already getting dark. Some eight people had come to see him that evening: the secretary of a committee, the colonel of his battalion, his steward, his major-domo, and various petitioners. They all had business with Pierre and wanted decisions from him. Pierre did not understand and was not interested in any of these questions and only answered them in order to get rid of these people. When left alone at last he opened and read his wife's letter.

They, the soldiers at the battery, I once Andrew killed that old man. Simplicity is submission to God. Suffering is necessary, the meaning of all. One must harness my wife is getting married. One must forget and understand. And going to bed he threw himself on it without unfessing, and immediately fell asleep.

When he awoke next morning the major-domo came to inform him that a special messenger, a police officer, had come from Count Rostopchin to know whether Count Bezukhov had left or was leaving the town.

A dozen persons who had business with Pierre were awaiting him in the drawing-room.

The es and footstep of the mny serv-
ants d of th pe ts who had c me w th
the carts resou ded s they h uted to one an
other n the y rd d n the h u e The count
b d be o t n e m n ng The c untess h d
h adache br ght by li the n e and
turn l d wa ly g l w n n the news tting
room w th a nega comp es on h r head.
m he h d g n to sta

hands the o ^{de us}
in) huch l e had wo n t her frst Petersburg
ball.

N tásha wa ash m d fd ng noth ng when

p le young officer w l y ns de Natásha
mo ed a few step f rward nd stopped lyly
till hold ng her h ndker h ef and l ster ed to
wl at the hous keeper w s say g

"Then y u l a n body n M scow? he
w s say ng You wo ld be m re comf table
somewhe e n l u e n ours f n tance
the f m ly are le ng

I d n t kno f t w uld be allowed re
pl ed the ffce n a w ak o ce Here so r
omm nd ng ff er a k him and he
p nted to tout m jor who was walk g b ck
along the street p st the row of ca ts

Natá h gla ced w th fr ghtened eyes at the
face of the w nded officer a d at once i ent
t meet the maj

May the w nded men stay n ou louse?
she a ked.

The majo ra sed h l and to h s cap w th a
sm le

"Wh ch one d you want M am elle? s d
he screw gup h eyes a d m ng

N tásh qu etly epe ted her quest on and
he f ce and whole ma n r we e so erous
th ugh h w t ll h ld ng the ends of her
handke ch ef that th maj r ceased sm ng
d after some r fl t n— f co sder g n
how far th th ng was po ble—repl ed n tle
affirm t e

Th m he sa d

to be p ck d i e u u

D nyá h y up ck l Y u w ll w nt you
dea? A d when Du já h w ll gly p m
sed to d t ll f h N tásha t d wn on
the floo took h old ball d es nd fell to
r e qu t l d t wh t ought t
ha occup d h thoughts w She was
us d f m herr er by th talk f th m ds
the ext oom (whuch was th irs) d by
the sou d f th hurr d footst p g ng t
the b k po ch N tá h got p d look d
o t f the w d w A en rm usly l g w
f cars f ll f w nded m n h d t pped n
th t ret

Th h usek ep th old nurse the ooks
oachme m d footm post l n nd
scull s tood t the gat ta g t th
ded.

N tásh throw g clean pock t handker
h f her h nd h ld g n d of t n

off

"They m y He ys they m y l wh pe ed
N tásha

Th cart n wh ch the fficer l y was tu ned
t the Rost s y rd and do ens f carts
w th w u d m den began t th n tat of
th t w f lk to tu n into th y ds nd t
dr w up t th entra ces of the houses n Po-
káy Street N tá h w ev d ntly pl d
t b de l g with n w pe ple o t s d the d
nary un f he l fe. She nd Má v ra kuz
min ch t red to get m ny of the w nded
as pos ble nt the y rd

Y ur P p must b t ld th ugh sa d Má
ra k. zm h

Ne er m nd never m d wh t d es t mat
te? F ed y w ca m nt th dr
g oom. They can ha ll ou h lf of t h
h use

"There ow y u gl dy y u do tak th gs
t y u h d E en f w put them t th
w the m oom o the nurs room w
m t ask perm ss n.

ordered to leave. Some said there had been an other battle after Borodino at which the French had been routed while others on the contrary reported that the Russian army had

Thir...spered that Augustin had been forbidden to leave that traitors had been seized that the peasants were rioting and robbing people on their way from Moscow and so on. But all this was only talk in reality (though the Council of Pill at which it was decided to abandon Moscow had not yet been held) both those who went away and those who remained behind felt though they did not show it that Moscow would certainly be abandoned and that they ought to get away as quickly as possible and save their belongings. It was felt that everything would suddenly break up and change but up to the first of September nothing had done so. As a criminal who is being led to execution knows that he must die immediately but yet looks about him and straightens the cap that is awry on his head so Moscow involuntarily continued its wonted life though it knew that the time of its destruction was near when the conditions of life to which its people were accustomed to submit would be completely un

Sonya felt that this was true that the only possibility of retrieving the Ro... by N... the ter... her grief or perhaps just because of it she took on herself all the difficult work of directing the string and packing of their things and was busy for whole days. The count and countess turned to her when they had any orders to give. Petya and Natasha on the contrary far from helping their parents were generally a nuisance and a hindrance to everyone. Almost all day long the house resounded with their running feet their cries and their spontaneous laughter. They laughed and were gay not because there was any reason to laugh but because grief and mirth were in their hearts and so everything that happened was a cause for grief and laughter to them. Petya was in high spirits because having left home a boy he had returned (as everybody told him) a fine young man because he was at home because he had left Bélaya Tserkov where there was no hope of soon taking part in a battle and had come to Moscow where there was to be fighting in a few days and chiefly because Natasha who he loved he always followed as in his childhood

tion...atious activities. The head of the family Count Ilyá Rostov continually drove about the city collecting the current rumors from all sides and gave superficial and hasty orders at home about the preparations for their departure.

The countess watched the things being packed and as dissatisfied with everything was constantly in pursuit of Petya who was always running away from her and w

But of late Sonya had been particularly sad and silent. Nicholas letter in which he mentioned P...

I was never pleased at Bolkonski's engagement to Natasha said the countess but I always wanted Nicholas to marry the princess and had a presentiment that it would happen. What a good thing it would be!

Archbishop of Moscow.—Tr.

if you because she had someone to adore her the adoration of others was a lubricant the wheels of her machine needed to make them run freely—and Petya loved her. Above all they were gay because there was a war near Moscow there would be fighting at the town gates arms were being given out everybody was escaping—going away some where and in general something extraordinary was happening and that is always exciting especially to the young

CHAPTER XIII

...out or moved about and the mirrors and pictures had been taken down. There were trunks in the rooms and heavy wrapping paper and boxes were scattered about. The peasants and house servants carrying out the things were treating easily on the parquet floors. The yard was crowded with peasant carts some loaded high and already corded up others still empty.

from the overroom. A third case was needed.

"Servants had gone to fetch it."

"S. V. was a bit—w. 'll pick everything up."

"You said, M. S., we have tried to," said the

butler's assistant.

"But must please."

And Natasha began rapidly taking out of the case the silver plates wrapped in paper.

"The dishes must go in here—moving the carpets," said she.

"With mercy if we can get the carpets alone to three cases," said the butler's assistant.

"Oh, wait, please. And Natasha began

rapidly and deftly sorting out the things.

"These are not needed," said she, putting in as de-

corate as possible. "These—these—these must go among the carpets—these said, I refer

to the S. V. h. na dishes."

"Don't, Natasha! Leave it alone. We'll get

it all packed," urged Sonya reproachfully.

"What young lady she's remarking the

myself."

But Natasha would not give in. She turned

eventually out and began quickly repacking, deciding that the inferior Russian carpets and

unnecessary crockery should not be taken at

all. When everything had been taken out of

the cases, they recommenced packing and it

turned out that when the heaver they were not

worth taking had all been rejected, the

valuable ones really did all go into the two

cases. Only the lid of the case contained the

carpets would not shift down. A few more

carpets might have been taken out, but Natasha

used her own weight. She

pressed, pressed, pressed, and the butler's

aid, Petya—whom she had drawn in

to the business of packing—pressed on the lid,

and made herself comfortable.

"That's enough," Natasha said to Sonya. "I

will now wait a bit, but just take out the top

one."

"I cried Natasha, with a sigh, and

looked at her hair that hung over her per-

son's face while with this she pressed

down the carpets. Now press Petya. Press,

push, push, hard, he cried.

The carpets, indeed, did close. Nat-

asha, lapping her hands, screamed with de-

light and ears filled from her eyes. But this only

lasted a moment. She once set on her feet

and they now pressed her completely. The

only way was not angry even when they told him

that Natasha had ordered an order for

him and the servants now came to her to ask

whether a cart was sufficiently loaded and

whether it might be corded up. Thanks to Nat-

asha direct on the work now went on ex-

pediently unnecessary things were left, and

the most valuable packed as compactly as pos-

sible.

That night another wounded man was

driven down the Potanitsky and V. ra kuz-

min house who was standing in the gate had

him brought into the Rostov's yard. Mavra

was very m-

and

He

don't expect to get him home at

house of our own in Moscow but to

was from here, and there nobody living in

it.

Do us the honor to come in there a party

of everything in the master house. Come in,

said Mavra Kuzminichna. Is he evil?" he

asked.

He attended to a hopeless gesture.

"We don't expect to get him home. We must

ask the doctor.

And the old servant got down from the box

and went up to the cart.

All right, said the doctor.

The old servant returned to the liche

looked into it, shook his head disconsolately

and told the driver to turn into the yard and

topped bed of Mavra Kuzminichna.

O Lord Jesus Christ! she murmured.

She invited them to take the wounded man

into the house.

"The masters won't object," she said.

But they had to go on carrying the man up-

stairs, and so they took him into the wing and

put him in the room that had been Madame

Schoss.

This wounded man was Prince Andrew Bol-

konski.

Well I'll ask "

to

roc

Hoffman's drops s a smell of vinegar and

Hoffman's drops

Are you asleep Mamma?

Oh what sleep— said the countess waking up just as she was dropping into a doze

Mamma darling! said Natásha kneeling by her mother and bringing her face close to her mother's I am sorry forgive me I'll never do it again I woke you up! Mávla Kuzmínichna has sent me they have brought some wounded here—officers Will you let them come? They have nowhere to go I knew you'd let them come she said quickly all in one breath

What officers? Whom have they brought? I don't understand anything about it said the countess

Natásha laughed and the countess too smiled slightly

I knew you'd give permission so I'll tell them and having kissed her mother Natásha got up and went to the door

In the hall she met her father who had returned with bad news

We've stayed too long! said the count with involuntary vexation The Club is closed and the police are leaving

Papa is it all right—I've invited some of the wounded into the house? said Natásha

Of course it is he answered absently That's not the point I beg you not to indulge in trifles now but to help to pack and tomorrow we must go go go!

And the count gave a similar order to the major-domo and the servants

At dinner Pétia having returned home told them the news he had heard He

and obstinate which there would be no contradicting and her plans could be spoiled and so hoping to arrange to leave before then and take Pétia with her as their protector and defender she did not answer him but after dinner called the count aside and implored him with tears to take her away quickly that very night if possible With a woman's involuntary loving cunning she who till then had not shown any alarm said that she would die of fright if they did not leave that very night Without any pretense she was now afraid of everything

CHAPTER XIV

MADAME SCHLOSS who had been out to visit her daughter increased the countess's fears still more by her dealings with that

cause of a drunken crowd rioting in front of the shop She had taken a cab and driven home by a side street and the cabman had told her that the people were breaking open the barrels at the drink store having received orders to do so

After dinner the whole Rostov household set to work with enthusiastic haste packing their belongings and preparing for their departure The old count suddenly setting to work kept passing from the yard to the house and back again shouting confused instructions to the hurrying people and flurrying them still more

more and more about the house and yard shouting and disputing Natásha with the air of a person characteristic of all she did suddenly set to work too At first her intervention in the business of packing was received skeptically Everybody expected some rank from her and did not wish to obey her but she resolutely and passionately demanded obedience grew angry and nearly cried because they did not heed her and at last succeeded in making them believe her Her first exploit which cost her immense effort and established her authority

the windows were standing open in the ballroom one almost full up with crockery the other with carpets There was also much china standing on the tables and still more was lying about it

Mama Timoféevna who had been her lady's maid before her marriage and now performed the work of chief gendarme said to her, "Come, my dear, let us go and see the countess. She will be left behind. On inquiry the countess learned that Madame Schoss was offended because her trunk had been taken down from the cart, and all the loads were being unloaded and the luggage taken into the carts to make room for the wounded men in the courtyard. The simplicity of his heart had ordered that they should take with them. The countess sent for her husband.

"What is this, my dear? I hear that the luggage is being unloaded.

"You know I told you that I wanted to tell you. Countess dear, an officer came to me to ask for five carts for the wounded. After all, ours are things that can be bought but the ink what being left behind means to them. Really now in our own yard—we asked them in our selves and there are officers among them. You know I think, my dear, let them be taken where they hurry?"

The countess poked him as he always did when talking of money matters. The countess was accustomed to this precursor of news of something detrimental to the children's interests, such as the building of new galleries, conservatory, the inauguration of private theater orchestra. She was accustomed always to oppose anything unbecoming in that kind to which he considered his duty to do so.

She assumed her deliberately submissive manner and said to her husband, "Listen to me, Count. You have many matters so that we are getting on nothing in the house and now you wish to throw away all our—all the household property. I said myself that we have a hundred thousand rubles worth of things in the house. I do consent, my dear, I do not. Do as you please. Let the government's business to look after the wounded they know that. Look the Lopukhins oppose they cleared out everything in days go. That whatever people did by whom who fools. If you have no pity on me, have some for the children.

Flourish his arms in despair the count left the room without reply.

"Papa, what do you do now that I asked you? He who had filled him to her mother room.

"What business is it of yours?"

muttered the count angrily.

But I heard said Natásha. "Why does Mama object?"

"What business is it of yours?" cried the count.

Natásha stepped up to the window and pondered.

"Papa! Here is Berg coming to see us," said he looking out of the window.

CHAPTER XVI

Berg the Rostóv son-in-law was already a colonel wearing the orders of Vladimir and Anna and he filled the quiet and agreeable post of assistant to the head of the staff of the assistant commander of the first division of the Second Army.

On the first of September he had come to Moscow from the army.

He had nothing to do in Moscow but he had noticed that everyone in the army was asking for leave to visit Moscow and had something to do there. So he considered it necessary to ask for leave of absence for his family and domestic reasons.

Berg drove up to his father-in-law's house in his spruce little trap with a pair of sleek roans exactly like those of certain prince. He looked attentively at the carts in the yard and while going up to the porch took out a clean pocket-handkerchief and tied a knot in it.

From the anteroom Berg ran with smooth—into his drawing room.

"Health to you like this," said the uncle. "Come, tell us the news of the army situation or we'll there be no other battle."

God Almighty also can decide the fate of our fatherland. Papa said Berg. "The army is burning with the spirit of her soldiers and the leaders, so to say, has now assembled in council. No one knows what comes. But in general I can tell you, Papa, that such a heroic spirit, the truly antiquated of the Russian army which they—which it (he corrected himself) "has blown out of place in the battle."

the commanders far from him now to urge them on or anything of that kind, could hardly

CHAPTER XX

MOSCOW'S LAST DAY had come. It was a clear bright autumn day a Sunday. The church bells everywhere were ringing for service just as usual on Sundays. Nobody seemed yet to realize what awaited the city.

Only two things indicated the social condition of Moscow—the rabble that is the poor people and the price of common things.

The carts were mingled had gone early that morning to the Three Hills. Having waited there for Rostopchin who did not turn up they became convinced that Moscow would be surrendered and then dispersed all about the town to the public houses and cookshops. Prices too that day indicated the state of affairs. The price of weapons of gold of carts and horses kept rising but the value of paper money and city articles kept falling so that by midday there were instances of carters removing valuable goods such as cloth and receiving in payment a half of what they carted. While peasant horses were fetching five hundred rubles each and furniture mirrors and bronzes were being given away for nothing.

In the Rostovs' staid old-fashioned house

the picture of their huge retinue disappeared during the night but nothing was stolen and as to the value of their possessions the thirty peasant carts that had come in from their estates and which many people envied proved to be extremely valuable and they were offered enormous sums of money for them. Not only were huge sums offered for the horses and carts but on the previous evening and early in the morning of the first of September orderlies and servants sent by wounded officers came to the Rostovs' yard and wounded men dragged themselves there from the Rostovs and from neighboring houses where they were accommodated entreating the servants to try to get them a lift out of Moscow. The major-domo to whom these entreaties were addressed though he was sorry for the wounded resolutely refused saying that he dare not even mention the matter to the count. Pity these wounded men as one might it was evident that if they were given one cart there would be no reason to refuse another or all the carts and one's own carriages as well. Thirty carts could not save all the wounded and in the general catastrophe one could not disregard oneself and

one's own family. So thought the major-domo on his master's behalf.

On waking up that morning Count Ilya Rostov left his bedroom softly so as

to hear no noise. In the yard stood the carts ready corded. The carriages were at the front porch. The major-domo stood at the porch talking to an elderly orderly and to a pale young officer with a bandaged arm. On seeing the count the major-domo made a significant and stern gesture to them both to go away.

Well Vasilich is everything ready asked the count and stroking his bald head he looked good naturedly at the officer and the orderly and nodded to them. (He liked to see new faces.)

We can harness at once your excellency.

Well that's right. As soon as the countess wakes we'll be off. God willing! What is it gentlemen? he added turning to the officer.

Are you staying in my house?

The officer came nearer and suddenly his face flushed crimson.

Count be so good as to allow me for God's sake to get into some corner of one of your carts! I have nothing here with me. I shall be all right on a loaded cart.

Before the officer had finished speaking the orderly made the same request on behalf of his master.

Oh yes yes yes! said the count hastily. I shall be very pleased very pleased Vasilich you'll see to it. Just unload one or two carts. Well what of it? do what's necessary said the count muttering some indefinite order.

But at the same moment an expression of warm gratitude on the officer's face had already sealed the order. The count looked around him. In the yard at the gates at the window of the wings wounded officers and the orderlies were to be seen. They were all looking at the count and moving toward the porch.

Please step into the gallery your excellency said the major-domo. What are your orders about the pictures?

The count went into the house and in repeating his order not to refuse the wounded who asked for a lift.

Well never mind some of the things can be unloaded he said in a swift confident voice as though afraid of being overheard.

At nine o'clock the countess woke up and

"What the matt w th you? Who are they? What d you wa t?"

"Why th w unded! It mpos sible M m- m It m str us! N M mm dar! g t ot the th g Please forgi e me dar! ng M mma wh t does it matter what we take ay? O ly look wh t sg n on in the yard M mma! It mpos sible!

The count tood by the w d wandl tened th ut t n r d. S ddenly he sn fied a dp th f ce close t the w ndow

Th co tess gla ed t he daughte saw h fa e f l f h me for her mother saw her mat d u derstood why her hu band dud t turnt look thern nd he gl need d quite disco ceted

Oh d as y u l'kel Am I h der g any t once

ay

Y u

k w d t u d rsta d bout sa ushe dr pp ghereyesh mef cedly

Th eggs the eggs re teach n the h n m ttered the t th ough tears of j y dh embra ed h s f wh was gl d t hide her look fsh m n h beast

P p l M mma! M y I e t t? M y I? asked N tash W w ll st ll take ll the m t essary th gs.

The co t odded frrm t ly and N tash t th rap d p c t wh ch h us d t ru wh pl y g t t g ra through the b ll room t th t room d downstairs nt the vard.

Th rvants gather d d N tash but co ld t b l ev th t g rdersh b ught them t l th t h ms ll, n h w fe m frrmed the der t g e up ll th carst th w d d d tak th trunks to the t room Wh they derstood th t der the serv ts t t w k t th ew ta k w th plra d cal I l ger med trange th mb t th trary t e m d th o ly th h t co ld b d just qu t of h b f t had med tran t t h h w d d h ld be left be h t f h goods cart d way b t th t h d seem d h ly th d

Tl wh l h h ld as f to ton f n t h d t soo er et eagerly t k t th ew ta k f pl g th w ded n the t Tl w ded dragg d them el es t l th room d tood w th p le b t happy f ou d th carts. Th ew th t carts w e

to be h d spread to the ne ghbo ing hou es f m wh ch wounded men began to come nto the Ro tó s yard. Many of tle wounded sked them not to unl d the carts but only to let them s t on the top of the th gs But the work of unl ding once st ried could n t be arrest d It eemed not to matter whether all only h ll the tl ngs were left beh nd Cases full of ch n bro zes p ctures nd m rrors th t h d been so carefully p cked the n ght bef re n w ly about the yard a d st ll they went on sea ch ng f r and find ng poss bilities of unl d ng this or that and lett g tle unded h ean ther nd yet an ther cart.

We can t ke four mor men sad the steward They can h e my trap or el e what is t become of them?

Let th m h e my wardrobe cart sad the cou tess. Dunya ha can go w th me the cart ge

They unl ded the ward obe ca t d sent t t t ke wou ded men f om a house two doors off The whole househ ld serv nts n clud d was b ght and an m ted. N tasha was in tate of raptu ous e ctement such as he had not known f ral ng t me

Wh t could w f ten th onto? asked th crva t try n to fit trunk on the n rro footbo d b h nd a carr age. We mu t keep t least o e cart

Wh ts n t? sked N tasha.

The cou ts books.

Lea t, Va l ch w ll put t way lt not w t d

The ph et n va full of peopl nd there w s d ubta to whe Count Peter could t On the bo Y ull ton the box w n tyou Pétya? co ed N tash

Sóny too wa busy ll th s t m but the m of h R rts was qu te d ffer t f m N t

much t ken way w th them as poss ble.

CHAPTER XXVII

Bero t v o o'clock n the aft noon th Ros tó s f ur carr ge p ck d full d th the h rses h mssed tood t the front doo One by th cart w th the w unded h d m ed t f th yard.

Th ll h n wh ch Pr ce A d ew was be- gtak n ttra ted Só ya t tent on as tp ssed th f nt po ch W th th h lp of a m d h was rra g g t l the countes n th h h gh co ch that stood t th ntra

restrain those those yes those exploits of antique valor he went on rapidly General Barclay de Tolly risked his life everywhere at the head of the troops I can assure you Our corps was stationed on a hillside You can imagine!

And Berg related all that he remembered of the various tales he had heard those days Natásha watched him with an intent gaze that confused him as if she were trying to find in his face the answer to some question

Altogether such heroism as was displayed by the Russian warriors cannot be imagined or adequately praised! said Berg glancing round at Natásha and as if anxious to conciliate her replying to her intent look with a smile Russian is not in Moscow she lives in the hearts of her sons! Isn't it so Papa? said he

Just then the countess came in from the sitting room with a weary and dissatisfied expression Berg hurriedly jumped up kissed her hand asked about her health and swaying his head from side to side to express sympathy remained standing beside her

Yes Mamma I tell you sincerely that these are hard and sad times for every Russian But why are you so anxious? You have still time to get away

I can't think what the servants are about said the countess turning to her husband I have just been told that nothing is ready yet Somebody after all must see to things One misses Mitenka at such times There's not to be any end to it

The count was about to say something but evidently restrained himself He got up from his chair and went to the door

At that moment Berg drew out his handkerchief as if to blow his nose and seeing the knot in it pondered shaking his head sadly and significantly

And I have a great favor to ask of you Papa said he

Hm said the count and stopped

I was driving past Yusupov's house just now said Berg with a laugh when the steward and a man I know ran out and asked me whether I wouldn't buy something I went in

how we had a dispute about it (At the men

And it's such a beauty! It pulls out and has

a secret English drawer you know! And dear Vera has long wanted one I wish to give her a surprise you see I saw so many of those peasant carts in your yard Please let me have one, I will pay the man well and

Berg Only I so wanted it for dear Vera's sake

Oh go to the devil all of you! To the devil the devil the devil! cried the old count My head's in a whirl!

And he left the room The countess began to cry

Yes Mamma! Yes these are very hard times! said Berg

Natásha left the room with her father and, as if finding it difficult to reach some decision first followed him and then ran downstairs

Petya was in the porch engaged in giving out weapons to the servants who were to leave Moscow The loaded carts were still standing in the yard Two of them had been uncorded and a wounded officer was climbing into one of them helped by an orderly

Do you know what it's about? Petya asked Natásha

She understood that he meant what were their parents quarreling about She did not answer

It's because Papa wanted to give up all the carts to the wounded said Petya Vasilch told me I consider

I consider Natásha suddenly almost shouted turning her angry face to Petya I consider it so horrid so abominable so I don't know what Are we despicable Germans?

Her throat quivered with convulsive sobs and afraid of weakening and letting the force of her anger run to waste she turned and

five The count pipe in hand was pacing up and down the room when Natásha's face

You can't possibly have ordered it! med

Berg and the countess looked at her perplexed and frightened The count stood still at the window and listened

Mamma it's impossible see what it is going on in the yard! she cried They will be left!

pulled up the door was shut, somebody was
 set for a trial case and the countess
 leaned to find out what she had to say. Then
 Elim del beratel doffed his hat and began
 crossing himself. The postilion and the other
 servants did the same. Off on God's name
 said Elim, putting on his hat. "Start! The
 postilion started the horses the off-pole horse
 tugged at his collar the high spirits creaked,
 and the body of the coach swayed. The foot-
 man sprang to the box of the main coach
 which jolted as it passed out of the yard onto
 the uneven roadway the other horses jolted
 in their turn, and the procession of carriages
 moved past the street. In the carriages the cal-
 led the phaeton all crossed themselves as
 they passed the church opposite the house.
 Those who were to remain in Moscow walked
 either side of the eludes seeing the trav-
 ellers off.

Rarely had Natasha experienced so joyful a
 feeling as now when the carriages beside
 the countess began to move. Why indeed?
 Well! If she had not gazed at Moscow. Occasion
 all had leaned out of the carriage window and
 looked back and then forward at the line of train
 of coaches that followed them. Almost the
 head of the line could see the raised hood
 of Prince Andrey. He did not know
 who was it, but each time he looked at the
 procession her eyes sought that chief. She
 knew it was right in front.

Andrey

and carts formed two rows abreast.

As they were going round the S kharev wa-
 ter terrace, Natasha, who was quietly and
 alertly scrutinizing the people driving walk-
 ing past, suddenly cried out in joyful surprise:
 Dear mamma, Son! look, that!

Who? Who?

Look! Yes, mamma, that Benukh!
 said Natasha pointing her head up of the car-
 riage driver tall stout man in coach-
 man's livery, who in his manner of walk-
 ing was evidently a gentleman in
 disguise. He was passing under the arch
 of the S kharev tower accompanied by small,
 yellow-faced beardless lad in a fur coat.

"Yes, that tall is Benukh in coachman's
 coat with queer looks of old boy. Really
 said Natasha, look, look!

"Not he. How can you talk such non-
 sense?"

Mamma screamed Natasha. I'll stake my
 head it's he! I assure you. Stop! she cried
 to the coachman.

But the coachman could not stop for from
 the Meshchinskaya Street came another cart and
 cart-axes, and the Rostovs were being sho-
 ted at to move on and not block the way.

In fact, however though now much farther
 off than before the Rostovs still saw Perron—
 someone extra-ordinarily like him—in a coach-
 man's coat, going down the street with head
 bent and a serious face beside a small bearded
 less old man who looked like a footman. That
 old man noticed Perron's face thrust out of the car-
 riage window and gazed at them and respectfully
 touching Perron's elbow said something to him
 and pointed to the carriage. Perron evidently
 recognized in the white, could not at first under-
 stand him. At length when he had understood
 and looked in the direction the old man di-
 cated he recognized Natasha and following
 his first impulse stepped instantly and rapidly
 toward the coach. But having taken a decision
 he seemed to remember something and
 stopped.

Natasha, leaning out of the window
 beamed with quizzical kindness.

Peter Kirilovich, come here. We have rec-
 ognized you. This is wonderful she cried,
 holding out her hand to him. "What are you

countess in a surprised and commiseration
 tone.

"What? What. Why? Don't ask me said
 Perron and looked round at Natasha whose
 radiant, happy expression—of which he was
 conscious with utter looking at her—filled him
 with enchantment.

Are you Emma in Moscow then
 Perron hesitated.

In Moscow he said in question tone.
 "Yes, in Moscow Goodbye!

Ah, if only I were a man I'd certainly say
 with you. He would have said Natasha. Mam-
 ma, if you'll let me, I'll say.

Perron glided hesitantly to Natasha and was
 about to say something, but the countess inter-
 rupted him.

You were at the battle we heard.

"Yes, I was. Perron answered. "There will
 be another battle tomorrow he began but
 Natasha interrupted him.

Whose *calèche* is that? she inquired leaning out of the carriage window

Why didn't you know, Miss? replied the maid. The wounded prince he spent the night in our house and is going with it

skil

man

Sónya jumped out of the coach and ran to the countess. The countess tired out and already dressed in shawl and bonnet for her journey was pacing up and down the drawing room waiting for the household to assemble for the usual silent prayer with closed doors before starting. Natásha was not in the room.

Mamma said Sónya. Prince Andrew is here mortally wounded. He is going with us.

The countess opened her eyes in dismay and seizing Sónya's arm glanced around.

Natásha? she murmured

At that moment this news had only one significance for both of them. They knew their Natásha and alarm as to what would happen if she heard this news stifled all sympathy for the man they both liked.

Natásha does not know yet but he is going with us said Sónya.

You say he is dying?

Sónya nodded.

The countess put her arms around Sónya and began to cry.

The ways of God are past finding out! she thought feeling that the Almighty Hand hitherto unseen was becoming manifest in all that was now taking place.

Well Mamma? Everything is ready. What's the matter? asked Natásha as with animated face she ran into the room.

Nothing answered the countess. If everything is ready let us start.

And the countess bent over her reticule to hide her agitated face. Sónya embraced Natásha and kissed her.

Natásha looked at her inquiringly.

What is it? What has happened?

Nothing. No.

Is it something very bad for me? What is it? persisted Natásha with her quick intuition.

Sónya sighed and made no reply. The count Pétia, Madame Schoss, Mátra Kuzmínichna and Vasilchik came into the drawing room and having closed the doors they all sat down and remained for some moments silently seated without looking at one another.

The count was the first to rise and with a loud sigh crossed himself before the icons. All the others did the same. Then the count embraced Mátra Kuzmínichna and Vasilchik who were to remain in Moscow and while they caught at his hand and kissed his shoulder he patted their backs lightly with some vaguely affectionate and comforting words. The countess went into the oratory and there Sónya found her on her knees before the icons that had been left here and there hanging on the wall. (The most precious ones with which some family tradition was connected were being taken with them.)

In the porch and in the yard the men whom Pétia had armed with swords and daggers with trousers tucked inside their high boots and with belts and girdles tightened were taking leave of those remaining behind.

As is always the case at a departure much had been forgotten or put in the wrong place and for a long time no menservants stood one on each side of the open door and the carriage steps waiting to help the countess in while maids rushed with cushions and bundles from the house to the carriages, the *calèche* the phaeton and back again.

They always will forget everything! said the countess. Don't you know I can't sit like that?

And Dunyásha with clenched teeth without replying but with an aggrieved look on her face hastily got into the coach to rearrange the seat.

Oh those servants! said the count swaying his head.

Elfin the old coachman who was the only one the countess trusted to drive her sat perched up high on the box and did not so much as glance round at what was going on behind him. From thirty years' experience he knew

der
him
e e t u n i t s 52 d
he could be stopped once or twice more while they sent back to fetch something that had been forgotten and even after that he would again be stopped and the countess herself would lean out of the window and beg him for the love of heaven to drive carefully down the hill. He knew all this and therefore waited calmly for what would happen with patience than the horses especially the nearest one the chestnut Falcon who was pawing the ground and clamping his bit. At last all were seated the carriage steps were folded and

But what is the matter with you Count? You are not like yourself

Oh don't ask me don't ask me! I don't know myself Tomorrow But no! Good by good by! he muttered It's an awful time! and dropping behind the carriage he stepped onto the pavement

Natasha continued to lean out of the window for a long time beaming at him with her kindly slightly quizzical happy smile

CHAPTER XVIII

FOR THE LAST TWO DAYS ever since leaving home Pierre had been living in the empty house of his deceased benefactor Bazdée's This is how it happened

When he woke up on the morning after his return to Moscow and his interview with Count Rostopchin he could not for some time make out where he was and what was expected of him When he was informed that among others awaiting him in his reception room there was a Frenchman who had brought a letter from his wife the Countess Hélène he felt suddenly overcome by that sense of confusion and hopelessness to which he was apt to succumb He felt that everything was now at an end all was in confusion and crumbling to pieces that nobody was right or wrong the future held nothing and there was no escape from this position Smiling unnaturally and muttering to himself he first sat down on the sofa in an attitude of despair then rose went to the door of the reception room and peeped through the crack returned flourishing his arms and took up a book His major-domo came in a second time to say that the Frenchman who had brought the letter from the countess was very anxious to see him if only for a minute and that someone from Bazdée's widow had called to ask Pierre to take charge of her husband's books as she herself was leaving for the country

Oh yes in a minute wait or no! No of course go and say I will come directly Pierre replied to the major-domo

But as soon as the man had left the room Pierre took up his hat which was lying on the table and went out of his study by the other door There was no one in the passage He went along the whole length of this passage to the stairs and frowning and rubbing his forehead with both hands went down as far as the first landing The hall porter was standing at the front door From the landing where Pierre stood there was a second staircase leading to

the back entrance He went down that staircase and out into the yard No one had seen him Put there were some carriages waiting

was being looked at he behaved like an ostrich which hides its head in a bush in order not to be seen he hung his head and quickening his pace went down the street

Of all the affairs awaiting Pierre that day the sorting of Joseph Bazdée's books and papers appeared to him the most necessary

He hired the first cab he met and told the driver to go to the Patriarch's Ponds where the widow Bazdée's house was

Continually turning round to look at the rows of loaded carts that were making their way down

the joyful feeling of a boy escaping from school

now everyone would be sent out beyond the Three Hills gates and a great battle would be fought there

Having reached the Patriarch's Ponds Pierre found the Bazdée's house where he had not been for a long time past He went up to the gate Gerisim that shallow beardless old man Pierre had seen at Torzhók five years before with Joseph Bazdée came out in answer to his knock

At home? asked Pierre

Owing to the present state of things Sophia Danilovna has gone to the Torzhók estate with the children your excellency

I will come in all the same I have to look through the books said Pierre

Be so good as to step in Makár Alexéevich the brother of my late master—may the kingdom of heaven be his—has remained here but he is in a weak state as you know said the old servant

Pierre knew that Makár Alexéevich was Joseph Bazdée's half-insane brother and a hard drinker

Yes yes I know Let us go in said Pierre and entered the house

A tall bald-headed old man with a red nose

went away along the passage.

BOOK ELEVEN

Having learned that there were many charitable institutions in Moscow he mentally decided that he would shower favors on them all. He thought that, as in Africa he had put on his blouse and sat in a mosque so in Moscow he must be beneficent like the Tsars. And in order finally to touch the hearts of the Russians—and being like all Frenchmen unable to manage anything sentimental without a reference to his mother—he decided that he would place an inscription on all these establishments in large letters: "This establishment is dedicated to my dear mother. Or no, it should be simply: My mother. And then," he concluded, "But am I really in Moscow? Yes, here I am before me, but the deputation from the city so long in waiting," he wondered.

Meanwhile an excited consultation was being carried on in whispers among his generals and marshals at the rear of his suite. Those sent to fetch the deputation had returned with the news that Moscow was empty. That every one had left it. The faces of those who were now conferring together were pale and perturbed. They were not alarmed by the fact that Moscow had been abandoned by its inhabitants (grave as that fact seemed), but by the question how to tell the Emperor—without putting him in the terrible position of appearing ridiculous—that he had been waiting the bovers so long in vain that there were drunk men and women left in Moscow but no one else. Some said that deputation of some sort must be scraped together; others disputed this opinion and maintained that the Emperor should first be careful and skillful, prepared, and then tell the truth.

He would have to be told, all the same, said some gentlemen of the suite. But, gentlemen

The position was all the more awkward because the Emperor, meditating upon his magnificent plans, was pacing patiently up and down before the outspread map occasionally glancing along the road to Moscow from under his lifted hand with bright and proud smile.

"But it is impossible," declared the gentlemen, the suite struggling, their shoulders bent not returning to utter the implied word—*no*.

At last the Emperor tired of futile expectations, his action instinct suggesting to him that the same moment having been too long. "Dear my tender my poor mother. Home of my Mother."

drawn out was beginning to lose its sublimity gave a sign with his hand. A single report of a signaling gun followed and the troops, who were already spread out on different sides of Moscow moved into the city through the Tserkalva, and Dorogomilov gates. Faster and faster with one another they moved to the double or triple trot, vanishing amid the clouds of dust they raised and making the air ring with a deafening roar of martial shouts.

Drawn on by the movement of his troops Napoleon rode with them as far as the Dorogomilov gate but there again stopped and, dismounting from his horse paced for a long time by the Kámmér Kóljéski rampart, waiting the deputation.

CHAPTER XX

MEANWHILE Moscow was empty. There were still people in it, perhaps a fiftieth part of its former inhabitants had remained, but it was empty. It was empty in the sense that a dining queenless hive is empty.

In a queenless hive no life is left though to superficial glance it seems as much alive as other hives.

The bees circled round queenless hives in the hot beams of the midday sun as gulls as around the living hives, from distance it smells of honey like the others, and bees fly in and out in the same way. But on has only to observe that hives to realize that there is no life in it. The bees do not fly in the same way, the smell and the sound that meet the beekeeper are not the same. To the beekeepers tap on the wall of the sick hive, instead of the former instant unanimous humming of tens of thousands of bees with their abdomens threateningly compressed, and pro-

honey and venom, and the warm whiffs of crowded life, comes an odor of emptiness and decaying mingling with the smell of honey. There are no longer sentinels sounding the alarm with their abdomens raised, and ready to die in defense of the hive. There is no longer the measured quiet sound of throbbing activity like the sound of boiling water but diverse discordant sounds of disorder. In and out of the hive long black robber bees smeared with honey fly timidly and shilly. They do not sting, but crawl away from danger. Formerly

autumn air when even the nights are warm and when in those dark warm nights golden stars startle and delight us continually by falling from the sky

At ten in the morning of the second of September this weather still held

The brightness of the morning was magical Moscow seen from the Poklonny Hill lay spaci-ously spread out with her river her gardens and her churches and she seemed to be living her usual life her cupolas glittering like stars in the sunlight

The view of the strange city with its peculiar architecture such as he had never seen before filled Napoleon with the rather envious and uneasy curiosity men feel when they see an alien form of life that has no knowledge of them This city was evidently living with the full force of its own life By the indefinite signs which even at a distance distinguish a living body from a dead one Napoleon from the Poklonny Hill perceived the throb of life in the town and felt as it were the breathing of that great and beautiful body

Every Russian looking at Moscow feels her to be a mother every foreigner who sees her even if ignorant of her significance as the mother city must feel her feminine character and Napoleon felt it

Cette ville asiatique aux innombrables églises Moscou la sainte La voilà donc enfin cette fameuse ville Il était temps said he and dismounting he ordered a plan of Moscow to be spread out before him and summoned Lelorgne d'Iderville the interpreter

A town captured by the enemy is like a maid who has lost her honor thought he (he had said so to Tuchkov at Smolensk) From that point of view he gazed at the Oriental beauty he had not seen before It seemed strange to him that his long felt wish which had seemed unattainable had at last been realized In the clear morning light he gazed now at the city and now at the plan considering its details and the assurance of possessing it agitated and awed him

But could it be otherwise he thought Here is this capital at my feet Where is Alexander now and of what is he thinking? A strange beautiful and majestic city and a strange and majestic moment! In what light must I appear to them! thought he thinking of his troops Here she is the reward for all

That Asiatic city of the innumerable churches holy Moscow! Here it is! Even at last that famous city It was light me

those faint-hearted men he reflected glancing at those near him and at the troops who were approaching and forming up One word from me one movement of my hand and that ancient capital of the Tsars would perish But my clemency is always ready to descend upon the vanquished I must be magnanimous and truly great But no it can't be true that I am in Moscow he suddenly thought Yet here she is lying at my feet with her golden domes and crosses scintillating and twinkling in the sunshine But I shall spare her On it "

which Alexander will feel most painfully I know him (It seemed to Napoleon that the chief import of what was taking place lay in the personal struggle between him self and Alexander) From the height of the Kremlin—yes there is the Kremlin yes—I will give them just laws I will teach them the meaning of true civilization I will make generations of boyars remember their conqueror with love I will tell the deputation that I did not

war that and that in Moscow I will accept terms of peace worthy of myself and of my people I do not wish to utilize the fortunes of war to humiliate an honored monarch Boyars I will say to them I do not desire war I desire the peace and welfare of all my subjects However I know their presence will inspire me and I shall speak to them as I always do clearly impressively and majestically But can it be true that I am in Moscow? Yes there she lies

Qu'on m'amène les boyars said he to his suite

A general with a brilliant suite galloped off at once to fetch the boyars

Ten hours passed Napoleon had lunched and was again standing in the same place on the Poklonny Hill awaiting the deputation His speech to the boyars had already taken definite shape in his imagination That speech was full of dignity and greatness as Napoleon understood it

He was himself carried away by the tone of

which Russian notables and his own would mingle He mentally appointed a governor one who would win the hearts of the people

Brought the boyars to me

passages with bundles. Tradesmen and their assistants (of whom there were but few) moved about among the solders quite bewildered. They unlocked their shops and locked them again and themselves carried goods away with the help of their assistants. On the square in front of the Bazaar were drummers beating the muster call. But the roll of the drums did not make the looting soldiers run in the direction of the drum as formerly but mad them, on the contrary, run farther.

Among the solders in the shops and passages some men were to be seen in gray coats, with closely shaven heads. Two officers, one in a scarf over his uniform and mounted on a dark-gray horse the other in an overcoat and on foot, stood at the corner of the Ilyinka Street, talking. A third officer galloped up to them.

"The general orders them all to be driven out to the rear, with utmost haste. This is outrageous. Half the men have dispersed."

"Where are you off to? Where have you led three hundred men without muskets who, holding up their skirts in their overcoats, were lipping past him on the Bazaar passage. Stop, you rascals!"

But how are you going to stop them. replied another officer. "There is no getting them together. Their arms should push on before the bolt, that all."

How can we push on? They are stuck there wedged in the bridge and do not move. Shouldn't we pursue them round to prevent their rest from running away?"

"Come, go on there and drive them out!" shouted the second officer.

The officer in the scarf dismounted, called up a drummer and went with him to the arcade. Some soldiers started running away in groups. A shopkeeper with red pimples on his cheek near his nose, d calm, persistent, calculating, pressed his plump face, hurriedly and ostentatiously approached the officer with his arms.

"Your honor said so. Be so good as to protect us. We won't grudge trifles you are welcome to anything—we shall be delighted. Pray, I'll fetch precisely what you need for such honorable gentlemen or even two pieces with pleasure. For we feel how it is but what will this—sheer robbery! If you please could not guards be placed in front only to let us close the shop."

Frustrated, he had been released from jail.

Several shopkeepers crowded round the officer.

"Eh, what twaddle!" said one of them, with a stern look. "When one's head is gone, one doesn't weep for one's hair! Take what any of you like. And flourish!" He turned sideways to the officer.

"It is all very well for you, I in S. dorych, to talk," said the first tradesman, "nervily. Please step aside, your honor!"

"I like indeed," cried the thin one. "In my three shops here I have a hundred thousand rubles worth of goods. Can they be sold when the army has gone? Eh, what people! Against God's might our hands cannot fight."

Come inside, your honor! repeated the first tradesman, bowing.

The officer stood perplexed and his face showed indecision.

It is not my business, he exclaimed and strode on quickly down one of the passages.

From one open shop came the sound of blows and vituperation, and just as the officer came up to a man in a gray coat with a shaven head was flung out of the shop.

This man bent double, rushed past the tradesman and the officer. The officer pounced on the soldiers who were in the shops, but at that moment fearful screams reached them from the huge crowd on the Moskva bridge and the officer ran out into the square.

screams came.

The officer mounted his horse and rode after him. When he reached the bridge he saw two unlimbered guns, the infantry crossed the bridge, several overturned carts, and frightened and laid him flat among the troops. Behind the cannon a cart was standing in which two horses were harnessed. Four borzoi with collars were pressing close to the wheels. The cart was loaded high, and the very first peasant woman uttered a scream and desperate shrieks. He was told by his fellow officers that the screams of the crowd and the shrieks of the woman were due to the fact that General

crushed one of the upsetting carts and

only bees laden with honey flew into the hive and they flew out empty now they fly out laden. The beekeeper opens the lower part of the hive and peers in. Instead of black glossy bees—tamed by toil—clinging to one another's legs and drawing out the wax with a ceaseless hum of labor—that used to hang in long clusters down to the floor of the hive drowsy shriveled bees crawl about separately in various directions on the floor and walls of the hive. Instead of a neatly glued floor swept by the bees with the fanning of their wings there is a floor littered with bits of wax excrement dying bees scarcely moving their legs and dead ones that have not been cleared away.

The beekeeper opens the upper part of the hive and examines the super. Instead of tiered rows of bees sealing up every gap in the combs and keeping the brood warm he sees the skullful complex structures of the combs but no longer in their former state of purity. All is neglected and foul. Black robber bees are swiftly and stealthily prowling about the combs and the short home bees shriveled and listless as if they were old creep slowly about without trying to hinder the robbers having lost all motive and all sense of life. Drones bumblebees wasps and butterflies knock awkwardly against the walls of the hive in their flight. Here and there among the cells containing dead brood and honey an angry buzzing can sometimes be heard. Here and there a couple of bees by force of habit and custom cleaning out the brood cells with efforts beyond their strength laborously drag away a dead bee or bumblebee without knowing why.

intent. In a third place a crowd of bees crushing one another attack some victim and fight and smother it and the victim enfeebled or killed drops from above slowly and lightly as a feather among the heap of corpses. The beekeeper opens the two center partitions to ex-

mystery of generation he sees hundreds of dull listless and sleepy shells of bees. They have almost all died unawares sitting in the sanctuary they had guarded and which is now no more. They reek of decay and death. Only a few of them still move rise and feebly fly to settle on the enemy's hand lacking the spirit

to die stinging him the rest are dead and fall as lightly as fish scales. The beekeeper closes the hive chalks a mark on it and when he has time tears out its contents and burns it clean.

So in the same way Moscow was empty when Napoleon weary uneasy and morose paced up and down in front of the *Kammer kollo* ski rampart awaiting what to his mind was a necessary if but formal observance of the proprieties—a deputation.

In various corners of Moscow there still remained a few people aimlessly moving about following their old habits and hardly aware of what they were doing.

When with due circumspection Napoleon was informed that Moscow was empty he looked angrily at his informant turned away and silently continued to walk to and fro.

My carriage! he said.

He took his seat beside the aide de camp on duty and drove into the suburb. Moscow deserted! he said to himself. What an incredible event!

He did not drive into the town but put up at an inn in the Dorogomilov suburb.

The *coup de théâtre* had not come off.

CHAPTER XXI

THE RUSSIAN TROOPS were passing through Moscow from two o'clock at night till two in the afternoon and bore away with them the wounded and the last of the inhabitants who were leaving.

The greatest crush during the movement of the troops took place at the Stone Moskva and Lauza bridges.

While the troops dividing into two parts when passing around the Kremlin were thronging the Moskva and the Stone bridges a great many soldiers taking advantage of the straggling and congestion turned back from the bridges and slipped stealthily and silently past the church of Vassili the Bearded and under the Borovitski gate back up the hill to the Red Square where some instinct told them they could easily take things not belonging to them. Crowds of the kind seen at city sales filled all the passages and alleys of the Bazaar. But there were no dealers with voices of negotiating assiduity inviting customers to enter there were no hawkers nor the usual motley crowd of female purchasers—but only soldiers in uniforms and overcoats though without muskets entering the Bazaar empty-handed and silently making their way out through the

the bo gas he wh m ut.
 \$ y gh he d d sm l ng as f amused
 t h m s e l f t h f l i c e r a n a l m o t t t r t
 t h g h t h e d e s e r t e d t r e e t s t o w r d t h e Y a z a
 h d t t r a k e h r e g m e n t

known y ung off c r

CHAPTER XXIII

FRO I AN FI IS IED HOU E n th V r á ka
 the gr d floo f wh h was a dramsh p
 ~ O h h e s

er dru k nd p e O e a t a i a
 ha d i d d n blue t was tand g
 er th t h e r s H f e w t h u s f i n e s t r a i g h t
 o s e l d h b e n h d s o m e h d t n o t
 b e f h t h m p e s d t w t c h g l p s
 d d l l g l o o m y f i d y e s E d t l y p o s s e s s e d
 by s o m d h t o o d o e r t h o s e w h o
 w g g d s o l e m l y d j e r k l y f l
 h d b o d h d s l w h t e r m w t h t h e

I t h m d s t f t h s o g c r e s w e r e h e a d d
 f i g h t g d b l o w s n t h p a s s a g n d p o h
 T h t a l l l a d w e d h a r m.

Stop t l h e e x l m e d p e r e m p t o l y
 "T h e r f i g h t l a d s ! A d t l l l g u p h s
 l e e v h w e n t t t o t h e p o c h.

T h f a c t o r y h a d s f l l w e d h m. T h e s e
 m e w h u d e r t h l e a d e r s h p f t h e t a l l l d
 w e r d r k i g t h d r a m s h p t h a t m r n g
 h a d b g h t t h p b l c a n s o m k i n s f o m t h e
 f c r y d f t h i s h a d h a d d r k e r v e d t h e m.
 T h b l c k s m t h s f r m g h b o g s m t h y

h e a n g t h e s o u n d s o f r e e l y r y i n t h e t a e r n
 a n d s p p o s n g i t t h e b e e n b r k e n i n t o
 i e s h e d t o f o r c e t h e w a y n t o o a n d a f h t i n
 t h e p o r c h h a d r e s u l t e d

r T h e p u b l c a n w s f i g h t n g o e o f t h e s m t h s
 s t t t h e d o o r a d w h n t h e v k m e n c n e o u t
 d t h e s m t h w r e c h n g h i m s e l f f r e e f r o m t h e
 t a e r k e p e r f e l l f a c e d w n w a r d o n t h e p a e
 m n t.

A n t h e r m t h t r i e d t e n t e t h e d o o r w a y
 p e s n g a g a n t t h e p u b l c a n w i t h h s c h s t
 T h e l a d w t h t h e t u n d u p l e e e g a e t h e
 s m t h a b l o w n t h e f c e n d e r e d w l d l y
 "T h e y r e f i g h t i g u l d

A t t h t m o m e t t h e f r s t s m t h g t u p a n d
 s c r a t c h g h b r u e d f a c e t m a k e t l l e d
 h u t e d n t e r f u l c e P l c e M u d r l
 T h e y e k l l e d m a l a d s !

O h g r a c u s m e a n a n b e a t n t o d e a t h -
 k l l e d c r a m e d a w o m n c o m n t o f
 g a t c l o s b y

A c r o w d g t h e r d r o u n d t h e b l o o d t a n e d
 s m t h

H n t y u r o b b e d p e o p l e e n u g h - t k
 n g t h e l t h t s ? d o e d d e s n g
 t h p u b l c a n W h t h e y u k l l e d m n
 f y u t h e f ?

T h e t a l l l d s t a n d g n t h e p h t u e d
 h i s b l e a d e y e s f m t h e p u b l c a n t o t h e s m t h
 a n d b c k g n a s i f c o n s d e r i g w h o m h e
 o g h t t f i g h t n o w

M d e e r h e h t e d s u d d e l y t o t l e
 p u b l c a n B n d h m l d s !

I d e s y y u w l d l k t o b i d m e l
 l u t d t h e p b l c a n p u s h n g a w a y t h e m e n
 d v a n c i g o h m d n t c h g h s c a p f r o m
 h u h e d h f l g t t h g r o n d

A s f t h c t n h d m e m y s t e r i u s a d
 m e n c i g g n f i c a n c e t h w k m e n u r r o u n d
 i g t h e p u b l c a n p u e d i n d e c i s n

I k n w t h e l w e r y w e l l m a t e s ! I l l t a k e
 t h m a t t e r t o t h c a p t a n o f p o l c e Y u t h k
 I w t g t t o h m e R b b e r y i s n t p e r t t d
 t o y b o d y w a d a y ! h o u t e d t h p u b l c a n
 p k u p h i s c a p

C o m a l g t h l C o m e a l n t h e t h e
 p u b l c a n d t h t a l l y o g f l l w r e p e t e d
 o e f t e r t h e o t h e r d t h e y m o e d u p t l e
 t e c t t o g e t h e

T h b l o o d s t a d m t h w e n t b e s d e t h e m.
 T h e f a c t o r y h a d s d o t h e r f l l o w e d b

shouting and squeezing desperately had cleared off the bridge and the troops were now moving forward

CHAPTER XXII

MEANWHILE the city itself was deserted. There was hardly anyone in the streets. The gates and shops were all closed, only here and there round the taverns solitary shouts or drunken songs could be heard. Nobody drove through the streets and footsteps were rarely heard. The Povarskaya was quite still and deserted. The huge courtyard of the Rostovs' house was littered with wisps of hay and with dung from the horses and not a soul was to be seen there. In the great drawing room of the house which had been left with all it contained were no people. They were the yard porter Ignát and the pageboy Mishka. Vasilich's grandson who had stayed in Moscow with his grandfather Mishka had opened the clavichord and was strumming on it with one finger. The yard porter, his arms akimbo, stood smiling with satisfaction before the large mirror.

Isn't it fine eh, Uncle Ignát? said the boy suddenly beginning to strike the keyboard with both hands.

Only fancy! answered Ignát, surprised at the broadening grin on his face in the mirror.

Impudence! Impudence! they heard behind them the voice of Mávla Kuzmínichna who had entered silently. How he's grinning the fat mug! Is that what you're here for? Nothing's cleared away down there and Vasilich is worn out. Just you wait a bit!

Ignát left off smiling, adjusted his belt and went out of the room with meekly downcast eyes.

Aunt, I did it gently, said the boy.

I'll give you something gently, you monkey you! cried Mávla Kuzmínichna, raising her arm threateningly. Go and get the samovar to boil for your grandfather.

Mávla Kuzmínichna flicked the dust off the clavichord and closed it and with a deep sigh left the drawing room and locked its main door.

Coming out into the yard she paused to consider.

She heard the sound of quick footsteps in the quiet street. Someone stopped at the gate and the latch rattled as someone tried to open it.

Mávla Kuzmínichna went to the gate.

Who do you want?

The count—Count Il'yá Andréévich Rostov.

And who are you?

An officer, I have to see him, came the reply in a pleasant well-bred Russian voice.

Mávla Kuzmínichna opened the gate and an officer of eighteen, with the round face of a Rostov, entered the yard.

They have gone away, sir. Went away yesterday at vesper-time, said Mávla Kuzmínichna cordially.

The young officer standing in the gateway as if hesitating whether to enter or not, clicked his tongue.

At last—

He sympathetically examined the familiar Rostov features of the young man, placed his rattled coat and trodden-down boots.

What did you want to see the count for? she asked.

Oh well, it can't be helped, said he in a tone of vexation and placed his hand on the gate as if to leave.

He again paused in indecision.

You see, he suddenly said, I am a kind man of the count's and he has been very kind to me. As you see (he glanced with an amused air and good-natured smile at his coat and boots) my things are worn out and I have no money, so I'm going to ask the count.

Mávla Kuzmínichna did not let him finish.

Just wait a minute, sir. One little moment, said she.

And as soon as the officer let go of the gate handle she turned and hurrying away on her old legs went through the back yard to the servants' quarters.

While Mávla Kuzmínichna was running to her room the officer talked about the yard gazing at his worn-out boots with love and fear and a faint smile on his lips. What a pity! He missed Uncle! What a nice old woman! Where has she run off to? And how am I to find the nearest way to overtake my regime if I must by now be getting near the Rogozhskaya gate? thought he. Just then Mávla Kuzmínichna appeared from behind the corner of the house with a frightened yet resolute look, carrying a rolled-up check-kerchief in her hand. While still a few steps from the officer she unfolded the kerchief and took out of it a white twenty-five ruble assignat and hastily handed it to him.

If I, as excellency has been at home as a

hearing the sounds of revelry in the tavern
and supposing that he had been broken to
wished to follow the way in too and a fight in
the porch had resulted

The publican was fighting one of the smiths
at the door and when the workmen came out
the smith with his gun himself for the
tavernkeeper himself called down the publican

ment.
Another smith tried to enter the doorway
pressing against the publican with his chest

The loud with the turned up sleeve gave a
mighty blow with his fist and cried wildly

"They fight us!"

At that moment the first smith got up and,
gratching his bruised face to make it bleed
shouted a fearful oath. Police! Murder!

They killed him!

Oh gracious me! man by ten to death—
killed! Creeping man comes out of
gate closed by

A crowd gathered round the bloodstained
man

He sent you robbed people enough—
killing their late hosts! Sad a once did these
the publican. What have you killed me
for, you?

The tall, dark, dark man on the porch turned
his bleared eyes from the publican to the smith
and back again as if considering whom he
ought to fight

Murderer! he shouted suddenly to the
publican. Bind him, lads!

I dare you could lick the big man
shouted the publican, push away the men
and then the dark man took the cap from
his head and flung it on the ground

As if this cut him some mysterious and
menacing significance the workmen surround
ing the publican pushed him aside.

I know the law very well, mates! I'll take
the matter to the captain of police. You think
I won't get them for Robbery? Not permitted
to anybody was? He uttered the publican
picking up his cap

Come along! Come along! then the
publican and the tall young fellow wept
after the other and they moved up the
street together

The bloodstained smith went beside them.
The factory hands and others followed be-

the boy saw him

Saying his head and smiling as if amused
himself the office ran almost to the

used

ely

cted

the

unknown young officer

CHAPTER XXIII

FROM A COTTAGE IN THE VÄRVARKA
the ground floor of which was a dramshop

greatly felt, evidently not because they were
to be because they wanted to show they
were drunk and on the tall fair
haired lad, the blue coat, was standing

with them. He was with the fight
one would have been handsome had not
been for the thin, cramped, twisted lips

and dull, gloomy, fixed eyes. Evidently pos-
sessed by some deadly terror those who
were going and solemnly and jerkily flour

ished above their heads! White men with the
leaves turned up the bow try to
tall people and the fight

his coat kept slipping down and he always
carefully rolled up his new shirt in his hand
as if it were most important that the new

shirt was flurried, he would be back
if the midst of the song cries were heard, and
fighting blows the passage and porch

The tall lad waved his arm.
"Stop! he exclaimed peremptorily
"There's fight, lads! And all oil guphus
sleeve, he went on to the porch.

The factory hands followed him. These
men who under the leadership of the tall lad
were drinking in the dramshop that morning
had brought the publican some knives from the
factory, and thus had had drinkserved them.

The blacksmiths from the neighborhood smithy

were out, gloomy faced bootmakers, wearing

straggly beard was saying

he said the crowd that he brought us to this point he made off

On seeing the crowd and the bloodstained man the workman ceased speaking and with eager curiosity all the bootmakers joined the moving crowd

Where are all the folks going?

Why to the police of course!

I say is it true that we have been beaten?

And what did you think? Look what folks are saying

Questions and answers were heard. The

very attracting general attention to himself. It was around him that the people chiefly crowded expecting answers from him to the questions that occupied all their minds

He must keep order keep the law that's what the government is there for. Am I not right good Christians? said the tall youth with a scarcely perceptible smile. He thinks there's no government! How can one do without government? Or else there would be plenty who'd rob us

Why talk nonsense? rejoined voices in the crowd. Will they give up Moscow like this? They told you that for fun and you believed it! Aren't there plenty of troops on the march? Let him in indeed! That's what the government is for. You'd better listen to what people are saying said some of the mob pointing to the tall youth

By the wall of China Town a smaller group of people were gathered round a man in a frieze coat who held a paper in his hand

An ukase they are reading an ukase! Reading an ukase! cried voices in the crowd and the people rushed toward the reader

The man in the frieze coat was reading the broadsheet of August 31. When the crowd collected round him he seemed confused but at the demand of the tall youth who had pushed his way up to him he began in a rather tremulous voice to read the sheet from the beginning

Early tomorrow I shall go to his Serene Highness he read (Sirin Highness said the

tall fellow with a triumphant smile on his lips and a frown on his brow) to consult with him to act and to rid the army to exterminate these scoundrels. We too will take part the reader went on and then paused. Do you see?

going to

in destruction

tors to the city. I will come back to dinner and we'll set to work. We will do completely do and undo these scoundrels

The last words were read out in the midst of complete silence. The tall had hung his head gloomily. It was evident that no one had understood the last part. In particular the words

I will come back to dinner evidently displeased both reader and audience. The people's minds were tuned to a high pitch and this was too simple and needlessly comprehensible—it was what any one of them might have said and therefore was what an ukase emanating from the highest authority should not say

They all stood despondent and silent. The tall youth moved his lips and swayed from side to side

We should ask him that's he himself

Yes ask him indeed! Why not? We'll explain voices in the rear of the crowd were suddenly heard saying and the general attention turned to the police superintendent's trap which drove into the square attended by two mounted dragoons

The superintendent of police who had gone that morning by Count Rostopchin's orders to burn the barges and had in connection with that matter acquired a large sum of money which was at that moment in his pocket on seeing a crowd bearing down upon him told his coachman to stop

What people are these? he shouted to the men who were moving singly and timidly in the direction of his trap

What people are these? he shouted again receiving no answer

Your honor replied the shopman in the frieze coat your honor in accord with the proclamation of his highest excellency the count they desire to serve not sparing their lives and it is not any kind of riot but as his

or

sup

his coachman

The crowd halted pressing around those who had heard what the superintendent had

and d look g at the d parting trap

The super te de t of pol ce turned round
t that moment w th a sca ed look said some-
thin to his coachm n d hushorses creased
th ir speed.

It a fra d, lads! Le d the way to him
himsel sh ted the tall youth Don t let
him go lads Let h m nswer us Keep h m!
shouted differ nt vo ces, nd the people dashed
in pursuit f th trap

Fl in the superint ndent of pol ce nd
talki gl dly the crowd went n the d rect on
f the Lubyá ka Stre t.

"Ther n w th gentry nd merchants h ve
go way d left us to per h Do they think
we re doo?" es n the crowd were heard
sayn more d more frequently

CHAPTER XXIV

O THE EVE I C of the first f September after
his interv w w th Kutuzo Count Rostopchin
had re turned to Moscow m rried d f
fended because h had n t be n n ted to t
tend th co cil f war d because Kutuzo
had paid t t n to his offer t take part
th defense f the city amazed also t the
novel look eveled to h m at the camp
which treated the tra quill ty f th cap tal
d up in u serv as tmer ly ec ndary
b t q te r r leva du mportant matters.
D tressed offended a d surprised by ll this

repe tedly says th t le wa d en actu ted by
two mpo tant cons derat ons to ma nta
tranqu il ty in Moscow and expedite the de
p rture of the nhabitants If one a cepts th s
t on appea ir

m ed? I o te

O n do ly adm t th t
act n

we e
a qu f

tants we e lea g t and the retire t b uooy
we e fill ng it. Why h uld that cause the
masses to r t?

Ne ther in Moscow nor anywhe e in Rus a
d d anyth ng resembl g n nsurrect n ever
occur when the nemy entered a town M re

rov This l ter eq ested the count to nd
pol fiers to gu d th troop thro h th
town as the rmy was retreati g to th Ryazin
oad bey d Moscow This was n t n ws to
Rostopchi He had known that M scow
ould be band ed tmerely nce his n
tern ew th p ev us d y w th Kutuzo on the
P kl y Hill b t er th b t ul of
Borodu ó f ll th g rals who came t
Mosc w ster tha battl had sa du m usly
tha t was imposs bl t fight ther battl
d th the go ernm t p operty had
been emo ed every ght nd half the hab
ta t h d l f the cr y w th Rost pchin own
perm so Y ll th sam th f rmati n
hed d r tated th co ming as
d d the f r m f mple n w th n
der from h so nd rece ed tn ght break
n n h s bea ty leep

When la er his mem rs Co t Ros-
topchin expl ed h tion t ths t m h

h ts had tak n st p to rem e ll the h ly
el cs, the gu p wder mu t on nd m ey
nd h d told th popul t n pl nly th t the
town w uld b b d ed.

h d n unag t on been pl y n the role of
d ector f th pop la f el ng of the heart of
Russ a. N to ly d d t eem t h m (as to all
dm is rat rs) that h co trolled th t rn f
ctu n of Moscow nh b tants but he also

overalls and long tattered coats

He should pay folks off properly a thin workman with frowning brows and a straggly beard was saying

But he's sucked our blood and now he thinks he's quit of us He's been misleading us all the week and now that he's brought us to this pass he's made off

On seeing the crowd and the bloodstained man the workman ceased speaking and with eager curiosity all the bootmakers joined the moving crowd

Where are all the folks going?

What

I

And you think? Look what folks are saying

Questions and answers were heard The man's voice dropped

drop

It

ance

on to

The questions that occupied all their minds

He must keep order keep the law that's what the government is there for Am I not right good Christians? said the tall youth with a scarcely perceptible smile He thinks there's no government! How can one do with out government? Or else there would be plenty who'd rob us

Why talk nonsense? rejoined voices in the crowd Will they give up Moscow like this? They told you that for fun and you believed it! Aren't there plenty of troops on the march? Let him in indeed! That's what the government is for You'd better listen to what people are saying said some of the mob pointing to the tall youth

By the wall of China Town a smaller group of people were gathered round a man in a frieze coat who held a paper in his hand

An ukase they are reading an ukase! Reading an ukase! cried voices in the crowd and the people rushed toward the reader

The man in the frieze coat was reading the broadsheet of August 31 When the crowd collected round him

Lately tomorrow I shall go to his Serene Highness he read (Sinn Highness said the

tall fellow with a triumphant smile on his lips and a frown on his brow) to consult with him to act and to rid the army to exterminate these scoundrels We too will take part the reader went on and then paused (Do you see shouted the youth victoriously he's going to clear up the whole affair for us

completely do and undo these scoundrels

The last words were read out in the midst of complete silence The tall lad hung his head gloomily It was evident that no one had understood the last part In particular the words I will come back to dinner evidently displeased both reader and audience The people's minds were tuned to a high pitch and thus as too simple and needlessly comprehensible—it was what any one of them might have said and therefore was what an ukase emanating from the highest authority should not say

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order

super

his count

The crowd halted pressing around those who had heard what the superintendent had

look at the depressing trap repeatedly says that he was then actuated by
 a unimportant consideration to maintain
 his

the ped.

Its friends! Lead the way to him
 himself had the tall youth Don't let
 him go! Let him answer us! Keep him!
 who differed not and the people dashed
 in pursuit of the trap

Full of the spirit of the people and
 talk of the crowd we in the direct on
 of the Lubyanka Street.

Then now the gentry and merchants he
 go away and left us to perish Do they think
 we do not see in the crowd were heard
 say grim and more frequently

CHAPTER XXIV

ON THE EVE of the first of September after
 his return with his Count Rostopchin
 had returned to Moscow in the field and of
 died because he had not been intended to at
 tend the civil war and because Kut
 had paid out his offer to take part
 in the defense of the city and so the
 great shock revealed to him the camp
 he had treated the tranquillity of the capital
 and upon the first as a timerly secondary
 but to trouble and unimportant matters.
 Distressed and offended and surprised by this
 Rostopchin had turned to Moscow After

To preserve the tranquillity of the
 we bundles

mo de la euc plan
 Count Rostopchin One need only admit that
 public tranquillity is in danger and any action
 finds a justification

All the horrors of the Russian terror were
 based only on solicitude for public tranquillity

On which then was Count Rostopchin's fear
 for the tranquillity of Moscow based in 1812?

masses to rise?

Neither in Moscow nor anywhere in Russia
 did anything resembling a successful revolution ever
 occur when the enemy entered to overthrow the

The letter requested the count to send
 police officers to guide the troops through the
 so as the army was retreating to the Ryazan
 road beyond Moscow This was not news to
 Rostopchin He had known that Moscow
 would be abandoned merely in his in-
 terest with the possibility of the Kutuzov in the
 Pskov field but even once the battle of
 Borodino the English were coming to
 Moscow and that the battle had not been usually
 that it was impossible to fight both battles
 and the English army property had
 been evacuated overnight and half the inhab-
 itants had fled the city with Rostopchin's own
 permission Yet all this time this of course
 was not what Rostopchin had intended the coun-
 cil of the empire to do with
 der from the road and to fight break
 the beauty leap

When later his memory Count Ros-
 tophich explained his two thoughts to me he

he had taken steps to ensure that the holy
 icons and the money
 and had left the population in plain sight that the
 town would be abandoned.

had no imagination in being plied the rule of
 direct of the population of the heart of
 Russia. Not only did it seem to him (to all
 traitors) that the contrived these eternal
 actions of Moscow his tenants but he also

thought he controlled their mental attitude by means of his broadsheets and posters written in a coarse tone which the people despise in their own class and do not understand from those in authority Rostopchin as so pleased with the fine role of leader of popular feeling and had grown so used to it that the necessity of relinquishing that role and abandoning Moscow without any heroic display took him unawares and he suddenly felt the ground slip away from under his feet so that he positively did not know what to do Though he knew it was coming he did not till the last moment wholeheartedly believe that Moscow could be abandoned and did not prepare for it The inhabitants left against his wishes If the government offices were removed this was only done on the demand of officials to whom the count yielded reluctantly He was absorbed in the role he had created for himself As is often the case with those gifted with an ardent imagination

mentally to this new position of affairs

All his painstaking and energetic activity (in how far it was useful and had any effect on the people is another question) happily directed own feeling

But when the counts assumed their true historical character when expressing hatred for the French in words proved insufficient when it was not even possible to express that hatred by fighting a battle when self confidence was of no avail in relation to the one question before Moscow when the whole population streamed out of Moscow as one man abandoning their belongings and proving by that negative action all the depth of their national feeling then the role chosen by Rostopchin suddenly appeared senseless He unexpectedly felt himself ridiculous weak and alone with no ground to stand on

When awakened from his sleep he received that cold peremptory note from Kutuzov he felt the more irritated the more he felt himself to blame All that he had been specially put in charge of the state property which he should have removed was still in Moscow and it was no longer possible to take the whole of it away

Who is to blame for it? Who has let things come to such a pass? he ruminated Not I of course I had everything ready I had Moscow firmly in hand And this is what they have

let it come to! Villains! Traitors! he thought, without clearly defining who the villains and traitors were but feeling it necessary to hate those traitors whose blame in which

All that night Count Rostopchin issued orders for which people came to him from all parts of Moscow Those about him

sent for instructions from the Consistory from the Senate from the University from the Foundling Hospital the Suffragan has sent asking for information What are your orders about the Fire Brigade? From the governor of the prison from the superintendent of the lunatic asylum All night long such announcements were continually being received by the count

To all these inquiries he gave brief and angry replies indicating that orders from him were not now needed that the whole affair carefully prepared by him had now been ruined by somebody and that that somebody would have to bear the whole responsibility for all that might happen

Oh tell that blockhead he said in reply to the question from the Registrar's Department that he should remain to guard his documents Now why are you asking silly questions about the Fire Brigade? They have horses let them be off to Vladimir and not leave them to the French

Your excellency the superintendent of the lunatic asylum has come what are your commands?

My commands? Let them go away that's all And let the lunatics out into the town When lunatics command our armies God evidently means these other madmen to be free

In reply to an inquiry about the convicts in the prison Count Rostopchin shouted angrily at the governor

Do you expect me to release these prisoners? Your prisoners

shot

CHAPTER XXX

TOWARD NINE O'CLOCK in the morning when the troops were already moving through Moscow nobody came to the count any more for

instructions. Those who were able to get away were going of their own accord, those who remained behind decided for themselves what they must do.

The colonel ordered his carriage that he might drive to Sokol'ski and sat in his study with his head down and morose tall and taciturn. The quiet and untroubled times it seems to every day that it is only by his efforts that the whole population is under his rule kept from—and this consciousness of be-

the French, and they shouted something about treachery. But it is a turbulent crowd of your excellency—I hardly managed to get away from it. Your excellency I venture to suggest—

"You may go. I don't need you to tell me what to do," exclaimed Rostopchin.

He stood by the balcony door looking at the crowd.

"This is what they have done with Russia. This is what they have done with me," thought he full of an irrepresible fury that welled up within him against the somehow eternal hat-

red. A often

smiles

object

on which to rest. Here I must observe the dress of the people. He thought as he gazed at the crowd. This rabble they have ruined by the folly. They want to make him think as he looked at the tall and flourished his arm. And then what hit occurred to him just because he himself desired to know something on which to rest his feet.

Is the carriage read he asked again.

"Yes, your excellency. What are your orders about Vereshchagin? He waits in the porch and the adjutant."

"Ah, exclaimed Rostopchin, I must by now expect to recollect."

And rapidly penning the document he went resolutely out onto the balcony. The talk in the

ly and I will be com out to you in a moment but we must first settle with the bill. We must pay the bill. The vill in who has caused the ruin of Moscow. What if me

And the count stepped back into the room and slammed the door behind him.

saying as if reproaching go on with the lack of confidence.

A few minutes later an officer came hurriedly out of the front door gave an order and the dragoons formed up in line. The crowd moved eagerly from the balcony toward the porch. Rostopchin came out there with quick grey steps, looked hastily round as if seeking someone.

"Where is he?" he quired. A dash, a poke he saw a young man coming round the corner

as it arises of the sea between to sea

suddenly the day that instead of appearing ruler of a source of power becomes an useless, feeble man.

Rostopchin felt this, and it was this which exasperated him.

The persistence of policy which the crowd had opposed, was not seen in the same time as the adjutant who informed them that the harnesses were harnessed. They were both pale and the superintendent of police after reports that he had executed the instructions had received informed them that that immense crowd had collected in the courtyard and wished to see him.

Without saying a word Rostopchin rose and walked hastily into his study, where he was drawing room. On the balcony door took hold of the handle let go and drew it to the ward from which he had better exit of the hall or would. The tall and waistband in front of him he said something with a look. The bloodstained mirth and beside him with gloomy face. A drop of voice as audible through the closed window.

In the carriage read he said Rostopchin stepped back from the window.

It is, your excellency replied the adjutant. Rostopchin gave the balcony door.

But what do they want he asked the superintendent of police.

"Your excellency they say they have got ready records of your orders, to go against

of the house between two dragons. He had a long thin neck and his head that had been half shaved was again covered by short hair. This young man was dressed in a threadbare blue cloth coat lined with fox fur that had once been smart and dirty hempen convict trousers over which were pulled his thin dirty trodden-down boots. On his thin weak legs were heavy chains which hampered his irresolute movements.

Ah! said Rostopchin hurriedly turning away his eyes from the young man in the fur lined coat and pointing to the bottom step of the porch. Put him there.

The young man in his clattering chains stepped clumsily to the spot indicated holding away with one finger the coat collar which chafed his neck, turned his long neck twice this way and that sighed and submissively folded before him his thin hands unused to work.

For several seconds while the young man was taking his place on the step the silence continued. Only among the back rows of the people who were all pressing toward the one spot could sighs groans and the shuffling of feet be heard.

While waiting for the young man to take his place on the step Rostopchin stood frowning and rubbing his face with his hand.

Lads! said he with a metallic ring in his voice. This man Vereshchagin is the scoundrel by whose doing Moscow is perishing.

The young man in the fur lined coat stooping a little stood in a submissive attitude his fingers clasped before him. His emaciated young face disfigured by the half shaven head hung down hopelessly. At the count's first words he raised it slowly and looked up at him as if wishing to say something or at least to meet his eye. But Rostopchin did not look at him. A vein in the young man's long thin neck swelled like a cord and went blue behind the ear and suddenly his face flushed.

All eyes were fixed on him. He looked at the crowd and rendered more hopeful by the expression he read on the faces there hesitated sadly and timidly and lowering his head shifted his feet on the step.

He has betrayed his Tsar and his country he had gone over to Bonaparte. He alone of all the Russians has disgraced the Russian name he has caused Moscow to perish said Rostopchin in a sharp even voice but suddenly he glanced down at Vereshchagin who continued to stand in the same submissive atti-

tude. As if inflamed by the sight he raised his arm and addressed the people almost shouting.

Deal with him as you think fit! I hand him over to you.

The crowd moved closer and another there to stir and to await some thing unknown. The crowd was becoming more and more taking place in

open eyes and mouths straining with all their strength and held back the crowd that was pushing behind them.

Beat him! Let the traitor perish and not disgrace the Russian name! shouted Rostopchin. Cut him down! I command it.

Hearing not so much the words as the angry tone of Rostopchin's voice the crowd moaned and heaved forward but again paused.

Count! voice of Verementary siles is above us both. Count! One God. He lifted his hand.

He did not finish what he wished to say.

Cut him down! I command it! shouted Rostopchin suddenly growing pale like Vereshchagin.

Draw sabers! cried the dragoon officer drawing his own.

Another still stronger wave flowed through the crowd and reaching the front ranks carried it swaying to the very steps of the porch. The tall youth with a stony look on his face and rigid and uplifted arm stood beside Vereshchagin.

Salute him! the dragoon officer almost whispered.

And one of the soldiers his face all at once distorted with fury struck Vereshchagin on the head with the blunt side of his saber.

Ah! cried Vereshchagin in meek surprise looking round with a frightened glance as if not understanding why this was done to him. A similar moan of surprise and horror ran through the crowd. O Lord! exclaimed a sorrowful voice.

But after the exclamation of surprise that had escaped from Vereshchagin he uttered a plaintive cry of pain and that cry was fatal. The barrier of human feeling strained to the

utmost that had held the crowd n check sud-
denly b ke The cr me had begun and must
now be completed The pl nt em n of re-
proach wa drowned by the threateni a d
cry roar f th crowd Lik thes enth nd
l twa e that shatt rsa h p th l t r r s t
ble a e b rst from the rear nd reached the
fro t r a ks, carry g th m off th r feet nd
enouf th m all The dragoon vas bout t
r peat his bl w ve eschag n w th cry of
h rror co er h sheadw th h nd ruled
t ard the crowd The tall y th ant
wh m he st mbled e ed h s th n neck th
husha ds nd ell wldly fell w th h m un-
der th feet of th press n struggl n crowd
Some beat nd t t v resh l d n others
t the tall y th And th scream of those
that e b g trampled nd of th ose who
tr ed t rescue the t l l d only ncrea ed the
fury f th crowd. It a l ng t me bef re
th lragoo co ld extr cate the bleed ng
th boate lmost to death. And f a l ng
t m desp te the feve h l te th wh ch the
m b tried t e d th w k th th d been be-
gu those wh e h t t a throttl g d
tear g t v es l h d w re u ble to k l l
h m f the crowd pressed from l s des
g as e mass w th th n in th ce te
lre ler g t mpos ble f r them th r to
k l l h m lch h m g

O l wh n th t m ea ed t struggle nd
h cr es h l t l drawn me u ed
leath rattl l l th crowd ro d l pro-
strat bl ed g corpse beo raj dly t ch ge
pl es Ea h e cam p gl ced tw th d
been lo l th h r r rep o d nd as
to l m t p led b k a m

O Lord The peopl e l k w ld bea t l
H w ld h be l e ces n th crowd
a ld be heard g Q e y u g f l l w
oo tha b en m ch t so Wh t
me d th y say l e t th r ght ne
H w t th l t n? O Lord A l
th ther ha been beat n too—t ey say
h ea ly d e f r O l th peopl
A t the fra d l g? d the
sam mob w look g w th pa ed distress at
h dead body w th t l g t l n h l f se ed
eck d t s l d f ce ta ed w th blood d
d l

A p k g pol ce officer con der g the
p esence f corpse in hus e cellency court

yard unseemly told the dragoons to take it
ay Two lragoons took it by its d storted legs
and dragged t l ng the ground The gory
lead w th its lon

hurr ed steps a d be t herd not k ow a
v here an l w y al the p ssage le d g to
the rooms on the ground floo The count s
f ce was wh te nd l e co ld not control the
fe e h tw tcl g of h l w e r j w

Th s way you e celle cy Where are
Th u please sa d a

d cated. At the back entrance stood his e e
crow l a ul

n u e so

When they r ched the Mya nit k Street
a d could no lo ge l ear the sh ut of the
m b th cou t bera t rep t He remem-
bered w th l s t fact n the g t to a d
fea he h d betrayed bef l s bord ates.

The m b t terr ble—d out a le sa d to
l mself Fe l 'They are l ke l es hom
n th g but flesh can jpe e Count! One
God t bo eu boil!—v es l d d n s w rds
s dde ly recurred to l d d recable
sl ra l w n h l ck But th s a only a
n nentary feel an l Count Rost pel n
sm led l d f lly t h mself l l d oth r
dies th u ht he Th people h d t be
pp ed M y th tums ha e pe shed
d are pe h a f the publ e good—n l
he bea th k ng f h s soc al dut es to l
f m ly d to the c ty entru ted h m nd
f h m elf—t l m elf s Theodore Vasilye-
ch Rost p hin (he fa e d th t Theodore
V lye h Rost p hin as sacr fi h m
elf f the publ good) b t l ms l f s g
rn t l p esent t of th rty nd of
the Tsa H d l been s mply Theod V il
ye h my course f t on would ha e been
qu te d ffer t but t v my duty t s fe-
guard my l fe and d m ty comma der n
h f

Lgl tly sway gon the f v ble sp gs fh
carri e and n lo ger hear g the terrible

of the house between two dragoons. He had a long thin neck and his head that had been half shaved was again covered by short hair. This young man was dressed in a threadbare blue cloth coat lined with fox fur that had once been smart and dirty hempen convict trousers over which were pulled his thin dirty trodden-down boots. On his thin weak legs were heavy chains which hampered his irresolute movements.

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He has betrayed his Tsar and his country he had gone over to Bonaparte. He alone of all the Russians has disgraced the Russian name. It is caused Moscow to perish said

tude. As if inflamed by the sight he raised his arm and addressed the people almost shouting.

Deal with him as you think fit! I hand him over to you.

The crowd remained silent and only pressed closer and closer to one another. To keep one another back to breathe in that stifling atmosphere to be unable to stir and to await something unknown uncomprehended and terrible was becoming unbearable. Those standing in front who had seen and heard what had taken place before them all stood with wide open eyes and mouths straining with all their strength and held back the crowd that was pushing behind them.

Beat him! Let the traitor perish and not disgrace the Russian name! shouted Rostopchin. Cut him down I command it.

Hearing not so much the words as the angry tone of Rostopchin's voice the crowd moaned

is above us both. He lifted his head and again the thick vein in his thin neck filled with blood and the color rapidly came and went in his face.

He did not finish what he wished to say.

Cut him down I command it shouted Rostopchin suddenly growing pale like Vereshchagin.

Draw sabers! cried the dragoon officer drawing his own.

Another still stronger wave flowed through the crowd and reaching the front ranks carried it swaying to the very steps of the porch. The tall youth with a stony look on his face and rigid and uplifted arm stood beside Vereshchagin.

Spare him! the dragoon officer almost whispered.

— — — — —

not understanding why this was done. A similar moan of surprise and horror ran through the crowd. O Lord! exclaimed a sorrowful voice.

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Troops ere still cr wd n^o t the Ya za
b^o re. It wa h t. Kut z dejected and
lo m^o sat o be ch by the b d e toy
with his h p the sa d wh n a lèche

The interp eter addressed n old porter and
ked f it was f to the k émlin The porter

onl th rmy rema ed.

"Th^o s would h e b e n d ffe t f your
Sere e H h ess had n t t l d m th t you
ould t b d n M w w th t other
battle all th s ould t h e happe ed he
sard.

k t looked t R t pchfn as f not
gr p h t was sa d to h m h was try g
to ead som th gpecul wr tte t th t mo-
ment the f ce f th m n addres g h m.
Rost pch grew co fus d nd became s le t.
K l h tly hook h he d d not tak

h p trat gare f m Rost pchfn s
fa m itered sof d

\ I shall n t g e up Moscow w th t a
bail

Wh th k t wa th k gof someth
enurely d ffer t wh h pok th w rds
tered th m purpos ly k w them to
be meaz less t rate Rost pchfn made
repl d h t ly l f th m. And tra ge t
a h c

caus th t blocked the way

CHAPTER XXVI

T AND NO CLOCK n the fternoo Mur
t troops e teri g Moscow Infr trode
t tache t f W rtemberg hussars d be-
hind them rode th k g of N ples h mself
comp ed by a mer us ute.

About th mddl f th A bát Street nea
th Church f th M racul us Icon of St
N h las M rathal ed t a t new from th
d ed det chment t the co dit n n
wh th they had f d th c tad l, l A ml
Ar d M rat gathered group of those
ho had ema ed in Mosc w They all tared
m d bew lderment t th tra e lo g
ha ed omma der dressed up feathers d
gold.

I th h Tsa h mself? H t bad
lw es ld be f e a d say g

A erp er rod p e thegr p
T k if cap y cap! These
wo ds went from to ther n the cr wd.

M rat pp o ched th terp eter and told
h m to k h e the Russ n rmy was One
f the R n u derstood wh t w asked
nd several ces at once began an weri
th terp ter A F e ch office et m g
from the d anced detachm t, rode up to
Murat a d r po ted that th gates of the ta
d t

u ge ucemen n h s ute, ordered four l ght
gun t be mo ed f rward to fire at the gates

Th gu emerged at a t f from the column
f flow g Murat d ad anced up the Arbát.
When they eached the end of the Vo d f then
ka Street they halted a d drew up n the Square
Sev ral F ch f fers peri te ded the pl c
ng of the gu d looked t the k rémlin
throu h field glasses

Th bell n the k réml n were ri ging f r
espers nd this sou d tr ubled the Fr nch.
Ther m m m

ous go t from u der the gate
as soon as n officer nd men began to run
towa d t. A general who was tand g by the
guns sh uted some w rds f command to the
fic a d the latter ran back ga n w th his
m

Tle so d of th ee mo e hous came from
the gate

O shot truck a F ench sold ers foot, and
fr m beh d the screen came the stran e
sou d fa f w oces h uti I standly as t
a w d of comma d the exp ess on of cheerful
seren tyo th f es f th F nch general of
f fers and men cha ged t o e of determ ned
co e trated ead ness f ur fe nd ufferi g
To ll of them fr m the marshal to the least
soldier th t pl ce was n t th V d uhenka
M khaváy k táf Street, n the T o-
tsa G t (pl es f m lar m Moscow) b t a
new battlefield wh ch w uld prob bly pr
sa ou ry A d all mad eady f th th tile
Th crs f m the gates ceased Th gu
were d a ed the r ll rym bl w th ash
f th r l n stocks nd an officer ga e th word
Fire! This was f ll wed by two whistling

sounds of the crowd Rostopchin grew physically calm and as always happens as soon as he became physically tranquil his mind devised reasons why he should be mentally tranquil too. The thought which tranquillized Rostopchin was not a new one. Since the world began and men have killed one another no one has ever committed such a crime against his fellow man without comforting himself with this same idea. This idea is *le bien public* the hypothetical welfare of other people.

To a man not swayed by passion that welfare is never certain but he who commits such a crime always knows just where that welfare lies. And Rostopchin now knew it.

Not only did his reason not reproach him for what he had done but he even found cause for self-satisfaction in having so successfully contrived to avail himself of a convenient opportunity to punish a criminal and at the same time pacify the mob.

Vereshchagin was tried and condemned to death thought Rostopchin (though the Senate had only condemned Vereshchagin to hard labor) he is a traitor and a spy. I could not let him go unpunished and so I have killed two birds with one stone to appease the mob. I gave them a victim and at the same time punished a miscreant.

Having reached his country house and begun to give orders about domestic arrangements the count grew quite tranquil.

Half an hour later he was driving with his fast horses across the Sokolniki field no longer thinking of what had occurred but considering what was to come. He was driving to the Yruza bridge where he had heard that Kutuzov was. Count Rostopchin was mentally preparing the angry and stinging reproaches he meant to address to Kutuzov for his deception. He would make that foxy old courtier feel that the responsibility for all the calamities that would follow the abandonment of the city and the ruin of Russia (as Rostopchin regarded it) would fall upon his dotting old head. Planning beforehand what he would say to Kutuzov Rostopchin turned angrily in his *calèche* and gazed sternly from side to side.

The Sokolniki field was deserted. Only at the end of it in front of the almshouse and the lunatic asylum could he see some people in white and others like them walking singly across the field shouting and gesticulating.

One of these was running to cross the path of Count Rostopchin's carriage and the count himself his coachman and his dragoons looked

with vague horror and curiosity at these reversed lunatics and especially at the one running.

Let
tic was a

Rostopchin something in a hoarse voice and making signs to him to stop. The lunatic's solemn gloomy face was thin and yellow with its beard growing in uneven tufts. His blackigate pupils with saffron yellow whites moved restlessly near the lower eyelids.

Stop! Pull up! I tell you! he cried in a piercing voice and again shouted something breathlessly with emphatic intonations and gestures.

Coming abreast of the *calèche* he ran beside it.

Thrice have they slain me thrice have I risen from the dead. They stoned me crucified me. I shall rise shall rise.

Go faster! faster!
he cried.

The horses
Rostopchin heard the insane despairing screams growing fainter in the distance.

Recent as that mental picture was Rostopchin already felt that it had cut deep into his heart. He seemed still to hear the sound of his own words. Cut him down! I command it.

Why did I utter those words? It was by some

at the rate of the dragoon who dealt the blow the look of silent timid reproach that boy in the fur lined coat had turned upon him. But I did not do it for my own sake. I was bound to act that way. The mob the traitor the public welfare thought he

retreat from the Kremlin into which they had first marched. The cavalry on entering met a house that had been abandoned and found there stable room more than sufficient for their horses went all the same to the next house which seemed to them better. Many of them appropriated several horses and chafed their names to them, and quarreled and even fought with other companies for them. Before they had had time to secure quarters the soldiers ran out into the streets to see the city and, hearing that everything had been bandaged, rushed to places where valuables were to be had for the taking. The officers followed to check the soldiers and were involuntarily drawn into doing the same. In Carnarvon's carriages had been left in the shops, and general stores there to select for horses and coaches for themselves. The few inhabitants who had remained invited commanding officers to their houses, hoping thereby to secure themselves from being plundered. There were masses of wealth and there seemed no end to it. All around the quarters occupied by the French were other regions still unexplored and unoccupied where they thought yet greater riches might be found. And Moscow engulfed the army ever deeper and deeper. When water is piled on dry ground both the dry ground and the water disappear and mud results and in the same

Square and cook themselves meals twice a day. In peacetime it is only necessary to billet troops in the villages of any district and the number increases.

of fire in town where foreign troops are quartered. *Le pauvre diable* and the barbarity of the French were not to blame in the matter. Moscow was set on fire by the soldiers' pipes, kitchens, and campfires, and by the carelessness of enemy soldiers occupying houses they did not own. Even if there was any arson (which is very doubtful, for no one had any reason to burn the houses— in any case a troublesome and dangerous thing to do) arson cannot be regarded as the cause, for the same thing would have happened without incendiarism.

However tempting might be the French to blame Rostopchin's ferocity and for Russians to blame the scoundrel Bonaparte or later on to place an heroic torch in the hands of their own people, it is impossible not to see that there could be no such direct cause of the fire. For Moscow had to burn as every village, factory or house must burn which is left by its owners and in which strangers are allowed to live and cook the porridge. Moscow was burned by its inhabitants, the truth but by

the wealth of

inhabitants abandoned to it did not well come the French with bread and salt nor bring them the keys of the city.

The French attributed the fire of Moscow to *le pauvre diable* and the barbarity of the French. In reality however it was not, and could not be possible to explain the burning of Moscow by making any dual or y group of people responsible for it. Moscow was burned because found itself in position in which it was built of wood was bound to burn, quite apart from whether it had, had not, hundred and thirty senior fire engines. Deserted Moscow had to burn as inevitably as a heap of rubbish has to burn on which parks could be built for several days. A town built of wood, however, day passes with the conflagration when the house owners are in evidence and police force present, cannot help burning when its inhabitants have left it and is occupied by soldiers who make pipes, make campfires of the Senate's chairs in the Senate

T Rostopchin's ferocious patriotism.

CHAPTER XXVII

THE ABSORPTION of the French by Moscow radiating starwise as it did, only reached the quarter where Perron was staying by the evening of the second of September.

After the last two days spent in solitude and unusual circumstances Perron was in a state bordering on insanity. He was completely obsessed by one persistent thought. He did not know how or when this thought had taken such possession of him, but he remembered nothing of the past, understood nothing of the present, and all he saw and heard appeared to him like a dream.

He had left home only to escape the intricacies of life demands that it enmeshed him, and which in his present condition he was unable to unravel. He had gone to Joseph Alexeevich's house in the plea of sorting the

sounds of canister shot one after another. The shot rattled against the stone of the gate and upon the wooden beams and screens and two wavering clouds of smoke rose over the square.

A few instants after the echo of the reports resounding over the stone built Kremlin had died away the French heard a strange sound above their head. Thousands of cro-

came a solitary human cry from the gateway and amid the smoke appeared the figure of a bareheaded man in a peasant's coat. He grasped a musket and took aim at the French. Lurel repeated the order once more and the reports of a musket and of two cannon shots were heard simultaneously. The gate was again hidden by smoke.

Nothing more stirred behind the screens and the French infantry soldiers and officers advanced to the gate. In the gateway lay three wounded and four dead. Two men in peasant coats ran away at the foot of the wall toward the Znaménka.

Clear that away! said the officer pointing to the beams and the corpses and the French soldiers after dispatching the wounded threw the corpses over the parapet.

Who these men were nobody knew. Clear that away! was all that was said of them and they were thrown over the parapet and removed later on that they might not stink. Thiers alone dedicated a few eloquent lines to their memory. "These wretches had occupied the sacred citadel, having supplied themselves with guns from the arsenal and fired (the wretches) at the French. Some of them were sabred and the Kremlin was purged of their presence."

Murat was informed that the way had been cleared. The French entered the gates and began pitching their camp in the Senate Square. Out of the windows of the Senate House the soldiers threw chairs into the square for fuel and kindled fires there.

Other detachments passed through the Kremlin and encamped along the Morosyáka, the Iubýánka and Pokróvka Streets. Others quartered themselves along the Vozdvizhenka, the Nikólski and the Tverskóy Streets. No masters

It was a weary and famished but still a fighting and menacing army. But it remained an army only until its soldiers had dispersed into their different lodgings. As soon as the men of the various regiments began to disperse among the wealthy and deserted houses the army was lost forever and there came into being something nondescript, neither citizens nor soldiers but what are known as marauders. When five weeks later these same men left Moscow they no longer formed an army. They were a mob of marauders, each carrying a quantity of articles which seemed to him valuable or useful. The aim of each man when he left Moscow was no longer as it had been to conquer but merely to keep what he had required. Like a monkey which puts its paw in to the narrow neck of a jug and having seized a handful of nuts will not open its fist for fear of losing what it holds and therefore perishes the French when they left Moscow had inevitably to perish because they carried their loot with them yet to abandon what they had stolen was as impossible for them as it is for the monkey to open its paw and let go of its nuts. Ten minutes after each regiment had entered a Moscow district not a soldier or officer was left. Men in military uniforms and Hessian boots could be seen through the windows laughing and walking through the rooms. In cellars and storerooms similar men were busy among the provisions and in the yards unlocking or breaking open coach house and stable doors, lighting fires in kitchens and kneading and baking bread with rolled up sleeves and cooking, or frightening, amusing or caressing women and children. There were many such men both in the shops and houses—but there was no army.

Order after order was issued by the French commanders that day forbidding the men to disperse about the town, sternly forbidding any violence to the inhabitants or any looting and announcing a roll call for that very evening. But despite all these measures the men who had till then constituted an army flowed

like water into the city as soon as it reaches rich pastures so did the army disperse all over the wealthy city.

Though tattered, hungry, worn out and reduced to a third of their original number, the French entered Moscow in good marching or-

No residents were left in Moscow and the soldiers—like water—were flowing through and spreading irresistibly through the city in all di-

repless hts p s ed on a hort sofa w thout
bed n —all this kept hum tate of e ste
ment borderi go san ty

It was tw o'clock in the aft rnoon Th
French had already e te ed Moscow P erre
knew this, b t n tead f ct heonly th u ht
bouthis dertaki go o e tsm nutest
h f cv h d d not
g of
w th
y en
and

"Yes I f r the sake I ll I mu t d t
or peruhl he th ght. "Yes I will appro ch
d th sudden! w th p stol o dag
ger B t that is ll th sam I lt s not I but
ch. hand f Prov d ce that p shes thee I
half say th w th m g w th would
a hen k ll \ poleon Well then take
me de ecut m he we t peak ng to
h mself d bow g h s h d w th sad but
firm exp en

Whil P err sta d n the mddl of the
room, was talk t h mself this way the
h h sh ld p

seem P err h grew confused t first, but
not a emb rrassment n P erre fa e im
mediat ly grew bold d taggeri g on hu
th legs d a ed t the muddl of the
room.

"Ther e fright ed he sa d o fide tally
b re ce. I say I won t urre der I
say Am I n t ht.

He paused d th s dde ly see g the
p l the tabl ed w th u expected
rap d dra o t t th rrid

Gera m d th po ter who had f ll wed
M kár Alexéev ch, t pped hum th est
bu d ur ed to tak the p tol from h m.
P err com ut to th corrid looked
w th p ty d ep ls n t th half-crazy old
man. M kár Alexéev ch brow n g w th exer
tion h ld to th p l nd screamed h rse
l es dently w th som her fancy n h
head.

"T arms Boa d them No o han t get
u, h yelled.

"Th wlld plea that wlld H the
good co-please t le g Please
plea ed Gera m, try g caref lly to teer M
kár Alexéev ch by th l bows back to th door

Wh r you? Bon partel shouted
M kár Alexéev ch.

"Come to your room
t l

t See
nd h

this h uteu M kár

t the p tol Bo rd them

Catch hold! whispered Gerásim to the
porter

They se ed Makár Alexéev ch by the arm
nd dragged h m t the doo

Th est bule wa filled w th the d sco dant
sou ds of a struggle and of a tupty h rse

c
Suddenly a fresh sound a p ercing fem n n
scream e erberated fr m th porch nd the
cook came runn ng to the est bule.

It them Grac ous hea n O Lo d four
of them h rsem nl she cried

Gerás m nd the po ter let M ká Ale é
ev ch go d n the now s lent corridr the
sound of everal h nds knocki g t the front
door could be heard.

CHAPTER XXVIII

P ERRE, ha g decided that unt l he had ca
r ed o t h des gn he w uld d cl se ne ther
hu d nuty nor huskn wledg of F ench stood
at the half-open doo f the corr d intend
n t co ceal himself soon as th Fre ch
e tered. But the French ntered and still P erre
did n t reture~ n rresistibl cur os ty kept
hum ther

There were two of them. O e wa n ficer
— t ll soldi ly handsom man—the other

th entra ce d loud ce of command
rdered them to put up the horses H

d n that, th officer l ft g h l bow w th a
mart gesture str ked h mustach nd l ht
ly to ched h hat.

B j l ompagn sa d h ga ly
ml d look g bout h m.

No n ga e ny reply

I ous étes l b the officer asked
Gerásim.

Gerás m gared t the offi er w th n alarmed
and quinn look.

Good day everybod
Are yo th master here.

deceased's books and papers only in search of rest from life's turmoil. For in his mind the memory of Joseph Alexévich was connected with a world of eternal solemn and calm thoughts quite contrary to the restless confusion into which he felt himself being drawn. He sought a quiet refuge and in Joseph Alexévich's study he really found it. When he sat with his elbows on the dusty writing table in the deathlike stillness of the study, calm and significant memories of the last few days rose one after another in his imagination particularly of the battle of Borodino and of that vague sense of his own insignificance and in sincerity compared with the truth, simplicity and strength of the class of men he mentally classed as they. When Gerásim roused him from his reverie the idea occurred to him of taking part in the popular defense of Moscow which he knew was projected. And with that object he had asked Gerásim to get him a peasant's coat and a pistol, confiding to him his intentions of remaining in Joseph Alexévich's house and keeping his name secret. Then during the first day spent in inaction—

Pierre knew all the details of the attempt on Bonaparte's life in 1809 by a German student in Vienna and knew that the student had been shot. And the risk to which he would expose his life by carrying out his design excited him still more.

To equally strong feelings drew Pierre irresistibly to this purpose. The first was a feeling of the necessity of sacrifice and suffering in view of the common—

that
 then
 thick clouds and had now caused him to run away from his home and in place of the luxury and comfort to which he was accustomed to sleep on a hard sofa without undressing and eat the same food as Gerásim. The other was that vague and quite Russian feeling of contempt for everything conventional, artificial and human—for everything the majority of men regard as the greatest good in the world. Pierre had first experienced this strange and fascinating feeling at the Slobódskiy—

for his worth was so only by reason of the joy with which it can all be renounced.

It was the feeling that induces a volunteer recruit to spend his last penny on drink and a drunken man to smash mirrors or glasses for no apparent reason and knowing that it will cost him all the money he possesses the feeling which causes a man to perform actions which from an ordinary point of view are—

From the very day Pierre had experienced this feeling for the first time at the Slobódskiy Palace he had been continuously under its influence but only now found full satisfaction for it. Moreover at this moment Pierre was supported in his design and prevented from renouncing it by what he had already done in that direction. If he were now to leave Moscow—

the present
 Moscow would become not merely meaningless but contemptible and ridiculous and to this Pierre was very sensitive.

Pierre's physical condition as is always the case corresponded to his mental state. The unaccustomed coarse food, the vodka he drank during those days, the absence of wine and cigars, his dirty unchanged linen—all almost

once vaguely presented itself. But the idea that he, *L'russe Besuhof*, was destined to set a limit to the power of the *Beast* was as yet only one of the fancies that often passed through his mind and left no trace behind.

When, having bought the coat merely with the object of taking part among the people in the defense of Moscow, Pierre had met the Rostóvs and Natasha had said to him: "Are you remaining in Moscow?" How splendid! the thought flashed into his mind that it really would be a good thing even if Moscow were taken for him to remain there and do—

in any way behind them, Pierre went to the Three Hills gate. But when he returned to the house convinced that Moscow would not be defended, he suddenly felt that what before had seemed to him merely a possibility had now become absolutely necessary and inevitable. He must remain in Moscow, concealing his name and must meet Napoleon and kill him and either perish or put an end to the misery of all Europe—a which it seemed to him was solely due to Napoleon.

"You will be called when you are wanted"

The soldiers went out on the order but he had meanwhile had time to visit the kitchen, came up to his officer

"Captain, there is soup and mutton in the kitchen said he "Shall I serve them?"

"Yes, and some wine" answered the captain.

CHAPTER XXIV

WHEN THE FRENCH OFFICER went into the room with Pierre the latter again thought this duty to assure him that he was not French and had to go away but the officer would not hear of it. He was so very polite, amiable, good

the first room he entered. To Pierre assurances that he was not Frenchman then certain, evidently not understanding how any one could decline so flattering an appellation, shrugged his shoulders and said that if Pierre absolutely insisted on passing for a Russian let it be so, but for all that he would be forever bound to Pierre by gratitude for saving his life.

Had this man been endowed with the slightest capacity for perceiving the feelings of others and had he all understood what Pierre's feelings were, he would probably have left him, but the man's innate obtuseness to everything other than himself disarmed Pierre.

A Frenchman or Russian prince no longer, said the officer looking at Pierre's fine though dirty linen and the ring on his finger. I owe my life to you and offer you my friendship. A Frenchman never forgets the insult or service. I offer you a friendship. That is all I can do.

There was so much good nature and nobility in the Frenchman's (in his words) in the officer's face, in the expression of his face and his gestures, that Pierre unconsciously smiled in response to the Frenchman's smile. Pierre pressed the man's hand.

Captain Ramball of the 35th Light Regiment, Chevalier of the Legion of Honor for the 2nd time on the seventh of September introduced himself, self-satisfied, unrepentant, puckering his lips under his mustache. "Will you now be so good as to tell me with whom I have the honor of conversing so pleas-

and instead of being in the ambulance with that man's bullet in my body.

Pierre replied that he could not tell him his name and blushing began to invent in his mind something about his reason for concealing it, but the Frenchman hastily interrupted him.

"Oh, please," said he. "I understand your reasons. You are an officer, a superior officer perhaps. You have borne arms against us. That is not my business. I owe you my life. That is enough for me. I am quite at your service. You belong to the genre, he concluded with a shade of inquiry in his tone. Pierre bent his head. "Your baptismal name, if you please. That is all I ask. Monsieur Pierre, you say. Excellent. That is all I want to know."

When the mutton and an omelet had been served and samovar and vodka brought, with some wine which the French had taken from

Russian cellar and brought with them, Ramball invited Pierre to share his dinner and himself began to eat greedily and quietly like

health and hungry man, munching his food rapidly with his strong teeth, continually smacking his lips and repeating — Excellent. Delicieux. His face grew red and was covered with perspiration. Pierre was hungry and shared the dinner with pleasure. Morel, the orderly brought some hot water in a saucepan and placed a bottle of claret on the table. He also brought a bottle of kvas, taken from the kitchen.

The Frenchman was loud

in mention of his hunger and the wine rendered the captain still more lively and he chatted incessantly all through dinner.

"Yes, my dear Monsieur Pierre, I owe you a fine evening candle for saving me from that maniac. You see I have bullets enough in my body. Here is one I got through my arm (he touched his side) and secondly Smolensk — he showed a scar on his cheek — and this leg which as you see does not want to march. I got that on the seventh of the great battle of Moscow was. Ser Dieu! It was splendid. That deluge of fire was worth seeing. It

Quartier quartier logement! said the officer looking down at the little man with a condescending and good-natured smile. *Les français sont de bons enfants. Que diable! I oyons! Ne nous fâchons pas mon vieux* added he

looking around and meeting Pierre's eyes Pierre moved away from the door

Again the officer turned to Gerásim and asked him to show him the rooms in the house

Master not here—don't understand me you said Gerásim trying to render his words more comprehensible by contorting them

Still smiling the French officer spread out his hands before Gerásim's nose intimating that he did not understand him either and moved limping to the door at which Pierre was standing Pierre wished to go away and conceal himself but at that moment he saw Makár Alexéevich appearing at the open kitchen door with the pistol in his hand With a

turned round and at the same moment Pierre threw himself on the drunkard Just when Pierre snatched at and struck up the pistol Makár Alexéevich at last got his fingers on the trigger there was a deafening report and all were enveloped in a cloud of smoke The Frenchman turned pale and rushed to the door

Forgetting his intention of concealing his

You are not wounded? he asked

I think not answered the Frenchman feeling himself over But I have had a lucky escape this time he added pointing to the

curried said Pierre rapidly quite forgetting the part he had intended to play He is an unfortunate madman who did not know what he was doing

The officer went up to Makár Alexéevich and took him by the collar

Makár Alexéevich was standing with parted

Quarters quarters lodgings! The French are good fellows Well the devil! There don't let us be cross of I tell you

lips saying as if about to fall asleep as he leaned against the wall

Brigand! You shall pay for this said the Frenchman letting go of him We French are merciful after victory but we do not pardon traitors he added with a look of gloomy dignity and a fine energetic gesture

Pierre continued in French to persuade the officer not to hold that drunken imbecile to account The Frenchman listened in silence with the same gloomy expression but suddenly turned to Pierre with a smile For a few seconds he looked at him in silence His hand some face assumed a melodramatically gentle expression and he held out his hand

You have saved my life You are French said he

For a Frenchman that deduction was indubitable Only a Frenchman could perform a great deed and to save his life—the life of M Ramballe captain of the 13th Light Regiment

felt it necessary to disillusion him

I am Russian he said quickly

Tut tut tut! Tell that to others said the officer waving his finger before his nose and smiling You shall tell me all about that presently I am delighted to meet a compatriot Well and what are we to do with this man he added addressing himself to Pierre as to a brother

Even if Pierre were not a Frenchman having once received that loftiest of human appellations he could not renounce it said the officer's look and tone In reply to his last question Pierre again explained who Makár Alexéevich was and how just before their arrival that drunken imbecile had seized the loaded pistol which they had not had time to recover from him and begged the officer to let the deed go unpunished

The Frenchman expanded his chest and made a majestic gesture with his arm

You have saved my life! You are French. You ask my pardon? I grant it you Let it all man away! said he quickly and energetically and taking the arm of Pierre whom he had promoted to be a Frenchman for saving his life he went with him into the room

The soldiers in the yard hearing the shot came into the passage asking what had happened and expressed their readiness to punish the culprits but the officer sternly checked them

*3 will be called nwl en you are wanted
hes d.

The soldiers went to town and the order
to hold me while it took time to set the
kitchen came up the officer

Capt the e s so pa da leg of mutton
 n the k tche s d h Sh ll I s rve them

^P Yes, and me w n answered the cap-
tion.

CHAPTER XLIX

CHAPTER XXIX

WHEN THE FRENCH OFFICER went into the room with Perreth, the latter again thought his duty to assure him that he was not French and had nothing to do with the officer would not hear of it. Hewas so ery polite m ble good

th first oom they entered to l res as-
ura ces that he wa ot a Fenchm the
captai de dyn tunderst d ghowa y
eco ldded esofl tte g n pp l l t
shrugged hi sho lders and said th t if P erre
bsol tely ted n p g fo R n
let t be so b t f r l l that he w ld be f r
ever bound t P erre b grat tude f r s v g
h life

H d this man been d wed w th th lght
 est cap city f p ce gth feelngs of oth
 ers, d h d h t ll nd rstood wh t P rre s
 feel s were the l tte w uld p bably ha e
 l f t hum b t th m m ted obtus esa
 to everyth othe th h ms lf d sarmed
 P err

A F chm o Russ a p i c e ncog
to d the fir look g t Perr s fi
th h dirty l e d t il gon h fin
ger l w my l f t y u a d off y u my
frie d hup A F chm n erf gets th
nsul rv c e l off y u myf nd h p
Th t is all I ca say

There was so much good to find in it
(the French set the world on fire)
the press in the field
gestures, that Paris was usually mild
exposed to the French in the process
held the world in

Capta n R m l l f t l 3th Light Rev
ment Che l f t h L e n f H f
trod ced h e t e v t h f Sept mb h
mi p ke g h u s l i p u d r h m u t h
W l y w b e s o g o o d t l l m w t h
h m l h a e t h h o f c o n e r s o s p l e a s

LEVEN
a tly stead of be ng in the ambulance w th
th t man s bullet n my body?
 that he could not tell h m

Perre replied that he could not tell him
 I mean I blush began to try to in ent
 an me d to say som thing about his re son
 fo co cealng t but the Frenchman h st ly
 terrupted h m

Oh please! said he. I understand your reasons. You are an officer, a superior officer, perhaps. You have borne arms against us. That is not my business. I owe you my life. That is enough for me. I am quite at your service. I believe that the gentry? he concluded with a tone Pierre bet

When the mutt n d an omelet t u been
served nd a samo ar nd vodka bou ht w th
me w ne wh cl the Fre ch h d t ken f m
Russ n c ll ra d bro ght w th tlem Ram
balle n ted Perre t h re hus d n er nd
h mself began to eat greed ly and qu ckly like
he lthy and hu gry man munch ng t s food
rapdly w th h strong teeth co t ually

h red the d ner with plea e M rel the
ord rly brou ht some h tw ter in a saucepan
d pl ced bottle f d ret n t. He also

f t n of h hu ger d the w rendered
the capta st ll mo el ely a dh chatted n
ess tly all thro gh d nner

Yes my dear M. de la Perre I owe you
firot candle for singing from that

th leg wh ch as y u see does not want to
m ch I got th t on th th t the gr t
b title fl M k wa S cre D It was plen
d d Th t del g of fi wa w rth se ng It

Quartier quartier logement! said the officer to
de
sat
Ne
ch

and silent Gerásim on the shoulder Well does no one speak French in this establishment? he asked again in French looking around and meeting Pierre's eyes Pierre moved away from the door

Again the officer turned to Gerásim and asked him to show him the rooms in the house

Master not here—don't understand me you said Gerásim trying to render his words more comprehensible by contorting them

Still smiling the French officer spread out his hands before Gerásim's nose intimating that he did not understand him either and moved lumping to the door at which Pierre was standing Pierre wished to go away and conceal himself but at that moment he saw Makár Alexéevich appearing at the open kitchen door with the pistol in his hand With a madman scunning Makár Alexéevich eyed the Frenchman raised his pistol and took aim

Board them! yelled the tippy man trying to press the trigger Hearing the yell the officer turned round and at the same moment Pierre threw himself on the drunkard Just when Pierre snatched at and struck up the pistol Makár Alexéevich at last got his fingers on the trigger there was a deafening report and all were enveloped in a cloud of smoke The Frenchman turned pale and rushed to the door

Forgetting his intention of concealing his knowledge of French Pierre snatching away the pistol and throwing it down ran up to the officer and addressed him in French

You are not wounded? he asked

I think not answered the Frenchman feeling himself over But I have had a lucky escape this time he added pointing to the arm of a chair

curious said Pierre rapidly quite forgetting the part he had intended to play He is an unfortunate madman who did not know what he was doing

The officer went up to Makár Alexéevich and took him by the collar

Makár Alexéevich was standing with parted

Quarters quarters lodgings! The French are good fellows What the devil! Here don't let us be cross old fellow!

lips swaying as if about to fall asleep as he leaned against the wall

Brigand! You shall pay for this said the Frenchman letting go of him We French are merciful after victory but we do not pardon traitors he added with a look of gloomy dignity and a fine energetic gesture

Pierre continued in French to persuade the officer not to hold that drunken imbecile to account The Frenchman listened in silence with the same gloomy expression but suddenly turned to Pierre with a smile For a few seconds he looked at him in silence His handsome face assumed a melodramatically gentle expression and he held out his hand

You have saved my life You are French said he

For a Frenchman that deduction was indubitable Only a Frenchman could perform a great deed and to save his life—the life of M Ramballe captain of the 13th Light Regiment—as undoubtedly a very great deed

But however indubitable that conclusion and the officer's conviction based upon it Pierre felt

to others said the officer waving his finger before his nose and smiling You shall tell me all about that presently I am delighted to meet a compatriot Well and what are we to do with this man he added addressing himself to Pierre as to a brother

Even if Pierre were not a Frenchman having once received that lostness of human affections he could not renounce it said the officer's look and tone In reply to his last question Pierre again explained who Makár Alexéevich was and how just before their arrival that drunken imbecile had seized the loaded pistol which they had not had time to recover from him and begged the officer to let the deed go unpunished

The Frenchman expanded his chest and made a majestic gesture with his arm

You have saved my life! You are French You ask his pardon? I grant it you Let it at man as yet! said he quickly an energetic man and taking the arm of Pierre whom he had promoted to be a Frenchman for saving his life he went with him into the room

The soldiers in the yard hearing the shot came into the place to see what had happened and expressed the real lines of fun in the culprit but the officer sternly checked them

BOOK ELEVEN

The captain had their sen or sergeant called in, and in turn ordered him to what regiment he belonged, who was his commanding officer and by what right he allowed himself to claim quarters that were already occupied. The German who knew little French, answered the first question by giving the names of his regiment and of his commanding officer. But in reply to the third question which he did not understand said "I understand broken French to his own German" that he was the quartermaster of the regiment and his commander had ordered him to occupy all the houses one after another. Perrin who knew German translated what the German said to the captain and gave the captain reply that the Wurttemberg hussar in German. When he had understood what was said to him, the German bowed and took his men elsewhere. The captain went into the porch and gave some orders to the door.

When he returned to the room Perrin was sitting at the same place before with his head in his hands. He himself expressed after a while that he was suffering from that moment. When the captain went in and he was left alone, suddenly he came to himself and realized the position he was in that Moscow had been taken that the happy conquerors were masters in and were patrolling the city.

The captain on the other hand seemed very cheerful. He picked up and down the room twice. He even showed his mustache and touched as if he were smiling to himself at some amusing thing.

The lieutenant of those Wurttembergers side lightful he suddenly said. He is German but once fell with the same. But he is a German. He said down facing Perrin. By the way you know German then.

Perrin looked at him in silence.

"What is the German for shelter?"

"Shelter" Perrin repeated. "The German for shelter. Unterkerst."

"How do you say it?" the captain asked quickly and doubtfully.

"Unterkerst" Perrin repeated.

"Otkoff" said the captain and looked at Perrin for some seconds with a warning eye. "These Germans are first rate fools, don't you think so?"

"Well let have another bottle of this Moscow Bo deaux hall we Moscow will warm us up, no other little bottle. Moscow he called out gaily.

"Moscow" he brought candles and bottle of wine. The captain looked at Perrin by the candlelight and was evidently struck by the troubled expression on his face. Ramballe

glasses for he had drunk and then with this good natured man had destroyed the mood of entranced gloom in which he had spent the last few days and which was ex-

happily for both that he would not carry out his tent. He struggled against the consciousness of his weakness but dimly felt that he could not permit himself to let his former gloomy frame find comfort in vengeance kill and self-sacrifice, had been dispersed like dust by contact with the first man he met.

The captain turned to the room, limp and slightly drowsy.

The Frenchman that he which had previously amused Perrin was repelled him. The tune he was whistling, his gait, and the gesture

Perrin. Perhaps that that is Perrin did not answer but looked cordially at the Frenchman whose expression of sympathy was pleasant to him.

He slowly without peak of what I owe you I feel friendship for you. Can I do anything for you? Dispose of me. It is life and death. I say to my hand in my heart said he striking his chest.

"Thank you" said Perrin.

The captain gazed intently at him as he had done when he learned that he was Unterkerst in German and his face suddenly brightened.

Well in that case I drink to our friend

was a tough job you set us there my word! You may be proud of it! And on my honor in spite of the cough I caught there I should be ready to begin again I pity those who did not see it

I was there said Pierre

Bah really? So much the better! You are certainly brave foes The great redoubt held out well by my pipe! continued the Frenchman And you made us pay dear for it I was at it three times—sure as I sit here Three times we reached the guns and three times we were thrown back like cardboard figures Oh it was beautiful Monsieur Pierrel! Your grenadiers were splendid by heaven! I sat them close up their ranks six times in succession and march as if on parade Fine fellows! Our king of Naples who knows what's what cried Bravo! Ha ha! So you are one of us soldiers! he added smiling after a momentary pause

So much the better so much the better Monsieur Pierrel! Terrible in battle gallant with the fair (he winked and smiled) that's what the French are Monsieur Pierre aren't they?

The captain was so naively and good humoredly gay so real and so pleased with himself that Pierre almost winked back as he looked merrily at him Probably the word gallant turned the captain's thoughts to the state of Moscow

Apropos tell me please is it true that the women have all left Moscow? What a queer idea! What had they to be afraid of?

Would not the French ladies leave Paris if the Russians entered it? asked Pierre

Ha ha ha! The Frenchman emitted

some

she

P

Paris—the capital of the world Pierre finished

it

ga

Well if you hadn't told me you were Russian I should have imagined that you were Parisian! You have that I don't know what that

he

he

said Pierre.

Oh yes one sees that plainly Paris! A man who doesn't know Paris is a savage You can tell a Parisian two leagues off Paris is Talma la Duchénois Potier the Sorbonne the

boulevards and noticing that his conclusion was rather than what had gone before he added quickly There is only one Paris in the world You have been to Paris and have remained Russian Well I don't esteem you the less for it

Under the influence of the wine he had drunk and after the days he had spent alone with his depressing thou his Pierre involuntarily enjoyed talking with this cheerful and good natured man

To return to your ladies—I hear they are lovely What a wretched idea to go and bury themselves in the steppes when the French army is in Moscow What a chance those girls have missed! Your peasants now—that's another thing but you civilized people you ought to know us better than that We took Vienna Berlin Madrid Naples Rome War saw all the world's capitals We are feared but we are loved We are nice to know And then the Emperor he began but Pierre interrupted him

The Emperor Pierre repeated and his face suddenly became sad and embarrassed is the Emperor?

The Emperor? He is generosity mercy justice order genius—that's what the Emperor is! It is I said —

you I
ther

I said that he wanted—when I saw that I

you

and I

man the greatest man of the ages past or future

Is he in Moscow? Pierre stammered with a guilty look

The Frenchman looked at his guilty face and smiled

No he will make his entry tomorrow he replied and continued his talk

Their conversation was interrupted by the cries of several voices at the gate and Ilya Morel who came to say that some Wurtemberg Hussars had come and wanted to put up the horses in the yard where the captain's horses were Thus diffculty had arisen chiefly because the hussars did not understand what was said to them in French

The famous aged Talma the actress Duchénois the comedienne Potier the Sorbonne the

something pathetic and touching in all this.

He in fact shed his tale about the enchanting Polish lady the captain asked Perre if he had ever experienced a similar impulse to sacrifice himself for love and a feeling of envy of the fortunate husband.

Challenged by this question Perre raised his head and felt need to express the thoughts that filled his mind. He began to explain that he understood love for a woman somewhat differently. He said that all his life he had loved a girl till he had only one woman and that she could never be his.

Then said the captain

peculiarly thereof about himself.

When he had explained this point Perre asked the captain whether he understood that.

The captain made gestures gracefully that even if he did not understand, he begged Perre to continue.

Plato I've clouded, he muttered.

Whether it was the way he had drunk, or impulse or frankness, the truth is that this man did not and never would know any of those who played politics, try to whether or not, whether or not, together something loose. Perre thought. Speak gently. I'd like to look at his shining eyes. I'd like to hear the story of his marriage. I'd like to see his betrayal of him. I'd like to see his own punishment. Urged by Roubal's questions, he also told him his first confession—his own position and his aim.

Perre told the

and came out to the porches

h. R. A. K. d. t. t.

It felt that he emanated their concealed ghastly mind.

When it was night they went out together into the street. The night was warm and light. The first of those that were before Moscow. The light of the full moon was opposite to the bright comet which was corrected in Perre's heart with the

lo. At the gate stood Gerasim the cook, and two Frenchmen. The right lighter and the mutually incomprehensible remarks in two languages could be heard. They were looking at the glow seen in the town.

There was no light in the one small distant fire in the immense city.

Gazing at the light in the sky at the moon at the comet and at the glow from the fire, Perre experienced a joyful emotion. "There is now good news, what more does one need though he be. And suddenly remembering his intention he grew dazed and felt so faint that he leaned against the fence to save himself from falling.

Without taking leave of his new friend Perre left the gate without a step and returned to his room lay down on the sofa and immediately fell asleep.

CHAPTER XXX

THE GLOW of the first fire that began on the second of September was watched from the various roads by the fugitive Muscovites and by the retreating troops with many different feelings.

The Rostopchine's then hit at Mytilich fourteen miles from Moscow. The had started so late on the first of September the road had been so blocked by the dead troops, so many things had been forgotten, which the servants were sent back that they had decided to spend the night in place three miles out of Moscow. The next morning they woke late and were again delayed so late that they only

the first night in the same yard as the Rostopchine's said she had been unable to close her eyes on account of his moaning and Mytilich he moved to a room to imply to be farther away from the wounded man. In the darkness of the night one of the servants noticed, both the high body of the coat of arms before the porch, the small glow of

ship! he cried gaily filling two glasses with wine

Pierre took one of the glasses and emptied it. Ramballe emptied his too again pressed Pierre's hand and leaned his elbows on the table in a pensive attitude.

Yes my dear friend he began such is fortune's caprice. Who would have said that I should be a soldier and a captain of dragoons in the service of Bonaparte as we used to call him? Yet here I am in Moscow with him! I must tell you *mon cher* he continued in the sad and measured tones of a man who intends to tell a long story that our name is one of the most ancient in France.

And with a Frenchman's easy and naive frankness the captain told Pierre the story of his ancestors his childhood youth and manhood and all about his relations and his financial and family affairs *ma pauvre mère* playing of course an important part in the story.

But all that is only life's setting the real thing is love—love! Am I not right Monsieur Pierrre? said he growing animated. Another glass!

Pierre again emptied his glass and poured himself out a third.

Oh women women! and the captain looking with glistening eyes at Pierre began talking of love and of his love affairs.

There were very many of these as one could easily believe looking at the officer's handsome self-satisfied face and noting the eager enthusiasm with which he spoke of women. Though all Ramballe's love stories had the sensual character which Frenchmen regard as the special charm and poetry of love yet he told his story with such sincere conviction that he alone had experienced and known all the charm of love and he described women so alluringly that Pierre listened to him with curiosity.

It was plain that *l'amour* which the Frenchman was so fond of was not that low and simple kind that Pierre had once felt for his wife nor was it the romantic love of the poets which the Frenchman's orshipped consisted principally in the unnaturalness of his relation to the woman and in a combination of incongruities giving the chief charm to the feeling.

Thus the captain touchingly recounted the story of his love for a fascinating marquise of

thirty-five and at the same time for a charming innocent child of seventeen daughter of the bewitching marquise. The conflict of unanimity between the mother and the daughter ending in the mother's sacrificing herself and offering her daughter in marriage to her lover even now agitated the captain though it was the memory of a distant past. Then he recounted an episode in which the husband played the part of the lover and he—the lover—assumed the role of the husband.

soundseat sauerkraut and the young girls are too blonde

Finally the latest episode in Poland still fresh in the captain's memory and which he narrated with rapid gestures and glowing face was of how he had saved the life of a Pole (in general the saving of life continually occurred in the captain's life) trusted to his *de cœur* when

service. The captain was happy the enchanting Polish lady wished to elope with him but prompted by magnanimity the captain restored the wife to the husband saying as he did so I have saved your life and I save your honor! Having repeated these words the captain wiped his eyes and gave himself a shake as if driving away the weakness which assailed him at this touching recollection.

Listening to the captain's tales Pierre—as often happens late in the evening and under the influence of wine—forgot all that was told him understood it all and at the same time followed a train of personal memories which he knew not why suddenly arose in his mind. While listening to these love stories his own love for Natasha unexpectedly rose to his mind and going over the pictures of that love in his imagination he mentally compared them with Ramballe's tales. Listening to the story of the struggle between love and duty Pierre saw before his eyes every minutest detail of his last meeting with the object of his love at the Sukharev water tower. At the time of that meeting it had not produced an effect upon him—he had not even once recalled it. But now it seemed to him that that meeting added in it something very important an idea.

Peter Kirilovich come here! We have recognized you he now seemed to hear the words she had uttered and to see before him her eyes her smile her traveling hood and a stray lock of her hair and there seemed to him

something pathetic and to chime in all this.
Having finished his tale about the enchanting Polish lady the captain asked Pierre if he had ever experienced a similar impulse to sacrifice himself and feel no of envy of the legitimate husband.

Challenged by this question Pierre raised his head and felt need to express the truth as it was. He began to explain that he understood the few women somewhat differently. He said that in all his life he had loved a still and only on woman and that she could never be his.

"I must say that the captain

Pierre then explained that he had loved this woman from his earliest years but that he had not dared to think of her because he was too young and because he had been illegitimate son without name. Afterwards when he had retrieved name and wealth he dared not think of her because he loved her too well placing her far above everything in the world, and especially therefore to love himself.

When he had reached this point Pierre asked the captain whether he understood that.

The captain made gesture signifying that even if he did not understand, he begged Pierre to continue.

Platon's love, said he, muttered.

Whether it was the wine he had drunk, or an impulse of frankness, or the thought that this man did not, and never would, know any of those who played part in his story or whether it was all these things together something loosened Pierre's tongue. Speaking thickly and with faraway look in his shining eyes, he told the whole story of his life, his marriage, his loss for his best friend, her betrayal of him, and all his own complicated relations with her urged by Rambal, questions he also told what he had first concealed—his own position and even his name.

More than anything else in Pierre's story the captain was impressed by the fact that Pierre was very rich, had two mansions in Moscow, and that he had abandoned everything and not left the city but remained there concealing his name and station.

When it was late at night they went out together into the street. The night was warm and light. The light of the house on the Pokrovka street glowed—the first of those that were beginning to glow in Moscow. To the right and high up in the sky was the white of the waning moon and opposite to it hung the bright comet which was connected in Pierre's heart with his

love. At the gate stood Gerasim the cook and the groom. The light of the room glowed at

the glow seen in the street.

There was nothing so terrible in the one small dust and fire in the immense city.

Gazing at the high hazy sky at the moon at the comet, and at the glow from the fire Pierre experienced a joyful emotion. "There now how good it is! what more does one need," thought he. And suddenly remembering his tent in the grey duzy and felt so faint that he leaned against the fence to save himself from falling.

Without taking leave of his new friend Pierre left the gate with unsteady steps and returned to his room lying down on the sofa and immediately fell asleep.

CHAPTER XX

The glow of the first fire that began on the second of September was watched from the various roads by the sentry Muscovites and by the retreating troops with many different feelings.

The Rostov party spent the night at Mytishchi fourteen miles from Moscow. The had started so late on the first of September the road had been so blocked by the chattering troops, so many things had been forgotten for which

they were again delayed so often that they only got as far as Great Mytishchi. At ten o'clock that evening the Rostov family and the wounded straggling with them were all distributed in the yards and huts of that large village. The Rostovs servants and coachmen and the orderlies of the wounded officers, after attending to their matters, had supper fed the horses, and came out into the porches.

In the neighborhood of the Rostovs' adjutant with a fractured wrist. The wounded man suf-

fered the first night in the same yard as the Rostovs. The countess said she had been unable to close her eyes because of his moaning, and that Mityushin moved to worse his attempt to be farther was from the wounded man.

another fire. One glow had long been visible and everybody knew that it was Little Mytishchi burning—set on fire by Mamonov's Cossacks.

But look here, brothers, there's another fire! remarked an orderly.

All turned their attention to the glow.

But they told us Little Mytishchi had been set on fire by Mamonov's Cossacks.

But that's not Mytishchi, it's farther away.

Look, it must be in Moscow!

Two of the gazers went round to the other side of the coach and sat down on its steps.

It's more to the left, why? Little Mytishchi is over there, and this is right on the other side.

Several men joined the first two.

See how it's flaring, said one. That's a fire in Moscow, either in the Sushchivski or the Rogozhski quarter.

And—

then

flashed

Terentich, the count's valet (as he was called) came up to the group and shouted at Mishka.

What are you staring at? You good for nothing? The count will be calling and there's nobody there, go and gather the clothes together.

I only ran out to get some water, said Mishka.

But what do you think, Daniel Terentich? Doesn't it look as if that glow were in Moscow? remarked one of the footmen.

Daniel Terentich made no reply, and again for a long time they were all silent. The glow spread, rising and falling farther and farther still.

God have mercy, It's windy and dry, said another voice.

Just look! See what it's doing now, O Lord! You can even see the crows flying. Lord have mercy on us sinners!

They'll put it out, no fear!

Who's to put it out? Daniel Terentich.

His voice faltered, and he gave way to an old man's sob.

And it was as if they had all only waited for this to realize the significance for them of the glow they were watching. Sighs were heard, words of prayer, and the sobbing of the count's old valet.

CHAPTER XXXI

THE VALET returning to the cottage informed the count that Moscow was burning. The count donned his dressing gown and went out to look. Sonya and Madame Schoss, who had not yet undressed, went out with him. Only Natasha and the countess remained in the room. Letya was no longer with the family, he had gone on with his regiment which was marching for Troitsa.

The countess, on hearing that Moscow was on fire, began to cry. Natasha, pale with a fixed look, was sitting on the bench under the icons just where she had sat down on arrival, and paid no attention to her father's voice. She was listening to the ceaseless moaning of the fire.

For

Now she said to her cousin evidently wishing to distract her mind.

But Natasha looked at her as if not understanding what was said to her and again fixed her eyes on the corner of the stove. She had been in this condition of stupor since the morning when Sonya, to the surprise and annoyance of the countess, had for some unaccountable reason found it necessary to tell Natasha of Prince Andrew's wound and of his being with their party. The countess had said much to her, but Sonya had cried and begged to be forgiven and now, as if trying to atone for her fault, paid unceasing attention to her cousin.

Look, Natasha, how dreadfully it is burning! said she.

What's burning? asked Natasha. Oh, yes, Moscow.

And as if in order not to offend Sonya, in order to get rid of her, she turned her face to the window, looked out in a hazy way, but it was evident that she could not see anything and again settled down in her former attitude.

But you don't see it!

Yes, really! I feel it, Natasha replied in a voice that pleased her left in peace.

Both the countess and Sonya understood that naturally neither Moscow nor the burning of Moscow nor anything else could seem of importance to Natasha.

The count returned and lay down behind the partition. The countess went up to her daughter and touched her head with the back of her hand as she was wont to do when Nat-

he was ill th n t ched her f ehe d w th her
Lps ft feel wh ther she was fe eri h, a d
fnall kissed her

"I re cold. \ u re trembl ng all o er
I d bett r l e d wn sa d th countess.

Lie do ? All r ght, I w ll l l l e down at
once sa d \ t h a

When \ tasha had been t l d th t m rn ng
that Prince A dr w a serously w u ded
and was tra el s w th th r party she had t
~ ther wa h go-

still be t l d th sam All the way he had sat
mo less in corner of the co ch w th w de-
ope eyes, d the p ession on n them wh ch
th co tess knew so well d fea ed so m h
d ow h sat the same way on the bench
here h h d seated herself on arri ng Sh
was pl someth g nd ther dec d g
or had al eady decided someth g n her m d.
Th co tes knew th but wh t t m ght be
sh did not k d th larmed a d to
m ted her

"\ tasha dress darl g l d wn on my
bed.

A bed had bee mad n bedstead f th
countess ly M dame Schos d the two g l s
were to keep som hay on the floor

"M mma I w ll l e d wn here the
floo \ tasha epl ed rr t bly d h w t
to th d w d p e d t. Th u h th
ope d w the moans f the d jutant could
be heard mo e d t ctly Sh p thier head out
into the damp ght r nd the co tess saw
her l m eck shak w th sob s d thr bb
against the w d w fram \ t h k ew t
was not Pr e A dr w wh was m g Sh
knew Pri ce A drew was n the sam y d as
themsel es d in part f th hut cross the
passa e b th dreadf l esa t m g
mad her sob Th countess excha ged look
th So ya.

L d wn darl g l e d wn my p t said
th co tess softly touching N tasha h ul
ders. Come, lie d n

Oh, yes I l l d wn ce sa d N
tasha. d beva hurr ed l undres tugg g
t th tapes f her pet oat.

Wh h h d thro n off her dress nd p t
on dress j ck t sh sat d wn w th her

foot u ler her on the bed that h d been made
up n the floor je ked l er th n and ratl er
l front and began re

hab t but he eyes it t t j
fiedly before her When her to let for the
n ht was fin hed she sank gently onto the
heet pread o er the hay n the s de nea est
the doo

\ t h a yo d better l e t the m d l l e
sa d Sónya.

I l l stay here muttered \ t h a Do l e
d wn she a ded crossly nd bu ed her f ce
n the p l l w

The cou tess M dame Schos nd Só ya
undres ed h t ly nd l y down The small
l mp n front of the con was th o ly l ght

the n e of people h ut g t ta ern Ma
mó Cossacks h d t up across the treet
d the d jutant s uncea g moans could st l l
be hea d.

F al gume \ t h a l tened utent ely
to the sou d sth treached her f m s de and
outs de th room d d d not m e. First she
hea d her mothe pray g d sh g and th
cre kung f her bed u de h r then Madame
Sci ss f m l ar wh t l ng o nd Só as
g t l b eath g Th n the co tes called to
N tasha. Natásha d d n t swer

I th k she s asleap M mm sa d Só ya
sof ly

Afte h rts l e ce the co tess spoke aga n
but this time no o e repl ed

Soo f r th t N t á l f d h m the
e n b eath g N t á h d d n t m e th gh
her l tle b foot, t l ust o t from u d th
qu lt, was grow cold on th ba floo

A f to celebrate t r y o e ev rybody
cr k t ch rped n crack n the w ll. A cock
crowed f off and ther repl ed nea by
The h t g th ta m h d died dow
ly th m n g o f th d jutant as heard.
N t á sh sat up

So ya re j u leep? M mm sh whis-
pered.

N epl ed N t á h a os l wly d care-
fully crossed h r s l f a t epped cau usly
on th cold nd d ty floo th her sl m sup-
pl bar f t. Th boards f the floo cre ked.
St pp cau ly f mo foott th other
sh ran l ke k t n th few step t th doo

and grasped the cold door handle

It seemed to her that something heavy was beating rhythmically against all the walls of the room—it was her own heart sinking with alarm and terror and overflowing with love

She opened the door and stepped across the threshold and onto the cold damp earthen floor of the passage. The cold she felt refreshed her. With her bare feet she touched a sleeping man, stepped over him, and opened the door into the part of the hut where Prince Andrew lay. It was dark in there. In the farthest corner on a bench beside a bed on which something was lying stood a tallow candle with a long thick and smoldering wick.

From the moment she had been told that morning of Prince Andrew's wound and his presence there Natasha had resolved to see him. She did not know why she had to, she knew the meeting would be painful, but felt the more convinced that it was necessary.

All day she had lived only in hope of seeing him that night. But now that the moment had come she was filled with dread of what she might see. How was he maimed? What was left of him? Was he like that incessant moan—

When she saw an indistinct shape in the corner and mistook his knees raised under the quilt for his shoulders, she imagined a horrible body there and stood still in terror. But an irresistible impulse drew her forward. She cautiously took one step and then another and found herself in the middle of a small room containing baggage. Another man—Timókhin—was lying in a corner on the benches beneath the icons and two others—the doctor and a valet—lay on the floor.

The valet sat up and whispered something. Timókhin kept awake by the

The valet's sleepy frightened exclamation. What do you want? What's the matter? made Natasha approach more swiftly to what was lying in the corner. Horribly unlike a man as that body looked, she must see him. She pressed the valet the snuff fell from the candle wick, and she saw Prince Andrew clearly with his arms outside the quilt and such as she had always seen him.

He was the same as ever, but the feverish color of his face, his glittering eyes rapturously turned toward her and especially his neck delicate as a child's, revealed by the turn-down

collar of his shirt gave him a peculiarly innocent childlike look, such as she had never seen on him before. She went up to him and with a swift flexible youthful movement dropped on her knees.

He smiled and held out his hand to her.

CHAPTER XXXII

SEVEN DAYS had passed since Prin

jured were in the doctor's opinion sure to carry him off. But on the seventh day he ate with pleasure a piece of bread with some tea and the doctor noticed that his temperature was lower. He had regained consciousness that morning. The first night after

was to be taken out and given some tea. The pain caused by his removal into the hut had made him groan aloud and again lose consciousness. When he had been placed on his camp bed he lay for a long time motionless with closed eyes. Then he opened them and whispered softly. And the tea? His remembering such a small detail of everyday life astonished the doctor. He felt Prince Andrew's pulse and to his surprise and dissatisfaction found it had improved. He was dissatisfied because he knew by experience that if his patient did not die now, he would do so a little later with greater suffering. Timókhin, the red-nosed major of Prince Andrew's regiment, had joined him in Moscow and was being taken along with him, having been wounded in the leg at the battle of Borodino. They were accompanied by a doctor, Prince Andrew's valet, his coachman, and two orderlies.

They gave Prince Andrew some tea. He drank it eagerly, looking with feverish eyes at the door in front of him as if trying to understand and remember something.

I don't want any more. Is Timókhin here? he asked.

Timókhin—

Mine sir? All right. But I don't about you? Prince Andrew again pondered as if trying to remember something.

Could I not get a book? he asked. What book?

"The Gospels. I haven't one. The doctor promised to procure it for him."

and bega t a k how he was feel ng Prince
A drew a w red llh quest onsrelucta tly
b reaso bly and the ad he nted a

he d of the bed and around the candle beside
h m th w ck of wh ch was charred and had
h ped itself l ke a mushroom.
H s m d was not in a normal state A

ufy g flesh th t came from the w

"Th e t got e Ple get t f me nd
p t t d me f ramom t he ple ded n
p teous ce
Th d cto we t nto the p ssaget w h h s
ha ds.

"You fell w s l e con cien dh to
the valet wh was pou g w t r e h s
ha ds Fo just em ment I d d t look ft
ery It ch p n y u k w that I
d h w h can be t.

"By the Lord Jesus Ch t I tho ght we h d
p t som th gu d h m l d the al t

The first t m P n e And ew u derstood
he he as d what w the m tte w th
h m d emembe d b g w d d d how
when h k d t be carr ed t the hut
f t h l e h h d t p p d t My t h h Aft
er gr g c f ed f m p wh le be g

the mb lan st u n whe t th s ght f
the fle gs of m h d l k ed th n w
th hts h d me t h m wh ch p m sed
h m h p p ess. A d those th ghts th gh
gu d defi e a possess d h s
so l. He m mb d th t h h d w new
w

h m d turned h m er ga n n fus d h
th ghts d he h cam to h m self th d
t m t as th m p l t t l l e s f th
ght. E rybody l m a l p g A
cr ket ch ped f r m cr ss th p ss g som
wa h u d g g the t eet
cockr ches rustled n th table o the con
and the wall d b g fly flopped t the

quence of th hts or eve ts on wh h t t
l whol attent o A he lly man can te r
l m self away from the deepest reflect n to
say a c l s ord to someone who comes n nd
can th n return ga n t h s own th u h t
But Prince A d ew m d as n t i a m l
state n th t respect All the powers of h m d
were m re ct e a d clearer t l n e er but
they cted apart f om h will Mo t l e rse
th ghts and mages occup ed l m multa e
ou ly At t mes h s bra n uddenly beg n to
w k th a go le rnes nd depth it had
ne e re ched w hen he w s n h lth but s l
de ly n the m d st of its v o k t w uld tu n to
some u e p ted dea d he h d not the
tre ght t tu t b a k aga n

Yes a new h p p ess w s revealed to me of
wh ch man can t be d pri ed he th ight
as he l y th sem l rk ess of the qu et l ut
ga g f i edly bef e h m w d fe erish w de
op n eyes A h p p ness ly ng bey nd m te l
f ces o s de th m te l n f lue ces t at act
o m n— h p p ess of th soul alo e tle
h p p es of l g Every m n can under
ta d t b t to co e e t a d enj t was
p ss l e o ly for God. B t how d d God en
j n th t l w? A d why w the Son ?

A d s d de ly the equ c f these thoughts
b ke off d Pr ce A d ew h d (w th t
kn w g w h ther it w s a delu n or real ty)

h f bo e the ery m d dle of t some
tr ge ry truct e was be gere t d t of
sle d n dles o p l t ers to th so d of
th wh p d mu c. He felt that he h d to
b l e ca f lly (th gh t was d f ficult) so
th t th r y stru t re h uld ot coll p e but

lf Wh le l t g t th s wh p nd
f el g t l n t of th s draw g out d
th stru t of th edifi f n edle he
lso saw by gl m p es red h lo r d the
ca dle d he d the rustle f the cockr ches

and the buzzing of the fly that stopped against his pillow and his face. Each time the fly touched his face it gave him a burning sensation and yet to his surprise it did not destroy the structure though it knocked against the very region of his face where it was rising. But besides this there was something else of importance. It was something white by the door—the statue of a sphinx which also oppressed him.

But perhaps that's my shirt on the table he thought and that's my legs and that is the door but why is it always stretching and drawing itself out and *pit pit pit* and *ti ti* and *pit pit pit* ? That's enough please leave off! Prince Andrew painfully entreated someone. And suddenly thoughts and feelings again swam to the surface of his mind with peculiar clearness and force.

Yes—love he thought again quite clearly
But not love which loves for something for
some quality for some purpose or for some
reason but the love which I—while dying—
first experienced when I saw my enemy and yet
loved him I experienced that feeling of love
which is the very essence of the soul and does
not require an object Now again I feel that
bliss To love one's neighbors to love one's
enemies to love everything to love God in
all His manifestations It is possible to love
someone dear to you with human love but an
enemy can only be loved by divine love That
is why I experienced such joy when I felt that
I loved that man What has become of him? Is
he alive?

When loving with human love one may pass from love to hatred but divine love can not change No neither death nor anything else can destroy it It is the very essence of the soul Yet how many people have I hated in my life? And of them all I loved and hated none as I did her And he vividly pictured to himself Natáshá not as he had done in the past with nothing but her charms which gave him delight but for the first time picturing to himself her soul And he understood her feelings her sufferings shame and remorse He now understood for the first time all the cruelty of his rejection of her the cruelty of his rupture with her If only it were possible for me to see her once more! Just once looking into those eyes to say

Piti piti piti and titi and piti piti piti
boom! flopped the fly And his attention
was suddenly carried into another world a
world of reality and delirium in which some-

thing particular was happening. In that world some structure was still being erected and did not fall; something was still stretching out on the candle with its red halo was still burning, and the same shirtlike sphinx lay near the door, but besides all this something created there was a whiff of fresh air, and a new white sphinx appeared standing at the door. And that sphinx had the pale face and shining eyes of the very Natasha of whom he had just been thinking.

Oh how oppressive this continual delirium is thought Prince Andrew trying to drive that free from his imagination. But the face remained before him with the force of reality and drew nearer. Prince Andrew wished to return to that former world of pure thought. But he could not and delirium drew him back into its domain. The soft whispering voice continued its rhythmic murmur something oppressed him and stretched out and the strange face was before him. Prince Andre rolled and

li plunged into water he lost con-
sciousness. When he came to himself Natásha
that same living Natásha whom of all people
he most longed to love with th

But Nastasia and he was not surprised but quietly happy. Nastasia motionless on her knees (she was unable to stir) with frightened eyes riveted on him was restraining her sobs. Her face was pale and rigid. Only in the lower part of it something quivered.

Prince Andrew sighed with relief, smiled and held out his hand.

You? he said. How fortunate!

With a rapid but careful movement Nid had
drew nearer to him on her knees and taking
his hand carefully lent her face over it and
began kissing it just touching it lightly with
her lips.

Forgive me! she whispered raising her head and glancing at him. Forgive me!

I love you said I since 'n brew

Forgive

Forgive what I've asked

Forgive me for what I have done - fal-
tered Natasha in a scarcely audible broken
whisper and been kissing his hand more
rapidly just touching it with her lips

I love you more better than before said Prince Andrew lifting her face with his hand

so as to look to her eyes.

Those eyes, filled with happy tears, gazed at him timidly, compassed with joyous love. Natasha's thin pale face with its swollen lips, was more than plain—it was dreadful. But Prince Andrew did not see that he saw her. His eyes which were beautiful. They heard the sound of voices behind them.

Peter the valet, who was now wide awake, looked at him and did not

exchange a word with General Gerasim, who had replaced him on the writing-table. He remembered where he was and what lay before him that every day.

Am I not too late? he thought. No probably he won't make his entry into Moscow before noon.

Perraud did not allow himself to reflect on what lay before him, but hastened to act.

After arranging his clothes he took the pistol and was about to go out. But then occurred to him for the first time that he certainly could not carry the weapon in his hand through the streets. It was difficult to hide such baggage even under his wide coat. He could

his bed. Please go away madam.

At that moment a maid sent by the countess who had noticed her daughter's absence knocked at the door.

Like someone aroused from her sleep, Natasha went to the room and, returning to her husband, fell sobbing on her bed.

From that time during all the rest of the Rosovs' journey to every halting place and wherever they passed, Natasha never left the wounded Bolkonski and the doctor had to admit that he had not expected from young girls such firmness and such killing nursing wounded men.

Dreadful as the countess imagined it would be should Prince Andrew die in her daughter's arms during the journey—as, by doing by what the doctor said, it seemed might easily happen—she could not oppose Natasha. The intimacy and the established relationship between the wounded man and Natasha throughout occurred that should have occurred for their former engagement could be renewed in one—let it of all Natasha and Prince Andrew—poker of the unsettled question of life and death which hung over the Bolkonskis over all Russia, and all other considerations.

CHAPTER XXXIII

ON THE THIRD SEPTEMBER Perraud woke late. His head was aching, the clothes in which he had slept without a dress felt uncomfortable. His head and his mind had dim consciousness of something harmful had done the day before. The something harmful was his yesterday's conversation with Captain Ramball.

It was eleven by the clock but it seemed peculiar dark out of doors. Perraud rose, rubbed his eyes, and seeing the pistol with an

when planning his descent into the city and once come to the conclusion that the chief mistake made by the student in 1809 had been to try to kill Napoleon with a dagger. But as

blunt jagged dagger in green sheath which he had bought at the S. Kharev market with

meeting the captain and passed out into the street.

The coffin-grate which he had looked at so much and difference there before had greatly increased during the night. Moscow was on fire in several places. The building in Carrage Row across the river in the Bazaar and the Pokrovsky as well as the barges on the Moskva River and the timber yards by the Doroznitsko Bridge were all ablaze.

Perraud walked through the tree to the Pokrovsky from there to the church of St. Nicholas on the Arbat, where he had before decided that the deed should be done. The gates of Moscow of the houses were locked and the shutters up. The streets and lanes were deserted. There was full of smoke and the smell of burning. Now and then a Russian with anxious and timid faces, and Frenchmen walking in the middle of the streets. Both the Russian and the French looked at Perraud with surprise. Besides his height and stoutness and the strange morose look of suf

and the buzzing of the fly that stopped against his pillow and his face. Each time the fly touched his face it gave him a burning sensation and yet to his surprise it did not destroy the structure, though it knocked against the very region of his face where it was rising. But besides this there was something else of importance. It was something white by the door—the statuette of a sphinx, which also oppressed him.

"But perhaps that's my shirt on the table," he thought, "and that's my legs and that is the door but why is it always stretching and drawing itself out, and pitu pitu and uti and pitu pitu pitu." "That's enough please leave off!" Prince Andrew painfully entreated someone. And suddenly thoughts and feelings again swam to the surface of his mind with peculiar clearness and force.

"Yes—I now begin to think again quite clearly. "But not love which loves for something for some quality for some purpose or for some reason but the love which I—while dying—first experienced when I saw my enemy and yet loved him. I experienced that feeling of love which is the very essence of the soul and does not require an object. Now again I feel that bliss. To love one's neighbors to love one's enemies to love everything to love God in all His manifestations. It is possible to love someone dear to you with human love but an enemy can only be loved by divine love. That is why I experienced such joy when I felt that I loved that man. What has become of him? Is he alive?"

"When loving with human love one may pass from love to hatred, but divine love can not change. No! neither death nor anything else can destroy it. It is the very essence of the soul. Yet how many people have I hated in my life? And of them all I loved and hated none as I did Peter." And he vividly pictured to himself Natasha, not as he had done in the past with nothing but her charms which gave him delight, but for the first time picturing to himself her soul. And he understood her feelings her sufferings shame, and remorse. He now understood for the first time all the cruelty of his rejection of her the cruelty of his rupture with her. "If only it were possible for me to see her once more just once looking into those eyes to say—"

"Pitu-pitu and uti and pitu-pitu-pitu boom!" cried the fly. And his attention was suddenly carried into another world, a world of reality and delirium in which some-

thing particular was happening. In that world some structure was still being erected and did not fall something was still stretching out, and the candle with its red halo was still burning, and the same shirtlike sphinx lay near the door but besides all this something creaked, there was a whiff of fresh air and a new sphinx appeared, standing at the door. And that sphinx had the pale face and shining eyes of the very Natasha of whom he had just been thinking.

"Oh, how oppressive this unusual delirium is!" thought Prince Andrew trying to drive that face from his imagination. But the face remained before him with the force of reality and drew nearer. Prince Andrew wished to return to that former world of pure thought, but he could not, and delirium drew him back into its domain. The soft whispering voice continued its rhythmic murmur something oppressed him and stretched out, and the strange face was before him.

all his strength

he moved ringing in his ears a dimness in his eyes, and like a man plunged into water he lost consciousness. When he came to himself Natasha, that same living Natasha whom of all people he most longed to love with this new pure divine love that had been revealed to him was kneeling before him. He realized that it was the real living Natasha and he was not surprised but quietly happy. Natasha motionless on her knees (she was unable to stir) with frightened eyes riveted on him was restraining her sobs. Her face was pale and rigid. Only in the lower part of it something quivered.

Prince Andrew smiled with relief, smiled, and held out his hand.

"You said. If I survive."

With a rapid but careful movement Natasha drew nearer to him on her knees and taking his hand carefully bent her face over it and began kissing it just touching it lightly with her lips.

"Forgive me," she whispered raising her head and glancing at him. "I love me."

"I love you," said Prince Andrew.

"Forgive me!"

"Forgive what, I asked."

"Forgive me for what I have done. I loved Natasha in a scarcely audible broken whisper and began kissing her hand more rapidly just touching it with my lips."

"I love you more better than before," said Prince Andrew. I kissed her face with his hand

h mes.

engraved stock which Gerald had replaced
on the writing table he remembered where he

ob-
lic

ce A dre d d n t ce th t he s w l er
 ngeyes wh ch ere b t ful Th y heard
 te so d f o es beh d them

1 e noon

Perre did not allow himself to reflect on
the situation, but he tried to act

After arranging clothes I took the pistol and was about to go to it. But then occurred to him for the first time that he certainly could not carry the weapon in his hand through the streets. It was difficult to hide such a big pistol in his hand. He could

In bed Plea e go way m d m!
 At th t m me t a m d se t by th e untess
 h had n t d her d ght a abs ce
 k ocked t th doo

when planning his design, he came to the conclusion that the chief merit lay in the simplicity of the design. But to try to kill Napoleon with a dagger was

From the duration of the
Rostov journey everything else and
however they put night Nakh never
left the dead Bikonk and the doctor
had to admit that had not expected from a
young girl their character of such kind
is wonderful

Dr d f l a s t h c o n t e s s m a g e d t w u l d
b e h l d P A d e w d e n h r d a h t s

me t g the capt a d p ssed out nto the
tre t b d looked

ded m n d N tã h th th ght oc
 curred that h ld h th f rmer en

Russ. h t ut llothe con d rat n

CHAPTER XXVIII

O t t h r d o s p t e r p r e w k e l t e
H h d w a s c h g h e d t h e s n w h c h h e
h d l p t w t t d e s s n f l t u m f t
t l h i s b o d y d h m d h d m n
s e s s f o m t h g h m f u l h e h d d n
t h d a y b e f T h t s o m t h g h m e f l w a s
h y e s t e r d y c o e r s t w t h C p t a i R a m
b l l

It w leve by th l k b t t em d
pecul ly d k ut f doors P rr
rubbed h yes d see g th p t l w th n

gs n Carr g Row acr th r er n the
Baza nd the lo rskóy as w ll as the b ges
on th M k á R e nd th t mber y ds by
the D g mil B dge w e ll bl

P arr yld th gh d e s t e t t o t l e
 P arskóy nd f m ther to the cl u ch of St.
 N ch l s the A bát wh hel d l be
 f d cated th t the d h l d b TI
 gate f most of the h ues we l ked d
 th hutt rs up Tl street nd l es wer
 dese ted. Th w full f m k d the
 m ll f burn ng N w nd th n he met Rus-
 n w thaxv u nd t f ces and French
 m w th au t f the cty but of the
 camp w lk g n th middl of the s t s
 B th the Russ d tl F h looked t
 P err w th surp is Bes des h h ht nd
 t ut ess d the tra n o os look of ut

fering in his face and whole figure the Russians stared at him because they could not make out to what class he could belong. The French followed him with astonishment in their eyes chiefly because Pierre unlike all the other Russians who gazed at the French with fear and curiosity paid no attention to them. At the gate of one house three Frenchmen who were explaining something to some Russians who did not understand them stopped Pierre asking if he did not know French.

Pierre shook his head and went on. In another side street a sentinel standing beside a green caisson shouted at him but only when the shout was threateningly repeated and he heard the click of the man's musket as he raised it did Pierre understand that he had to pass on the other side of the street. He heard nothing and saw nothing of what went on around him. He carried his resolution within himself in terror and haste like something dreadful and alien to him for after the previous night's experience he was afraid of losing it. But he was not destined to bring his mood safely to his destination. And even had he not been hindered by anything on the way his intention could not now have been carried out for Napoleon had passed the Arbat more than four hours previously on his way from the Dorogomilov suburb to the Kremlin and was now sitting in a very gloomy frame of mind in a royal study in the Kremlin giving detailed and exact orders as to measures to be taken immediately to extinguish the fire to prevent looting and to reassure the inhabitants. But Pierre did not know this; he was entirely absorbed in what lay before him and was tortured—as those are who obstinately undertake a task that is impossible for them not because of its difficulty but because of its incompatibility with their natures—by the fears of ebbing and the decisive moment and so losing his self-esteem.

Though he heard and saw nothing around him he found his way by instinct and did not go wrong in the side streets that led to the Pavarsky.

As Pierre approached that street the smoke became denser and denser—he even felt the heat of the fire. Occasionally curly tongues of flame rose from under the roofs of the houses. He met more people in the streets and they were more excited. But Pierre though he felt that something unusual was happening around him did not realize that he was approaching the fire. As he was going along a footpath across

a wide-open space adjoining the Pavarsky on one side and the gardens of Prince Gruzinski's house on the other Pierre suddenly heard the desperate weeping of a woman close to him. He stopped as if awakening from a dream and lifted his head.

By the side of the path on the dusty dry grass all sorts of household goods lay in a heap: featherbeds, armchairs, icons and trunks. On the ground beside the trunks sat a thin woman no longer young with long prominent upper teeth and wearing a black cloak and cap. This woman swaying to and fro and muttering something was choking with sobs. Two girls of about ten and twelve dressed in dirty short frocks and cloaks were staring at their mother with a look of stupefaction on their pale frightened faces. The youngest child, a boy of about seven who wore an overcoat and an immense cap evidently not his own was crying in his old nurse's arms. A dirty bare footed maid was sitting on a trunk and having undone her pale colored plait was pulling it straight and sniffing at her singed hair. The woman's husband, a short round shouldered man in the undress uniform of a civilian of field with trousers shaped like hussars and showing under his square set cap the hair smoothly brushed forward over his temples with expressionless face was among the trunks which were placed one on another and was dragging some garments from under them.

As soon as she saw Pierre the woman almost threw herself at his feet.

Dear people, good Christians save me help me dear friends help us somebody she muttered between her sobs. My girl My daughter! My youngest daughter is left behind. She's burned! Ooh! Was it for this I nursed you Ooh!

Don't Mary Nikolievna! said her husband to her in a low voice evidently only to justify himself before the stranger. Sister must have taken her or else where can she be? he added.

Monster! Villain! shouted the woman angrily suddenly ceasing to weep. You have no heart you don't feel for your children! Another man would have rescued her from the fire. But this is a monster and neither a man nor a father! You honored us are a noble man she went on addressing Pierre rapidly between her sobs. The fire broke out along side and blew our way the maid called out Fire! and we rushed to collect our things. We ran out just as we were. This is what we

has brought away The con and my
dowry bed all the rest is lost. We seized the
childre But not Kater! O hi! O Lor li
And when he began to sob My child my dear
on! B rned b rned

But here was she left? asked Pierre
From the express on f h n m ted f ce
th woman saw th t th m n m ght help her
Oh, dear x l e c r e d, e n g h m by the
legs. "My be e f a c t r e t my hea t t e a s e
Anika, oo yo h r r d g l h w h m the way l
sh r e d t the m d a n o r i l o p e n g her
mouth d t i l f a r t h r e p o n h l n g
teeth.

Show me th way how m I l l d t
g a s p e d P e r r e r a p d l y

Th d r y m a i d s e r v a t t e p p e d from beh nd
the t r u k p t u p he p l t s o h e d, n d w e n t
h e r s h r t, b f e t l g t h e p t h P e r r e
f e l t a s f h e h a d c o m e b c k t l f e f e r h e a v y

do d s f b l k s m k e T o g u e s o f f m e h e r e
and t h e r e b r o k e t h o u h t t c l o d A g r e a t
u m b e r o f p e o p l e c r w d e d f t o f t h e n
l g r a t i f t h m d d l f t h s t r e t t o o d
F c h g r a l s a y g s o m e t h t t h e
a r o d h u m P e r r e c c o m p e d b y t h m d
a s d a c u n t t h p o t w h e r t h g n e r a l
s t o o d b t t h e F e h l d e r s t p p e d h m.

O p a s s p a s c r e d c c.

"Th s a y u l e, c r e d t h e g l W e l l p a s s
t h r o u g h t h d e t r e e t, b y t h e A k o l l

P e r r e t u r n e d b k g g p g w n d
t h t k p u p w t h h e r S h r a n c r o s s t h e
t r e e t, t u r n e d d w n d t e e t t o t h l e f t
d p a s s g t h r e l u s e s t m e d t y a d
t h n h.

I t s h e r c l o s e b y s a d h e d r u
c r o s s t h y a d p e d g a t e o o d n
f e n c e d, t o p p p o t e d t t h m s m l l
o o d e f t h h u s e w h c h w a s b u r g
b h t l y d f i e r c l y O f t s d e s h d f l l n
t h e r w a s f i r d b h t f l a m e s s u e d
f r o m t h e p g s f t h v i d w s d f r m
d e r t h o o f.

A P e r r e p a s s e d t h r o g h t h f e g a t h e
l p e d b y h t n d l u t l y

t p p e d
W h c h i s t? W h c h y o h o u e? h e
a s k e d.

O o h! a l e d t h g l p o g t t h w g
"Th t t h a t a s u r l o d g i n g Y o u b u r n e d
a c a n t p u

t o d e a t h o u r t r e s u r e h a t e m y p r e c i o u s l i t t l e
m s s y O o h! l a m e n t e d A n i k a w h o a t t h e
g h t o f t h e f r e f l i t t h t s h e t o o m u t g v e e x
v e s s o t o h e r f e e l n g s.

—4

the roof nd arou d wh cl swarmed a crowd
of Fren hmen At first Pierre d l n t r e a l e
w h t t h e s e m e n w h o e r e d r a g g n g s o m e t h
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b e r a n d t r y g t o t a k e f r m h m a f o f u r c o a t
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gold n f i s h s c a l e s c r e e p n g l g t h e w a l l s)
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s t i l t d g w h e n j u s t b o e l l e a l h e
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o s o u n d n d t h e r i n f s o m e t h g l e a y
f l l g c l s e b e s d e h m

P e r r e l o o k e d u p a n d s w t w d o w o f t h e
l r g h u s e s m e F r e c h m e n v l o h a l j t
t h w n o u t t h e d r a w e r o f a l e s t f i l l e d w t h
m t l r t c l e s O t h e r F e n h l d r s t a l g
b e l w e n t p e t t h e d r a w e r

"W h t d o e s t h f l l o w w a n t h t e d o n
f t h m f e r r g t P e r r e

"T h e r e c h l d n t h t h o u s e H e n t y o u
n c l l d c r e d P e r r e.

h k h c

n t h d r a w m o e d t h t e g l y t a r d
h u m.

A c h l d h u t e d F e h m f m b o e
I d l h s o m t h g s q l n g n t h e g a r d n
P e r h a p t h u s b r a t t h a t t h e f l l w l o o k

ing for After all one must be human you know

Where is it? Where? said Pierre

There! There! shouted the Frenchman at the window pointing to the garden at the back of the house. Wait a bit—I'm coming down.

And a minute or two later the Frenchman a black eyed fellow with a spot on his cheek in shirt sleeves really did jump out of a window on the ground floor and clapping Pierre on the shoulder ran with him into the garden.

Hurry up you others! he called out to his comrades. It's getting hot.

When they reached a gravel path behind the house the Frenchman pulled Pierre by the arm and pointed to a round graveled space where a three year-old girl in a pink dress was lying under a seat.

There is your child! Oh a girl so much the better! said the Frenchman Good by Fatty We must be human we are all mortal you know! and the Frenchman with the spot on his cheek ran back to his comrades

Breathless with joy Pierre ran to the little

yell and run away. Pierre however seized her and lifted her in his arms. She screamed desperately and angrily and tried with her little hands to pull Pierre's hands away and to bite them with her slobbering mouth. Pierre was

to throw the child down and ran with her to the large house. It was now however impossible to get back the way he had come: the maid Aniska was no longer there and Pierre with a feeling of pity and disgust pressed the yet painfully sobbing child to himself as tenderly as he could and ran with her through the garden seeking another way out.

CHAPTER XXXIV

HAVING RUN through different yards and side streets Pierre got back with his little burden to the Gruzinski garden at the corner of the Povarskóy. He did not at first recognize the place from which he had set out to look for the

here from the fire with their backs to the wall. There were several French soldiers in a variety of clothing. Pierre took no notice of them. He

hurried to find the family of that civil servant in order to restore the daughter to her mother and go to save someone else. Pierre felt that he had still much to do and to do quickly. Clinging with the heat and from running he felt at that moment more strongly than ever the sense of youth animation and determination that had come on him when he ran to save the child. She had now become quiet and clinging with her little hands to Pierre's coat sat on his arm gazing about her like some little wild animal. He glanced at her occasionally with a slight smile. He fancied he saw something pathetically innocent in that frightened sickly little face.

He did not find the civil servant or his wife where he had left them. He walked among the crowd with rapid steps scanning the various faces he met. Involuntarily he noticed a Georgian or Armenian family consisting of a very handsome old man of Oriental type wearing a new cloth covered sheepskin coat and new boots, an old woman of similar type and a young woman. That very young woman seemed to Pierre the perfection of Oriental beauty with her sharply outlined arched black eyebrows and the extraordinarily soft bright color of her long beautiful expressionless face. Amid the scattered property and the crowd on the open space she in her rich satin cloak with a bright lilac shawl on her head suggested a delicate exotic plant thrown out onto the snow. She was sitting on some bundles a little behind the old woman and looked from under her long lashes with motionless large almond-shaped eyes at the ground before her. Evidently she was aware of her beauty and fearful because of it. Her face struck Pierre and hurrying along by the fence he turned several times to look at her. When he had reached the fence still without finding those he sought he stopped and looked about him.

With the child in his arms his figure was now more conspicuous than before and a group of Russians both men and women gathered about him.

Have you lost anyone my dear fellow?
You're of the gentry yourself aren't you?
Whose child is it? they asked him

Pierre replied that the child belonged to a woman in a black coat who had been sitting there with her other children and he asked her whether anyone knew where she had gone.

ca 1 an
ca 1 an
ca 1 an

played his customary bass.

"The Anfero" said the woman "They
kiss me in the morning. That must be either Mary
Vlojerna or the Irish!"

He says, "Mary Niklievna,"
a lady remarked housewife.

"Do you know her? She's thin with long
teeth," said P'erre.

"That Mary Niklievna. They went in-
side the garden when these wolves swooped
down, and the woman pointing to the French
soldiers.

"O Lord, have mercy," added the deacon.

"Go over that way they are there. It's the
Belshazzar's Feast and every one is turned
like a woman. It's she. Here this way!"

But P'erre was not listening to the woman.
He had for some seconds been intently watch-
ing what was going on in few steps way. He
was looking at the Armenian family and at
two French soldiers who had gone up to them.
One of these nimble little men was wearing a
blue coat tied round the waist with a rope.
He had a light cap on his head and his feet
were bare. The other whose appearance pre-
ticularly struck P'erre was a tall, slender
shouldered, fair-haired man in a white shirt
and with a dark tie expressing a sense of
elegance. The woman in loose gown and blue
trousers, and large torn Hessian boots. The
tall barefooted Frenchman in the blue coat
went up to the Armenian and said some-
thing immediately seized the old man by the
arm and led him away. The man began pulling off
his boots. The other in the frieze gown topped
in front of the beautiful Armenian girl and
with his hands in his pockets stood staring at
her motionless and silent.

Here, take the child," said P'erre peremp-
torily and hurried to the woman's hand.
The little girl took her. Gave her back to them
gave her back to him almost hurriedly, putting the
child, who began screaming, into the girl's
arms and said, "Look! go to the Frenchman and the
Armenian family."

The old man was already tugging barefoot.
The little Frenchman had secured his second
boot and was slapping the boot "rain" to the
other. The old man was saying something in a
broken voice, but P'erre caught but
glimpsed of this his whole intention was di-
rected to the Frenchman in the frieze gown
who was still swaying in front of the girl
and had drawn nearer to the woman's
and taken her hand from his pockets had
seized her by the neck.

The beautiful Armenian still sat motionless
and in the same attitude with her long hair
drooping down as if she did not see or feel what the
soldier was doing to her.

While P'erre was running the few steps that
separated him from the Frenchman the little
man under the frieze gown was already tea-
ring from her neck the neck of the woman.
An Armenian was wearing a dark dress and a woman
and clutching her neck screamed piteously.

Let that woman alone," exclaimed P'erre
hoarsely in furious voice, "seize the soldier
by his round shoulders and throw him
as far as you can."

The soldier fell got up and drew his
comrade threw down the boot and
drew his sword motioned threaten-
ing toward P'erre.

"*Joye pas de bêtises!*" he cried.

P'erre was suddenly transported of rage that
he remembered nothing of his situation.
He rushed to the barefooted
Frenchman and before the latter had time to
draw his sword, he locked him off his feet and
hammered him with his fists. Shots of ap-
proval were heard from the crowd around and
at the same moment motioned pair of French
Uhlans appeared from round the corner. The
Uhlans came up to a trot to P'erre and the
Frenchman directed them. P'erre re-
membered nothing of what happened after
that. He only remembered beat someone
and be beaten and feel that his
hands were bound and that a crowd of French
soldiers stood around him and were searching
him.

Lieutenants, his daggers were the
first words P'erre understood.

"Ah, weapons," said the officer and turned
to the barefooted soldier who had been ar-
rested with P'erre. "All right, you can tell all
about it to the court-martial. Then he turned
to P'erre. Do you speak French?"

P'erre looked at him with bloodshot
eyes and did not reply. He probably looked
very terrible. The officer said something
a whisper and the French Uhlans left the
ranks and placed themselves on both sides of
P'erre.

"Do you speak French?" the officer asked
"and keep a certain distance from P'erre. Call
the interpreter."

All the man in Russian and Uhlans and the
soldiers from the ranks and by his clothes and
Look here no nonsense

manner of speaking Pierre at once knew him to be a French salesman from one of the Moscow shops

He does not look like a common man said the interpreter after a searching look at Pierre

Ah he looks very much like an incendiary remarked the officer And ask him who he is he added

Who are you? asked the interpreter in poor Russian You must answer the chief

I will not tell you who I am I am your prisoner—take me! Pierre suddenly replied in French

Ah ah! muttered the officer with a frown Well then march!

A crowd had collected round the Uhlans nearest to Pierre stood the pockmarked peasant woman with the little girl and when the patrol started she moved forward

Where are they taking you to you poor dear? said she And the little girl the little girl what am I to do with her if she is not theirs? said the woman

What does that woman want? asked the officer

Pierre was as if intoxicated His elation in

creased at the sight of the little girl he had saved

What does she want? he murmured. She is bringing me my daughter whom I have just saved from the flames said he Good by And without knowing how this aimless he had escaped him he went along with resolute and triumphant steps between the French soldiers

The French patrol was one of the

incendiaries who according to the general opinion which had that day originated among the higher French officers were the cause of the conflagrations. After marching through a number of streets the patrol arrested five more Russian suspects a small shopkeeper two seminary students a peasant and a house serf besides several looters But of all these various suspected characters Pierre was considered to be the most suspicious of all When they had all been brought for the night to a large house on the Zubov Rampart that was being used as a guardhouse Pierre was placed apart under strict guard

Book Twelve 1812

*

CHAPTER I

IN PETERBURGH at that time multiplied
trouble begotten with greivous
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partes of my taste the French Mary Fé
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us by the begotten of the dined
the calm in the life of Petersburg con
cerned by about phantoms and rest in
feeling we then in the way of the dined
had except by great effort the life the
dinner the difficult position of the Rus
sian people. There the more receipt in
debility the more French the the me
re interests and the interests and in
trigues of the Olympe the very highest cr
minal the
were
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The
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the child will be emended. Har
the girl these nations had
lead be kept up. The Empress Elisabeth,
however, who led what in truth she
would be pleased to know her character
the Russian people had replied that he
would not do this in his own rate in
the life of the nation. If the so-called
but the personal was earned
would be the last to quit Petersburg.
At the Palace on the twenty-sixth of
August the evening of the battle of Borodino
there as source, the chief fear of which
was to be the ending of the life of His Lord
highness the Bishop when sending the Emperor
the Venerable Sergius I was
gained as model of ecclesiastical piety
known as Prince Vasili himself famed for his
locution was to read it. (He used to read to
the Empress.) The art of his reading was up
posed to be in carrying out the words quite in
dependence of the meaning, in loud and

singing or alternately letting a despair
and a tender murmur so that the
wall fell quiet at random on one word and the
— on another. This reading was al

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r A
but

Ann Pálina not yet so from
he wanted a new drawing room and did not let
the end begin but was duped by the promises of
general contractors.

The news of the day in Petersburg was the
illness of Countess Berkhova. She had fallen
ill unexpectedly a few days previously had
missed several gatherings of which he was
usually the moment was a distant bereave
ment and the death of the celebrated Pe
tersburg doctor was usually attended her health
entrusted herself to some Italian doctor who
was treating her in some new and unusual
way.

They all knew very well that the end and
countless illnesses arose from an enormous
result from marriage two husbands at the
same time and that the Italian success con
firmed the emotion such a success but in
Anna Pavlovna's presence she could not
think of the even appear to know it.

"They say the poor Countess is very ill. The
doctor says this or that."

A girl Oh that terrible illness.

"They say that the illness is cured
that is to say, the doctor has said so."
was repeated with great satisfaction.

"The doctor says that they say Heerod
like child with the doctor told him the case
was dangerous."

Oh that would be a terrible loss for his
chance of a man.

"You are peak of the poor Countess
said Anna Pálina coming up just then I
sent to ask for news and hear that her ill

the better. Oh, she is certainly the most charming woman in the world! she went on with a smile at her own enthusiasm. We belong to different camps, but that does not prevent my being very un-

loved was somewhat lifting the veil from the secret of the countess's malady in an unwary young man ventured to express surprise that he knew the whole of the matter.

Your information may be better than mine. Anna Pavlovna suddenly and venomously retorted on the inexperienced young man, but I know on good authority that this doctor is a very learned and able man. He is private physician to the Queen of Spain.

And having thus demolished the young man, Anna Pavlovna turned to another group where Bilbin was talking about the Austrians. Having wrinkled up his face, he was evidently preparing to smooth it out again and utter one of his mottoes.

I think it is delightful, he said, referring to a diplomatic note that had been sent to Vienna with some Austrian banners captured from the French by Wittgenstein—the hero of Petropoli—as he was then called in Petersburg.

What? What's that? asked Anna Pavlovna, securing silence for the moment which she had heard before.

And Bilbin repeated the actual words of the diplomatic dispatch which he had himself composed.

The Emperor returns these Austrian banners and Bilbin, friendly banners gone astray and found on a wrong path and his brow became smooth again.

Charming, charming! observed Prince Vasil.

The path to Warsaw, perhaps, Prince Hippolyte remarked loudly and unexpectedly. Every body looked at him, not understanding what he meant. Prince Hippolyte himself glanced around with amused surprise. He knew no more than the others what his words meant. During his diplomatic career he had more than once noticed that such utterances were received as very witty and at every opportunity he uttered in that way the first words that entered his head. It may turn out very well, he thought, but if not, they'll know how to arrange matters. And really, during the awkward silence that ensued, that insufficiently pa-

triotic person entered whom Anna Pavlovna had been waiting for and wished to convert and she, smiling and shaking a finger at Hippolyte, invited Prince Vasil to sit down.

His gracious Sovereign and Emperor! Prince Vasil sternly declaimed, looking round at his audience as if to inquire whether anyone had anything to say to the contrary. But no one said anything. Moscow, our ancient capital, the New Jerusalem receives the Christ—he placed a still more emphasis on the word—among them receives her zealous sons into her arms and through the gathering mists foresees the full atonement of thy rule, sings in exultation. Ho, Anna Pavlovna! that cometh!

Prince Vasil pronounced these last words in a fearful voice.

Bilbin attentively examined his nails and many of those present appeared intimidated as if asking in what they were to blame. Anna Pavlovna whispered the next words in advance like an old woman muttering the prayer at Communion. Let the bold and insolent Goliath, she whispered.

Prince Vasil continued.

Let the bold and insolent Goliath from the borders of France oppress the realms of Russia! Let the leagued warriors humble the slings of the Russian Div! I shall defend myself!

Yes!

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Majesty

What force! What a style! Vasil inter-

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You

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said

Anna

Pavlovna

that to-

morrow

on the

Emperor's

birth day

we shall

receive news

I have a

favorable

presentiment!

CHAPTER II

ANNA PAVLOVNA'S PRESENTIMENT WAS NOT FULFILLED. NEXT DAY DURING THE SERVICE AT THE CHURCH IN HONOR OF THE EMPEROR'S BIRTH DAY, PRINCE VOLKONSKIY CALLED OUT OF THE CHURCH AND RECEIVED A DISPATCH FROM PRINCE ANTO-

BOOK TWELVE

539

report from Tatars
of the battle kutuz write

Héléné Beriklo a half-silently led of the
terrible nally it had been so agreed
ment Officially at large gathering
onesaid the Countess Beriklo alighted
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mak l t r sb g ty d y
te r ble p ece f w l ded Co n tss

On ce ng tl l sp tcl the E per r sent
P nce V l k k t k t l v d tl e f l l
g cr pt
l l M h l l l l l s ce tl t ty

the better. Oh, she is certainly the most charming woman in the world! she went on with a smile at her own enthusiasm. We belong to different camps, but that does not prevent my very un-

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But no one said any thing. Moreover our ancient capital the New Jerusalem placed a stiller emphasis on the word — a mother received her zealous son into her arms and through the gathering gloom foreseen the full glory of thy rule sings in exultation. Ho, Anna! blessed is he that cometh.

Prince Vassili pronounced these last words in a fearful voice.

Billbin attentively examined his nails and many of those present were as if asking. Pávlovna walked like an old woman muttering the prayer of Communion. Let the bold and insolent Colossus she whispered.

Prince Vassili continued.

Let the bold and insolent Colossus

er not

What force! What a style! was uttered.

of the battle to be fought in a few days.

You will see, said Anna Pávlovna, that tomorrow on the Emperor's birthday we shall receive news. I have a favor to present me!

CHAPTER II

Anna Pávlovna's presentment was in fact fulfilled. Next day during the service at the palace church in honor of the Emperor's birthday Prince Volkonski was called out of the church and received a dispatch from Prince Kutuzov.

offers more than my enemies suppose, said
the Emperor grow g in re and more an
- at it should t ever be ord na ed by D

means t my comma d I shall et ! -- I
growt here (h po ted halfway d wn his
chest) dg deat potatoes with the mean
gare f m peasa ts rather than gn the dis-
gare f my co try a d of my beloved people
I know how to appreciate.

those sacrifices I know how to appreciate.
He uttered these words in a guttural
voice. The Emperor suddenly turned away
his head from the tears that rose to his
eyes. He went the further end of his study.
He then stood there a few moments. He strode
back to the chamber and pressed his arm
beneath the robe with a motion. The Em-
peror smiled and his face was flushed
and his eyes gleamed with resolution and an-
ger.

Col. IM had not forgotten what I say
you here perhaps we may recall with pleasure
someday Napoleon said the Em-
peror to his host. "We can do over
both rivers whether I have learned or know
him, I will tell me more

And the Emperor paused, with frown.

When he heard these words and saw the expression of firm resolution in the Emperor's face, Maud-*q q t ger russ d* *su t d'm - t* that solemn manner felt himself inspired by all that he had heard (he used *f erwards sa*) *d ga t ex* pressed to his own feelings and those of the Russian people whose representatives he considered himself to be, in the following words

"Sure said he Your Majesty is this mo-
ment giveth glory forth unto and the
salvation of Europe

With an elevation of the head the Emperor
or dismissed him.

CHAPTER IV

1 TURAL FOR US who were not living in
those days to imagine that when half Russia
had been conquered and the inhabitants were

themselves as their fatherland, of weeping
over its downfall. The tales and descrip-
tions of that time which they except to speak on-

ly of the self sacrifice p r t i c devotion de-
spair grief and the hero m of the Rus ns.
But t w a not eally so It appears so to us be-
cause we see only the g neral historic i terest
of that time nd do not see all the perso al
human interests that people had. Yet in real ty
those person l terests of the moment so much
transcend the general interests th t they al-
ways prevent the publ c interest from be i felt
or even not ced. Most of the people at that
time pa d no attent n to the general progress
of events but were guided only by the r p r ate
interests d they were the very people whose
actu ties at that period were most useful.

Those who tried to understand the general course of events tried to take part in it by self sacrifice and heroism were the most useless members of society they saw everything upside down and all they did of the common good turned out to be useless and foolish—like Pétrole and Mamon's regiments which looted Russian villages and the last the youth had prepared and that never reached the woods, and so on. Even those kind of intellectual talk and of expressing their feelings who discussed Russia positively at the time voluntarily introduced to the conversation a shade of pretense and falsehood or useless condemnation and anger directed against people accused of crimes no one could possibly be guilty of. In history events the rule forbids just eat of the fruit of the Tree of Knowledge is specially applicable. Only unconscious action bears fruit and he who plays a part in a historic event never understands its significance. If he tries to realize these efforts as fruitless.

The more closely man was engaged in the
 eve is then taken place in Russia the less did
 he realize their significance. In Petersburg and
 in the provinces at distance from Moscow
 laden with gentlemen in military uniforms,
 wept for Russia and its ancient capital and
 talked of self-sacrifice and so on but in the
 my which endured beyond Moscow there was
 little talk, thought of Moscow and when
 they caught sight of its burned ruins no one
 swore to be avenged the Fatherland but they
 thought about the next path the next quar-
 ters of M. Treshka the "a dière," and like
 matters.

And the war had caught him in the service. Nicholas Rost took close and prolonged part in the defense of his country but did so casually without any aim of self-sacrifice and he therefore looked at what was going on in

ninth of August I have received no communication from you yet on the first of September I received from the commander in chief of Moscow via Yaroslavl the sad news that you with the army have left yourself me and am sending

to explain to you the situation of the army in the reasons that have induced you to take this melancholy decision

CHAPTER III

NINE DAYS after the abandonment of Moscow a messenger from Kutuzov reached Petersburg with the official announcement of that event. This messenger was Michaud, a Frenchman who did not know Russian but who was *quelque étranger russe de cœur et de dame* as he said of himself.

The Emperor at once received this messenger in his study at the palace on Stone Island. Michaud, who had never seen Moscow before the campaign and who did not know Russian yet felt deeply moved (as he wrote) when he appeared before *notre très gracieux souverain* with the news of the burning of Moscow *dont les flammes éclairaient sa route*.

Though the source of M. Michaud's chagrin must have been different from that which caused Russians to grieve, he had such a sad face when shown into the Emperor's study that the latter at once asked:

"Have you brought me sad news, Colonel?"

"Very sad, sire," replied Michaud, lowering his eyes with a sigh. "The abandonment of Moscow."

"Have they surrendered my ancient capital without a battle?" asked the Emperor quickly, his face suddenly flushing.

Michaud respectfully delivered the message Kutuzov had entrusted to him, which was that it had been impossible to fight before Moscow and that was the only remaining choice was to evacuate the army as well as Moscow, or leaving Moscow alone, the field marshal had to choose the latter.

The Emperor listened in silence, not looking at Michaud.

"Has the enemy entered the city?" he asked. "Yes, sire, and Moscow is now in ashes. I left it all in flames," replied Michaud in a decided tone, but glancing at the Emperor he was frightened by what he had done.

"Though a foreigner, Russian in heart, I could not most graciously say so. Whose flames illumined it to see

The Emperor began to

say
st

from
an
first

"I see, Colonel, from all that is happening that Providence requires great sacrifices of us."

"I am ready to submit myself in all things to His will, but tell me, Michaud, how did you leave the army when it saw my ancient capital abandoned without a battle? Did you not notice discouragement?"

Seeing that his most gracious ruler was calm once more, Michaud also grew calm but was not immediately ready to reply to the Emperor's direct and relevant question which required a direct answer.

"Sire, will you allow me to speak frankly as befits a loyal soldier?" he asked to gain time.

"Colonel, I always require it," replied the Emperor. "Conceal nothing from me. I wish to know absolutely how things are."

"Sire!" said Michaud with a subtle scarcely perceptible smile on his lips, having now prepared a well-phrased reply, "sire, I left the whole army from its chiefs to the lowest soldier without exception in desperate and agonized terror."

"How is that?" the Emperor interrupted him, frowning sternly. "Would misfortune make my Russians lose heart? Never!"

"Michaud had only waited for this to bring

to be persuaded to make peace. They are burning for the combat, declared this representative of the Russian nation, and to prove to Your Majesty by the sacrifice of their lives how devoted they are."

"Ah!" said the Emperor, reassured and with a kindly gleam in his eyes, he patted Michaud on the shoulder. "You set me at ease, Colonel."

He bent his head and was silent for some time.

"Well, then go back to the army," he said, drawing himself up to his full height and addressing Michaud with a gracious and majestic gesture, "and tell our brave men and all my good subjects wherever you go that I can have not a soldier left. I shall put myself at the head of my beloved nobility and my good people and so utilize the resources of my empire. It still

meeting on the weather and mutual acquaintance, now turned in Moscow the rum and a po con.

The society gathered together at the governor's was the best in Voronezh.

There were great many ladies and some of them Moscow acquaintances but there were no men who could talk with the czar at St. George the Hussar, renowned officer, well-natured and well-bred Count Rostov among the men was an Italian prisoner and officer of the French army and Nicholas felt that the presence of that prisoner enhanced his own importance as Russian hero. The Italian was as it were, war trophy Nicholas felt that it seemed him that everyone regarded the Italian as the same kind of thing treated him cordially, though with dignity and extra.

As soon as Nicholas entered in his Hussar uniform, drawing around him fragrance of perfume and wine and had uttered the words "where has he never heard them" repeated several times by their people clustered around him, all eyes turned to him, and he felt for the first time that he had entered into his proper position in the province—that of an official officer, very pleasant position, and intoxicating! so after his long privations. A post of stations, and in the landowner's magnificent manservants had been flattered by his notice and here on the governor's party there were (it seemed to Nicholas) an inexhaustible number of pretty young women married and unmarried, impatiently waiting his notice. The women and girls flirted with him and from the first day old people concerned themselves together with the undared devil of an unmarried and settled down. Among these was the governor's wife herself, who welcomed Rostov with a warm and called him Nicholas.

Catherine Petrovna did small play values and the music and dancing began in which Nicholas still further captivated the provincial society by his agility. He particularly free manner of dancing even surprised them all. Nicholas was himself rather awkward but he danced the evening. He had never danced like this in Moscow and would even have considered such very free and easy manner improper and in bad form, but here he felt a numbness on him to sitish them all by something unusual, something they would have to expect as a regular thing. He captivated though new to them in the province.

All the evening Nicholas paid attention to a

blue-eyed, plump and pleasant little blonde the wife of one of the provincial officials. With the naïve conviction of young men in a merry mood that other men were created for them, Rostov did not like the blonde and treated her husband as a friend and conversational style. If with respect to them they knew how captivated Nicholas and the lady would get on together. The husband however did not seem to share that conviction and tried to behave morose with Rostov. But the latter good natured in itself was so boundless that sometimes even he involuntarily yielded to Nicholas good humor. Toward the end of the evening however as the wife's face grew more flushed and animated the husband became more and more melancholy and solemn as though there were but a great amount of an mat on between them and the wife's face increased the husband's discomfort.

CHAPTER V

Nicholas sat leaning his head forward in an armchair bend closely over the blonde lady and paying her most thorough compliments with

outlines of his legs in their well-knit Hessian boots, Nicholas told the blonde lady that he wished to run away with a certain lady here in Voronezh.

"Which lady?"

A charming lady and one of her eyes (Nicholas looked at his partner) like her mouth coral and ivory her figure (he gazed at her shoulders) "like Diana's."

The husband came up suddenly asked her what he was talking about.

"Ah, Nikita! in the end cried Nicholas in a

The husband smiled gloomily the wife got up. The good-natured wife came up with a look of disapproval.

Anna Ignatievna was to see you, Nicholas, said he pronouncing the name so that Nicholas once understood that Anna Ignatievna was a very important person. Come Nicholas you know our let me call on so.

"Oh, yes, Aunt! Who?"

Anna Ignatievna Malotieva. She has heard from her niece how you rescued her. Can you guess?"

As to the state of Russia he would have said that it was not his business to think about it that Kutuzov and others were there for that purpose but that he had heard that the regiments were to be made up to their full strength that fighting would probably go on for a long time yet and that things being so it was quite likely he might be in command of a regiment in a couple of years time

As he looked at the matter in this way he learned that he was being sent to Voronezh to buy remounts for his division not only with out regret at being prevented from taking part in the coming battle but with the greatest pleasure—which he did not conceal and which his comrades fully understood.

A few days before the battle of Borodino Nicholas received the necessary money and war warrants and having sent some in

12 months continuously in an atmosphere of campaigning and war—can understand the delight Nicholas felt when he escaped from the region covered by the

at the camp—he saw villages with
peasants and peasant women gentlemen's
country houses fields where cattle were graz-
ing posthouses with stationmasters asleep in
them he rejoiced as though seeing all this for
the first time What for a long while specially
surprised and delighted him were the women
young and healthy without a dozen officers
making up to each of them women too who
were pleased and flattered that a passing offi-
cer should take with them

In the highest spirits Nicholas arrived at night at a hotel in Voronezh, ordered things he had long been deprived of in camp and next day, very clean shaven and in a full dress uniform he had not worn for a long time went to present himself to the authorities.

The commander of the militia was a civilian general, an old man who was evidently pleased with his military designation and rank. He received Nicholas brusquely (imagining this to be characteristically military) and questioned him with an important air as if considering the general progress of affairs and approving and disapproving with full right to do so. Nicholas was in such good spirits that this merely amused him.

From the commander of the militia he drove to the governor. The governor was a brisk little man, very simple and affable. He indicated the stud farms at which Nicholas must procure horses recommended to him a horse dealer in the town and a landowner fourteen miles out of town who had the best horses and promised to assist him in every way.

You are Count Hyá Rostov's son? My father is a great friend of your mother's. We are at home on Thursdays—today is Thursday so please come and see us quite informally," said the governor taking leave of him.

Immediately on leaving the governor's Nicholas hired post horses and taking his squadron quartermaster with him drove at a gallop to the landowner fourteen miles.

1. In a state of mind everything
went well and easily

The landlord next to whom Nicholas went was a bachelor an old cavalryman a horse fancier a sportsman the possessor of some century-old brandy and some old Hungarian wine who had a snuggerly where he smoked and who owned some splendid horses.

In very few words Nicholas bought seven teen picked stallions for six thousand rubles—to serve as he said as samples of his remounts. After dining and taking rather too much of the Hungarian wine Nicholas—

1 & over aominable roads in the
brightest frame of mind continually urging
on the driver so as to be in time for the gov
ernor's party

When he had changed poured water over his head and scented himself Nicholas arrived at the governor's rather late but with the phrase better late than never on his lips

It was not a ball nor had dancing been announced but everyone knew that Catherine Petrona would play valves and the *écossaise* on the clarinet and that there would be dancing and so everyone had come to a full

Provincial life in 1812 went on very much as usual but with this difference that it was livelier in the towns in consequence of the arrival of many wealthy families.

a
it
at i a p e y in for a pound—v h cares
spirit and the i vatal le sn all talk n tead of

see I never told this to anyone and never will, only to you.

The governor wif pressed his elbow gratefully.

"You know So va my cousin I love her and promised to marry her and will do so. So you see there can be no question about—said Nicholas unconsciously and blushed.

"My dear boy what was to look at? You know So va has nothing and on yourself say your Papa's affairs are in a very bad way. And what about your mother? It would kill her that or Lening. And what sort of life would it be for So va—first of all with heart? Your mother in despair and you all ruined. No, my dear boy and So va ought to understand that.

Nicholas remained silent. It comforted him to hear these arguments.

At the same time, it is impossible he reasoned with himself, after short pause. Besides, would the princess have me? And besides, we are now in my turn. How can one think of it?

"But you don't suppose I am going to get you married tonight. There is always another way of doing things," replied the governor's wife.

"What matchmaker are you, Aunt?" said Nicholas, kissing her plentifully.

CHAPTER VI

ON REACHING MOSCOW after her meeting with Rostov Princess Mary had found her nephew there with his tutor and letter from Prince Andrew giving her instructions how to get to her Aunt Malintseva's residence. That feeling like a temptation which had troubled her during her father's illness since his death, and especially after her meeting with Rostov was motivated by arrangements for their journey next evening, her brother settling in a new house, meeting new people and ending to her nephew's education. She was said. Now for a month passed in quiet surroundings. Little more and more deeply the loss of her father which was associated in her mind with the ruin of Russia. She was excited and incessantly tortured by the thought of the dangers which her brother the only remaining person now remaining, to her was exposed. She was worried too by her nephew's education for which she had always felt herself incompetent, but she had always felt her self peace—peace from conscious and unconscious, stifled those personal dreams and hopes that had been on the point

of awakening with her and were related to her meeting with Rostov.

The day after her private interview with the governor's wife came to see Malintseva and, after discussing her plans with the tutor, remarked that though under present circumstances formal betrothal was, of course, not to be thought of, all the same the young people might be brought together and could get to know one another. Malintseva expressed approval and the governor's wife began to speak of Rostov in Mary's presence praising him and telling how he had

the calm—tranquillity was destroyed, and desires, doubts, self-reproach, and hopes reawoke.

During the two days that elapsed before Rostov called, Princess Mary continually thought of how she ought to behave to him. Finally she decided not to come to the drawing-room when he called to see her until that it would not be proper for her in her deep mourning to receive visitors, though she thought this would be rude after what he had done for her. Then it occurred to her that her untidiness and her goings and comings had intentions concerning herself and Rostov—their looks and words at times seemed to confirm this impression—then he told herself that only he with her full nature could think this of them; they could not forget that tutored as he was, while still wearing deep mourning, such matchmaking would be an insult to her and to her father's memory. Assuming that she did go down to see him, Princess Mary imagined, next the word he would say to her and what he would say to her maid.

But when on Sunday after church the footman announced in the drawing-room that Count Rostov had called, the princess bowed no confusion, only a slight blush suffused her cheeks and her eyes lit up with new and radiant light.

"You have met him, Aunt," said she in a calm voice, unable herself to understand that he could be outwardly so calm and untroubled.

When Rostov entered the room the princess dropped her eyes for an instant, as if to give him a moment to greet her and then just

Nicholas turned to her she raised her head and met his look with shining eyes. With a

I rescued such a lot of them' said Nicholas

Her niece Princess Bolkónskaya She is here in Vorónezh with her aunt Oh! How you blush Why are you?

Not a bit! Please don't Aunt!

Very well very well! Oh what a fellow you are!

The governor's wife led him up to a tall and very stout old lady with a blue headress who had just finished her game of cards with the most important personages of the town This was Mary Intseva Princess Mary's aunt on her mother's side a rich childless widow who always lived in Vorónezh When Rostov approached her she was standing settling up for the game She looked at him and screwing up her eyes sternly continued to upbraid the general who had won from her

Very pleased *mon cher* she then said holding out her hand to Nicholas Pray come and see me

What is it?

knew of Prince Andrew who also was evidently no favorite of hers the important old lady dismissed Nicholas after repeating her invitation to come to see her

Nicholas promised to come and blushed

stand

When he had parted from Mary Intseva Nicholas wished to return to the dancing but the governor's little wife placed her plump hand on his sleeve and saying that she wanted to have a talk with him led him to her sitting room from which those who were there immediately withdrew so as not to be in her way

Do you know dear boy began the governor's wife with a serious expression on her kind little face that really would be a match for you would you like me to arrange it?

Whom do you mean Aunt? asked Nicholas

I will make a match for you with the princess

What a charming girl she is really! And she is not at all so plain either

Not at all replied Nicholas as if offended at the idea As before a soldier Aunt I don't force myself on anyone or refuse anything he

said before he had time to consider what he was saying

Well then remember this is not a joke!

Of course not!

Yes yes the governor's wife said as if talking to herself But my dear boy among other things you are too attentive to the other the blonde One is sorry for the husband really

Oh no we are good friends with him said Nicholas in the simplicity of his heart it did not enter his head that a pastime so pleasant to himself might not be pleasant to someone else

But what nonsense I have been saying to the governor's wife! thought Nicholas suddenly at supper She will really begin to arrange a match and Sonya? And on taking leave of the governor's wife when she again smilingly said to him Well then remember! he drew her aside

But see here to tell you the truth Aunt

What is it my dear? Come let's sit down here said she

Nicholas suddenly felt a desire and need to tell his most intimate thoughts (which he would not have told to his mother his sister or his friend) to this woman who was almost a stranger When he afterwards recalled that impulse to unsolicited and inexplicable frankness which had very important results for him it seemed to him—as it seems to everyone in such cases—that it was merely some silly whim that seized him yet that burst of frankness together with other trifling events had immense consequences for him and for all his family

You see Aunt Mamma has long wanted me to marry an heiress but the very idea of marrying for money is repugnant to me

Oh yes I understand said the governor's wife

But Princess Bolkónskaya—that's another matter I will tell you the truth In the first place I like her very much I feel drawn to her and then after I met her under such circumstances—so strangely the idea often occurred to me 'This is fate Especially if you remember that Mamma had long been thinking of it but I had never happened to meet her before somehow it had always happened that we did not meet And as long as my sister Natasha was engaged to her brother it was of course out of the question for me to think of marrying her And it must needs happen that I should meet her just when Natasha's engagement had been broken off and then everything So you

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 " th ght bo ther she h d th ight of
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Nicholas mmed ately rec gn zed Pr ncess
 Mary not so much by the pr fle he saw under
 " t by the feel ng f sol c tude ti

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 o curr d before w en she w s prese t N cho
 la went up t her w th ut wait ng to be
 " o m w fe and n t ask

CHAPTER VII

h tl f B d n d

g p both her sorrow and he joy
 "The e is e th ng I wanted t tell you

d o ly f m the G tt d h u
 d fi t ew f h m p p d (so Nchol s
 h d h h d n t n he ga l mself) to et
 ff sear h f P n A dew

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 des e f g y f l g f t l t
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 per en d d fi t f l g f h m d
 kward Th co rs t n h heard
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G It a h s col l

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 n of regretful symp thy on his f ce

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 slght cont nued N h l s We must hope
 f th be t a d l msue

Pr nces Mary t rrupted h m

Oh th t w uld b so d e d he began
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 b t he head w th mo eme t as gra el las
 ev ryth ng he d d h p ese ce d look
 g up at h m gratef lly w nt o t f llow g
 he unt.

Th t even g N ch las d d not g ut but
 tay d t hom t settle some acc ts w th
 th h rse d l rs Wh n he had f nish d th t
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 but t ll too ly t g to bed and f l g
 t me he p d up d d wn the oom eff t
 ing on h lfe a th her ely d d

Pr nces Mary h d made n greeable im
 p ss n n h m when h h d m ther n Smo
 lé k pr vince His ha g cou ter d her
 n h pt n l cumsta ces and his
 m ther ha g t n t m m nt oned her to
 h mas good m t h h d d wn his p rt cul
 tt t n to her Wh n h met her gain in

gry th h servant dsqu dr n qu terminas
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A few days bef h dep rtur a p cial
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 ern f be k ed h m to h

H y u see he p ess? he k d
 d cat g w h m ment f her he d l dy
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 h

movement full of dignity and grace she half rose with a smile of pleasure held out her slender delicate hand to him and began to speak in a voice in which for the first time new deep womanly notes vibrated. Mademoiselle Bourienne who was in the drawing room looked at Princess Mary in bewildered surprise. Herself a consummate coquette she could not have maneuvered better on meeting a man she wished to attract.

Father black is particularly becoming to her or she really is my having not and grace! the

Had Princess that moment

surprised than Mademoiselle Bourienne at the change that had taken place in herself. From the moment she recognized that dear loved face a new life force took possession of her and compelled her to speak and set apart from her own will. From the time Rostov entered her face became suddenly transformed. It was as if a light had been kindled in a carved and painted lantern and the intricate skillful artistic work on its sides that previously seemed dark coarse and meaningless was suddenly shown up in unexpected and striking beauty. For the first time all that pure spiritual inward travail through which she had lived appeared on the surface. All her inward labor her dissatisfaction with herself her sufferings her strivings after goodness her meekness love and self sacrifice—all this now shone in those radiant eyes in her delicate smile and in every trait of her gentle face.

Rostov saw all this as clearly as if he had known her whole life. He felt that the being before him was quite different from and better than anyone he had met before and above all better than himself.

Their conversation was very simple and unimportant. They spoke of the war and the

change the

ing the conversation as soon as her aunt mentioned Andrew. Evidently she could speak of Russia's misfortunes with a certain artificiality but her brother was too near her heart and she neither could nor would speak lightly of him. Nicholas noticed this as he noticed every shade of Princess Mary's character with an ob-

unfortunate being Nicholas blushed and was confused when people spoke to him about the princess (as she did when he was mentioned) and even when he thought of her but in her presence he felt quite at ease and said not at all what he had prepared but what quite appropriately occurred to him at the moment.

When a pause occurred during the king whether he would like to be an Hussar. He took the boy

the boy she loved in the arms of the man she loved. Nicholas also noticed that look and as if understanding it flushed with pleasure and began to kiss the boy with good natured playfulness.

As she was in mourning Princess Mary did not go out into society and Nicholas did not think it the proper thing to visit her again but all the same the governor's wife went on with her matchmaking pressing on to Nicholas the flattering things Princess Mary said of him and vice versa and insisted on his declaring himself to Princess Mary. For this purpose she arranged a meeting between the young people at the bishop's house before Mass.

Though Rostov told the governor's wife that he would not make any declaration to Princess Mary he promised to go.

As at Tilsit Rostov had not allowed himself to doubt that what everybody considered right was right so in his own sense or in relation to circumstances he chose the latter and yielded to the power he felt irresistibly.

to declare his feelings to Princess Mary. And he knew that he would never act basely. But he also knew (or rather felt at the bottom of his heart) that by resigning himself not to the force of circumstances and to those who were guiding him he was not only doing nothing wrong but was doing something very very important—more important than anything he had ever done in his life.

After meeting Princess Mary though the course of his life went on externally as before all his former amusements lost their charm for

I would be too p f I m to think th t I
might be cause f sorrow disco d th f m
if tha has been so good t m (h wro) d
m lov has no im b t th h p piness f those I
love so ch I I beg y t con der y rself
free and it be ass ed th t i p f everyth g
on ca lov y m tha does } x 56

self and others was Sónya's habit. Her position in the house was such that only by sacrifice could she know her worth and she was accustomed to this and loved doing it. But in all her former acts of self-sacrifice she had been happy because she had saved her in her own

Both letters were written from Trótska. The
 one from the countless described the late
 days of Moscow and the picture of the fire and
 the destruction of all their property. In this
 letter the contents also mentioned that P. Ce
 drew a map of the wounded trail of the
 with them. The state was very critical but the
 doctors said there was a chance. Só ya
 d. N. tasha were ours in him
 Next day N. h. la took his mother. I told

th n nyth g i e w they
w i d h r to sac f e the ery th that con
st tuted the whol reward so her elf sac fice
nd th w i o l mean n of her l i e And for the
first t me he felt b tterness aga n r those w i o
h d been her benef ct rs o ly to r tu e her
the m rep insull she f l i jealous of N t a ha
who h d never exper enced nyth ng of t i s
sort had never needed to sac fice herself but
mad others sac fice themsel es f r her
yet was bel ed by everybody And f r the first
t me S o y felt that out of her pure qu et l e
f N ch las pass te feel g was becom
n ng t grow up wh ch wa str ger than p
cipl t e o rel g n Under t i e f l e e
of this feel g S o y a whosel fe of d pe de e
had ta ght her l tar ly t be secr t e
ha n wered th u tes n vaug eral
t d resol ed

Nichola sudde y deca e

Th the p nes as if they were r l t ns
Th ill w dayh saw Pr cess M ry ff
n her journey to Varosl l d few days
later l ft p n his regim nt.

CHAPTER VIII

So ya's letter wt en f m T ó sa which
had come as n wert N hol prayer was
prompted by th th th u^{ht} of gett N h
la married to he es occup ed the old
oun es m d m nd m Sh knew that
Se ya wa th chu f bta l t th happen
nd S' va l f the cou es h use h d
grown ha der d harder especially after th y
had rece ed l f m N ch las t ll g of
h meeti g w th Pr ess Mary n Boru háro-
Th co tes l t no occas l p of mak
humal cru l llus o Sónya.

few day bef they I ft Moscow
 moved d excited by ll th t was g
 she called S6 to her d. read f e
 p o a h nd mak dem ds her ca
 ll impl ed her o sac fi herself d
 pay all that h f mly had d f her by
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 I hall be peace till u p mise m
 this

Se burst to h y t cal tears d repl ed
hrou h her sobs that h w ld d anythi g
d p p ed for ythi bu ga n
tual p mse d co ld n bri herself to
dec d d what wa deim ded of her She
m st sacr fi tself i th fam ly that had
ea ed d bro ht her p To sacr fi her

he heard of P And ew p esence n th

N tish lo ed n o e but Pri c And ew a d
had never ceased to l h m. Sh k ew that
be thrown together a under u l ter
rible cumsta ces they w uld a fall n
l w th o nother d that \ h l s would
the n t be ble to marry P es M ry as
they w uld be w th n th p l b ted dees
of affi ty Despt l l th terr of what had
h ppe ed d those last da d d
the first day of the jo rney th feel a that
P ov de ce was tern n g n her person l
aff rs cheered So)

At the Tótsa monastery the Rostov first
book their journey for the whole day

Three large rooms were assigned to them in the main story lobby of which was occupied by Prince Andrew. The wounded man

Vorónezh the impression she made on him was not merely pleasing but powerful. Nicholas had been struck by the peculiar moral beauty he observed in her at this time. He was however preparing to go away and it had not entered his head to regret that he was thus depriving himself of chances of meeting her. But that day's encounter in church had he felt sunk deeper than was desirable for his peace of mind. That pale sad refined face that radiant look those gentle graceful gestures in I

the expression of a higher spiritual life (that was why he did not like Prince Andrew) and he referred to it contemptuously as philosophy and dreaminess but in Princess Mary that very sorrow which revealed the depth of a whole spiritual world foreign to him was an irresistible attraction.

She must be a wonderful woman. A real woman, he said to himself. Why am I not free? Why am I in such a hurry with Sonya? And he involuntarily compared the two the lack of spirituality in the one and the abundance of it in the other—a spirituality he himself lacked and therefore valued most highly. He tried to picture what would happen were he free. How he would propose to her and how she would become his wife. But no, he could not imagine that. He felt awed and no clear picture presented itself to his mind. He had long ago pictured to himself a future with Sonya and that was all clear and simple just because it had all been thought out and he knew all there was in Sonya but it was impossible to picture a future with Princess Mary because he did not understand her but simply loved her.

Reveries about Sonya had had something merry and playful in them but to dream of Princess Mary was always difficult and a little frightening.

How she prayed! he thought. It was plain that her whole soul was in her prayer. Yes that was the prayer that moves mountains and I am sure her prayer will be answered! Why don't I pray for what I want? he suddenly thought. What do I want? To be free released from Sonya. She was right he thought remembering that the governor's wife had said

God! release me from this dreadful inextricable position! he suddenly began to pray. Yes prayer can move mountains but one must have faith and not pray as Natasha and I used to as children that the snow might turn into sugar—and then run out into the yard to see whether it had done so. No but I am not praying for trifles now he thought as he put his pipe down in a corner and folding his hands placed himself before the icon. Softened by memories of Princess Mary he began to pray as he had not done for a long time. Tears were in his eyes and in his throat when the door opened and Lavrushka came in with some papers.

Blockhead! Why do you come in without being called? cried Nicholas quickly changing his attitude.

From the governor said Lavrushka in a sleepy voice. A courier has arrived and there's a letter for you.

Well all right thanks. You can go!

Nicholas took the two letters one of which was from his mother and the other from Sonya. He recognized them by the handwriting and opened Sonya's first. He had read only a few lines when he turned pale and his eyes opened wide with fear and joy.

No it's not possible! he cried aloud.

Unable to sit still he paced up and down the room holding the letter and reading it. He glanced through it then read it again and then again and standing still in the middle of the room he raised his shoulders stretching out his hands with his mouth wide open and his eyes fixed. What he had just been saying for with confidence that God would hear him had come to pass but Nicholas was as much astonished as if it were something extraordinary and unexpected and as if the very fact that it had happened so quickly proved that it had not come from God to whom he had prayed but by some ordinary coincidence.

This unexpected and as it seemed to Nicholas quite voluntary letter from Sonya freed him from the knot that fettered him and from which there had seemed no escape. She wrote that the last unfortunate events—the loss of most of the role of the Rostovs—were past—and the counts respectively expressed a wish that Nicholas should marry Irina Ivolga Ivolga together with his silence and loneliness of life he had combined to make her decide to release him from his promise and let him completely free.

Besides I don't love her—not as I should. O

th mysterious fulfillment he had just seen of
her wish. What she knew that there was
a wish related to the Prince and was

Perrel like the others was questioned as to who he was where he had been with what object, and so on.

These questions like questions put at trial generally left the essence of the matters decided but the possibility of that essence being revealed and were designed only to form a line through which the judges wished the answers of the accused to flow so as to lead to

manan mous deed- at rrupted se
by the tears that d mmed her
eyes-she te that tuch letter the
f hich had so mared N ch las.

CHAPTER IX

THE OFFICER AND SOLDIERS who had arrested Perle treated him with hostility but yet with respect, in the guardhouse where he was taken. In this attitude toward him could still be felt both uncertainty as to who he might be—perhaps an important person—and hostility as a result of their recent personal conflict with him.

B t hen th guard was rel eved next morn
 ~ Perr e felt that fo th new guard—both
 officers and men—h as t interest g as
 b had bee t his capt ry nd n f ct th
 guard f th seco d d d d ot recogn e
 this b, no t man peasant co t the no
 ous person wh had t ght so desperat ly w th
 the marauder nd th co oy d had uttered
 those solemn w rds bout sa child they
 saw in him uly No. of the captured Rus-
 sa s, arrested d d tai ed f some reason
 rder f the H her Command. If they
 nou ed an th rema kabl bout Perr t
 was t his unab shed med tat con entra
 tio d th htf l ess, d th way he pok
 fre ch, which tru k them urpn gly
 god. I sp t f ths he was pl ced th day
 w th th ther arrested suspects, the ep
 ra room he had occup ed was equred by an

All the Russians confined with Perre were men of the lowest class and recognized him as gentlemen they all hated him especially the poor French. Perre felt sad at hearing them make fun of him.

The eve be learned hat ll thes pris-
 oners (b probably amo th m) w re to be
 tried i endiani m. On th third day h
 was taken w th others t h use wher
 F eachge eral w th wh mu tach sa w th
 two lo l d th F chmen w th scarves
 th arms. W th th prec n d d fi t
 es cus mary n d d es n p iso rs. d
 wh h is pposed to p eel d human frailty

m ed nd thew te could flow tow e e e
 f lt moreo e what the accu ed alwa s feel t
 their tral perplex ty as to why these quest n
 w re put to h m. He h d feel n th t it was
 only out of condescen n or a k d fci ly
 that th s dev ce f pl cing a chann l was em
 pl yed. He knew he wa n these men s power
 that only by force had they bro ght h m there
 that f ree al ne ga e them the r ht to de
 mand nswers to the quest ns, a d th t the
 sole object of that ssembly was t i culp te
 h m. And so as they had th power and wish
 t nculp t h m, th exped nt of an nqury
 a d trial seemed un necessary. It was e de t
 that ny nswer would l d to con cution.
 When asked what he was d ng when he was
 arrested P erre pled in rather tragic man
 ner that he was estori g t s p re t s a ch ld
 h had sa ed f om th flames. Why had he
 sought the marauder? P erre answered th t he
 was protecti g w man d that to pro
 tect woman who was be g ulted was the
 duty f every man that They interrupted
 hum f th was not t th po nt. Why was he
 n the yard of burn ng hous where w tnesses
 h d een him. H repl ed that he had gone
 out to see what was happen n n Moscow.
 Again they interrupted hum they h d n t
 asked where h was go g but why h wa
 fo nd near the fire. Who was he? they asked.
 epre their first quest n which he had de
 l ed t n w. Again he repl ed th t he
 could ot nsw r t.

Put th t d wn that s bad very bad,"
only rema ked th general w th the white
mustach d red flushed f

O the fourth day fires broke out on the
Zubok rampart

Pierre and thirteen others were moved to the coach house of a merchant house near the Crimea bridge. On his way through the streets Pierre felt stifled by the smoke which seemed to hang over the whole city. Fires were

was much better that day and Natásha was sitting with him. In the next room sat the count and countess respectfully conversing with the prior who was calling on them as old acquaintances and benefactors of the monastery. Sónya was there too, tormented by curiosity as to what Prince Andrew and Natásha were talking about. She heard the sound of their voices through the door. That door opened and Natásha came out looking excited. Not noticing the monk who had risen to greet her and was drawing back the wide sleeve on his right arm, she went up to Sónya and took her hand.

Natásha: what are you about? Come here! said the countess.

Natásha went up to the monk for his blessing and he advised her to turn for aid to God and His saint.

he

the

Sónya will he live? she asked. Sónya how happy I am and how unhappy! Sónya: do everything as it is used to be. If only he lives! He cannot because because of and Natásha burst into tears.

Yes! I knew it! Thank God! murmured Sónya. He will live.

Sónya was not less agitated than her friend by the latter's fear and grief and by her own personal feelings which she shared with no one. Sobbing, she kissed and comforted Natásha. If only he lives! she thought. Having wept, talked and wiped away their

c

j

t

the open door

Prince Andrew was lying raised high on three pillows. His pale face was calm, his eyes closed, and they could see his regular breathing.

O Natásha! Sónya suddenly almost screamed, catching her companion's arm and stepping back from the door.

What? What is it? asked Natásha.

It's that that said Sónya with a white face and trembling lips.

Natásha softly closed the door and went with Sónya to the window, not yet understanding what the latter was telling her.

You remember said Sónya with a solemn and frightened expression. You remember when I looked in the mirror for you at Otrádnoe at Christmas? Do you remember what I saw?

Yes yes! cried Natásha opening her eyes wide and vaguely recalling that Sónya had told her something about Prince Andrew whom she had seen lying down.

You remember? Sónya

and that he had his eyes closed and was covered just with a pink quilt and that his hands were folded. She concluded convincing herself that the details she had just seen were exactly what she had seen in the mirror.

She had in fact seen nothing then but had mentioned the first thing that came into her head, but what she had invented then seemed to her now as real as any other recollection. She not only remembered what she had then said—that he turned to look at her and smile and was covered with something red—but was firmly convinced that she had then seen and said that he was covered with a pink quilt and that his eyes were closed.

Yes yes it really was pink! cried Natásha who now thought she too remembered the word pink being used and saw in this the most extraordinary and mysterious part of the prediction.

But what does it mean? she added meditatively.

Oh I don't know it is all so strange replied Sónya, clutching at her head.

A few minutes later Prince Andrew ran and Natásha went to him, but Sónya feeling unusually excited and touched, remained at the window, thinking about the strangeness of what had occurred.

They had an opportunity that day to send letters to the army and the countess was writing to her son.

Sónya said the countess, raising her eyes from her letter as her niece passed. Sónya won't you write to Nicholas? She spoke in a soft tremulous voice and in the weary eyes that looked over her spectacles Sónya recalled at the countess' meeting to convey with these words. Those eyes expressed entire satisfaction in having to ask, fear of a refusal.

Yes Mamma I will write said she. Sónya was so excited and excitedly said that it had occurred that day especially by

of uttering d To h m Da out was not
mer ly F h g n al b t a man t rous
f r his cru lly Look g th s old f e a he
sat like term loolm st r who was p ep red
to wait hile f r ns e P rr felt that
every: ta tof del y n ght cost h m h lfe
but he d d tk w h t to y He d l t
ture to repeat wh t h e d s a d t l first
ex m t y e t d s l h r a k d pos
u a da g us d embarrass g So he

P err

Th chl that had b e ru g d wn
P rre b k ow e ed his head as n a v e

"Y ca tk w m General I ha e nev
er seen y u

He s Russ n py D out interrupted
ddress g th g eral wh was p ese t
b t h m P rr h d n t t ced

D t t rned y W th an unexp ted
everberat h c P erre sap dly be
ga

N m se gneu h s a d udde ly e
member g t l D t wa d k N m n
se m ur y ca t l known me I m
m l u ffer d h n t qu tted Mo w

Y mer sked D t

Benkh

h m nd h s reg me t and the street where the
house t s

You a e n t wh t you say returned Da
vo t

I a trembl ng falter g ce P erre bega
addu ng p oofs of the truth of h s s tement
But t th t mome n l j tant entered and
repo ted someth ng to D vo t

D out br htened p t the news t l e d
jut nt br ught d began butt ng up h s
un f rm It seemed that he had q te forgotten
P rre

When the adjutant em nded l m of the
priso er he j rked h head n P erre s d c
t w th frown a d o dered him to be led
way B t w l re they ere to take l m P erre

F eld

He turned his head d saw th t the adju
t nt w putt ng a d l e r q est on to D o t
Yes of course! epl ed D out b t what
th yes meant P erre d d n t kn

P err co ld n t fterwa ds remembe h w
h we t whel r t w fa o v h ch d ec
t n H f cult es wer qu te numbed, he
st p fied nd n t cing n th g a u d l

the m t l comm ss n t l t l d frst
m ed l m—n t ne of tlem l d led to
o ev de tly l d h e d e t It not
D ut wh o l d looked at l m i s o luman a
w y l a ther moment D ut w uld h
l ed th t was do gwro g b t just then
th d j t t l d come n a d n t r r p ied h m
Th l j t t, lso had e de tly l d no e l
te t th gh he m ht ha e refra d f m
c m g Tlen who was e cut gh m k l l
g l m dep gh m of lfe—l m P erre
w th all h mem es pr at ns l pes and
th g t? Wh o w d g t l And P rre felt
th t t w s o e

It was tem— concurr f c i cum
t n es

A s j t m of som sort w k l l g l m—
P erre—dep gh m l lfe of e eryth
ann h l t gh m.

CHAPTER XI

FRO PR S CHER ATON h use the pris
o ers we led t ght d th V rgi F eld
t t l e l f t of the nery as f as kutch n

d th l w k a ed P e. Apart f m d
t f d l w th t look est bl hed hu
ma rel b t e th tw m At th t
m m t m mber of th s p ed
d m l t l h both t l m d d they re
e d t t l w b t f c l d r n o f h
ty d er b t l rs
At l first gl wh D t h d ly
ra sed l head from l e p p rs wher h m
aff rs d l e s e l cated by umbers
P err m l cum ta d D ut
co ld ha h t l m w t l t bu d l is
co se e w th e l deed but w l w
n h m h m be H r f l t d f mo
m t

H ca y h m th t y u t l l
th truth s a d D t l dly

P erre remembered R mb l l nd med

visible on all sides. He did not then realize the significance of the burning of Moscow and looked at the fires with horror.

He passed four days in the coach house near the Crimean bridge and during that time learned from the talk of the French soldiers that all those confined there

frightened people who tried to hide when they saw the French.

It was plain that the Russian nest was ruined and destroyed but in place of the Russian order of life that had been destroyed Pierre unconsciously felt that a quite different French order had been established.

The marshal represented a very high and rather mysterious power.

These first days before the eighth of September when the prisoners were had up for a second examination were the hardest of all for Pierre.

CHAPTER V

ON THE EIGHTH OF SEPTEMBER an officer—a very important one judging by the respect the guards showed him—entered the coach house where the prisoners were. This officer probably someone on the staff was holding a paper in his hand and called over all the Russians there naming Pierre as the man who does not give his name. Glancing indolently and indifferently at all the prisoners he ordered the officer in charge to have them decently dressed and tidied up before taking them to the marshal. An hour later a soldier of

the escorting him and the other criminals he felt it in the looks of an important French officer in a carriage and pair driven by a soldier whom they met on the way. He felt it in the merry sounds of regimental music he heard from the left side of the field and felt and realized it especially from the

with dozens of other men and it seemed that they might have forgotten him or confused him with the others. But no the answers he had given when questioned had come back to him in his designation as the man who does not give his name and under that appellation which to Pierre seemed terrible they were now leading him somewhere with unhesitating assurance on their faces that he and all the other prisoners were exactly the ones they wanted and that they were being taken to the proper place. Pierre felt himself to be an insignificant chip fallen among the wheels of a machine whose action he did not understand but which was working well.

He and the other prisoners were taken to the right side of the Virgin's Field to a large white house with an immense garden not far from the convent. This was Prince Shcherbatov's house where Pierre had often been on other days and which as he learned from the talk of the soldiers was now occupied by the marshal the Duke of Eckmühl (Davout).

They were taken to the entrance and led in to the house one by one. Pierre was the sixth to enter. He was conducted through a glass gallery an anteroom and a hall which were familiar to him into a long low study at the door of which stood an adjutant.

Davout spectacles on nose sat bent over a table at the further end of the room. Pierre went close up to him but Davout evidently consulting a paper that lay before him did not look up. Without raising his eyes he said in a low voice:

Who are you?

Pierre was silent because he was incapable

low as on the day when Pierre had been taken from the guardhouse on the Zubovskii rampart but rose through the pure air in columns. No flames were seen but columns of smoke rose on all sides and all Moscow as far as Pierre could see was one vast charred ruin. On all sides there were vast spaces with only stoves and chimney stacks still standing and here and there the blackened walls of some brick houses. Pierre gazed at the ruins and did not recognize districts he had known well. Here and there he could see churches that had not been burned. The bells

guttered brightly and its bells were ringing particularly clearly. These bells reminded Pierre that it was Sunday and the feast of the Nativity of the Virgin. But there seemed to be no one to celebrate this holiday every where were blackened ruins and the few Russians to be seen were tattered and

P erre was n lo ger ble to turn way and
 clos. h s eves H s curios ty and gutat n l ke
 tha f th whol cro d eached th h ghest
 p tch t this fifth murder Like th others this
 fifth man seemed calm he wrapped h loose
 cloak loser and rubbed o e b foot w th
 th ther

Wt they bega to bl ndf ld h m he h m
 self djusted the k t wh ch hurt the b ck of
 his head then h they p pped him wa t
 the bloodsta d post, h lea ed back nd not

movement.

P bably word f comma d was g en nd
 was f llowed by th eports of ht musk t
 b ttry ash w uld P erre c ld n t fterwards
 remember h heard the l ghtest sou d of
 th h ts. H ly saw h d w kman d
 denl sa k d wn on th co ds that h ld h m.
 bow blood h wed itself tw pl ces h w
 th ropes la kened nder the w ht of the
 han body dh with w km nsat d wn
 b head ha gun turally nd ne le be t
 der hum. P erre ran p to the post. No o
 h dered hum. P le fri ht ed peopl w
 do som th ar d th wo kman Th
 lower j f ld Fre chman w th th ck
 musta he trembled h u t ed the pes. The
 bod ll psed. Th sold ers dragged t wk
 dl fr m the post d be an pu h t n
 t th p

They all pl ly nd certa nly knew that
 they ere cr m l who must h d the traces
 f th rgu lt qu kly poss ble

P erre l ed t th p t d saw that the
 fact ry lad as ly g w th his k ees close up
 t h head d h ld h gher than th
 ther That bo lder ros d f ll h ythmal
 l nd co uls ly b t p d ful of earthwer
 l read be th w o er the whole body
 O f th sold ers, ev d tly uffery o h ted
 gru^m d gnl t P erre to go b ck. B t
 P erre did t u d rca d h m d ema ned
 ca th post, d o dro h m way

Wh th p th d bee filled p comm d
 wa g P erre was take b k t his pl ce
 d th f troops n both des f the
 post made half turn d w nt past t t
 meaured p ce Th twe ty f ur h rpsshooters
 th discharged muskets and th cen
 ter f th curd ra b k to th pl es as the
 comp es p sed by

P erre ga ed n w th dazed eyes t thes

sharp loot rs who ran in couples out of the
 cir le All but one r jo ed the r compan es.

"That w ll teach them to start fires, sa d
 one of the Fren hmen

P erre gl ed round at the speaker and saw
 th t t was a sold er who was try ng to find
 some l ef fter what had been d n but was
 not able t do so W thout fi sh ng what he
 had begun t say he mad a h peless mo e
 ment w th his arm nd went way

CHAPTER XII

AFTER TH EXECUTI \ P erre wa separated
 from th rest of the p son rs d pl ced alo e
 sm ll ruined, d bef uled d u ch

T wa d en g n ncommiss oned off e
 e tered w th two sold ers nd t ld h m th t the
 h d bee p rd ed d w uld now go to th
 barra k f r the p so ers of war W thout un
 derstand o wh t was sa d to h m P erre got
 up nd went w th the sold ers They took him
 to the uppe d of the f eld where there were
 someshed b lt f charred pl ks beam and
 b tt ns, nd led h m to o f them Jn th
 d knes sometwe t d ffere tme surround
 ed P rr He looked t them w th ut under
 ta d who they were why they were ther
 o wh t they wanted of h m. H heard what
 they sa d but d d not understa d the mean ng
 of the w ds and mad o k d of ded ct
 from o ppl cat on of th m He repl ed t
 quest n they p t to him b t d d n t n d
 er wh was l t g t his epl es n h w
 th y w uld dersta d them He looked t
 th r fa es a d figu es b t they ll seemed to
 h m equ lly me less.

From the mome t P erre h dw t essed thos
 terr bl m ders comm tted by me who d d
 n tw h t comm t them twa as if th ma
 p of h lf on wh h e eryth d
 pended d wh ch m de ev ryth p pea
 l had udd ly bee wr nched out and
 everyth gh d coll p ed t heap of mean
 les rubb h. Tho h h d d t ckn w l
 edg t to h mself h f th n th right order

garden in which a post had been set up Beyond that post a fresh pit had been dug in the ground and near the post and the pit a large crowd stood in a semicircle The crowd consisted of a few Russians and many of Apoleon's soldiers who were not on duty—Germans, Italians, and Frenchmen in a variety of uniforms To the right and left of the post stood rows of French troops in blue uniforms with red epaulets and high boots and shakos

The prisoners were placed in a certain order according to the list (Pierre was sixth) and were led to the post Several drums suddenly began to beat on both sides of them and at that sound Pierre felt

that something was about to happen should happen quickly Pierre looked round at his fellow prisoners and scrutinized them

The two first were convicts with shaven heads One was tall and thin the other dark shaggy and sinewy with a flat nose The third was a domestic serf about forty-five years old with grizzled hair and a plump well-nourished body The fourth was a peasant a very handsome man with a broad light brown beard and black eyes The fifth was a factory hand a thin, sallow-faced lad of eighteen in a loose coat

Pierre heard the French consulting whether to shoot them separately or two at a time In couples replied the officer in command in a calm voice There was a stir in the ranks of the soldiers and it was evident that they were all hurrying—not as men hurry to do something they understand but as people hurry to finish a necessary but unpleasant and incomprehensible task

A French official wearing a scarf came up to the right of the row of prisoners and read out the sentence in Russian and in French

Then two pairs of Frenchmen approached the criminals and at the officer's command took the two convicts who stood first in the row The convicts stopped when they reached the post and while sacks were being brought looked dumbly around as a wounded beast looks at an approaching huntsman One crossed himself continually the other scratched his back and made a movement of the lips resembling a smile With hurried hands the soldiers blindfolded them drawing the sacks over their heads and bound them to the post

Fifteen sharpshooters with muskets stepped out of the ranks with a firm regular tread and

halted eight paces from the post Pierre turned away to avoid seeing what was going to happen Suddenly a crackling rolling noise was heard which seemed to him louder than the most terrific thunder and he looked round There was some smoke and the Frenchmen were doing something near the pit with rifles and trembling hands Two more prisoners were led up In the same way and with similar looks these two glanced vainly at the

something was going to happen to them They could not believe it because they alone knew what their life meant to them and so they neither understood nor believed that it could be taken from them

Again Pierre did not wish to look and again turned away but again the sound of a frightful explosion struck his ear and at the same moment he saw smoke blood and the pale scared faces of the Frenchmen who were again doing something by the post their trembling hands impeding one another Pierre breathing heavily looked around as if asking what it meant The same question was expressed in all the looks that met his

On the faces of all the Russians

who flashed for an instant through his mind

Sharpshooters of the 86th forward shouted someone The fifth prisoner the one next to Pierre was led away—alone Pierre did not understand that he was saved that he and the rest had been brought there only to witness the execution With ever growing horror and no sense of joy or relief he gazed at what was taking place The fifth man was the first to lay hands on him He sprang aside in terror and clutched at Pierre (Pierre shuddered and shook himself free) The lad was unable to walk They dragged him along holding him up under the arms and he screamed When they got him to the post he grew quiet if he suddenly understood something Whether he understood that screaming was useless or whether he thought it incredible that men should kill him at any rate he took his stand at the post waiting to be blindfolded like the others and like a wounded animal looked around him with glittering eyes

what sin h dded quickly and as

But t's all the same no I erre coul I not
help say n^o

Ah, my dear fellow! rejo ed Karatiev
never decl ne a pr son or a beggar s sack

He eated h m e lf mo e comfortably and
coughed e lently prepa g to t ll lon

your house"

No, I went to look t the fire and they
arrested m there d tried me n ncend
any

"Where ere I there nju tic put m
the lirl man.

I d have ou been here! n Perre ked
sh m ched th last of the potat

I l t wa l a t Su l y they took me out of
hosp tal Moscow

"Wh are you soldier th n

"Yes, we are sold rs of th Apsh ron reem-
ment. I wa dyi of fever W w nt told

evad tl wh g t make t eas er lor I
to ddress h m. They call me l t l f l con n
the room t. H w e to l clp feel g sad
A osc w-sh th mother f cites. H can
on see ll th nd n t feel sad B t the m
grt gna th cabbage y t d es frst th t
hat th ld f l k u ed to t ll u he dded
rapidl

"What. What d l you say ked Perre.

"Who I sa d kara iev I say th ngs h p-
pen not w pl n but God judes h e-
ple d. th k tha h wa repeat what he
had sa d bef re. d mmeda t l co t nued

"W ll d you ha you f m l estat ur?
A d hou So you ha e bund n th n?
A d housew f And u ld par nts, re
ther t ll ung h ked

And tho h wa too dark f Perre to see,
b f l ha ppessed m l of kindl ess
p cked he sold l p h put hese
j es ions. He seemed gr e ed tha Perre had

pa us. espec ll tha h h d n m ther
A w f r nsel m ther n law f wel
com b there dea as o e wn
mother sa d h W ll d ha you l tle
ones h w o ka^o

A a Perre ne^o au n wer seemed to
d eash m nd h h ed dd

N er mund y re yo n f l k yet nd
please God m y tll ha some. Th great
thing l n harmo y

"Well my dear fellow I was t ll n at
home h began "We h d a well-to-do hom

stead plenty of land we peas nt l ed well
d ou house wa one to th nk God f r When
Fathe nd e went out mow n there were
seven of us. We l ed well We we e real peas

ts. It so h ppened

A d Pl t n k ratiev t ld a l ng st ry of
l he h d one to someone s copse to take
wood how he h d been cau ht by the keeper
had been tr ed flogged nd sent to serve a a
sold e

"W ll d nd a sm l ch ged the ton of
h o e we t l u ht t wa a m f rtune but
t turned out bless If t had not been f r
mys n my brothe w uld ha e had to go a
sold r But he my you ger brother had fi
l tle o es while I you see only left w fe
beh nd. W h d a l tle g l but God took h
bef re I w nt sold I come home on

brothers way earn g wages nu uy u l
th ouncest t home. F ther h says All my
ch ldren are the sam to me t hurts the same
whi hever fi er g ts but n. But f Pl t n
h d t been h ed f a sold er M cl el
wo ld h e h d to go. He called us ll to h m
and w ll you bel eve t pl red us n f nt of
the cons. M cl el he says, come here d
bow down to his feet and you, youn wom n
you bow d wn too d you gra dch ldren
also bow d wn bef e h m l Do you under
ta d h says. That h w t is, dear fellow
F te looks f head. But w are always ju l
g that not w ll—that n t rght! Our l k
is lik water n dra^o net you pull t t nd
t buloes, but when you e drawn t out t s
empty! That s how t s.

And Platon shifted his seat n the traw

After short len e he rose.

"Well, I th k you must be sleepy sa d he
and bega rap dly cross n^o himself nd repeat
g

Lord Jesus Chri t holy S nt N ch la
Frola nd La ral Lord Jesus Chri t h ly Saint
N h las, Frol and Lavra Lord Jesus Chri t
ha m rcy on us d sa us h co cluded,

ing of the universe in humanity in his own soul and in God had been destroyed. He had experienced this before, but never so strongly as now. When similar doubts had assailed him before, they had been the result of his own wrongdoing, and at the bottom of his heart he had felt that relief from his despair and from those doubts was to be found within himself. But now he felt that the universe had crumbled before his eyes and only meaningless ruins remained, and this not by any fault of his own. He felt that it was not in his power to regain faith in the meaning of life.

Around him in the darkness men were standing and evidently something about him interested them greatly. They were telling him something and asking him something. Then they led him away somewhere and at last he found himself in a corner of the shed among men who were huddled and talking on all sides.

Well then mates that very prince *who*
some voice at the other end of the shed
is saying with a strong emphasis on the word
1 / 0

Sitting silent and motionless on a heap of straw against the wall Pierre sometimes opened and sometimes closed his eyes. But as soon as he closed them he saw before him the dreadful face of the factory lad—especially dreadful because of its simplicity—and the faces of the murderers even more dreadful because of their disquiet. And he opened his eyes again and stared vacantly into the darkness around him.

Beside him in a stooping position sat a small man of whose presence he was first made aware by a strong smell of perspiration which came from him every time he moved. This man was doing something to his legs in the darkness and though Pierre could not see his face he felt that the man continually glanced at him. On grovelling used to the darkness Pierre saw that the man was taking off his leg bands and the way he did it aroused Pierre's interest.

Having unbound the string that tied the band on one leg he carefully coiled it up and immediately set to work on the other leg glancing up at Pierre. While one hand hung up the first string the other was already unwinding the band on the second leg. In this way having carefully removed the leg bands by deft circular motions of his arm following one another uninterruptedly the man hung the leg bands up on some pegs fixed above his head. Then he took out a knife cut something

closed the knife placed it under the head of his bed and seating himself comfortably clasped his arms round his lifted knees and fixed his eyes on Pierre. The latter was conscious of something pleasant comforting and well rounded in these deft movements in the man's well-
and eye
the man

You've seen a lot of trouble sir eh the little man suddenly said

And there was so much kindness and simplicity in his singsong voice that Pierre tried to reply but his jaw trembled and he felt tears rising to his eyes. The little fellow, giving Pierre no time to betray his confusion, instantly continued in the same pleasant tones.

Lik I'd don't fret! said he in the tender
singsong caressing voice old Russian peasant
women employ Don't fret friend—suffer an
hour live for an age! that's how it is my dear
fellow And here we live thank heaven with
out offense Among these folk too there are
good men as well as bad said he and still
speaking he turned on his knees with a supple
movement got up coughed and went off to
another part of the shed

Thy rascal! Pierre heard the same kind
voice saying at the other end of the shed. So
you've come, you rascal? She remembers
No, no, that I do!

And the soldier pushing away a little dog that was jumping up at him returned to his place and sat down. In his hands he had something wrapped in a rag.

Here eat a bit sir" said he resuming his former respectful tone as he unwrapped and offered Pierre some baked potatoes. "We had soup for dinner and the potatoes are grand."

Perre had not eaten all day and the smell of the potatoes seemed extremely pleasant to him.

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He took a potato, drew out his clay knife, cut the potato into equal halves on the palm of his hand, sprinkled some salt on it from the bag, and handed it to Pierre.

The potatoes are grand! he said once more. For some like that!
 Pierre thought he had never eaten anything that tasted better.
 Oh! I'm all right, said he. But why did they shoot those poor fellows? The last one was thirty-two.

I said the little man. At what

na lfe he called h s pe sa t e stence
Thep erb l h ch h s talk was f ll were
f th most p rt t the co rse d inde e t
s s soldiers mpl y but th e folk y os

could be g t out of t He d d not and could
n t underst d the me n g of wo ds ap rt
fr m th eir cont t Every word and act on of

nat he had s d n a p e us occa on yet
both uld be ht He l ked to talk d he
talked ll d rn h s p e h w th terms f
endearment nd w th f lk y g s h ch P rre
th ht he nt d l ms lf b t the ch ef
charm f h talk l y t h f ct that the com
mo est ts—somet mes just ch s P erre
had t es ed ith t tak n t e of them—
as med s k ratá s speech a ch racter of
solem fit es He l ked to hear the f lk tales
f the sold rs u ed to tell of n e g
(they eal y s the s m) b t m t of l l he
f k d t hea t es f r l l fe He w uld
smle j y f lly whe l te g t s ch t res
d h

t ken sep rat ly

CHAPTER XIV

W N PRINCESS MARY heard f om N chol s
th t her br th r wa t th the Ro tó sat Yaro-
slá l she at o ce prepared t go t l ere n p te
of h u t s f t to d ssu de he — d ot
me ly t g l rself b t to t ke he n phe
t th h W l ethe twer d f ficult o e sy pos
s ble o mp ble she d d t ask a d d d
ot want t kn w t was her duty ot o ly
h rself to be near her br the wh as perhaps
dy g butt d e eryt l g poss ble to t ke h s

u u b t th e th wh m he h ppened
t be fl) d h t

urn y t h d d too dange s f her
d h n

I few days P ce s M ry wa re dy t
t rt Her equ p ges were the h f m

in
sa

se
h

y d t h m n erra ds But
t P erre he l ys m ed h t h h d
se med th t first ht n u f th m ble
d d t r l p rso f f c t n of the p t
f mpl ty d tr th
Pl t k ratá k w th by heart ex
ept h pray rs W h n h beea t l

ot keth h L p ts k
Ryazá Vladim nd Sh y wa very lo g
nd p t h rses were n t erywle ob-
t bl ery d f ficult a d ea Ryazín where
the F e ch w sad t f h w th msel es
w e d g us

D
B
nts w
of p
th n
her T
t

f
F
m m t bef j t he c uld pe t
to P err the w d f l f t s g t
a d b h t d my l t s k curred n
t b t h pok d t g n m g

then bowed to the ground got up sighed and sat down again on his heap of straw. Thus the way lay me down like a stone. O God and raise me up like a loaf. He muttered as he lay down pulling his coat over him.

What prayer was that you were saying? asked Pierre.

Eh? murmured Platón who had almost fallen asleep. What was I saying? I was praying. Don't you pray?

Yes I do, said Pierre. But what was that you said. Frola and Lavra?

Well of course, replied Platón quickly. The horses' saints. One must pity the animals too. Eh, the rascal! Now you've curled up and got warm, you daughter of a bitch! said Karátsev.

So, as the screaming came from somewhere in the distance outside and flames were visible through the cracks of the shed but inside it was quiet and dark. For a long time Pierre did not sleep but lay with eyes open in the darkness listening to the regular snoring of Platón who lay beside him and he felt that the world that had been shattered was once more stirring in his soul with a new beauty and on new and unshakable foundations.

CHAPTER VIII

TWENTY-THREE SOLDIERS three officers and two officials were confined in the shed in which Pierre had been placed and where he remained for four weeks.

When Pierre remembered them afterwards they all seemed misty figures to him except Platón Karátsev who always remained in his mind a most vivid and precious memory and the personification of everything Russian kindly and round. When Pierre saw his neighbor next morning at dawn the first impression of him as of something round was fully confirmed. Platón's whole figure—in a French overcoat girdled with a cord, a soldier's cap and bast shoes—was round. His head was quite round his back, chest, shoulders and even his arms which he held as if ever ready to embrace something were rounded. His pleasant smile and his large gentle brown eyes were also round.

Platón Karátsev must have been fifty judging by his stories of campaigns he had been in told as by an old soldier. He did not himself know his age and was quite unable to determine it. But his brilliantly white strong teeth

which showed in two unbroken semicircles when he laughed—as he often did—were all sound and good there was not a gray hair in his beard or on his head and his whole body gave an impression of suppleness and especially of firmness and endurance.

His face despite its fine rounded wrinkles had an expression of innocence and

such as what he had said or was going to say and consequently the rapidity and justice of his intonation had an irresistible persuasiveness.

His physical strength and agility during the first days of his imprisonment were such that he seemed not to know what fatigue and sickness meant. Every night before lying down he said: "Lord, lay me down as a stone and raise me up as a loaf!" and every morning on getting up he said: "I have not yet had he o."

out a moment's delay for some work just as children are ready to play directly they awake. He could do everything not very well but not badly. He baked, cooked, sewed, planned and mended boots.

He was evidently giving vent to the sounds in the same way that one stretches one's self or talks about to get rid of stiffness and the sounds were always high pitched mournful delicate and almost feminine and his face at such times was very serious.

Having been taken prisoner and allowed his

former peasant habits.

A soldier on leave—a shirt outside breeches—he would say.

He did not like talking about his life as a soldier though he did not complain and often mentioned that he had not been flogged once during the whole of his army service. When he related anything it was generally something old and evidently precious memory of his. The

The peasants wear the little red lyagalka (the waistcoat) and the blue coat (the breeches) whereas a soldier wears the red coat and the blue breeches.

drawing room where Soya was talking to
Mademoiselle Bourienne. The countess ca
ressed the boy and the old count came in and
welcomed the princess. He had changed ery

en life.

in life.
 In spite of her desire to see her brother
 as soon as possible and let her know that
 at that moment when he wanted was to see
 him they should be trying to entertain him
 pretending to admire her nephew the process
 not realizing that was going on around her
 and that the necessity of submitting to
 this awkward situation which he had entered.
 She knew it to be necessary and thought it was
 hardly for her to be associated with these people.

"This is my niece," said the count, introducing Sô-jû—"Yud-ni-ken, where Princess"

Process Mary turned to Sónya d trying
to still the hostile feel th t ose n her
toward the girl h kissed her But he felt opp-
pressed b the f ct th t th mood f everyo e
ar d her was so f r from what was n her
own heart.

own heart.
 When h h sked ga dd ess g
 them ll

He is downstairs & this is with him
 answered So ya flush g W ha nt to
 ask. I th k y u must be t red Prin ess

ask. t h u x y u must be tied t h m e s
Tears f e x a t i n h w e d t h e m s e l e s
Princess Mary e y e s. S h e t u r n e d w a y n d w a
l o u t t o a s k t h e c o u n t e s s g a n h w t o g o t o
h u m. w h e n h i h t i m p e t u o u s d e e m l y
b u y a t p s w e r h e a r d t h e d o o T h
p e s s l o o k e d r o u n d n d s a w t a h a m i n g
l i m o s t r u t h t N t a s h a w h m h
h a d i k e d s o l i t l e t h m e e t g M o s c o w
l o g e

B t h a d l h a d t h e p e s s l o o k e d t h e
u s h a t a b e f h e c a l e d t h a t h e r w a s
c a l m r a d h g r f n d c o n s e q u e n t l y
f r d . S h r a n t m e e t h e e m b r a c e d h e r d
b e g a t o c r y h h u l d e r

A soo as \ tasha u g th head f
 Pri ce A drew' bed, heard f P ess M ry
 rn l she softly l f his room d hast ed to

ed f ce wh n she ran nto u e u
th t of lo e—boundless lo e f r him for her
and f all that wa neart the man she lo ed
nd of p ty suffer ng for others and pass n
ate des re to g e herself entirely to help n
th m. It was pla n that at that m ment the e
was in Natash s heart no thought of herself
r of her wn relat n w th Prince Andrew

Princess Mary with her acute sensibility understood all that the first glance at Natasha felt and wept in her shelter with sorrowful pleasure.

Come come to him Mary said Natash
lead her into the other room.

Princess Mary raised her head, dried her eyes, and turned to Natiha. She felt that from her she would be able to understand and learn everything.

How he began her question but

She felt that it was impossible to ask or to answer now. A flash of sea-deep eyes could tell her all more clearly and profoundly.

ly N tasha was gaz ng t her but seemed fra d
nd n doubt whether to say ll he knew or
n t he seemed to feel that before those lum
n us eyes wh ch pen trated into the ery
d pths of he heart, t was imposs ble n t to
ll the whole truth wh ch he sa And sud
d nly N tasha l ps tw tched, uoly wri kles

hers lf d d n t tru t

But how his w und What is his g neral
cond t n

Y u, you will ee was ll N tsh
could say

They sat in the whel downstairs near the room till they had left the crying and were able to go to him with calm faces.

He has his whole lesson in the
 place he grew words? When did this happen
 Pres Mary qu ed.

N tasha told her that t first there had be n
da ger f m h fever h dit n d tl
p n h offered b t tT tsath thad p sed
d th doct h d ly been fra d f gan
gren Th t da er h d also passed. When
they each d yarosl l th w d had begun
to feste (N t h k ew all bout u h ths s

been the happiest of her life. Her love for Ros-
tów no longer tormented or agitated her. It
filled her whole soul and had become an integral
part of herself and she no longer struggled
against it. Latterly she had become convinced
that she loved and was beloved though she
never said this definitely to herself in words.
She had become convinced of it at her last in-
terview with Nicholas when he had come to
tell her that her brother was with the Rostóvs.
Not by a single word had Nicholas alluded to
the fact that Prince Andrew's relations with
Natasha might if he recovered be renewed,
but Princess Mary saw by his face that he knew
and thought of this.

Yet in spite of that his relation to her—con-
siderate, delicate and loving—not only re-
mained unchanged but it sometimes seemed
to Princess Mary that he was even glad that
the family connection between them allowed
him to express his friendship more freely. She
knew that she loved for the first and only
time in her life and felt that she was beloved
and was happy in regard to it.

But this happiness on one side of her spir-
itual nature did not mean—

the more possible for her to give full play to
her feeling for her brother. That feeling was
so strong at the moment of leaving Voronezh
that those who saw her off as they looked at
her careworn, despairing face felt sure she
would fall ill on the journey. But the very dif-
ficulties and preoccupations of the journey

any thought only of the journey itself for
getting its object. But as she approached Yarosláv
the thought of what might await her
there—not after many days but that very eve-
ning—again presented itself to her and her agi-
tation increased to its utmost limit.

The courier who had been sent on in ad-
vance to find out where the Rostóvs were stay-
ing in Yarosláv and in what condition Prince
Andrew was when he met the big coach just
entering the town gates was appalled by the
terrible pallor of the princess' face that looked
out at him from the window.

I have found out everything, your excel-
lency, the Rostóvs are staying at the merchant
Brónnikov's house in the Square not far
from here, right above the Volga, said the
courier.

Princess Mary looked at him with frightened
inquiry not understanding why he did not
reply to what she chiefly wanted to know how
was her brother? Mademoiselle Bourienne put
that question for her.

How is the prince? she asked.

His excellency is staying in the same house
with them.

"Then he is alive," thought Princess Mary
and asked in a low voice: How is he?

The servants say he is still the same.

What still the same might mean Princess
Mary did not ask but with an unnoticed glance
at little seven-year-old Nicholas who was sit-
ting in front of her looking with pleasure at the
town she bowed her head and did not raise it
again till the heavy coach rumbling shaking
and swaying came to a stop. The carriage steps
clattered as they were let down.

The carriage door was opened. On the left
there was water—a great river—and on the right
a porch. There were people at the entrance—
servants and a rosy girl with a large plait of
black hair smiling as it seemed to Princess
Mary in an unpleasantly affected way (This
was Sonya). Princess Mary ran up the steps.

This way, this way! said the girl with the
same artificial smile and the princess found
herself in the hall facing an elderly woman of
Oriental type who came rapidly to meet her.

et vous connais depuis longtemps.

Despite her excitement Princess Mary re-
alized that this was the countess and that it was
necessary to say something to her. Hardly
knowing how she did it she contrived to utter
a few polite phrases in French in the same tone
as those that had been addressed to her and
asked: How is he?

The doctor says that he is not in danger,
said the countess but as she spoke she raised
her eyes with a sigh and her gesture conveyed
a contradiction of her words.

Where is he? Can I see him—can I? asked
the princess.

One moment Princess, one moment my
dear! Is this his son? said the countess turn-
ing to little Nicholas who was coming in
with Desaltes. There will be room for every
body, this is a big house. Oh what lovely
boy!

The countess took Princess Mary into the

My husband! I have known you a
long time.

as festering) and the doctor had said that the festering might take a normal course. Then fever set in, but the doctor had said the fever was not very serious.

He said
know

"Is it a sin?" asked the princess.
"No, it's not that, but worse. You will see. O Mary, he is too good, he cannot, cannot live because

CHAPTER XV

WHEN NATÁSHA opened Prince Andrew's door with a familiar movement and let Princess Mary pass into the room before her, the princess felt the sobs rising in her throat. Hard as she had tried to prepare herself and now tried to remain tranquil, she knew that she would be unable to look at him without tears.

The princess understood what Natásha had meant by the words two days ago this sudden ly happened. She understood those words to mean that he had suddenly softened and that this softening and gentleness were signs of approaching death. As she stepped to the door she already saw in imagination Andrew's face as she remembered it in childhood, a gentle, mild, sympathetic face which he had rarely shown and which therefore affected her very strongly. She was sure he would speak soft, tender words to her such as her father had uttered before his death, and that she would not be able to bear it and would burst into sobs in his presence. Yet sooner or later it had to be and she went in. The sobs rose higher and higher in her throat as she more and more clearly distinguished his form and her short-sighted eyes tried to make out his features, and then she saw his face and met his gaze.

He was lying in a squirrel fur dressing gown on a divan surrounded by pillows. He was thin and pale. In one thin, translucently white hand he held a handkerchief, while with the other he stroked the delicate mustache he had grown, moving his fingers slowly. His eyes gazed at them as they entered.

On seeing his face and meeting his eyes Princess Mary's pace suddenly slackened, she felt her tears dry up and her sobs ceased. She suddenly felt guilty and grew timid on catching the expression of his face and eyes.

In the deep gaze that seemed to look in

He kissed his sister, holding her hand in his as was their wont.

"How are you, Mary? How did you manage to get here?" said he in a voice as calm and aloof as his look.

Had he screamed in agony that scream would not have struck such horror into Princess Mary's heart as the tone of his voice.

"And have you brought little Nicholas?" he asked in the same slow, quiet manner and with an obvious effort to remember.

"How are you now?" said Princess Mary herself, surprised at what she was saying.

"That, my dear, you must ask the doctor," he replied, and again making an evident effort to be affectionate, he said with his lips only (his words clearly did not correspond to his thoughts):

Aidez-moi d'être amie d'être venue

Princess Mary pressed his hand. The pressure made him once just perceptibly. He was silent and she did not know what to say. She now understood what had happened to him two days before. In his words his tone and especially in that calm, almost antagonistic look could be felt an estrangement from everything belonging to this world, terrible in one who is alive. Evidently only with an effort did he understand anything living, but it was obvious that he failed to understand, not because he lacked the power to do so, but because he understood something else—something the living did not and could not understand—and which wholly occupied his mind.

"There, you see how strangely fate has brought us together," said he, looking at the silence and pointing to Natásha. "She looks after me all the time."

Princess Mary heard him and did not understand how he could say such a thing. He then sensitively tender Prince Andrew, he would say that before her whom he loved and loved him. He expected to live, he could not have said those words in that offensively cold tone. If he had not known that he was dying, how could he have failed to protest and how could he speak like this in her presence? The only explanation was that he was in different because something else much more important had been revealed to him.

"Thank you for everything, my dear

BOOK TWELVE

The conversation was cold and disconnected and usually broke off.

"Mary came by way of Ryazan," said N. tásha.

Prince Andrew did not notice that he called his sister Mary and only after calling her so in his presence did N. tásha notice herself.

Really he asked.

"They told her that all Moscow has been burned down," and that

N. tásha stopped. It was impossible to talk. It was plain that he was making an effort to listen, but he could not do so.

... ..

wrote her that he took great pleasure in simply and calmly explaining to her his words had for living people. If you liked him too, it would be good for you to get married, he added rather more quietly as if pleased to have found words he had to be seeking.

Princess Mary heard his words but they had no meaning for her except as proof of how far away now was from everything else.

"Why talk of marriage," he said quietly and glanced at N. tásha.

N. tásha, who felt her glance did not look at her. All three were again silent.

A drew would you like, Princess Mary suddenly said in trembling voice, would you like to see the Nicholas? He is always talking to you.

Prince Andrew smiled just perceptibly and for the first time, but Princess Mary who knew his face so well saw with horror that he did not smile with pleasure, affection for his son, but with quiet gentleness because he thought it was trying what he believed to be the best means for us, his son.

"Yes, I shall be very glad to see him. Is he quite well?"

When he told Nicholas was brought into Prince Andrew's room he looked at his father with frightened eyes, but did not cry because no one else was crying. Prince Andrew kissed him and even did not know what to say to him.

When Nicholas had been led away Princess Mary again went up to her brother, kissed him, and tried to restrain her tears any longer began to cry.

He looked at her attentively. Is it about Nicholas? he asked.

Princess Mary nodded her head, weeping. Mary, you know the Gospel, but he broke off.

"What did you say?"

"Nothing. You must not cry here," he said, looking at her with the same cold expression.

When Princess Mary began to cry he understood that she was crying not the thought that little Nicholas would be left without a father, but the great effort he tried to return to life, to see things from their point of view.

Yes to them, it must seem sad, he thought. But how simple it is.

"The Father of the Father shows to me, therefore they say, yet your Father feedeth them," he said to him. If he had wanted to say to Princess Mary, but not they will take the crown way, they would understand. They can understand that all those feel now they prize so— all our feelings, all those ideas that seem so important to us, even necessary. We cannot understand on other and he remained silent.

Prince Andrew's little son was seven. He could scarcely read, did know nothing. After that day he had through many things gained knowledge, observation, and experience, but had he possessed all the faculties he afterwards acquired, he could not have had a better or more profound understanding of the meaning of the scene he had witnessed between his father and

who had come out with him and looked up at her with his beautiful thoughtful eyes, then his uplifted, rosy upper lip trembled and leaned his head against her, he began to cry.

After that he had deduced Dessalles and the ones who had caressed him, the dear sat at the table came timidly to Princess Mary, and to N. tásha of whom he seemed even fiercer than of his aunt, and clinging to them quietly and shyly.

When Princess Mary had left Prince Andrew, he fully understood what N. tásha's face had told her. She did not speak any more to N. tásha, for he was of saving his life. She took

presence before the dying man was now so evident.

CHAPTER XVI

NOT ONLY did Prince Andrew know he would die but he felt that he was dying and was already half dead. He was conscious of an aloofness from everything earthly and a strange and joyous lightness of existence. Without haste or agitation he awaited what was coming. That inexorable eternal distant and unknown—the presence of which he had felt continually all his life—was now near to him and by the strange lightness he experienced almost comprehensible and palpable.

Formerly he had feared the end. He had twice experienced that terribly tormenting fear of death—the end—but now he no longer understood that fear.

He had felt it for the first time when the shell spun like a top before him and he looked at the fallow field, the bushes and the sky and knew that he was face to face with death. When he came to himself after being wounded and the flower of eternal unfettered love had instantly unfolded itself in his soul as if freed from the bondage of life that had restrained it, he no longer feared death and ceased to think about it.

As if by the penetration into the new principle of eternal love revealed to him, the more he unconsciously detached himself from earthly life. To love eternally...

As if imbued he became with that principle of love, the more he renounced life and the more completely he destroyed that dreadful barrier which—in the absence of such love—stands between life and death.

At last after the night in Mytishchi when half-delirious he had seen her for whom he longed appear before him and having pressed her hand to his lips had shed gentle happy tears love for a particular woman again crept unobserved into his heart and once more bound him to life. And joyful and agitating thoughts began to occupy his mind. Recalling the moment at the ambulance station when he had seen Kuragin he could not now regain the feeling he then had but was tormented by the question whether Kuragin was alive. And he dared not inquire.

His illness pursued its normal physical course but... said... two days... the last... a struggle between life and death in which death gained.

It was evening. As usual after dinner he was slightly feverish and his thoughts were preternaturally clear. Sonya was sitting by the table. He began to doze. Suddenly a feeling of happiness seized him.

Ah, she has come! thought he. And so it was in Sonya's place sat Natasha who had just come in noiselessly.

Since she had begun looking after him, he had always... of her... placed... die from... and was knitting a stocking. She had learned to knit stockings.

There is some...

As if she saw the thoughtful profile of her drooping face. She moved...

As if with a supple and exact movement picked up the ball and regained her former position.

He looked at her without moving and saw that she wanted to draw a deep breath after stooping but refrained from doing so and breathed cautiously.

At the Troitsa monastery they had spoken of the past and he had told her that if he lived he would always thank God for his wound which had brought them together again but after that they never spoke of the future.

Can it or can it not be? He now thought as he looked at her and listened to the clack of the steel needles. Can fate have brought me to her so strangely only for me to die? Is it possible that the truth of life has been revealed to me only to show me that I have spent my life in futility? I love her more than anything in the world. But what am I to do if I love her? he thought and he involun-

trily groaned, from a habit acquired du g
his sufferings.

O hear g th t sound N tasha put d wn
th stock n lean d nearer t him nd sud
de ly n tct h s hun ngeyes stepped lght
lv p to him and bent o er h m.

"I uar n t asleep

" t ual ng t me
that
that
h ne

thrapurous j y

N tasha I lo you too much! More than
anything in th ld.

And I! —She turned way f r an instant.
"Why too much she asked.

"Why too m ch? W ll hat d you
th k h t d y feel n y u soul j ur

so t m em t.

H rema ed lent whel

H good t w uld bel nd taking her
ha dh kissed t.

N tasha f lt happy d stated b t t
e emembered th t th w uld n t d and
th th had to b qu et.

B t you ha n t lept, h sa d repress-
n her j "Try t leep pleas l

H p essed her h d nd rele sed t, nd
h tba kt th candle d t d n ain
her f rmer pos ti n. Tw h turned nd
looked h m, nd t er eyes met his beams
her Sh set h rself task n her ock
d esol ed t t turn rou d t il t was fin
hed.

—

death. H fel himsell carer t t.

Lo Wha l h thou ht.

Lo h ders dea h Lo es l fe. All every
th g that l ders d. I understand o ly
because I l e. E eryth is everyth n ex
u. ly because I l e. E eryth is un ed
by l e. Lo is God. d to d i mean that
l partucl flo hall re urn t th general
d eternal source. These thou hts seemed to
h m comf rung B t they wer o ly th ghts.
Somethin—was lack g them, they were n t
clear they wer too ones dedly personal and

hum.

Wh w k g cold persp rat h
mov d on th d N tash w nt up nd
asked him what wa th m tter He did n t
nswer and looked therstra g ly n t under
sta d g

Th t was wh t had h ppe ed to him two
days bef re Princess Mary arr al. From that

om he

nd un

fins

talke l

They

Pr n e

tri al

b t he

cont nu d to spe k surp s b u

f empty

has ner

on

He

t.

or

E erythi g u p t u e u

wa not n t me to lock t. He went and tr ed

— t d to m e a d i e

or

He

ear

wa s ed by n a g.

w the f ar of death. It tood b h nd the door

But just when he wa clums ly creep g to

ward the door th t dre d l someth ng on the

othe d wa lready press ng a nst it

d l c u s way n Someth g not hu

m n—d ath—wa break g n through that

doo d had to be k pt out. He e ed the

doo m k g final eff rt t hold t b k—to

lock t was no l er poss ble—b t h eff rts

wer weak d l msy nd the door pushed

fr m b hand by that t rror ope ed d closed

a n

One aga n t pushed from uts de His fast

uperhum n ff rts we e ain nd both hal es

f tle doo nous lessly op ned It entered a d

t was de th nd Pri e A drew d ed.

But t the nst nt l died Prin e A dres e

membered that h was asl p a d t l ery

nstant he died, ha ng made n eff t h

aw ke.

"Yes t was death! I died— nd w k up

yes, death is n wak g! And hat t

j

day as the doctor expressed it the wasting fever assumed a malignant character but what the doctor said did not interest Natásha she saw the terrible moral symptoms which to her were more convincing

From that day an awakening from life came to Prince Andrew together with his awakening from sleep And compared to the duration of life it did not seem to him slower than an awakening from sleep compared to the duration of a dream

There was nothing terrible or violent in this comparatively slow awakening

His last days and hours passed in an ordinary and simple way Both Princess Mary and Natásha who did not leave him felt this They did not weep or shudder and during these last days they themselves felt that they were not attending on him (he was no longer there he had left them) but on what remained of him

And when he died they felt that they could not express in words what they understood

They both saw that he was sinking slowly and quietly deeper and deeper away from them and they both knew that this had to be so and that it was right

He confessed, and received communion everyone came to take leave of him When they brought his son to him he pressed his lips to

the boys and turned away not because he felt it hard and sad (Princess Mary and Natásha understood that) but simply because he thought it was all that was required of him but when they told him to bless the boy he did what was demanded and looked round as if asking whether there was anything else he should do

When the last convulsions of the body which the spirit was leaving occurred Princess Mary and Natásha were present

Is it over? said Princess Mary when his body had for a few minutes lain motionless growing cold before them

Little Nicholas cried because his heart was rent by painful perplexity The countess and Sonya cried from pity for Natásha and because he was no more The old count cried because he felt that before long he too must take the same terrible step

When the body washed and dressed lay in the coffin on a table everyone came to take leave of him and they all wept

Little Nicholas cried because his heart was rent by painful perplexity The countess and Sonya cried from pity for Natásha and because he was no more The old count cried because he felt that before long he too must take the same terrible step

Natásha and Princess Mary also wept now but not because of their own personal grief they wept with a reverent and softening emotion which had taken possession of their souls at the consciousness of the simple and solemn mystery of death that had been accomplished in their presence

Book Thirteen 1812

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CHAPTER I

MAN can grasp the causes of events in their completeness, but the desire to find those causes is implanted in man's soul. And who too often the multiplicity and complexity of the conditions upon which taken separately may seem to be the cause he catches at the first apparent connection to a cause. It seems to him intelligible. Thus the cause of historical events (where the two factors are the subject of observation) the first and most prominent approximation to present itself was the will of the gods and afterwards the will of those who took part in the most prominent episodes—the heroes of history. But we gradually penetrate to the essence of any historical event—which lies in the activity of the general mass of men who take part in it—be convinced that the will of the historic hero does not control the activity of the mass but is itself usually controlled. It may seem to be matter indifferent whether we understand the meaning of historical events thus or that, yet there is the same difference between man who says that the people of the West moved East because Napoleon wished to do so and man who says that that happened because that had to happen as there between those who declared that the earth was round and those who admitted that they did not know what upheld the earth but knew their laws directed its movement and that of the other planets. There is, and can be no cause of historical event except the one cause of all causes. But their laws directing events, and some of these laws are known to him who is conscious of them we cannot comprehend. The discovery of these laws is only possible when we have quite abandoned the empirical finding of the cause in the will of some man, just as the discovery of the laws of the motion of the planets was possible only when men abandoned the conception of the fixity of the earth.

The historian considers that, next to the battle of Borodino and the occupation of Moscow by the enemy and its destruction by fire the most important episode of the war of 1812 was the movement of the Russian army from the Ryazin to the Kaluga road and to the Tarutino camp—the so-called flank march across the Krasnaya Pakhra River. They ascribe the glory of that achievement of genius to different men and dispute as to whom the

military writers, and following them one considers the flank march to be the profoundest conception of some one man who saved Russia and destroyed Napoleon. In the first place it is hard to understand where the profundity and genius of this movement lay for not much mental effort was needed to see that the best position for an army when it is not being attacked is where there are most provisions and even a dull boy of thirteen could have guessed that the best position for an army after retreat from Moscow in 1812 was on the Kaluga road. So it is impossible to understand by what reasoning the historians reach the conclusion

flank march had been preceded, accompanied or followed by its circumstances, might have proved ruinous to the Russian and salutary for the French. If the position of the Russian army really began to improve from the time of that march, it does not tell itself what that march was the cause of.

The flank march might not only have failed to give any advantage to the Russian army but might under other circumstances have led to its destruction. What it would have happened had Moscow not been burned down. If Murat had lost sight of the Russians if Napoleon had

not remained inactive? If the Russian army at Krasnaya Pakhra had given battle as Bennigsen and Barclay advised? What would have happened had the French attacked the Russians while they were

attacked them at Smolensk? What would have happened had the French moved on Petersburg? In any of these eventualities the flank march that brought salvation might have proved disastrous.

The third and most incomprehensible thing is that people studying history deliberately avoid seeing that this flank march cannot be attributed to any one man: that no one ever foresaw it and that in reality like the retreat from Fili it did not suggest itself to anyone in its entirety but resulted—moment by moment step by step—event by event—from an endless number of most diverse circumstances and was only seen in its entirety when it had

Russian commanders was the one naturally suggesting itself: namely a direct retreat by the Nizhni road. In proof of this there is the fact that the majority of the council voted for such a retreat and above all there is the well known conversation after the council between the commander in chief and Lanskoý who was in charge of the commissariat department. Lanskoý informed the commander in chief that

for the most Tula and Pyatigorsk treated on Nizhni from its supplies by the broad river Oká which cannot be crossed early in winter. This is the first indication of the necessity of deviating from what had previously seemed the most natural course—a direct retreat on Nizhni Novgorod. The army turned more to the south along the Ryazan road and nearer to its supplies. Subsequently the inactivity of the French (who even lost sight of the Russian army) concern for the safety of the arsenal at Tula and especially the advantages of drawing nearer to its supplies caused the army to turn still further south to the Tula road. Here

who had for a time lost touch with the Russians and prospects of giving battle and above all the abundance of provisions in Kaluga province

to the so Kaluga between the roads along which those supplies lay. Just as it is impossible to say when it was decided to abandon Moscow so it is impossible to say precisely when or by whom it was decided to move to Tarutino. Only when the army had got there as the result of innumerable and varying forces did people begin to assure themselves that they had desired this movement and long ago foreseen its result.

CHAPTER II

THE FAMOUS FLANK MOVEMENT merely consisted in this: after the advance of the French had ceased the Russian naturally re

If instead of imagining to ourselves commanders of genius leading the Russian army we picture that army without any leaders it could not have done anything but make a return movement toward Moscow describing an arc in the direction where most provisions were to be found and where the country was richest.

That movement from the Nizhni to the Ryazin-Tula and Kaluga roads is so natural that even the Russian misadventurers moved in that direction and demands were sent from Petersburg for Kutuzov to take his army that way. At Tarutino Kutuzov received what was almost a reprimand from the Emperor for having moved his army along the Pyatigorsk road and the Emperor's letter indicated to him the very position he had already occupied near Kaluga.

Having rolled like a ball in the direction of the impetu given by the whole camp and by the battle of Borodino the Russian army when the strength of the enemy was exhausted and no fresh push was received—assumed the position natural to it.

Kutuzov's merit lay not in any strategic maneuver of genius as it is called but in the fact that he alone understood the nature of what had happened. He alone then understood the meaning of the French army's retreat. He alone continued to assert that the battle of Borodino had been a victory for the enemy who as

commader in chief might have been expected to be eager to attack—employed his whole strength to restrain the Russian army from useless attempts.

The battle was decided at Bredó was lying here the fleeing hunter had left him but whether he was still alive he was stroga d me ly ly g low the hunter did t k w S ddenly the battle was heard to moa

The morning of the battle was decided (the French army) which betrayed its calm into to do a thing d g f Laur t n to ku f d ac

the high way men angles

M LE PR CZ K UT UZ I m d g

Moscow Oberg 8

Kito replied I had been cursed by poverty I looked on the utter of a tlem t I y sort. Sh the p t p t f my t B th cont nued t xet ll h po r s t estra n his troop fr m at ta k

D g th m th t t th F ch t o ps e p l l g g M scow and the Russian troops were quietly camped at T r u n a ch g e had tak pl e th el t e str g th f the t r m e s—both p t d n num ber—es l t f w h ch th up ty l d passed t h Ru d Th ough the co d u d mbers f the F ch army we cu k to h R s s so n th t ch e oc red th e d f t ck g n h w d u e l f by t l s s g s Th n e La t m th b d of p o T r u t the ep t s m g f m ll des f the t ty nd d der of th F ch th s l w f cr t s t u g m th h f e w e th th l g est th R sold r s h d j yed nd the m p t nce t d h t they h d b s s m b l e f w h ch usually ho s l f n n r m y th t h been est g c u ty t w h t th F e ch my sol g lost ght f w a d g t l bold es d h ch t p o t s n w s c t e d c l s e u p

the French still stood at Tarut no the news of the success gained by peasants and guerrilla troops over the French the envy caused by this the desire for revenge th t l y in the hat of every Russian as long as the French (to be ill) a d m con

as substantial change neither the use and dance had become a table and once as cl ck beg s to strike nd cl me a soon as the m n t e h nd h s c m p l e t e d a full circle th cha ge was shown by an n cre sed a t ty v h r r ng and ch m ng in the h g l e r p h e r e s

CHAPTER III

THE RUSSIAN ARMY WAS COMMANDED BY KUTU

i

still in his hands it was approved by the staff decided a basis for the Kut v ly r p l e d th t m o m e t s a r r a e d f m d t a e w e a l y s d f f i c u l t t e e c u t e S f e s h n t u c t n s w e s t f o t h s o l u t n f d f f i c u l t e s t h a t m i g h t b e c o u t e d s w i l l f e h p e o p l e w l w e r e t o w t c h k u t s t o n s a n d r e p t u p o n t h m

B s d t h s the whole t f f of the Ru n r m y w a n w r e o r g a n e d T h e p o s t s l e f t t b y B g r t o n h o h d b e e n k i l l e d a d b y B c l y w h o h d g o n e a w a y a n d d g e o n h d t b e f i l l e d V e r y s e u n d t n w g n t l e q u e s t n w h e t h t w l l b e b u t t e r p u t A n B s p l e d B D o n t h e c n t r y t p u t D i n A p l n d n s f n y t h g m e t h A B s t f t o n d p e n d n t h

As result of the hostility between Kutov and Ben g s n l Ch e f o f S t f f the p r e s e c e o f f i d t t r e p e s n t t e s o f t h e E m p e r r d t l e t r n f r s m d n u s u l l y c m p l a c e d p l y f p a r t e s g g o n m g t h e t f f t h e a r m y A w d m n g B D w s u d s m n g C d s o o n n l l p b l e c o m b n t o d p e m t a t I l l t h p l t g s t l u b j t o f n t r o u e w g e n r a l l y t h e c d c t o f t h e v w h c h l l t e e n n b l d t l y w d i r e c t g b u t t h f f f t h e w a w e n t o n d p e d e n t l y t l m

as it had to go that is never in the way people devised but flowing always from the essential attitude of the masses Only in the highest spheres did all these schemes crossings and interminglings appear to be a true reflection of what had to happen

Prince Michael Ilarionovich (wrote the Emperor on the second of October in a letter that reached Kutuzov after the battle at Tarutino) Since September 2 Moscow has been in the hands of the enemy Your last reports were written on the twentieth and during all this time not only has no action been taken against the enemy or for the relief of the ancient capital but according to your last report you have even

is moving on the Petersburg road Another corps of several thousand men is moving on Dmitrov Another has advanced along the Vladimir road and a fourth rather considerable detachment is stationed between Riazan and Mozhaysk Napoleon himself was in Moscow as late as the twenty-fifth In view of all this information when the enemy has scattered his forces in large detachments and with Napoleon and his Guards in Moscow it is possible that the enemy's forces confronting you are so considerable as not to allow of your taking the offensive On the contrary he is probably pursuing you with detachment or at most with an army corps much weaker than the one which seems that away you might advance and treat of it the

in the interior You will be responsible if the enemy is able to direct a force of any size against Petersburg to threaten the capital in which it has not been possible to retain many troops for the army entrusted to you and acting with resolution and energy you have ample means to avert this fresh calamity Remember that you have still to answer to our offended country for the loss of Moscow You have experienced my readiness to receive you Th

and justify us in expecting

But by the time this letter which proved that the real relation of the forces had already made itself felt in Petersburg was dispatched Kutuzov had found himself unable any longer to restrain the army he commanded from at

tacking and a battle had taken place

On the second of October a Cossack Shapovalov who was out scouting killed one hare and wounded another Following the wounded hare he made his way far into the forest and came upon the left flank of Murav's army encamped there without any precautions The Cossack laughingly told his comrades how he had almost fallen into the hands of the French A cornet hearing the story informed his commander

The Cossack was sent for and questioned The Cossack officers wished to take advantage of this chance to capture some horses but one of the superior officers who was acquainted with the higher authorities reported the incident to a general on the staff The state of things on the staff had of late been exceedingly strained Ermolov had been to see Bennigsen a few days previously and had entreated him to use his influence with the commander in chief to induce him to take the offensive

If I did not know you I should think you did not want what you are asking for I need only advise anything and his Highness is sure to do the opposite replied Bennigsen

The Cossack's report confirmed by horse patrols who were sent out was the final proof that events had matured The tightly coiled spring was released the clock began to tick and the chimes to play Despite all his supposed power his intellect his experience and his knowledge of men Kutuzov—having taken into consideration the Cossack's report a note from Bennigsen who sent personal reports to the Emperor the wishes he supposed the Emperor to hold and the fact that all the generals expressed the same wish—could no longer check the inevitable movement and gave the order to do what he regarded as useless and harmful—gave his approval that is to the accomplished fact

CHAPTER IV

BENNINGSEN'S NOTE and the Cossack's information that the left flank of the French was guarded were merely final indications that it was necessary to order an attack and it was fixed for the fifth of October

On the morning of the fourth of October Kutuzov signed the dispositions Toll received them to Ermolov asking him to attend to the further arrangements

All right—all right I have time just now replied Ermolov and left the hut

The dispositions drawn up by Toll were very

good. As in the Austerlitz disposition it was written—the hint in German this time

"The First Column will march here and here the Second Column will march there and there, and so and on per all these columns arrived at the place at the appointed time and destroyed the enemy everything had been admirable about it as is usual in dispositions, and as is always the case not as the column reached its place at the appointed time.

When the necessary number of copies of the disposition had been prepared a notice was summoned and sent to deliver them to Ermolov to deal with. A young officer of the Horse Guards, Kitzborsky, pleased with the importance of the mission entrusted him with the task of the quarters.

The officer of the Horse Guards went to a general in whom Ermól was known to be found.

and the general out too

The offer man and his horse rode off to someone else.

gone o t

"If they don't make me responsible for this delay what nuisance it is though the officer did be around the whole camp. One man said he had seen Ermolov riding with some other generals others said he must have returned home. The officer searched till six o'clock then even without even stopping to eat. Ermolov was nowhere to be found and no one knew where he was. The officer searched for food to comrades and rode to the guard to find Miloradich. Miloradich too was away but he was told that he had gone to General Mikulov and that Ermolov was probably there too."

"B t where is t?

When there, over the Echkn said Cost-
tack officer put the country house in the
larder.

"What, is d url e?"

"They captured two eggs in the outposts and they had no such peace there. It was full of trouble and three sets of eggs."

Th offer rode o t bev nd our l nes t
Echkn While still t ta h heard a
h rode the merry so nds f soldier dance
wn proceed from th h use

heard, compounded by which I had hesitated
I forbade drowned every word then by

shouts These sounds made his spirits rise but at the same time he was afraid that he would be blamed for not having executed sooner the important order entrusted to him. It was already past eight o'clock He dismounted and went up to the porch of a large country house which had remained intact between the Russian and French forces. In the refreshment room and the hall footmen were bustling

Ermöl b ampos g fioure. l hey all d
the reo ts unbuttoned and were standing in a
sem circle w th flushed and mated f ces
lau h n loudly in the middle of the room
sh rt handsome g neral w th a ed f ce wa
dancing the tresp k with m ch p rit and ag l
ty

ty H ha hal Bra o \ cholas Iványchi H
ha ha

Th officer felt that by arriving with important orders at such a moment he was doubly to blame and he would have preferred to wait but one of the generals espied him and hearing what he had come about, informed Ermolov.

Ernő came forward with frown on his face and hearing what the officer had to say took the papers from him without word.

You think he we t off ju t by cha ce said comrade who wa on the taff that even t th officer of th H rse Guards referring t Ernöl It was trick. It was d e on pu pose to get Kon nifsyn to tr ble. You'll see what mess there ll be t morrow.

CHAPTER V

NEXT AT the decrep t kutūzo having g en
orders to be called early said his prayer
dressed. d w th n unpleas t consciou ness
of ha to d ect battle he d n t pp o e
of got nto his c l h d dro from Leta
shō ka (vill oe three nd half miles from
Tarauu) t th pl ce wher th tacki
column were to meet. He sat n th l h

He noticed the fishermen lead the horses to water across the road at which he was driving he then looked at them searching for

stopped his carriage and inquired what regiment they belonged to. They belonged to a column that should have been far in front and in ambush long before then. It may be a mistake, thought the old commander in chief. But a little further on he saw infantry regiments with their arms piled and the soldiers only partly dressed, eating their rye porridge and carrying fuel. He sent for an officer. The officer reported that no order to advance had been received.

How! Not rec. Kutuzov began but checked himself immediately and sent for a senior officer. Getting out of his *calèche* he waited with drooping head and breathing heavily, pacing silently up and down. When Eychen, the officer of the general staff whom he had summoned, appeared Kutuzov went purple in the face, not because that officer was to blame for the mistake but because he was an object of sufficient importance for him.

He threatened him with his hands, shouting and lording him with gross abuse. Another man, Captain Brózin, who happened to turn up and who was not at all to blame, suffered the same fate.

What sort of another blackguard are you? I'll have you shot! Scoundrels! yelled Kutuzov in a hoarse voice, waving his arms and reel-
ing.

He was suffering physically. He, the commander in chief, a Serene Highness, whose every body said possessed powers such as no man had ever had in Russia, to be placed in this position—made the laughingstock of the whole army! I needn't have been in such a hurry to pray about today or have kept awake thinking everything over all night, thought he to himself. When I was a chief of an officer no one would have dared to mock me so, and now! He was in a state of physical suffering as if from corporal punishment and could not avoid expressing it by cries of anger and distress. But his strength soon began to fail him and looking about him, conscious of having said much that was amiss, he again got into his *calèche* and drove back in silence.

His wrath once expended did not return and blinking feebly he listened to excuses and self justifications. (Ermolov did not come to

cutted next day. And once more Kutuzov had to consent.)

CHAPTER VI

NEXT DAY the troops assembled in their appointed places in the evening and advanced during the night. It was an autumn night with dark purple clouds but no rain. The ground was damp but not muddy and the troops advanced noiselessly, only occasionally a gun of the artillery could be faintly heard. The men were so

their pipe to prevent

of the undrinking heightened its charm and they marched gaily. Some columns supposing they had reached their destination halted, piled arms and settled down on the cold ground but the majority marched all night and arrived at places where they evidently should not have been.

Only Count Orlów Denisov with his Cosacks (the least important detachment of all) got to his appointed place at the right time. This detachment halted at the outskirts of a forest on the path leading from the village of Stromilova to Dmitrovsk.

Toward dawn Count Orlów Denisov, who had dozed off, was awakened by a deserter from the French army being brought to him. This was a Polish sergeant of Ionarowski's corps who explained in Polish that he had come over because he had been slighted in the service that he ought long ago to have been made an officer that he was braver than any of them and so he had left them and wished to pay them out. He said that Murat was spending the night less than a mile from where they were and that if they could let him have a convoy of a hundred men he would capture him alive. Count Orlów Denisov consulted his fellow officers.

The offer was too tempting to be refused. Everyone volunteered to go and everybody decided making the attempt. After much discussing and arguing Major General Grékov with two Cossack regiments decided to go with the Polish sergeant.

Now remember said Count Orlów Denisov to the sergeant at parting, if you have been lying I'll have you hanged like a dog, but if it's true you shall have a hundred gold pieces!

appeared into the forest, and Count Orlóv
 Denso had seen Grék off returned
 shen from the freshness of the early dawn
 excited by what he had undertaken on his
 own responsibility and began looking at the
 place to

directly to the column would be
 better. But quite first they were not to be
 seen. It seemed to the count that things were
 better to turn in the French camp and his
 lieutenant confirmed this.

Oh, it is really too late, said Count Orlóv
 looking at the camp.

As it happens when someone we have
 trusted is false, before our eyes, it suddenly
 seemed quite clear to him that his
 servant was an impostor that he had led
 and that the whole Russian attack would be
 ruined by the absence of those two regiments
 which would lead wayhead. He only knew
 here. How could he capture the commander
 in chief from among the mass of troops?

I am sure that rascal was lying, said the
 count.

"They certainly will be called back," said one of
 his subalterns like Count Orlóv, felt distrustful
 of the adventure which he looked at the
 camp.

Oh, Really, what do you think? Should
 we let them go or not?

"Well, he is them I checked back?

Fetch them back, fetch them back," said
 Count Orlóv with added determination, upon look-
 ing at his watch. It will be too late. It is quite
 late.

And the adjutant galloped through the
 forest for Grék. When Grék returned
 Count Orlóv Denso excited both by the
 bold attempt and by the usual wait for the
 first column that still did not appear as
 well by the promise of the enemy resolved
 to decide. All his men felt the same excite-
 ment.

Must he command now when the
 men took their places and crossed themselves.

"Forward, with God!"

Hurrah! he reverberated in the forest.
 And the Cossack companies raised their
 blades and a cargo of another as it
 poured the sack down the gully cross the
 brook toward the camp.

O desperate, frightened elf in his first
 French soldier who saw the Cossacks, did

who were in the camp undressed and only just
 waking up ran off in all directions, abandon-
 ing cannons, muskets and horses.

Had the Cossack pursued the French with
 out heed now what was behind and round
 them they would have captured Murat and
 everything there. That was what the officers
 desired. But it was impossible to make the Cos-
 sacks bud when once they had got booty and
 prisoners. None of them listened to orders.
 Fifteen hundred prisoners and thirty-five
 guns were taken on the spot, besides standards
 and (what seemed most important to the Cos-
 sacks) the dead horses.

themselves—did it was on this that the Cos-
 sacks all busied themselves.

The French could be no farther pursued be-
 gan to recover themselves as they formed into
 detachments and began firing Orlóv De Iso
 till was the first of the other column to arrive
 andanced no further.

Meantime a second of the dispositions
 which said that the First Column will march
 and so on the frontier of the belated column
 commanded by Bennigsen and directed by Toll
 had started due order and as always hap-
 pened had got somewhere, but not to the ap-
 pointed places. Always happens the men
 start cheerfully began to halt murmurs
 were heard there was a sense of confusion and
 finally backward movement. Adjutants and
 generals galloped about, hurried, grew angry,
 quarreled, said they had come quite wrong and
 we must give vent a little busied and
 I take it all up and enter two d supply to
 get somewhere. "We shall get somewhere o-
 ther. And they did indeed get somewhere o-
 ther. Not to their right places, few eventually
 even got to the right place but too
 late to be of any use. And only time to be
 fired. Till who in the battle placed the
 part of Wrother's Austrians galloped as-
 dously for miles to place find the cry
 then up and down everywhere. Thus he tum-
 bled in Bago's corps in a wood when it was
 already broad daylight hit the corps should
 be left behind. Joined Orlóv Denso. Ex-
 cited and excited by the failure of the suppo-
 that someone must be responsible for it. Toll

also upset by all the delay confusion and cross purposes fell into a rage to everybody's surprise and quite contrary to his usual character and said disagreeable things to Toll.

I prefer not to take lessons from anyone but I can die with my men as well as anybody he said and advanced with a single division.

Coming out onto a field under the enemy's fire this brave general went straight ahead leading his men under fire without considering in his agitation whether going into action now with a single division would be of any use or no. Danger cannon balls and bullets were just what he needed in his angry mood. One of the first bullets killed him and other bullets killed many of his men. And his division remained under fire for some time quite uselessly.

CHAPTER VII

MEANWHILE ANOTHER COLUMN was to have attacked the French from the front but Kutuzov accompanied that column. He well knew that nothing but confusion would come of this battle undertaken against his will and as far as was in his power held the troops back. He did not advance.

He rode silently on his small gray horse indolently answering suggestions that they should attack.

The word *attack* is always on your tongue but you don't see that we are unable to execute complicated maneuvers said he to Milorá

can be done now! he replied to someone else.

When Kutuzov was informed that at the French rear—where according to the reports of the Cossacks there had previously been nobody—there were now 10 battalions of Poles he gave a sidelong glance at Ermólov who was behind him and to whom he had not spoken since the previous day.

You see! They are asking to attack and making plans of all kinds but as soon as one gets to business nothing is ready and the enemy forewarned takes measures accordingly.

Ermólov screwed up his eyes and smiled faintly on hearing these words. He understood that for him the storm had blown over and that Kutuzov would content himself with that hint.

He's having a little fun at my expense said Ermólov softly nudging with his knee Raévski who was at his side.

Soon after this Ermólov moved up to Kutuzov and respectfully remarked:

It is not too late yet your Highness—the enemy has not gone away—if you were to order an attack! If not the Guards will not so much as see a little smoke.

Kutuzov did not reply but when they reported to him that Murat's troops were in retreat he ordered an advance though at every hundred paces he halted for three quarters of an hour.

The whole battle consisted in what Orlov Denísov's Cossacks had done—the rest of the army merely lost some hundreds of men uselessly.

In consequence of this battle Kutuzov received a diamond decoration and Bennigsen some diamonds and a hundred thousand rubles.

the staff

That's how everything is done with us all topsy-turvy! said the Russian officers and generals after the Tarutino battle letting it be understood that some fool there is doing things all wrong but that we ourselves should not have done so just as people speak today. But people who talk like that either do not know what they are talking about or deliberately deceive themselves. No battle—Tarutino Borodín's or Austerlitz—takes place as those who planned it anticipated. That is an essential condition.

A countless number of free forces (for nowhere is man freer than during a battle where it is a question of life and death) influence the course taken by the fight and that course never can be known in advance and never coincides with the direction of any one force.

If many simultaneously and variously directed forces act on a given body the direction of its motion cannot coincide with any one of those forces but will always be a mean—what in mechanics is represented by the diagonal of a parallelogram of forces.

If in the descriptions given by historians especially French ones we find their wars and battles carried out in accordance with previously formed plans the only conclusion to be drawn is that those descriptions are false.

The battle of Tarutino obviously did not attain the aim Toll had in view—to lead the troops into action in the order prescribed by the dispositions nor that which Count Orlov Denísov may have had in view—to take Murat prisoner nor the result of immediately de-

troop in the h le corps, wh ch Pen men and others may h e had in ew n r the m of the "cer who w h e d t go to ct n to d s u gush h mself n that of the Cossack who wa ted mo e booty tha leg t a d s o But if the m f th b tle wa what ctu lly re sulted a d what all the Ru i s of that day des ed—to dr e the F e d t of Russ d destroy th rmy—t qu re clear that the battle of Taruu j t because of its co gruous was ex ct what w wa ted t that sta of the camp gn It w uld be d fficult even mpos sible to mag y result mo e opport tha the ctual t ome of t b t le. W th a mu mum f ff rt nd n gn f

“a ce n exposure of the weak es of t e French, d the adm trat o of t t hock which \ poleo s army had only awa ted to begin t f fight.

CHAPTER VIII

NAPOLEON LEAVES MOSCOW After th b lla t victory d la M hour ther can be no d bt about th ctory f the battl f ld ema n th ha ds f the F e ch. The Ru r t t and ha d ther e t cap tal Moscow abou d g p rms mu t d incalculable wealth \ poleo h d of The Pus i a army o ly half th n d of the F ch, does not mak g l attempt t track f whole mo th. \ poleo pos t on n most br lla If ca e th fall f R s army th d bl us r gth d destroy t, egua e d a tagueous pea o case far fusal mak men m e on P e rburg or even, the case f e verse ret rn to Sm lnsk Vil ema Moscow in short, pe al g w uld seem be equred t eta th brill post th F ench b ld t that t m F that, o ly ery simpl and ea y teps w e ssary ot to allow the troop to loot, to p epa w ter cloth —of wh ch ther was uff Moscow f th wh l rm — d m thod cally to collect th p ov of wh ch (cco d g to th F nch h u to i a) ther were en u h Moscow to pply the wh le army f months. Yet \ poleo th t g ea est f ll gen uses who the h u to declar had con t f l th arm took f these t ps He ot merely d d no h f th k d b t on th co trary h used h u power to select th most fool sh and ruinous f ll th courses

open to h m. Of all that Napoleon m g t have do e w ter g n Moscow ad a ct on Petersburg or on Niz n N o gotod or ret ing by a m re northerly or more south erly r ute (say by the road kut t afterward took) noth g more stup d or d astrou can be im ag ned than what f e actually d d. Here m ned n Mosc w t ll Oct ber lett g the troops plu der the e ty then f es tat ng w e t her to lea e a garr w beh d h m he qu tted Mos cow approa hed kut r w thout p b t t l turned to t e r g t a d rea hed M l o y rsl t et aga n w tho t attempt n to b eak thro h a d take the ro l kut r w took but et n n ead to M l fsk long t e dev tated Smol k ro d Noth mo e stup d than th t co ld ha e been dev sed or m e d sa trou f r the army s t e acqu l howed. If d \ poleo m been to dest oy h arm the most sk ll f tateg t could ha dly ha e dev sed y ser es of act on that w uld so compl et ly ha e accompl hed that purpose s de pende ty of a yth n the Russian rmy m ht do

\ poleo n th ma of gen us d d th P t t say that he dest oyed h s army because h wished to r because he wa ery sup d, w uld be u j t to say that f e had brought l s troops to Moscow because he w h e d to nd be cause h wa ery lea e a d gen s.

In both ca es h perso l act t ha ng no mo e to th t e person l act ty of ny sold er mer ly co nced w th the laws that gu ded the eve t.

Th h qu te f hely ep esent \a poleo f cul es ha weakened n Mos w d d so ly because t e results d d ot ju ly h s ct on He employed l h b l ty d tren th to do the best h co ld f h mself d h army a t e had d n p e v us ly d s l d d lsequently n 815 H t t t that um was o less a to d t l n t w Egypt Italy Aust n d n Pru W do t k w f e rta n n how f h gen us was g e Egypt—where f ty ur cs looked dow po h gra deur

of whole corps w h ut f h t d of f r tresses w th eg mu nd German to cognize h ge th nly pl t on of th w carr d o n Germa y B t we thank God, ha e n need to ecognize h s gen

also upset by all the delay confusion and cross purposes fell into a rage to everybody's surprise and quite contrary to his usual char-

1

1 " " " a single division

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He rode silently on his small gray horse in dolent yawns, offering suggestions that they should attack.

The " "

but you c
complic:

dovich v no asked permission to advance

We couldn't take Murat prisoner this morning or get to the place in time and nothing can be done now! he replied to someone else.

When Kutuzov was informed that at the French rear—where according to the reports of the Cossack body—there he gave a sid behind him and to whom he had not spoken since the previous day.

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In consequence of this battle Kutuzov received a diamond decoration and Bennigsen some diamonds and a hundred thousand rubles others also received pleasant recommendations corresponding to their various grades and following the battle fresh changes were made in the staff.

That's how everything is done with us all topsy-turvy! said the Russian officers and generals after the Tarutino battle letting it be understood that some fool there is doing things all wrong but that we ourselves should not have done so just as people speak today. But people who talk like that either do not know what they are talking about or deliberately deceive themselves. No battle—Tarutino Borodínó or Austerlitz—takes place as those who planned it anticipated. That is an essential condition.

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d troy th rmy— t qu
 butl f Tarut n j t because of ts ncon
 grute w se cily wh t w s w nted at th t
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 a de n mpos ble to mag neany esultm re
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 tl W th m mum f effo t d s g fi
 ca tl e desp te th gre t st c fus th
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 d a expo u f th we kne s of the
 Fe h d the dm n t at o of th t sh ck
 h ch N pol rmy h d only w sted to
 begn ts fght

CHAPTER VIII

N po o NTERS Mo ow fte the brill nt
 tory d la M k w th e can b no do bt
 ab t th t ry f th b ttle f ld rem n
 the h d f th Fe h Th Ru a et e t
 a d b d th c t capt l Mosc w
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rmy w th d bl ts t gth nd de t oy
 t eg t te d nt ge u pe n ca e
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 b g e e the ca e f e r r tu n
 t Sm lé k Vll rem n M c
 h t p l g u w ld cem t be
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 ll t m ely d d h g f th k d but
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pen to him Of all th t Nap leon mght have
 done winte ng n Mosc w ad'ancing on
 Petersbu gor n Nízhn Nó gorod or retiring
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 (ay by the r d kut z v afterwa ds took)
 notl ng more st p d or d sastrous can be im
 agined than what he actually d d Herema ned
 n M o tll O t ber letting the tro p
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 c w pp oached kut ow w th ut j n gb t
 tle tu ned to the r ght and rea hed Málo
 Y roslá ets ga n w th ut attempt ng to break
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d N p leon the m n of gen us d d th l But
 t s y th t he destroyed h army b ca e he
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 ot j t fy h a t ons He mpl yed ll h
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 Pus W d n t kn v f rta n n how
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 F nchmen W can t ccurately est m t e h
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 d w ou n f rm t n f m F h G rm n
 d the mpr hen ble urr der
 f wh l p w th t fght g nd f for
 tr e w th ut g mut cl e Germ n
 to g h g us the only e pl t on
 f the w carr ed n n Germ y B t ve
 th nk God h n need to ec gn e h gen

ius in order to hide our shame. We have paid for the right to look at the matter plainly and simply and we will not abandon that right.

His activity in Moscow was as amazing and as full of genius as elsewhere. Order after order and plan after plan were issued by him from the time he entered Moscow till the time he left it. The absence of citizens and of a depopulation and even the burning of Moscow did not disconcert him. He did not lose sight either of the welfare of his army or of the doings of the enemy or of the people of Russia, Paris, or of concerning the terms of the anticipated peace.

CHAPTER IX

WITH REGARD to military matters Napoleon immediately on his entry into Moscow gave General Sabastiani strict orders to observe the movements of the Russian army, sent army corps out along the different roads and charged Murat to find Kutuzov. Then he gave careful directions about the fortification of the Kremlin and drew up a brilliant plan for a future campaign over the whole map of Russia.

With regard to diplomatic questions Napoleon summoned Captain Yákovlev, who had been robbed and was in rags and did not know how to get out of Moscow, minutely explained to him his whole policy and his magnanimity and having written a letter to the Emperor Alexander in which he

your municipality or city government. It will take care of you of your needs and of your welfare. Its members will be distinguished by a red ribbon worn across the shoulder and the mayor of the city will wear a white belt as well. But when not on duty they will only wear a red ribbon on the left arm.

The city police is established on its former footing and better order already prevails in consequence of its activity. The government has appointed two commissaries general or chiefs of police and twenty commissaries or captains of wards have been appointed to the different wards of the city. You will recognize them by the white ribbon they will wear on the left arm. Several churches of different denomination are open and divine service is performed in them unhindered. Your fellow citizens are returning every day to their homes and orphans have been given that they should find in them the help and protection due to their misfortunes. These are the measures the government

relieve
need
should it possible forget the misfortunes you have suffered. I would entertain the hope of a less cruel fate should I be certain that inevitable and ignominious death awaits those who make any attempt on your persons or on what remains of your property and finally that you should not doubt that these will be safeguarded since such is the will of the greatest and most just of monarchs. So I entrust citizens of whatever nation you may be reestablish them.

civilization and your tears will soon cease to flow!

With regard to supplies for the army Napoleon decreed that all the troops in turn should enter Moscow *à la maraude* to obtain provisions for themselves so that the army might have its future provided for.

With regard to religion Napoleon ordered the priests to be brought back and services to be again performed in the churches.

With regard to commerce and to provision the army the following was placarded every where:

PROCLAMATION

You people of the capital of Moscow! In the name of the Emperor

ment issued

INHABITANTS OF MOSCOW!

Your misfortunes are cruel! His Majesty the Emperor and King desires to arrest their course

chosen from among yourselves will form

As looters

me that they are respected. A y

lence t them
hnd His

He v s ted the Foundl ng Hospital and all w
n the orpha s sa ed by h m to k ss h s wh te
hands gra ou ly co ersed w th Tut/Im n
Then as Thiers eloquently recounts he or
dered h s sold ers to be p id i forged Russ an
mo ey wh d he h d prepa ed Ra n the
use of these mean by an ct worthy of h mself
and of the French army he let rel f be d s
tributed to those who h d been burned out.
But s food was too pr ci us to be gi en t
f gners wh were for the most p rt ene
mes Napoleon preferred to supply them w th
m n y with wh ch to purch e food f om out
s de and h d paperrubled r buted to tl m
W th of renc to rmy d scripl ne orders
wer cont nually be g sued to nft ct severe
pun hme t f the n nperf rm ce of m l
tary d tes nd t s ppress robbery

CHAPTER X

BUT STRA G TO SAY all these mea u es efforts
d pl ns—wh ch w re not at ll worse than
others issued ns m lar circum tances—d d n t
affect the es ence of the matt r but l ke the
h nds of clock det ched from the mech n m
swu abo t n n rb rary nd a mless way
w th ut gag ng the cogwheels

W th fe nc to the m l t rys de—the plan
of camp gn—th t w k f gen u of wh ch
Thers ma ks th t His g u ne er de

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l
fied) wa to h e b en razed to the gr u d
p ed qu t u less Them g of the k rém
l n nly h lped t wa d fulfill g N poleon s
w h th t t sh uld be bl wn up wh n he l ft
Mos w—as ch ld wants the floo on h h
h h hurt h mself t b beaten The pursu t
of the Russ n rmy abo t wh ch \ poleon
was so con erned p od ed n unh rd-of re
ult. Th Fre ch g erals l t t ch w th the
Russ n army f ty th us nd m n d
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Wednesday f each week re ppo ed th h t
mark t da d t th t d fficien umber f
troops will be ta oned l h h ghro d
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to n as to p ec th ca ts (4) S m l meas es
ll be taken th t peasa ts w h then carts d
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conveyance) proved useless. Alexander did not receive these envoys and did not reply to their embassy.

35

cut:

Mo

With regard to administrative matters the establishment of a municipality did not stop the robberies and was only of use to certain people who formed part of that municipality and under pretext of preserving order looted Moscow or saved their own property from being looted.

With regard to religion as to which in Egypt matters had so easily been settled by Napoleon's visit to a mosque no results were achieved. Two or three priests who were found in Moscow did try to carry out Napoleon's wish but one of them was slapped in the face by a French soldier while conferring.

up the church. That night the doors were again broken open, the padlocks smashed, the books mutilated and other disorders perpetrated.

With reference to commerce the proclamation to industrious workmen and to peasants evoked no response. There were no industrious workmen and the peasants caught the commiseries who ventured too far out of town with the proclamation and killed them.

As to the theaters for the entertainment of the people and the troops these did not meet with success either. The theaters set up in the Krémnin and in Posnyakov's house were closed again at once because the actors and actresses were robbed.

Even philanthropy did not have the desired effect. The genuine as well as the false paper money which flooded Moscow lost its value. The French collecting booty cared only for gold. Not only was the paper money valueless, but Napoleon so graciously distributed to the unfortunate, but even silver lost its value in relation to gold.

But the most amazing example of the ineffectiveness of the orders given by the authorities at that time was Napoleon's attempt to stop the looting and re-establish discipline

This is what the army authorities were reporting

Looting continues in the city despite the decrees against it. Order is not yet restored and not a single merchant is carrying on trade in a lawful manner. The sutlers alone venture to

trade and they sell stolen goods

The neighborhood of my ward continues to be pillaged by soldiers of the 3rd Corps who not satisfied with taking from the unfortunate inhabitants hiding in the cellars the little they have left even have the ferocity to wound them with their sabers as I have repeatedly witnessed

Nothing new except that the old

$$\frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt} = \mathbf{v}$$

t 1945 0000 force—October 11

The Emperor is extremely displeased that despite the strict orders to stop pillage parties of marauding Guards are continually seen returning to the Kremlin. Among the Old Guard disorder and pillage were renewed more violently than ever yesterday evening last night and today. The Emperor sees with regret that the picked soldiers appointed to guard his person who should set an example of discipline carry disobedience to such a point that they break into the cellars and stores containing army supplies. Others have disgraced themselves to the extent of disobeying sentinels and officers and have abused and beaten them.

The Grand Marshal of the palace wrote the governor complains bitterly that in spite of repeated orders the soldiers continue to commit nuisances in all the courtyards and even under the very windows of the Emperor. That army like a herd of cattle run wild and trampling underfoot the provender which might have saved it from starvation disintegrated and perished with each additional day it remained in Moscow. But it did not go away.

It began to run away only when suddenly seized by a panic caused by the capture of transport trains on the Smolensk road and by the battle of Tarutino. The news of that battle of Tarutino unexpectedly received by Napoleon at a review evoked in him a desire to join the Russians (Thiers says) and he issued the order for departure which the whole army was demanding.

Fleeing from Moscow, the soldiers took with them everything they had stolen. Napoleon too carried off the crown jewels of the Russian army.

reminded that it was very good that the vehicles could be used to carry people so the sick and the injured.

The plight of the whole army resembled that of a dead mule which feels it pecked and does not know what it is doing. To

Karatse sad, he held the string round the ankles of warm and peasant coat and cap. Physically he had changed much during the war. He no longer seemed stout though he

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and carrage thinks he dr g t.

CHAPTER XI

EARLY THE 32.1 of the 19th of October

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th lea t lts furr ta l ood up firm d und
plume tsb d legs erved tso llt h t
uld ft gra full llt h d leg nd
run ery easly d qu kly th legs as f
disda t se llt E ryth g pleased
t Now r n uld ll tsb k,) lp g w th
del ht, w b k th n w th th usiful
l mporta d n w f l bou pl y
w th ch p f wood raw
P r t by n w co ted of d rty
torn hurt (the ly emn n of hu f rmer
clothin) p r f soldi tr us rs wh ch by

calm and unemotionally. It was
The former I knew which had shown itself
even in his eyes was now replaced by a new
get a headiness for action and resistance. His
feet were bare.

Perre first looked down the field across which chieftains and horsemen were passing. Then, at the distance across the river, he saw the dog who was pretending to be

E ry t me he looked t h b re i e t a e
f mated s l i s a t i o n f i t t e d a c r o s s h i s
f e e The g h t f t h e m r e m n d e d h m o f t h e
h d e x p e n c e d n d l e a r n e d d u r g t h e s e
w e e k s n d t h i s e c o l l e c t i o n w a p l e a s a n t t o
h i m

For some days the water had been calm and clear with slight frosts in the morning - what called in old times summer.

In the sunshinethewarmthof the
warmth was peculiarly pleasant to the
gratefulness of the morning frost
little air

O eryth g-far nd ea -l y the m c
 cry tal gl tie een only t that time of utumn
 The Sparro H ll we s bl n the distance
 w th the ll e the church nd th l rgewh te
 h u The bare trees the sa d the b cks d
 ools f the houses th gre n hu ch pre nd
 th corners of the wh c h use in the d t ce

h r t p p n h i mouth came f m b h d
corn of th hed nd ppro ch d P err th
fri dly w nk.

What unsh M n ur karill! (Th

name for Pierre) Eh? Just like spring!

And the corporal leaned against the door and offered Pierre his pipe though whenever he offered it Pierre always declined it.

To be on the march in such weather he began

Pierre inquired what was being said about leaving and the corporal told him that nearly all the troops were starting and there ou

lov or

was d... the told the corporal that something should be done about him. The corporal replied that Pierre need not worry about that as they had an ambulance and a permanent hospital and arrangements would be made for the sick and that in general every thing that could happen had been foreseen by the authorities.

Besides Monsieur Kiril you have only to say a word to the captain you know. He is a man who never forgets anything. Speak to the captain when he makes his round he will do anything for you.

(The captain of whom the corporal spoke often had long chats with Pierre and showed him all sorts of favors.)

You see St. Thomas he said to me the other day. Monsieur Kiril is a man of education who speaks French. He is a Russian seigneur who has had misfortunes but he is a man. He knows what's what. If he wants anything and asks me he won't get a refusal. When one has studied you see one likes education and well bred people. It is for your sake I mention it. Monsieur Kiril. The other day if it had not been for you that affair would have ended ill.

And after chatting a while longer the corporal went away. (The affair he had alluded to had happened a few days before—a fight between the prisoners and the French soldiers in which Pierre had succeeded in rescuing his comrades.) Some of the prisoners who had heard Pierre talking to the corporal immediately asked what the Frenchman had said. While Pierre was repeating what he had been told about the army leaving Moscow a thin, scrawny, tattered French soldier came up to the door of the shed. Rapidly and timidly raising his fingers to his forehead by way of greeting he asked Pierre whether the soldier Platón to whom he had given a shirt was in that shed.

A week before the French had had boot leather and linen issued to them which they

had given out to the prisoners to make up into boots and shirts for them.

Ready ready dear fellow! said Karatáyev coming out with a neatly folded shirt.

Karatáyev on account of the warm weather and for convenience at work was wearing only trousers and a tattered shirt as black as soot. His hair was bound round in workman fashion with a wisp of lime tree bast and his round face seemed rounder and pleasanter than

A...

Is...

smiling using the shirt he had sewn.

The Frenchman glanced around uneasily and then as if overcoming his hesitation rapidly threw off his uniform and put on the shirt. He had a long greasy flowered silk waistcoat next to his scrawny thin bare body but no shirt. He was evidently afraid the prisoners looking on would laugh at him and thrust his head into the shirt hurriedly. None of the prisoners said a word.

See it fits well! Platón kept repeating pulling the shirt straight.

The Frenchman having pushed his head and hands through without raising his eyes looked down at the shirt and examined the seams.

You see dear man this is not a sewing shop and I had no proper tools and as they say one needs a tool even to kill a horse and Platón with one of his round smiles obviously pleased with his work.

It's good quite good thank you said the Frenchman in French but there must be some linen left over.

It will fit better still when it sets to your body said Karatáyev still admiring his handiwork. You'll be nice and comfortable.

Thanks thanks old fellow. But the bits left over said the Frenchman again and smiled. He took out an assignat on ruble note and gave it to Karatáyev. But give me the pieces that are over.

Pierre saw that Platón did not want to understand what the Frenchman was saying, and he looked on without interfering. Karatáyev thanked the Frenchman for the money and went on admiring his own work. The Frenchman insisted on having the pieces returned that were left over and asked Pierre to translate what he said.

What does he want to let it for? said Karatáyev. They'll make fine leglets for us. Well never mind!

And Karatáyev with a suddenly changed and

th t had fo merly seemed so important. It d d
n w occur t h m to th k of Russ a or the

dw to t

"There look at that sa d Karatév w y! g
his head. People sa d they we n t Ch st ans
b t they too h es ul Its h t the old folk
used t say As e t g hand n op n ha d,
a dry h ds cl se Hes n ked but yet he s
g e t back.

karatá m l d th ughtfully d wa lent
hale look t the p eces

B t d ey ll make gra d leg b ds dear
fne d, he aid nd went back i t the shed

CHAPTER XII

F U A EKS h d p ssed s ce P erre h d been
taken pri er d tho hile F encl h d f
ferred t mo e him from the me s t the of
f ers hed, h h d tayed the shed where he
was first p t.

In burned a d devastated M cow P err
espene ed lm t th extrem l m ts of pri
va so m ca dure but th k to his
phy cal tre gth d he lth f wh ch h h d
till the b u co sci us d th nks espec l
ly t the f ct th t th pr t n came so
gradually that t was mpo bl to y when
they bega h e du ed h p n t nly
l hly b j y lly A d just t th t m he
bta d th tra quill ty nd ea f m d he
had f rmerly t t e ch He h d
lo so ght d ff t w y th t tra q lly ty
f m d, that er harm yw ch h d so m
p essed h m th sold ers t the b tll of Bo
rod ó H h d so ht t pl l thr py n
Freemaso ry th d ss p t ns of t wn l fe
w her feats f l f cr fi nd n
roma t l ef N tá h h h d hit t by
easo g— d all thes qu ts d e p
ments h d fa led h m A dn w w th t th k
g bo t t he had f d that pe ce nd n
er h rm yo ly thro gh th h rr fdeath
thr h p u n d th o h wh t h
oen ed K ratá

Those d ead f l m m ts i had l ed
through t th execut ns h d as t w f
ever washed way f m h m g t d
memory th g tat g tl t us d f l gs

ngles and e en rid culous H a get w l s
w fe and n ety that h s name sho ld not be
sm rched n w seemed n t merely tra l but
e en mus ng Wh t concern as t of h that
s m l ere or other that woma s lead ng
th l fe she preferred Wh t d d t matter to
nybody a d espec ally to h m whethe o not
they fo d out that th r pr sone s n me w s
Count B rukho ?

He n w often remembe ed h s con ers t on
w th P ce Andrew a d quite agreed with
h m though he u derstood Prince A d ewa

anyment l reservat o The bse ce of fle

p ess Here a d o so th first me l e f lly
pp e ted the joy me t of eat g when l e
w ted t e t d k g w l n he wanted to
d k sleep g h n he wanted t l ep of
w rmth when he wa cold of talk g to a f l
l w ian when h w hed to talk d to hea
h man Th s t f t n of o es needs—
good food lea l ness a d f ed m—now th t
he was d p ed of l th e med to P erre t
co t tute pe sect h pp es d the cho e f
o cup t th t f h w y of l f—now th t
th t ch e was so estr t d—s med t h m
uch neasy m tt th th f rgot th t up
fl ty f th comfo ts of l fe destroys all joy n
t fy g n n eds whle gre t f feed m n
th ch of oc p t n—ch fr ed m s
h s w lth h s ed c t n and h so l po
t n h d g en h m l own l fe—s just
wl t m k th ch ce of o up t n n
solubly difficult and destr ys the des re nd

possibility of having an occupation

All Pierre's daydreams now turned on the time when he would be free. Yet subsequently and for the rest of his life he thought and spoke with enthusiasm of that month of captivity of those irrecoverable strong joyful sensations and chiefly of the complete peace of mind and inner freedom.

and saw the cupolas and crosses of the New Convent of the Virgin still dark at first the hoarfrost on the dusty grass the Sparrow Hills and the wooded banks above the winding river vanishing in the purple distance when he felt the contact of the fresh air and heard the noise of the crows flying from Moscow across the field and when afterwards light gleamed from the east and the sun's rim appeared solemnly from behind a cloud and the cupolas and crosses the hoarfrost the distance and the river all began to sparkle in the glad light—Pierre felt a new joy and strength in life such as he had never before known. And this not only stayed with him during the whole of his imprisonment but even grew in strength as the hardships of his position increased.

That feeling of alertness

at the shed. With his knowledge of languages the respect shown him by the French his simplicity his readiness to give anything asked of him (he received the allowance of three rubles a week made to officers) with his strength which he showed to the soldiers by pressing nails into the wall the

which seemed to them incomprehensible he appeared to them a rather mysterious and superior being. The very qualities that had been a hindrance if not actually harmful to him in the world he had lived in—his strength his disdain for the comforts of life his absent-mindedness and simplicity—here among these people gave him almost the status of a hero. And Pierre felt that their opinion placed responsibilities upon him.

CHAPTER XIII

THE FRENCH EVACUATION began on the night between the sixth and seventh of October. Kitchens and sheds were dismantled carts loaded and troops and baggage trains started

At seven in the morning a French convoy in marching trim wearing shakos and carrying muskets knapsacks and enormous sacks stood in front of the sheds and animated French talk mingled with curses sounded all along the lines.

In the shed everyone was ready dressed belted shod and only awaited the order to start. The sick soldier Sokolov pale and thin with dark shadows round his eyes alone sat in his place barefoot and not dressed. His eyes prominent from the emaciation of his face gazed inquiringly at his comrades who were paying no attention to him and he moaned regularly and quietly. It was evidently not so much his sufferings that caused him to moan (he had dysentery) as his fear and grief at being left alone.

Pierre girt with a rope round his waist and wearing shoes Karatév had made for him from some leather a French soldier had torn off a tea chest and brought to have his boots mended with went up to the sick man and squatted down beside him.

You know Sokolov they are not all going away! They have a hospital here. You may be better off than the others said Pierre.

O Lord! Oh it will be the death of me! O Lord! moaned the man in a louder voice.

I'll go and ask them again directly said Pierre rising and going to the door of the shed.

Just as Pierre reached the door the corporal who had offered him a pipe the day before came up to it with two soldiers. The corporal and soldiers were in marching kit with knapsacks and shakos that had metal straps and these changed their familiar faces.

The corporal came according to orders to shut the door. The prisoners had to be counted before being let out.

Corporal what will they do with the sick man? Pierre began.

But even as he spoke he began to doubt whether this was the corporal he knew or a stranger so unlike himself did the corporal seem.

The corporal frowned at Pierre's words and uttering some meaningless oaths slammed the door. The shed became semidark and the sharp rattle of the drums on two sides drowned the sick man's groans.

There it is! It again! said Pierre to himself and an involuntary shudder ran down his spine. In the corporal's change of face in

The sound of his voice in the stir and deaf roar of the drums he recognised that merciless, callous force which compelled people against their will to kill their fellow-men—without the effect of which he had wasted during the executions. To fear or to try to escape that force to address entreaties or exhortations to those who served as its tool was useless. Pierre knew this now. One had to wait and endure. He did not mean to go to the sick man, nor turn to look at him, but stood frowning by the door of the hut.

When that door was opened and the prisoners crowded against the threshold, Pierre pushed his way forward and approached the first captain as the corporal had assured him was ready to do anything for him. The captain was also in marching kit, and on his cold face appeared at the same time which Pierre had recognised in the corporal's words and in the roll of the drums.

"Pass, pass, now the captain reiterated, frowning sternly at the look of the prisoners who thrust past him.

Pierre went up to him, though he knew his attempt would be vain.

"What now, the officer asked with cold look as if recognising Pierre.

Pierre told him about the sick man.

"He'll manage to walk, devil take him," said the captain. "Pass on, pass on!" he continued without looking at Pierre.

"But he is dying," Pierre again began.

"Be so good," he told the captain, frowning again.

Drum-drum-drum-drum rattled the drums, and Pierre understood that this mysterious and complete control of these men and that two were useless to say more.

The prisoners were separated from the sick men and told to march on foot. There were about thirty officers, with Pierre among them, and about three hundred men.

The officers who had come from the other regiments were all strangers to Pierre and much better dressed than he. They looked at him and at his shoes mistrustfully as he went. Not far from him walked a major in a sal low blouse, a young man who was wearing a Russian dress grown tight round with tow and boots and enjoyed the respect of his fellow prisoners. He kept one hand in which he clasped his tobacco pouch, and the bosom of his dress gown held the stem of his pipe firmly with the other. Panting and puffing,

the major grumbled and growled at everybody because he thought he was being pushed and that they were all hurrying when they had nowhere to hurry to and were all surprised at something when there was nothing to be surprised at. Another thin little officer was peep to every new conjecture where they were now being taken and how they would get that day. An official in felt boots and wearing a commissariat uniform rounded from side to side and gazed at the ruins of Moscow loudly announcing his observations as to what had been burned down and what this or that part of the city was that they could see. A third officer who by his accent was Polish stepped

to St. Nicholas or St. Blasius you see, and down and there's an end of it. What are you pushing for? Isn't the road wide enough? he said he turning to a man behind him who was not pushing him at all.

Oh, oh, he thought. What has they done the prisoners on one side and the other were heard saying as they gazed on the charred ruins. "All beyond there and Zborova and the Kremlin!" Just look! There not half of it left! Yes I told you—the whole quarter beyond the river and so on.

"Well, you know it burned so what's the use of talking said the major.

As they passed near church in the Khamovniki (one of the few unburned quarters of Moscow) the whole mass of prisoners suddenly started to shout and exclamations of horror and disgust were heard.

Ah the villain! What has this is dead, dead, so he is. And sneered with something.

Pierre too drew near the church where the

dead himself and that this was the body of man, set upright against the palings with its face smeared with soot.

Go on! What has the devil! Go on! Thirty thousand devils! the young guards began cursing and the French soldiers, with fresh violence drove away with their words the crowd of prisoners who were gazing at the dead man.

CHAPTER XIV

THROUGH THE CROSS STREETS of the Khamónnik quarter the prisoners marched followed only by their escort and the vehicles and wagons belonging to that escort but when they reached the supply stores they came among a huge and closely packed train of artillery mingled with private vehicles

At the bridge they all halted waiting for those in front to get across From the bridge they had a view of endless lines of moving baggage trains before and behind them To the right where the Kaluga road turns near Nesluchny endless rows of troops and carts stretched away into the distance These were troops of Beauharnois corps which had started before any of the others Behind along the riverside and across the Stone Bridge were Ney's troops and transport

Devout troops in whose charge were the prisoners were crossing the Crimean bridge and some were already debouching

Now and reached the Kaluga road when the vanguard of Ney's army was already emerging from the Great Ordynka Street

When they had crossed the Crimean bridge the prisoners moved a few steps forward halted and again moved on and from all sides vehicles and men crowded closer and closer together They advanced the few hundred paces that separated the bridge from the Kaluga road taking more than an hour to do so and came out upon the square where the streets of the Transmoskva yard and the Kaluga road converge and the prisoners jammed close together had to stand for some hours at that crossway From all sides like the roar of the sea were heard the rattle of wheels the tramp of feet and incessant shouts of anger and abuse Pierre stood pressed against the wall of a charred house listening to that noise which mingled in his imagination with the roll of the drums

Look there those are furs they exclaimed Just see what the blackguards have looted There! See what that one has behind in the cart Why those are settings taken from some icons by heaven! Oh the rascals!

See how that fellow has loaded himself up he can hardly walk! Good lord the

That's right hit him on the snout—on his snout! Like this we shan't get away before evening Look look there Why that must be Napoleon's own See what horses! And the monograms with a cross! It's like a portable house That fellow's dropped his sack and doesn't see it Fighting again A woman with a baby and not bad looking either! Yes I dare say that's the way they'll let you pass.

Just look there's no end to it Russian wenches by heaven so they are! In carriages—see how comfortably they've settled themselves!

Again as at the church in Khamónnik a wave of general curiosity bore all the prisoners forward onto the road and Pierre thanks to his stature saw over the heads of the others what so attracted their curiosity In three carriages involved among the munition carts closely squeezed together sat women with rouged faces dressed in glaring colors who were shouting something in shrill voices

From the moment Pierre had recognized the

... but these women hurrying away nor the turn of events in Moscow All that he now witnessed scarcely made an impression on him—as if his soul were ready for a hard struggle refused to receive impressions that might be taken in

The women's clogs drove by Behind them came more carriages more soldiers

Pierre did not see the people as individuals but saw their movement

All these people and horses seemed driven forward by some invisible power During the hour Pierre watched them they all came flowing from the different streets with one and the same desire to get on quickly they all jostled one another began to grow angry and to fight with teeth gleaming I saw a French soldier the same words of abuse flew from his deerskin and all the faces bore the same awfully resolute and cruel expression that he struck Pierre that morning at the corps of the French in the drums were beating

It was not till nearly evening that the officer commanding the escort collected his men and

th h is a d q arrels forced h way in
 am the b ggage tra ns nd the p s ners
 beamed n lls des emerged onto the ka
 l 'aro d
 They marched very qu ckly w thout est ng
 d halted nly he th un began to et
 Th baggage carts d ew up cl se togethe and
 th me began to p pare f r the r n ght srest.
 They ll ppe ed 'ry a d diss t fied Fo
 lo g time o ths gry h is a d f l t
 could be heard f m lls des A carr ge th t
 f llowed the esco t ra i to one of th carts
 d k ocked hol n tw th is pole Se eral
 soldiers ra t wa d the cart from d fferent
 sdes some beat the carr ge h rses on their
 heads, turn them d others f ught
 m g them l es d P erre aw th t one
 Germ w s b dly ded n the head by
 s d.

st engthened n h s soul a power of l se inde-
 pendent of it.

He t h s supper of bu kwheat soup with
 h rs flesh and chatted w th h s comrades
 Ne th r P erre nor any of the others spoke
 of v h t they h d seen n Moscow r of the
 o ghness of the r tr tment by the French or
 of the order to shoot them wh d h d bec an
 nou ced to them 's if in re ct on awa nst the
 worsen g of the pos t on they we e all par
 ticula ly an mat d d gay They sp ke of pe
 son l r m ences of musi g cenes they
 h d w tnessed d r g the camp on and avo d
 ed all t lk of the r p sent s tuat on

sam feel of u pleasa t waken g f m
 the hurry d eag rness t push on th t h d
 se ed them t th tart. O ce t a st ndst'll
 they ll seem d t u dersta d th t they did n t
 ytk here they we eg g d th t much
 that asp f land d fli ult wa ted them on
 th journey

Duri g th h lt the esco t tre ted the p s
 ers e w rse th n th y had d e at the
 tart. It was h that th p iso ers f the first
 time c ed h rselfesh f th me t rat n
 F m the ff er down t th l west lde
 they ll h ed wh t m d lke perso l p te
 ga t ch f the p so ers, n u pected
 tra t to the f rmer f dly l t s

This pt crea d t ll m e he on call
 ing er th ll f p so rs twa f nd that
 n th bustl fle g M wo e Ru n
 sold er h h d p t ded t suffer f m l c,
 had escap d. P erre saw F hma be t
 Russ sold er cru lly f tray g too far
 fr m th d d heard h f d the cap-
 ta ep m d d th t n t t m t l
 comm ss ed flier n o t f he
 escape f the R T th omm d
 flier excus th t l p so er wa ll d
 ould t walk d fl p l ed th t the
 der to hoot th os who l g d b l d
 P rre f l t that h t f tal f wh ch h d
 crushed h m dur g th ex cut bu wh ch

swayed tra gely in the gray ha e It grew i g t
 The even gwa end g but the n ght had not
 yet come P erre got up a d left h new com
 p n ns cross g bet ce ntl campf es to the
 othe de of th ro d wh e he had bec told
 the commo sold er p so ers we e st t oned
 H v ted to talk t them On the r ad he w
 stopped by a F end sent el wh o de ed l m
 b k.

P erre t rned b ck not to h scompan by
 th campfre b t t n u harnessed cart

l ghte could mean

H h h l l ughed P erre A d he d
 l d to h mself "The sold e d d not l t me
 p ss They took me and shut me up They h ld
 m capt e What m ? M ? My mm tal soul?
 H h h l l h h l d he l ughed till
 tears tarted to h eyes

A m n got up d came to see wh t th s
 queer b g fell w wa l ugh g t ll by h m
 If P erre stopped l u hu g got up v t
 farth vay f om th qu tve m nd
 looked u d h m

Th h g dles b c that h d p evi
 ly sou ded w th the crackl g f campf es
 a d the es f m ny men h d grown q t,
 th ed campfires were gr w p l d dy
 g d wn H gh up the l ght ky hu g the
 f ll moon F ests d felds b nd the camp
 un een b f wer now vis bl n th d s

rance And farther still beyond those forests and fields the bright oscillating limitless distance lured one to itself Pierre glared at the sky at depths of me and it Pierre And they caught all that and put it into a shed boarded up with planks! He smiled and went and lay down to sleep beside his companions

CHAPTER XX

IN THE EARLY DAYS of October another envoy came to Kutuzov with a letter from Napoleon proposing peace and falsely dated from Moscow though Napoleon was already not far from Kutuzov on the old Kaluga road Kutuzov replied to this letter as he had done to the one formerly brought by Lauriston saying that there could be no question of peace

Soon after that a report

came from Forminsk and that being separated from the rest of the French army they might easily be destroyed The soldiers and officers again demanded action Generals on the staff excited by the memory of the easy victory at Tarutino urged Kutuzov to carry out Dórokhov's suggestion Kutuzov did not consider any offensive necessary The result was a compromise which was inevitable a small detachment was sent to Forminsk to attack Broussier

By a strange coincidence

Dokhturov whom no one had described to us as drawing up plans of battles dashing about in front of regiments showering crosses on batteries and so on and who was thought to be and was spoken of as undecided and undiscerning—but whom we find commanding wherever the position was most difficult all through the Russian campaign from Aust

men to defend the town against Napoleon's whole army In Smolensk at the Malákhov Gate he had hardly dozed off in a paroxysm of fever before he was awakened by the bombardment of the town—and Smolensk held out all day long At the battle of Borodín when

Bagrátion was killed and nine tenths of the men of our left flank had fallen and the full force of the French artillery fire was directed against it the man sent there was this same irresolute and undiscerning Dokhtúrov—but Kutuzov hastening to rectify a mistake he had made by sending someone else there first And the quiet little Dokhtúrov rode thither and Borodín became the greatest glory of the Russian army Many heroes have been described to us in verse and prose but of Dokhturov scarcely a word has been said

It was Dokhtúrov again whom they sent to Forminsk and from there to Mílo-Yaroslávev the place where the last battle with the French was fought and where the obvious disintegration of the French army began and we are told of many geniuses and heroes of that period of the campaign but of Dokhtúrov nothing or very little is said and that dubiously And this silence about Dokhturov is the clearest testimony to his merit

It is natural for a man who does not understand the workings of a machine to imagine that a shaving that has fallen into it by chance and is interfering with its action and tossing about in it is its most important part The man who does not understand the construction of the machine cannot conceive that the small connecting cogwheel which revolves quietly is one of the most essential parts of the machine and not the shaving which merely harms and hinders the working

On the tenth of October when Dokhturov had gone halfway to Forminsk and stopped at the village of Aristovo preparing faithfully to execute the orders he had received the whole French army having in its convulsive movement reached Murat's position apparently in order to give battle—suddenly without any reason turned off to the left onto the new Kaluga road and began to enter Forminsk where only Broussier had been till then At that time Dokhturov had under his command besides Dórokhov's detachment the two small guerrilla detachments of Figner and Sestáev

On the evening of October 11 Sestáev came to the Aristovo headquarters with a French guardsman he had captured The

the whole army had left Moscow four days previously The same evening a house serf who had come from Rostov had seen an immense army entering the town Some Cossacks of Dokhtú

— no ted ha g s ghted the Th man who had wakened yawned and
 d t mbl g
 dent s th s is
 ngle
 army only a rumor
 ed d He e the d p tch sa d Bolkhov it nov
 tu ov My orders are t g e t at o ce to the gen
 eral on duty
 Will ng t u dertake any a to t Wa t moment I ll lght a candle You
 d m ed rasc l whe e do y u lways h de t

F th p rpose capable tice is
 tu was chose wh was t xpl n the
 whol ff r by w rd fm uth bes des d l
 — — n lk

h rses.

The o de ly wa st k ng a l g t a u u
 bin n was f mbl g for s meth ng on the
 candlest ck.

Oh the nasty bea t! s d he w th d sgust.

By the lght of th sparks Bolkho it n s w
 Shche bi n y uthful f e as he lld the
 candle d the f ce of n ther man who was
 st ll l ep This was ko o ntsyn

When the fl me of the ulphur spl nters
 — h l n fi t blue and

CHAPTER XVI

h d

and looked t the mes enger B lkh it o
 w s besp tte ed ll over w th mud a d h d
 sme red h s f te by w p ng t w th huslee e

Who g the rep rt? ngu red Sl cher
 bin t k n the en elop

Th news elable s d B lkhov it ov
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 w k h m s d Shch bin ng d go g

Bolkho it o ched L t he k fter ne
 o l ck t nght. D mo t g t a c t g on
 whos w tlefe h g g bo d EN RAL
 s d throw ng down h s e n h en
 te d d k p g

The ge e l nd ty quckl It ery m
 p rt tl d he t som o wh h d en

B t th ery mp t t fr m G ner l
 D kht ro d B lkh it n t ng th
 p doo wh ch he h d f nd by f el g n
 th d k.

Th de ly had g e bef him nd
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Y h y h n l A re
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F m D kht d f m Alexéy P t o
 h. N p leo s t F r m f k d B lkh vi
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 l l t d at nce On K o ntsyn h nds me
 r l te f th che ks flushed by f er
 th e tll em n d f r n nsta t a f aw y
 dr my e p n remote from p e t f
 f b t th n he udd nly t ted d h
 f e med us h b u l calm d f m p
 p e

W ll wh t s it? F m whom? he a ked
 mmed tely but w thout h rry bl nk g t
 th lght

Wh l l t n g to the officer p t k no
 ntsyn b k th l d e d th d sp tch
 H rdly had he d o before h l wer d h s

And farther still beyond those forests and fields the bright oscillating limitless distance lured one to itself. Pierre glanced up at the sky and the twinkling stars in its faraway depths. And all that is me, all that is within me, and it is all! He thought, Pierre. And they crught all that and put it into a shed boarded up with planks! He smiled and went and lay down to sleep beside his companions.

CHAPTER XV

IN THE EARLY DAYS of October another envoy came to Kutuzov with a letter from Napoleon proposing peace and falsely dated from Moscow, though Napoleon was already not far from Kutuzov on the old Kaluga road. Kutuzov replied to this letter as he had done to the one formerly brought by Lauriston, saying that there could be no question of peace.

Soon after that a report was brought that the French army was seen at Forminsk and that being separated from the rest of the French army they might easily be destroyed. The soldiers and officers again demanded action. Generals on the staff, excited by the memory of the easy victory at Tarutino, urged Kutuzov to carry out Dörckhov's suggestion. Kutuzov did not consider any offensive necessary. The result was a compromise which was inevitable: a small detachment was sent to Forminsk to attack Broussier.

By a strange coincidence this detachment

was composed of men whom no one had described to us as drawing up plans of battles, dishing about in front of regiments, showing crosses on batteries and so on, and who was thought to be and was spoken of as an undecided and undiscerning—but whom we find commanding wherever the position was most difficult all through the Russo-French wars from Austerlitz to the year 1813. At Austerlitz he remained last at the Augereau rallying the regiments, saving what was possible when all were flying and perishing and not a single

remained in Smolensk at the Malakhov Gate. He had hardly dozed off in a paroxysm of fever before he was awakened by the bombardment of the town—and Smolensk held out all day long. At the battle of Borodino, when

Bagration was killed and nine tenths of the men of our left flank had fallen and the full force of the French artillery fire was directed against it, the man sent there was this same irresolute and undiscerning Dokhturov—but hastening to rectify a mistake he had made by sending someone else there first. And the quiet little Dokhturov rode thither and Borodino became the greatest glory of the Russian army. Many heroes have been described to us in verse and prose.

Dokhturov set

It was

Forminsk.

It was the place where the last battle with the French was fought and where the obvious disintegration of the French army began, and we are told of many geniuses and heroes of that period of the campaign, but of Dokhturov nothing or very little is said and that dubiously. And this silence about Dokhturov is the clearest testimony to his merit.

I

stair

that

it has fallen into it by chance and is interfering with its action and tossing about in it is its most important part. The man who does not understand the construction of the machine cannot conceive that the small connecting cog-wheel which revolves quietly is one of the most essential parts of the machine and not the shavng which merely harms and hinders the working.

On the tenth of October when Dokhturov had gone halfway to Forminsk and stopped at the village of Aristovo, preparing faithfully to execute the orders he had received, the whole French army having in its convulsive movement reached Murat's position apparently in order to give battle—suddenly without any reason turned off to the left onto the new Kaluga road and began to enter Forminsk, where only Broussier had been till then. At that time Dokhturov had under his command

to

gu

had captured. The

was there and the whole army had left Moscow four days previously. That same evening a house servant who had come from Moscow said he had seen an immense army entering the town. Some Cossacks of Dokhtu

no th. O the o e hand the French had oc-
curred Moscow O the other Kutuzov felt
assured with all his being that the terrible
blow into which he had all the Russian had
put their whole strength must have been mo-
tal. But in any case proof was needed he
had waited while months for them and grew
more impatient the longer he waited. Ly-
on his bed during those sleepless nights he did
just what he reproached those you ever gen-
erally find. He imagined all sorts of pos-
sible contingencies, just like the younger men
but with this difference that he saw thousands
of contingencies instead of two or three and
based them on them. The longer he
thought the more contingencies presented
themselves. He imagined all sorts of move-
ments of the Napoleon army as a whole or
in sections—across Petersburg, or against
him, or to offend him. He thought too of
the possibility (which he feared most of all)
that Napoleon might hit him with his own
weapon and remain in Moscow waiting him.
Kutuzov even imagined that Napoleon army
might turn back through Medyn and Yukh-
ov but then on this he could not foresee
what happened—the insane, convulsive
stampede of Napoleon army during its first
seven days of leave in Moscow stamped
such mad possibilities what Kutuzov had not
yet even dared to think of—the complete ex-
termination of the French. Dookh reports
about Broussard is in the guerrillas re-
ports of distress in Napoleon army rumors
of preparations for leave in Moscow all con-
firmed the supposition that the French army
was beaten and preparing for flight. But these
were all suppositions, which seemed im-
portant to the younger men but no to Kutu-
zov. With his sixty years experience he knew
what value to attach to rumors, knew how pit-
ty people who desire victory are a group of
men so that appears to confirm what they
desire, and he knew how readily in such cases
they omit all that makes for the contrary. And
the more he desired the less he allowed him-
self to believe it. This question beset all
his mental powers. All else was to him only
little casual matter. To such customary
routine belonged his conversations with the
staff, the letters he wrote from Tarutino to
Alexander and Strouss, the reading of no-els, the
distribution of rewards, his correspondence
with Petersburg and so on. But the destruc-
tion of the French, which he had not for-
gotten, was his heart's desire.

On the night of the eleventh of October he
lay leaning on his arm and thinking of that.
There was a door in the next room and he
heard the step of Tollkholmsky and
Bolkhovitin.

Eh who's there? Come in come in! What
news the field marshal called out to them.

What a footman was lighting candle Toll
communicated the substance of the news.

Who brought it? asked Kutuzov with a
look which when the candle was lit, struck
Toll by its cold severity.

There can be no doubt about it, you know.

Call him in call him here.

Kutuzov sat up with one leg hanging down
from the bed and he began punching es-
tablishing the other which was doubled under
him. He screwed up his eyes gazed scrutinizing
the messenger carefully as if with a
readiness his face what preoccupied his own
mind.

"Tell me, tell me, friend," said he to Bolk-
hovitin in his lowered voice as he pulled
together the shirt which gaped open on his
chest, came nearer—cared. What news have
you brought me? Eh. That Napoleon has left
Moscow? Are you sure? Eh.

Bolkhovitin gazed startled count from
the beginning of his had been told to re-
port.

"Speak quickly quacker! Don't torture
me," Kutuzov interrupted him.

— — —
ed him. He tried to say something but sud-
denly puckered and wrinkled he waited
his room. Toll returned the opposite side
of the room, the roomer darkened by the
on the threshold there.

O Lord, my Creator! Thou has heard our
prayer, said he in trembling voice with
folded hands. Russia is saved. I thank Thee,
O Lord, and he wept.

CHAPTER XVIII

FROM THE TIME he received this news to the
end of the campaign all Kutuzov's activity
was directed toward restraining his troops, by
authority by guile and by entreaty from us-
less tactics, manœuvres, encounters with
the perishing enemy. Dokhturov went to
Malo-Yaroslavl, but Kutuzov ordered with
the main army to dig trenches for the evacua-
tion of Kalouga—a retreat beyond which town

legs in their woolen stockings to the earthen floor and began putting on his boots. Then he took off his nightcap, combed his hair over his temples and donned his cap.

Did you get here quickly? Let us go to his Highness.

Ikonovitsyn had understood at once that the news brought was of great importance and that no time must be lost. He did not consider or ask himself whether the news was good or bad. That did not interest him. He regarded the whole business of the war not with his intelligence or his reason but by something else. There was within him a deep unexpressed conviction that all would be well but that one must not trust to this and still less speak about it but must only attend to one's own work. And he did his work giving his whole strength to the task.

I Peter Petrovich Ikonovitsyn like Dokhturov seems to have been included merely for propriety's sake in the list of the so-called heroes of 1812—the Barclays, Raevskis, Ermolovs, Platovs and Miloradoviches. Like Dokhturov he had the reputation of being a man of very limited capacity and information and like Dokhturov he never made plans of battle but was always found where the situation was most difficult. Since his appointment as general on duty he had always slept with his door open giving orders that every messenger should be allowed to wake him up. In battle he was always under fire so that Kutuzov reproved him for it and feared to send him to the front and like Dokhturov he was one of those unnoticed cogwheels that without clatter or noise constitute the most essential part of the machine.

Coming out of the hut into the damp dark night Ikonovitsyn frowned—partly from an increased pain in his head and partly at the unpleasant thought that occurred to him of how all that nest of influential men on the staff would be stirred up by this news especially Bennigsen who ever since Tarutino had been at daggers drawn with Kutuzov and how they would make suggestions quarrel issue orders and rescind them. And this premonition was disagreeable to him though he knew it could not be helped.

And in fact Toll to whom he went to communicate the news immediately began to expound his plans to a general sharing his quarters until Ikonovitsyn who listened in weary silence reminded him that they must go to see his Highness.

CHAPTER XVII

Kutuzov like all old people did not sleep much at night. He often fell asleep unexpectedly in the daytime but at night lying on his bed without undressing he generally remained awake thinking.

So he lay now on his bed supporting his large heavy scarred head on his plump hand with his one eye open meditating and peering into the darkness.

Since Bennigsen who corresponded with the Emperor and had more influence than anyone else on the staff had begun to avoid him Kutuzov was more at ease as to the possibility of himself and his troops being obliged to take part in useless aggressive movements. The lesson of the Tarutino battle and of the day before it which Kutuzov remembered with pain must he thought have some effect on others too.

They must understand that we can only lose by taking the offensive. Patience and time are my warriors my champions thought Kutuzov. He knew that an apple should not be plucked while it is green. It will fall of itself when ripe but if picked unripe the apple is spoiled the tree is harmed and your teeth are set on edge. Like an experienced sportsman he knew that the beast was wounded and wounded as only the whole strength of Russia could have wounded it but whether it was mortally wounded or not was still an open question.

But he needed further proofs and it was necessary to wait.

They want to run to see how they have wounded it. Wait and we shall see! Continual maneuvers continual advances! thou hit he.

What for? Only to distinguish themselves! As if fighting were fun. They are like children from whom one can get any sensible account of what has happened because they all want to show how well they can fight. But that is not what is needed now.

And what ingenious maneuvers they all propose to me! It seems to them that when they have thought of two or three contingencies (he remembered the general plan sent him from Petersburg) they have forgotten everything. But the contingencies are endless.

The undecided question as to whether the wound inflicted at Borodino was mortal or not had hung over Kutuzov's head for a while.

la d—was too remote and the rimmer ate
goal a Sm lénsk toward which all the r
des es and h pes en rm uly nte s f d n
th mass urged th m o It wa not th t they
k w th t m ch food and fresh troops aw t
ed them Sm lénsk n r th t they we e told
s f th co trary the r upe i r ffic rs and

sel es d pushed n to Sm lénsk t a
prom ed l d.

Com g t nt the h gh o d the F e ch
fed w th s rp e rgy and u he d of
rap d ty t rd the go l th y h d f d on
Bes des the mm mpul e h ch bou d
the hol cr d f F ench nt m ss and
suppl d them w th ce ta e ergy there w s
th ca b d g th m t gethe —the r
gr t n mb rs As w th the phy cal law of

Ea h f th m des ed noth g mo e th n
t g e h ms ll p p er to escap f m
all th h rr nd mis ry but on the e
ha d th f e of th s mm n ttract on to
Sm lé k the goal d w each of th m n
the sam d ct th the h nd n
army co p co ld t urrend to c mp ny
nd th gh the F ch l d th ms l f
ry con e t pp rt n ty t d t h t em
sel es d t rre der n th l htest d e t
pret t ch p t s d d n t lw y u
Th ry n mbers d th cr wd d d
sw t m m t d p ed them f that p ss
bly d ender d t o ly d ff ult b t
mp ss ble f th R n t t p th s m
m t t h ch the F ch we d ect g ll
th r e rgies Bey d ce ta n l m t n me
h cal d rupt f th body uld lsten
the p oces f d mpo t n

A l mp of w ca t be m lt d tan

taneously There is a certa n l m t of t me in
less th n h ch no am unt of heat can melt
the n w O the contrary the gre ter the l eat
the more sol d f d the remai i g s o v be
come

Of the Russ a comma ders kut o alone
understood th When the fl ght of the Frencl
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f seen on the

t gu h them el es t cut ff to se e t
captu e a d to o er t row tle French and all
clamo ed for ct

kut zo al e used all h power (nd such
power i ry l m ted i the case of ny c m
m nde n ch ef) t p e ent n t t ck

He c uld n t tell them what e say now
Wly f ght why bl ck the ro d los ng ur
own men d i h m nly l ghter gunf r
t te wretcl es? What s th u e of th t len
th d f the r rmy h n elted aw y n the
ro d fr m M cov t Vyáz a w l ut ny
b tle? B t dra g f m h s ged v d m
wh t they could und rst d he t ld them of
the g lde b dge and th y l ugled at and
la de d l m fl g ng th msel s on rend
a l t

two French co ps nd by w y of repo t g
the te t n to kut v they se t h m a
bl k sl ct of p pe nanen el pe

And try s kut m ght t estra n the
t oop our men t t led try t bar the
d l f nt y eg m s w are t ld ad
an ed to the t t ck th mus and w t
d um b t g d k lled and lost thous d
f m n

But th y d d not cut off o o e th ow ny
body and th Fre ch army clos g up mo
firmly t th d ng co t n d while ste d ly
melt g aw y to p rsue t s f al path to Smo-
lén k.

seemed to him quite possible

Everywhere Kutuzov retreated but the enemy without waiting for his retreat fled in the opposite direction

Napoleon's historians describe to us his skilled maneuvers at Tarutino

into the rich southern provinces

But not to speak of the fact that nothing prevented him from advancing into those southern provinces (for the Russian army did not bar his way) the historians forget that nothing could have saved his army for then already it bore within itself the germs of inevitable ruin. How could that army—which had found abundant supplies in Moscow and had trampled them underfoot instead of keeping them and on arriving at Smolensk had looted provisions instead of storing them—how could that army recuperate in Kaluga province which was inhabited by Russians such as those who lived in Moscow and where fire had the same property of consuming what was set ablaze?

That army could not recover anywhere. Since the battle of Borodino and the pillage of Moscow it had borne within itself as it were the chemical elements of dissolution.

The members of what had once been an army—Napoleon himself and all his army—

on the hopelessness of which they were all more or less vaguely conscious

So it came about that at the council at Malo-Yaroslavets when the generals pretending to confer together expressed various opinions all mouths were closed by the opinion uttered by the simple minded soldier Mouton who speaking last said that they all felt that the one thing needful was to get away as quickly as possible and no one not even Napoleon could say anything against that truth which they all recognized.

But though they all realized that it was necessary to get away there still remained a feeling of shame at admitting that they must flee. An external shock was needed to overcome that shame and this shock came in due time. It was that the French called *le Journa de l'Empereur*

No one was able to cheer the Russian troops gave when charging the enemy—T

The day after the council at Malo-Yaroslavets Napoleon rode out early in the morning amid the lines of his army with his suite of marshals and an escort on the pretext of inspecting the army and the scene of his retreat.

by nearly empty with

the army the booty on which the Cossacks fell. Here as at Tarutino they went after plunder leaving the men. Disregarding Napoleon they rushed after the plunder and Napoleon managed to escape.

When *les enfants du Don* might so easily have taken the Emperor himself in the midst of his army it was clear that there was nothing for it but to fly as fast as possible along the nearest familiar road. Napoleon with his forty year-old stomach understood that hint not feeling his former agility and boldness and under the influence of the fright the Cossacks had given him he at once agreed with Mouton and issued orders—as the historians tell us—to retreat by the Smolensk road.

That Napoleon agreed with Mouton and that the army retreated does not prove that Napoleon caused it to retreat but that the forces which influenced the whole army and directed it along the Moshdysk (that is the Smolensk) road acted simultaneously on him also.

CHAPTER XIX

A MAN IN MOTION always devises an aim for that motion. To be able to go a thousand miles he must imagine that something good is at the end of those thousand miles. One must have the prospect of a promised land to have the strength to move.

The promised land for the French during their advance had been Moscow during their retreat it was their native land. But that native land was too far off and for a man going a thousand miles it is absolutely necessary to set aside his final goal and to say to himself "Today I shall get to a place twenty-five miles off where I shall rest and spend the night and during the first day's journey that rest place eclipses his ultimate goal and attracts all his hopes and desires. And the impulses felt by a single person are always magnified in a crowd."

For the French retreating along the old Smolensk road the final goal—their native

heroic feelings) and the whole innumerable multitude of such peasants, did not bring bay to Moscow for the high price offered them, but burned it instead.

Let us imagine two men who have come out to fight, and elude with rapers according to all the rules of the art of fencing. The fencer has gone on for some time suddenly one of the combatants, feeling himself wounded and understanding that the matter is no joke but concerns his life, throw down his rapier and seizing the first cudgel that comes to hand

ty but consistently and belabored the French till the whole array had perished.

And it is well for a people who do not—as the French did in 1813—salute a cord of all the rules of art, and present the hilt of the rapier gracefully and politely hand it to their magnanimous conqueror but at the moment of trial without a knowing what rules others have adopted in similar cases simply and easily pick up the first cudgel that comes to hand and strike with it till the feeling of resentment and revenge in the soul yields to a feeling of contempt and compassion.

CHAPTER II

ONE OF THE most obvious advantages of departures from the so-called laws of war is the action of scattered groups against men pressed together in mass. Such action always occurs in wars that take on a national character. In such cases instead of two crowds opposing each other the men disperse and attack singly in any way when attacked by stronger forces but gain attack when opportunity offers. This was done by the guerrillas in Spain, by the mountain tribes in the Caucasus and by the Russians in 18.

People have called this kind of war guerrilla warfare and assume that by so calling it they have explained it. But such a war does not fit in under any rule and is directly opposed to a well known rule of tactics which is accepted as infallible. That rule says that an attacker should concentrate his forces in order to be stronger than his opponent at the moment of conflict.

Guerrilla war (always successful as history shows) directly violates that rule.

This contradiction arises from the fact that military science assumes the strength of an army to be identical with its numbers. Military science says that the more troops the greater the strength. *Le gros bat le petit toujours* is

For military science to say this is like finding momentum mechanics by inference to the mass only that momenta are equal or unequal to each other simply because the masses inolved are equal or unequal.

Momentum (quantity of motion) is the product of mass and velocity.

In military affairs the strength of an army is the product of its mass and some unknown factor.

Military science sees in history numerous instances of the fact that the use of any

Large battalions are always victorious.

chivalry and, desiring to conceal the facts of the case, insisted that he had gained his victory with the rapier according to all the rules of art. One can imagine what confusion and obscurity would result from such an account of the deed.

The fencer who demanded contest according to the rules of fencing was the French army; his opponent who threw away the rapier and snatched the cudgel was the Russian people; those who try to explain the matter according to the rules of fencing are the historians who have described the event.

— — — — — it was begun

and the renewed treaty, the burning of Moscow, the capture of marauders, the seizure of transports, and the guerrilla war were all departures from the rules.

No one felt this, and from the time he took up the correct fencing tutored in Moscow and instead of his opponent rapier saw cudgel raised above his head he did not cease to complain. Kuuzo and to the Emperor Alexander that war was being carried on contrary to all the rules—as if there were any rules for killing people. In proof of the complaint the French as to the nonobservance of the rules, spoke of the fact that to some hostile played Russians it seemed rather disagreeable to fight with cudgel if they wanted to assume the pose of an artist or conform to all the rules, and to make an abrupt thrust en prime and so forth. Cudgel of the people was well liked with its menacing and majestic strength, and without consulting tactics or rules and regardless of any theory, it rose and fell with the up and down

Book Fourteen: 1812

*

CHAPTER I

THE BATTLE OF BORODINÓ with the occupation of Moscow that followed it and the flight of the French without further conflicts is one of the most instructive phenomena in history.

All historians agree that the external activity of states and nations in their conflicts with one another is expressed in wars and that as a direct result of greater or less success in war the political strength of states and nations increases or decreases.

Strange as may be the historical account of how some king or emperor having quarreled with another collects an army fights his enemy's army gains a victory by killing three, five or ten thousand men and subjugates a kingdom and an entire nation of several millions all the facts of history (as far as we know it) confirm the truth of the statement that the greater or lesser success of one army against another is the cause or at least an essential indication of an increase or decrease in the strength of the nation—even though it is unintelligible why the defeat of an army—a hundredth part of a nation—should oblige that whole nation to submit. An army gains a victory and at once the rights of the conquering nation have increased to the detriment of the defeated. An army has suffered defeat and at once a people loses its rights in proportion to the severity of the reverse and if its army suffers a complete defeat the nation is quite subjugated.

So according to history it has been found from the most ancient times and so it is to our own day. All Napoleon's wars serve to confirm this rule. In proportion to the defeat of the Austrian army Austria loses its rights and the rights and the strength of France increase. The victories of the French at Jena and Auerstadt destroy the independent existence of Prussia.

But then in 1812 the French gain a victory near Moscow. Moscow is taken and after that with no further battles it is not Russia that

ceases to exist but the French army of six hundred thousand and then Napoleonic France itself. To strain the facts to fit the rules of history to say that the field of battle at Borodinó remained in the hands of the Russians or that after Moscow there were other battles that destroyed Napoleon's army is impossible.

After the French victory at Borodinó there was no general engagement nor any that were at all serious yet the French army ceased to exist. What does this mean? If it were an example taken from the history of China we might say that it was not an historic phenomenon (which is the historians' usual expedient when anything does not fit their standards) if the matter concerned some brief conflict in which only a small number of troops took part we might treat it as an exception but this event occurred before our fathers' eyes and for them it was a question of the life or death of the fatherland and it happened in the greatest of all known wars.

The period of the campaign of 1812 from the battle of Borodinó to the expulsion of the French proved that the winning of a battle does not produce a conquest and is not even an invariable indication of conquest. It proved that the force which decides the fate of peoples lies not in the conquerors nor even in armies and battles but in something else.

The French historians describe the condition of the French army before it left Moscow affirming that all was in order in the Grand Army except the cavalry, the artillery and the transport—there was no forage for the horses or the cattle. That was a misfortune, no one could remedy for the elements of the winter turned the railway rather than let the French have it.

The victory gained did not have the usual results because the peasants kept and hid (who after the French had attacked Moscow drove in their carts to pillage the town and in general personally failed to manifest any

There were some that adopted all the
methods and had no other art but
the comforts of life. Others con-
sidered so. I of Cossack cavalry. There were
a small sort of groves of foot and horse and
peasants and land with trees that re-
mained unknown. A sacristan commanded one

and renowned a general he had to fight
that pleasure because he was already under the
command of the Polish general. To the Polish
general he replied to the same effect, inform-
ing him that he was already under the com-
mand of the German.

He arranged matters thus. De so a I
Dolokho intended without reporting nat-
tars to the higher command to attack and
seize the town with the town militia.
On October 22 it was moving from the place
of M'kul' to that of Shamshevo. To the left
of the road between M'kul' and Shamshevo
there were large forests, extending in some
places up to the road itself though in others a
mile or more back from it. Through these
forests Dolokho and his party rode. They
sometimes keeping well back from them
so that men could not see the edge but ne-
vertheless hit the moving French. The Ger-
man Cossacks of Denso's party hid

and carried off into the forest two wagons
loaded with cavalry saddles, which had to be
in the mud not far from M'kul' where the
forest ran close to the road. Since then and
until now the party has waited the move-
ment of the French without taking any
necessary steps. The French read Shamshevo
quite without alarm in the morning and then
joining Dolokho who was to come to the fore-
st to consult on what to do but in
the forest less than a mile from Shamshevo to
surprise the French they fell like
rain on the heads from two sides, and
roared and capture them all in one blow.

In their rear more than a mile from M'ku-
lino where the forest came right up to the
road the Cossacks were posted to repulse any
fresh columns of French should they show them-
selves.

Beyond Shamshevo, Dolokho was to ob-
serve the road in the same way to find out what
disturbance there were other French troops. They
reckoned that the command had fifteen hundred
men and two hundred and Dolokho
might be more but the part
of numbers did not deter Dolokho. All that he
now wanted to know was what troops there
were and to learn that he had to capture a
tongue—that is, a man from the enemy col-
umn. That morning at attack in the wagon
had been made so that the French men
with the wagon had been killed. A
little drum had been taken along and
it was tragic he could tell them nothing
in the end about the troops in that column.

passed by the party's schemes. At the
time of boldness, feared every minute to
be surrounded and captured by the French
and had the forests without a single
hardly during the month of winter expect-
ing to be pursued. But the end of October the
kind of warfare had taken the shape of
become least what could be expected
against the French and what could not now
by the command of the detachment with
staffs, and no accord to rules at a dis-
tance from the French, still rewarded in any
way as impossible. The small band that had
started their action in the forest had
observed the French closely considered

of the guerrilla thus. Since the
beginning of the party had been in the mo-
untain he had been waiting for from the
forest that killed the highway. The French
with cavalry baggage and Russian prisoners
separated from the rest of the army which
was as learned from prisoners and prisoners—
two under strong escort. Small numbers be-
cause Denso and Dolokho (who led
small party) did not know the
the commanders of some large divisions with
two look with this command divisions
expressed it, were sharp in the teeth of
two of the commanders of large parties—

Placed in the other German—
vitality of Denso almost multiplied re-
quest him to join with the division
to attack the command.

His brother had grown much heavier
and said Denso read in the docu-
ment that he wrote to the German that de-
spite his heartfelt desire to serve under so

army does not coincide with its strength and that small detachments defeat larger ones obscurely admits the existence of this unknown factor and tries to discover it—now in a geometric formation now in the equipment employed now and most usually in the genius of the commanders. But the assignment of these various meanings to the factor does not yield results which accord with the historic facts.

Yet it is only necessary to abandon the false view (adopted to gratify the heroes) of the efficacy of the directions issued in wartime by commanders in order to find this unknown quantity.

That unknown quantity is the spirit of the army that is to say the greater or lesser readiness to fight and face danger felt by all the men composing an army quite independently of whether they are or are not fighting under the command of a genius in two- or three line formation with cudgels or with rifles that repeat thirty times a minute. Men who want to fight will always put themselves in the most advantageous conditions for fighting.

The spirit of an army is the factor which multiplied by the mass gives the resulting force. To define and express the significance of this unknown factor—the spirit of an army—is a problem for science.

This problem is only solvable if we cease arbitrarily to substitute for the unknown x itself the conditions under which that force becomes apparent—such as the commands of the general, the equipment employed and so on—mistaking these for the real significance of the factor and if we recognize this unknown quantity in its entirety as being the greater or lesser desire to fight and to face danger. Only then, expressing known historic facts by equations and comparing the relative significance of this factor can we hope to define the unknown.

Ten men battalions or divisions fighting fifteen men battalions or divisions conquer—that is kill or take captive—all the others while themselves losing four so that on the one side four and on the other fifteen were lost. Consequently the four were equal to the fifteen and therefore $4x=15y$. Consequently $x/y=15/4$. This equation does not give us the value of the unknown factor but gives us a ratio between two unknowns. And by bringing variously selected historic units (battles, campaigns, periods of war) into such equations a series of numbers could be obtained in

which certain laws should exist and might be discovered.

The tactical rule that an army should act in masses when attacking and in smaller groups in retreat unconsciously confirms the truth that the strength of an army depends on its spirit. To lead men forward under fire more discipline (obtainable only by movement in masses) is needed than is needed to resist attacks. But this rule which leaves out of account the spirit of the army continually proves incorrect and is in particularly striking contrast to the facts when some strong rise or fall in the spirit of the troops occurs as in all national wars.

The French retreating in 1812—though according to tactics they should have separated into detachments to defend themselves—congregated into a mass because the spirit of the army had so fallen that only the mass held the army together. The Russians on the contrary ought according to tactics to have attacked in mass but in fact they split up into small units because their spirit had so risen that separate individuals without orders dealt blows at the French without needing any compulsion to induce them to expose themselves to hardships and dangers.

CHAPTER III

THE SO CALLED PARTISAN WAR began with the entry of the French into Smolensk.

Before partisan warfare had been officially recognized by the government thousands of enemy stragglers, marauders and foragers had been destroyed by the Cossacks and the peasants who killed them off as instinctively as dogs worry a stray mad dog to death. Denis Davydov with his Russian instinct was the first to recognize the value of this terrible cudgel which regardless of the rules of military science

On August 24 Davydov's first partisan detachment was formed and then others were recognized. The further the campaign progressed the more numerous these detachments became.

The irregulars destroyed the great army piecemeal. They gathered the fallen leaves that dropped of themselves from the withered tree—the French army—and sometimes shook the tree itself. By October when the French were fleeing toward Smolensk there were hundreds of such companies of various sizes and of all

up to Denisov and handed him a sodden envelope.

"From the general, said the officer. Please excuse us not being quite dry."

Denisov, frowning, took the envelope and opened it.

"There, let me tell you. It's dangerous, dangerous," said the officer, addressing the czar's wife. Denisov was reading the dispatch. But Komar and I—both pointed to the Cossack—were perplexed. We heard each of the two pistols. But what this he led, because the French drummer boy, a prisoner, you already been in action. May I speak to him.

"Wostoi?" Petva exclaimed. Denisov had run through the dispatch. "What did you say who you were and turn g with a smile he let out his hand to the lad."

The officer was Petva Rostov. All the way Petva had been preparing himself to behave with Denisov, befuddled grown-up man and an officer—without hunting. But as soon as Denisov smiled at him Petva brightened up, looked with pleasure at the official manner he had been rehearsing, and began telling him how he had already been in battle, ear to ear, and how certain Hussars had distinguished himself there.

"Well, I am glad to see you," Denisov interrupted him, and his face again assumed its anxious expression.

"Michael Feoklitch, said he to the czar's wife. This is again from the German, you know. He—be indicated Petva—is serving under him."

And Denisov told the czar's wife that the dispatch just delivered was repetition of the German general's demand that he should join forces with him for the attack on the transport.

If we don't take tomorrow with all the match from under our noses, he added.

While Denisov was talking to the czar's wife, Petva—bashed by Denisov's cold to and without any of the was due to the condition of his trousers—furiously tried to pull them down under his gaiters so that no one should notice it, but his attempt was in vain.

"Will there be orders, your honor?" he asked Denisov, holding his hand at the salute and resuming the game of adjutant and general for which he had prepared himself, or shall I remain with our honor."

"Orders?" Denisov repeated thoughtfully.

But can you stay till tomorrow?"

"Oh, please. May I stay with you?" cried Petva.

"But, just what did the general tell you to return to once?" asked Denisov.

Petva blushed.

"He gave me no instructions. I think I could," he returned, inquiringly.

"Well, I will wait," said Denisov.

And turning to his men he directed a party to go on to the halting place arranged near the watchman's hut in the forest, and told the officer on the Karghiz horse (who performed the duties of an adjutant) to go and find out where Dolokhov was and whether he would come that evening. Denisov himself intended to go on with the czar's wife and Petva to the edge of the forest where it reached out to Shishchevo to have a look at the part of the French border they were to attack next day.

"Well, old fellow," said he to the peasant guide, "lead us to Shishchevo."

Denisov, Petva, and the czar's wife accompanied by some Cossacks and the Hussars who had the prisoner rode to the left cross-rain in the edge of the forest.

CHAPTER V

THE RAIN HAD STOPPED and only the mist was falling and dropping from the trees. Denisov, the czar's wife and Petva rode silently through the peasant in the knitted cap who, stepping lightly with outturned toes and moving noiselessly, his bast shoes over the roots and wet leaves, silently led them to the edge of the forest.

He ascended an incline, stopped, looked about him, and advanced to where the screen of trees was less dense. On reaching a large oak tree that had not yet shed its leaves, he stopped and beckoned mysteriously to them with his hand.

Denisov and Petva rode up to him. From the spot where the peasant was standing they could see the French. Immediately beyond the forest, on downward sloping field of poppy. To the right, beyond deep ravine was a small village and a landowner's house with a broken roof. In the village, in the house, in the garden by the well, by the pond, over all the rain-soaked ground, and all along the road uphill from the bad leading to the village, not more than five hundred yards away crowds of men could be seen through the shimmering mist. Their Russian shouting, their horses which were straining uphill with the carts, and

Denisov considered it dangerous to make a second attack for fear of putting the whole column on the alert so he sent Tikhon Slicherbátý a peasant of his party to Shámshëvo to try and seize at least one of the French quartermasters who had been sent on in advance

CHAPTER IV

It was a warm rainy autumn day. The sky and the horizon were both the color of muddy water. At times a sort of mist descended and then suddenly heavy slanting rain came down.

Denisov in a felt cloak and a sheepskin cap from which the rain ran down was riding a thin thoroughbred horse with sunken sides. Like his horse which turned its head and laid its ears back he shrank from the dri

Denisov's fellow worker also in felt cloak and sheepskin cap and riding a large sleek Don horse.

Esaul Lováyski the Third was a tall man as straight as an arrow pale faced fair h

Just then yet at first glance at the *esaul* and Denisov one saw that the latter was wet and uncomfortable and was a man mounted on a horse while looking at the *esaul* one saw that he was as comfortable and as much at ease as always and that he was not a man who had mounted a horse but a man who was one with his horse a being consequently possessed of a fold strength.

A little ahead of them walked a peasant guide wet to the skin and wearing a gray peasant coat and a white knitted cap.

A little behind on a poor small lean Kirgiz mount with an enormous tail and mane and a bleeding mouth rode a young officer in a blue French overcoat.

Beside him rode an hussar with a boy in a tattered Russian uniform and blue cap behind him on the crupper of his horse. The boy held on to the hussar with cold red hands and raising his eyebrows gazed about him with surprise. This was the French drummer boy captured that morning.

Behind them along the narrow sodden cut up forest road came hussars in threes and fours and then Cossacks some in felt cloaks and some in French greatcoats and some with horse cloths over their heads. The horses being

A captain of Cos

drenched by the rain all looked black whether chestnut or bay. Their necks with their wet close clinging manes looked strangely thin. Steam rose from them. Clothes saddles reins were all wet slippery and sodden like the ground and the fallen leaves that strewn the road. The men sat huddled up trying not to stir so as to warm the water that had trickled to their bodies and not admit the fresh cold water that was leaking in under their seats their knees and at the back of their necks. In the midst of the outspread line of Cossacks two wagons drawn by French horses and by saddled Cossack horses that had been hitched on in front rumbled over the tree stumps and branches and splashed through the water that lay in the ruts.

Denisov's horse swerved aside to avoid a pool in the track and bumped his rider's knee against a tree.

Oh the devil! exclaimed Denisov angrily and showing his teeth he struck his horse three times with his whip splashing himself and his comrades with mud.

Denisov was out of sorts both because of the rain and also from hunger (none of them had eaten anything since morning) and yet more because he still had no news from Dólkhov and the man sent to capture a tongue had not returned.

There'll hardly be another such chance to fall on a traitor. He mustn't let them by.

Other day on will snatch the prey from under our noses thought Denisov continually peering forward and hoping to see a messenger from Dólkhov.

On coming to a path in the forest along which he could see far to the right Denisov stopped.

There's someone coming said he.

The *esaul* looked in the direction Denisov indicated and cried:

There are two an officer and a Cossack. But it is not *esaul pasale* that it is the lieutenant colonel himself said the *esaul* who was fond of using words the Cossacks did not know.

The approach of riders having descended a decline were no longer visible but they reappeared a few minutes later. In front at a very gallop and using his leather whip rode an officer drenched and drenched in those trousers he had worked up to above his knees. Behind him standing in the stirrup trotted a Cossack. The officer a very young lad with a broad rosy face and keen merry eyes galloped

up to Denisov and handed him the sodden envelope.
 From the general, said the officer. Please excuse it, not being quite dry.

Denisov frowned and took the envelope and opened it.

"There they kept it all the time. It is dangerous, dangerous," said the officer, addressing the general while Denisov was reading the dispatch. But Komaró said to him pointed to the Cossacks—were prepared. We have each of us two pistols. But what this he asked, because the French drummer boy, a prisoner, I already been in the M. I. speak to him.

Wostó Petya exclaimed Denisov had been running through the ditch. "What didn't you see who you were?" he turned with a smile and held out his hand to the lad.

The officer was Petya Rosó.
 All the way Petya had been preparing himself to behave with Denisov, befriended grown up man and an officer—with whom he had been previous acquaintance. But as soon as Denisov smiled at him Petya brightened and puffed with pleasure forgot the official manner he had been rehearsing and began tell him how he had already been in battle at Avizma and how certain Hussars had distinguished himself there.

"Well, I am glad to see you, Denisov," interrupted him, and his face assumed its anxious expression.

Michail Feoklyshin, said he to the said this is a fellow that German took with him—dedicated Petya—is serving under him.

And Denisov told the said that the dispatch just delivered was repeated in the German general demand that he should join forces with him for the sake of the transport.

If we do take Moscow with him in the few months, der Ursoes, he added.

While Denisov was talking the said Petya—abashed by Denisov's cold and disapproving gaze—was down to the cords of his trousers—furiously tried to pull them down under his great coat so that no one should notice his man's mortal necessity as possible.

"Will there be any delay for your horse?" he asked Denisov, holding his hand to his side and examining the game of the day and general which he had prepared himself shall remain with him.

"Orders?" Denisov repeated thoughtfully.

But can you stay till tomorrow?"
 Oh please, my I stay with you," cried

Petya.
 But, just what did the general tell you? To return to once?" asked Denisov.
 Petya blushed.

He gave me no instructions. I think I could have returned quietly.
 "Well, it is what," said Denisov.

And turning to his men he directed a party to go on to the halting place arranged near the watchman's hut in the forest and told the officer on the right horse (who performed the duties of a djutant) to go and find out where Dolokhov was and whether he would come that evening. Denisov himself intended to go with the said Petya to the edge of the forest where it reached out to Shímshévo to have a look at the part of the French boys they were to attack next day.

"Well, old fellow," said he to the peasant guide, "lead us to Shímshévo."

Denisov, Petya and the escort accompanied by some Cossacks and the Hussars who had the prisoner rode to the left across a ravine to the edge of the forest.

CHAPTER V

THE RAIN HAD STOPPED and only the mist was falling and drips from the trees. Denisov the said Petya rode slowly following the peasant in the knitted cap who stepping lightly with the turned toes and motionless in his bast shoes over the roots of wet leaves, silently led them to the edge of the forest.

He seemed to incline, stopped looked about him, and advanced to where the screen of trees was less dense. One reached a large oak tree that had not yet shed its leaves he topped and beckoned mysteriously to them with his hand.

Denisov and Petya rode up to him. From the spot where the peasant was standing they could see the French. Immediately beyond the forest, downward in the field of poplars. To the right, beyond the steep ravine was a small village and a dweller's house with a broken roof. In the village in the house in the garden by the well, by the pond, over all this is a great deal of all along the road uphill from the back leading to the village not more than five hundred yards way crowd of men could be seen through the shimmering green. The Russian soldiers turned their horses which were straggling uphill with the carts and

Denisov considered it dangerous to make a second attack for fear of putting the whole column on the alert so he sent Tikhon Shchierbátý a peasant of his party to Shámshevo to try and seize at least one of the French quarters who had been sent on in advance

CHAPTER IV

It was a warm rainy autumn day. The sky and the horizon were both the color of muddy water. At times a sort of mist descended and then suddenly heavy slanting rain came down.

Denisov in a felt cloak and a sheepskin cap from which the rain ran down was riding, a thin thoroughbred horse with sunken sides. Like his horse which turned its head and laid its ears back he shrank from the driving rain

fellow worker also in felt cloak and sheepskin cap and riding a large sleek Don horse.

Ivan Lovdyáski the third was a tall man as straight as an arrow pale faced fair haired with narrow light eyes and with calm self satisfaction in his face and bearing. Though it was impossible to say in what the peculiarity of the horse and rider lay yet at first glance at the *esaul* and Denisov one saw that the latter was wet and uncomfortable and was a man mounted on a horse while looking at the *esaul* one saw that he was as comfortable and as much at ease as always and that he was not a man who had mounted a horse but a man who was one with his horse a being consequently possessed of twofold strength.

A little ahead of them walked a peasant guide wet to the skin and wearing a gray peasant coat and a white knitted cap.

A little behind on a poor small lean Kirghiz mount with an enormous tail and mane and a bleeding mouth rode a young officer in a blue French overcoat

on the hussar with cold red hands and raised his eyebrows gazed about him with surprise. This was the French drummer boy captured that morning.

Behind them along the narrow sodden cut up forest road came hussars in threes and fours and then Cossacks some in felt cloaks some in French greatcoats and some with horse cloths over their heads. The horses being

A captain of Cossacks

drenched by the rain all looked black whether chestnut or bay. Their necks with their wet close clinging manes looked strangely thin. Steam rose from them. Clothes saddles reins were all wet slippery and sodden like the ground and the fallen leaves that strewed the road. The men sat huddled up trying not to stir so as to warm the water that had trickled to their bodies and not admit the fresh cold water that was leaking in under their seats their knees and at the back of their necks. In the midst of the outspread line of Cossacks two wagons drawn by French horses and by saddled Cossack horses that had been hitched on in front rumbled over the tree stumps and branches and splashed through the water that lay in the ruts.

Denisov's horse swerved aside to avoid a pool in the track and bumped his rider's knee against a tree.

Oh the devil! exclaimed Denisov angrily and showing his teeth he struck his horse three times with his whip splashing himself and his comrades with mud.

Denisov was out of sorts both because of the rain and also from hunger (none of them had eaten anything since morning) and yet more because he still had no news from Dólokhov and the man sent to capture a tongue had not returned.

There'll hardly be another such chance to fall on a transport as today. It's too risky to attack them by oneself and if we put it off till another day one of the big guerrilla detachments will snatch the prey from under our noses. thought Denisov continually peering forward hoping to see a messenger from Dólokhov.

On coming to a path in the forest along which he could see far to the right Denisov stopped.

Here's someone coming said he.

The *esaul* looked in the direction Denisov indicated.

There are two an officer and a Cossack. But
 1 lieutenant
 1 fond
 now

The approaching riders having descended a decline were no longer visible but they appeared a few minutes later. In front at a weary gallop and using his leather whip rode an officer disheveled and drenched whose trousers had worked up to above his knees. Behind him standing in the stirrups trotted a Cossack. The officer a very young lad with a broad rosy face and keen merry eyes galloped

up to De Iso and hand d h m a sodden en-
velope.

From th g eral sad tile officer Ple e
excuse us n t b ng qu t dry
Deniso f n g took the e el pe nd
pened t.

"There they kept t l l gus Its dangerous
da ge us, sad th ffe ddres ng
th esa l whil De iso wa read ng th dis-
p tch. B t K maró a d l -he p ted t
th Cossa k- er p ep ed We h e ead
fust p t l B twt th h ked
nousi g the F e h drummer boy A pris-
er? Yo e al eady bee ct on? M y l
speakt h m

"Wostó Péty l ex l m d Deniso h
ingru thro h thed p t h Why d dn t y u
say h y u w e dt n g w th smile
h held th ha d t the l d

The ficer as P ty R tó
All the way P ty had been p par l um
sell t beha w th De f b fitt d gr w n
up ma d ffe e -w t ut l t t
their p ev qua ta e B t as oon
De iso smiled t h m P ty bright ed p
blushed w th plea ur forgot tl offic l m n
er he had b h rs g d bega ll
hum h whe had l eady been n b t l n r
lyázma d h w c rta n hussar l d d st
gu hed hums lf the

"W l l m g l d t s y u Deniso ter
rupted h m d h f e ga ssumed ts
us exp ss

M cha l Feoklitych sad h t th l
th is ga fw m l t G rm y u k w
H -he d ted Péty - erv g u d
h m.

A d D iso t ld he l that tl d
p h just l eedw ep t t l th Ger
ma g eral dem d th t h h uld j
f es tl h m f tt k o th tra port.

If ed tak moww w l l h
f m d u es l d d d

Wh l D iso w t lk to th l
P ya- b hed ty D so ld t d
p pos g th t t w a d t the co d t n f
h tr users- f t ly t ed t p l th m d n
der hu grea oa so that o ne l ld no-
t, hul m ta g m l n as
poss bl

"Will th be y d rs y l he
shed D iso l ld h h d t l sal e
nd es m g t l gam f d j d g n
eral f which h had p p ed f ms lf
shall I em w th y h

Orders? De iso p ted l gh f lly

But can you stay t ll tomoww ow?

O! please May I tay with you? cried

Pétya

But ju t v h t d d the genewal tell you?

To w turn t once? asked Deniso

Petya blushed

H gave me no nstruct ons l th k I
co ld? he etu ned qu ly

Well ll w ht sad De Iso

And turn ng to h men he directed a p ty
to go n t the h lt ng pl ce rra ged ne r t le
wat l man hut n the f rest nd t ld the
offi er on the h ghí horse (who perf rmed
tl dut es of an dj t nt) to go nd fi d out
where Dólokho was and hether he w uld
me th t e e g Deniso h m elf intended

go g th th es l d P ty t the edge of
the f est wher t eached ut to Shám h
t h look t the p rt of t e F ench b
ou c they were t tt k ext d y

Well ld fell w sad he to the peasant
gu d le d us to Slám he

D niso Péty nd the es l ccomp n ed
ly some Co sa k d the hus who had the
p sone rode to th left across ra ine to the
ed e of the forest.

CHAPTER V

peasant th k tted cap w l tepp g
lghtly w th utturn d toes d mo g o se
les ly h s bast shoes e th roots d wet
l es le tly led them t th edge of the
f est.

He as e ded n cl e st pped looked
bout l m nd d a ced to where the scr n
f tr es w less d n e O re ch g a large
oak tree th t l d not y t sled us lea es l e
pped d beck ed my te ly t them
w th h nd

D n so nd Pétya ode up t h m Fr m the
pot wh the peas ntwa ta d g they could
ee th F e ch. Immed t lyb y d the f rest
d wnward l pe l y field of p grye
T th rght b y d a teep ra e a a
m l l l g nd l nd wner h use w th a
b k n oof In the ll g the h us n the
ga d n by th w ll by th p d o e l l t le
is g gro nd d all al ng th ro d uphill
from th b dge lea d t th llag n t
m e th n fi hu d d yards way cr wd of
m uld b e n thro h th h m m g
m t The U Russ n ho t t th horses
wh h were tra ng uph ll w th tl carts nd

their calls to one another could be clearly heard

Lying the prisoner here said Denisov in a low voice not taking his eyes off the French

A Cossack dismounted lifted the boy down and took him to Denisov Pointing to the French troops Denisov asked him what these and those of them were The boy thrusting his cold hands into his pockets and lifting his eye brows looked at Denisov in affright but in spite of an evident desire to say all he knew gave confused answers merely assenting to everything Denisov asked him Denisov turned away from him frowning and addressed the *esaul* conveying his own conjectures to him

Petya rapidly turning his head looked now at the drummer boy now at Denisov now at the *esaul* and now at the French in the village and along the road trying not to miss anything of importance

Whether Dolskhov comes or not we must seize it eh? said Denisov with a merry sparkle in his eyes

It is a very suitable spot said the *esaul*

We'll send the infantry down by the swamps Denisov continued They'll sweep up to the garden you'll wide up from there with the Cossacks—he pointed to a spot in the forest beyond the village—and I with my huskars from here And at the signal shot

The hollow is impassable—there's a swamp there said the *esaul* The horses would sink We must ride round more to the left

While they were talking in undertones the crack of a shot sounded from the low ground by the pond a puff of white smoke appeared then another and the sound of hundreds of seemingly merry French voices shouting together came up from the slope For a moment Denisov and the *esaul* drew back They were so near that they thought they were the cause of the firing and shouting But the firing and shouting did not relate to them Down below a man wearing something red was running through the marsh The French were evidently firing and shouting at him

Why that's our Tikhon said the *esaul*

So it is! It is!

The wascal! said Denisov

He'll get away! said the *esaul* screwing up his eyes

The man whom they called Tikhon having run to the stream plunged in so that the water splashed in the air and having disappeared for an instant scrambled out on all fours all black with the wet and ran on The French

who had been pursuing him stopped

Smart that! said the *esaul*

What a beast! said Denisov with his former look of vexation What has he been doing all this time?

Who is he? asked Petya

He's our *plastun* I sent him to capture a tongue

Oh yes said Petya nodding at the first words Denisov uttered as if he understood it all though he really did not understand anything of it

Tikhon Shcherbáty was one of the most indispensable men in their band He was a peasant from Pokróvsk near the river Gzhat When Denisov had come to Pokróvsk at the beginning of his operations and had as usual summoned the village elder and asked him what he knew about the French the elder as though shielding himself had replied as all village elders did that he had neither seen nor heard anything of them But when Denisov explained that his purpose was to kill the French and asked if no French had strayed that way the elder replied that some more-orderers had really been at their village but that Tikhon Shcherbáty was the only man who dealt with such matters Denisov had Tikhon called and having praised him for his activity said a few words in the elder's presence about loyalty to the Tsar and the country and the hatred of the French that all sons of the fatherland should cherish

We don't do the French any harm said Tikhon evidently frightened by Denisov's words We only fooled about with the lads for fun you know! We killed a score or so of more-orderers but we did no harm else

Next day when Denisov had left Pokróvsk having quite forgotten about this peasant it was reported to him that Tikhon had attached himself to their party and asked to be allowed to remain with it Denisov gave orders to let him do so

Tikhon who at first did rough work laying campfires fetching water flaying dead horses and so on soon showed a great liking and aptitude for partisan warfare At night he would go out for booty and always brought back French clothing and weapons and when told to would bring in French captives also Denisov then relieved him from drudgery and began taking him into him when he went out on expeditions and had him enrolled among the Cossacks

An nmo ted sl tpsl ooter—Tr.

BOOK FOURTEEN

Tikhon didn't like riding and always went on foot, ever lagging behind the cavalry. He was armed with musketoon (which he carried rather as a joke) a pike and an axe which he used as wolf uses its teeth. The equal use of skin fleas out of its fur or crunching lead bolts. Tikhon with the equal accuracy would attack with blows to arm length or hold the head of the axe would cut through the little pieces of carapaces. In Denis's sporty he had peculiar and except in his position. When anything particularly difficult or nasty had to be done—to push a cart out of the mud with one's shoulders, pull a horse out of a swamp by its tail skin, etc.—then the French could walk more than thirty miles a day—every body posted like a fly to Tikhon.

"I don't hurt that devil—he's strong as a horse," they said of him.

Once Frenchman Tikhon was trying to capture fired pistol him and his thumb in the fleshy part of the back. That would (which Tikhon treated lightly with internal and external

stomped peacefully into the forest. Among the trees man with his legs and long sleeves in a short jacket, bat shoes and

Denis he hastily bushes reminded his sudden hit by its floppy brim and approached his commander. It was Tikhon. His twinkled and pockmarked face and narrow little eyes beamed with self-satisfied merriment. He lifted his head and gazed at Denis.

"Well, where did you disappear to?" asked Denis.

"Where did I disappear to? I went to get Frenchmen," answered Tikhon boldly and hurriedly in a husky but melodious bass voice.

"Why did you push yourself there by day?"

"Oh, I took one right said Tikhon. Where he

"You see I took him first this dawn. Tikhon continued pead out his feet with outturned toes in the bast shoes. I took him in the forest. Then I he in good and thank I'll go and fetch him."

"You see," he went on—its just said thou hast, said Denis to the soldier. Why didn't you bring that one?"

"What was the good of bringing him?" Tikhon interrupted hastily and "I didn't on wouldn't have done for you. A friend of

wounded he sold me brought in prison. He was the best of most useful men in the part of the underground. I took no captured killed more Frenchmen. I do sequentially was made the best of all the Cossacks and hussars and will gladly repeat that role which had been sent by Denis. Right to Shimshevo to capture now. But whether because he had been chosen to take only on Frenchman or because he had leapt through the night, he had crept by day into some bushes right in front of the French. Denis had watched from above had been directed by them.

CHAPTER VI

ALEXANDER for some time with the said bolts. He said that which in new evening how easy they were to the French. He seemed to have decided. Denis turned his horse and rode back.

"Now my lad will go," he dwelt said to Peter.

As they approached the watchman used Denisov

lightly. Coming to the color of his skin. He starts and suddenly there were four of them. They rushed to meet with the little words. So I went for them with my axe this way. What're you up to? says I. Christ be with you. He uttered Tikhon was his arms with his scowl and thrown out his chest.

"Yes, we saw from the hill how you took to your heels through the puddles," said the soldier, screwing up his glittering eyes.

Petravily was tied to the horse but not tied that they'll refrain from following him. H

turned his eyes rapidly from Tikhon's face to the *esauls* and Denisov's, unable to make out what it all meant.

"Don't play the fool!" said Denisov, coughing angrily. "Why didn't you bring the first one?"

Tikhon scratched his back with one hand and his head with the other, then suddenly his whole face expanded into a beaming, foolish grin, disclosing a gap; here he had lost a tooth (that was why he was called Shcherbátý—the gap-toothed). Denisov smiled, and Pétýa burst into a peal of merry laughter in which Tikhon himself joined.

"Oh, but he was a regular good for nothing!" said Tikhon. "The clothes on him—poor stuff! How could I bring him? And so rude, your honor! Why, he says, 'I'm a general's son myself.' I've not got," he says,

"You are a brute!" said Denisov. "I wanted to question."

"But I questioned him," said Tikhon. "He said he didn't know much. There are a lot of us," he says, "but all poor stuff—only soldiers in name," he says. "Shout loud at them," he says, "and you'll take them all." Tikhon concluded looking cheerfully and resolutely into Denisov's eyes.

"I'll give you a hundred sharp lashes—that'll teach you to play the fool!" said Denisov severely.

"But why are you angry?" remonstrated Tikhon, just as if he'd never seen your Frenchmen! Only wait till it gets dark and I'll fetch you any of them you want—three if you like."

"Well, let's go," said Denisov, and rode all the way to the watchhouse in silence and frowning angrily.

Tikhon followed behind and Pétýa heard the Cossacks laughing with him and at him about some pair of boots he had thrown into the bushes.

When the fit of laughter that had seized him at Tikhon's words and smile had passed and Pétýa realized for a moment that this Tikhon had killed a man, he felt uneasy. He looked round at the captive drummer boy and felt a pang in his heart. But this uneasiness lasted only a moment. He felt it necessary to hold his head higher, to brace himself, and to question the *esaul* with an air of importance about tomorrow's undertaking, that he might not be unworthy of the company in which he found himself.

The officer who had been sent to inquire met Denisov on the way with the news that

Dolokhov was soon coming and that all was well with him.

Denisov at once cheered up and, calling Pétýa to him, said, "Well, tell me about yourself."

CHAPTER VII

PÉTÝA, HAVING LEFT his people after their departure from Moscow, joined his regiment and was soon taken as orderly by a general commanding a large guerrilla detachment. From the time he received his commission and especially

ta
be

at he grown up and in a perpetual ecstatic hurry not to miss any chance to do something really heroic. He was highly delighted with what he saw and experienced in the army, but at the same time it always seemed to him that the really heroic exploits were being performed just where he did not happen to be. And he was always in a hurry to get there; here he was not.

When on the twenty-first of October his general expressed a wish to send somebody to Denisov's detachment, Pétýa begged so piteously to be sent that the general could not refuse. But when dispatching him, he recalled Pétýa's mad action at the battle of Vyázma, where instead of riding by the road to the place to which he had been sent, he had galloped to the advanced line under the fire of the French and had there twice fired his pistol. So now the general explicitly forbade his taking part in any action whatever of Denisov's. That was why Pétýa had blushed and grown confused when Denisov asked him whether he could stay. Before they had ridden to the outskirts of the forest, Pétýa had considered that he must carry out his instructions strictly and return at once. But when he saw the French and saw Tikhon and learned that there would certainly be an attack that night, he decided with the

that Denisov was a hero, the *esaul* a hero, and Tikhon a hero too, and that it would be shameful for him to leave them at a moment of difficulty.

It was already growing dusk when Denisov

was sheltered in the glade; the fire was kindling glowing fires in a hollow of the forest here

the French could not see the smoke of the
passage of the small water house. Cossack
weres rolled up was chopping some mutton
in the room three officers of Deniso band
were con'erung doo into tabl t p Petya
took off his wet clothes, gave them to be dried
and once began help g the officers to fix up
the dinner table.

In ten minutes the table was read and a
napkin spread. On the table were vodka
fish of rum, white bread, roast mutton and
salt.

Then the table with the officers and tears of
the fat savory mutton with the hands, down
which the grease trickled, Petya was in a
constant childish state of laughter all men and
consequently I confidence that others led
him in the same way.

"So then what do you think of it?" Dmitri
travush said to Deniso. "It is all right my
savory day with you. And I wait for
replies answered his question. You
see I was told to find out—well I found it
out. Olyd let me to the ryba
the chief. I don't want reward. But I
want it."

Petya clenched his teeth and looked around
toward back his head and flushed his
arms.

"It is the ewychik Deniso repeated
with a smile.

Only please let me command something
so that I may really command. Petya went
on. "What would it be to you? Oh, you
want a knife? He said turn to the officer
he wished to cut himself piece of meat."

And he had ded him his clasp knife. The
officer admired it.

Please keep it. I have a great like to it. said
Petya, blushing. He then I was quiet
getting his added and cried. I have some
rags, fish, and you know needlessness. We
have ewychik and he has a capital
thing. I bought it in pounds. I am used to
something sweet. Would you like some?
and Petya ran up his passage to his
Cossack and brought back some bags which
contained about fish powder and raisins. He
some, get them here some.

"I want coffee pot. do you have asked
the salt. I bought capital one from our
sutler. He has splendid things. And he very
honest, that the chief things I'll be sure to
send to you. Or perhaps your flints are
worn out, are worn out—that happens some-
times, you know. I have brought some with

me here they are—and he showed a bag—a
hundred flints. I bought them very cheap.
Please take as many as you want, only if you
like."

Then suddenly dismayed lest he had said
too much Petya stopped and blushed.

He tried to remember whether he had not
done anything else that was foolish. And run-
ning over the events of the day he remembered
the French drummer boy. It came to his
mind here but what of him? Where had he been?
him. But he they fed him. He then they hurt
his feelings. He thought. But he caught
himself saying too much about the flints. He
was now afraid to speak out.

I might ask—he thought—but they'll say—
"He bo himself and so he pretends the boy
I'll know them tomorrow whether I am a boy
Will it seem odd if I ask Petya about it.
"Will never mind and mended tells bluish
and look anxiously at the officers to see
if they appeared concerned. He said
"I call it that boy who was taken prisoner
and gave him something to eat. Per-
haps."

Yes, he poor little fellow said Deniso
when he finally saw the shameful thing
remind. Call him in. His name is Vcent
Bossé. He has finished.

I'll call him said Petya
Yes, yes, call him. A poor little fellow—
Deniso repeated.

Petya was talking to the doo when Deniso
said this. He slipped in between the officers
and close to Deniso and said

hut.
Boss Vcent Petya cried, stopped out
side the doo.

"Who do you want, called once in
the darkness.

Petya replied that he wanted the French
who had been captured that day.

Ah Vésenn said Cossack
Vcent, the boy's name, had already been
chased by the Cossacks to the (river) and
into the by the peasants and sold rags.
In both these daptations the reference to
prison (or) matched the impression made
by the one lad.

He is warming himself there by the bon-
fire. He Vésé ya Vésé va—Vésenn I understand
g voices were heard calling to one another
in the darkness.

He's a smart lad said an hussar standing near Petya. We gave him something to eat a while ago. He was awfully hungry!

The sound of bare feet splashing through the mud was heard in the darkness and the drummer boy came to the door.

Ah c'est vous! said Petya. *Voulez-vous manger? N'ayez pas peur on ne vous fera pas de mal* he added shyly and affectionately touching the boy's hand. *Entrez entre*

Merci monsieur said the drummer boy in a trembling almost childish voice and he began scraping his dirty feet on the threshold.

There were many things Iétya wanted to say to the drummer boy but did not dare to. He stood irresolutely beside him in the passage. Then in the darkness he took the boy's hand and pressed it.

Come in come in! he repeated in a gentle whisper. Oh what can I do for him? he thought and opening the door he let the boy pass in first.

When the boy had entered the hut Petya sat down at a distance from him considering it beneath his dignity to pay attention to him. But he fingered the money in his pocket and wondered whether it would seem ridiculous to give some to the drummer boy.

CHAPTER VIII

THE ARRIVAL OF DÓLOKHOV diverted Petya's attention from the drummer boy to whom Denisov had had some mutton and vodka given and whom he had had dressed in a Russian coat so that he might be kept with their band and not sent away with the other prisoners. Iétya had heard in the army many stories of Dolokhov's extraordinary bravery and of his cruelty to the French so from the moment he entered the hut Petya did not take his eyes from him but braced himself up more and more and held his head high that he might not be unworthy even of such company.

Dolokhov's appearance amazed Iétya by its simplicity.

Denisov wore a Cossack coat had a beard had an icon of Nicholas the Wonder Worker on his breast and his way of speaking and everything he did indicated his unusual position. But Dolokhov who in Moscow had worn a Persian costume had now the appearance of a most correct officer of the Guards. He was

clean shaven and wore a Guardsman's padded coat with an Order of St. George at his button hole and a plain forage cap set straight on his head. He took off his wet felt cloak in a corner of the room and without greeting anyone went up to Denisov and began questioning him about the matter in hand. Denisov told him of the designs the large detachments had on the transport of the message Petya had brought and his own replies to both generals. Then he told him all he knew of the French detachment.

That's so. But we must know what troops they are and their numbers said Dolokhov.

It will be necessary to go there. We can't start the affair without knowing for certain how many of them there are. I like to work accurately. Here now—I couldn't one of these gentlemen like to ride over to the French camp with me? I have brought a spare uniform.

I'll go with you! cried Petya.

There's no need for you to go at all said Denisov addressing DólokhoV and as for him I won't let him go on any account.

I like that! exclaimed Petya. Why shouldn't I go?

Because it's useless.

Well, no, no.

cause

me w

Why not? Dolokhov answered absently scrutinizing the face of the French drummer boy. Have you had that youngster with you long? he asked Denisov.

He was taken today but he knows nothing. I'm keeping him with me.

Yes and where do you put the others? inquired DólokhoV.

Where? I send them away and take a receipt for them shouted Denisov suddenly flushing. And I say boldly that I have not a single man's life on my conscience. Would it be difficult for you to send thirty or three hundred men to town under escort instead of stainers?—I speak bluntly—staining the honor of a soldier?

That kind of amiable talk would be suitable from this young unit of sixteen said DólokhoV with cold irony but it's time for you to drop it.

Why I've not said anything! I only say that I'll certainly go with you said Iétya shyly.

But for you and me old fellow it's time to drop these amenities continued Dolokhov as if he found particular pleasure in speaking

Ah it's you! Do you want something to eat? Don't be afraid I'll hurt you. Come in come in. Thank you sir.

of this subject which irritated Den so. Now
 what have you kept this lad here without any way
 on his head. Because you are sorry for him.
 But I know those receipts of yours. You
 send hundred men away and thirty get there.
 The rest either starve or get killed. So not at
 all the same sort of sedition.

The soldier screamed up his little colored
 eyes, nodded vigorously.

"That is the point. I am not going to do
 constant matter. I do not wish to take it on my
 conscience. You say they will die. All right. Only
 not by my fault!"

Dól kho began laughing.

"Why hasten I them into captivity in these
 twenty times? But if they did catch me
 and I did turn me up in a pen tree, and you
 with all your chivalry just the same. He
 paused. However we must get to work. Tell
 the Cossacks to fetch my kilt. I have two French
 uniforms. Well, they will come with them
 he asked Petya.

"Yes yes certainly," cried Petya blushing
 almost to tears. "I will bring it. I will also
 While Dól kho had been disputing with
 Denisov what he should be doing with prisoners,
 Pétra had been effecting the workward and restless
 but he had not time to grasp fully what
 they were talking about. He grown up dis-
 tinguished me though so that much necessary
 and useful, though harsh. But boy Denisov
 must I dare to imagine that I'll be a hero and
 that he can deride me about. I will certainly go
 to the French camp with Dól kho. If I can,
 so can I."

And then Denisov persuades Petya re-
 plied that the two would be mediated every
 now and then.

the statement rode by his side.
 If we are caught here I will not be taken alive. I
 have a pistol which I have hidden here.
 But I will not say that Dól kho is a

the blood of the
 gratified his spirit.
 La Cier du 6^m replied Dól kho
 neither the horse nor the soldier's horse
 peace.

The black figure of the sentinel stood in the
 bridge.

"I do not do."
 Dól kho repeated in his horse and addressed
 the walk.

Dól kho said to the Gendarme
 a word.

"I do not do," repeated the sentinel bar-
 rier the way and not replying.

"Quel officier?" said Dól kho less than
 I do not do. I do not do. I do not do. I do not do.
 Dól kho suddenly flaring up and riding
 towards him at the sentinel. I do not do.

And without waiting for an answer from
 the sentinel who had stopped the Dól kho
 rode up the neck of the walk.

"Yes," the black outline of the man
 the road Dól kho topped him and quivered
 where the commander and officers were. The

of which French talk could be heard
 the campfires Dól kho returned to the court

certainly will go so far that he will
 it will only make things worse.

CHAPTER IX

Having put on his great coats and hakes,
 Petya and Dól kho rode through the clearing from
 the French camp had reconnoitred the French
 camp. They rode from the French camp
 down the descent into the hollow. On
 reaching the bottom Dól kho told the Cos-
 sack camp about him. They were there
 and rode to the quiet road
 the bridge. Pétra his heart in his mouth with

small caudrons in the
 sold in a peaked cap and blue
 up by the fire was kneeling beside the turn-
 is content with the ramrod.

Who goes there?
 La Cier du 6^m Regiment
 Pass on.

"I am," said Col. el Gera d here.

When the officer is making his rounds
 don't speak to him. He is passing on. I am a
 young colonel here.

Oh he's a hard nut to crack said one of the officers who was sitting in the shadow at the other side of the fire

He'll make them get a move on those fellows! said another laughing

Both fell silent peering out through the darkness at the sound of Dolokhov's and Petya's steps as they advanced to the fire leading their horses

Bonjour messieurs! said Dolokhov loudly and clearly

There was a stir among the officers in the shadow beyond the fire and one tall long-necked officer walking round the fire came up to Dolokhov

Is that you Clement? he asked Where the devil? But noticing his mistake he broke off short and with a frown greeted Dolokhov as a stranger asking what he could do for him

Dolokhov said that he and his companion were trying to overtake their regiment and addressing the company in general asked whether they knew anything of the 6th Regiment None of them knew anything and Petya thought the officers were beginning to look at him and Dolokhov with hostility and suspicion For some seconds all were silent

If you're counting on the evening soup you have come too late said a voice

at that night

He handed the horses over to the soldier who was stirring the pot and squatted down on his heels by the fire beside the officer with the long neck That officer did not rike his eyes from Dolokhov and again asked to what regiment he belonged Dolokhov as if he had not heard the question did not reply but lighting a short French pipe which he took from his pocket began asking the officer in how far the road before them was safe from Cossacks

Those brigands are every where replied an officer from behind the fire

Dolokhov remarked that the Cossacks

which had dropped and began putting direct questions as to how many men there were in the battalion how many battalions and how many prisoners Asking about the Russian prisoners with that detachment Dolokhov said

A horrid business dragging these corpses about with one! It would be better to shoot such rabble and burst into loud laughter so strange that Petya thought the French would immediately detect their disguise

Let them they could not see (he lay wrapped in a great cloak)

voices

Will they bring our horses or not? thought Petya instinctively drawing nearer to Dolokhov

The horses were brought

Good evening gentlemen said Dolokhov

Petya wished to say Good night but could not utter a word The officers were whispering together Dolokhov was a long time mounting his horse which would not stand still then he rode out of the yard at a footpace Petya rode beside him longing to look round to see whether or no the French were running after them but not daring to

Coming out onto the road Dolokhov did not ride back across the open country but through the village At one spot he stopped and listened Do you hear? he asked Petya recognized the sound of Russian voices and saw the darkness

their camp the bridge sentinel without saying a word paced morosely up and down it then they descended into the hollow where the Cossacks were told them

Well now goodly Tell Denisov at the first shot at daylight said Dolokhov and was all out to ride away but Petya seized hold of him

Really! he cried you are such a hero! Oh how fine how splendid! How I love you!

All right all right said Dolokhov But Petya did not let go of him and Dolokhov saw through the gloom that Petya was bending towards him and wanted to kiss him Dolokhov kissed him laughed turned his horse and vanished into the darkness

one replied

Well now he'll come away Petya thought every moment as he stood by the campfire listening to the talk

But Dolokhov restarted the conversation

Good day gentlemen

CHAPTER X

RETURNED to the watchman hut, Pétia found De Iso in the passage. He was waiting for Pétia's return, still of agitated anxiety, and self-reproach for having let him

"Thank God, he exclaimed, yes, thank God, he repeated, let me see Pétia's raptness of account. "But, don't take you I have not expected because of you! Well, thank God. Now let us do it. We can still get a nap before morning."

He said Pétia, I don't want to

He thought that De Iso was asleep, he rose and went to the doors. It was still quite dark outside. The rain was

the dim campfire gleamed red. Not all the Cossacks and hussars were asleep here and there, amid the sounds of falling drops and the muffled fire, but near by could be heard low voices which seemed to be whispering.

Pétia came, peeped into the darkness, and went up to the wagon. Someone was resting under them, and around them stood saddled horses munching their oats. In the darkness Pétia recognized his own horse, which he called Karabakh, though it was a Ukrainian breed, and went past.

"Well, Karabakh! Well, do some exercise tomorrow," said he, sniffing its nostril and kissing it.

"Where are you sleeping?" said the Cossack, who was sitting in the wagon.

"Ah, Likhachev, isn't that your name? Do you know I have just come back. We've been to the French camp."

And Pétia gave the Cossack details of his ride, but not of his object, and he considered it better to risk his life than to let just show.

Karabakh, a tract in the so-called Caucasian famous for its breed of horses.—T.R.

"Well, you should get some sleep now," said the Cossack.

"No, I am used to it," said Pétia. "I say, aren't the fellows in your party worn out? I brought some with me. Don't you wait any? You can have some."

The Cossack bent forward from under the wagon to get a closer look at Pétia.

Because I must meet them, he said accurately. "Some fellows do things just to show without preparation, and then they're sorry for it afterwards. I don't like that."

Just so, said the Cossack.

"Oh, yes, nothing there. Please, my dear fellow, come over to me? It's not the way you do."

Of course, I can. Likhachev got up, rummaged in his pack, and soon Pétia heard the warlike sound of steel on whetstone. He climbed on to the wagon and sat on its edge. The Cossack was sharpening the saber under the wagon.

"Is that all?" said Pétia.

"Some of them aren't—I know."

"Well, and that boy?"

Vesén'yev Oh, he's thrown himself down in the passage. For a leap after his flight. He was thoughtful.

After that Pétia remained silent for a long time, listening to the sounds. He heard footstep in the darkness, and a black figure appeared.

"What are you sharpening?" asked a man coming up to the wagon.

"Why, this gentleman's saber."

"That's right," said the man, whom Pétia took to be a hussar. "Was the cup left here?"

"There by the wheel."

The hussar took the cup.

It must be daylight, he thought, said he, yes, and went away.

Pétia ought to have known that he was not resting with Denisov's guerrilla band, less

who had made the cup was a hussar who wanted drink, but he knew nor wanted to know anything of it. He was

in a fairy kingdom where nothing resembled reality. The big dark blotch might really be the watchman's hut or it might be a cavern leading to the very depths of the earth. Perhaps the red spot was a fire or it might be the eye of an enormous monster. Perhaps he was really sitting on a wagon but it might very well be that he was not sitting on a wagon but on a terribly high tower from which if he fell he would have to fall for a whole day or a whole month or go on falling and never reach the bottom. Perhaps it was just the Cossack Likhachev who was sitting under the wagon but it might be the kindest bravest most wonderful most splendid man in the world whom no one knew of. It might really have been that a hussar came for water and went back into the hollow but perhaps he had simply vanished—disappeared altogether and dissolved into nothingness.

Nothing Petya could have seen now would have surprised him. He was in a fairy kingdom where everything was possible.

He looked up at the sky. And the sky was a fairy realm like the earth. It was clearing and over the tops of the trees clouds were swiftly sailing as if unveiling the stars. Sometimes it looked as if the clouds were passing and a clear black sky appeared. Sometimes it seemed as if the black spaces were clouds. Sometimes the sky seemed to be rising high high over head and then it seemed to sink so low that one could touch it with one's hand.

Petya's eyes began to close and he swayed a little.

The trees were dripping. Quiet talking was heard. The horses neighed and jostled one another. Someone snored.

Ozheg zheg Ozheg zheg hurred the siber against the whetstone and suddenly Petya heard an harmonious orchestra playing some unknown sweetly solemn hymn. Petya was as musical as Natásha and more so than Nicholas but had never learned music or thought about it and so the melody that unexpectedly came to his mind seemed to him particularly fresh and attractive. The music became more and more audible. The melody grew and passed from one instrument to another. And what was played was a fugue—though Petya had not the least conception of what a fugue is. Each instrument—now resembling a violin and now a horn but better and clearer than violin or horn—played its own part and before it had finished the melody merged with another instrument that be-

gan almost the same air and then with a third and a fourth and they all blended into one and again became separate and again blended now into solemn church music no —

1 —

It lurched forward. It's in my ears. But perhaps it's music of my own. Well go on my music! Now!

He closed his eyes and from all sides as if from a distance sounds fluttered grew into harmonies separated blended and again all mingled into the same sweet and solemn hymn. Oh this is delightful! As much as I like and as I like! said Petya to himself. He tried to conduct that enormous orchestra.

Now softly softly die away! and the sounds obeyed him. Now fuller more joyful! Still more and more joyful! And from an unknown depth rose increasingly triumphant sounds. Now voices join in! ordered Petya. And at first from afar he heard men's voices and then women's. The voices grew in harmonious triumphant strength and Petya listened to their surpassing beauty in awe and joy.

With a solemn triumphal march there mingled a song the drip from the trees and the hissing of the siber. *Ozheg zheg zheg* and again the horses jostled one another and neighed not disturbing the choir but joining in it.

Petya did not know how long this lasted. He enjoyed himself all the time wondered at his enjoyment and regretted that there was no one to share it. He was awakened by Likhachev's kindly voice.

It's ready your honor you can split a Frenchman in half with it!

Petya woke up.

It's getting light it's really getting light! he exclaimed.

The horses that had previously been invisible could now be seen to their very tails and a very light shone itself through the bare branches. Petya shook himself jumped up took a rule from his pocket and gave it to Likhachev then he flourished the saber tested it and sheathed it. The Cossacks were uniting their horses and tightening their saddles.

And here's the commander said Likhachev.

Denisov came out of the watchman's hut and having called Petya gave orders to get ready.

BOOK FOURTEEN

CHAPTER VI

CHAPTER VI

to m. t. H

to in t. H
cold water wa all l w d h eye we e
p r t i c u l a r l y b l l t Cold h e r s r a n d v n
h p a d h s w h l b o d y p u l e d r h y t h m
c a l l y

ally
Will sew with g w dy? ask d D niso
"B g the h rses

"B g the h rses
Th h rses we e brought D nt o wa
gry th the C ssack becau the ddl
grths e too lck repro ed h m nd
m t d Pérya put h f t the t rrup Hus
horse by hab t m d s t t n ph leg but
P tyal ped q ckly nt the ddle u n
sc us fhs we ht d tur gt look
t the h sars t rt g the d rkness bel d
lum rode p t De iso

miss Plea e [God ke l sa d

he
D iso med t h e f g t t n Péty s
ry ex t H tur dt gl n th m.
l ask e th g fy u he d ter ly t
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her
He d d n t s y ther w d t Petya but
od l ll th w y Wh n they h d
com t the edge f th f re t wa t bly
gr g light e th fell. D n t ik d n
h pers w th th l d tl Co k rod
p t P ty De iso Wh n th y had ll
rdd by De iso t led h l rse nd ode
d th h ll Sl p go t th l un hes

d th hll Slpp g o t th l un nes
d l d g th h res desc d d w th
ders t th ra Pety od b d Deni
so tl p lsa n f h body con tly n
crea g l l wa g g l ght d l g l te
b t the m t t l h d d t t b j t H g
ea hed th lley D look d b k d
odded t Cossa k bes d l m

Th gn ll s d h
Th Co sa k ra ed h m d h t ra g
t l ta t th t mp f h rs gall p
g f r e rd wa h d h t cam f m ari
des d th m h ts

At the first sound of the trumpet, the hoofs of the

... published in the and local ...

Frenchmen were running over the road. One of them fell in the mud under his horse's feet.

under h l o r s e s f e e t
C o c k s e e c d n a b u t a h t b u y
w h t s o m e t i g f o m t h e m d t f i l t e r w i
t e r b l e c r e m r e p t y g a l l o p e d u p a n l
t h e f i r s t t l h e s w a s t h e p l i c e a n t
t r e m b l g j w a f e c l m n c l u t c h g t l e
l n d l e f l n e t h a t h d b e e n m e d t h u m

Hurrah! Lads! ours! louted P'tya
a d g g r n to l s x ted horse he gal
The l l the illage stre t

Г чм н і д а л е л ь ф л е н "Тоо і те
га н і б і л е д т ь у г ь П е т ь н д а д і е

is ted tle n g i t befo w th Dólok h lle
F en l er m k g ta d the beh d a
watll f ne n a ga d n th kly o rgrown
th bush d w re fi g t the Coss cla
ho cr wded t tle gat way Throu h tle

p to l m
W t? H rrah h l l sh uted Pétya
nd w thout p u g m ment gall p d to
th pl e when e cam the d of f g
l he thesm lew thck t

A lley l r d s d s o m b u l l t s l t l e d
p t w h l d l s p l h e d o r t s o m e t h i n g
Th C o s s k d D o l k l g a l l p e d f t
P é t y t l e g a t w y f l e c o u r t y a d . I n t h e
d e n w a c g m o k s o m e f t h e F e c h
t h r w d w n t h e r m s d n o u t f t h e
b u h t m t t h C o l s w h l o t h e r s r a
d o w n t h l l l t w a d t h e p d P é t y s

galloping along the courtyard but instead of holding the reins he waved both his arms about rapidly and strangely slipping further and farther to one side in his saddle. His horse having galloped up to a campfire that was smoldering in the morning light stopped suddenly and Petya fell heavily on to the wet ground. The Cossacks saw that his arms and legs jerked rapidly though his head was quite motionless. A bullet had pierced his skull.

After speaking to the senior French officer who came out of the house

Denisov who was riding

toward him

Killed? cried Denisov recognizing from a distance the unmistakably lifeless attitude—very familiar to him—in which Petya's body was lying.

Done for! repeated Dólokhov as if the utterance of these words afforded him pleasure and he went quickly up to the prisoners who were surrounded by Cossacks who had hurried up. We won't take them! he called out to Denisov.

Denisov did not reply; he rode on.

He already gone white

I am used to something sweet. Raisins, fine ones, take them all! he recalled Petya's words. And the Cossacks looked round in surprise at the sound like the yelp of a dog with which Denisov turned away, talked to the wattle fence and seized hold of it.

Among the Russian prisoners rescued by Denisov and Dólokhov was Pierre Bezukhov.

CHAPTER XII

DURING THE WHOLE of their march from Moscow no fresh orders had been issued by the French authorities concerning the party of prisoners among whom was Pierre. On the twenty-second of October that party was no longer with the same troops and baggage trains with which it had left Moscow. Half the wagons laden with hardtack that had traveled the first stages with them had been captured by Cossacks; the other half had gone on ahead. Not one of those dismounted cavalrymen who had marched in front of the prisoners was

left; they had all disappeared. The artillery the prisoners had seen in front of them during the first days was now replaced by Marshal Junot's enormous baggage train conveyed by Westphalians. Behind the prisoners came a cavalry baggage train.

From Vyázma onwards the French army which had till then moved in three columns went on as a single group. The symptoms of disorder that Pierre had noticed at their first halting place after leaving Moscow had now reached the utmost limit.

The road along which they moved was bordered on both sides by dead horses, ragged men who had fallen behind from various regiments continually changed about, now joining the moving column, now again lagging behind it.

Several times during the march false alarms had been given and the soldiers of the escort had raised their muskets, fired and run headlong, crushing one another but had afterwards reassembled and abused each other for their causeless panic.

These three groups traveling together—the cavalry stores, the convoy of prisoners and Junot's baggage train—still constituted a separate and united whole though each of the groups was rapidly melting away.

Of the artillery baggage train which had consisted of a hundred and twenty wagons not more than sixty now remained; the rest had been captured or left behind. Some of Junot's wagons also had been captured or abandoned. Three wagons had been raided and robbed by stragglers from Davout's corps. From the talk of the Germans Pierre learned that a larger guard had been allotted to that baggage train than to the prisoners, and that one of their comrades, a German soldier, had been shot by the marshal's own order because a silver spoon belonging to the marshal had been found in his possession.

The group of prisoners had melted away most of all. Of the three hundred and thirty men who had set out from Moscow fewer than a hundred now remained. The prisoners were more burdensome to the escort than ever.

soldiers should have to stand and guard equally cold and hungry Russians who froze and begged for help on the road (in which case the order was to shoot them) was not merely incomprehensible but revolting. And the escort

s f i r a d m t h e g r e u s f e t t e y
 t h e m s e l e s e e m i g g a y t t e p t y
 t h e y f e l t t h e p n e r s n d s r e n d r
 t h e r w n p l i s t l l r s t e a t e t t e m t l
 p t c u l m e e s n d s e e t y
 t h e m s e l e w l e t l s o l d e r s f t h e

B a d r w y b t e w y
 t h e F h a d l o t .
 T l r r a n e m n t d p t d h e t h e y s t a t
 e d t h t h e f f e r p s o r s s h l l b e k e p t
 t h e f t h e r e t h l l n g s n e b e e n

O e
 k r a t a g a n f l l l w t h t h e f e v r h e h d
 s f f e r d f o m n t h l o s p t a l n M n d
 l g r e g r a d l l y w k P e r r e k e p t y
 f h m P d d n t k h y b t c
 k r a t a e v h d b e o u n t g r k e t l d
 t l n e f f t t g n e h m W i n l
 d d t h d t h e s b d u e d m w t h
 h h k r a t a e g r a l l y l y d n a t t l
 l l u g p l e c d w h l e m e l l e d t h e d
 e m t g f m h m w l h w n o t
 t h a b f P e r r e m e d f r t h e y d
 d d t t h k b u t l m

W l m p e d n t h e h d P e r r e h l
 l d t w d h s t e l l c t b t w t h h

t h t l l h p p e s t i m p
 b t f p f l t y A d d u g t e s
 l t h w k f t l m d h h d l e r r e d
 s t l t h e r w s e l t r y t u t h t t n t h
 g t h w l d t r i l e H h d l d
 t t t h e r e d w l h m
 t h n

f r e e w l l a s t l a l s e e m d t o l m - l e l a l b e e n
 n o m o r e f r e t l a n n w h e n t h e y l o c k e d h m
 p a t n g l t n a t b l e O f a l l t h t h e h m s e l f
 s b s e l e n t l y t e r m e d h s s u f f e r n o s b u t w h d
 t t l e t m e l e s c a r c e l y f e l t t h e w o r s t w a t h e
 s t e o f h s b a c r a w a n d c a b o v e r e d f e e t
 (T l e l e l l e l w s a p p e t z n g a n d n i r s l
 g t h e l i p t e r f l o r o f t h e g u n p o w d e r t h e y
 u s d n t e d f s l t w a s e e p l e a s a n t t h e e
 s a n g r e a t c o l d t w l w y w a m l k s g
 t l d s t m e n d a t g h t t h e r e w e r e t h e
 t m e l l a r d

A f t e t h s e o d d y s u a a
 x a m n l l f e t l y t h e c a n p h e t h o u g h t t
 u l d b e i m p s b l e t t a l k o n t e m b t
 l e n e r y b o l y g o t u p l e w e n t a l o n e l m p
 g d w e n l e l a d w a r m e d u p w a l k e d
 u t u t f e l t h e p t h u g h t t n t l l
 f e t e e m r e t e r b l t o l o o k t t l n b e f r e
 H w e r e l e d d t l o o k a t t e m n v b u t
 t h g l t o f o t l e t h e s

O l y n d d P e r r e r e l z e t h e f u l l s t r e t
 o f l i e m n n d t h v g p e r l e l a
 f i r a f r g l a t t e n o n f r m n e t h e
 t t h e w l c h l k e t h l t y u l
 o f b o l t l t a l l w a p e f l t e m t o
 b l w f l n t h e p r e s u e e c e e d a c e t a
 l m t .

H e d d n t e a d d d n t h e h o v t h e y
 l t t h e p r o n e r s w l l g e e d b h d t l u g h
 m e t l n l u d e d p e s l e l t t w y l l e
 d d n t t l k o f k r a t a e l o g r e e k

p e d e t f t l t p t h e l e l o d
 h m s l f w r e t h e j o y f u l n d t o m f r t
 t l u g h t s n e n e d m g t h a t c a m e
 t h m

CHAPTER XIII

A t t a y t h t w e n t y n d f o t b
 P r e w s g p h l l t h e m u d d y l p
 p y d l o o k g t h f e e t d t t h e l

r t h w l d g w g d l l e d w l e t l
 l w w r m g d t l h l l d p t
 t g l t d g l e s l e l d f f e d j t
 h d l w w l e l w l k e d w l b r e f t
 t t c o e d w t l s o e s j f t g h a
 h l g f l l p e s H d o d
 t h a h e l h a d m a r r e d l w l - o f l s w

galloping along the courtyard but instead of holding the reins he waved both his arms about rapidly and strangely slipping farther and farther to one side in his saddle. His horse having galloped up to a campfire that was smoldering in the morning light stopped suddenly and Petya fell heavily on to the wet ground. The Cossacks saw that his arms and legs jerked rapidly though his head was quite motionless. A bullet had pierced his skull.

After speaking to the senior French officer who came out of the house with a white handkerchief tied to his sword and announced that they surrendered, Dólokhov dismounted and went up to Petya who lay motionless with outstretched arms.

Done for! he said with a frown and went to the gate to meet Denisov who was riding toward him.

Killed? cried Denisov recognizing from a distance the unmistakably lifeless attitude—very familiar to him—in which Petya's body was lying.

Done for! repeated Dólokhov as if the utterance of these words afforded him pleasure and he went quickly up to the prisoners who were surrounded by Cossacks who had hurried up. We won't take them! he called out to Denisov.

Denisov did not reply; he rode up to Petya dismounted and with trembling hands turned toward himself the bloodstained mud bespattered face which had already gone white.

I am used to something sweet. Raisins, fine ones, take them all! he recalled Petya's words. And the Cossacks looked round in surprise at the sound like the yelp of a dog with which Denisov turned away, walked to the wattle fence and seized hold of it.

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CHAPTER VII

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The group of prisoners had melted away most of all. Of the three hundred and thirty men who had set out from Moscow, fewer than a hundred now remained. The prisoners were more burdensome to the escort than even the cavalry saddles or Junot's baggage. They understood that the saddles and Junot's spoons might be of some use but that cold and hungry soldiers should have to stand and guard equally cold and hungry Russians who froze and lagged behind on the road (in which case the order was to shoot them) was not merely incomprehensible but revolting. And the escort

"Why Pierre thought he detected sympathy and a desire to conceal this sympathy

The general in charge of the stores galloped after the carriage with a red and frightened face whipping up his skinny horse. Several officers formed a group and some soldiers crowded round them. Their faces all looked excited and worried.

"What did he say? What did he say? Pierre heard them ask.

While Pierre was passing the prisoners huddled together in a crowd, and Pierre saw Karatëv whom he had not yet seen that morning. He sat in his shirt over a lean gaunt branch tree. On his face be

pression of quiet solemnity

Karatëv looked at Pierre with his kindly round eyes now filled with tears evidently warning him to conceal the fact that he might say something to him. But Pierre was not sufficiently aware of himself. He made as if he did not notice that look and hurriedly away.

When the prisoners gathered toward Pierre looked up at Karatëv who still sat there at the side of the road under the branch tree and two Frenchmen were talking over his head. Pierre did not look up at him but went limping up the hill.

For a moment, while Karatëv had been sitting, he had heard the sound of a shot. Pierre heard it plainly but that moment he remembered that he had not yet finished his gunpowder. Many times he had begun before the marshal went by. And he was started back. Two French soldiers ran past Pierre on one of whom he carried a wounded man's leg. They both looked pale and in the expression on their faces—of them glancing timidly at Pierre—there was something reminiscent of what he had seen in the faces of the young soldier at the execution. Pierre looked at the soldier and remembered that two days before that man had burned his hair while drying it in the fire and how they had laughed at him.

Behind him, while Karatëv had been sitting, the dog began to howl. "What stupid beast! Why is it howling? That hit Pierre

says (he was great)

with him

the

and

he read them

while they were judging what was going on. And as they filled in the papers all in due form—their notes in an—time passed. The affair reached the Tsar. After while the Tsar's decree came to the merchant free of his compensation that had been awarded. The prisoner arrived and they began to look for the old man. Where is the old man who has been off lately?

A prisoner from the Tsar! so they began looking for him. He Karatëv lower trembled "but God had already forgave him—he was dead! That he was dear fellow! Karatëv concluded that for all time's sake gaze before him with smile.

And Pierre so I was dimly but joyfully filled by the story itself but by its mysterious significance by the rapture of joy that Karatëv's face as he told it and the mysterious significance of that joy.

CHAPTER XIV

A prisoner suddenly cried voice.

A pleasant feeling of excitement and an expectation (some things) joyful and solemn was roused in the soldiers' hearts. They found the prisoners. From the sides came smilingly dressed cavalrymen on good horses passing the prisoners to the guard. The expression on the faces showed that the people feel that the presence of the authorities. The prisoners thought together and were pushed off the road. They were dismissed.

"The Emperor! The Emperor! The Majesty! The Duke! He hardly had the look of a cavalryman before the carriage drawn by gray horses rattled by Pierre caught a glimpse of the cornered horse with the tall look of a handsome plump white cat. It was the marshals. His eyes filled in Pierre's large dark figure and the expression with which he frowned and looked

"To please

on the carrion. The dog was merrier and sleeker than it had been in Moscow. All around lay the flesh of different animals—from men to horses—in various stages of decomposition and as the wolves were kept off by the passing men the dog could eat all it wanted.

It had been raining since morning and had seemed as if at any moment it might cease and the sky clear, but after a short break it began raining harder than before. The saturated road no longer absorbed the water which ran along the ruts in streams.

Pierre walked along looking from side to

then go on! I felt harder!

It seemed to him that he was thinking of nothing but far down and deep within him his soul was occupied with something important and comforting. This something was a most subtle spiritual deduction from a conversation with Karatáyev the day before.

At their yesterday's halting place, feeling chilly by a dying campfire, Pierre had got up and gone to the next one which was burning better. There, that in Karatáyev was sitting covered up—head and all—with his greatcoat as if it were a vestment, telling the soldiers in his effective and powerful though now feeble voice a story Pierre knew. It was already past midnight the hour when Karatáyev was usually free of his fever and particularly lively. When Pierre reached the fire and heard Platon's voice enfeebled by illness and saw his pathetic face brightly lit up by the blaze, he felt a painful prick at his heart. His feeling of pity for this man frightened him and he wished to go away, but there was no other fire and Pierre sat down, trying not to look at Platon.

Well, how are you? he asked.

smile on his pale emaciated face and a particularly happy light in his eyes. You see, brother,

Pierre had long been familiar with that story. Karatáyev had told it to him alone some half-dozen times and always with a specially

as he told it communicated itself also to Pierre. The story was of an old merchant who lived a

good and God-fearing life with his family and who went once to the Nizhni fair with a companion—a rich merchant.

Having put up at an inn they both went to sleep, and next morning his companion was found robbed and with his throat cut. A blood-stained knife was found under the old merchant's pillow. He was tried, knouted and his nostrils having been torn off, all in due form, as Karatáyev put it, he was sent to hard labor in Siberia.

And so brother (it was at this point that Pierre came up) ten years or more passed by. The old man was living as a convict, submitting as he should and doing no wrong. Only he prayed to God for death. Well, one night the convicts were gathered just as we are with the old man among them. And they began telling what each was suffering for and how they had sinned against God. One told how he had taken a life, another had taken two, a third had set a house on fire, while another had simply been a vagrant and had done nothing. So they asked the old man: What are you being punished for, Daddy?—I, my dear brothers, said he, am being punished for my own and other men's sins. But I have not killed anyone or taken anything that was not mine, but have only helped my poorer brothers. I was a merchant, my dear brothers, and had much property. And he went on to tell them all about it in due order. I don't grieve for myself, he says. God it seems has chastened me. Only I am sorry for my old wife and the children, and the old man began to weep. Now it happened that in the group was the very man who had killed the other merchant. Where did it happen, Daddy? he said. When and in what month? He asked all about it and his heart began to ache. So he comes up to the old man like this and falls down at his feet. You are perishing because of me, Daddy, he says. It's quite true, bids that this man he says is being tortured innocently and for nothing. I, he says, did that deed and I put the knife under your head while you were asleep. I forgive me, Daddy, he says, for Christ's sake!

Karatáyev paused, smiling joyously as he gazed into the fire and he drew the logs together.

And the old man said: God will forgive you, we are all sinners in His sight. I suffer for my own sins, and I weep bitter tears. Well, and what do you think dear friends? Karatáyev continued, his face brightening more

sel ex. b. t. as they passed Dólokho who ge. dly
sw. tched his boots w. th h. whup a. d watcl ed
L. em. th cold glas y eyes that boded n. good
they became. lent. On the ppos. te. de. tood
Dolokhov. Cossack, count ng th. priso. rs
and mark. g off each hu. d ed w. th a chalk
line the gate.

How ma. y. Dólokhh. ked th. Cossack.
"Th. sec. d. h. dred. r. pl. ed th. Cos-
sack.

"File. file!" Dó. lkh. kept sa. g. ha
dopted this expres. from th. Fr. nch. nd
hen his eyes m. t. those of the priso. rs they
flas. ed with. cru. l. l. ght.

D. iso. b. cheaded. d. w. th. gloomy
face, walked beh. d. som. Co. sa. ks who were
carri. g. th. body of Pétra Rostó. to. h. le
that had been d. the garden.

CHAPTER XVI

AFTER THE TWELTY EIGHTH F OCT ER when
th. frosts began the f. oht of th. French as-
sumed. till m. re. tragic character with men
freezing or roast. g. them. l. es to de. th. t. the
campfires, whil. carna. es with peopl. dressed
in furs co. t. ued to dri. e. p. t. carry. g. way
the property that had been. tolen by th. Em-
pero. k. g. s. d. d. kes but th. process f. th.
th. t. d. d. tegrati. n. f. th. French army
ent. essentially. bef.

From Moscow t. Vyázma the French rmy
l. seven. three th. usand m. n. n. t. eck. ning
the Guards (who d. d. noth. duri. g. th.
whol. war b. t. p. llage) wa. reduced t. th. rty

arm m. lted wa. d. peri. hed t. th. sam
rate from Moscow to Vyázma from Vyázma to
Smol. k. f. om Sm. lén. sk to th. Berezina. d.
from th. Ber. t. V. I. — independently of
th. grea. er. lesser. ten. t. f. th. cold the
pursuit, th. barr. of th. way. n. other
p. rucula. d. u. Bev. d. Vyázma th.
Fren. h. army. tead of mov. n. th. ee. col.
m. huddled together to o. e. ma. d. so
ent. to th. nd. Berth. er. wro. t. his Em-
per. r. t. know how f. comma. d. off. ers
l. ow them. s. es to di. erg. from the truth in
describ. g. th. conditi. of n. rm.) nd th.
hat h. said.

I deem m. d. to report. You M. jesty th.
vision of the various corps I ha. had occasion

Get along get along!

t. bsen. d. ring d. fferent. tages. f. th. l. t. tw.
three days m. rch. They re. lmost disbanded.
Sca. cely. quarter f. the sold. rs. remain with th.
tanda. ds. f. th. regiments th. hers go. ff by
them. s. es. different direct. ns. h. ping. t. f. d.
food and escape discipline. In gen. ral they regard
Sm. lén. k. as th. pl. ce where they h. pe. t. eco. er.
D. ring th. las. few days ma. y. f. th. men h. e.
been cent. throw. ay the cartridges. d. th.
arms. I. ch. tat. f. fla. rs whatever.) It
m. t. pl. may be th. terest f.) M. jesty
service dem. ds that th. rm. h. ld be rallied t.

"f. ll be freed from in

applied th. troops will. l. ger be u. w. l.
in case f. an engagement.

N. ember 9 twenty miles from Sm. lén. k.

After stagger. g. to Smolén. sk which
eemed to them. pr. mised la. d, th. French,
search ng fo. food, k. lled. e. an. ther. sacked
th. ir own st. es and when everyth. had
been plundered fled farther.

They ll. we. t. w. thout knowing wh. ther or
why they wer. go. g. Still less did that gen. us
N. poleon know. t. f. no. ne. issued any
orders t. h. m. But st. ll. be. nd those bout
hum. tat. ed their. ld. hab. s. wrote. com-
mands l. tters. eports. nd orders of the day
called n. ther. s. m. coun. pri. ce
d'E. km. hl. d. N. pl. and so n. But these
o. ders. nd reports wer. o. ly on p. per. n. th.
n. n. them wa. cted upon f. they could n. t.
be carr. ed out. nd thou. h. they ent. tled one
a. ther. M. jest. es. High. ess. es. o. Cous. ns.
they ll. felt that they were m. serabl. wretches
who h. d. d. much ev. l. fo. wh. ch they h. d.
now to p. And though they p. t. ded to be
co. erned bout th. army each was th. king
only of h. m. self. nd of how to get. way qu. ckly
and sa. hums. ll.

CHAPTER XVII

THE O. X. IL. TS f. th. Russ. d. French
armies dur. g. th. camp. on fr. m. Moscow
back to th. N. em. n. were l. k. those n. game
f. Russian bl. dma. bluff, n. which tw.
pla. rs are bl. df. lded. d. on of them oc-
cas. n. lly. s. s. l. ttle bell to. f. rm. th.
ca. cher. f. h. wh. eabo. ts. Frst. h. r. s. his
bell fearlessly but when h. gets. to. ught.

CHAPTER XV

THE STORIES the prisoners and the marshal's baggage train stopped at the village of Shâm shevo. The men crowded together round the campfires. Pierre went up to the fire, ate some roast horseflesh, lay down with his back to the fire, and immediately fell asleep. He again slept as he had done at Mohács after the battle of Borodínó.

Again real events mingled with dreams and again someone, he or another, gave expression to his thoughts, and even to the same thoughts that had been expressed in his dream at Mohács.

consciousness of the divine. To love life is to love God. Harder and more blessed than all else is to love this life in one's sufferings, in innocent sufferings.

Karatáev came to Pierre's mind.

And suddenly he saw vividly before him a long forgotten, kindly old man who had given him geography lessons in Switzerland. Wait a bit, said the old man, and showed Pierre a globe. This globe was alive—a vibrating ball without fixed dimensions. Its whole surface consisted of drops closely pressed together, and all these drops moved and changed places, sometimes several of them merging into one, sometimes one dividing into many. Each drop tried to spread out and occupy as much space as possible, but others striving to do the same compressed it, sometimes destroyed it, and sometimes merged with it.

That is life, said the old teacher.

How simple and clear it is, thought Pierre. How is it I did not know it before?

God is in the midst, and each drop tries to expand so as to reflect Him to the greatest extent. And it grows, merges, disappears from the surface, sinks to the depths, and again emerges. There now Karatáev has spread out and disappeared. Do you understand my child? said the teacher.

Do you understand, damn you? shouted a voice, and Pierre woke up.

He lifted himself and sat up. A Frenchman, who had just pushed a Russian soldier away, was squatting by the fire, engaged in roasting a piece of meat stuck on a ramrod. His sleeves were rolled up, and his sinewy, hairy, red hands, with their short fingers deftly turned the ramrod. His brown, morose face, with frowning

brows, was clearly visible by the glow of the charcoal.

It's all the same to him, he muttered, turning quickly to a soldier who stood behind him. Brigand! Get away!

And twisting the ramrod, he looked gloomily at Pierre, who turned away and merged into the darkness. A prisoner, the Russian soldier, the Frenchman, had pushed away, was sitting near the fire, putting something with his hand. Looking more closely, Pierre recognized the blue-gray dog, sitting beside the soldier, and giving its tail.

Ah, he's come? said Pierre. And I sat—he began, but did not finish.

Suddenly and simultaneously a crowd of memories awoke in his fancy—of the look that he had given him, as he sat under the tree of the shot heard from that spot, of the dog's howl, of the guilty faces of the two Frenchmen as they ran past him, of the lowered and smoking gun, and of Karatáev's absence at this halt—and he was on the point of realizing that Karatáev had been killed, but just at that instant he knew not why the recollection came to his mind. Of a summer evening he had spent with a beautiful Polish lady on the veranda of his house in Kiev. And without linking up the events of the day or drawing a conclusion from them, Pierre closed his eyes, seeing a vision of the country in summertime mingled with memories of bathing, and of the liquid vibrating globe, and he sank into water so.

At last.

The Cossacks! one of them shouted, and a moment later a crowd of Russians surrounded Pierre.

For a long time he could not understand what was happening to him. All around he heard his comrades sobbing with joy.

Brothers! Dear fellows! Darlings! old soldiers exclaimed weeping as they embraced Cossacks and hussars.

The hussars and Cossacks crowded round the prisoners, one offered them clothes, another boots, and a third bread. Pierre sobbed as he sat among them and could not utter a word. He hugged the first soldier who approached him, and kissed him weeping.

Dólokhov stood at the gate of the ruined house, letting a crowd of dazed Frenchmen pass by. The French, excited by all that had happened, were talking loudly among them.

well as, but as they passed Dól kho who gently
switched his boots with his whip and watched
them. His cold glassy eyes that boded no good
they became lent. On the opposite side stood
Dól kho's Cossack contingent the prisoners
demanded off each hundred the chalk
line the gate.

How many? Dól kho asked the Cossack.
"The second hundred replied the Cossack."

"File file!" Dól kho kept saying ghaing
doped the eyes in front of the French and
his eyes met those of the prisoners they
shed their cruel light.

De Iso headed and with a gloomy
face, talked behind some Cossacks who were
carrying the body of Pétý Rostó to a little
hut that had been dug the garden.

CHAPTER XVI

AFTER THE TWENTY EIGHTH OF OCTOBER when
the frosts began the flight of the French as-
sumed a human

From Moscow the French army
flew by three thousand men not reckoning
the Guards (who did nothing during the
helter-skelter) was added to the

from Moscow the French army
from Smolensk from Smolensk the
from the Beresina — depeding if
the greater lesser the way or any other
part of the French army the
practical road. They the
French army the three col-
m. huddled together on the
to the end Bertha wrote the Em-
perors (knowing the French
flow themselves the French the truth
describing the condition of the French
that he said

I deem no report of the French the
condition of the various corps I had occasion
to go along, got long

be seen to throw away the
arms I have the interest of Majesty
my dear mother the French the
Smolensk the first of the French from

— after the necessary
I get
olders
need
ded
This
rs in
medy
control

Number twenty miles to the

After the engagement the French
came to them the French
each of food killed another sacked
the town to escape and when the French
been plundered fled further

They then went without knowing the
why they were going still less did they know
Napoleon knew the French the
orders to him But still he and those about
him decided the old habits wrote com-

orders reports only on paper
gave them a false picture of the
barricade and the French the
another Majesty Highnesses of the
they lifted them they were miserable wretches
hounded the French the French
n to pay And though they pretended to be
concerned about the French the French
only the French the French the French
and himself

CHAPTER XVII

To the French the Russian and French
armies during the campaign in Moscow
the French the French the French the
of Russian bluffs the French the
plains the French the French the
causally the French the French the
the French the French the French the
bell fell slowly but when he gets the light

CHAPTER XV

THE STORES the prisoners and the marshal's baggage train stopped at the village of Shâm shevo. The men crowded together round the campfires. Pierre went up to the fire ate some roast horseflesh lay down with his back to the fire and immediately fell asleep. He again slept as he had done at Mozháysk after the battle of Borodínó.

Again real events mingled with dreams and again someone he or another gave expression to his thoughts and even to the same thoughts that had been expressed in his dream at Mozháysk.

Life is everything. Life is God. Everything changes and moves and that movement is God. And while there is life there is joy in consciousness of the divine. To love life is to love God. Harder and more blessed than all else is to love this life in one's sufferings in innocent sufferings.

Karatiev came to Pierre's mind.

And suddenly he saw vividly before him a long forgotten kindly old man who had given him geography lessons in Switzerland. Wait a bit said the old man and showed Pierre a globe. This globe was alive—a vibrating ball without fixed dimensions. Its whole surface consisted of drops closely pressed together and all these drops moved and changed places sometimes several of them merging into one sometimes one dividing into many. Each drop tried to spread out and occupy as much space as possible but others striving to do the same compressed it sometimes destroyed it and sometimes merged with it.

That is life said the old teacher.

How simple and clear it is thought Pierre.

How is it I did not know it before?

God is in the midst and each drop tries to expand so as to reflect Him to the greatest extent. And it grows merges disappears from the surface sinks to the depths and again emerges. There now Karatiev has spread out and disappeared. Do you understand my child? said the teacher.

Do you understand damn you? shouted a voice and Pierre woke up.

He lifted himself and sat up. A Frenchman who had just pushed a Russian soldier away was squatting by the fire engaged in roasting a piece of meat stuck on a ramrod. His sleeves were rolled up and his sinewy hairy red hands with their short fingers deftly turned the ramrod. His brown morose face with frowning

brows was clearly visible by the glow of the charcoal.

It is all the same to him he muttered turning quickly to a soldier who stood behind him. Brigand! Get away!

And twisting the ramrod he looked gloomily at Pierre who turned away and grazed into the darkness. A prisoner the Russian soldier the Frenchman had pushed away was sitting near the fire putting something with his hand. Looking more closely Pierre recognized the blue gray dog sitting beside the soldier as ging his tail.

What's come? said Pierre. And what—he began but did not finish.

Suddenly and simultaneously a crowd of memories awoke in his fancy—of the look Platon had given him as he sat under the tree of the shot heard from that spot of the do a howl of the guilty faces of the two Frenchmen as they ran past him of the lowered and smoking gun and of Karatiev's absence at this halt—and he was on the point of realizing that Karatiev had been killed but just at that instant he knew not why the recollection came to his mind of a summer evening he had spent with a beautiful Polish lady on the veranda of his house in Kiev. And without linking up the events of the day or drawing a conclusion from them Pierre closed his eyes seeing a vision of the country in summertime mingled with memories of fishing and of the liquid vibrating globe and he sank into a slumber so that it closed over his head.

Before sunrise he was awakened by shouts and loud and rapid firing. French soldiers were running past him.

The Cossacks! one of them shouted and a moment later a crowd of Russians surrounded Pierre.

For a long time he could not understand what was happening to him. All around he heard his comrades sobbing with joy.

Brothers! Dear fellows! Darlings! old soldiers exclaimed weeping as they embraced Cossacks and hussars.

The hussars and Cossacks crowded round the prisoners one offered them clothes in other boots and a third bread. Pierre sobbed as he sat among them and could not utter a word. He hugged the first soldier who approached him and kissed him weeping.

Dolokhov stood at the gate of the ruined house letting a crowd of disarmed Frenchmen pass by. The French excited by all that had happened were talking loudly among them.

command, and to have walked both with
both sick and sound.

For ease of temperature I sit temper d
I sit temper d but nevertheless immed
I ran war again, but don't get is late
the scattered fragments of the arm he left
behind.

Then are told of the greatness of soul
of the marshals, especially of Ney—a greatness
of soul consist in this that he made his way
both what are d thro' the forest and cross
the Dnieper, escaped the Orshid band
his standards, artillery, and in ten tenths of his
men.

And last, the final departure of the great
Emperor from his heroic run presented to
us both his heroic somethin' great d
characteristic of genius. Even the final run
was described in ordinary language
the lower depth of baseless which every child
thought to be ashamed of—even that it did
not make the historians language.

When is impossible to treat the heroic
last threads of his calculations (in)
further when actions are called to try to
all that humanity calls right on in just the
honourable prodigious concept of
greatness. Greatness, it seems, exists in the
standards of his d'wro. For the great
man nothing was other than a trophy for
which great man can be blamed.

For the great man's sake, the great
there no longer exists the good of the great
only great d'nt great d'nt G d'nt good
not great d'nt G d'nt character in
the heroic concept of some peculiar mal-
called heroes. A d'nt Napoleon escaped gh me
arm fur coat d'leaving to get the
ho are the merest of comrades but we
(in his presence) in he had brought the
feel que' d'nt great d'nt his soul is tra-
gedy.

Du sublime (he saw some thing blame in
himself) ridiculous y' qu' pas said
he. A d'nt the whole world for fifty years has
been repeating *S'blime* G d'nt pol-
le G d'nt *Du sublime* u' ridiculous y'
qu' pas.

A d'nt occurs to no one that the d'nt
greatness is no commensurable with the stand-
ard of his d'nt is merely to d'nt

I have acted the Emperor long enough it is
time to act the general.

I is great

Tha is great

From d'nt to the muscular is but a
step.

on his own nothingness and immeasurable
meanness.

For us with the standard of good and evil
given us by Christ, no human actions are in-
commensurable. And there is no greatness
where simplicity, goodness and truth are ab-
sent.

CHAPTER XX

WHAT RUSSIAN read the account of the last
part of the campaign of 1812 has not experi-
enced the uncomfortable feeling of regret dis-
satisfaction and perplexity. Who has not
admired himself how it is that the French were
not all captured or destroyed while our three
armies utterly destroyed them in superior numbers
when the disordered French had given up
feeling utterly derided in crowds and when (in
the history of the battle) the march of the Russians
was to stop the French to cut them off, and
capture them all.

How was it that the Russian army which
when numerically weaker than the French had
given battle to Borodino did not achieve its
purpose when it had surrounded the French
three sides and when its mission was to cap-
ture them? Can the French be so enormously
proud of us that while we had surrounded

because Kutuzov and Tormasov and
Chichagov did the man did the man did
not execute the plan of the men.

But why did they not execute the man's
orders? A d'nt why they were guilty of not carry-
ing out the plan of the man's orders they tried

both at two times and at the B
n (in both cases we had perfect success)
the French army with its marshals, Kutuzov and
Emperor was not captured, of that was what
the Russians meditated.

The explanation of this strange fact given
by the Russians.

Why was the Russian army—which with the
perfect success had understood the enemy's ill-
timed Borodino—did not defeat the French and

place he runs away as quietly as he can and often thinking to escape runs straight into his

along
made
t
t
t
reached the Smolensk road they

Owing to the rapidity of the French flight and the Russian pursuit and the consequent exhaustion of the horses the chief means of approximately ascertaining the enemy's position—by cavalry scouting—is not available. Besides as a result of the frequent and rapid change of position by each army even when information was obtained could not be delivered in time. If news was received one day that the enemy had been in a certain position the day before by the third day when something could have been done that army was already two days march farther on and in quite another position.

One army fled and the other pursued. Beyond Smolensk there were several different roads available for the French and one would have thought that during their stay of four days they might have learned where the enemy was might have arranged some more advantageous plan and undertaken something new. But after a four days halt the mob with no maneuvers or plans again began running along the beaten track neither to the right nor to the left but along the old—the worst—road through Krásnoe and Orshá.

Expecting the enemy from behind and not in front the French separated in their flight and spread out over a distance of twenty-four hours. In front of them all fled the Emperor then the kings then the dukes. The Russian army expecting Napoleon to take the road to the right beyond the Dnieper—which was the only reasonable thing for him to do—themselves turned to the right and came out onto the highroad at Krásnoe. And here as in a game of blindman's buff the French ran into our vanguard. Seeing their enemy unexpectedly the French fell into confusion and stopped short from the sudden fright but then they

other abandoned all their heavy baggage their artillery and half their men and fled getting past the Russians by night by making semicircles to the right.

Ney who came last had been busying himself blowing up the walls of Smolensk which were in nobody's way because despite the unfortunate plight of the French or because of it they wished to punish the floor against which they had hurt themselves. Ney who had had a corps of ten thousand men reached Napoleon at Orshá with only one thousand men left having abandoned all the rest and all his cannon and having crossed the Dnieper at night by stealth at a wooded spot.

From Orshá they fled farther along the road to Vlna still playing at blindman's buff with the pursuing army. At the Beresina they were become disorganized many were drowned and many surrendered but those who got across the river fled farther. Their supreme chief donned a fur coat and having seated himself in a sleigh galloped on alone abandoning his companions. The others who could do so drove away too leaving those who could not to surrender or die.

CHAPTER XVIII

THIS CAMPAIGN consisted in a flight of the French during which they did all they could to destroy themselves. From the time they turned onto the Malaya road to the day their leader fled from the army none of the movements of the crowd had any sense. So one might have thought that regarding this period of the campaign the historians who attributed the actions of the mass to the will of one man

could have found it impossible to make the story of the retreat fit their theory. But not Mountains of books have been written by the historians about this campaign and every where are described Napoleon's arrangements the maneuvers and his profound plans which guided the army as well as the military genius shown by his marshals.

The retreat from Máló Varoslávets when he had a free road into a well supplied district and the parallel road was open to him along which Kutuzov afterwards pursued him—this unnecessary retreat along a devastated road—is explained to us as being due to profound considerations. Similarly profound considerations are given for their retreat from Smolensk to Orshá. Then his heroism at Krásnoe is described where he is reported to have been prepared to accept battle and take personal

first Murat's (the vice king's) then Davout's and then Ney's—ran as it were the gruntlet of the Russian army. They abandoned one an

hem not to blame because other Russians sitting in warm rooms proposed that they should do what was impossible.

All this strange contradiction now difficult to understand between the facts and the official account is only because the historians deal with the matter in the written history of the beautiful words and sentences of the Russian generals and not the history of the events.

h. army

become fight under which to
that betrayed the Russian army
is pure faith Fed trained is strength
the utmost and could not have done more
than to destroy himself

During the time of the Russian army
from Tula to have lost fifty thousand
and thousands of stragglers that is number equal
to the population of large provinces in
Russia the men fell off the army without
battle

At the end of the period of the campaign —
when the army lacked boots and the park
coats were horse fenders and with the
lack and was camp out at night
months the weather with five degrees of
frost, here there were only snow and
hail and daylight and the rest was night
here the rule of discipline cannot be
maintained when men were taken into the
region of death where they fell in the

They need only discuss the way
of the general plans and not the

and simply receive an immediate solution.

The aim of cutting off Napoleon and his
army never existed except in the imagination
of a few people. It could not exist because
it was senseless and utopian.

The people had no right to free the
land from the French. That was the idea of
the first plan of the French campaign
and so it was only necessary to stop the
flight. Secondly it was intended by the
warfare which would destroy the French and
finally by the fact that the large Russian army
was still with the French ready to use
in the case that the movement topped.

The Russian army did not like the
the running and the expected
derivation was better than the
rather more than to think the running
in mind in the head.

(in the deep) it somewhat
be how so do so routed and cut off
the French do so do so
The Russian army fell into the
that could not hold the
the army fell into the
The army fell into the
The army fell into the

the Berezina by the disorganized crowds of the French when it was numerically superior?

If the aim of the Russians consisted in cutting off and capturing Napoleon and his marshals—and that aim was not merely frustrated but all attempts to attain it were most shamefully baffled—then this last period of the campaign is quite rightly considered by the French to be a series of victories and quite wrongly considered victorious by Russian historians.

The Russian military historians in so far as they submit to claims of logic must admit that conclusion and in spite of their lyrical rhapsodies about valor devotion and so forth must reluctantly admit that the French retreat from Moscow was a series of victories for Napoleon and defeats for Kutuzov.

But putting national vanity entirely aside one feels that such a conclusion involves a contradiction since the series of French victories brought the French complete destruction while the series of Russian defeats led to the total destruction of their enemy and the liberation of their country.

The source of this contradiction lies in the fact that the historians studying the events from the letters of the sovereigns and the generals from memoirs reports projects and so forth have attributed to this last period of the war of 1812 an aim that never existed namely that of cutting off and capturing Napoleon with his marshals and his army.

There never was or could have been such an aim for it would have been senseless and its attainment quite impossible.

It would have been senseless first because Napoleon's disorganized army was flying from Russia with all possible speed that is to say was doing just what every Russian desired. So what was the use of performing various operations on the French who were running away as fast as they possibly could?

Secondly it would have been senseless to block the passage of men whose whole energy was directed to flight.

Thirdly it would have been senseless to sacrifice one's own troops in order to destroy the French army which without external interference was destroying itself at such a rate that though its path was not blocked it could not carry across the frontier more than it

highest degree embarrassing for the Russians as the most adroit diplomatists of the time (Joseph de Maistre and others) recognized. Still more senseless would have been the wish to capture army corps of the French when our own army had melted away to half before reaching Krásnoe and a whole division would have been needed to convoy the corps of prisoners and when our men were not always getting full rations and the prisoners already taken were perishing of hunger.

All the profound plans about cutting off and capturing Napoleon and his army were like the plan of a market gardener who when driving out of his garden a cow that had trampled down the beds he had planted should run to the gate and hit the cow on the head. The only thing to be said in excuse of that gardener would be that he was very angry. But not even that could be said for those who drew up this project for it was not they who had suffered from the trampled beds.

But besides the fact that cutting off Napoleon with his army would have been senseless it was impossible.

It was impossible first because—as experience shows that a three mile movement of columns on a battlefield never coincides with the plans—the probability of Chichag and Kutuzov and Wittgenstein effecting a junction on time at an appointed place was so remote as to be tantamount to impossibility as in fact thought Kutuzov who when he received the plan remarked that diversions planned over great distances do not yield the desired results.

Secondly it was impossible because to paralyze the momentum with which Napoleon's army was retiring incomparably greater forces than the Russians possessed would have been required.

Thirdly it was impossible because the military term to cut off has no meaning. One can cut off a slice of bread but not an army. To cut off an army—to bar its road—is quite impossible for there is always plenty of room to avoid capture and there is the night when nothing can be seen as the military scientists might convince themselves by the example of Krásnoe and of the Berezina. It is only possible to capture prisoners if they agree to be captured just as it is only possible to catch a swallow if it settles on one's hand. Men can only be taken prisoners if they surrender according to the rules of strategy and tactics as the Germans did. But the French troops quite

wish to take captive the Emperor kings and dukes—whose capture would have been in the

BOOK FOURTEEN

613

right did not consider that this suited them
 need death by hunger and cold awaited them
 flight or captivity like
 Furtively and chafing it was impossible be
 cause even since the world began has war
 dered upon condition as the

see other Russians, still

elements of a unique

em

to destroy itself
 During the month of the Russian army
 from Turan to Krasnoyarsk the
 and a kraggled the sun be equal
 to the population of the provincial war
 Half the men fell out of the army without a
 battle.

And it of this period of the camp on—
 when the army lacked boots and shelter and
 coats, was half of the population and without
 odia and was camped out at night in
 monasteries on the snow fifteen degrees of
 frost, but there were only seven or eight
 hours of daylight and the rest was night and
 such harsh discipline cannot be
 maintained when men are taken into the
 region of death where discipline fails, and in a
 few hours only as battle but for most of this
 where they were every moment fighting death
 from hunger and cold, when half the army
 was lost in this period

we left the hospital and
 even in the most of it does not come with
 in the range of the rest of the
 Yet we need by discarding the study of the
 reports of general plans and considering the
 movement of those hundreds of thousands of
 men who took direct part in the events and
 all the questions that seemed insoluble easily
 and simply receive an immediate and certain
 solution.

The aim of cutting off Napoleon and his
 army never existed except in the imagination
 of a few people. It could not exist because
 it was senseless and unrealistic.

The people had no aim to free the
 land from Napoleon. That aim was attained in
 the first place of itself as the French ran away
 and so it was only necessary not to stop the
 flight. Secondly it was attained by the guerrilla
 warfare which was destroying the French, and
 thirdly by the fact that the large Russian army
 was still with the French, ready to use its
 strength in case the movement stopped.

The Russian army had to strike a whip
 to running animals. And the experienced
 driver knew it was better to hold the whip
 raised in menace than to strike the running
 animal on the head.

(more than a half-deep snow) it was
 like a howl—so disoriented and cut off
 the French did so and so on.
 The Russian soldiers, half of whom died, did all
 that could and should have been done to the
 end with the nation and they are
 remembered in the registers below zero Fahrenheit
 —T

Book Fifteen: 1812-13

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CHAPTER I

WHEN SEEING a dying animal a man feels a sense of horror substance similar to his own is perishing before his eyes But when it is a beloved and intimate human being that is dying besides this horror at the extinction of life there is a severance a spiritual wound which like a physical wound is sometimes fatal and sometimes heals but always aches and shrinks at any external irritating touch

After Prince Andrew's death Natásha and Princess Mary alike felt this Drooping in spirit and closing their eyes before th " " "

... from any rough and painful contact Everything a carriage passing rapidly in the street a summons to dinner the maid's inquiry what dress to prepare or worse still any word of insincere or feeble sympathy seemed an insult painfully irritated the wound interrupting that necessary quiet in which they both tried to listen to the stern and dreadful choir that still resounded in their imagination and hindered their gazing into those mysterious limitless vistas that for an instant had opened out before them

Only when alone together were they free from such outrage and pain They spoke little even to one another and when they did it was of very unimportant matters

Both avoided any allusion to the future To admit the possibility of a future seemed to them to insult his memory Still more carefully did they avoid anything relating to him who was dead It seemed to them that what they had lived through and experienced could not be expressed in words and that any reference to the details of his life infringed the majesty and sacredness of the mystery that had been accomplished before their eyes

Continued alone on foot constant avoidance of the boundary of what they might not mention

—brought before their minds with still greater purity and clearness what they were both feeling

But pure and complete sorrow is as impossible as pure and complete joy Princess Mary in her position is absolute and independent arbiter of her own fate and guardian and instructor of her nephew was the first to be called back to life from that realm of sorrow in which she had dwelt for the first fortnight She received letters from her relations to which she had to reply the room in which little Nicholas had been put was damp and he began to cough Alpatych came to Yaroslavl with reports on the state of their affairs and with advice and suggestions that they should return to Moscow to the house on the Vozdvizhenka Street which had remained uninjured and needed only slight repairs Life did not stand still and it was necessary to live Hard as it was for Princess Mary to emerge from the realm of secluded contemplation in which she had lived till then and sorry and almost ashamed as she felt to leave Natásha alone yet the cares of life demanded her attention and she involuntarily yielded to them She went through the accounts with Alpatych conferred with Dessalles about her nephew and gave orders and made preparations for the journey to Moscow

Natásha remained alone and from the time Princess Mary began making preparations for departure held aloof from her too

Princess Mary asked the countess to let Natásha go with her to Moscow and both parents gladly accepted this offer for they saw their daughter losing strength every day and thought that a change of scene and the advice of Moscow doctors would be good for her

I am not going anywhere here Natásha replied when this was proposed to her Do I leave just leave me alone! And she ran out of the room with difficulty refraining from tears of vexation and irritation rather than of sorrow

After she felt herself deserted by Princess

BOOK FIFTEEN

Very a d alone n her g r e f N t á h s p e t
 most f the t m l r room by h r s l f s t u n g
 b u d d l e d p f t a n d a l l n the corner of th
 s o f a t e a r n g n d t w i s t u n s o m e t h n g w t h h r
 s l d e r n e r u s i n r s d g a z n n t e t l y n d
 f i x e d l t h t e v e r h e r y e s c a n e d t o f a l l n
 Th s o l t u d e x h u t e d n d t o r m e n t e d h r
 b t h e w a b s o l u t e n e e d o f t. A s s o o n a s
 e e n t e r e d h g o t u p q u c k l y h g d
 h e r p o s t d e x p e s s n d p c k e d u p a
 b o o k r s o m e s e w n e d e n t l y w a t n g m
 p a e n t l y f the t r u d e r t o g o

She f l t a l l t h t i m e a s f s h e m i g h t t a n y
 m o m e t p e t r a t e t h a t o n h u c h - w t h t e r
 r i b l q u e s t u g t o o g r e t f h e r t r e n g t h -
 h e r s p i r i t u a l g a w a s f i d.

O d a y t a r d t h e n d f D c e m b e r N t á
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 a k n o t w a s c r c h e d f e t n d l l n t h c o r n r
 d m o o t h

s e a c h g l y a t h e r N a t á s h a s u a l a n w e r e d
 b e f r e s h e h a d t m e t o t h n k w h t s h e w u l d
 s a y S h s a d T h s c a n t g o o n - t w o n t. Y o u
 u l l g e t e l l - q u t e w e l l
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 o f t h a t s c e n e n d e l d w h a t h e h a d t h e n
 f e l t. S h e r e c a l l e d h s l o n g d n d e v e r l o o k
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 t h e r e b u k e n d d e s p n t h t p r o t r a c t e d g a e
 I g r e e d N t á s h n o w s a d t h e r s e l f
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 l e n d f e a r e d d e a t h. A d l s a d t s o a w k
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 H e r n t l H a d l s a d

h a d w o - t t h t h e s u
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 g a n d a n t y

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 h h d b e e n h e r S h w w h m o a n a s
 h e h a d b e e n t M y t s h c h t T r o t s a n d t
 Y o s l l

S h s a w h f a c e h e a r d h e p e a t e d
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h m, r a s e d t h i s e s, u a b r

u l y
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 b n d e v e l f e r t o u f f e r m n. I t
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h e a n e e m e d t b s a y g u e s a s
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 h i m d s a d T e r r b l f y u b u t o f f r
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 l i f e b u t y o u d t o u f f e r w t h y u t h e g r e a t
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h d s n d e t t u g h e r t e t h w t h d e s p e
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 A n d w w t e m e d t h e r h e w p n e
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 a b r u p t l y w t h f h t n e d l o o k o n h e r f c e
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 C o m e t y u P p a t o c p l e a s a d
 h e w t h t r a n g e e x c i t e d l o o k. A m i s f

tune about Peter Ilynich a letter she finished with a sob

CHAPTER II

BESIDES A FEELING of aloofness from everybody Natásha was feeling a special estrangement from the members of her own family. All of them—her father—

near to all their to the way in which she had been living of late and she felt not merely indifferent to them but regarded them with hostility. She heard Dunyásha's words about Peter Ilynich and a misfortune but did not grasp them.

What misfortune? What misfortune can happen to them? They just live their own old quiet and commonplace life, thought Natásha.

As she entered the ballroom her father was hurriedly coming out of her mother's room. His face was puckered up and wet with tears. He had evidently run out of that room to give vent to the sobs that were choking him. When he saw Natásha he waved his arms despairingly and burst into convulsively painful sobs that distorted his soft round face.

Petya! Go go, she is calling and weeping like a child and quickly shuffling on his feeble legs to a chair, he almost fell into it, covering his face with his hands.

Suddenly an electric shock seemed to run through Natásha's whole being. The

... of a feeling of release from the oppressive constraint that had prevented her

... immediately for get herself and her own grief.

She ran to her father but he feebly waved his arm, pointing to her mother's door. Princess Mary pride and with quivering chin came out from that room and taking Natásha by the arm said something to her. Natásha neither saw nor heard her. She went in with rapid steps pausing at the door for an instant as if struggling with herself and then ran to her mother.

The countess was lying in an armchair in a strange and awkward position, stretching out and beating her head against the wall. Sonya and the maids were holding her arms.

Natásha! Natásha! cried the countess. It's not true! It's not true! Hesly

ing Natásha she shrieked pushing those around her away. Go away! all of you it's not true! killed! ha ha ha! It's not true!

Natásha put one knee on the armchair, stooped over her mother, embraced her and with unexpected strength raised her, turned her face toward herself and clung to her.

Mummy! darling! I am here, my dearest Mummy, she kept on whispering not prising an instant.

She did not let go of her mother but struggled tenderly with her, demanded a pillow and hot water and unfastened and tore open her mother's dress.

My dearest darling, Mummy, my precious! she whispered incessantly, kissing her head, her hands, her face and feeling her own irreplaceable and streaming tears tickling her nose and cheeks.

The countess pressed her daughter's hand, closed her eyes and became quiet for a moment. Suddenly she sat up with unaccustomed swiftness, glanced vacantly around her and seeing Natásha began to press her daughter's head with all her strength. Then she turned toward her daughter's face which was wincing with pain and gazed long at it.

Natásha, you love me? she said in a soft, trustful whisper. Natásha, you would not deceive me? You'll tell me the whole truth?

Natásha looked at her with eyes full of tears and in her look there was nothing but love and an entreaty for forgiveness.

My darling Mummy! she rejected strain, using all the power of her love to find some way of taking on herself the excess of grief that crushed her mother.

And again in a futile struggle with reality her mother, refusing to believe that she could live when her beloved boy was killed in the bloom of life, escaped from reality into a world of delirium.

Natásha did not remember how that day passed nor that night nor the next day and night. She did not sleep and did not leave her mother. Her persevering and patient love seemed completely to surround the countess every moment, not explaining or convincing but recalling her to life.

During the third night the countess kept very quiet for a few minutes and Natásha rested her head on the arm of her chair and closed her eyes but opened them again on hearing the eldest etc. etc. The countess was sitting up in bed and whispering softly.

How glad I am you have come! You are

med. Wont you have some tea. N tisha
 not put her "I have improved in looks
 and grown more manly" counted the count
 ess taking her daughter hand.

Mamma What are you saying
 N tisha he is not more manly
 And embracing her daughter the countess
 began weep for the first time

CHAPTER III

Princess Mary's postpartum departure. So ya
 d the countess tried to replace N tisha but
 could not. They said that she had been blind to
 return her mother from her reason. Despair
 for three weeks N tisha remained constantly
 in her room, making her eat and drink, and
 talking to her incessantly because she
 could not find her dear daughter. The countess
 had no other

"You are tired—try to sleep.
 No no. Why did you bring me away? She
 will be asking for me.

She is much better. She spoke so well to-
 day said Princess Mary.
 N tisha lay on the bed and in the semidark-
 ness of the room scanned Princess Mary's face.
 "Is she like him" thought N tisha. "Yes
 like him in the face. But she is quite original
 strange new and unknown. And she looks
 what is in her heart. All that is good. But
 how? What is her mind like? What does she
 think about now? Yes, he is splendid."

Mary she said timidly draw near Princess
 Mary's hand to herself. "Mary you must not
 think me wicked. No? My dear! how I love
 you! Let us be quite quiet for now."

— her began kisses

feelings.

For that day the dear and so at friend
 when when was

but more little she felt her room. But
 she could not rest in life. But the
 same blow that almost killed the countess the
 second blow was red N tisha's life.

A painful wound produced by the red glow of
 the painful body like physical wound
 deep. I may seem just deep
 wound may heal and is edred join physical
 and spiritual wounds alike. Can yet heal com-
 pletely only as the result of self-reliance from
 within.

N tisha would heal in that way. She
 thought her life was ended, but then for her
 mother expectedly bowed her that the es-
 sence of life—life—was all that within her
 love was not so dead life.

Princess Mary drew life from her bound Prin-
 cess Mary and N tisha together: this new so-
 row brought them all together. The
 Princess Mary put off her departure and for
 three weeks looked at N tisha as if she had
 been killed. The last weeks passed her
 mother's bedroom and traced N tisha's phys-
 ical growth.

O for now not going N tisha never

her back.

I did not want to put Mary's by me a
 little

of the time together. When one of the
 other became restless and had need to rejoice
 he. Together they felt in each other harmo-
 ny. When the other of them felt with her
 self when lonely. A feeling of brotherhood
 sprang up between them, an exclusive
 feeling of life being possible only in each
 other's presence.

Sometimes they were ill together. Some-
 times after they were already bed they would
 begin talking and go on till morning. They
 spoke most of what was long past. Princess
 Mary spoke of her childhood of her mother
 her father of her daydream and N tisha
 who with passive lack of understanding had
 formerly turned away from the life of devo-
 tion and submission, and the poetry of Christ's
 self-sacrifice now feeling herself bound to

it. For Princess Mary let the girl N tisha
 the last years of childhood and early youth there
 also passed out new and hitherto uncom-
 plicated life belief in life and its
 joy.

Just as before they never mentioned him so as not to lower (as they thought) their exalted feelings by words but this silence about him had the effect of making them gradually begin to forget him without being conscious of it.

Natasha had grown thin and pale and physically so weak that they all talked about her health and thus pleased her. But sometimes she was suddenly overcome by fear not only of death but of sickness weakness and loss of good looks and involuntarily she examined her bare arm carefully surprised at its thinness and in the morning noticed her drawn and as it seemed to her piteous face in her glass. It seemed to her that things must be so and yet it was dreadfully sad.

One day she went quickly upstairs and found herself out of breath. Unconsciously she immediately invented a reason for going down and then testing her strength ran upstairs again observing the result.

Another time when she called Dunyasha her voice trembled so she called again—though she could hear Dunyasha coming—called her in the deep chest tones in which she had been wont to sing and listened attentively to herself.

She did not know and would not have believed it but beneath the layer of slime that covered her soul and seemed to her impentrible delicate young shoots of grass were already sprouting which taking root would so cover with their living verdure the grief that weighed her down that it would soon no longer be seen or noticed. The wound had begun to heal from within.

At the end of January Princess Mary left for Moscow and the count insisted on Natasha's going with her to consult the doctors.

CHAPTER IV

AFTER THE ENCOUNTER at Vyázma where Kutuzov had been unable to hold back his troops in their anxiety to overtake and cut off the enemy and so on the farther movement of the fleeing French and of the Russians who pursued them continued as far as Krásnoe without a battle. The flight was so rapid that the Russian army pursuing the French could not keep up with them cavalry and artillery horses broke down and the information received of the movements of the French was never reliable.

The men in the Russian army were so worn out by this continuous marching at the rate of twenty-seven miles a day that they

could not go any faster.

To realize the degree of exhaustion of the Russian army it is only necessary to grasp clearly the meaning of the fact that while not losing more than five thousand killed and wounded after Tarutino and less than a hundred prisoners the Russian army which left that place a hundred thousand strong reached Krásnoe with only fifty thousand.

The rapidity of the Russian pursuit was just as destructive to our army as the flight of the French was to theirs. The only difference was that the Russian army moved voluntarily with no such threat of destruction as hung over the French and that the sick Frenchmen were left behind in enemy hands while the sick Russians left behind were among their own people. The chief cause of the wastage of Napoleon's army was the rapidity of its movement and a convincing proof of this is the corresponding decrease of the Russian army.

Kutuzov as far as was in his power instead of trying to check the movement of the French was desired in Petersburg and by the Russian army generals directed his whole activity here as he had done at Tarutino and Vyázma to hastening it on while easing the movement of our army.

But besides this since the exhaustion and enormous diminution of the army caused by the rapidity of the advance had become evident another reason for slackening the pace and delaying presented itself to Kutuzov. The aim of the Russian army was to pursue the French. The road the French would take was unknown and so the closer our troops trailed on their heels the greater distance they had to cover. Only by following at some distance could one cut across the zigzag path of the French. All the artful maneuvers suggested by our generals meant fresh movements of the army and a lengthening of its marches and here as the only reasonable aim was to shorten those marches. To that end Kutuzov's activity was directed during the whole campaign from Moscow to Vilna—not casually or intermittently but so consistently that he never once deviated from it.

Kutuzov felt and knew—not by reasoning or science but with the whole of his Russian being—what every Russian soldier felt that the French were beaten that the enemy was flying and must be driven out but at the same time he like the soldiers realized all the peril of this march the rapidity of which was unparalleled for such a time of year.

BOOK FIFTEEN

But to the generals, especially the French, it was in the Russian army who wished to distinguish themselves, to assist in somebody else for some reason to capture a king or duke—it seemed that now—when a battle must be horrible and senseless—was the very time to fight and conquer somebody. Kutuzov merely shrugged his shoulders when one after another they presented projects of maneuvers to be made with those soldiers—ill-shod, un-escorted, half-starved—who with their bayonets and without fighting a battle had dwindled to half their number and who at the best if the fight continued would have to go a greater distance than that they had already traversed, before they reached the frontier.

This led them to distinguish themselves, to maneuver to overthrow and to cut off showed itself particularly whenever the Russians turned back on the French army.

So it was at Krásnoe where they expected to find one of the three French columns and summed instead on Napoleon himself with sixteen thousand men. Despite all Kutuzov's efforts to avoid that ruinous encounter and to preserve his troops, the massacre of the broken mob of French soldiers by worn-out Russians continued at Krásnoe for three days.

Till not disposed of in "The first column will march to so and so on." And as usual nothing happened in accord with the disposition. Prince Eugène of Württemberg fired from hill over the French crowds that were running past and demanded reinforcements which did not arrive. The French, finding the Russians dispersed and hid themselves in the forests by night, making the way round as best they could and continued their flight.

Morladov, who said he did not want to know anything about the commissariat affairs of his detachment, and could never be found when he was wanted—that he never saw a peer or a prince as he tried himself—who was fond of parleys with the French, sent envoys demanding the surrender was ordered time, and did not do what he was ordered to do.

"I give you this column," he said, riding up to the troops and pointing out the French to the cavalry.

And the cavalry with pursed sabers urging the horses that could scarcely move, trotted with much effort the column presented to them—that is, a crowd of Frenchmen, talking with coolness, from behind the trees—and the column that had been presented to them might without fear of being reproached,

threw down its arms and surrendered as it had to been anxious to do.

At Krásnoe they took twenty-six thousand prisoners, several hundred cannon, and a staff called a marshal's staff, and disputed as to who had distinguished himself and were pleased with their achievement—though they much regretted not having taken Napoleon or at least a marshal or a hero of some sort and reproached one another and especially Kutuzov for having failed to do so.

These men, carried away by their passions, were but blind tools of the most melancholy law of necessity but considered themselves heroes and imagined that they were accomplishing a most noble and honorable deed. They blamed Kutuzov and said that from the very beginning of the campaign he had prevented their vanquishing Napoleon that he thought of nothing but satisfying his passion and would not advance from the Linen Factories because he was comfortable there, that at Krásnoe he checked the advance because on learning that Napoleon was there he had quite lost his head and that it was probable that he had no understanding with Napoleon and had been bribed by him, and so on and so on.

Not only did his contemporaries carried away by their passions, talk in this way but posterity and history have exclaimed Napoleon as great while Kutuzov is described by French writers as crafty, dissolute, weak, old, courtier and by Russians as something and nothing—a sort of puppet useful only because he had a Russian name.

CHAPTER V

In 1823 Kutuzov was openly crucified of blundering. The Emperor was dissatisfied with him. And a history recently written by order of the Highest Authorities is said that Kutuzov was a cunning courtier, frightened of the name of Napoleon and that his blunders at Krásnoe and the Berezina deprived the Russian army of the glory of complete victory over the French.

Such is the fate of great men (great and horrible) whom the Russian mind does not acknowledge but of those rare and always solitary

It was Dostoevsky—L. Tolstoy—S. R. Bert Thomas Wilson was British military commissioner at the Russian headquarters in 1864.

History of the war of 1812. The character of Kutuzov and effects on the unsatisfactory results of the battles at Krásnoe by Bordanovitch—L. Tolstoy

tary individuals who discerning the will of Providence submit their personal will to it. The hatred and contempt of the crowd punish such men for discerning the higher laws.

For Napoleon historians strange and terrible to say Napoleon—that most insignificant tool of history who never anywhere even in exile showed human dignity—Napoleon is the object of adulation and enthusiasm. He is *grand*. But Kutuzov—the man who from the beginning to the end of his activity in 1812 never once swerving by word or deed from Borodino to Vilna presented an example exceptional in history of self sacrifice and a present consciousness of the future importance of what was happening—Kutuzov seems to them something indefinite and pitiful and when speaking of him and of the year 1812 they always seem a little ashamed.

And yet it is difficult to imagine an historical character whose activity was so unswervingly directed to a single aim and it would be difficult to imagine any aim more worthy or more consonant with the will of the whole people. Still more difficult would it be to find an instance in history of the aim of an historical personage being so completely accomplished as that to which all Kutuzov's efforts were directed in 1812.

Kutuzov never talked of forty centuries looking down from the Pyramids of the sacrifices he offered for the fatherland or of what he intended to accomplish or had accomplished in general. He said nothing about himself. Adopted no prose always appeared to be the simplest and most ordinary of men and said the simplest and most ordinary things. He wrote letters to his daughters and to Madame de Stael read novels liked the society of pretty women jested with generals officers and soldiers and never contradicted those who tried to prove anything to him. When Count Rostopchin at the Yauza bridge galloped up to Kutuzov with personal reproaches for having caused the destruction of Moscow and said:

How was it you promised not to abandon Moscow without a battle? Kutuzov replied:

And I shall not abandon Moscow without a battle though Moscow was then already abandoned. When Arakchéev coming to him from the Emperor said that Ermólov ought to be appointed chief of the artillery Kutuzov replied: 'Yes I was just saying so myself though a moment before he had said quite the contrary. What did it matter to him—who then alone amid a senseless crowd understood the

whole tremendous significance of what happening—what did it matter to him whether Rostopchin attributed the calamities of Moscow to him or to himself? Still less could it matter to him who was appointed chief of the artillery.

Nor merely in these cases but continually did that old man—who by experience of life had reached the conviction that thoughts and the words serving as their expression are not what move people—use quite meaningless words that happened to enter his head.

But that man so heedless of his words did not once during the whole time of his activity utter one word inconsistent with the single aim toward which he moved throughout the whole war. Obviously in spite of himself in very diverse circumstances he repeatedly expressed his real thoughts with the bitter conviction that he would not be understood. Beginning with the battle of Borodino from which time his disagreement with those about him began he alone said that *the battle of Borodino was a victory* and repeated this both verbally and in his dispatches and reports up to the time of his death. He alone said that *the loss of Moscow is not the loss of Russia*. In reply to Lauriston's proposal of peace he said: *There can be no peace for such is the people's will*. He alone during the retreat of the French said that *all our maneuvers are useless everything is being accomplished of itself better than we could desire that the enemy must be offered a golden bride that neither the Tarutino the Iza ma nor the Krasnoe Lattles were necessary that we must keep some force to reach the frontier with and that he would not sacrifice a single Russian for ten Frenchmen*.

And this courtier as he is described to us, who lies to Arakchéev to please the Emperor he alone—incurring thereby the Emperor's displeasure—said in Vilna that *to carry the war beyond the frontier is useless and harmful*.

Nor do words alone prove that only he understood the meaning of the events. His actions—without the smallest deviation—were all directed to one and the same threefold end: (1) to brace all his strength for conflict with the French; (2) to defeat them; and (3) to drive them out of Russia minimizing as far as possible the sufferings of our people and of our army.

This procrastinator Kutuzov whose motto was *Patience and Time* this enemy of de-

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 l me —th th t r y h ented
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CHAPTER VI

Tl f i s t i o No ex was tl f t d y f
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 h is nd of them) were crowd

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 of u harne sed f ench gu s At the approach
 f the commander in ch ef the buzz f t lk
 ea ed and ll eyes we e fixed on Kutuz
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Kut o e med pr ccup ed a d d d n t
 l t n t what the gener l wa ay ng He
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 K t v looked l g d tently at the e
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 up h ye a d p ly w y d h he d At
 d pot h n t ced Russ n soldie
 l gh gly p t t g F en l m n on th
 sh ld y gs meth gt l m l f endly

n f t of the Preobrazhé k regum t

th th t dards! d kutu v e dently
 detach ng h m l f wth d f ficulty f om the

tary individuals who discerning the will of Providence submit their personal will to it. The hatred and contempt of the crowd punish such men for discerning the higher laws.

For Russian historians strange and terrible to say Napoleon—that most insignificant tool of history who never anywhere even in exile showed human dignity—Napoleon is the object of adulation and enthusiasm. He is *grand*. But Kutuzov—the man who from the beginning to the end of his activity in 1812 never

ness of the future importance of what was

little ashamed

And yet it is difficult to imagine an historical character whose activity was so unswervingly directed to a single aim and it would be difficult to imagine any aim more worthy or more consonant with the will of the whole people. Still more difficult would it be to find an instance in history of the aim of an historical personage being so completely accomplished as that to which all Kutuzov's efforts were directed in 1812.

Kutuzov never talked of forty centuries looking down from the Pyramids of the sacrifices he offered for the fatherland or of what he intended to accomplish or had ac-

He wrote letters to his daughters and to Madame de Stael read novels liked the society of pretty women jested with generals officers and soldiers and never contradicted those who tried to prove anything to him. When Count Rostopchin at the Yauza bridge galloped up to Kutuzov with personal reproaches for having caused the destruction of Moscow and said:

How was it you promised not to abandon Moscow without a battle? Kutuzov replied:

And I shall not—

battle

done

the Em

appointed chief of the artillery Kutuzov replied: Yes I was just saying so myself though a moment before he had said quite the contrary. What did it matter to him—who then alone amid a senseless crowd understood the

hol am to

matter to him who was appointed chief artillery

Not merely in these cases but continually did that old man—who by experience of life had reached the conviction that thoughts and the words serving as their expression are not what move people—use quite meaningless words that happened to enter his head.

But that man so heedless of his words did not once during the whole time of his activity utter one word inconsistent with the single aim toward which he moved throughout the whole war. Obviously in spite of himself in very diverse circumstances he repeatedly expressed his real thoughts with the bitter conviction that he would not be understood. Beginning with the battle of Borodino from which time his disagreement with those about him began, he alone said that *the battle of Borodino was a victory* and repeated this both verbally and in his dispatches and reports up to the time of his death. He alone said that *the loss of Moscow is not the loss of Russia*. In reply to Lauriston's proposal of peace he said: *There can be no peace for such is the people's will*. He alone during the retreat of the French said that *all our maneuvers are useless, everything is being accomplished of itself better than we could desire, that the enemy must be offered a golden bridge, that neither the Tarutino, the Izduma, nor the Krasnoe battles were necessary, that we must keep some force to reach the frontier with it, and that he would not sacrifice a single Russian for ten Frenchmen*.

And this courtier as he is described to us, who lies to Arakchey to please the Emperor, he alone—incurring thereby the Emperor's displeasure—said in Vilna that *to carry the war beyond the frontier is useless and harmful*.

Nor do words alone prove that only he understood the meaning of the events. His actions—without the smallest deviation—were all directed to one and the same threefold end: (1) to brace all his strength for conflict with the French, (2) to defeat them and (3) to drive them out of Russia, minimizing as far as possible the sufferings of our people and of our army.

This procrastinator Kutuzov whose motto was *Patience and Time, this enemy of de-*

BOOK FIFTEEN

action, gave battle to Borodino, and
reparations for the war with the
bitter

the battle was lost, and the army
for a army to have to retire after the
a battle was preceded. The battle
the whole retreat consisted of the battles which
were less than should not be fought, and
that a war should not be begun now that
theaters of Russia crossed.

It is easy now to understand the significance
of these events—first only we must not from the
tribute to the cause of the mass movement
existed only in the heads of the men and the
—to the events and their results now lie before
us.

But how did that old man alone, in opposi-
tion to the general opinion, so truly discern
the importance of the people's view of the
events that in his activity he was never
not true to it.

The source of that extraordinary power of
penetration, the meaning of the events then
occurred in the national feeling which he
possessed in full purity and strength.

Only the recognition of the fact that he pos-
sessed this feeling caused the people in so
strange a manner contrary to the Tsar's wish,
to select him—an old man in disfavour—to be
their representative in the national war. And
only that feeling placed him on that highest
human pedestal from which he commanded
in the eyes of devoted his powers not to
neglect destroying men but to save and
show pity to them.

That simple, modest, and therefore true
great figure could not be cast in the false
mold of European hero—the supposed ruler
of men—that his rivalry had vented.

There lacks no man can be great, for a
lack of his own conception of greatness.

CHAPTER VI

THE FIFTH OF NOVEMBER was the first day
when is called the battle of Krasnoe. Toward
evening—after much disputing—and many mis-
takes made by generals who did not go to
their proper places, and after adjutants had
been sent about with round orders—when it
had become plain that the enemy was every-
where in front and that there could and would
be no battle, Kutuzov left Krasnoe and went

to Dvbrovno where he had quarters had that
been transferred.

The day was clear and frosty. Kutuzov
to Dvbrovno his plump little white horse fol-
lowed by numerous suite of discontented
general who whispered among themselves be-
hind his back. All along the road groups of
French prisoners captured that day (there
were seven thousand of them) were crowded
to warm themselves at campfires. Near Dvbrovno
a immense crowd of tattered peasants buzzed
with talk and wrapped in furs and gaiters.

Among them they had been able to get hold of
were standing in the road beside a long row
of unharnessed French guns. At the approach
of the commander in chief the buzz of the
ceased and all eyes were fixed on Kutuzov
who wore a white cap with red bands and

captured.

Kutuzov seemed preoccupied and did not
listen to what the general was saying. He
screwed up his eyes with a distasteful look
he gazed intently and fixedly at these prison-
ers, who presented specially wretched ap-
pearance. Most of them were disfigured by
frost-bitten noses and cheeks and nearly all
had red swollen and festering eyes.

One group of the French stood close to the
road, and two of them one of whom had his
face covered with sores, were tearing a piece
of raw flesh with their hands. There was some-
thing horrible and bestial in this fleetingly nec-
essary hew of the riders and in the malevolent
expression with which they gazed at Kutuzov.
The soldier with the sores mumbled and
turned away and went on with what he was
doing.

Kutuzov looked long and intently at these
two soldiers. He puckered his face, screwed
up his eyes, depressed his head. At
another spot he noticed Russian soldiers
laughing at a pattern Frenchman on the
shoulder and some of the German friendly
man and Kutuzov with the same expres-
sion in his face again swayed his head.

What were you saying? he asked the gen-
eral, who continued his report directed the
commander in chief's attention to some stand-
ards captured from the French and standing
in front of the Preobrazhensk regiment.

As the standards said Kutuzov evidently
detaching himself with difficulty from the

tary individuals who discerning the will of Providence submit their personal will to it. The hatred and contempt of the crowd punish such men for discerning the higher laws.

For Russian historians strange and terrible to say Napoleon—that most insignificant tool of history who never anywhere even in exile showed human dignity—Napoleon is the object of adulation and enthusiasm. He is *grand*. But Kutuzov—the man who from the beginning to the end of his activity in 1812 never once swerving by word or deed from Borodino to Vilna presented an example exceptional in history of self sacrifice and a present consciousness of the future importance of what

And yet it is difficult to imagine an historical character whose activity was so un-

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people. Still more difficult would it be to find an instance in history of the aim of an historical personage being so completely accomplished as that to which all Kutuzov's efforts were directed in 1812.

Kutuzov never talked of forty centuries looking down from the Pyramids of the sacrifices he offered for the fatherland or of what he intended to accomplish or had accomplished. In general he said nothing about himself. He was the

He was the daughters and to Madame de Staël read novels liked the society of pretty women jested with generals officers and soldiers and never contradicted those who tried to prove anything to him. When Count Rostopchin at the Yauza bridge galloped up to Kutuzov with personal reproaches for having caused the destruction of Moscow and said: "How was it you promised not to abandon

when Arakchëev coming to him from the Emperor said that Ermólov ought to be appointed chief of the artillery. Kutuzov replied: "Yes I was just saying so myself though a moment before he had said quite the contrary. What did it matter to him—who then alone amid a senseless crowd understood the

whole tremendous significance of what

to him who was appointed chief of the artillery.

Not merely in these cases but continually did that old man—who by experience of life had reached the conviction that thoughts and the words serving as their expression are not what move people—use quite meaningless words that happened to enter his head.

But that man so heedless of his words did not once during the whole time of his activity utter one word inconsistent with the aim toward which he moved throughout the whole war. Obviously in spite of himself in very diverse circumstances he repeatedly expressed his real thoughts with the bitter conviction that he would not be understood. Beginning with the battle of Borodino from which time his disagreement with those about him began he alone said that *the battle of Borodino was a victory* and repeated this both verbally and in his dispatches and reports up to the time of his death. He alone said that *the loss of Moscow is not the loss of Russia*. In reply to Lauriston's proposal of peace he said: *There can be no peace for such is the people's will*. He alone during the

enemy must be offered a golden bridge that neither the Tarutino the Izdma nor the Krásnoe battles were necessary that we must keep some force to reach the frontier with and that he would not sacrifice a single Russian for ten Frenchmen.

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Nor do words alone prove that only he understood the meaning of the events. His actions—without the smallest deviation—were all directed to one and the same threefold end: (1) to brace all his strength for conflict with the French; (2) to defeat them; and (3) to drive them out of Russia minimizing as far as possible the sufferings of our people and of our army.

This procrastinator Kutuzov whose motto was *Patience and Time is the enemy of de-*

O part f ed perished and waded knee-deep
 into the s w t b rch f est to the
 right f the ll g d mmed ately the sound
 of es a d s o ds the crash ng f branches
 a d merry ces could be lea d from there
 A the ect m d tle reg ment l wagons
 and h res wh ch we e stand ng n a group wa
 busy gett out caldr s and rye b scu t a d
 feed the h res. A th d ect n scattered
 thro h th vill g r r ang ng quarters f r the
 taff officers carry ng o t the French corpses
 that er the huts d dragg ng away
 boards, dry wood d th tch from the roofs
 f th campfires or wattle fences to serve f r
 sh lter

Some fifteen men with merry louts were
 sh k g d n the h gh wattle wall of hed
 the roof of wh h had l eady been remo ed
 \ the ll tog the - h l cried the
 es d the hu e u f c f the wall
 sprinkled th s w d cre k g w th frost
 a e a the gloom of the n ght
 The l er st kes cracked m d mor nd
 at last th wall fell a d w th t th men wh
 had bee push g t. Loud coarse l ighter
 and joy us h us ued.

N w th cat h h ld n twost! H d up
 the lev l Th s t. Where a e yoush ng
 to?"

"N w all togeth l But wa t m m nt
 boy W th so g!

All s ood lent, nd soft plea nt el ty
 began t g A the d f th th rd
 ers as the l t n t d ed w y twenty o ces
 roared nce Oo-oo-oo-oo Th s t.
 All togeth l H w y boy! b t de
 pt th ed f f t us the watl h rdly
 m ed d the l e th t f ll wed the
 hea y bre th g f th m n wa ud ble

He y u of th S eth Company! Dev l
 th t j ! Le d h nd will you k u
 may a t us f these d ys.

Som tw nty men f the S th Comp ny
 h w n th way t the ll ge j ed
 the ha l rs, d th wa tl wall wh ch w
 bo t thury f l e l d even fe t h gh
 m ed f r w d l g th ll ge treet w y
 g p ess g upo nd catt n th h ulders
 f th gasp g m n

Ge l g F ll g? Wl t are y u t p-
 p g f ? Th en w

M rry n eless w ds f bu f l wed freely
 Wha are y up t? d de ly came the
 u h t t u o f rg nt m j wh
 cam pon b m who w h ul ng th
 burd n. Ther ar g try her the ge trol

h m elf is in that hut and you soul mou ed
 dev l y u brutes l l g e it to you! sh t ed
 he h t ng the frst ma i wlo came n h s w y
 sw ng g bl won the b ck Can t you make
 less no se

beca ne s lent. The sol l er l o
 e
 l s

on

Don t you l ke it? sa d a f u h ng o ce
 d moderat ng the r t nes the men mo ed
 forward

When they were ut of the s ll ge they be-
 gan talk g aga n s l ud as befo e interl r l
 g th talk w th the same aimless exple
 t es.

In the hut wh h the men had p sed the
 ch ef officers h d gatl ered d we e in a
 m ted talk o r the r tea about the e ent of
 th d y a d the m neu ers s ggested fo to-
 morr w It was propo ed to make a fl nk
 m d to the left ut off the \ ce-k g (Murt)
 and captu h m

By the t me th sold ers had dragged the
 w tle lenc t us pl ce the campfires re
 bl z on all s des re dy f r cook ng the
 wood cra kled the w melt g nd
 bl ck l d ws of sold ers fl tted t a d f o ll
 o er the occup ed p e where th sn wh d
 been trodd nd wn

A es nd choppers wer pl ed all arou d
 E eryth ng was d n w th ut ny o ders l e-
 g g en S t es of wood were b o ght f r
 the n ght sh lters we e rgged up f r the
 off ers cald n w re be g bo led a d mus
 kets nd a co terme us put i order

The w tle wall the men h d b u ght w
 set up a sem c de by the E ghth Company
 as sh lt f om tl th propp d up by
 musk t ests a d a campf e was bu lt b fo e
 t. Th y beat the tattoo called the roll f l
 f s f

CHAPTER VIII

thoughts that preoccupied him

He looked about him absently. Thousands of eyes were looking at him from all sides awaiting a word from him.

He stopped in front of the Preobrazhensk regiment, sighed deeply and closed his eyes. One of his suite beckoned to the soldiers carrying the standards to advance and surround the commander in chief with them. Kutuzov was silent for a few seconds and then, submitting with evident reluctance to the duty imposed by his position, raised his head and began to speak. A throng of officers surrounded him. He looked attentively around at the circle of officers recognizing several of them.

I thank you all! he said, addressing the soldiers and then again the officers. In the stillness around him his slowly uttered words were distinctly heard. I thank you all for your hard and faithful service. The victory is complete and Russia will not forget you! Honor to you forever.

He paused and looked round.

Lower its head, lower it! he said to a soldier who had accidentally lowered the French eagle he was holding before the Pre-

s it.
gen

While the soldiers were shouting, Kutuzov leaned forward in his saddle and bowed his head, and his eye lit up with a mild and apparently ironic gleam.

You see, brothers, said he when the shouts had ceased, and all at once his voice and the expression of his face changed. It was no longer the commander in chief speaking, but an ordinary old man who wanted to tell his comrades something very important.

There was a stir among the throng of officers and in the ranks of the soldiers who moved that they might hear better what he was going to say.

You see, brothers, I know it's hard for you, but it can't be helped! Bear up, it won't be for long now! We'll see our visitors off and then we'll rest. The Tsar won't forget your service. It is hard for you, but still you are at home while they—you see what they have come to, said he, pointing to the prisoners. Worse off than we were before.

too isn't it so, lads?

He looked around and in the direct re-

spectful, wondering gaze fixed upon him he read sympathy with what he had said. His face grew bright and his mild smile and eyes intently speaking and bowed his head as if in perplexity.

But after all, who asked them here? Serves them right, the bloody bastards! he cried suddenly, lifting his head.

And flourishing his whip he rode off at a gallop for the first time during the whole campaign and left the broken ranks of the soldiers laughing joyfully and shouting: Hurrah!

Kutuzov's words were hardly understood by the troops. No one could have repeated the field marshal's address begun solemnly and then changing into an old man's simple-hearted talk, but the hearty sincerity of that speech, the feeling of majestic triumph combined with pity for the foe and consciousness of the justice of our cause, exactly expressed by that old man's good-natured expletives, was not merely understood but lay in the soul of every soldier and found expression in their joyous and long-sustained shouts. Afterwards when one of the generals addressed Kutuzov, asking whether he wished his *café de* to be sent for, Kutuzov in answering unexpectedly gave a sob, being evidently greatly moved.

CHAPTER VII

WHEN THE TROOPS reached their night's halting place on the eighth of November, the last day of the Krásnoe battles, it was already growing dusk. All day it had been calm and frosty with occasional lightly falling snow and toward evening it began to clear. Through the falling snow a purple black and starry sky showed itself and the frost grew keener.

An infantry regiment which had left Tarutino three thousand strong but now numbered only nine hundred was one of the first to arrive that night at its halting place—a village on the highroad. The quartermasters who

ly one hut available for the regimental commander.

The commander rode up to his hut. The regiment passed through the village and stacked its arms in front of the last huts.

Like some huge many-limbed animal, the regiment began to prepare its lair and its food.

BOOK FIFTEEN

said the daughter with a puzzled smile. I asked him whose subject he was, and he jibbered in his own way. A queer lot!

But it is strange, indeed, that the man had desired the whiteness of the peasantry. He said that when they began burying the dead—where the battle was known—well, those dead had been lying there peacefully, and so the peasants, they had to asperse them with powder in the

deed. With two hot little snouts the cold, ours would not have rotted either. But he says, go, peasants, they are all rotten and maggoty. So he says we tie our faces with kerchiefs and turn our heads away. We draw them off we can hardly do it. But the reason he says, as white as paper and not so much smell as a whiff of gunpowder.

All were silent.

It must be fine in their food, said the sergeant-major. They used to gobble the same food as the gentry.

A voice contradicted him.

"That peasant, dear Mr. Zhayk, when the battle was said the men were called up from ten villages around, and they came to fight. They did not till didn't finish, and then the dead lay about for the wolves he says."

"That was a terrible thing, said the old soldier, the only way remembering but since that time only been a remembrance of it."

And they knew. Doubtless the day before yesterday we were in the middle of the day. They did not let us get near before they just threw down the muskets and went to their knees. And then they say that the only one who catches him, did catch him—good! He turns into his hands and feet away. And then away from him he goes.

"A first-class business, when I come to look at it."

Liar, said the other, the real truth.

If he fills my hands when I caught him, I'd bury him in the ground and then pen him down. What is it for him to be so needed!

Well, he was going to the H. He was her again, remarked the old soldier, when he

Thence, the soldiers, and the soldiers began settling down to sleep.

Look at the stars. It's wonderful how they shine! You would think the women had spread out the rinen, said one of the men, going with him to the Milky Way.

"That's a sign of a good harvest next year."

We shall want some more wood.

You warm your back and your belly gets fatter. That's queer.

O Lord!

What are you putting on? Is the fire only for you? Look how he is spreading.

In the silence that ensued the snoring of the

those who had fallen a sleep could be heard. Others turned one and warmed themselves in a warm exchange of few words. From a campfire hundred paces off came a sound of general merry laughter.

He kept them in the fire, the Fifth

Company, said one of the soldiers, and what is it of the military?

One of the men got up and went over to the Fifth Company.

They are such fun, said he, coming back. Two French soldiers turned up. One's quite frozen and the others an awful swag.

He gets on.

Oh, I'll go across and have a look.

And several of the men went over to the Fifth Company.

CHAPTER IX

The Fifth Company was busy at the very edge of the forest. A huge campfire was blazing brightly in the midst of the snow, lighting up the branches of trees heavily with hoarfrost.

About midnight they heard the sound of steps in the snow of the forest, and the crackling of dry branches.

A beat said one of the men.

They lit the heads of the soldiers. The first of the bright firelight appeared. Two tragically clad human figures came into the clearing.

These were two Frenchmen who had been hiding in the forest. They came up to the first hoarsely uttered something in a language our soldiers did not understand. One was taller than the other; he wore an official's tunic and seemed quite exhausted. On approaching the first he had been going to throw himself.

The other hurriedly sold with him, he uttered and he had a white face. He came on and said something pointed to him. The soldiers stirred and the Frenchmen spread a greatcoat on the ground.

degrees of frost and without even full rations (the commissariat did not always keep up with the troops)—they would have presented a very sad and depressing spectacle.

On the contrary the army had never under the best material conditions presented a more cheerful and animated aspect. This was because all who began to grow depressed or who lost strength were sifted out of the army day by day. All the physically or morally weak had long since been left behind and only the flower of the army—physically and mentally—remained.

More men collected behind the wattle fence of the Eighth Company than anywhere else. Two sergeants major were sitting with them and their campfire blazed brighter than the others. For leave to sit by their little they demanded contributions of fuel.

Eh! Mikéev! What has become of you, you son of a bitch? Are you lost or have the wolves eaten you? Fetch some more wood! shouted a red haired and red faced man screwing up his eyes and blinking because of the smoke but not moving back from the fire. And you Jackdaw go and fetch some wood! said he to another soldier.

This red haired man was neither a sergeant nor a corporal but being robust he ordered about those weaker than himself. The soldier they called Jackdaw a thin little fellow with a sharp nose rose obediently and was about to go but at that instant there came into the light of the fire the slender handsome figure of a young soldier carrying a load of wood.

Bring it here—that's fine!

They split up the wood pressed it down on the fire, blew at it with their mouths and fanned it with the skirts of their greatcoats making the flames hiss and crackle. The men drew nearer and lit their pipes. The handsome young soldier who had brought the wood setting his arms akimbo began stamping his cold feet rapidly and deftly on the spot where he stood.

Mother! The dew is cold but clear. It's well that I'm a musketeer, he sang pre-tending to hiccup after each syllable.

Look out, your soles will fly off! shouted the red haired man noticing that the sole of the dancer's boot was hanging loose. What a fellow you are for dancing!

The dancer stopped, pulled off the loose

Réaumi r—eight degrees below zero Fahrenheit it
-Tz.

piece of leather and threw it on the fire.

Right enough friend said he and having sat down took out of his knapsack a scrap of blue French cloth and wrapped it round his foot. It's the steam that spoils them, he added stretching out his feet toward the

say

we're

u uuuie kits!

And that son of a bitch I etrov has lagged behind after all it seems said one sergeant major.

I've had an eye on him this long while said the other.

Well he's a poor sort of soldier.

But in the Third Company they say nine men were missing yesterday.

Yes it's all very well but when a man's feet are frozen how can he walk?

Eh? Don't talk nonsense! said a sergeant major.

Do you want to be doing the same? said an old soldier to a man who

Well,

they called Jackdaw in a squeaky and unsteady voice raising himself at the other side of the fire. A plump man gets thin but for a thin one it's death. Take me now! I've got no strength left, he added with sudden resolution turning to the sergeant major. Tell them to send me to hospital. I'm aching all over anyway. I shan't be able to keep up.

That'll do that'll do! replied the sergeant major quietly.

The soldier said no more and the talk went on.

What a lot of those Frenchies were taken today and the fact is that not one of them had what you might call real boots on said a soldier starting a new theme. They were no more than make-believes.

The Cossacks have taken their boots. They were clearing the hut for the colonel and carried them out. It was awful to see them boys put in the dinner. As they turned them over one seemed still alive and as if you believe it he jabbered something in their lingo.

But they're a clean folk. In the first man went on. He was white as white as a chalkboard—and some of them are such fine fellows you might think they were of us.

Well what do you think? They make soldiers of all classes there.

But they don't understand our talk at all.

BOOK FIFTEEN

said the dancer with a puzzled smile. I asked him whose object he was and he jibbered in his own way. A queer lot!

But the strange fellows continued the man who had ordered the whiteness of the peasants at Mo háysk were saying that when they began burying the dead—where the bodies were known well those dead had been living there for early months, he says the peasant, they leave as but proper clean and not as much as a puff of powder-smoke.

"Was it from the cold," asked someone.

"I remember well. From the cold indeed. What two half-breed been from the cold would not have rotted there. But he says, go pit ours and they are all rotten and maggoty. So he says, what use is up with kerchief and turn our head away from them if we can hardly do it. But the others say, are white as paper and not so much smell as whiff of gunpowder.

All are like that.

It must be for in their food," said the sergeant. "They used to get the same food as the geese try."

"No," contradicted him.

"That peasant, ear Mozháysk where the battle was said the men were all called up from ten villages round and they carried for twenty days and till did it fish carts of the dead way. And as for the white ones he says:

"That was real battle," said an old soldier. "It was like with remembering but it

they didn't let us get near before us just threw down the muskets and went on the knees. Pardon they say. That only because they say Pláto took Pléon himself twice. But he didn't know the hit charm. He catches him and catches him—no good! He

hides himself away

en I

If he fell to my hands when I caught him I'd bury him in the ground with a pen in his hand. What is it for men who are ruined!

"Will he go to the Hells?" he asked. "The old soldier said so."

The sergeant sniffed and the soldiers began settling down to sleep.

Look at the stars. It was wonderful how they shone. You would think the women had spread out the red linen," said one of the men gazing with admiration at the Milky Way.

"That's sign of a good harvest next year."

"We shall want some more wood."

"You warm yourself and your belly gets frozen. That's queer."

O Lord!

What are you putting for? Is the fire only for you? Look how the snow is falling.

In the silence that ensued the soldiers of the white had fallen asleep could be heard. Others turned over and warmed themselves now and again exchanging a few words. From a campfire a hundred paces off came sound of general merry laughter.

Hark! them roaring there in the Fifth Company said one of the soldiers and what is it for them there?

O! of the men got up and went over to the Fifth Company.

They are going to have fun said he coming back. Two French soldiers turned up. One quite fresh and the other an awful swag-bag. He sang songs.

Oh I'll go cross the sea look.

And several of the men went over to the Fifth Company.

CHAPTER IV

THE FIFTH COMPANY was bivouacking at the very edge of the forest. A huge campfire was blazing brightly in the midst of the snow-lights of the branches of trees heaving with hoarfrost.

About midnight they heard the sound of tapping the snow with the rest, and the crackling of dry branches.

A bearded soldier said one of the men.

They lit the heads of the ten and out of the forest to the bright firelight appeared two strange old human figures like gnomes.

These were two Frenchmen who had been hidden in the forest. They came up to the five hoarsely uttered something in a language our soldiers did not understand. One was taller than the other; he wore no officers' uniform and seemed quite exhausted. One appeared to be a soldier who had been going to the front.

The other was a sturdy soldier with a heavy tied round his head was a turban. He raised his companion and said something in Polish to him. The soldiers surrounded them. The Frenchman put on a greatcoat on the ground.

for the sick man and brought some buckwheat porridge and vodka for both of them

The exhausted French officer was Ramballe and the man with his head wrapped in the shawl was Morel his orderly

When Morel had drunk some vodka and finished his bowl of porridge he suddenly became unnaturally merry and chattered incessantly to the soldiers who could not understand him Ramballe refused food and resting his head on his elbow lay silent beside the campfire looking at the Russian soldiers with red and vacant eyes Occasionally he emitted a long drawn groan and then again became silent Morel pointing to his shoulders tried to impress on the soldiers the fact that Ramballe was an officer and ought to be warmed A Russian officer who had come up to the fire sent to ask his colonel whether he would not take a French officer into his hut to warm him and when the messenger returned and said that the colonel wished the officer to be brought to him Ramballe was told to go He rose and tried to walk but staggered and would have fallen had not a soldier standing by held him up

You won't do it again eh? said one of the soldiers winking and turning mockingly to Ramballe

Oh you fool! Why talk rubbish about that you are—a real peasant! came rebukes from all sides addressed to the jesting soldier

They surrounded Ramballe lifted him on the cross — him to their waiting passively

Oh you fine fellows my kind kind friends! These are men! Oh my brave kind friends and he leaned his head against the shoulder of one of the men like a child

Meanwhile Morel was sitting in the best place by the fire surrounded by the soldiers

Morel a short sturdy Frenchman with inflamed and streaming eyes was wearing a woman's cloak and had a shawl tied woman fashion round his head over his cap He was evidently tipsy and was singing a French song in a hoarse broken voice with an arm thrown round the nearest soldier The soldiers simply held their sides as they watched him

Now then now then teach us how it goes! I'll soon pick it up How is it? said the man—a singer and a wag—whom Morel was embracing

Vive Henri Quatre! Vive ce roi vaillant!

sang Morel winking *Ce diable à quatre*

Vivarik! Vif seruvarul! Sedyabyakal repeated the soldier flourishing his arm and really catching the flour

Bravo! Ha ha ha! rose their roars joyous laughter from all sides

Morel wrinkling up his face laughed too Well go on go on!

*Qui est le triple talent
De boire de la tige
Et d'être un vaillant*

It goes smoothly too Well now Zialetév! he Zialetév brought out with effort ke e e he drew laboriously pursing his lips le trip ta la de bu de ba e de tra va ga la! he sang

Fin! Just like the French! Oh ho ho! Do you want some more to eat?

Give him some porridge it takes a long time to get filled up after starving

They gave him some more porridge and Morel with a laugh set to work on his third bowl All the young soldiers smiled gaily as they watched him The older men who thought it undignified to amuse themselves with such nonsense continued to lie at the opposite side of the fire but one would occasionally raise himself on an elbow and glance at Morel with a smile

They are men too said one of them as he wrapped himself up in his coat Even worm wood grows on its own root

O Lord O Lord! How starry it is! Tremendous!

They are ing that to disport themselves in the dark sky now flaring up now vanishing now trembling they were busy whispering something glad some and mysterious to one another

CHAPTER V

THE FRENCH ARMY melted away at the uniform rate of a mathematical progression and that crossing of the Beresina about which so much has been written was only one intermediate stage in its destruction and not at all the decisive episode of the campaign If so much has been and still is written about the Beresina on the French side this is only because

Long live Henry the Fourth the talented king!
That only level
Who had a triple talent
For drinking and fighting
And for being a gallant of the boy

BOOK FIFTEEN

cause at the broken bridge cross the river
the calamities their army had been pre-
enduring were suddenly concentrated to one
moment into a tragic spectacle that remained
in every memory. On the Russian side
merely because Petersburg—far from the
war—plan (against the Poles) had
been devised to catch Napoleon in a strategic
trap at the Berezina. Every one expected
himself that all would happen according to
plan and therefore that the two just
before the Berezina that destroyed the

distances from our hungry and indisciplined
soldiers to give to the French who thought not
harmful or hated or guilty we simply un-
necessarily. Some Russians even did this but
they were exceptions.

Certain destruction lay before the French
but in front there was hope. The Russian plan
been buried there was no salvation save to
collect everything and on it at the wholesale then
of the French was concentrated.

The frontier they fled the more wretched be-
came the plan of the remnants, especially after
the Berezina, which (in consequence of
the Petersburg plan) peculiarly had been
planned by the Russians, and the keener grew
the hopes of the Russian commanders who

The sole importance of this was
Berezina lies in the fact that it plainly and
undoubtedly predicted the fall of the plan
for cutting off the enemy's retreat and the
soonest of the only possible line of retreat—
the left bank and the general mass of the
army demanded—namely, multiply the flow the
enemy plan. The French crowd fled to a co-
tinually increasing speed and its energy
was directed to this goal. It fled like
wounded mail and it was impossible to
block it. The Russian was not so much
by the arrangement to make it cross as
by that took place in the bridges. While the
bridges broke down unarmed soldiers people
from Moscow drew men with children who
went with the French transport, all—carried
by us—pressed forward to the
down to the ice-covered water and did not
surrender.

The impulse was reasonable. The odds
unfavorable to us and the pursuers were equally
bad. All as they remained with their own
people, each man had his place, his help, his
filling, his duty, his plan, his life, his men
them. But the whole trended while
maintaining in the same painful plight, would be
lower level, in the hands of the
uses. If the French had indeed
formed if the fact that half the population—
with whom the Russian did not know what to
do—perished, filled, and he despised their
capacities, saw them they felt that
could be the reverse. The main im-
pression on the Russian mind was those of the
the French—indeed the Frenchmen in the
Russian army—could do nothing for
purpose. The French perished from hunger
and the whole Russian army was itself
exposed. It was impossible to take bread and

an aspect of the form in which
him to know where he was to blame. They did
not talk seriously to him when reporting to
him, but he gave his sanction they appeared
to be fulfilling regular formalities but
they worked behind his back. He tried to make
lead him to the cry turn.

Because they could not understand him, all
these people assumed that it was useless to
talk to the old man that he would never grasp
the possibility of the plans that he would

said—that it was necessary to write to
that the men had no boots—was so simple
while what they proposed was so complicated
deals that it was evident that he was led
duped, deceived, and they thought not in power
were commanders of genius.

After the junction with the army of the
built the dismal and Petersburg hero. With
genetic the mood of the gossip of the
each other maximum but saw the
dimly gazed and hugged his hold.
Olyoniter the affair of the Berezina
he got angry, drew to the Ben-gien (who
ported partially to the Emperor) the fall
letter.

On the subject of your pills for ill health with
your excellency please be so good as to set off
for Kalga on receipt of this, and the ewa

for the sick man and brought some buckwheat porridge and vodka for both of them

The exhausted French officer was Ramballe and the man with his head wrapped in the shawl was Morel his orderly

When Morel had drunk some vodka and finished his bowl of porridge he suddenly became unnaturally merry and chattered incessantly to the soldiers who could not understand him Ramballe refused food and resting his head on his elbow lay silent beside the campfire looking at the Russian soldiers with red and vacant eyes Occasionally he emitted a long drawn groan and then again became silent Morel pointing to his shoulders tried to impress on the soldiers the fact that Ramballe was an officer and ought to be warmed A Russian officer who had come up to the fire sent to ask his colonel whether he would not take a French officer into his hut to warm him and when the messenger returned and said that the colonel wished the officer to be brought to him Ramballe was told to go He rose and tried to talk but staggered and could have fallen had not a soldier standing by held him up

You won't do it again eh? said one of the soldiers winking and turning mockingly to Ramballe

Oh you fool! Why talk rubbish! Out that you are—a real peasant! came rebukes from all sides addressed to the jesting soldier

They surrounded Ramballe lifted him on the crossed arms of him to their necks and he was waiting

Oh you fine fellows my kind kind friends! These are men! Oh my brave kind friends and he leaned his head against the shoulder of one of the men like a child

Meanwhile Morel was sitting in the best place by the fire surrounded by the soldiers

Morel a short sturdy Frenchman with inflamed and streaming eyes was wearing a woman's cloak and had a shawl tied in woman's fashion round his head over his cap He was evidently tipsy and was singing a French song in a hoarse broken voice with an arm thrown round the nearest soldier The soldiers simply held their sides as they watched him

Now then now then teach us how it goes! I'll soon pick it up How is it? said the man—a singer and a wag—hom Morel was embracing

sang Morel winking *Ce diable à quatre*
Vivarik! V! seruvaryl Sedjablyakal reported the soldier flourishing his arm and really catching the tune

Bravo! Ha ha ha! rose their rough joyous laughter from all sides

Morel wrinkling up his face laughed too Well go on go on!

*Qu'en est le triple lent
D'boire de bierre
Et d'être un riglant*

It goes smoothly too Well now Zaitsev! ke Zaitsev brought out with effort ke e e e he drawled laboriously pursing his lips le trip ta la-de bu de ba e de tra va ga l! he sing

Finel Just like the French! Oh ho ho! Do you want some more to eat?

Give him some porridge it takes a long time to get filled up after starving

They gave him some more porridge and Morel with a laugh set to work on his third bowl All the young soldiers smiled gaily as they watched him The older men who thought it undignified to amuse themselves with such nonsense continued to lie at the opposite side of the fire but one could occasionally raise himself on an elbow and glance at Morel with a smile

They are men too said one of them as he wrapped himself up in his coat Even worm wood grows on its own root

O Lord O Lord! How starry it is! Tremendous! That means a hard frost

They all grew silent The stars as if knowing that no one was looking at them began to disport themselves in the dark sky now flaring up now vanishing now trembling they were busy whispering something glad some and mysterious to one another

CHAPTER X

THE FRENCH ARMY melted away at the uniform rate of a mathematical progression and that crossing of the Berezina about which so much has been written is only one intermediate stage in its destruction and not at all the decisive episode of the campaign If so much has been and still is written about the Berezina on the French side this is only because

Long live Henry the Fourth if at all a king!

Vive Henri Quatre Vive ce roi vaillant!

BOOK FIFTEEN

cause at the broken bridge across that river
the calamities the army had been peacefully
endured were suddenly concentrated to one
moment in a tragic spectacle that remained
in every memory in the Russian side
merely because of Petersburg—far from the
seat of war—a place (a name of Pfuell) had
been devoted to catch Napoleon in strategic
trap with Berz R. Everyone assured
himself that it would happen according to
plan, and that it resulted that it was just
the cross of the Berz that destroyed the
French army. In reality the results of the cross-
ing were much less disastrous to the French—
the guns were lost—their horses had been
as the figures show.

The sole importance of the crossing of the
Berzina lies in the fact that it plainly de-
monstrably proved the fallacy of all the plans
of the French against the enemy's retreat and the

clothes from our hungry and indigent
soldiers to go to the French who though not
harmful or hated or guilty were simply un-
necessary. Some Russians even did that but
they were excepted.

Certain destruction lay before the French
but in fact there was hope. The Russian place
had been burned, there was no salvation so
collect effort do that at the whole strength
of the French was concentrated.

The farther it fled the more wretched be-
came the plight of the remnant especially after
the Russian on which (in consequence of

usually or speedily us-
as directed to chase us go! It fled like
dead a mile and it was impossible to
block its path. Thus we were not so much
by the arrangement as it might be of crossing
by the look of the bridges. When the
bridges broke down we were left in people
from Moscow and women with children lo-
cated with the French troops. It carried
by us a few pressed forward into boats
and to the crossed water and did not
surrender.

That impulse was astonishing. The com-
mand fought as if pursuers were equally
bad. As long as they remained with the
people, the men helped help them
flee. And the flight of the French was
hemmed. But those who were driven
mainly the same painful plight, would be
left in the hands of the French
fired. The French had then been
threw into the river. The French were
do—perhaps the French were despised
captured. The same as them they felt that
could be better. The same as them

Russian men and women were
the French—then the French men
Russian service—could not be the
provisions. The French perished from the
died. The Russian army was thus
exposed. It was impossible to take bread

and the temptations were
respectful from making it impossible
him to know where he was. They did
not talk usually to him when reports
him or a knowledge of his situation they appeared
if it were a regrettable formality but

these people assumed that it was
talk to the old man that he would never grasp
the profundity of the plan that he would

they had a
said that it was necessary to wait pro-
vided that the men had no boots—was so simple
while what they proposed was so complicated
and clever that it was evident that they would
disappoint and that they thought in their power
were commanders of men.

After the junction with the army of the
beloved immortal Peterburg hero. With
generations in the mood and the gossip of the
chattered the maximum but only with
and merely grieved and hugged the hulkers.
Only the few of the French army
hungry and wrote to Ben-gsen (how
poorly the rats of the Empire) the folk
in the

Count your people in health
your little plea is so good that
if I go on the point of it and there

further commands and appointments from His Imperial Majesty

But after Pennigsen's departure the Grand Duke Tserévich Constantine Pávlovich joined the army. He had taken part in the beginning of the campaign but had subsequently been removed from the army by Kutuzov. Now having come to the army he informed Kutuzov of the Emperor's displeasure at the poor success of our forces and the slowness of their advance. The Emperor intended to join the army personally in a few days' time.

The old man experienced in court as well as in military affairs—this same Kutuzov who in August had been chosen commander in chief against the sovereign's wishes and who had removed the Grand Duke and heir apparent from the army—who on his own authority and contrary to the Emperor's will had decided on the abandonment of Moscow now realized at once that his day was over; that his part was played and that the power he was supposed to hold was no longer his. And he understood this not merely from the attitude of the court. He saw on the one hand that the military business in which he had played his part was ended and felt that his mission was accomplished and at the same time he began to be conscious of the physical weariness of his aged body and of the necessity of physical rest.

On the twenty-ninth of November Kutuzov entered Vilna—his dear Vilna as he called it. Twice during his career Kutuzov had been governor of Vilna. In that wealthy town which had not been injured he found old friends and associations besides the comforts of life of which he had so long been deprived. And he suddenly turned from the cares of army and state and as far as the passions that seethed around him allowed immersed himself in the quiet life to which he had formerly been accustomed as if all that was taking place and all that had still to be done in the realm of history did not concern him at all.

Chichagov, one of the most zealous cutters off and breakers up who had first wanted to effect a diversion in Greece and then in Warsaw but never wished to go where he was sent. Chichagov noted for the boldness with which he spoke to the Emperor and who considered Kutuzov to be under an obligation to him because when he was sent to make peace with T. . . . 1811 independently of Kutuzov . . . at peace had already been the Emperor that

the merit of securing that peace was really Kutuzov's. This Chichagov was the first to meet Kutuzov at the castle where the latter was to stay. In undress naval uniform with a dirk and holding his cap under his arm he handed Kutuzov a garrison report and the keys of the town. The contemptuously respectful attitude

cusations that were being directed against Kutuzov.

When speaking to Chichagov Kutuzov incidentally mentioned that the vehicles packed with china that had been captured from him at Borisov had been recovered and would be restored to him.

You mean to imply that I have nothing to eat out of . . . On the contrary I can supply you with everything even if you want to give dinner parties. warmly replied Chichagov who tried by every word he spoke to prove his own rectitude and therefore imagined Kutuzov to be animated by the same desire.

Kutuzov shrugging his shoulders replied with his subtle penetrating smile. I meant merely to say that I said.

Contrary to the Emperor's wish Kutuzov detained the greater part of the army at Vilna. Those about him said that he became extraordinarily slack and physically feeble during his stay in that town. He attended to army affairs reluctantly left everything to his generals and while awaiting the Emperor's arrival led a dissipated life.

Having left Petersburg on the seventh of December with his suite—Count Tolstoy, Prince Volkonski, Arakchéev and others—the Emperor reached Vilna on the eleventh and in his traveling sleigh drove straight to the castle. In spite of the severe frost some hundred generals and staff officers in full parade uniform stood in front of the castle as well as a guard of honor of the Semenov regiment.

A courier who galloped to the castle in advance in a troika with three foam-bellied horses shouted: *Coming! and Kon nitsyn* rushed into the vestibule to inform Kutuzov who was waiting in the hall prior to his lodging.

A minute later the old man's large stout figure in full-dress uniform flashed forward with orders and a scarf drawn round his stomach waddled out into the port. He put on

CHAPTER VI

h hat th us pe ks to the s des and hold ng
h gl es h ha d nd walk n w th n
eff t de ways d wn the teps to the le el of
the reet, took in h s hand the report he h d
prep ed f the Emperor

There was runn ng to d fro and wh sper
mg an ther trojka flew fur usly up and
then all eyes wer turned on an app o ch ng
sl gh which the frou es of the Emperor and
Vo kónsk c uld l eady b descr ed.

From the hab t f fifty years all this h d a
phy ally gnat ng effect on the old general

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The Emp ror w th rap d gl nce scanned
K t fr m head to foot, f wned f n in
stant, b t mmedately m ter ng h ms lf
w t p t th old man exte ded l s a ms
a d embraced h m. And this en bra too

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d the

Sem oua d nd ga n p ess g t e old
ra l

ordered the t darus l
to be lowered t the Emperor s feet on h s en
ter ng the ballroom the Emperor made a wry
f ce nd n utte ed someth g in w l ch some
people caught t the w rds the old comed n

The Empero s d pleasu e w th kut o
was specially ncreased t Vln by d f ct
th t kutu ov e idently ould not or would
t und rstand t e mpo tance of the com n
campagn

Wlen on the foll w n m rning the Em
pero sa d t the fficers assembled b ut h m
"Y u ha e not only sa ed Russa y u ha e
sa ed Europe! they all u derstood that the
war was n t ended

kut lo ew uld not see th s and open
l exp es ed h s p n n th t no fresh war

l ry

u

He

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sh ps lready e dured by t e pe p f the
po b lty of sa lu a d o so th

Th s be ng the f l d m rshal frame of m d
he was n turally regarded a mer ly a h
dra e nd b ta le to the mpend wa

T o d u pleasa t enc u ters w t l l

huch h had l t ned t th Emp
m da th f l d of Aust l t even ye rs
bef re tted n h f n w

Whe kut came u f the udy nd
w th l w d h d was cross g the b l l oom
w th his bea y w d d l ng ga t l arrested
by someon say ng

"Ser H h essl

K tu ra sed h head nd look d f a
f g w l t t th eyes f Cou t T l tóy
wh tood b f re h m h l dng l sal

which lay m l l bjett hu u med
t u derstand wh t was exp ted of
h m.

S dd ly he cmed to em mbe sca ly
per publ m l l h d cross l puffy f

d b w gl w d espec lly h ook th
bj ct that l y n the sal It as th O der
t St G rg f f f First Class.

p gn—to tran fer the utho ty t the k j
h msf thus cutt g the ground f m l r
the comm der n ch f feet w th t ups t
t g the old man by n f m r o him of t e
ch ge.

" marshal gre t weakness nd f l g health
H h lth h d t be b d f h pl ce to
be taken way d g en to n ther And in

further commands and appointments from His Imperial Majesty

But after Bennigsen's departure the Grand Duke Tsarévich Constantine Iálovich joined the army. He had taken part in the beginning of the campaign but had subsequently been removed from the army by Kutuzov. Now having come to the army he informed Kutuzov of the Emperor's displeasure at the poor success of our forces and the slowness of their advance. The Emperor intended to join the army personally in a few days' time.

The old man experienced in court as well as in military affairs—this same Kutuzov who in August had been chosen commander in chief against the sovereign's wishes and who had removed the Grand Duke and heir apparent from the army—who on his own authority and contrary to the Emperor's will had decided on the abandonment of Moscow now realized at once that his day was over that his part was played and that the power he was supposed to hold was no longer his. And he understood this not merely from the attitude of the court. He saw on the one hand that the military business in which he had played his part was ended and felt that his mission was accomplished and at the same time he began to be conscious of the physical weariness of his aged body and of the necessity of physical rest.

en
T:

governor of Vilna. In that wealthy town which had not been injured he found old friends and associations besides the comforts of life of which he had so long been deprived. And he suddenly turned from the cares of army and state and as far as the passions that seethed around him allowed immersed himself in the quiet life to which he had formerly been accustomed as if all that was taking place and all that had still to be done in the realm of history did not concern him at all.

Chichagov, one of the most zealous cutters off and breakers up who had first wanted to effect a diversion in Greece and then in Warsaw but never wished to go where he was sent. Chichagov, noted for the boldness with which he spoke to the Emperor and who considered Kutuzov to be under an obligation to him because when he was sent to make peace with Turkey in 1811 independently of Kutuzov and found that peace had already been concluded he admitted to the Emperor that

the merit of securing that peace

in dress naval uniform with a dirk and holding his cap under his arm he handed Kutuzov a garrison report and the keys of the town. The colonel... of it... age... bel... on Chichagov who knew of the accusations that were being directed against Kutuzov.

When speaking to Chichagov Kutuzov incidentally mentioned that the vehicles picked with china that had been captured from him at Borisov had been recovered and would be restored to him.

You mean to imply that I have nothing to eat out of... On the contrary I can supply you with everything even if you want to give dinner parties warmly replied Chichagov who tried by every word he spoke to prove his own rectitude and therefore imagined Kutuzov to be animated by the same desire.

Kutuzov shrugging his shoulders replied with his subtle penetrating smile I meant merely to say what I said.

Contrary to the Emperor's wish Kutuzov detoured the greater part of the army at Vilna. Those about him said that he became extraordinarily slack and physically feeble during his stay in that town. He attended to army affairs reluctantly left everything to his generals and while awaiting the Emperor's arrival led a dissipated life.

Having left Petersburg on the seventh of December with his suite—Count Tolstoy Prince Volkonskiy Grakcheyev and others—the Emperor reached Vilna on the eleventh and in his traveling sleigh drove straight to the castle. In spite of the severe frost some hundred generals and staff officers in full parade uniform stood in front of the castle as well as a guard of honor of the Semenov regiment.

A courier who galloped to the castle in advance in a troika with three foam-flecked horses shouted Coming! and he ran uniting rushed into the vestibule to inform Kutuzov who was waiting in the fall-pier little lodge.

A minute later the old man's large stout figure in full-dress uniform his cheeks covered with orders and a scarf drawn round his stomach waddled out into the porch. He put on

his hat with its peaks to the sides and holding his gloves in his hand and walking with no effort in easy down the steps to the level of the street, took in his hand the report he had prepared for the Emperor.

There was running and fro and who perceiving another troika flew furiously up and then all eyes were turned in an approving sense which the figures of the Emperor and Volkonski could hardly be described.

From the habit of fifty years all this had a physically certain effect on the old general. He carefully and hastily felt himself all over readjusted his hat, and pulled himself together drew himself up and at the very moment when the Emperor halting alighted from the sleigh, lifted his eyes to him handed him the report and began speaking in his smooth invariable voice.

The Emperor with rapid glance scanned Kutuzov from head to foot, frowned for a moment, but immediately mastered himself went up the old man extended his arms and embraced him. And this embrace too was to him a distinct impression related to his innermost feelings, had its usual effect. Kutuzov and he gasped.

The Emperor greeted the officers and the same guard, and on passing the old man with him into the castle.

Krisno and the Berzina and him of his intentions for future campaign broad. Kutuzov made no rejoinder or remark. The same obvious expressionless look with which he had listened to the Emperor commands in the field of Austerlitz even years before settled in his face now.

When Kutuzov came out of the study and his lowered head was cross the ballroom with his heavy waddling gait, he was arrested by someone's voice saying:

"Your Seren Highness!"

Kutuzov raised his head and looked for a while into the eyes of Count Tolstoy who stood before him in plain dress. He saw in his eyes a small object. Kutuzov seemed not to understand what was expected of him.

Suddenly seemed to remember scarcely perceptible smile flashed across his puffy face, bowed low and respectfully looked at the object that lay in his salar. It was the Order of St. George of the First Class.

CHAPTER XI

Next day the field marshal gave a dinner and ball at which the Emperor honored by his presence. Kutuzov had received the Order of St. George of the First Class and the Emperor showed him the highest honors but everyone knew of the imperial dissatisfaction with him. The proprieties were observed and the Emperor was the first to set that example but every body understood that the old man was lame worthy and good for nothing. When Kutuzov came to a custom of Catherine's day ordered the standards that had been captured to be lowered to the Emperor's feet on his entering the ballroom the Emperor made a wry face and muttered something in which some people caught the words the old comed.

The Emperor's pleasure with Kutuzov was specially increased at Vilna by the fact that Kutuzov could not or would not understand the importance of the campaign.

When on the following morning the Emperor said to the officers assembled about him "You have not only saved Russia you have saved Europe they all understood that the war was not ended."

Kutuzov would not see this as openly expressed his opinion that no fresh war could improve the position or add to the glory and lower the

ships already endured by the people, possibly of false and selfish.

The being the field marshal's frame firm and he was naturally rewarded as merely his distance and tactical independence was.

To avoid unpleasant encounters with the old man the natural method was to do what had been done with him at Austerlitz and with Barclay at the beginning of the Russian campaign transfer the authority to the Emperor himself thus cutting the ground from under the commander in chief's feet with it upset the old man by depriving him of it change.

With this object his staff was gradually reconstituted and its real strength removed and transferred to the Emperor. Toll had no

fact his health was poor

So naturally simply and gradually—just as he had come from Turkey to the Treasury in Petersburg to recruit the militia and then to the army when he was needed there—now when his part was played out Kutuzov's place was taken by a new and necessary performer

The war of 1812 besides its national significance dear to every Russian heart was now to assume another a European significance

The movement of peoples from west to east was to be succeeded by a movement of peoples from east to west and for this fresh war in other leader was necessary having qualities and views differing from Kutuzov's and animated by different motives

Alexander I was as necessary for the movement of the peoples from east to west and for the refining of national frontiers as Kutuzov for the fixing of the salvation and glory of Russia

Kutuzov did not understand what Europe the balance of power or Napoleon meant He could not understand it For the representative of the Russian people after the enemy had been destroyed and Russia had been liberated and raised to the summit of her glory there was nothing left to do as a Russian Nothing remained for the representative of the national war but to die and Kutuzov died

CHAPTER VII

ere over After his liberation he reached Orel and on the third day there when preparing to go to Kiev he fell ill and was laid up for three months He had what the doctors termed bilious fever But despite the fact that the doctors treated him bled him and gave him medicines to drink he recovered

Scarcely any impression was left on Pierre's mind by all that happened to him from the time of his rescue till his illness He remembered only the dull gray weather now rainy and now snowy internal physical distress and pains in his feet and side He remembered a general impression of the misfortunes and sufferings of people and of being worried by the curiosity of officers and generals who questioned him he also remembered his difficulty in procuring a conveyance and horses and above all he remembered his incapacity to think and feel all that time On the day of his rescue he had seen the body of Iétya Rostov That same day he had learned that

Prince Andrew after surviving the battle of Borodino for more than a month had recently died in the Rostovs' house at Yaroslavl and Denisov who told him this news also mentioned Hélène's death supposing that Pierre had heard of it long before All this at the time seemed merely strange to Pierre he felt he could not grasp its significance Just then he was only anxious to get away as quickly as possible from places where people were killing one another to some peaceful refuge where he could recover himself rest and think over all the strange new facts he had learned but on reaching Orel he immediately fell ill When he came to himself after his illness he saw in attendance on him two of his servants Terenty and Vaska who had come from Moscow and also his cousin the eldest princess who had been living on his estate at Eléts and hearing of his rescue and illness had come to look after him

It was only gradually during his convalescence that Pierre lost the impressions he had become accustomed to during the last few months and got used to the idea that no one would oblige him to go anywhere tomorrow that no one would deprive him of his arm bed and that he would be sure to get his dinner tea and supper But for a long time in his dreams he still saw himself in the conditions of captivity In the same way little by little he came to understand the news he had been told after his rescue about the death of Prince Andrew the death of his wife and the destruction of the French

A joyous feeling of freedom—that complete unalienable freedom natural to man which he had first experienced at the first halt outside Moscow—filled Pierre's soul during his convalescence He was surprised to find that this inner freedom which was independent of external conditions now had as it were an additional setting of external liberty He was alone in a strange town without acquaintances No one demanded anything of him or sent him anywhere He had all he wanted the thought of his wife which had been a continual torment to him was no longer there since she was no more

Oh how good! How splendid! said he to himself when a cleanly laid table was moved up to him with savory beef tea or when he lay down for the night on a soft clean bed or when he remembered that the French had gone and that his wife was no more Oh how good how splendid!

BOOK FIFTEEN

And by old h b t he asked himself the
 q estu "Well and wh t then? What am
 I go g to do?" And he mmed telyga el m
 self the ans e "Well I h l l e. Ah how
 splend d
 Th ery questu that had forme ly tor
 me ted h m the th g h had cont nually
 so ght to fi d—the m of l l e—no longer
 ex ed so h m now That earch fo t l e a m
 a merely d sapp red tempo-

he l ad t l l now ga ed o er mens heads and
 gladly egarded the e er ch ng eternally
 great unfathom ble and inf n te l e a ound
 h m A d t l e closer he looked the more tran
 qu l and happy he became That dreadful ques
 tion "W t f r? w l ch had f rmerly destroyed
 all h s n ent l ed fces no longer ex sted for
 l m To t l t quest on Wh t f r? a s mple
 e w n walw ys ready in l soul Be
 cause th re s a God that God w tho t whose
 will not one ha r f l l s from man s head.

CHAPTER XIII

s IN EXTERNAL A S P er h d hardly changed
 t all In appe ra ce he was just what he u ed
 d t be As befo e l e was bsent m nded nd
 ———— d n d n t w l what wa b f re

H co ld n t e
 faith—n t f th n ny kind f rule r w ds
 or d as, b t faith n n e l g ev r
 ma fest God. F rmerly he h d sou l t l l m
 ms he s t h m e l f Th t ea ch f n
 aum had been mply a earch f r God nd
 dd ly his capt ty h h d l ned n t
 by rds easo but by d eed feelng
 hat his urs had t l d h m l g g th t
 God here d ev rywh e. In l s capt ty
 h had learned that n k rat e God w s
 greater m e n f t e d unf thom bl th n
 in the A ch tect f th Un rse ecogn ed
 by th Fr emaso s. He f l l k e m n who
 ster tra g h u eyes to e t the f d s t a
 ta e f d s wh t h so ght h ery f All
 hu l f h h d looked the h d s f th
 m arou d h m wh n he h l d h merely
 looked n f nt f h m w th u tra ng his
 eyes.

I the past h h d never b n bl to fi d
 th t great crutable f n t m th g H
 h d ly felt that t must st som whe d
 had looked f l. In ryth g ar nd com
 p h bl he had n only wh was l m ted
 petty m m pla nd seless. He h d
 eq pp d h m s w th me tal les p d
 look d to m t p wher petty w l d
 m d nc h d eem

phil th py se med to h m. B ev n u e
 m m ts f weaknes h h d co nt ed
 them h m d h d p tr t d th d s
 ta es d h had th een th me p t t
 es l d l es nd n les n ss N w h w
 ever h h d l arned t ee th great ter l
 d f i t ryth g nd th f t
 se t d j y s co t m p l t —he n t
 rally threw way th telescope through wh ch

wh t l y b f re h m o w a u
 h d p ucke ed h so ahead p n f lly a f
 a nly eek ng to d t ngu h someth ng at a
 d t nce At present h t l l forgot w l t w s
 s a d t h m a d s t l l d d not see w l t was
 bef his eyes b t h now looked w th a
 sca ely p e c p t ble nd e m ly n c a m l e
 at wh t w s befo e h m nd listened to w l t
 w d though dently e nd he r n
 someth g qu te d f f e ent. F rmerly he had
 appeared to b k nd l earted but unh ppy
 man d so people h d been nd ned to d
 h m. N w m l e t t l e joy of l l e alw ys
 pl yed r nd h u l p nd symp thy f r others
 sh n n his eyes w th a quest on ng look as
 n ented a he was

t n nd k ew h w to listen so th t peup e
 ead ly t l d h m th most t m te ecr t
 The p ncess who h d n e l k ed P erre
 d h d been p t cularly h t l to h m nce
 he had f l t h s l f u der bl gatu s t l m
 aft the l d nts de th n w fte tay g
 h t t m n O el—where he had com n

others and had shown him only the mb u e

side of her nature but now he seemed to be trying to understand the most intimate places of her heart and mistrustfully at first but afterwards gratefully she let him see the hidden kindly sides of her character

The most cunning man could not have crept into her confidence more successfully evoking memories of the best times of her youth and showing sympathy with them Yet Pierre's cunning consisted simply in finding pleasure in drawing out the human qualities of the embittered hard and (in her own way) proud princess

Yes he is a very very kind man when he is not under the influence of bad people but of people such as myself thought she

His servants too—Terenty and Vaska—in their own way noticed the change that had taken place in Pierre They considered that he had become much simpler Terenty when he had helped him undress and wished him good night often lingered with his master's boots in his hands and clothes over his arm to see whether he would not start a talk And Pierre noticing that Terenty wanted a chat generally kept him there

Well tell me now how did you get food? he would ask

And Terenty would begin talking of the destruction of Moscow and of the old count and would stand for a long time holding the clothes and talking or sometimes listening to Pierre's stories and then would go out into the hall with a pleasant sense of intimacy with his master and affection for him

The doctor who attended Pierre and visited him every day though he considered it his duty as a doctor to pose as a man whose every moment was of value to suffering humanity would sit for hours with Pierre telling him his favorite anecdotes and his observations on the characters of his patients in general and especially of the ladies

It's a pleasure to talk to a man like that he is not like our provincials he would say

There were several prisoners from the

princess used to make fun of the tenderness the Italian expressed for him

The Italian seemed happy only when he could come to see Pierre talk with him tell him about his past his life at home and his love and pour out to him his indignation

against the French and especially against Napoleon

If all Russians are in the least like you it is sacrilege to fight such a nation he said to Pierre You who have suffered so from the French do not even feel animosity toward them

Pierre had evoked the passionate affection of the Italian merely by evoking the best side of his nature and taking a pleasure in so doing

During the last days of Pierre's stay in Orel his old Masonic acquaintance Count Willarski who had introduced him to the lodge in 180 came to see him Willarski was married to a Russian heiress who had a large estate in Orel province and he occupied a temporary post in the commissariat department in that town

Hearing that Bezukhov was in Orel Willarski though they had never been intimate came to him with the professions of friendship and intimacy that people who meet in a desert generally express for one another Willarski felt dull in Orel and was pleased to meet a man of his own circle and as he supposed of similar interests

But to his surprise Willarski soon noticed that Pierre had lagged much behind the times and had sunk as he expressed it to himself into apathy and egotism

You are letting yourself go my dear fellow he said

But for all that Willarski found it pleasanter now than it had been formerly to be with Pierre and came to see him every day To Pierre as he looked at and listened to Willarski it seemed strange to think that he had been like that himself but a short time before

Willarski was a married man with a family busy with his family affairs his wife's affairs and his official duties He regarded all these occupations as hindrances to life and considered that they were all contemptible because their aim was the welfare of himself and his family Military administrative political and Masonic interests continually absorbed his attention And Pierre would not try to change the other's views and without condemning him but with the quiet joyful and useful smile now habitual to him was interested in this strange though very familiar phenomenon

There was a new feature in Pierre's relations with Willarski with the princess with the doctor and with all the people he now met which gratified for him the general good will This was his acknowledgment of the im-

BOOK FIFTEEN

possibility of changing man's convictions by words, and his recognition of the possibility of every one thinking, feeling, and seeing things each from his own point of view. The intimate peculiarity of each individual which used to excite and irritate Pierre now became a basis of the sympathy he felt for and through which he took in, other people. Thereafter, and sometimes completely contradicted between men's opinions and their feelings and between what they said and what they pleased him and drew from him, a amused and gentle smile.

I practical matters Pierre unexpectedly felt within himself a center of gravity he had previously lacked. Formerly all peculiar questions led him to which

buildings of his uses in and near Moscow. His head stewed and came to him that Olya and Pierre reckoned up with him his domestic income. The burning of Moscow had cost him according to the head-towards calculation about two million rubles.

To console Pierre for these losses if he head-towards gave him an estimate showing that despite these losses his income would not be diminished but would even be increased if he refused to pay his wife's debts which he was under no obligation to meet and did not rebuild his Moscow house. He used the country house on his Moscow estate which had cost him eighty thousand rubles. Yes and brought in nothing.

"Yes, of course that is true," said Pierre with a cheerful smile. "I don't need all that talk."

By being grumbled in has become much richer.

But in January Savich came from Moscow.

and gave him an account of the state of the town.

There he spoke of the estimate an architect

had made of the cost of rebuilding the town

and country houses speaking of the same set

tled matter. About the same time he received

letters from Prince Vasil and other Petersburg acquaintances speaking of his wife's debts.

And Pierre decided that the steward's proposals which had so pleased him were wrong

and that he must go to Petersburg and settle

his wife's affairs and must rebuild in Moscow.

Why this was necessary he did not know but

he knew for certain that it was necessary. His

income would be reduced by three fourths,

but he felt must be done.

Willarski was going to Moscow and they

agreed to travel together.

During the whole time of his convalescence

in Olya Pierre had experienced a feeling of

joy and freedom and life but when during his

journey he found himself in the open world

and saw hundreds of new faces, that feeling

was intensified. Through out his journey he

felt like a schoolboy on holiday. Everyone

thought of him as a coachman or a post-house owner,

the peasants the towns and the villages

had new significance for him. The presence

and remarks of Willarski who continually dis-

played the romance of poverty of Russia

was a backwardness compared with Europe.

Where Willarski

ple. He did not contradict Willarski and even

the regard to his wife's debts and to the re-

ump and eas had been what used to pre-

pare so insurmountable difficult. At the same

time he fused the color and demand had

made him mind that he must have recourse

to artifice when he came in Olya to duce the

Italian officer to spend some money of which

he was evidently in need. A further proof to

Pierre of his own more settled outlook on

practical matters was furnished by his decision

in regard to his wife's debts and to the re-

turn of his wife's debts and to the re-

seemed to agree with him—no apparent agreement being the simplest way to avoid discussions that could lead to nothing—and he smiled joyfully as he listened to him

CHAPTER XIV

IT WOULD BE difficult to explain why and whether ants whose heap has been destroyed are hurrying some from the heap dragging bits of rubbish larvæ and corpses others back to the heap or why they jostle overtake one another and fight and it would be equally difficult to explain what caused the Russians after the departure of the French to throng to the place that had formerly been Moscow. But when we watch the ants round their ruined heap the tenacity energy and immense number of the delving insects prove that despite the destruction of the heap something indestructible which though intangible is the real strength of the colony still exists and similarly though in Moscow in the month of October there was no government and no churches shrines riches or houses—it was still the Moscow it had been in August. All was destroyed except something intangible yet powerful and indestructible.

The motives of those who thronged from all sides to Moscow after it had been cleared of the enemy were most diverse and personal and at first for the most part savage and brutal. One motive only they all had in common—a desire to get to the place that had been called Moscow to apply their activities there.

Within a week Moscow already had fifteen thousand inhabitants in a fortnight twenty-five thousand and so on. By the autumn of 1813 the number ever increasing and increasing exceeded what it had been in 1811.

The first Russians to enter Moscow were the Cossacks of Wintzingerode's detachment peasants from the adjacent villages and residents who had fled from Moscow and had been hiding in its vicinity. The Russians who entered Moscow finding it plundered plundered in their turn. They continued what the French had begun. Teams of peasant carts came to Moscow to carry off to the villages what had been abandoned in the ruined houses and the streets. The Cossacks carried off what they could to their camps and the householders seized all they could find in other houses and moved it to their own pretending that it was their property.

But the first plunderers were followed by a second and a third contingent and with increasing numbers plundering became more

and more difficult and assumed more definite forms.

The French found Moscow abandoned but with all the organizations of regular life with diverse branches of commerce and craftsmanship with luxury and governmental and religious institutions. These forms were lifeless but still existed. There were hundreds of shops warehouses market stalls granaries—for the most part still stocked with goods—and there were factories and workshops palaces and wealthy houses filled with luxuries hospitals prisons government offices churches and cathedrals. The longer the French remained the more these forms of town life perished until finally all was merged into one confused lifeless scene of plunder.

The more the plundering by the French continued the more both the wealth of Moscow and the strength of its plunderers was destroyed. But plundering by the Russians with which the reoccupation of the city began had an opposite effect: the longer it continued and the greater the number of people taking part in it the more rapidly was the wealth of the city and its regular life restored.

Besides the plunderers very various people some driven by curiosity some by official duties some by official duties of peasants—to the heart.

Within a week the peasants who came with empty carts to carry off plunder were stopped by the authorities and made to cart the corpses out of the town. Other peasants having heard of their comrades' discomfiture came to town bringing rye oats and hay and beat down one another's prices to below what they had been in former days. Gangs of carpenters hopped for high pay arrived in Moscow every day and on all sides logs were being hewn new houses built and old charred ones repaired. Tradesmen began trading in boots. Cookshops and taverns were opened in partially burned houses. The clergy resumed the services in many churches that had not been burned. Donors contributed Church property that had been stolen. Government clerks set up their law-covered tables and their pigeonholes of documents in small rooms. The higher authorities and the police organized the distribution of goods left behind by the French. The owners of houses in which much property had been left brought there from their houses complaints of the injustice taken by the

BOOK FIFTEEN

receded Place in the Kremlin

to keep all that was unusual
the police bribed them made out estimates at times the value for go room not stores that had perished in the fire and demanded relief And Count Rostopchin wrote proclamations

CHAPTER XVI

AT THE TIME [J]erry Perr went to Moscow and to the annex of his house which had not been burned. He called on Count Rostopchin to do some acquaintances who were back Moscow and he intended to leave for Petersburg today. Everybody was celebrating the city everything was bubbling with life there but the city was very was pleased to see Perr everywhere. He met him and every one questioned him

him— he then import the question
as Where would he go? Whither go?
build Whither was he going to Petersburg and
would he mind taking a pleasure trip?
he replied Yes, perhaps so. I think so
do so.

He had heard that Rostopchin was taking a trip to the north of Nizhny Novgorod. It occurred to him that it was only pleasant memory of the past. He felt himself not only free from social obligations but also from that feeling which seemed to him he had roused himself.

On the third day after his arrival he heard from the Drubasky that Princess Mary was in Moscow. The day after tomorrow and last day of the Prince and the Princess had been married. Perr thought his day would be very interesting. He thought he would go to the Princess Mary was in Moscow and live in her house— he thought he had not been burned— he would like to see her.

On his way to the house Perr kept thinking of Prince Andrew and their friendship. He thought of his usual meetings with him and especially of the Borodino.

It was possible that he had met him before. It was possible that the means of his life was disclosed to him before

he died? thought Pierre. He recalled Katerina and his death and involuntarily began to compare these two men so different and yet so similar in that they had both lived and both died and in the last he felt for both of them.

Perr drove up to the house of the old prince in a most serious mood. The house had escaped the fire. It showed signs of damage but its general aspect was unchanged. The old footman who met Perr with a stern face as if wishing to make the visitor feel that the base of the old prince had not dusted the ride of the guests in the house informed him that the princess had gone to her own apartments and that she received on Sundays.

An ounce of me. Perhaps she will see me," said Perr.

Yes, said the man. Please stop to the portrait gallery.

A few minutes later the footman returned with Dessalles who brought word from the princess that she would be very glad to see Perr if he would excuse her want of time.

In the room lit by one candle sat the princess with her a the person dressed in black. Perr remembered that the princess was a lady companion, but who they were and what they were like he never knew remembered. This must be one of her companions he thought glancing at the lady in the black dress.

The princess quickly to meet him and held out her hand.

Yes, he said looking at his altered face. He had kissed her hand so this was the first time. He often spoke of you in the last days. He wanted to turn her eyes from Perr to her companion with a byness that surprised him in a faint.

It was

Again the princess glanced round and met a companion with even more uneasiness in her

know I heard the second day from others. I only know that he fell in with the Rostopchins.

What traitor could he be?

Perr spoke rapidly and with matter. He glanced once at the companion and saw her attitude and kindly gazed at him, and

as often happens when one is talking felt somehow that this companion in the black dress was a good kind excellent creature who would not hinder his conversing freely with Princess Mary.

But when he mentioned the Rostovs Princess Mary's face expressed still greater embarrassment. She again glanced rapidly from Pierre's face to that of the lady in the black dress and said:

Do you really not recognize her?

Pierre looked again at the companion's pale delicate face with its black eyes and peculiar mouth and something near to him long for gotten and more than sweet looked at him from those attentive eyes.

But no it can't be! he thought. This stern thin pale face that looks so much older! It cannot be she. It merely reminds me of her. But at that moment Princess Mary said: Natásha! And with difficulty effort and stress like the opening of a door grown rusty on its hinges a smile appeared on the face with the attentive eyes and from that opening door came a breath of fragrance which suffused Pierre with a happiness he had long forgotten and of which he had not even been thinking—especially at that moment. It suffused him seized him and enveloped him completely. When she smiled doubt was no longer possible it was Natásha and he loved her.

At that moment Pierre involuntarily betrayed to her to Princess Mary and above all to himself a secret of which he himself had been unaware. He flushed joyfully yet with painful distress. He tried to hide his agitation. But the more he tried to hide it the more clearly—clearer than any words could have done—did he betray to himself to her and to Princess Mary that he loved her.

No it is only the unexpectedness of it thought Pierre. But as soon as he tried to continue the conversation he had begun with Princess Mary he again glanced at Natásha.

Pierre had failed to notice Natásha because he did not at all expect to see her there but he had failed to recognize her because the change in her since he last saw her was immense. She had grown thin and pale but that was not what made her unrecognizable she was unrecognizable at the moment he entered because

on that face whose eyes had always shone with a suppressed smile of the joy of life now when he first entered and glanced at her there was not the least shadow of a smile only her eyes were kindly attentive and sadly interrogative.

Pierre's confusion was not reflected by any confusion on Natásha's part but only by the pleasure that just perceptibly lit up her whole face.

CHAPTER XVI

SHE HAS COME to stay with me said Princess Mary. The count and countess will be here in a few days. The countess is in a dreadful state but it was necessary for Natásha herself to see a doctor. They insisted on her coming with me.

Yes is there a family free from sorrow now? said Pierre addressing Natásha. You know it happened the very day we were rescued I saw him. What a delightful boy he was!

Natásha looked at him and by way of answer to his words her eyes

Why is there a family free from sorrow now? said Pierre addressing Natásha. You know it happened the very day we were rescued I saw him. What a delightful boy he was!

Natásha looked at him and by way of answer to his words her eyes

Why is there a family free from sorrow now? said Pierre addressing Natásha. You know it happened the very day we were rescued I saw him. What a delightful boy he was!

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Natásha looked at him and by way of answer to his words her eyes

BOOK FIFTEEN

cases—began to tell of the condit on n w l ch
d Prince A dres But P rre' l

times she repeated the same th ng t ice
Dess lles oice was hea d outs de tle door
ask ng w l e d r l tle N d l s m gl t com u
to say good n l t

t recall f r i t

"Yes, yes d so ? P erre kept s y
as h leaned t ard her w t h wh le body
and eagerly l te ed t her story Yes yes
so he grew tranqu l d softened? W th l h s
soul he had l sought t one th ng—to be
perfectly good—so he could t be afra d of
death. The faults he h d—f he l d ny—we e
not fh make So he d d soft n? Wh t
happy th g that he saw u an l e added
dd ly turn g t N tál a d look ng at
her with eyes f l f te rs

N tasha f t tch d. She f wned d
lo ed he yes f mom t. Sle hes t ted
f ta t w th t pe k not.

"Yes, that was happ nes he then said n
her qui t c w th is deep l est n tes Fo
m t certa ly was happ es She p ed
A d h le he said he was w l g for
t t the ry m ment l te ed the oom
N tasha b k Sh blu hed p essed
her l ped h d he knees d then con
troll herself w th n ev d t eff l fted
her head d bega t p k rap dly

W k ew th g f when we sta ted
— ~ ~ d d d t k b ut h m.

him d be w th him sle sa d, tr u
d b th qu kly

A d t let g them t rrupt l h w nt
t t l w h h d ever y t ment ned
t) — l l h had l ed thro gh d G
those three weeks f th j urney d l f t
Y oslá l

h l n d nd

to her d f l t nly p ty f h l wh t le
as fl w wh l he w peak g
P ess M ry fr w h ff t to
h l d b ck h tears t bes d N tál h nd
heard f th firs t m l t ry f th e last
day f h b th d N ásha l e.

E d th N tál h need d t l th t p n
f l y t joy l l tal

Sh pok m l g mos tr fl d tal
w th th m t ecr ts f h so l d
seemed as if h could n er finish. S ral

CHAPTER XVII

P ERRE AS S O N nto the l rge brightly l t
d g oom a few m utes l ter he hea d
foots ps nd P cess M ry ente ed w th
N tál h N tál h w calm t l h a e ere
d gra e xpress n l d an tled on l e
f e They l l th ee f them now exper n ed
th t feel g f a kw d ess wh d u u lly f l
l ws fte er u and heartf l t talk It is m
possible to go b ck to tle same co rsat t
talk of tr fles wkw d and yet th des e
t p k the nd l nce e ms l k affecta
t n Th y went s lently to t bl The foot
mend w b ck th ch rs d pusl ed them up
ga n P r r u f l d d h cold table n pk n
d es l g to b eak th l looked at
N tál h d t Pr n ess M) They had e

elf sa d he. O e hears uch improbabl
w ders bout y u.

Yes replied Pierre with the smile of mild irony now habitual to him. They even tell me wonders I myself never dreamed of! Mary Abrámovna invited me to her house and kept telling me what had happened or ought to have happened to me. Stepán Stepanych also instructed me how I ought to tell of my experiences. In general I have noticed that it is very easy to be an interesting man (I am an interesting man now) people invite me out and tell me all about myself.

Natasha smiled and was on the point of speaking.

We have been told Princess Mary interrupted her that you lost two millions in Moscow. Is that true?

But I am three times as rich as before returned Pierre.

Though the position was now altered by his decision to pay his wife's debts and to rebuild his houses Pierre still maintained that he had become three times as rich as before.

What I have certainly gained is freedom he began seriously but did not continue noticing that this theme was too egotistic.

And are you building?

Yes Savélich says I must!

Tell me you did not know of the countless death when you decided to remain in Moscow? asked Princess Mary and immediately blushed noticing that her question following his mention of freedom ascribed to his words a meaning he had perhaps not intended.

No answered Pierre evidently not considering awkward the meaning Princess Mary had given to his words. I heard of it in Orel and you cannot imagine how it shocked me. We were not an exemplary couple he added quickly glancing at Natasha and noticing on her face curiosity as to how he would speak of his wife but her death shocked me terribly.

What is no longer alive. And then such a death without friends.

Princess Mary

Pierre suddenly flushed crimson and for a long time tried not to look at Natasha. When he ventured to glance at her again her face was cold stern and he fancied even contemptuous.

And did you really see and speak to Na-

oleon as we have been told? said Princess Mary.

Pierre laughed.

No not once! Everybody seems to imagine that being taken prisoner means being Napoleon's guest. Not only did I never see him but I heard nothing about him—I was in much lower company!

Supper was over and Pierre who at first declined to speak about his captivity was gradually led on to do so.

But it's true that you remained in Moscow to kill Napoleon? Natasha asked with a slight smile. I guessed it then when we met at the Sukharev tower do you remember?

Pierre admitted that it was true and from that was gradually led by Princess Mary's questions and especially by Natasha's into giving a detailed account of his adventures.

At first

irony now

body and

he came to describe the horrors and sufferings he had witnessed he was unconsciously carried away and began speaking with the suppressed emotion of a man re-experiencing in recollection strong impressions he has lived through.

Princess Mary with a gentle smile looked now at Pierre and now at Natasha. In the whole narrative she saw only Pierre and his goodness. Natasha leaning on her elbow the expression of her face constantly changing with the narrative watched Pierre with attention that never wavered—evidently herself experiencing all that he described. Not only her look but her exclamations and the brief questions she put showed Pierre that she understood just what he wished to convey. It was clear that she understood not only what he said

not

give

woman protecting whom he was

their things snatched off and their ears torn out he flushed and grew confused. Then a patrol arrived and all the men—all those who were not looting that is—were arrested and among them

I am sure you are not telling us everything. I am sure you said something to Natasha and I am sure she told me something else.

Pierre continued. When he spoke of the ex-

when he wanted to pass over the horrible death, but Natasha insisted that he should not omit a single thing.

Pierre began to tell her of Karatiev but stopped. By this time he had risen from the table and was pacing the room, Natasha following him with her eyes. Then he added:

"No, you can't understand what I learned from that illiterate man—that simple fellow."

"Yes, yes, go on," said Natasha. "Where is he?"

"They killed him almost before my eyes."

And Pierre has a trembling countenance to tell of the last days of his retreat of Karatiev. There is no death.

He told of his discontent as he had never yet revealed them. He now saw a woman all his had to throw his life. But he was still in the life of his experience that pleasure which his man has when women listen to him—not clever women who when listening to him try to remember what they hear to enter his mind and when opportunity offers to retell it, or who wish to adopt it to some use of their own and promptly contribute their own clever comparison to the own little mental work shop—but the pleasure given by real women given with capacity to select of almost the very best man knows himself. Natasha without knowing it was all ten in his mind to lose word, no! I quit in Pierre voice to look no two of his muscles his face no in his gesture. She caught the unfinished word in his hand and took it straight to her open heart, digging the secret meaning of all Pierre's mental travail.

Princess Mary understood his own and sympathized with him but he saw something about her absorbed and her eyes saw the possibility of his happiness between Natasha and Pierre and the first thought of his filled her heart with gladness.

It was three o'clock that the men's footmen came in with sad and earnest faces to change the candles but no notice of them. Pierre finished his conversation with Natasha and looked at him in the twilight.

so gladdened occasion for her and tried to talk to her as he introduced fresh subject. Princess Mary was silent. It occurred to him that it was three o'clock and time to go to bed.

People speak of my fortunes and suffer now," remarked Pierre but at that moment I was asked "Would you rather be what you were before you were taken prisoner or go through all this?" then for her sake let me say that I have captured and horseflesh. I mean that when we are thrown out of our usual ruts all is lost but only then that when the new and good begins. Well, there is life there is happiness. There is much much before us. I say this to you, he added, turn to Natasha.

"Yes, yes," she said, answering something quite different. I too should know nothing but to elude it from the beginning.

Pierre looked at her.

"Yes, and then in my mind said Natasha.

It is not true, not true, cried Pierre. I am not to blame for being like this, I am not you either.

Suddenly Natasha bent her head covered her face with her hands, and began to cry.

"What is it?" said Natasha said Princess Mary.

"Nothing, nothing." She smiled at Pierre through her tears. Good night. It is time to bed.

Pierre rose and took his leave.

Princess Mary and Natasha met as usual in the bedroom. They talked of what Pierre had told them. Princess Mary did not express her pain in Pierre's mind. Natasha spoke of him.

"Well, good night, Mary," said Natasha. "Do you know I am often afraid that I cannot speak of him (she meant Prince Andrew) I fear I cannot do justice to our feelings, we forget him."

Princess Mary's head deeply and thereby acknowledged he just as if Natasha remarked, but she did not express agreement in words. I possibly forget, said she.

"It did me so much good to tell all about it today. It was hard and painful but good, very good," said Natasha. I am sure really, said she.

said with mischievous smile. Princess Mary had not seen on her face in some time. She has somewhat grown so clean, smooth, and fresh—as if she had just come out of Russia. Bath does one understand. Out of a moral bath, isn't it true?

Yes replied Pierre with the smile of mild irony now habitual to him. "They even tell me wonders I myself never dreamed of! Mary Abramovna invited me to her house and kept telling me what had happened or . . ."

"I have noticed that it is very easy to be an interesting man (I am an interesting man now) people invite me out and tell me all about myself."

Natasha smiled and was on the point of speaking.

"We have been told Princess Mary interrupted her that you lost two millions in Moscow. Is that true?"

"But I am three times as rich as before," returned Pierre.

"Though the position was now altered by his decision to pay his wife's debts and to rebuild his houses, Pierre still maintained that he had become three times as rich as before."

"What I have certainly gained is freedom," he began seriously, but did not continue, noticing that this theme was too egotistic.

"And are you building?"

"Yes, Svetchich says I must!"

"Tell me, you did not know of the countless death when you decided to remain in Moscow?" asked Princess Mary and immediately blushed, noticing that her question following his mention of freedom ascribed to his words a meaning he had perhaps not intended.

"No," answered Pierre, evidently not considering upward the morning Princess Mary had given to his words. "I heard of it in Orel and you cannot imagine how it shocked me. We were not an exemplary couple," he added quickly, glancing at Natasha and noticing on her face curiosity as to how he would speak of his wife, but her death shocked me terribly. When two people quarrel they are always both in fault and one soon guilty suddenly becomes terribly serious when the other is no longer alive and then such a death without friends . . ."

"You are once more an eligible bachelor," said Princess Mary.

Pierre suddenly flushed crimson and for a long time tried not to look at Natasha. When he ventured to glance at her again her face was cold, stern and he fancied even contemptuous.

"And did you really see and speak to Na-

poleon as we have been told," said Princess Mary.

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"No, not once! Everybody seems to imagine that being taken prisoner means being Napoleon's guest. Not only did I never see him but I heard nothing about him—I was in . . ."

" . . . about his captivity was gradually led on to do so."

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Pierre admitted that it was true and from . . .

" . . . with him toward everybody and especially toward himself, but when he came to describe the horrors and sufferings he had witnessed he was unconsciously carried away and began speaking with the suppressed emotion of a man re-experiencing in recollection strong impressions he has lived through."

Princess Mary with a gentle smile looked now at Pierre and now at Natasha. In the whole narrative she saw only Pierre and his goodness. Natasha, leaning on her elbow, the expression of her face constantly changing with the narrative, watched Pierre with an attention that never wavered—evidently herself experiencing all that he described. Not only her look but her exclamations and the brief questions she put showed Pierre that she understood just what he wished to convey. It was clear that she understood not only what he said but also what he wished to say but could not express in words. The account Pierre gave of the incident with the child and the woman for protecting whom he was arrested was this: "It was an awful sight—children abandoned some in the flames. One was snatched out before my eyes and there were women who had their things snatched off and their earrings torn out. He flung and grew confused. Then a patrol arrived and all the men—all those who were not looting that is—are arrested and I am not the only one."

"I am sure you are not telling me everything. I am sure you did something," said Natasha and pursuing her led to another fine . . ."

Pierre continued. When he spoke of the ex-

ratio he wa ted t pas o er the horr ble de
tals, b t tá ha ms sted that he sh uld n t
m t th

Perre b gan t tell b t k ratée but
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bl and a p the oom N tá ha f llow

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A d Perre h o trembl g c t lly
t t tell of th last d y of th etre t
f Karatév ll es d h de th
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I e e asked Would y u rather be hat you
were b f e you we e t ken pr o er or go
th ough all th s ga n th n f r l e a e n s sake
l t me ga h capt ry and horseflesh!
We m g e that whe e throw t out of
u ual rut ll s l t but it o ly then th t
h and

to N tásha

Yes yes he sa l an wer g someth
qu t d ffe ent l too sh ld w h noth a but
t r l e t ll fr m th be n ng
Perre look d t ntly t her
V

— y u the
S dd ly N tá ha bent he he d covered
h f w th h h ds d began t cry
What it N tá h ? sa d Pr ces Mary
N th g noth g She mil d t Pierre
th h her tears. Good n ght! It is t me f
bed.
Perre os nd took h s lea e.

P ess M ry d N tá ha met as u ual in
the bed oom. They talk d of what Perre had
t ld th m P cess M ry d d n t exp es her
p n of Perre n t d d N tásha peak f
h m

"Well good ht, M ry! sa d N tá ha.
D y u kn w I m ft n fra d th t by n t
peak g f h m (he me nt Pr c A d ew)
f fea f n t d just e to our feel
v e f g t h m

kn
bu

u u som ch good to tell ll b t t
tod y It wa h d and p ful b t good ery
good! sa d N tásh I am h lly l ed
h m Th t hy l t ld h m W t all
r ght? he dd d uddenly blush

To t ll Perre Oh yes What ple d d
man h l sa d Pr ces Mary

D y uk M ry N t h sudd nly
sa d th m h e v us m le ch as Pr ess
M ry had t e n n h f f l t m
h h somch w gr n so clean mooth d
fresh— f h h d just m o t f Russ n
b th d y dersta d O t f m ral b th.
Isn t t tru ?

Yes replied Princess Mary He has greatly improved

With a short coat and his hair cropped just as if well just as if he had come straight from the bath Papa used to

I understand why he (Prince Andrew) liked no one so much as him said Princess Mary

Yes and yet he is quite different They say men are friends when they are quite different That must be true Really he is quite unlike him—in everything

Yes but he is wonderful

Well good night said Natásha

And the same mischievous smile lingered for a long time on her face as if it had been forgotten there

CHAPTER XVIII

IT WAS A LONG TIME before Pierre could fall asleep that night He paced up and down his room now turning his thoughts on a difficult problem and frowning now suddenly shrugging his shoulders and wincing and now smiling happily

He was thinking of Prince Andrew of Natásha and of their love at one moment jealous of her past then reproaching himself for that feeling It was already six in the morning and he still paced up and down the room

Well what's to be done if it cannot be avoided? What's to be done? Evidently it has to be so said he to himself and hastened

A few days previously Pierre had decided to go to Petersburg on the Friday When he awoke on the Thursday Savélich came to ask him about packing for the journey

What to Petersburg? What is Petersburg? Who is there in Petersburg? he asked involuntarily though only to himself Oh yes long

and now attentive and how he remembers everything he thought looking at Savélich's old face and what a pleasant smile he has!

Well Savélich do you still not wish to accept your freedom? Pierre asked him

What's the good of freedom to me your excellency? We lived under the late count—the kingdom of heaven be his!—and we have lived

under you too without ever being wronged And your children?

The children will live just the same With such masters one can live

But what about my heirs? said Pierre Supposing I suddenly marry it might happen he added with an involuntary smile

If I may take the liberty your excellency it would be a good thing

How easy he thinks it thought Pierre He doesn't know how terrible it is and how dangerous Too soon or too late it is terrible!

So what are your orders? Are you staying tomorrow? asked Savélich

No I'll put it off for a bit I'll tell you later You must forgive the trouble I have put you to said Pierre and seeing Savélich smile he thought But how strange it is that he should not know that now there is no Petersburg for me and that that must be settled first of all! But probably he knows it well enough and is only pretending Shall I have a talk with him and see what he thinks? Pierre reflected No another time

At breakfast Pierre told the princess his cousin that he had been to see Princess Mary the day before and had there met—Whom do you think? Natásha Postóva!

The princess seemed to see nothing more extraordinary in that than if he had seen Anna Semenovna

Do you know her? asked Pierre

I have seen the princess she replied I heard that they were arranging a match for her with young Rostóv It would be a very good thing for the Rostóvs they are said to be utterly ruined

No I mean do you know Natásha Rostóva?

I heard about that affair of hers at the time It was a great pity

No she either doesn't understand or is pretending thought Pierre Better not say anything to her either

The princess too had prepared provisions for Pierre's journey

How kind they all are thought Pierre What is surprising is that they should trouble about these things now when it can no longer be of interest to them And all for me!

On the same day the Chief of Police came to Pierre inviting him to send a representative to the Faceted Palace to recover things that were to be

And into the fine good looking officer and how kind Fancy

bothering about s h t r f l e s n o u ! A n d t h e y
a c t u a l l y s a y h e t h e s t a n d t h e s b r e s
W h a t e n e l B e s d e s w h y h u l d n t h e t a k e
b e s ? T h a t s t h w y h e w s b o u l t u p a n d
e v e r y b o d y d e s t B t w h t a k n d p l e a n t
f a c e a n d h o w h e m i l e s s h e l o o k s t m e

P e r r e w n t t o P r e s s M a r y s t o d i n n e r

A h e d r o e t h u g h t h e s t r e e t s p a s t t h e
h o u s e s t h a t h d b e n b u r n d d o w n h e w a s
s u r p r i s e d b y t h e b e t y o f t h o s e r u n T h e
p e t r e s q e s s f t h e c h m n e y s t a c k a n d t u m
b l e d n w a l l f t h e b u r n e d o u t q u a r t e r s o f
t h e t o n t r e t c h n g o u t a n d c e l n g o n e
a n t h e r r m d e d h m o f t h e R h n e a n d t h e
C o l o e m a T h e c a b m e n h e m t a n d t h e r p s

h c a r e n t e r s c u t t g t h e t m b e f o r

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P e r r e f l t d b t f u l w h e r e e l l y
b e e t h e r e t h n g h t b e f r a n d h a d r e l l y s e e n
t i s h d t a l k e d t h e P r h p s l m g n e d
t p e h a p I s h a l l g n d f i n d n o n e t h e
B t h e h a d h a r d l y n t e e d t h e r o o m b e f o e h e
f i t h e r p e s e w i t h h w h l b n g b y t h e
l o s s f t h u s e n e o f f e d m S h e a s n t h e
s a m e b l a c k d e s s w t h f t f o l d s a n d h e r h a
a s d e t h s m e w y t h e d y b f e y e t
h a s q u t d f l e e n t H d h b e e n l k e t h i s
t h e t e d t h d y b e f r l u l d n o t
f o m o m e t h e f l d t o e n e h e r

S h e w a s h e h a d k n w h e r l m o t a a
c h i l d d l l e r n P r n e A n d r w f i n t e
A b g h t q u e s t g i g h t h n n i e r y e s
d l e r i w a s f d l y d t n g e l y
r o m l e x p e s s n

P e r r e d e d w t h t h e m a n d w u l d h a
p e n t h w h l e v e n g t h e r b u t P n e s s
M r y w g o g t e s p e r s a n d P e r r e f i t t h e
h u s e w t h h e r

N e x t d a y h e c a m e a l l y d d a n d c f d
t h w h l e s g T h u g h P r n e s M r y n d
A f t h w d n l y g l d t t l t

r o e f i r s t a n d c o m p l a i n g o f a h e a d a c e b e
g a n t o s a y g o o d n g h t

S o y o u a r e g o n g t o P e t e r s b u r g t o m o r r o w ?
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— l m h e r h n d a n d w e n t o u t

f o n

t e r n l y a n d t e n t l y

l a n t e y e s T h e w e a s s s h e l d p l a n l y

h i n e h a d n o w q u i t e p a s s e d o f f W i l a

— d a b e p e

s c o n f u

a n i s t e d

a n d w e r e r e p l a c e d y e b

n t H e

q u a k l y m e d a n a r m c h a i r t o w a r d P r n e s s

M a r y

Y e s I w n t e d t o t l l y o u s a d h e a n s w e r

g h e l o o k a s f h e h a d s p o k e n P r n e s s

h e l p m e ! W h a m I t o d ? C a n I h p e ? P r n

c e s s m y d e a r f r i d l t e n t I k n w t l l I

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To speak to her now wouldn't do," said the princess all the time.

"But what am I to do?"

"Leave it to me," said Princess Mary. I know.

Pierre was looking into Princess Mary's eyes.

"Well? Well?" he said.

"I know that she loves—will love you," Princess Mary corrected herself.

Before her words were out Pierre had sprung up and with a frightened expression seized Princess Mary's hand.

"What makes you think so? You think I may hope? You think?"

"Yes, I think so," said Princess Mary with a smile. "Write to her parents and leave it to me. I will tell her when I can. I wish it to happen and my heart tells me it will."

"No, it cannot be! How happy I am! But it can't be. How happy I am! No, it can't be!" Pierre kept saying as he kissed Princess Mary's hands.

"Go to Petersburg; that will be best. And I will write to you," she said.

"To Petersburg? Go there? Very well. I'll go. But I may come again tomorrow?"

Next day Pierre came to say good-by to Natasha. She was less animated than she had been the day before, but that day as he looked at her Pierre sometimes felt as if he was vanishing and that neither he nor she existed any longer.

A vision that filled his soul with joy.

When on saying good-by he took her thin, slender hand, he could not help holding it a little longer in his own.

Is it possible that this hand, that face, those eyes, all this treasure of feminine charm so strange to me now, is it possible that it will one day be mine forever, as familiar to me as I am to myself? No, that's impossible!

"Good-by, Count," she said aloud. "I shall look forward very much to your return," she added in a whisper.

And these simple words, her look, and the expression on her face, which accompanied them, formed for two months the subject of in-exhaustible memories, interpretations, and happy meditations for Pierre. "I shall look

CHAPTER XIX

THERE WAS NOTHING in Pierre's soul now at all like what had troubled it during his courtship of Hélène.

He did not repent to himself with a sickening feeling of shame the words he had spoken or say, "Oh, why did I not say that?" and

Whatever made me say *Je vous aime*? On the contrary, he now repeated in imagination every word that he or Natasha had spoken and pictured every detail of her face and smile and did not wish to diminish or add anything but only to repeat it again and again. There was now not a shadow of doubt in his mind as to whether what he had undertaken was right or wrong. Only one terrible doubt sometimes crossed his mind: Wasn't it all a dream? Isn't Princess Mary mistaken? Am I not too contented and self-confident? I believe it!"

For himself. Doesn't he know that he is a man, just a man, while I? I am something altogether different and higher.

That was the only doubt often troubling Pierre. He did not now make any plans. The happiness before him was all that he needed.

A joyful, unexpected frenzy of which he had thought himself incapable possessed him. The whole meaning of life—not for him alone but for the whole world—seemed to him centered in his love and the possibility of being loved by her. At times everybody seemed to him to be occupied with one thing only—his future happiness. Sometimes it seemed to him that other people were all as pleased as he was himself and merely tried to hide that pleasure by pretending to be busy with other interests. In every word and gesture he saw allusions to his happiness. He often surprised those he met by his significantly happy looks and smiles which seemed to express a secret understanding between him and them. And when he realized that people might not be aware of his happiness, he pitied them with his whole heart and felt a desire somehow to explain to them that all that occupied them was as a mere frivolous trifle unworthy of attention.

When it was suggested to him that he should enter the civil service or when the war or any general political affairs were discussed on the assumption that everybody's welfare depended on this or that issue of events, he would listen

am! What is happening to me? How happy I am! said Pierre to himself.

BOOK FIFTIEN

with mild and p t m le a d urp e l ppy pl n f the futu e She spoke l tle of
 peop by h tra c mm ts. But at tl P erre b it l en Pr nces Mary ment one l
 time h saw e erybody—both tl se wlo as h m a l gext ou led l ght once m re k i
 he mugi ed, u derstood the eal mean n of dled in her eyes a d her l p curved w th a
 and rru tes wh ex de tly lid n t und r stran sm le
 stand — th b l t l ht fth em t n th t
 e th n h mself nd at on e th ut ny
 e r n sa every ne he met ex r yth ng th t
 was good d w rthy f b n l d

Whe deal g w th the aff rs and p pers
 of hus dead w fe, her mem ry rou d n l m
 no feel b t p ty that h had n t known the
 bliss h now k ew Prin V l ho ha
 obtained ew post and so n fesh dec ra
 too was part ularly p ud t th t me
 seemed t hum p thet c k ndly ld man mu h
 to be p t ed.

Of f t l f e P r r recalled th per od
 f bliss l san ty All the ex he f rmed
 of m and c u stan as t th t m e
 mained tru f h m lw ys. He n t nly d d
 not ren u c h m subsequen ly but wh n he
 wa doubt w dly t r he
 ferred t the ew he d h d l t th t e of
 h s mad ess nd they alw s p o ed corr t
 I m y t e ppea ed ra e nd que
 then h th ht, b t l was n t so mad I
 seemed. O th contrary I wa th n w ser nd
 had m e ht th n t n the t m nd
 ders ood all that w rth u dersta d

bef l l em h l e wa
 g w th l d by l peopl w l
 ca se h d ed d b bl causes f
 lo dem.

CHAPTER XX

AFTER P ERRE r r r th t first even

h r t d w h h h s h cropped som
 th h dd nd unk w hers lf but
 ur p ess bl w k n t h soul
 E r yth her f w k look nd c
 as dd l l ed T h wn urp
 po l l f nd h p f h pp es osc to
 th f d d ma ded sa sl ct n F m
 that even h seemed ha f root n ll
 tha had h ppe ed her Sh nol n m
 pl ed f h pos n d d t say w d
 bo t th past, d l n e r feared to mak

The ch n tl t took place n t h at
 first u pr el P r nces M ry but l en she
 und rstood t mea n t gre e ller Can
 sh l e l ed my brother so l tle as to be
 ble to for t h m soon? he thou l t wh n
 ~ on the ch B t w en he was

rrepress bl nd u l e
 h r p esen P n es Mary felt that l e had
 r en oa h her e en in l e r l e r u.

d heerful
 Wh n P ess M ry eturned t her room
 fter he nocturn l t k w th P erre t t sha
 m tle on the th esh ld

He h poken Yes He h s poken: he
 reated

And joyful y t p thet c exp es on wh ch
 e med to beo f rga ess f r her joy settled
 on t t a h f ce

I wanted t l n t the doo b t l knew
 y u would t ll m
 U d rsta d bl d t h the look
 w th w l l N t l ga ed t l e med to
 P n ess M ry d sorry l wa t l e
 t t n les w ds pa ned h r f mo-
 ment. Sle men bered h r b tle d l s

l e
 B t w l t to be d ne? She can t l e p t
 thou ht the p ess.

A d w th a sad d rather tern look he
 t ld t t a l l that P r r had sa d. On hear
 g th t h wa go to Petersburg N t sha

wa unded.
 T P rterburg h pteated if unable
 t understand

But n c n the gr ed exp es n n Pr n
 cess Mary f h guessed th eason f that
 sad ess d dd nly began t cry

M ry sa d he ll m wh t l h uld do
 I am fra d f be g b d. What er you tell
 me I w ll do T ll m

Y u l h m
 Yes wh pered t t sha.

Th n why re y u cry I m happy f r
 y sak said P r nces M ry who b caus
 of those tears qu te f rga t t sha joy

It won't be just yet—someday Think what fun it will be when I am his wife and you marry Nicholas!

Natasha I have asked you not to speak of that Let us talk about you

They were silent awhile

But why go to Petersburg? Natasha suddenly asked and hastily replied to her own question But no no he must Yes Mary He must

First Epilogue 1813-20

*

CHAPTER I

SEVEN YEARS had passed. The storm tossed sea of Europe in history had subsided with its shores and seemed to have become calm. But the mysterious cess that motioned in mystery (mystery) because the life of the motioned in mystery (mystery) continued in mystery (mystery).

Though the life of the sea felt it seemed more the movement of the life of the sea.

With the sea the life of the sea felt it seemed more the movement of the life of the sea.

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With the sea the life of the sea felt it seemed more the movement of the life of the sea.

who does not throw his title stone at Alexander for the wrong that he did in the period of his reign.

He ought to have acted in the way a man should. In the case he did and in the case he did he behaved admirably at the beginning of his reign. In the beginning of his reign he acted badly by giving a constitution to Poland.

He ought to have acted in the way a man should. In the case he did and in the case he did he behaved admirably at the beginning of his reign.

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tue (the historians do not accuse him of that)—had not the same conception of the welfare of humanity fifty years ago—as a present day professor who from his youth upwards has been occupied with learning that is with books and lectures and with taking notes from them

But even if we assume that fifty years ago Alexander I was mistaken in his view of what was good for the people we must inevitably assume that the historian who judges Alexander will also after the lapse of some time

“I have been watching the movement of history we see that every year and with each new writer opinion as to what is good for mankind changes so that what once seemed good ten years later seems bad and vice versa And what is more we find at one and the same time quite contradictory views as to what is bad and what is good in history some people regard giving a constitution to Poland and forming the Holy Alliance as praiseworthy in Alexander while others regard it as blameworthy

The activity of Alexander or of Napoleon cannot be called useful or harmful for it is impossible to say for what it was useful or harmful If that activity displeases somebody this is only because it does not agree with his limited understanding of what is good Whether the preservation of my father's house in Moscow or the glory of the Russian arms or the prosperity of the Petersburg and other universities or the freedom of Poland or the greatness of Russia or the balance of power in Europe or a certain kind of European culture called progress appear to me to be good or bad I must admit that besides these things the action of every historic character has other more general purposes inaccessible to me

But let us assume that what is called science

us say that Alexander could have done every thing differently let us say that with guidance from those who blame him and who profess to know the ultimate aim of the movement of humanity he might have arranged matters according to the program his present accusers would have given him—of nationality freedom equality and progress (these I think cover the ground) Let us assume that this program was

War and Peace was completed in 1869—Tr.

possible and had then been formulated and that Alexander had acted on it What would then have become of the activity of all those who opposed the tendency that then prevailed in the government—an activity that in the opinion of the historians was good and beneficial? Their activity would not have existed there would have been no life there would have been nothing

If we admit that human life can be ruled by reason the possibility of life is destroyed

CHAPTER II

IF WE ASSUME as the historians do that great men lead humanity to the attainment of certain ends—the greatness of Russia or of France the balance of power in Europe the diffusion of the ideas of the Revolution general progress or anything else—then it is impossible to explain the facts of history without introducing the conceptions of *chance* and *genius*

If the aim of the European wars at the beginning of the nineteenth century had been the aggrandizement of Russia that aim might have been accomplished without all the preceding wars and without the invasion If the aim was the aggrandizement of France that might have been attained without the Revolution and without the Empire If the aim was the dissemination of ideas the printing press could have accomplished that much better than warfare If the aim was the progress of civilization it is easy to see that there are other ways of diffusing civilization more expedient than by the destruction of wealth and of human lives

Why did it happen in this and not in some other way?

Because it happened so! *Chance* created the situation *genius* utilized it says history

But what is *chance*? What is *genius*?

The words *chance* and *genius* do not denote any really existing thing and therefore can not be defined Those words only denote a certain stage of understanding of phenomena I do not know why a certain event occurs I think that I cannot know it so I do not try to know it

drives each evening into a special enclosure to feed in that becomes twice as fat as the others must seem to be a genius And it just appear in astonishing conjunction of genius

FIRST EPILOGUE

with a whole series of extraordinary chances
that this man who is to be getting into the
general field every even now goes into a peculiar
enclosure where there are only those who cry
"swallow" with it is killed for me.

no one that

nineteenth century lies in the movement of
the mass of the European peoples from west
to east and afterwards from east to west. The
commencement of that movement was the
movement from east to east. For the peoples of
the west to be able to make their warlike move-
ment to Moscow it was necessary (1) that they
should form themselves into a military group
of size able to endure a collision with the
warlike military group of the east (2) that
they should abandon all established traditions
and customs and (3) that during the military
movement they should have at their head a
man who could justify himself and to them
the deception, robbery and murders which
would have to be committed during that move-
ment.

it happens that the
and the end of the world is

urken, may we discern the
periences in the lives of these characters and
perce the cause of the effect they produce
(commensurable with the rhythm of the
bilities) of the words of the and the
become fruitful.

And began with the French Revolution on
the old inadequate military group destroyed.
as well as the old habits and traditions and
step by step a group was formed of larger and
men on with the new customs and traditions
and men who produced who would stand at
the head of the common movement and bear
the responsibility of all that had to be done.
A new world of conditions without habits
with the tradition with the new and new
even Frenchman emerges—by what seem
the greatest chances—from among all the
seething French parties and the young
any one of them born forward to a prominent
position.

several purposes of the
lyshill has no need to except
bitterly dignous Napoleon de
bitter he will be un-der them to be
yith but like them and with him
be obliged to have course to his
explanation of his smallish which
these people what they are but it will be
clear that all those millions were ex-
table.

By declaring claim to knowledge of the
limit of purposes we will hardly be
the just cause of man's blossoming
seed of the leplon better understood than
those purposes so impossible to mag-
e people more completely depicted with
the millions of the purposes they had
to fulfill the Napoleon Alexander with
all their record.

CHAPTER III

The first part of the first part of the
the European events of the beginning

The ignorance of his colleagues the weak-
ness and inefficiency of his opponents the
frankness of his feelings, and the dazzle
and self-confidence of his military
honor the head of the army The brilliant
qualities of the soldiers of the army sent to
Italy his opponents' reluctance to fight
his own child's audacity and self-confidence
of his military fame of his numerical
called for a compensation here
The day into his hands with the rul-
ers of France turn to his advantage His
temptations of his pedestal of the un-
successful history of the Russian
servants and the present of the Turkish
king comes to the Durian of the war in Italy
he several times in the region of destruction
of his times of his unexpected man-
ne Owing to the duplication of the con-
tention the Russian armies—just those which
might have been destroyed by pestilence—did not
peep up to the till he is no longer there.
O his triumph in Italy finds the go-
vernment in Paris in process of dissolution

which all those who are in it are inevitably wiped out and destroyed. And by chance an escape from this dangerous position presents itself in the form of an expedition to accompany the leaders without being crowned which subsequently did not let a single boat pass, allows his entire army to elude it. In Africa a whole series of outrages are committed against the almost unarmed inhabitants. And the men who commit these crimes especially their leader assure themselves that this is admirable, this is glory—it resembles Caesar and Alexander the Great and is therefore good.

This ideal of glory and grandeur—which consists not merely in considering nothing wrong that one does but in priding oneself on every crime one commits, ascribing to it an incomprehensible supernatural significance—that ideal destined to guide this man and his associates had scope for its development in Africa. Whatever he does succeed. The plague does not touch him. The cruelty of murdering prisoners is not imputed to him as a fault. His child is

intoxicated by the crimes he has committed so successfully, he reaches Paris, the dissolution of the republican government which a year earlier might have ruined him, has reached its extreme limit, and his presence there now as a newcomer free from party entanglements can only serve to exalt him—and though he himself has no plan, he is quite ready for his new role.

He had no plan, he was afraid of everything, but the parties snatched at him and demanded his participation.

He alone—with his ideal of glory and grandeur developed in Italy and Egypt, his insane self-adulation, his boldness in crime and frankness in lying—he alone could justify what had to be done.

He is needed for the place that awaits him and so almost apart from his will and despite his indecision, his lack of a plan, and all his mistakes, he is drawn into a conspiracy that aims at seizing power and the conspiracy is crowned with success.

He is pushed into a meeting of the legation. In alarm he wishes to flee, considering

himself lost. He pretends to fall into a swoon and says senseless things that should have ruined him. But the once proud and shrewd rulers of France, feeling that their part is played out, are even more bewildered than he and do not say the words they should have said to destroy him and retain their power.

Chance millions of chances give him power and all men as if by agreement co-operate to confirm that power. Chance forms the characters of the rulers of France who submit to him; chance forms the character of Paul I of Russia who recognizes his government; chance contrives a plot against him which not only fails to harm him but confirms his power. Chance puts the Duc d'Enghien in his hands and unexpectedly causes him to kill him—thereby convincing the mob more forcibly than in any other way that he had the right, since he had the might. Chance contrives that though he directs all his efforts to prepare an expedition against England (which would inevitably have ruined him) he never carries out that intention, but unexpectedly falls upon Mack and the Austrians, who surrender without a battle. Chance and genius give him the victory at Austerlitz, and by chance all men, not only the French but all Europe—except England which does not take part in the events about to happen—despite their former horror and detestation of his crimes, now recognize his authority, the title he has given himself, and his ideal of

for several times in 1805, 1806, 1807, and 1809, gaining strength and growing. In 1811 the group of people that had formed in France unites into one group with the peoples of Central Europe. The strength of the justification of the man who stands at the head of the movement grows with the increased size of the group. During the ten-year preparatory period this man had formed relations with all the crowned heads of Europe. The discredited rulers of the world can oppose no reasonable ideal to the insensate Napoleon's ideal of glory and grandeur. One after another they hasten to display their insignificance before him. The King of Russia sends his wife to seek the great man's mercy; the Emperor of Austria considers it a favor that his man receive a daughter of the Caesars into his bed; the Pope, the guardian of all that the nations hold sacred, utters religious formulas

the great element of the great man. It is not
 a poleon himself. It is the accented
 plume of the helmet so much as all those
 our him who people him to take on him
 will the helmet respond to his hat is his
 Their is no step

straggling in on the path of his part
 is not yet ended. The man who ten years be-
 fore and a year later was considered an out-
 lawed band and is sent to an island two days
 in season's pre-
 rds re
 re paid

h m

le

c

CHAPTER IV

THE FLOOD OF NATIONS begins to subside in
 its normal channels. The waters of the great
 moment are calm and on the calm surface ed-
 des are formed now and then the eddies of the past
 who maintain that they have caused the floods
 to abate.

Put the month of the year suddenly becomes
 a bed. The eddies of the past are the cause of the fresh pre-
 sence of the world as they cup to the water.

pect. It is the same as the last of the mo-
 ment of the west occurs a brief which
 is hardly noticeable.

is due to the people of the terrible
 part. A day when the ready too are the forces
 The vast pushes eastward and reaches
 its final goal—Moscow. The day taken the
 Russian army suffers heavier losses than the
 opposites suffered. The former war
 from Austria to Warsaw. Put oddly
 each of those had that great which
 had to be had so that they led him by an un-
 interrupted series of successes to the pre-
 scribed goal—numerous equal of the
 occurrence of the cold his head
 Boadicea to the parks which Moscow on
 for the first time—instead of general tur-
 bulence and misadventure become ex-
 dent.

The vastness of the world is not
 the changes are within the poleon but
 always against him.

A common element is then accomplished
 from east to west with the same result
 but the process of the same from west
 to east. Attempted direction from east to west—
 similar to the contrary movements of 80
 years ago—precede the great westward
 movement there is the same coalescence
 group of enemies and men in the same
 address of the people of Central Europe to
 the same as the same hesitation in the way
 of the same or rapidly as the general
 approach.

The human material caught. The
 present government and army destroyed.
 Napoleon himself is obliged to account
 himself as a defeated party. It means
 but a small explanation occurs. The
 result is Napoleon who in the eyes of the

appeared ten years previous to do so
 later—lawed by the day by some

putting the great man they use the way
 before and will curse the month later.

The man still need do just by the final
 collection.

And some years passed which he play

that people had mistaken the strength as
 the unhindered to

The man who has hit the dead man to
 close and upped the count how he has to

See what you believed. This is his. Do
 you know that it was the best of who
 made you

It is a day of the future of the movement, the
 will be the people understand this

Still greater coherence of the stability

which all those who are in it are inevitably wiped out and destroyed. And by chance an escape from this dangerous position presents itself in the form of an aimless and senseless expedition to Africa. Again so called *chance* recompanies him. Impregnable Malta surrenders without a shot. his most reckless schemes are crowned with success. The enemy's fleet which subsequently did not let a single boat pass allows his entire army to elude it. In Africa a whole series of outrages are committed against the almost unarmed inhabitants. And the men who commit these crimes especially their leader assure themselves that this is admirable: this is glory—it resembles Caesar and Alexander the Great and is therefore good.

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As if measuring themselves and preparing for the coming movement the western forces push toward the east several times in 1805, 1806, 1807 and 1809 gaining strength and growing. In 1811 the group of people that had formed in France unites into one group with the peoples of Central Europe. The strength of the justification of the man who stands at the head of the movement grows with the increased size of the group. During the ten-year preparatory period this man had formed relations with all the crowned heads of Europe. The discredited rulers of the world can oppose no reasonable ideal to the insensate Napoleonic ideal of *glory* and *grandeur*. One after another they hasten to display their insignificance before him. The King of Prussia sends his wife to seek the great man's mercy: the Emperor of Austria considers it a favor that this man receives a daughter of the Caesars into his bed: the Pope the guardian of all that the nations hold sacred utters religion for

FIRST EPILOGUE

not get up "a n desp te the doctor s encour
Th unless p ssed a f r t n bt n

for e him f ha n us p
erv—that bei g the ch el fault of wh ch he wa
fer ee g commun n and

Not one of the plans N chol s tried suc
ceeded th estate was sold by auct on f r h lf
us lue and h lf the debts still rema ned un
p d. N chol s accepted th rty thousand ru
bles offered h m by h s br ther n law Bezuk
h to p y off debts he regarded as genu nely
due f alue rece ed And to a o d bein m
p oned f the em nder as the cred tors
th eatened h re-entered the go ernment serv
ce

H could not ejo n th army where he
l wuld h e been m d col nel at the next a
cancy f r h s mother now clung to h m as her
e ne hold on l f d so desp te h reluctance
l to rem n Moscow mon people who h d
d kn wn h m befo e and desp te h sabbhorrence
ll of th ci l service le cepted po t n Mos
cow n that erv c doffed the u form of
t wh ch h was so f nd and mo ed w th his
a m ther a d Sónya to small h use on the Si
tsev Vrazh k.

N tásh d Perr were l ng n Peters
burg t the t me and h d n clea dea of
N ch l circumstances H ng borrowed
money from his brother n l w N cholas tr ed
to h de h s wretched cond t n from h m. His
pos t on was the m e difficult because w th
h dred rubles h h d not

she h d been used t from chudnood a u un
ble to caliz h w hard t was f h r son
k pt d ma di g n w carr g (wh ch they
d d n t keep) to end f f e d, n w some
pe s e articl of food f r herself r w e
f herson o m eyt buy a p esent as a ur
p f r N tá ha or Sónya or f r N cholas
himself

Sónya kept h us tt nded on her unt,
read t her put up th h r wh ms nd cr t

dmu ed her p t n e and dev u n but tried
to k p loof fr m her

becam the mos exa b o u u u
N ch las was allowed n esp nd n pea e
and those wh had seemed to p ty th old m n
—th cause f th r losses (f they we losses)
—ow em rseles ly purs ed th u h r
who had l tanl undertak n th d bts d
was b usly n t guilty f contract g them.

A poo q arter f Moscow—Ta.

seen in the life of Alexander I the man who stood at the head of the countermovement from east to west

What was needed for him who overshadowing others stood at the head of that movement from east to west?

What was needed was a sense of justice and a sympathy with European affairs but a remote sympathy not dulled by petty interests a moral superiority over those sovereigns of the day who co-operated with him a mild and attractive personality and a personal grievance against Napoleon And all this was found in Alexander I all this had been prepared by innumerable so called *chances* in his life his education his early liberalism the advisers who surrounded him and by Austerlitz and Tilsit and Erfurt

During the national war he was inactive because he was not needed But as soon as the necessity for a general European war presented itself he appeared in his place at the given moment and uniting the nations of Europe led them to the goal

The goal is reached After the final war of 1815 Alexander possesses all possible power How does he use it?

Alexander I—the pacifier of Europe the man who from his early years had striven only for his people's welfare the originator of the liberal innovations in his fatherland—now that he seemed to possess the utmost power and therefore to have the possibility of bringing about the welfare of his peoples—at the time when Napoleon in exile was drawing up childish and mendacious plans of how he would have made mankind happy had he retained power—Alexander I having fulfilled his mission and feeling the hand of God upon him suddenly recognizes the insignificance of that supposed power turns away from it and gives it into the hands of contemptible men whom he despises saying only

Not unto us not unto us but unto Thy Name! I too am a man like the rest of you Let me live like a man and think of my soul and of God

As the sun and each atom of ether is a sphere complete in itself and yet at the same time only a part of a whole too immense for man to comprehend so each individual has within himself his own aims and yet has them to serve a general purpose incomprehensible to man

A bee settling on a flower has stung a child And the child is afraid of bees and declares that bees exist to sting people A poet admires

the bee sucking from the chalice of a flower and says it exists to suck the fragrance of flowers A beekeeper seeing the bee collect pollen from flowers and carry it to the hive says that it exists to gather honey Another be-

lieves that it exists to propagate its race A botanist notices that the bee flying with the pollen of a male flower to a pistil fertilizes the latter and sees in this the purpose of the bee's existence Another observing the migration of plants notices that the bee helps in this work and may say that in this lies the purpose of the bee But the ultimate purpose of the bee is not exhausted by the first the second or any of the processes the human mind can discern The higher the human intellect rises in the discovery of these purposes the more obvious it becomes that the ultimate purpose is beyond our comprehension

All that is accessible to man is the relation of the life of the bee to other manifestations of life And so it is with the purpose of historic characters and nations

CHAPTER V

NATASHA'S WEDDING to Bezukhov which took place in 1813 was the last happy event in the family of the old Rostóvs Count Ilya Rostov died that same year and as always happens after the father's death the family group broke up

The events of the previous year the burning of Moscow and the flight from it the death of Prince Andrew Natasha's despair Petya's death and the old countess' grief fell blow after blow on the old count's head He seemed to be unable to understand the meaning of all these events and bowed his old head in a spiritual sense as if expecting and inviting further blows which would finish him He seemed not frightened and distraught and now unnaturally animated and enterprising

The arrangements for Natasha's marriage occupied him for a while He ordered dinners and suppers and obviously tried to appear cheerful but his cheerfulness was not infectious as it used to be on the contrary it evoked the compassion of those who knew and liked him

When Pierre and his wife had left he grew very quiet and began to complain of depression A few days later he fell ill and took to his bed He realized from the first that he would

I expected nothg else he told herself
callin her p det her d. I h en thng to
do th hum d lo ly wanted to ee the old
lad wh was al ways k dt me and t whom
I am under m ny obligat ns.

B t she co ld n t p nfy herself with these
reflections feel kin to emorse troubled
her when he th ught f her t. Thou h he
had firm resol ed n t to call on th Rostó's
again d t f r t the whole matte she felt
herself all the time awkward pos t on. And
hen she asked herself hat distressed her he
had to dm t that t was her lat n to Rostó
H cold, pol t manner did n t express his
feeling f her (he knew th t) but t con
cealed som th du t l he could disco er
what that someth wa she felt th t she
could not be ease.

O e day m d ter when tu n the
schoolroom attend g t her neph w lessons,
sh was f rmed that Rost had called. W th
firm resol t n t t betray herself d n t
show her tatu h nt f M dem selle
Bourne and went w th her to the draw
room.

Her first gl ce t ch l f e told her
that h had ly come to f lfill the demands
f polit ess d sh firmly esol ed to main
ta th t e wh ch h d dresed her

They spok of the co ntess health of their
mutual friends of th l test war wa d
f the ten m utes equred by p priety
had elpsed fter wh ch is to may use
Nicholas got p to say good by

W th M dem selle Bour enn h lp the
pr es had maunta ed th co ersat n ery
well, b t t th ry last mome t, just when
h ose he was so tured f talki of what did
not terest her and h m nd was so full f
th q est why h l e was granted sol t
d happ ess lif that n fit of bsent
m dedness she sat till her lum us eyes
gazin fixedly bel her n t ot ci g that he
had risen.

N cholas glanced t her nd wash g to p
pear not to t e her bstract n mad some
remark t M dem sell Bour n e nd th n
ga looked t the p ess. Sh till sat mo
n less w th look f suffer n her g tle
f H ddenl f l t sorry f l e r nd was
vaguely consci u tha he m ht be the cause
h sad ess her f ce exp essed. H wished to
h pher d say somethng pleasat b t could
th k f th g t say

Good by Pr es s d he

Sh turned, flushed, d hed deeply

Oh I beg your pard n she sa d as if wak
ng up Ar you go g already Count? Well
then good by! Oh but the cush on for the
cou test!

W a t a moment I ll fetch t sa d Made
m selle Bour nne and she left the room.

They both sat s lent th an o cas n l
gl e t one nother

"Yes Princess sa d N cholas t last w th a
sad mile t doesn t seem l ng ago ce we
first met at Bo ucháro o but I w m ch water
has fl wed s n e the In wh t distress w ll
eem d to be th n yet I wo ld g e much to
b back that time but there s no b ng
n t back.

P n ess Mary gazed nt ntly into his eyes
w th her own lum ous ones a he sa d th
Sh s med t be try ng to fath n the l dden
mean f th words wh ch w uld expl n his
feel g f her

"Yes es, said sh but you ha e no eason
to regret the past, Co t. As I understa d you
p es t l f I th nk you w ll ways recall t
w th satisfact n because the self sacr fee that
fills t n w

I cannot ccept you pra se he interrpted
her hurriedly On the co trary I conti u lly

cold exp ess n But th p cess h d ca ght
m h h k w n d l ed

and to all your family that I th ght you w uld
not con der my ympat y m placed but I
was m taken nd sudde ly her o ce trem
bled, I d n t kn w why sh continued re
co ering hers lf, but y u used to be different
nd

There thousand reasons why I y n g
speci l empha on th why Thank y u
Princess he dded softly Sometimes it is
hard.

So that why! Th t s why! a o ce whis
pered n Pr cess V f ry soul No t was not
only that gay k nd and frank look not only
that handsom exte that I lo ed m h m I
da ned his ble resolut self sacr ficing purt
too she sa d to herself. "Yes he is poo now
and I am ch. Yes that s the only reason
Yes ere t n t f that And remem
bering h f rme t derness, d look g n w
t h k nd, sorrowful f ce h udd nly un
derstood th cause f his coldness.

freedom and now behaved as if all that had passed between them had been long forgotten and could never in any case be renewed

Nicholas

The idea of

salary prove

Why did he not save anything but to comply with his mother's demands he even incurred some small debts. He could see no way out of this situation. The idea of marrying some rich woman which was suggested to him by his female relations was repugnant to him. The other way out—his mother's death—never entered his head. He wished for nothing and hoped for nothing and deep in his heart experienced a gloomy and stern satisfaction in an uncomplaining endurance of his position. He tried to avoid his old acquaintances with their commiseration and offensive offers of assistance; he avoided all distraction and recreation and even at home did nothing but play cards with his mother, pace silently up and down the room and smoke one pipe after another. He seemed carefully to cherish within himself the gloomy mood which alone enabled him to endure his position.

CHAPTER VI

AT THE BEGINNING of winter Princess Mary came to Moscow. From reports current in town she learned how the Rostóvs were situated and how the son has sacrificed himself for his mother as people were saying.

I never expected anything else of him, said Princess Mary to herself, feeling a joyous sense of her love for him. Remembering her friendly relations with all the Rostóvs which had made her almost a member of the family she thought it her duty to go to see them. But

about a few weeks after her arrival in Moscow

Nicholas was the first to meet her as the court

his

his

his face assumed a cold stiff proud expression she had not seen on it before. He inquired about her health, led the way to his mother and having sat there for five minutes left the room.

When the princess came out of the countess's room Nicholas met her again and with marked solemnity and stiffness accompanied her to the anteroom. To her remarks about his mother's

health he made no reply. What's that to you? Leave me in peace, his looks seemed to say.

Why does she come prowling here? What does she want? I can't bear these ladies and all these civilities! said he aloud in Sonya's presence.

a

She is so kind and Mamma is so fond of her!

Nicholas did not reply and tried to avoid speaking of the princess any more. But after her visit the old countess spoke of her several times a day.

She sang her praises, insisted that her son must call on her, expressed a wish to see her often but yet always became ill humored when she began to talk about her.

Nicholas tried to keep silence when his mother spoke of the princess but his silence irritated her.

She is a very admirable and excellent young woman, said she, and you must go and call on her. You would at least be seeing somebody and I think it must be dull for you only seeing us.

But I don't in the least want to, Mamma.

You used to want to, and now you don't. Really I don't understand you, my dear. One day you are dull and the next you refuse to see anyone.

But I never said I was dull.

Why, you said yourself you don't want even to see her. She is a very admirable young woman and you always liked her but now suddenly you have got some notion or other in your head. You hide everything from me.

Not at all, Mamma.

If I were asking you to do something disagreeable now—but I only ask you to return a call. One would think mere politeness required it. Well, I have asked you and now I won't interfere any more since you have secrets from your mother.

Well, then I'll go if you wish it.

It doesn't matter to me. I only wish it for your sake.

Nicholas sighed, bit his mustache and laid out the cards for a patience, trying to divert his mother's attention to another topic.

The same conversation was repeated next day and the day after.

After her

expectedly chi

ness Mary confessed to herself that she had been right in not wishing to be the first to call.

"I expected other g else she told herself

I am under no legal obligations.

But he could not pacify her. If with these
 reflections he felt like to immerse troubled
 her while he thought fiber is. Then she
 had firmly resolved not to call on Rostov's
 again. But for the while he let her feel
 herself all the more anxious toward position. And
 when she asked herself what distressed her, he
 had to admit that it was he related to Rostov.
 He could not mind did not express his
 feelings for her (he knew that) but it con-
 cealed something and now he could do
 but that something was she felt that she
 could take tea.

O day midw ter when s tu n the
schoolroom tend t h nephew s lessons,
sh s f rmed that Rost h d called. W th
firm esol t n t to betray herself nd n t
show her g tati n f e t f M dem lle
Bour d went w th her to the draw
room.

Her first glance told her that he had only come to fulfill the demands of his post, and he firmly resolved to maintain the tone which he addressed her.

They spoke of the countless health of their mutual friends (the test was new) and the ten minutes equaled by the party had elapsed after which it may rise. Nchol got up to say good by.

With M dem is ll Bou e es h lp th
p es had ma ta ed the co ersa on ery
ell, b t t th ry last m m t, just wh n
h use sh as so tured f talki of what d d
n t terest her d her m nd was so full of
zh q es why he ! ne wa era t d so t
tl happ es lf that ft of bs nt
minded she sat ll her lum us eyes
gan g fixedly bef r her n t t c g that he
had run.

Nicholas glanced at her and, wishing to appear not to see her, he hastily made some remark to M. de la Bourbienne and then he looked at the princess. She still remained no less than look at him on his gentle. He suddenly felt sorry for her and was nearly as much so that he must have been caused to do so. She herself expressed. He wished to help her in any way that was pleasant, but could not do so.

Good b Pr es! sa d h

She started, flushed, and bed deeply

Oh I beg your pardon she said as if waking up Are you going already Count? Well the good by! Oh but the cushion for the countess!

At that moment I'll fetch it said M de-
mo elle Bourienne and he left the room

They both sat silent for a moment.

"Yes Prince said Nicholas at last with a sad smile it doesn't seem long now since we first met at Bogu háro but how much water has flowed since then! In what distress we all seemed to be then yet I would give much to bring back that time but there is nothing I can do."

Princess Mary gazed intently into his eyes with her own luminous ones as he said this. She seemed to be trying to fathom the hidden meaning of his words which would explain his feelings for her.

"Yes yes said sh but you h e no reason to eat t the past, Cou t As I understand y ur pres nt I fe I th k y u ll always recall it w th sati facti n becau the self sacr fice that fills t now

I cannot accept your praise he tempted
he hardly. On the contrary I continually
reproach myself. But this is not at all a
restful or cheerful subject.

He then resumed his former staff and

nd t all your f mily that I thou ht you w uld
not c ns de my ymp thy mispl ed b t I
wa mistaken nd sudd nly her e trem
bled I d n t know why she continued re-
co en g herself but you used t bed fter t
nd

There are thousand reasons why I give special emphasis on the why. Thank you. Please hold softly. Sometimes it is hard.

So that why! Th t why whis-
pered n Pr ess My ry soul. N t was not
nly that gay k nd and frank look n to ly
th th dsome exte th t I I ed n h m I
da ed h bl esol t If sacrifici g purt
too h sad to herself. Yes h is poor now

But why Count why? she almost cried unconsciously moving closer to him Why? Tell me You must tell me!

He was silent

I don't understand your why Count she continued but it's hard for me I confess it For some reason you wish to deprive me of our former friendship And that hurts me There were tears in her eyes and in her voice

I have had so little happiness in life that every loss is hard for me to bear Excuse me good by! and suddenly she began to cry and was hurrying from the room

Princess for God's sake! he exclaimed trying to stop her Princess!

She turned round For a few seconds they gazed silently into one another's eyes—and what had seemed impossible and remote suddenly became possible inevitable and very near

CHAPTER VII

IN THE WINTER of 1813 Nicholas married Princess Mary and moved to Bald Hills with his wife his mother and Sonya

Within four years he had paid off all his remaining debts without selling any of his wife's property and having received a small inheritance on the death of a cousin he paid his debt to Pierre as well

In another three years by 1820 he had so managed his affairs that he was able to buy a small estate adjoining Bald Hills and was negotiating to buy back Otrádnoc—that being his pet dream

Having started farming from necessity he soon grew so devoted to it that it became his favorite and almost his sole occupation Nicholas was a plain farmer he did not like innovations especially the English ones then coming into vogue He laughed at theoretical treatises on estate management disliked fac-

work on his estate He always had before his mind's eye *the estate* as a whole and not any particular part of it The chief thing in his eyes was not the nitrogen in the soil nor the oxygen in the air nor manures nor special plows but that most important agent by which nitrogen oxygen manure and plow were made effective—the peasant laborer When Nicholas first began farming and began to understand its different branches it was the serf who especially attracted his attention The peasant

seemed to him not merely a tool but also a judge of farming and an end in himself At first he watched the serfs trying to understand their aims and what they considered good and bad and only pretended to direct them and give orders while in reality learning from them their methods their manner of speech and their judgment of what was good and bad Only when he had understood the peasants' tastes and aspirations had learned to talk their language to grasp the hidden meaning of their words and felt akin to them did he begin boldly to manage his serfs that is to perform toward them the duties demanded of him And Nicholas' management produced very brilliant results

Guided by some gift of insight on taking up the management of the estates he at once unerringly appointed as bailiff village elder and delegate the very men the serfs would themselves have chosen had they had the right to choose and these posts never changed hands Before analyzing the properties of manure before entering into the *debit and credit* (as he ironically called it) he found out how many cattle the peasants had and increased the number by all possible means He kept the peasant families together in the largest groups possible not allowing the family groups to divide into separate households He was hard alike on the lazy the depraved and the weak and tried to get them expelled from the commune

He was as careful of the sowing and reaping of the peasants' hay and corn as of his own and few landowners had their crops so well harvested so early and so well or got so good a return as did Nicholas

He disliked having anything to do with the domestic serfs—the *drones* as he called them—and everyone said he spoiled them by his laxity When a decision had to be taken regarding a domestic serf especially if one had to be punished he always felt undecided and consulted everybody in the house but when it was possible to have a domestic serf conscripted instead of a land worker he did so without the least hesitation He never felt any hesitation in dealing with the peasants He knew that his every decision would be approved by them all with very few exceptions

He did not allow himself either to be hard on or punish a man or to make things easy for or reward anyone merely because he felt inclined to do so He could not have said that standard he judged that he should or should not do but the standard was quite firm and

Life teach him d.

Often speaking with excitement of some failure or irregularity he would say "What can be done with these peasants? and imagined that he could not bear them."

Yet he loved Russian peasants and they say little with him whole so long and for that cry es so loud and derisive as I told the countryman of farming he had ceased good results.

to on his behalf! What I want is that our children should not have to go begging. I must put our affairs in order while I may. It is all. And then do this order and strictness is essential. "This is about it!" said he, clenching his fists. And firmness of course he added for the peasant; not kind and hungry and lazy one miserable peasant can do no good either for himself or for me.

And all Nicholas did was fruitless—probably just because he refused to let himself to

stand by the way so particularly. He was happy after getting past daybreak and pecking the whole morning in the fields of the threshing floor. He returned from there with a tea with

him in that on was a very pleasant thing. He was master of the peasants first and then his own. Of course he was not to be trifled with either—in a word he was a real master!

CHAPTER VIII

ONCE AFTER connected with his management some times worried Nicholas and that was his quick temper together with his old hussar habit of making free use of his fists. At first he saw nothing reprehensible in this but in the second year of his marriage his view of this form of punishment suddenly changed.

Once in summer he had called for the village elder from Bogoroditsa—a man who had

all right. (The fact that this "Aulas") then as it already took before anyone else his harvest. She did not understand but he tepped in the water to the vera da smiled under his mustache and looked so joyfully when warm steady rain began to fall in the dry and thirsty hoots of the goats. Why when the dear way then eaten and during the harvest he would return from the barn. Rushed, unburned, perspiring with smell of wormwood dog and his hair and, gleefully rubbing his hands would say "Will you be so kind my grain and the peasants will be under cover."

Still less did he understand why he, kind hearted and always ready to anticipate her wishes should become almost desperate when she brought him petitions from some peasant men or women who had appealed to her to be excused some work which he thought Nicholas should obstinately refuse her angrily ask her not to interfere. What was not her business. She felt he had world part, which he had passed and which had laws he had no faith in.

Some times when trying to understand him, she took of the good work he was doing for his serfs, he would be excited and reply "Not in the least, never entered my head and I wouldn't do that for their good. That all poetry and old wives' talk—all that does good

ing that morning. Another time when poor of the Bogoroditsa elder Countess Mary turned and then pulled but continued to let with head bowed and lips compressed and gave her husband no reply.

"So Chan insolent scoundrel!" he cried, growling. "hot gain, then mere recollection of him. "If he had told me he was drunk and didn't see. But what is the matter with you, Mary?" he suddenly asked.

Countess Mary raised her head and tried to speak, but hastily looked down again and her lips puckered.

"Why whatever is the matter, my dearest?" The looks of the plain Countess Mary always

improved when she was in tears. She never cried from pain or vexation but always from sorrow or pity, and when she wept her radiant eyes acquired an irresistible charm.

The moment Nicholas took her hand she could no longer restrain herself and began to cry.

Nicholas: I saw it—he was to blame, but why do you, Nicholas! and she covered her face with her hands.

Nicholas said nothing. He flushed crimson, left her side, and paced up and down the room. He understood what she was weeping about but could not in his heart at once agree with her that what he had regarded from childhood as quite an everyday event was wrong. Is it just sentimentality, old wives' tales, or is she right? he asked himself. Before he had solved that point he glanced again at her face filled with love and pain, and he suddenly realized that she was right and that he had long been sinning against himself.

Mary: he said softly going up to her, it will never happen again. I give you my word. Never, he repeated in a trembling voice like a boy asking for forgiveness.

The tears flowed down her cheeks.

Nicholas asked her to change the subject, looking at his finger on which he wore a ring with a cameo of Laocoon's head.

Today—it was the same affair. Oh, Mary, don't remind me of it! and again he flushed.

I give you my word of honor it shan't occur again.

As he set towards the blood rushed to his face and his fists began to clench. Nicholas would turn the broken ring on his finger and would drop his eyes before the man who was making him angry. But he did forget himself or—

he forgot very fast time.

Mary: you must despise me! he would say. I deserve it.

You should go away at once if you don't feel strong enough to control yourself, she would reply sadly, trying to comfort her husband.

and consequently some thought him proud and others thought him stupid. The whole summer from spring sowing to har-

He spent his time reading. The books he read were chiefly historical, and on these he spent a certain sum every year. He was collecting as he said a serious library and he made it a rule to read through all the books he bought. He would sit in his study with a grave air, reading—a task he first imposed upon himself as a duty but which afterwards became a habit, affording him a special kind of pleasure and a consciousness of being occupied with serious matters. In winter, except for business excursions, he spent most of his time at home, making himself one with his family and entering into all the details of his children's relations with their mother. The harmony between him and his wife grew closer and closer and he daily discovered fresh spiritual treasures in her.

From the time of his marriage Sonya had—

As a kind to his cousin, she thoroughly realized the wrong he had done. Sonya felt herself to blame toward her and imagined that her health had influenced Nicholas' choice. She could not find fault with Sonya in any way and tried to be fond of her but often felt ill will toward her which she could not overcome.

Once she had a talk with her friend Natasha about Sonya and about her own injustice toward her.

You know, said Natasha, you have read the Gospels a great deal—there is a parable in

it that will not shall be taken away. You remember? She is one that hath not, why I don't know. Perhaps she lacks egotism. I don't know but from her's taken away and every thing has been taken away. Sometimes I am dreadfully sorry for her. Formerly I very much wanted Nicholas to marry her but I always had a sort of presentiment that it would not come off. She is a sterile flower, you know—like some stray lily blossoms. Sometimes I am sorry for her and sometimes I think she

FIRST EPILOGUE

doesn't feel as you I would.

Though Countess Mary told Natasha that those words in the Gospel must be understood differently yet looking at Sonya he agreed with her explanation. It really seemed

with pointed toes and drove to the new church he had built and then received visitors who would come to congratulate him offer them refreshments and talk about the election of the nobility but he considered himself entitled to spend the eve of that day in his usual way. He examined the bill for a couple of the village in Ryazin which belonged to his wife's nephew and wrote two business letters and walked over to the cattle yards and stables be-

slowly accepted from her with much gratitude.

The country seat at Bald Hills had been rebuilt, though not on the same scale as under the old prince.

The buildings became under strained circumstances, were more than ample. The immense house of the old noble family was left bare

the great which the whole household had assembled. That table where his mother's old lady companion Belóza his wife their three children with their governess and tutor his wife nephew with his tutor Sonya Denis Natasha her three children the regiments and old Michael Ilyich the priest architect, who was living on his retirement at Bald Hills.

Countess Mary sat at the other end of the table. When her husband took his place she concluded from the rapid manner in which after taking up his table napkin he pushed back the tumbler and with negligent glances before him that he was out of humor as was sometimes the case when he came not directly from the farm—especially before the soup. Countess Mary well knew that mood

rooms for the household and part of the visitors. With families of the Rosóv and Bolókó his relations sometimes came to Bald Hills with sixteen horses and a number of servants and stayed for months. Besides that, for times year on the same days and birthdays of the hosts, as many as hundred visitors would gather there for days and weeks. The estate for the year was pursued with business with its ordinary occupations and with feasts, lunches dinners and suppers, provided with the produce of the estate.

CHAPTER IX

It was the evening of St. Nicholas the fifth of December. Natasha had been saying to her brother with her husband and children early in the morning. Petersburg business of his wife three weeks as he said, but he had remained there nearly even as it was expected to be every minute.

Besides the Berkhov family Nicholas old friend the tired General Vasil Dmitri Denisov was staying with the Rosóv this fifth of December.

On the third, which was his name day when the house would be full of visitors Nicholas knew he would have to exchange his Tartar tun for tailcoat, and put on narrow boots

quired whether everything was going well on

and wished to find the nearest station. He knew her remarks sounded unnatural but could not refrain from making them in a quiet way.

That is to say the conversation table soon became general and lively and he did not talk to his husband. When the first of the table went usually to thank the old countess Countess Mary held out her hand and

lissed her husband and asked him why he was angry with her

You always have such strange fancies! I didn't even think of being angry," he replied.

But the word *always* seemed to her to imply "Yes I am angry but I won't tell you why."

Nicholas and his wife lived together so happily that even Sonya and the old countess, who felt jealous and would have liked them to disagree, could find nothing to reproach them with; but even they had their moments of antagonism. Occasionally, and it was always just after they had been happiest together, they suddenly had a feeling of estrangement and hostility, which occurred most frequently during Countess Mary's pregnancies, and this was such a time.

Well, *messeurs et mesdames*, said Nicholas loudly and with apparent cheerfulness (it seemed to Countess Mary that he did it on purpose to vex her), "I have been on my feet since six this morning. Tomorrow I shall have to suffer so today I'll go and rest."

And without a word to his wife he went to the little sitting room and lay down on the sofa.

That's always the way, thought Countess Mary. He talks to everyone except me. I see

I see that I am repulsive to him, especially when I am in this condition. She looked down at her expanded figure and in the glass at her pale, sallow, emaciated face in which her eyes now looked larger than ever.

And everything annoyed her—Denisov's

Excuse Countess Mary found for feeling irritated.

Having sat awhile with her visitors without understanding anything of what they were saying, she softly left the room and went to the nursery.

The children were playing at going to Moscow.

band and his unreasonable crossness worried her. She got up and walking on tiptoe with difficulty went to the small sitting room.

Perhaps he is not asleep. I'll have an explanation with him," she said to herself. Little Andrei, her eldest boy, imitating his mother, followed her on tiptoe. She did not notice him

she crossed her path everywhere) Andrew may wake him.

Countess Mary looked round, saw little Andrew following her, felt that Sonya was right, and for that very reason flushed and with evident difficulty refrained from

harsh Sonya's ly and another door. I from the room in which Nicholas

stunned to it she saw before her his smooth handsome forehead, his mustache, and his whole face as she had so often seen it in the stillness of the night when he slept. Nicholas suddenly moved and cleared his throat. And at that moment little Andrew shouted from outside the door: "Papa! Mama's standing here!" Countess Mary turned pale with fright and made signs to the boy. He grew silent and quiet ensued for a moment terrible to Countess Mary. She knew how

I can't get a moment's peace. Mary is that you? Why did you bring him here?

I only came in to look and did not notice forgive me.

Nicholas coughed and said no more. Countess Mary moved away from the door and took the boy back to the nursery. Five minutes later little black-eyed three-year-old Natasha, her father's pet, having learned from her brother that Papa was asleep and Mamma was in the sitting room, ran to her father unobserved by her mother. The dark-eyed little girl boldly opened the creaking door, went up to the sofa with energetic steps of her sturdy little legs, and having examined the position of her father, who was asleep with his back to her, rose on tiptoe and kissed the hand which lay under his head. Nicholas turned with a tender smile on his face.

Natasha! Natasha! came Countess Mary's frightened whisper from the door. Papa wants to sleep.

No Mamma, he doesn't want to sleep," said little Natasha with conviction. He's laughing.

Nicholas lowered his legs, rose and took his daughter in his arms.

Come in, Mary. I said to his wife.

She went in and sat down by her husband.

I did not notice him following me," she

FIRST EPILOGUE

and timidly I just looked n
 H dan h s l tleg r l with one rm N ch las
 gla ced th w fe and s e ng her gu lty ex
 press on put h ther rm rou d l e r nd
 kissed her h r
 M y l k s s M mma he a ked Natasha
 \ tish sm led ba hfully
 Aga she comm nded, po nt g w th a
 perempt ry gesture to the spot where N cho-
 las had pl red the k s
 I d t know why you th k I m cross
 h uest on he knew

pl ced her on his shoulder held her by the
 legs and p ced the room w th her There was
 n express n of ca efree happ ness on the
 f ces of both father and daught er
 But you know you may be unfai r You are
 too fond of th s one his wife wl spered in
 French

Yes but what m I to do? I try not to
 show

At that m m nt l ey heard the so nd of the
 doo pulley nd footsteps n the h ll nd ante-
 room s if someo e h d arri ed

to m

"M ry don t talk n nsen \ u ought to be
 ashamed f y urs lf he said ga ly
 It seems t be that y u can t l e me that
 I m so plain lways and now n
 this d

room O t of b eath he too u e
 ch ld qu kly from h shoulder a d pressed

Oh h w absurd you re It s not be uty
 hat endears t sl th t makes u e be uty
 lt ly M l i d wom n f that k nd
 wh e lo ed f th beauty But do I l
 m w fe l d t l h r b t l d n t kn w
 h w t p t l W th ut y u o wh n some-
 th comes between u l k th l eem lost
 d ca t d y th n Now d l l e my fin
 ger? I don t l t b j u t try t cut t off!
 I m t l k th t m y lf but I u d r st nd
 So yo re t gry w th me?

society nd d n ng the mazu
 h s ld father h d danced D el Co p r with
 h s d u bte

It h t s he N chol l s a d Countess
 Mary e ente ng the room a few m nutes l t
 er N w our N t i h ha come to l f e You
 h uld h e e n h recstasy a d how he caught
 t for ha ng tayed away so l ng Well come
 lo gn w qu ck qu k l t t me you two were
 p ted she added look ng m l ngly at the
 l tle g l who lu g to l e father
 N ch l w t out h ld e the ch ld by the
 h d

Awf lly "ryl h s a d sm l g nd get
 t g up A d mooth g h s ha h began to
 pa th room.

Countess M ry rem ed n the s tti groom
 I h uld ne e ne r ha e bel e d th t
 o e could be so h ppy sh wh p ed to her
 lf \ sm le l t up her f ce b t t the same
 t me h ghed n l her deep eyes exp essed a
 qu t d ess t l gh h felt through her
 happ ess that there n th so t of hap-
 p ess u t n ble n th l f e nd of wh d
 he olunta ly thought at that stant.

Do you kn w M ry wh t l e been th k
 g? h bega mmed t ly th nk ng l ud
 h w fe p es n n w th t they had m de
 t p

H d d n t k f he wa eady to l t n to
 h m H d d t ca e A th ught had occurred
 t h m d so t belo ed h r l A d h
 t l d he f h te u n t persuade P rre to
 t ay w th them t l l p g

Co ess M ry l t ed t l he h d fin hed
 made som m k nd n her urn be an
 th k g l d He th ghts wer bout th
 ch ld

\ u can ee the w m n n h l dy
 h s a d F h po t g l t l N t á h
 \ ep chus w m n w th be g llog cal
 Here loo c I say P p wants to l pl
 b t h says, N h l u h g A d h was
 right, s a d Co tess M ry w th h ppy m l

Yes, yes And N cholas, tak ng h s l t l
 da ghter n his tro g h d l fted her h gh

CHAPTER X

N T Á L A H A M e n th e ly spri g of
 83 d n 82 l eady h d thre d u l t ers
 bes des f whom he h d l ged and
 wh m sh was n w nuns g She l d gr wn
 t te nd b der so th t t w d f ficult t
 cog this bust m th ly w m the
 sl m l ely N t á sha l f rme d ys Her fea-
 tures w e m e d fied nd h d a calm soft
 nd serene exp ess n In her fa there was

none of the ever glowing animation that had formerly burned there and constituted its charm. Now her face and body were often all that one saw and her soul was not visible at all. All that struck the eye was a strong, handsome and fertile woman. The old fire very rarely kindled in her face now. That happened only when—as was the case that day—her husband returned home or a sick child was convalescent or when she and Countess Mary spoke of Prince Andrew (she never mentioned him to her husband, who she imagined was jealous of Prince Andrew's memory) or on the rare occasions when something happened to induce her to sing a practice she had quite abandoned since her marriage. At the rare moments when the old fire did kindle in her handsome, fully developed body she was even more attractive than in former days.

Since their marriage Natásha and her husband had lived in Moscow, in Petersburg, on their estate near Moscow, or with her mother—that is to say, in Nicholas's house. The young Countess Bezukhova was not often seen in society, and those who met her there were not pleased with her and found her neither attractive nor amiable. Not that Natásha liked solitude—she did not know whether she liked it or not—she even thought that she did not—but with her pregnancies, her confinements, the nursing of her children, and sharing every moment of her husband's life, she had demands on her time which could be satisfied only by renouncing society. All who had known Natásha before her marriage wondered at the change in her as at something extraordinary. Only the old countess, with her maternal instinct, had realized that all Natásha's outbursts had been due to her need of children and a husband—as she herself had once exclaimed at Otrádnoe, not so much in fun as in earnest—and her mother was now surprised at the surprise expressed by those who had never understood Natásha, and she kept saying that she had always known that Natásha would make an exemplary wife and mother.

Only she lets her love of her husband and

as she did before he became her husband. Natásha on the contrary had at once abandoned all her witchery of which her singing had been an unusually powerful part. She gave it up just because it was so powerfully seductive. She took no pains with her manners or with delicacy of speech, or with her toilet, or to show herself to her husband in her most becoming attitudes, or to avoid inconveniencing him by being too exacting. She acted in contradiction to all those rules. She felt that the allurements instinct had formerly taught her to use would now be merely ridiculous in the eyes of her husband, to whom she had from the first moment given herself up entirely—that is, with her whole soul, leaving no corner of it hidden from him. She felt that her unity with her husband was not maintained by the poetic feelings that had attracted him to her, but by something else—indefinite but firm as the bond between her own body and soul.

To fluff out her curls, put on fashionable dresses, and sing romantic songs to fascinate her husband would have seemed as strange as to adorn herself to attract herself. To adorn herself for others might perhaps have been agreeable—she did not know—but she had no time at all for it. The chief reason for devoting no time either to singing, to dress, or to choosing her words was that she really had no time to spare for these things.

We know that man has the faculty of becoming completely absorbed in a subject, however trivial it may be, and that there is no subject so trivial that it will not grow to infinite proportions if one's entire attention is devoted to it.

The subject which wholly engrossed Natásha's attention was her family—that is, her husband, whom she had to keep so that he should belong entirely to her and to the home, and the children, whom she had to bear, bring into the world, nurse, and bring up.

And the deeper she penetrated, not with her mind only but with her whole soul, her whole being into the subject that absorbed her, the larger did that subject grow, and the weaker and more inadequate did her own powers appear, so that she concentrated them wholly on that one thing and yet was unable to accomplish all that she considered necessary.

There were then, as now, conversations and discussions about women's rights, the relations of husband and wife and the freedom and rights, though these themes were not yet termed *questions* as they are now, but these topics were not merely uninteresting to Na-

of her appearance than when she was unmarried and should fascinate her husband as much

FIRST EPILOGUE

that she positively did not understand them.
 These questions, then, as now existed only
 for those who see nothing in marriage but the
 pleasure married people get from it another
 was, only the benefits of marriage and
 not its whole significance which lies in the
 fact—

which
 test
 then
 the
 the
 fam-

ii. If the purpose of dinner is to nourish the
 body, man who eats two dinners at once
 may perhaps get more enjoyment but will not
 attain his purpose for his stomach will not
 digest two dinners.

the
 hus-
 but

and
 hol

husbands that are needed is
 that is, wife on husband. Natasha need
 ed husband. A husband was given her and he
 had not only saw to

Natasha did not care for society, not
 but prided herself on the society of her rela-
 tives—Countess Marv and her brother her
 mother and Sonya. She valued the company
 of those to whom she could come and
 sheveled from the nursery in her dress and gown

the baby was much better

Tatyana next had to tell herself go-
 ing that she was dressed and did her hair her
 ill-chosen words, and her jealousy—she was
 jealous of Sonya for the governor's daughter
 woman pretty and pleasant—were habitual sub-
 jects of jest to those about her. The general
 impression was that Pierre was under her
 thumb which was really true. From the very
 first days of the marriage, if Natasha had dan-
 ced her demands, Pierre was greatly sur-

passed by his wife's view to him a perfectly
 no one that every moment of life be-
 longed to her and to the family. His wife de-
 manded and shed him but they also suffered
 him and he submitted to them.

he concluded in the fact that

least understood but could not
 great importance. To make up for this, at
 home Pierre had the right to regulate his life
 and that of the whole family exactly as he
 chose. At home Natasha placed herself in the
 position of a slave to her husband and the
 whole household went on to pieces when he was
 occupied—that was read in or written his
 study Pierre had but to how priority for
 anything get just what he liked and always.
 He had only to express a wish and Natasha
 would jump up and run to fulfill it.
 The nature of his household was governed accord-

—and he was much and

did not when they had to change the
 nurse three times and Natasha fell ill from de-
 parture. Pierre one day told her of Rousseau
 and with which he quite agreed that the
 wet nurse unnatural and harmful. When
 he next baby was born despite the opposi-
 tion of her mother the doctors and even of
 her husband himself—who were all vigorously
 opposed to her nursing her baby herself a-
 tention then unheard of and considered injur-
 ous—he insisted on having her own way and
 after that nursed the baby herself.
 It very often happened that in the morning
 of the husband and wife would have a dis-
 pute, but long afterwards Pierre to his sur-

prise and delight would find in his wife's ideas and actions the very thought against which she had argued but divested of everything superfluous that in the excitement of the dispute he had added when expressing his opinion.

After seven years of marriage Pierre had the joyous and firm consciousness that he was not a bad man and he felt this because he saw himself reflected in his wife. He felt the good and bad within himself inextricably mingled and overlapping. But only what was really good in him was reflected in his wife, all that

CHAPTER XI

TWO MONTHS PREVIOUSLY when Pierre was already staying with the Rostovs he had received a letter from Prince Theodore asking him to come to Petersburg to confer on some important questions that were being discussed there by a society of which Pierre was one of the principal founders.

On reading that letter (she always read her husband's letters) Natasha herself suggested that he should go to Petersburg though she would feel his absence very acutely. She attributed immense importance to all her husband's intellectual and abstract interests though she did not understand them and she always dreaded being a hindrance to him in such matters. To Pierre's timid look of inquiry after reading the letter she replied by asking him to go but to fix a definite date for his return. He was given four weeks' leave of absence.

Ever since that leave of absence had expired more than a fortnight before Natasha had been in a constant state of alarm depression and irritability.

Denisov now a general on the retired list and much dissatisfied with the present state of affairs had arrived during that fortnight. He looked at Natisha with sorrow and surprise as at a bad likeness of a person once dear. A dull dejected look random replies and talk about the nursery was all he saw and heard from his former enchantress.

Natasha was sad and irritable all that time especially when her mother her brother Sonya or Countess Mary in their efforts to console her tried to excuse Pierre and suggested reasons for his delay in returning

It's all nonsense all rubbish—those discussions which lead to nothing and all those idi-

otic societies! Natásha declared of the very affairs in the immense importance of which she firmly believed.

And she would go to the nursery to nurse Petya her only boy. No one else could tell her anything so comforting or so reasonable as this little three-month-old creature when he lay at her breast.

you are jealous you would like to pay him
out you are afraid—but here am I! And I am
he and that was unanswerable It was
more than true

During that fortnight of anxiety Nátasha resorted to the baby for comfort so often and fussed over him so much that she overfed him and he fell ill. She was terrified by his illness and yet that was just what she needed. While attending to him she bore the anxiety about her husband more easily.

She was nursing her boy when the sound of Pierre's sleigh was heard at the front door and the old nurse—knowing how to please her mistress—entered the room inaudibly but hurriedly and with a beaming face.

Has he come? Natásha asked quickly in a whisper afraid to move lest she should rouse the dozing baby.

He s come ma am whispered the nurse

The blood rushed to Natasha's face and her feet involuntarily moved but she could not jump up and run out. The baby again opened his eyes and looked at her. 'You're here?' he seemed to be saying and again lazily smacked his lips.

Cautiously withdrawing her breast Natdsha rocked him a little handed him to the nurse and went with rapid steps toward the door. But at the door she stopped as if her conscience reproached her for having in her joy left the child too soon and she glanced round. The nurse with raised elbows was lifting the infant over the rail of his cot.

Go ma aml! Don't worry go! she whispered smiling with the kind of familiarity that grows up between a nurse and her mistress.

Natasha ran with light footsteps to the ante-room

Denisov who had come out of the study in

figured face

He's comel she exclaimed as she ran past.

and Denbow felt that he too was d i ghted that here whom h did not much care f had returned.

On reaching the vestibule \ tasha saw a tall figure in fur coat unwind his scarf. It k it really h H has come he s a d to herself, and rushing at him embraced him, pressed his head t her breast. d th n pushed him ba k d eared t his ruddy happy f ce covered with hoarfrost. "Yes, t is he happy and so tented.

Then all at once sh remembered the t tures f suspense she had experienced f r the last f tnight, and the p that had lit up her face vanished sh fr wined nd o erwhelmed Pierre with torre t f reproaches and anery words.

"Yes, t all very well f r you. You are pleased, you had good time. But what abo t me. \ umight t least ha e shown consideration for the children. I am nurs n and my milk was spoiled. Pétva was at death s door But you wer enjoyin yourself Yes, enjoyin"

P erre knew he was not to blame, f r he could not have come soo er h knew th s out burst wa unseemly nd would blow over in minute or two bo llh knew that he himself was bright d happy H wan ed to smile but dared not even th nk of d n so He mad p trout, frigh ed f a nd bent down.

I could e t on my h n But how is Pét ja?"

All right now Come along I wonder you re not ashamed If only you could see what I was lik without you, how I suffered.

"You are well

Come, come! sh s a d, no lettin go of his arm. And they wen their rooms.

When \ cholas nd his wife cam to look for P erre h wa n th usery holding his baby son, who was aga wake, on h hu e right palm d d a dl him. A bl siful bri h smile was fixed n th baby broad fa with is toothless pen mo th. Th t sm was long a. o r d ther was bri bt, jovous unsh \ tasha face as sh gazed tenderly her husband and child.

A d ha you talked everything, well o er with Prin Theodore she asked.

"Yes, cap tall

"You see, he holds t up. (Sh meant th bab head.) B th wh d d frighen m You seen th p iness? I true sh in love with th

"Yes, just fancy

At that moment N holas and Countess Mary came n P erre w th th baby on his hand stooped, kissed them, nd repl ed to their inquiries. But n spite of much that was interest n and had to be discussed the baby w th th l t d cap on is un ready head evidentl absorbed all his attention.

How sweet s a d Countess Mary look ng t and pl ng with the baby "Now \ cholas he added, turn ng to her husband I can t understa d how t ou d n t see the charm of these del cious marvels.

I don t nd can t, repl ed \ cholas, look ng coldly at the baby A lump of flesh. Come along P erre

And yet be such n affectionate father s a d Countess Mary indicatin her hu band, but only fter they are vey old or so

"Now P erre nurses them splendidly" s a d N tasha. H s a s his hand is just made fo a baby seat, just look

Onl not for this "P erre suddenly exclaimed with a laugh, and shifing the baby h ga e him to th nurse.

CHAPTER VII

AS IN EVERY large household, there were at Bald Hills several perfectly disunct wo lds wh ch mered nt one harmon ous whole though each r ta ned is own peculiar t es and mad concess on to the others. E ery event, joyful or sad, that took pl ce that house was important to ll these wo lds, but ea h had is own peci l reason to rep e or grieve o er that occurrence ndepend ntl of th others.

F instance P erre t turn was jo ful d important event nd they all felt t to be so.

The servants-th most reliable jud ges of their masters because they judge not by th ir con sideration o expressions f feel ng but by

would all ece e handsom p esents f the hol days.

Th children and th ir go ernnesses were glad of P erre return because no o e else drew them int the social l fe f the household as h did. H al n could playo the d vicho d that cause (hi onl p ece) to which as he s a d, all poss bl dances could be da ed, and they felt ur he had brou ht p esents f them all.

Young \ cholas now slim l d of fl een,

delicate and intelligent with curly light brown hair and beautiful eyes was delighted because Uncle Pierre as he called him was the only

one who had brought him up had done her utmost to make him love her husband as she loved him and little Nicholas did love his uncle but loved him with just a shade of contempt Pierre however he adored He did not want to be an hussar or a knight of St. George like his uncle Nicholas he wanted to be learned wise and kind like Pierre In Pierre's presence his face always shone with pleasure and he flushed and was breathless when Pierre spoke to him He did not miss a single word he uttered and would afterwards with Dessalles or by himself recall and reconsider the meaning of everything Pierre had said Pierre's past life and his unhappiness prior to 1812 (of which young Nicholas had formed a vague poetic picture from some words he had overheard) had

been actually fondly and especially Pierre's friendship with the father whom Nicholas could not remember—all this made Pierre in his eyes a hero and a saint

From broken remarks about Natásha and his father from the emotion with which Pierre spoke of that dead father and from the careful reverent tenderness with which Natásha spoke of him the boy who was only just beginning to guess what love is derived the notion that his father had loved Natásha and when dying had left her to his friend But the father whom the boy did not remember appeared to him a divinity who could not be pictured and of whom he never thought without a shelling

ways helped to enliven and unite any company he was in

The grown up members of the family not to mention his wife were pleased to have back a friend whose presence made life run more smoothly and peacefully

The old ladies were pleased with the presents he brought them and especially that Natásha would now be herself again

Pierre felt the different outlooks of these various worlds and made haste to satisfy all their expectations

Though the most absent minded and forgetful of men Pierre with the aid of a list his wife drew up had now bought everything not forgetting his mother and brother in law's commissions nor the dress material for a present to Belóva nor toys for his wife's nephews In the early days of his marriage it had seemed strange to him that his wife should expect him not to forget to procure all the things he undertook to buy and he had been taken aback by her serious annoyance when on his first trip he forgot everything But in time he grew used to this demand knowing that Natásha asked nothing for herself and gave him commissions for others only when he himself had offered to undertake them he now found an unexpected and childlike pleasure in this purchase of presents for everyone in the house and never forgot anything If he now incurred Natásha's censure it was only for buying too many and too expensive things To her other defects (as most people thought them but which to Pierre were qualities) of untidiness and neglect of herself she now added stinginess

From the time that Pierre began life as a family man on a footing entailing heavy expenditure he had noticed to his surprise that

it was to improve

Life was cheaper because it was circumscribed that most expensive luxury the kind of life that can be changed at any moment was no longer his nor did he wish for it He felt that his way of life had now been settled once for all till death and that to change it was not in his power and so that way of life proved economical

With a merry smiling face Pierre was sorting his purchases

What do you think of this? said he unrolling a piece of stuff like a shopman

Natásha who was sitting opposite to him with her eldest daughter on her lap turned her sparkling eyes swiftly from her husband to the things he showed her

That's for Belóva? Excellent! She felt the quality of the material It was a ruble an arshin I suppose?

Pierre told her the price

Too dear! Natásha remarked How pleased the children will be and Mamma too!

kind when just coming into fashion.

"Idle tempted me," she kept on telling me to buy it, returned Pierre.

"When am I to wear it?" and Natasha stuck it in her coil of hair. "When I take little Masha into society. Perhaps they will be fashionable again by then. Well, let us go now."

And collecting the presents they went first to the nursery and then to the old countess's rooms.

The countess was sitting with her companion Belova, playing grand patience as usual, when Pierre and Natasha came into the drawing room with parcels under their arms.

The countess was now over sixty, was quite gray and wore a cap with a frill that surrounded her face. Her face had wrinkled, her upper lip had sunk in, and her eyes were dim.

After the deaths of her son and husband in such rapid succession she felt herself being accidentally forgotten in this world and left without aim or object for her existence. She ate, drank, slept, or kept awake, but did not live. Life gave her no new impressions. She wanted nothing from life but tranquillity and that tranquillity only death could give her. But until death came she had to go on living, that is, to use her vital forces. A peculiarity observed in very young children and very old people was particularly evident in her. Her life had no external aims—only a need to exercise her various functions. Her clinical case was peculiar. She had to eat, keep thinking, speak, weep, work, give vent to her anger and so on merely because she had stomach, a brain, muscles, nerves, and liver. She did these things not under any external impulse as people in the full vigor of life do when behind the purpose for which they in that exercise their functions remains unimpeded. She talked only because the physically needed to exercise her tongue and lungs. She cried as children do, because her nose had to be cleared, and so on. What for people their full going is an aim was for her evidently merely a pretext.

Thus this morning—especially if she had eaten anything rich that day before—she felt a need of being angry and would choose as the handsiest pretext Belova's deafness.

She would begin to say something to her in low tones from the other end of the room.

It seems to me warmer today my dear," she would murmur.

And when Belova replied, "Oh yes, then, come, I would much prefer to go," "O Lord! How stupid and deaf she is!"

Another pretext would be her snuff, which would seem too dry or too damp or not rubbed fine enough. After these fits of irritability her face would grow yellow and her maids knew by inflexible symptoms when Belova would again be deaf the snuff damp and the countess face yellow just as she needed to work off her spleen so she had sometimes to exercise her still-existing faculty of thinking—and the pretext for that was game of patience. When she needed to cry the deceased count would be the pretext. When she wanted to be agitated, Nicholas and his health would be the pretext, and when she felt need to speak spitefully the pretext would be Countess Mary. When her social organs needed exercise, which was usually toward seven o'clock when she had had an after-dinner rest in a darkened room, the pretext would be the retelling of the same stories over and over again to the same audience.

Though old lady's condition was understood by the whole household though no one ever spoke of it, and they all made every possible effort to satisfy her needs. Only by rare glances exchanged with sad smile between Nicholas, Pierre, Natasha, and Countess Mary was the common understanding of her condition expressed.

But those glances expressed something more: they said that she had played her part in life, that what they now saw was not her whole self, that we must all become like her and that they were glad to yield to her to retreat in themselves for this once precious being formerly as full of life as themselves but now so much to be pitied. *Memento mori* said these glances.

Only the really heartless, the stupid ones of this household, and the little children failed to understand this and loved her.

CHAPTER XIII

When Pierre dined with her entered the drawing room the countess was none of her customary tastes in which she needed the mental exertion of playing patience—did so—though by force of habit she greeted him with the words she always used when Pierre or her son returned after absence. "Hello! my dear high time! We were all weary of waiting for you. Well, thank God! and received her presents with another customary remark. It is not the gift

that moment when it diverted her attention from the unfinished game

She finished her game of patience and only then examined the presents. They consisted of a box for cards of splendid workmanship, a bright blue Sevres tea cup with shepherdesses depicted on it and with a lid and a gold snuff box with the count's portrait on the lid which Pierre had had done by a miniaturist in Petersburg. The countess had long wished for such a box, but as she did not want to cry just then she glanced indifferently at the portrait and gave her attention chiefly to the box for cards.

"Thank you, my dear, you have cheered me up," said she as she always did. "But best of all you have brought yourself back—for I never saw anything like it, you ought to give your wife a scolding! What are we to do with her? She is like a mad woman when you are away. Doesn't see anything, doesn't remember anything, she went on repeating her usual phrases. Look, Anna Timoféevna, she added to her companion, see what a box for cards my son has brought us!"

Belóva admired the presents and was de-

that they could not discuss before the old countess—not that anything was hidden from her, but because she had dropped so far behindhand in many things that had they begun to converse in her presence they would have had to answer inopportune questions and to repeat what they had already told her many times, that so and so was dead and so and so was married, which she would again be unable to remember—yet they sat at tea round the samovar in the drawing room from habit and Pierre answered the countess' questions as to whether Prince Vasilí had aged and whether Countess Mary Alexéevna had sent greetings and still thought of them and other matters that interested no one and to which she herself was indifferent.

Conversation of this kind, interesting to no one yet unavoidable, continued all through teatime. All the grown-up members of the family were assembled near the round tea table at

next to him at tea and sat in their accustomed places. Nicholas beside the stove at a small table where his tea was handed to him. Milka the

old gray borzoi bitch (daughter of the first Milka) with a quite gray face and large black eyes that seemed more prominent than ever lay on the armchair beside him. Denisov, whose curly hair, mustache and whiskers had turned half gray, sat beside Countess Mary with his general's

understand. He told her of external social

now for the most part scattered about the world and like herself were garnering the last ears of the harvests they had sown in earlier years. But to the old countess those contemporaries of hers seemed to be the only serious and real society. Natásha saw by Pierre's animation that his visit had been interesting and that he had much to tell them but dare not say it before the old countess Denisov, not being a member of the family, did not understand Pierre's caution and being as a malcontent much interested in what was occurring in Petersburg kept urging Pierre to tell them about what had happened in the Semenovsk regiment then about Arakchéev and then about the Bible

the health of Prince Iván and Countess Mary Alexéevna.

"Well, and all this idiocy—Gossner and Tatávinova? Denisov asked. Is that really still going on?"

"Going on?" Pierre exclaimed. "Why more than ever! The Bible Society is the whole government now!"

"What is that, *mon cher ami*?" asked the countess who had finished her tea and evidently needed a pretext for being angry after her meal. "What are you saying about the government? I don't understand."

"Well, you know Mamá Nicholas interposed, knowing how to translate things into his mother's language. Prince Alexander Collitsyn has founded a society and in consequence has great influence, they say."

Arakchéev and Golitsyn incautiously remarked Pierre are now the whole government! And what a government! They see treason everywhere and are afraid of everything.

"Well, and how is Prince Alexander to blame? He is a most estimable man. I used to meet him at Mary Antónovna's," said the

ness a ffe ded t ne a d st li more
fended that th y ll rem t ed s lent he
ent o Nowaday e eryone find f ult A
ospel Soe tjl W ll a d wh t harm s there
that and she rose (e rybody else got up
w) d w th severe e press n s led back
her table n the s t g room
The mela ch ly s lent th t foll wed was
roke by th sou d of the ch ld e s vo ces
nd la ghter from th next room. E d nily
ome jolly exciteme twa go gon there
"F ished fi shed! l ttle \ tash sgleeful
ell rose abo them all
P erre e cha ged gl ces w th Cou tess
Mary nd N ch l (\ tash he ne r lost
ught f) d sm led l apply
"That del ghtf l m c sa l he
l tmea s that A na M káro has fnished
hers ockin sa d Cou tess M ry
P erre m n "

well. Wh n l as dr h re tod y thenc re
I gott the h use the m e n ous I grew As
le ttered th anteroom I heard Andru l
peal of l ghter d th t m n th t ll wa
well.

I k w I k th t feel sa d N cho-
las. B t l m t t go there— hose stock gs
take rp el me
P erre went t th h ld d the sh ut
ing d laughter grew t l l u fer
Come A M káro n P erre s o ce

oces filled the room. Tw two! they
h ted

Th mea t t o tock gs wh h by secret
process k wn ly to hers if Ann M káro
sed t k t t th sam t me the same
redles d wh d when they were ready he
alwa t mph tly d ne o t of the oth
er in the h ldren prese ce

CHAPTER XIV

SOON AFTER the h ldren cam n t say
good ght. They k used ex ry o e the tut rs
d governess m le th bow d th y
ent o t. O ly you N ch l d h tut r
rema ed. Dessalles wh pered to the boy to
com d nstaur.

No Mon e ir Dessalles. I w ll ask my unt
to let me stay repl ed \ cholas Bolko sk al
so in a wh sper

U t te please let me stay sa l he go-
n up to h s au t.

H s f ce e pres ed entreaty agitat on and
eest sy Countess M ry glanced at h m and
turned to P erre

W n you are here he can t tear himself
way she sa d

I w ll bring h m to you d rectly Mon eur
Dessalles. Good n htl sa d P erre g ing h s
hand to the Sw ss tutor and he turned to
you g N chola w th a smle You and I
la n t see a yth g of one another yet
H l ke l e s grow ng Mary! l ead led ad
dress Countess M ry

Like my fathe ? sked the boy flush g
cr mson a d look g up at Pierre w th bri ht
eest t e eyes.

I erre nodded n l went on w th what he
h h l l n l d inter

from Sónya—wh sat eary but resolute at the
samo ar— d quest ned l erre The curly
he del del cate boy sat w th sh n n eyes un-
not ced n a corner st t n every t w a d
th n an l muttering someth ng to h self and
e de tly expe enc ng a ne n l powe ful
em t n he turned h curly head w th l is
th n neck po ed by h s turn d wn coll r to-
ward the pl ce w l ere P erre sat

Th con ersat n turned on the contempo-
rary goss p about thos n power n w l ch
most people ee the ch el s t est of l me

on w l t l erre told then

O e ed to l e to b Germ n— ne
mu t l ce w th T t d o a a d M dame
k w de e d wead Eckast l u e nd t le
bw hw Oh tly y h uld let th t fine fello v
Bo p e los —he d knock l l ths non n e
ut f th m F cyg th comm l of the
Sen f weg t to a fell l ke that
S hwa t l l er ed

N h l th gh free from De iso read
neest f d f ult w t l ex ryth l th ught
th t d u l the go ern e t was a very
se us d w g l ty m t t d the f ct th t

that moment when it diverted her attention from the unfinished game

She finished her game of patience and only then examined the presents. They consisted of a box for cards of splendid workmanship a bright blue Sèvres tea cup with shepherdesses depicted on it and with a lid and a gold snuff box with the count's portrait on the lid which Pierre had had done by a miniaturist in Petersburg. The countess had long wished for such a box but as she did not want to cry just then she glanced indifferently at the portrait and gave her attention chiefly to the box for cards.

"Thank you my dear you have cheered me up and she is she always did. But best of all you have brought yourself back—for I never saw anything like it you ought to give your wife a scolding! What are we to do with her? She is like a mad woman when you are away. Doesn't see anything doesn't remember anything she went on repeating her usual phrases. Look Anna Timoféevna she added to her companion see what a box for cards my son has brought us!"

Belóva admired the presents and was delighted with her dress material.

Though Pierre Natásha Nicholas Countess Mary and Denisov had much to talk about that they could not discuss before the old countess—not that anything was hidden from her but because she had dropped so far behindhand in many things that had they begun to converse in her presence they would have had to answer inopportune questions and to repeat what they had already told her many times that so and so was dead and so and so was married which she would again be unable to remember—yet they sat at tea round the samovar in the drawing room from habit and Pierre answered the countess questions as to whether Prince Vasilí had aged and whether Countess Mary Alexéevna had sent greetings and still thought of them and other matters that interested no one and to which she herself was indifferent.

Conversation of this kind interesting to no one yet unavoidable continued all through teatime. All the grown up members of the family were assembled near the round tea table at which Sonya presided beside the samovar. The

old gray borzoi bitch (daughter of the first Milka) with a quite gray face and large black eyes that seemed more prominent than ever lay on

understand. He told her of external social

now for the most part scattered about the world and like herself were garnering the first ears of the harvest they had sown in earlier years. But to the old countess those contemporaries of hers seemed to be the only serious and real society. Natásha saw by Pierre's animation that his visit had been interesting and that he had much to tell them but dare not say it before the old countess Denisov not being a member of the family did not understand Pierre's caution and being as a malcontent much interested in what was occurring in Petersburg kept urging Pierre to tell them about what had happened in the Seménovsk regiment then about Arakchéev and then about the Bible Society. Once or twice Pierre was carried away and began to speak of these things but Nicholas and Natásha always brought him back to the health of Prince Iván and Countess Mary Alexéevna.

Well and all this idiocy—Gossner and Tatáwinova? Denisov asked. Is that weally still going on?

Going on? Pierre exclaimed. Why more than ever! The Bible Society is the whole government now!

What is that *mon cher ami*? asked the countess who had finished her tea and evidently needed a pretext for being angry after her meal. What are you saying about the government? I don't understand.

Well you know Maman Nicholas interposed knowing how to translate things into his mother's language. Prince Alexander Collitsyn has founded a society and in consequence has great influence they say.

Arakchéev and Golitsyn incautiously remarked Pierre are now the whole government! And what a government! They see treason everywhere and are afraid of everything.

Well and how is Prince Alexander to blame? He is a most estimable man I used to meet him at Mary Antónovna's said the

blewhere his tea was handed to him. Milka the

cou tress in a offended to e a d till m re
and h t they all rema ned lent, sle
A

too) and w th a e tie e
t her table n the s it ng room.

The mel choly s i n e th t f l l wed was
broken by the sou ds f the ch ldren s ces
a d l ghter f m the next room. E dently
some jolly excitem nt w g g on there

Fun hed fi hedl l ttle Natá h gleeful
yell rose bo e them ll

Perre excha ged gla ces w th Cou tress
Mary a d N ch l s (N tá h he ne er lost
ht of) a d sm led l pply

"That del gh t l m sa d he

It mea that A n M káro n h s fin hed
}

It is al ways the first th g th t tells n
w ll Whe I as dr ghe etod y the neare
I gott the h use the m e us I grew As
I entered th anteroom I heard A dru f a s
peals f la ghter d th t meant that ll was
w ll.

l k w ll k w that feel g sa d N ho-
l B t l m t t go there—t lose stock ngs
a to be urpri f m

Perre we t t th child d the sh ut
d l ghter grew st ll l ler

Come A M káro n Perre o ce
was heard say g com he t the m dle
f th rooma d t thew rd l comm d O
t o, d whe I say thre y u t nd h re
dy n my rms—w ll n w l On twol
sa d P r r d a l n e f l l wed th ee —
d pt usly bea tles cry of h ld en s
es fill d the room. Tw tw f they
h t d

This me t t tocks g wh ch by secret
p ocess kn wn lyt h rself A M káro
n used to k t t th sam t m th same
eedles d wh ch wh th ywe e dy he
always tr mph tly d ew o e ut f th oth
er in th ch ldren p ece

CHAPTER XIV

SOON AFTER THU th h ld n cam n to s y
good ght. They k ed every e the tut rs
d g ernesses m de th bow d hey
t out. O ly y u N ch las d h tut
em d Desalles whi pe d t th boy to
om d nstans

N M n e r Desalles, I w ll a k my aunt
to let me stay replied N i hola Bolikón k l al
so in w l per

Ma to te p lea e let me st y sa t he gr-
in up to h s a t

ll s f ce exp essed entreaty aguat on and
ecata y Countess M ry gla ced t h m a d
turned to Perre

"W en you are here he can t tear himself
aw y he sa d.

I w ll r ng h m to you l rectly M nieur
Desalles. Good n hut sa d Perre g g h
ha d t the Sw s tut r a f h turned to
y u g N chol s w th a sm le "You a d I
h e t see nyth g o f o ca tler yet
ll w l k e l e grow ng Mary! he added ad
d ess "Cou tes M ry

Like my f ther? a ked the boy B l g
cr mon a d look up at Perre w th br l t
ceat t e eyes.

Perre nodded a d went on w th wh t he
had been say ng when the ch ldr n had inter
s w l r wool

samo a — nd quest ned l erre s i e c y
hea led d l cate boy sat w th h n eyes un-
n t d n a corner t a t every now a d
t l d mutter ng someth g to h mself nd
e d ntly exper e a new nd powe ful
em t n he turned his curly lead w th l is
th neck expo ed by h s turn d wn ollar to-
ward the pl ce w l ere Perre sat.

The con ersat tur ed on the contempo-
rary goss p abo t those in power in wh ch
most people ee the ch f t erest of h me

p d d m d f cibl nd h rp omm us
n what l erre t l d them

On u ed t ha e to b G rm —n o e
m t d ce w th T táw o a a d M lame
kw de er nd wead Eck th u en nd the
bw thw n Oh they h ld let th t f e f llow
B n p t lose—h d knock all th s n e e
out of th m l F cyg ng t l comm d f the
Sem o weg me t to sell l ke that
Schw ul h cr ed.

N holas th h f e e f m Deniso ead
ness t f d f ult w th e ryth l thought
th t d cu f th go ernm nt wa ery
cr d we gl ty matte a d the f ct that

that moment when it diverted her attention from the unfinished game

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"Thank you my dear you have cheered me up," said she as she always did. "But best of all you have brought yourself back—for I never saw anything like it! You ought to give your wife a scolding! What are we to do with her? She is like a mad woman when you are away. Doesn't she see anything? Doesn't she remember anything she went on repeating her usual phrases? Look Anna Timoféevna she added to her companion see what a box for cards my son has brought us!"

Bélouva admired the box.

But they could not discuss before the old countess—not that anything was hidden from her but because she had dropped so far behindhand in many things that had they begun to converse in her presence they would have had to answer inopportune questions and to repeat what they had already told her many times that so and so was dead and so and so was married which she would again be unable to remember—yet they sat at tea round the samovar in the drawing room from habit and Pierre answered the countess questions as to whether Prince Vasilii had aged and whether Countess Mary Alexéevna had sent greetings and still thought of them and other matters that interested no one and to which she herself was indifferent.

Conversation of this kind inter-

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places Nicholas beside the stove at a small table where his tea was handed to him. Milka the

old gray borzoi bitch (daughter of the first Milka) with a quite gray face and large black eyes that seemed more brown

the armc

haur mu

gray sat b

tunic unbuttoned

and the old countess

might interest the old lady and that she could

understand. He told her of external social

events and of the people who had formed the

circle of her contemporaries and had once been

a real living and distinct group but who were

now for the most part scattered about the world

and like herself were garnering the last ears of

the harvests they had sown in earlier years. But

to the old countess those contemporaries of

hers seemed to be the only serious and real so-

ciety. Natásha saw by Pierre's animation that

his visit had been interesting and that he had

much to tell them but dare not say it before

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marked Pierre are now the whole govern-

ment! And what a government! They see trea-

son every where and are afraid of everything.

Well and I love Prince Alexander to

blame? He is a most estimable man. I used to

meet him at Mary Antónovna's said the

w here d the general safety
 "Yes b t u s a secret society f the el rea
 hostile nd harmf lo e wh ch can only cause
 harm.

Wh ? D d th Tugen lbu d wh cl sa ed
 Europe (they d d n t th n enture to s g
 gest that R s h d sa ed Europe) lo a y
 harm The Tu e dbu d s all ce of vir
 t e t lo e n ut ll lp t s wh t Ch t
 p reached o the Cross.

N t h a wh h l come nd r g th e n
 l b l It

because sh k ew th t t sprag t
 wh le so l) b t t was h m ted a d en
 thus t ppear ce th m de le gl d.

The boy w th the th n neck t eicl g ut
 from th turn-d wn coll r—whom every ne
 had f rgott n—gazed t P rrew th even great
 er d mo e rapt us joy E ery w d of
 P rre burned to h heat d w t a

It ot t ll wh t you ppos b t
 us h t th Germ T ge lb ndwa dwh t
 l m propos g

N my f w end! Th T g lbu l s ll
 ewy ell f r the us g eat rs b t d n t
 u d rsta d t d can t even pwon u e t
 int roped D tso l d nd esol te

I w t t h t e w y th g here w t n
 d h w bl but the T g db d l d n t
 derst d. If we n t t fied l tush e
 b t of wn Th t ll wght. f su ote
 h mm

Perre ruled N d h began t lugh but
 N d l k tted h b w s t l m re nd be-
 ga p g t P rre th tler w o p s
 pect f ygr h d th t ll the d
 g h pok f ed ly n h mag a
 t P rre m ta ed th ntrary d
 h m tal f cul were grea te nd m e
 ful N ch l f l h m ll corne ed. This
 m d h m t ll gr f he wa fully con
 ed t by son g b by som th g
 th n h m ger th n easo f the just e
 f h p

I w ll t lly u th h sa d is g nd try

D tso m kep l y w th m l f th
 G em w d f d d th R u
 rd b t r -Tz
 l my m

ing w th nervously tw tch ng f ngers to prop
 t " " i orner l ut f lly al n lon

my duty t obey t h
 l éev or lered me t le l wq d ronn g nst
 y u nd cut you d wn f l ull n t l e t te
 an t sta t l ut l ull lo t A l you may ar
 gue bout th tasy ul ke
 A w k w d l t ce f ll wed these w rds.

object The co rnat w t t
 l ger n th u pleasa tly how le t ne of
 N hol l t rema k.

Wle they ll got t p to go n t t pper l t
 the N cl l Bolk'n k we t p t Perre p le
 n l w th n n t l tneye.

Un le Perre y no If l p were
 al e w ull he agree w th you l ked
 A d Perre uld n ly re l ed w t aspec l
 t depe dent complex l powerful p ocess
 of th ght nd feel ng mu th e been go ng

Yes l u nd
 left th study

Th l d looked l wn an t eemed n w f r
 t l e f r t me t t e w l the h d l e to the
 th g s on the t bl He fluted d went up
 to N h l s.

Un le f rg me l d d th t u sen
 t lly l e sa d po t g to the b k n s l

the
 b t u de u
 A d l tly ppress ng h e t n w th
 d ff lly he t rn d aw y f om the boy
 A u ght n t t h be n l e at ll he
 sa d.

CHAPTER XV

Th co rriatio t upp r wa n t about
 pol t es soc et es b t turned th byct
 N ch l l ked best—coll t n f s
 D tso tarted these nd Perre w p r t cu

A had been appointed Minister of This and B Governor General of That and that the Emperor had said so and so and this minister so and so seemed to him very important And so he thought it necessary to take an interest in these things and to question Pierre The questions put by these two kept the conversation from changing its ordinary character of gossip about the higher government circles

But Natásha knowing all her husband's ways and ideas saw that he had long been wishing but had been unable to divert the conversation to another channel and express his own deeply felt idea for the sake of which he had gone to Petersburg to consult with his new friend Prince Theodore and she helped him by asking how his affairs with Prince Theodore had gone

What was it about? asked Nicholas

Always the same thing said Pierre looking round at his listeners Everybody sees that things are going so badly that they cannot be allowed to go on so and that it is the duty of all decent men to counteract it as far as they can

What can decent men do? Nicholas inquired frowning slightly What can be done?

Why this

Come into my study said Nicholas

Natásha who had long expected to be fetched to nurse her baby now heard the nurse calling her and went to the nursery Countess Mary followed her The men went into the study and little Nicholas Bolκόnski followed them unnoticed by his uncle and sister

Why this began Pierre not sitting down but pacing the room sometimes stopping

He abandoned himself altogether to this mysticism (Pierre could not tolerate mysticism in anyone now) He seeks only for peace and only these people *sans foi ni loi* can give it him—people who recklessly hack at and strangle everything—Magnítski Arakchéev and *tutti quanti* You will agree that if you did not look after your estates your self but only wanted a quiet life the harsher your steward was the more readily your object might be attained he said to Nicholas

Well what does that lead up to? said Nicholas

Without faith or law

Well everything is going to ruin! Robbery in the law courts in the army nothing but flogging drilling and Military Settlements the people are tortured enlightenment is suppressed All that is young and honest is crushed! Everyone sees that this cannot go on Every thing is strained to such a degree that it will certainly break said Pierre

in Petersburg

Told whom?

Well you know whom said Pierre with a meaning glance from under his brows Prince Theodore and all those To encourage culture and philanthropy is all very well of course The aim is excellent but in the

his face darkened and he went up to the boy

Why are you here?

Why? Let him be said Pierre

expecting the

must join hands as closely as they can to withstand the general calamity Everything that is young and strong is being enticed away and depraved One is lured by women another by honors a third by ambition or money No independence What I say let the motto be not virtue alone but in dependence and action as well!

Nicholas who had left his nephew irritably pushed up in an armchair sat down in it and listened to Pierre coughing discontentedly and frowning more and more

But action with what aim? he cried And what position will you adopt toward the government?

Why then? need

Not in it say the conservatives—a society of gentlemen in the full meaning of that word It is only to prevent some Pugachev or other from killing my children and yours and Arakchéev from sending me off to some Military Settlement We join hands only for the public

Pugachev the Cossack leader of a great peasantry against Catherine the Great's time—The

FIRST EPILOGUE

I work to comfort my mother to repay
 you a debt not to leave the children such beggars
 as I was.
 Comes Mary wanted to tell me that man
 does not live by bread alone and that he at
 tended too much importance to these matters.
 But she knew she must not say that I that
 I am useless to do so. She only took that
 to heart.

I dedicated to us
 that though we might expose ourselves to risks
 in the future to hold on
 "Yes that is all that is just what I said to
 ally
 when
 they
 Nch

I did this
 alas, which had gone into my study and broke
 all my things.
 Ah, Nch has done you know I am often
 no before long and all will be
 m

I have each day
 I use naturally with the thoughts.
 Well I do not think you need reproach
 yourself for account. All that the fates
 mother could do for her so you have done
 dared for him and for our family
 I think he finished his life. The evening
 he lived in peace sort of tranquility
 I say—a we were going to appear I looked
 and he had been everything on my table to
 but I did not tell myself to tell
 even knew him to tell you truth. A friend,
 who heart

I did.

I pass on to tenderness. Besides the feet
 which absorbed her long there a little neglected
 her from following the little finger had

him to have
 "Will you tell me if I am not ungrateful
 take him to Paris? I said Nch has yes,
 Perrine's way was a better deal. I will
 be he could turn get the talk in the
 told which had evidently done him
 "Well what business of mine what goes on
 there—what the Arakchéev is doing and all that?
 What business was it for me when I married
 I was so dependent on him that I was threatened
 with prison and had no other way could I
 understand? And then there are you
 and the children and our friends I tell my
 pleasure that I am happy from the
 life of mine get night? No but I know

I am so different in the stages
 but he himself has left me to do him and
 permitted her to do better than to
 complete the impossible—nothing to do
 with the children little Nch had
 all his neighbors as Christ loved mankind.

lar! —
fan

he

eating! I think that punishment by depriving children of sweets only develops the greediness. Must tell Nicholas this.

As having undressed in his study and given instructions to the steward who had been waiting for him, went to the bedroom in his dressing gown, where he found his wife still at her table writing.

What are you writing, Mary? Nicholas asked.

Countess Mary blushed. She was afraid that what she was writing would not be understood or approved by her husband.

She had wanted to conceal what she was writing from him, but at the same time was glad he had surprised her at it and that she would now have to tell him.

A diary, Nicholas, she replied, handing him a blue exercise book filled with her firm, bold writing.

A diary? Nicholas repeated with a shade of irony, and he took up the book.

It was in French.

December 4. Today when Andrei (her eldest boy) woke up, he did not wish to dress, and Mademoiselle Louise went for me. He was naughty and obstinate. I threatened that he only grew angrier. Then I took the matter in hand. I left him alone and began with nurses to help to get the other children up, telling him that I did not want him. For a few minutes —

then he jumped and soiled his time. It was a great trial to him most of all, that he had grieved me. Afterwards, in the evening when I gave him his ticket, he again began crying pitifully and kissing me. One can do anything with him by tenderness.

What is a ticket? Nicholas inquired.

I have begun giving the elder ones marks every evening, showing how they have behaved.

Nicholas looked into the radiant eyes that were gazing at him and continued to turn over the pages and read. In the diary was set down everything in the children's lives that seemed noteworthy to their mother as showing their characters or suggesting general reflections on educational methods. They were for the most part quite insignificant trifles, but did not seem so to the mother or to the father either, now that he read this diary about his children for the first time.

Under the date 5 was entered

Nicholas put down the book and looked at his wife. The radiant eyes gazed at him questioningly, would he approve or disapprove of her diary? There could be no doubt not only of his approval but also of his admiration for his wife.

Perhaps it need not be done so pedantically, thought Nicholas, or even done at all, but this untiring, continual spiritual effort of which the sole aim was the children's moral welfare delighted him. Had Nicholas been a

lyze his steady on his own, but at her spirituality and at the lofty moral world almost beyond his reach in which she had her being.

He was a man of such a soul not only belonged to him but was part of himself.

I quite, quite approve my dearest! said he with a significant look, and after a short pause he added, And I behaved badly today. You weren't in the study. We began disputing — Pierre and I — and I lost my temper. But he is impossible, such a child! I don't know what would become of him if Natasha didn't keep him in hand. Have you any more? —

Well, then you know, Nicholas went on, growing hot at the mere recollection of their discussion, he wanted to convince me that it is every honest man's duty to go against the government and that the oath of allegiance and duty. I am sorry you weren't there. They all fell on me — Denisov and Natasha. Natasha is absurd. How she rules over him! And yet there need only be a discussion and she has no words of her own but only repeats his sayings. — added Nicholas, yielding to that irresistible inclination which tempts us to judge those nearest and dearest to us. He forgot that what he was saying about Natasha could have been applied word for word to himself in relation to his wife.

Yes, I have noticed that, said Countess Mary.

When I told him that duty and the oath were above everything, he started, proving goodness knows what! A pity you were not

FIRST EPILOGUE

63

conscience—last of active virtue. Prince Ser-
gey is clever and clever."

"Tisha would have had no doubt as to the
guiness of Pierre's lies but one thing dis-
concerted her. Can a man so important and
necessary to society be also my husband? How
did this happen?" She wished to express this
doubt to him. Now who could decide whether
he is really cleverer than all the others?" she
asked herself, and passed in review all those
whom Pierre most respected. Just then what
he had said there was no one he had respected
so highly as Platón Karatiev.

"Do you know what I mean this time?"
she asked. About Platón Karatiev. Would he
have approved of you now if you think

Pierre was not still surprised at this ques-
tion. He understood his wife's idea of this

Platón Karatiev?" he repeated, and pon-
dered, evidently careful to give his
Karatiev opinion on the subject. He would
not have understood yet perhaps he would.

"How you wish!" Tisha said only said.
Awful!"

"He would not have approved, said
Pierre, after reflection. "What he would have
approved of is our family life. He was always
so anxious to find something happy, and
peace in everything, and I should have been
proud to let him see this. There now—you talk
of my absence, but you wouldn't believe what
special feeling I have for you after separa-
tion."

"Yes, I should think Tisha began.

"No, not that I ever loved you. And no, I couldn't love more, but this is
something special. Yes, of course—he did
not finish because their eyes met—" said the
other.

"What nonsense is, Tisha said and ex-
claimed about honeymoons, and that the
greatest happiness is first. On the contrary
now is the best of all. If only you did not go
away. Do you remember how we quarreled.
And was always in fault. Always man. And
what we quarreled about—I do even remem-
ber."

"Always about the same thing," said Pierre
with a smile. Jealousy.

"Don't say I can bear it," Tisha cried,
and her eyes glittered coldly and vindictively.
Did you see her shudder, for pity.

"And if I had I shouldn't have recog-
nized her."

They were silent for a while.

Oh, do you know. While you were talking

in the study I was looking at you. Tisha
became extremely anxious to disperse the cloud
that had come over them. "You are still in
as two peas—in the lake?" (She meant her lit-
tle son.) Oh, it is time to go to him. The
milk is come. But I'm sorry to leave you.

They were silent for a few seconds. Then
suddenly turned to one another at the same
time they both began to speak. Pierre began
with satisfaction and enthusiasm. Tisha
with a quiet, happy smile. He interrupted
one another, but both stopped to let the other
go to sleep.

"No, What did you say? Go on, go on."

"No, you go on, I was talking no sense—
said Tisha.

Pierre finished what he had begun. It was
the sequel to his complimentary reflections on his

who else?"

"I only wished to say that deeds that have
great results are always imprecise. A whole
idea is that if you people are united and
constitute a power then honest work must do
the same. Now that is simple enough."

"Yes."

"And what were you going to say?"

"I only no sense."

"But all the same?"

Oh nothing, only Tisha said Tisha,
smiling more brightly. "I only wanted to
tell you about Pétro's today nurse was com-
ing to take him from me, and he laughed, and
eyes, and clung to me. I'm sure he thought he
was his mother. Awful sweet. There now he
is crying. Well, good by!" and she left the room.

Meanwhile downstairs in young Nichol's
Bohemian bedroom little Ivan was burn-
ing as usual. (The boy was afraid of the dark
and they could not cure him of it.) Dessalles
lept propped up on four pillows and his
Roman nose emitted sounds of rhythmic snor-
ing. Little Nicholas, who had just waked up, in
a drowsy perspiration, sat up in bed and gazed be-
fore him with wide-open eyes. He had a naked
from terrible dream. He had dreamed that
he and Ude Pétro wore a helmet such as
were depicted in his Plutarch, were leading a
huge army. The army was made up of white
slaves. It was that he had seen in the cob-
webs that float about in autumn and which
Dessalles called *filles de la Vierge*. I forget
was Glory which was similar to those threads

Countess Mary's soul always strove toward the infinite the eternal and the absolute and could therefore never be at peace. A stern expression of the lofty secret suffering of a soul burdened by the body appeared on her face. Nicholas gazed at her. "O God! What will be come of us if she dies as I always fear when her face is like that?" thought he, and placing himself before the icon he began to say his evening prayers.

CHAPTER XVI

NATÁSHA AND PIERRE left alone also began to talk as only a husband and wife can talk that is with extraordinary clearness and rapidity understanding and expressing each other's thoughts in ways contrary to all rules of logic without premises deductions or conclusions and in a quite peculiar way. Natásha was so used to this kind of talk with her husband that for her it was the surest sign of something being wrong between them if Pierre followed a line of logical reasoning. When I am

... that they were on the verge of a quarrel.

From the moment they were alone and Natásha came up to him with wide-open happy eyes and quickly seizing his hand pressed it to her bosom saying "Now you are all mine mine! You won't escape!"—from that moment this conversation began contrary to all the laws of logic and contrary to them because quite different subjects were talked about at one and the same time. This simultaneous discussion of many topics did not prevent a clear understanding but on the contrary was the surest sign that they fully understood one another.

... dream so in this intercourse contrary to all laws of reason the words themselves were not consecutive and clear but only the feeling that prompted them.

Natásha spoke to Pierre about her brother's life and doings of how she had suffered and lacked life during his own absence and of how she was fonder than ever of Mary and how Mary was in every way better than herself. In saying this Natásha was sincere in acknowledging Mary's superiority but at the

... that now especially

after having seen many women in Petersburg he should tell her so afresh.

Pierre answering Natásha's words told her how intolerable it had been for him to meet ladies at dinners and balls in Petersburg.

"I have quite lost the knack of talking to ladies," he said. "It was simply dull. Besides I was very busy."

Natásha looked intently at him and went on.

"Mary is so splendid," she said. "How she understands children! It is as if she saw straight into their souls. Yesterday for instance Mitya was naughty."

"How like his father he is!" Pierre interjected.

Natásha knew why he mentioned Mitya's likeness to Nicholas—the recollection of his dispute with his brother-in-law was unpleasant and he wanted to know what Natásha thought of it.

"Nicholas has the weakness of never agreeing with anything not generally accepted. But I understand that you value what opens up a fresh line," said she repeating words Pierre had once uttered.

No the chief point is that to Nicholas ideas and discussions are an amusement—and most a pastime," said Pierre. "For instance he is collecting a library and has made it a rule not to buy a new book till he has read what he has already bought—*Sismondi* and *Rousseau* and *Montesquieu*," he added with a smile. "You know how much I," he began to soften down what he had said but Natásha interrupted him to show that this was unnecessary.

"So you say ideas are an amusement to him."

"Yes and for me nothing else is serious. All the time in Petersburg I saw everyone as in a dream. When I am taken up by a thought all else is mere amusement."

"Ah I'm so sorry I wasn't there when you met the children," said Natásha. "Which was most delighted? Lisa I'm sure."

"Yes," Pierre replied and when

... joining his own way
But I succeeded in uniting them. If ...
my ...
say ...
may ...
you ... ve the right and let the e be but

Second Epilogue

*

CHAPTER I

History is the life of nations and humanity. To secure it put to work, to describe it, to reveal the life of humanity even of a single nation appears impossible.

The ancient historians all employed one and the same method to describe and secure the apparent life of the life of people. They described the life of the individual who ruled the people and rewarded the life of those men as representatives of the life of the nation.

The question how did the dualism of nations arise as they wished and what was he will of these dualisms? We might say the nations met by recognition and which subjected the nations to the will of the chosen man and guided the will of the chosen man so to accomplish ends that were predestined.

For the ancient these questions were solved by belief in direct participation of the Deity in human affairs.

Modern history theory rejects both these principles.

It would seem that history rejected the belief of the ancient man in the direct participation of the Deity and in predestined fate and in which nations are led. Modern history should study the manifestations of power but the causes that produce it. But modern history has not done this. History theory rejected the view held by the ancients, that it follows them in practice.

In ancient times endowed with divine life and direct participation of the will of God, modern history has given us other heroes endowed with extraordinary superhuman capacities, or simple men of every variety of kind, from monarchs to journalists, who lead the masses. Instead of the divinely appointed prophets, Jewish, Greek, or Roman nations, which ancient historians regarded as representatives of the progress of human modern history has postulated its winners—the will of the French, German, or English people, in its

highest abstraction on the welfare and life of humanity in general by which human life means that of the peoples occurring in a small northwestern portion of a large continent.

Modern history has rejected the belief of the ancient with its rejection of them by new concepts of the law of the state. It followed the historians, after they had apparently rejected the divine authority of the kings and the life of the nations, to reach the same conclusion by another road that is, to recognize the nation guided by dualism in the life of the nation and human life large and small.

At the basis of the works of all the modern historians from Gibbon to Buckle down to the present day are elements and the apparent conflict of the two outlooks, the two old, unchangeable assumptions.

In the first place the life of the nation is directed by dualism who in his opinion has directed humanity (history) and the monarchs, general and ministers, which men while neither of these is

of French realm to another the best of all the world called Europe.

The German arises in Paris to give peace, and is expressed by the movement of peoples from west to east. Several times it moves eastward and collides with the movement from the east westward. In reaches its extreme limit, Moscow and then with remarkable symmetry counter-movement occurs from east to west, attracts the first movement had done, the nation to the middle of Europe. The intermediate equilibrium point of the first movement in the

but rather thicker. He and Pierre were borne along lightly and joyously nearer and nearer

Uncle Nicholas stood before them in a stern and threatening attitude.

Have you done this? he said, pointing to some broken sealing wax and pens. I loved you, but I have orders from Arakchéev and will kill the first of you who moves forward. Little Nicholas turned to look at Pierre, but Pierre was no longer there. In his place was his father—Prince Andrew—and his father had neither shape nor form, but he existed, and when little Nicholas perceived him, he grew faint with love, he felt himself powerless, limp and formless. His father caressed and pitied him. But Uncle Nicholas came nearer and nearer to them. Terror seized young Nicholas, and he awoke.

My father! he thought. (Though there were two good portraits of Prince Andrew in the house, Nicholas never imagined him in hu-

man form.) My father has been with me and caressed me. He approved of me and of Uncle Pierre. Whatever he may tell me, I will do it. Mucius Scaevola burned his hand. Why should not the same sort of thing happen to me? I know they want me to learn. And I will learn. But someday I shall have finished learning, and then I will do something. I only pray God that something may happen to me such as happened to Plutarch's men, and I will act as they did. I will do better. Everyone shall know me, love me, and be delighted with me! And suddenly his bosom heaved with sobs, and he began to cry.

Are you ill? he heard Dessalles' voice asking.

No, answered Nicholas, and lay back on his pillow.

He is good and kind, and I am fond of him! he thought of Dessalles. But Uncle Pierre! Oh, what a wonderful man he is! And my father? Oh, Father, Father! Yes, I will do something with which even *he* would be satisfied.

west—Paris—and subsidies

During that twenty year period an immense number of fields were left untilled houses were burned trade changed its direction millions of men migrated were impoverished or were enriched and millions of Christian men professing the law of love of their fellows slew one another

What does all this mean? Why did it happen? What made those people burn houses and slay their fellow men? What were the causes of these events? What force made men act so? These are the instinctive plain and most legitimate questions humanity asks itself when it encounters the monuments and tradition of that period

For a reply to these questions the common sense of mankind turns to the science of history whose aim is to enable nations and humanity to know themselves

If history had retained the conception of the ancients it would have said that God to reward or punish his people gave Napoleon power and directed his will to the fulfilment of the divine ends and that reply would have been clear and complete One might believe or disbelieve in the divine significance of Napoleon but for anyone believing in it there would have been nothing unintelligible in the history of that period nor would there have been any contradictions

But modern history cannot give that reply Science does not admit the conception of the ancients as to the direct participation of the Deity in human affairs and therefore history ought to give other answers

Modern history replying to these questions says you want to know what this movement means what caused it and what force produced these events? Then listen

Louis XIV was a very proud and self confident man he had such and such mistresses and such and such ministers and he ruled France badly His descendants were weak men and they too ruled France badly And they had such and such favorites and such and such mistresses Moreover certain men wrote some books at that time At the end of the eighteenth century there were a couple of dozen men in Paris who began to talk about all men being free and equal This caused

France a man of genius—Napoleon He conquered everybody everywhere—that is he

killed many people because he was a great genius And for some reason he went to kill Africans and killed them so well and was so cunning and wise that when he returned to France he ordered everybody to obey him and they all obeyed him Having become an Emperor he again went out to kill people in Italy Austria and Prussia And there too he killed a great many In Russia there was an Emperor Alexander who decided to restore order in Europe and therefore fought against Napoleon In 1807 he suddenly made friends with him but in 1811 they again quarreled and again began killing many people Napoleon led six hundred thousand men into Russia and captured Moscow then he suddenly ran away from Moscow and the Emperor Alexander helped by the advice of Stein and others united Europe to war against the disturber of its peace All Napoleon's allies suddenly became his enemies and their forces advanced against the fresh forces he raised The Allies defeated Napoleon entered Paris forced Napoleon to abdicate and sent him to the island of Elba not depriving him of the title of Emperor and showing him every respect though five years before and one year later they all regarded him as an outlaw and a brigand Then Louis XVIII who till then had been the laughingstock both of the French and the Allies began to reign And Napoleon shed ding tears before his Old Guards renounced the throne and went into exile Then the skillful statesmen and diplomatists (especially Talleyrand who managed to sit down in a particular chair before anyone else and thereby extended the frontiers of France) talked in Vienna and by these conversations made the nations happy or unhappy Suddenly the diplomatists and monarchs nearly quarreled and were on the point of again ordering the armies to kill one another but just then Napoleon arrived in France with a lot more of the French who had been hanging in immensely all submitted to him But the Allied monarchs were angry at this and went to fight the French once more And they defeated the genius Napoleon and suddenly recognizing him as a brigand sent him to the island of St Helena And the exile separated from the beloved France so dear to his heart died a lingering death on that rock and bequeathed his great deeds to posterity But in Europe reaction occurred and the sovereigns once again all began to oppress the peoples

It would be a mistake to think that this is

of the most important tendencies begin to describe the same event, the replies they give immediately lose all meaning, for this or that is understood by them. It is not only difficult but often in quite contradictory ways. One historian says that an event was produced by Napoleon's power, another that it was produced by Alexander's, a third that it was due to the power of some other person. Besides this historians of that kind contradict each other even in their statement as to the force on which the authority of some particular person was based. Thiers, Bonapartist, says that Napoleon's power was based on his virtue and genius. Lanfrey, a Republican, says it was based on his trickery and deception of the people. So the historians of this class, by mutu-

that period.

The transparency and absurdity of these replies arise from the fact that modern history like deaf-mute answers questions no one has asked.

If the purpose of history be to give description of the most important features of the life of the peoples, the first question is—on the basis of what reply to which will the rest will be incomprehensible—what is the power that moves peoples? To this, modern history laboriously replies that Napoleon was great genius or that Louis XIV was very powerful and that certain writers wrote certain books.

All this may be so, and mankind is ready to agree with it, but it is not what was asked. All this would be interesting if we recognized the power based on itself and always constantly direct is nations through Napoleon, Louises, and writers but we do not have knowledge of a power and therefore before speak about Napoleon, Louises and others, we ought to establish the connection between these men and the movement of the nations.

If instead of this power some other force has appeared, it should be explained in what the conflict consists of the whole interest of history lies precisely in that fact.

History seems to assume that this is self-evident and known to everyone. But in spite of every desire to regard it as known we read many his- cal works cannot help doubting whether the conflict is so variously described by the historians themselves, is really what it is known to everyone.

CHAPTER II

What once moves the nations

Biographical historians and historians of separate nations understand this force of power wherein the heroes and rulers. In their narrative events occur solely by the will of a Napoleon or Alexander or some general of the persons they describe. The answers given by this kind of historian to the question of what causes events to happen are satisfactory only as long as there is but one historian to each event. As soon as historians of

tial question.

Writers of universal history who deal with all the nations seem to recognize how erroneous is the peculiar historian's view of the force which produces events. They do not recognize the power inherent in heroes and

it in looks for the cause of the event in the power of one man but in the interaction of many persons connected with the event.

According to this view the power of historical personages represented as the product of many forces can no longer it would seem, be regarded as force that itself produces events. Yet in most cases universal historians still employ the conception of power as a force that itself produces events and treat it as their cause. In their exposition of historical character first the product of his time, and his power is the resultant of various forces and then his power is itself the product of events. Gervus Schloesser and others find in Napoleon's one-time product of the Revolution, of the ideas of '89 and so forth and another plainly say that the campaign of 1812 and other things they do not like were simply the product of Napoleon misdirected will and that the very ideas of '89 were arrested in the development by Napoleon's caprice. The ideas of the Revolution and the general temper of the epoch produced Napoleon's power. But Napoleon's power upped the ideas of the Revolution and the general temper of the age.

This curious contradiction is not accidental. Not only does it occur at every step but the universal historians' accounts are all made up of a chain of such contradictions. This contradiction occurs because after entering the field of analysis the universal historians stop half way.

To find component forces equal to the composite or resultant force—the sum of the components must equal the resultant. This condition is never observed by the universal historians and so to explain the resultant forces they are obliged to admit in addition to the insufficient components another unexplained force affecting the resultant action.

Specialist historians describing the campaign of 1813 or the restoration of the Bourbons plainly assert that these events were produced by the will of Alexander. But the universal historian Gervinus refuting this opinion of the specialist historian tries to prove that the campaign of 1813 and the restoration of the Bourbons were due to other things beside Alexander's will—such as the activity of Stein Metternich Madame de Staël Talleyrand Fichte Chateaubriand and others. The historian evidently decomposes Alexander's power into the components Talleyrand Chateaubriand and the rest—but the sum of the components—that is the interactions of Chateaubriand Talleyrand Madame de Staël and the others—evidently does not equal the resultant—namely the phenomenon of millions of Frenchmen submitting to the Bourbons. That Chateaubriand Madame de Staël and others spoke certain words to one another only affected their mutual relations but does not account for the submission of millions. And therefore to explain how from these relations of theirs the submission of millions of people resulted—that is how component forces equal to one A gave a resultant equal to a thousand times A —the historian is again obliged to fall back on power—the force he had denied—and to recognize it as the resultant of the forces—that is he has to admit an unexplained force acting on the resultant. And that is just what the universal historians do and consequently they not only contradict the specialist historians but contradict themselves.

Persons having no clear idea of the cause of rain say according to whether they want rain or fine weather. The wind has blown the clouds away or The wind has brought up the clouds. And in the same way the universal historians sometimes when it pleases

them and fits in with their theory say that power is the result of events and sometimes when they want to prove something else say that power produces events.

A third class of historians—the so-called historians of culture—following the path laid down by the universal historians who sometimes accept writers and ladies as forces producing events—again take that force to be something quite different. They see it in what is called culture—in mental activity.

The historians of culture are quite consistent in regard to their progenitors the writers of universal histories for if historical events may be explained by the fact that certain persons treated one another in such and such ways why not explain them by the fact that such and such people wrote such and such books? Of the immense number of 1 1 1

But despite their endeavors to prove that the cause of events lies in intellectual activity only by a great stretch can one admit that there is any connection between intellectual activity and the movement of peoples and in no case can one admit that intellectual activity controls people's actions for that view is not confirmed by such facts as the very cruel murders of the French Revolution resulting from the doctrine of the equality of man or the very cruel wars and executions resulting from the preaching of love.

But even admitting as correct all the cunningly devised arguments with which these histories are filled—admitting that nations are governed by some undefined force called an *idea*—history's essential question still remains unanswered and to the former power of monarchs and to the influence of advisers and other people introduced by the universal historians another newer force—the *idea*—is added the connection of which with the masses needs explanation. It is possible to understand that Napoleon had power and so events occurred with some effort one may even conceive that Napoleon together with other influences was the cause of an event but how a book *Le Comte de St. Pierre* had the effect of making Frenchmen begin to destroy one another cannot be understood without an explanation of the causal nexus of this new force with the event.

Undoubtedly some relation exists between all who live contemporaneously and so it is

possible to find some connection between the intellectual activity of men and their historical movements, just as such a connection may be found between the movements of humanity and commerce, handicraft, gardening or agriculture else you please. But what intellectual activity is considered by the historians of culture to be the cause or expression of the whole historical movement is hard to understand. Only the following considerations can have led the historian to such conclusions: (1) that history is written by learned men and so it is natural and reasonable for them to think that the activity of their class supplies the basis of the movement of all humanity just as similar belief is natural and reasonable to traders, missionaries, and so others (if they do not express it, that is merely because traders and soldiers do not write history) and (2) that spiritual activity in the present civilization, culture, etc., at all is under indefinite conceptions under whose banner it is very easy to use words having still less definite meaning, and which can therefore be readily introduced in an theory.

But not to speak of the intrinsic quality of his theories, kind (which may possibly even be false to some of something) the historians of culture, to which all general histories tend more and more to approach are situated on the fact that after several and more or less examinations various religious, philosophical, and political doctrines as causes of events, so far as they have to describe actual history even such as the campaign of 1871 in which they voluntarily describe it as resulting from the exercise of power—and so again, that the campaign was the result of a revolution. Speaking so, the historians of culture in general treat of themselves, and show that the evil of which they have devised does not concern what happens in history and that history can only be explained by introducing power which they apparently do not recognize.

CHAPTER III

A locomotive moves. Some one asks "What moves it?" A peasant says "The devil moves it." Another man says "The locomotive moves because it has wheels on it." A third asserts that the cause of its movement lies in the smoke which the wheels carry away. It is a useful idea. He has devised a new explanation. To tell him something about his proposition that there is

no devil or another peasant would have to explain to him that it is not the devil but a German, who moves the locomotive. Only then as a result of the contradiction will they see that they are both wrong. But the man who says that the movement of the wheels is the cause excuses himself for having once begun to analyze his thought to go on and explain further why the wheel goes round and that if he has reached the ultimate cause of the movement of the locomotive in the pressure of steam in the boiler he has no right to stop in his search for its cause. The man who explains the movement of the locomotive by the smoke that is carried back has noticed that the wheel does not supply an explanation and has taken the first step that occurs to him and in his turn has offered that as an explanation.

The only conception that can explain the movement of the locomotive is that of force commensurate with the movement observed.

The only concept that can explain the movement of the peoples is that of some force commensurate with the whole movement of the peoples.

Yet to apply this conception various historians take forces of different kinds, all of which are incommensurate with the movement observed. Some see it as force directly inherent in heroes, the peasant sees the devil in the locomotive others as force resulting from several other forces, like the movement of the wheels others again as an intellectual influence like the smoke that is blown away.

So long as histories are written of separate individuals, whether Caesars, Alexanders, Luthers, or Voltaires, and in their histories of all absolutely of those who take part in an event, it is quite impossible to describe the movement of humanity without the conception of force compelling men to direct their activity toward certain ends. And this is the only concept known to historians that is of power.

This conception is the one which means of which the material of history as it is presently expounded, can be dealt with, and no one who breaks this handle out, as Buckle did, with us find some other method of treating historical material, merely deprives himself of the only possible way of dealing with it. The necessity of the conception of power as an explanation of historical events is best demonstrated by the universal historians and historians of culture to mention a few of the professedly object that they are to be able to

have recourse to it at every step

In dealing with humanity's inquiry the science of history up to now is like money in circulation—paper money and coin. The biographies and special national histories are like paper money. They can be used and can circulate and fulfill their purpose without

them. You need only imagine the will of heroes produces events and such histories as Thiers will be interesting and instructive and may perhaps even possess a tinge of poetry. But just as doubts of the real value of paper money arise either because being easy to make too much of it gets made or because people try to exchange it for gold so also doubts concerning the real value of such histories arise either because too many of them are written or because in his simplicity of heart someone inquires by what force did Napoleon do this?—that is wants to exchange the current paper money for the real gold of actual comprehension.

The writers of universal histories and of the history of culture are like people who recognizing the defects of paper money decide to substitute for it money made of metal that has not the specific gravity of gold. It may indeed make jingling coin but will do no more than that. Paper money may deceive the ignorant but nobody is deceived by tokens of base metal that have no value but merely jingle. As gold is gold only if it is serviceable not merely for exchange but also for use so universal historians will be valuable only when they can reply to history's essential question: what is power? The universal historians give contradictory replies to that question while the historians of culture evade it and answer something quite different. And as counters of imitation gold can be used only among a group of people who agree to accept them as gold or among those who do not know the nature of gold so universal historians and historians of culture not answering humanity's essential question serve a currency for some purposes of their own only in universities and among the mass of readers who have a taste for what they call serious reading.

CHAPTER IV

HAVING ABANDONED the conception of the ancients as to the divine subjection of the will of a nation to some chosen man and the subjection of that man's will to the Deity history

cannot without contradictions take a sinless step till it has chosen one of two things: either a return to the former belief in the direct intervention of the Deity in human affairs or a definite explanation of the meaning of the force producing historical events and termed power.

A return to the first is impossible: the belief has been destroyed and so it is essential to explain what is meant by power.

Napoleon ordered an army to be raised and go to war. We are so accustomed to that idea and have become so used to it that the question why did six hundred thousand men go to fight when Napoleon uttered certain words seems to us senseless. He had the power and so what he ordered was done.

This reply is quite satisfactory if we believe that the power was given him by God. But as soon as we do not admit that it becomes essential to determine what is this power of one man over others.

It cannot be the direct physical power of a strong man over a weak one—a domination based on the application or threat of physical force like the power of Hercules: nor can it be based on the effect of moral force as in their simplicity some historians think who say that the leading figures in history are heroes that is men gifted with a special strength of soul and mind called genius. This power can not be based on the predominance of moral strength for not to mention heroes such as Napoleon about whose moral qualities opinions differ widely history shows us that neither a Louis XI nor a Metternich who ruled over millions of people had any particular moral qualities but on the contrary were generally morally weaker than any of the millions they ruled over.

If the source of power lies neither in the physical nor in the moral qualities of him who possesses it must evidently be looked for elsewhere—in the relation to the people of the man who wields the power.

And that is how power is understood by the science of jurisprudence: that exchange bank of history which offers to exchange history's understanding of power for true gold.

Power is the collective will of the people transferred by expressed or tacit consent to their chosen rulers.

In the domain of jurisprudence which consists of discussions of law a state and power might be arranged in a very clear way for all that to be arranged in a very clear way but when

applied to history that definition of power needs explanation

The state of jurisprudence regards the state and people the ancient regarded freedom as something essential. But history the state a d power remain only phenomena just as a modern physics fire is not an element but a phenomenon.

From this fundamental difference between the two held by history and that held by jurisprudence it follows that jurisprudence can

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po er um i can n we n ti g

If po er be the collecti n of the people
 referred to the rul was Pwarch repre-
 sentati f th will of the people? If n t
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 nals wh m he rested?

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t fi ht th Austr

These questions and the answers are possible:

Either to assume () that the will of the
 people is always constitutionally transferred
 to the ruler, or that they have chosen and
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 are struggles in the power of the
 people should be absolutely guarded in
 from the of the real power of (x) the
 will of the people transferred to the
 rulers could be definitely and known
 to be the of how the all limit the
 of the destruction of power
 from no basis even by the rulers of the
 and of which the power was
 ruled them (3) that the will of the
 people is elevated to the rulers of the
 of the the of unknown and
 defined that the appears of several
 horizons, the struggles of the
 it will of the greater lesser of will
 by the rulers of these unknown
 in which the will of the people trans

ferred from some people to others.

And these are the three ways in which the historians explain the relation of the people to the rulers.

Some historian — those biographical and
peculiar history already referred to —
if implicitly to understand the ques-
tion of the means of power seem to consider
it the collective will of the people uncon-
ditionally transferred to particular persons and
therefore when describe some singularities
they assume the particular power to be the
one absolute and real power and that any
other force opposing this is not a power but
a violation of power — mere violence

The theory is applicable for primitive and peaceful periods of history, but the conclusion—application to complex and turbulent periods in the life of nations during which various powers arise simultaneously and struggle with one another—that a Legitimate Constitution will prove that the Nation in Convention on the Decree of a Bonaparte were mere fingers of the true power while Republican and Bonapartist will prove the other side of the coin—ends the other that the Empire was the real power and that all others were but its tools of power. Evidently the explanation furnished by these historical beings mutually contradicted can only satisfy the child.

Recognizing the fallacy of this view of history, the other set of historians say that the power rests in the conditional delegation of the will of the people to their rulers, and that the political leaders have power only conditionally on

has no doubt as to if they did they con-
tinue to contradict on and the

Each list n cond o to h view of
wh t con t rutes n t on p ogress looks f
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Charles I. re executed by the people? To

this question historians reply that Louis XIV's activity contrary to the program enacted on Louis XVI. But why did it not react on Louis XIV or on Louis XV—why should it react just on Louis XVI? And what is the time limit for such reactions? To these questions there are and can be no answers. Equally little does this view explain why for several centuries the collective will is not withdrawn from certain rulers and their heirs and then suddenly during a period of fifty years is transferred to the

explaining these rapid transfers of the people's will from one individual to another especially in view of international relations conquests and alliances the historians are obliged to admit that some of these transfers are not normal delegations of the people's will but are accidents dependent on cunning on mistakes on craft or on the weakness of a diplomatist a ruler or a party leader. So that the greater part of the events of history—civil wars revolutions and conquests—are presented by these historians not as the results of free transfer of the people's will but as results of the will directed by one or more individuals that is once again as usurpations of power. And so these historians also see and admit historical events which are exceptions to the theory.

These historians resemble a botanist who having noticed that some plants grow from seeds producing two cotyledons should insist that all that grows does so by sprouting into two leaves and that the palm the mushroom and even the oak which blossom into full growth and no longer resemble two leaves are deviations from the theory.

Historians of the third class assume that the personages have power only because they fulfil the will of the people which has been delegated to them.

But in that case if the force that moves nations lies not in the historic leaders but in the nations themselves what significance have those leaders?

The leaders these historians tell us express the will of the people the activity of the leaders represents the activity of the people.

But in that case the question arises whether

all the activity of the leaders serves as an expression of the people's will or only some part of it. If the whole activity of the leaders serves as the expression of the people's will as some historians suppose then all the details of the court scandals contained in the biographies of a Napoleon or a Catherine serve to express the life of the nation which is evident nonsense but if it is only some particular side of the activity of an historical leader which serves to express the people's life as other so called philosophical historians believe then to determine which side of the activity of a leader expresses the nation's life we have first of all to know in what the nation's life consists.

Met by this difficulty historians of that class devise some most obscure impalpable and general abstraction which can cover all conceivable occurrences and declare this abstraction to be the aim of humanity's movement. The most usual generalizations adopted by almost all the historians are freedom equality enlightenment progress civilization and culture. Postulating some generalization as the goal of the movement of humanity the historians study the men of whom the greatest number of monuments have remained kings ministers generals authors reformers popes and journalists to the extent to which in their opinion these persons have promoted or hindered in any way

ization and as the connection of the people with the rulers and enlighteners of humanity is only based on the arbitrary assumption that the collective will of the people is always transferred to the men whom we have noticed it happens that the activity of the millions who migrate burn houses abandon agriculture and destroy one another never is expressed in the account of the activity of some dozen people who did not burn houses practice agriculture or slay their fellow creatures.

History proves this at every turn. Is the ferment of the peoples of the west at the end of the eighteenth century and their drive eastward explained by the activity of Louis XIV XV and XVI their mistresses and ministers and by the lives of Napoleon Rousseau Diderot Beaumarchais and others?

Is the movement of the Russian people eastward to Kazán and Siberia expressed by details of the morbid character of Ián the Terrible and by his correspondence with Kírlskí?

Is the movement of the peoples at the time

If the Crusades expl d by the l f e d
actu ry f the Godfrey nd the Lou ses nd
the r l d es? For us that m ement of the
peoples from west to st w th ut le ders
th tro d f s orants and w th Pete the
Hermit, rem s n omp eh n ble. And yet
m e comprehend n ble th essat on of that
mo eme t when rat nala d s cred a m for
the Cru de—the del era ce of Jerusalem—
h d bee d rly d fin d by h tor c le ders
P pes k gs a d kn ghts incited th peoples
t free the H ly Land but the people d n t
go f r th u kn wn cause h ch h d pr
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Th h t ry f the Godf eys nd the M e
s ers ra dently n t co the l f e f the
peoples. A d th history f the Godf eys d
the M es gers h em ned the h t ry of
Godf eys d M es g rs but the h t ry of
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St l less d es the h t ry of uth rs nd r
f rmers e pl n t us the l f e of the peoples
The h t ry of cult pl t us the
mp les d co d t n of l f e nd th ht
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t learn why ft th R f rm n th peo-
ples m sacred ther r why du g
th F e ch Rev l t n they gu l t ed o
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If we t both thes k d of h t ry as
u do by the ewest h t r s we hall h ve
the h t ry f m chs d w t r s but not
th h t ry f l e l f of th peoples.

CHAPTER V

T u e f th t n t co ta ed the
l es f lewm f th co ne t n between
thos m d th t has been f und.
Th theory th t th t b ed n
th ra l f the l l c t w ll f peo-
pl t ta h cal p rson es hy
pothes firmed by h p r e f l s-
tory

Th theory f h tra f f th llec
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perhap expl m ch th doma f j is
p d d bee s f s purposes, b t
is ppl ca t h ry soon lu
q ests f wars occur—th t
h ry bee s—h t theory expla n

Th theory em rr f tabl just because

the act of tran ference of the people s will can
n t be er fed f r t never occurred

Wh te er happe s and whoe e m y stand
t the head of aff rs the theory can always
say th t such nd such a person took the l e d
becau e the collect e v il was tran ferred to
h m.

Th repl es th s theory g es to f l tor cal
quest on ar f l ke the repl es of a man w lo
w tching the m ements of a herd of cattl
and p y n o no attent on to the vary ng qu l ty
of the p turage nd f rent parts of the field
to the dr ng of the herds m n sh uld at
tr b te th d ectu n the herd takes to what
an m l happ n to be at its head

The h rd goes in th t d rect on because
the an m l n f ont le ds t nd the collect e
w ll of all the oul er an mals s esed in th t
l der Th s is wh t h t r n s of the frst
cl ss say—those wh ssum the uncondu l
tra fe ence of the people s w ll

If th n m ls le d ng the herd ch nge th
h ppens b cau e th collect e w ll of all the
n m ls s tran ferr d from on le der to an
oul r co d to wh ther the m m l s or
n t le d o them n the d r c t n selected
by the wh le he d Such s the r ply of l s
t r n who ssum th t the collect e w ll f
the people s delegated t rul rs unde co d
t s wh ch they rega d kn wn. (W th th
m thod f ob ervat on it sten happens th t
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n the ear)

If the an m ls n f t are co t nually
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Th theory f the tran leren of the w ll
f the peopl to h t perso s is merely
p raphr est m ment f the quest n n
ther words.

Wh t causes h t cal e nts P w er Wh t
pow ? Pow th collect w ll of the
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c nditu is th w ll f the peopl delega ed

to one person? On condition that that person expresses the will of the whole people. That is power is power in other words power is a word the meaning of which we do not understand

If the realm of human knowledge were confined to abstract reasoning then having subjected to criticism the explanation of power that juridical science gives us humanity would conclude that power is merely a word and has no real existence. But to understand phenomena man has besides abstract reasoning experience by which he verifies his reflections. And experience tells us that power is not merely a word but an actually existing phenomenon.

Not to speak of the fact that no description of the collective activity of men can do without the conception of power the existence of power is proved both by history and by observing contemporary events.

Whenever an event occurs a man appears or men appear by whose will the event seems to have taken place. Napoleon III issues a decree and the French go to Mexico. The King of Prussia and Bismarck issue decrees and an army enters Bohemia. Napoleon I issues a decree and an army enters Russia. Alexander I gives a command and the French submit to the Bourbons. Experience shows us that whatever event occurs it is always related to the will of one or of several men who have decreed it.

The historians in accord with the old habit of acknowledging divine intervention in human affairs want to see the cause of events in the expression of the will of someone endowed with power but that supposition is not confirmed either by reason or by experience.

On the one side reflection shows that the expression of a man's will—his words—are only part of the general activity expressed in an event as for instance in war or a revolution and so without assuming an incomprehensible supernatural force—a miracle—one cannot admit that words can be the immediate cause of the movements of millions of men. On the other hand even if we admitted that words could be the cause of events history shows that the expression of the will of historical personages does not in most cases produce any effect that is to say their commands are often not executed and sometimes the very opposite of what they order occurs.

Without admitting divine intervention in the affairs of humanity we cannot regard

power as the cause of events.

Power from the standpoint of experience is merely the relation that exists between the expression of someone's will and the execution of that will by others.

To explain the conditions of that relation ship we must first establish a conception of the expression of will referring it to man and not to the Deity.

If the Deity issues a command expresses His will as ancient history tells us the expression of that will is independent of time and is not caused by anything for the Divinity is not controlled by an event. But speaking of commands that are the expression of the will of men acting in time and in relation to one another to explain the connection of commands with events we must restore (1) the condition of all that takes place the continuity of movement in time both of the events and of the person who commands and (2) the inevitability of the connection between the person commanding and those who execute his command.

CHAPTER VI

ONLY THE EXPRESSION of the will of the Deity not dependent on time can relate to a whole series of events occurring over a period of years or centuries and only the Deity independent of everything can by His sole will determine the direction of humanity's movement but man acts in time and himself takes part in what occurs.

Restating the first condition omitted that of time we see that no command can be executed without some preceding order having been given rendering the execution of the last command possible.

No command ever appears spontaneously or itself covers a whole series of occurrences but each command follows from another and never refers to a whole series of events but always to one moment only of an event.

When for instance we say that Napoleon ordered armies to go to war we combine in one simultaneous expression a whole series of consecutive commands dependent one on another. Napoleon could not have commanded an invasion of Russia and he did so. Today he ordered such and such papers to be written to Vienna to Berlin and to Petersburg tomorrow such and such decrees and orders to the army the fleet the commissariat and so on and so on—millions of commands which formed a whole series corresponding to a series

n any way from the other unexecuted orders
but because they coincided with the course of
events that led the French army into Russia
just as the strike was sort of a sure thing
but not because either was laid down from the
beginning at all but because it was laid

con- nand can ne er be t e e
but th t cert n def: te depe d nce e is
b etween the tw

To understand in what this depends, consider the necessity to restate an omitted condition of every command proceeding not from the Deity but from man would be that the man who gives the command himself takes part in the execution.

The relation of the commander to those
who command is just what is called power.
The relation insists in the following

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o d r s o t t w t h t h e o u r s o f e v e n t s
r e m a e x e c u t e d O l y t h e p o s s i b l e o e x
g e t t e d p w l c o n c u t e s o f c m
r e s p o d g i s e s f e n i s n d
r e x e c u t e d .

Our l i c e o r p t h t e v n t c a u e d
by c o m m a d w h c p e e d e s t d e t o t h e
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b e A p r t f r o m t h t h c h f u e o f
r t l m t e i s d e t l f t h t
t h h c a l c o n t s w h l e e s f

of the relation between these two
 points is the same

Men unite in these combinations all ways
 as much as towards one another that
 the large number take more effect
 and the small number less effect in
 the collection in which they have com-
 bined.

Of the combinations in which menu is collected at none of the most striking and definite examples is in rmy.

Every army composed of lower grades of the service—the rank and file—of whom there are always the greatest number of the next highest military rank—corporals and non-commissioned officers of whom there are few—down to the lowest grades of whom there are still fewer—and so on to the highest military command which is created one person.

A military organization may be quite co-

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iso ge eral ed t gle p ss n of
will

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a l g se f cu ed d rs of N po
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carr ed t- t because those ord rs d ff ed

of the company is of the next higher grades
of the company and so on to the present
of which will represent the company

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b The sold er l m elf doe th tabb g
h ck g bun g a d p l l g g a d a l a y s

receives orders for these actions from men above him he himself never gives an order. The noncommissioned officers (of whom there are fewer) perform the action itself less frequently than the soldiers but they already give commands. An officer still less often acts directly himself but commands still more frequently. A general does nothing but command the troops indicates the objective and hardly ever uses a weapon himself. The commander in chief never takes direct part in the action itself but only gives general orders concerning the movement of the mass of the troops. A similar relation of people to one another is seen in every combination of men for common activity—in agriculture trade and every administration.

And so without particularly analyzing all the contiguous sections of a cone and of the ranks of an army or the ranks and positions in any administrative or public business what ever from the lowest to the highest we see a law by which men to take associated action combine in such relations that the more directly they participate in performing the action the less they can command and the more numerous they are while the less their direct participation in the action itself the more they command and the fewer of them there are rising in this way from the lowest ranks to the man at the top who takes the least direct share in the action and directs his activity chiefly to commanding.

This relation of the men who command to those they command is what constitutes the essence of the conception called power.

Having restored the condition of time under which all events occur we find that a command is executed only when it is related to a corresponding series of events. Restoring the essential condition of relation between those who command and those who execute we find that by the very nature of the case those who command take the smallest part in the action itself and that their activity is exclusively directed to commanding.

CHAPTER VII

WHEN AN EVENT is taking place people express their opinions and wishes about it and as the event results from the collective activity of many people some one of the opinions or wishes expressed is sure to be fulfilled if but approximately. When one of the opinions expressed is fulfilled that opinion gets connected with the event as a command preceding it.

Men are hauling a log. Each of them expresses his opinion as to how and where to haul it. They haul the log away and it happens that . . .

about what he was doing or reflect on or command what would result from the common activity while the man who commanded more would evidently work less with his hands on account of his greater verbal activity.

When some larger concourse of men direct their activity to a common aim there is a yet sharper division of those who because their activity is given to directing and commanding take less part in the direct work.

When a man works alone he always has a certain set of reflections which as it seems to him directed his past activity justify his present activity and guide him in planning his future actions. Just the same is done by a concourse of people allowing those who do not take a direct part in the activity to devise considerations justifications and surmises concerning their collective activity.

For reasons known or unknown to us the French began to drown and kill one another. And corresponding to the event its justification appears in people's belief that this was necessary for the welfare of France for liberty and for equality. People ceased to kill one another and this event was accompanied by its justification in the necessity for a centralization of power resistance to Europe and so on. Men went from the west to the east killing their fellow men and the event was accompanied by phrases about the glory of France the baseness of England and so on. History shows us that these justifications of the events have no common sense and are all contradictory as in the case of killing a man as the result of recognizing his rights and the killing of millions in Russia for the humiliation of England. But these justifications on their own necessary significance in their own law.

These justifications release those who produce the events from moral responsibility. These temporary aims are like the broom fixed in front of a locomotive to clear the snow from the rails in front they clear men's moral responsibilities from their path.

Without such justification there would be no reply to the simplest question that presents itself when examining each historical event. How is it that millions of men commit collec-

to e crimes—make war comm t mu de and

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What h ppen t l w y s p pears th t
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cu w d not kn w W nly know th t t
p d the o the th t people
m b n e t f m t n h ch th y
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it is unthinkable otherwise or in other words that it is a law

CHAPTER VIII

IF HISTORY DEALT only with external phenomena the establishment of this simple and obvious law would suffice and we should have finished our argument. But the law of history relates to man. A particle of matter cannot tell us that it does not feel the law of attraction or repulsion and that that law is untrue but man who is the subject of history says plainly I am free and am therefore not subject to the law.

The presence of the problem of man's free will though unexpressed is felt at every step of history.

All seriously thinking historians have involuntarily encountered this question. All the contradictions and obscurities of history and the false path historical science has followed are due solely to the lack of a solution of that question.

If the will of every man were free that is if each man could act as he pleased all history would be a series of disconnected incidents.

If in a thousand years even one man in a million could act freely that is as he chose it is evident that one single free act of that man's in violation of the laws governing human action would destroy the possibility of the existence of any laws for the whole of humanity.

If there be a single law governing the actions of men free will cannot exist for then man's will is subject to that law.

In this contradiction lies the problem of free will which from most ancient times has occupied the best human minds and from most

subject of observation from whatever point of view—theological, historical, ethical or philosophic—we find a general law of necessity to which he (like all that exists) is subject. But regarding him from within ourselves as what we are conscious of we feel ourselves to be free.

This consciousness is a source of self cognition quite apart from and independent of reason. Through his reason man observes himself but only through consciousness does he know himself.

Apart from consciousness of self no observation or application of reason is conceivable.

To understand observe and draw conclusions man must first of all be conscious of himself as living. A man is only conscious of himself as a living being by the fact that he wills that is is conscious of his volition. But his will—which forms the essence of his life—man recognizes (and can but recognize) as free.

If observing himself man sees that his will is always directed by one and the same law (whether he observes the necessity of taking food using his brain or anything else) he can not recognize this never varying direction of his will other wise than as a limitation of it. Were it not free it could not be limited. A man's will seems to him to be limited just because it is free.

that this illogical reply is an irrefutable demonstration of freedom.

That reply is the expression of a consciousness that is not subject to reason.

If the consciousness of freedom were not a separate and independent source of self consciousness it would be subject to reasoning and to experience but in fact such subjection does not exist and is inconceivable.

A series of experiments and arguments proves to every man that he as an object of observation is subject to certain laws and man

experiments and arguments proves to him the complete freedom of which he is conscious in himself is impossible and that his every action depends on his organization his character and the motives acting upon him yet man never submits to the deductions of these experiments and arguments. Having learned from experiment and argument that a stone falls downwards a man indubitably believes this and always expects the law that he has learned to be fulfilled.

But learning just as certainly that his will is subject to laws he does not and cannot believe this.

However often experiment and reasoning may show a man that under the same conditions and with the same character he will do the same thing as before yet when under the same conditions and with the same character he approaches for the thousandth time the action that always ends in the same way he feels as certainly convinced as before that experiment that he can act as he pleases. Every man

ing they can solve this question are like plasterers set to plaster one side of the walls of a church who availing themselves of the absence of the chief superintendent of the work should in an access of zeal plaster over the windows icons woodwork and still unbutressed walls and should be delighted that from their point of view as plasterers every thing is now so smooth and regular

CHAPTER IX

FOR THE SOLUTION of the question of free will or inevitability history has this advantage over other branches of knowledge in which the question is dealt with that for history this question does not refer to the essence of man's free will but to its manifestation in the past and under certain conditions

In regard to this question history stands to the other sciences as experimental science stands to abstract science

The subject for history is not man's will itself but our presentation of it

And so for history the insoluble mystery presented by the incompatibility of free will and inevitability does not exist as it does for theology ethics and philosophy History surveys a presentation of man's life in which the union of these two contradictions has already taken place

In actual life each historic event each human action is very clearly and definitely understood without any sense of contradiction although each event presents itself as partly free and partly compulsory

To solve the question of how freedom and necessity are combined and what constitutes the essence of these two conceptions the philosophy of history can and should follow a path contrary to that taken by other sciences

Instead of deducing a definition of the conception of freedom and inevitability themselves from the immense quantity of phenomena of which it is cognizant and that always appear dependent on these two elements

Whatever presentation of the activity of many men or of an individual we may consider we always regard it as the result partly of man's free will and partly of the law of inevitability

Whether we speak of the migration of the peoples and the incursions of the barbarians or of the decrees of Napoleon III or of some

one's action an hour ago in choosing

freedom governing the actions of these people is clearly defined for us

Our conception of the degree of freedom often varies according to differences in the point of view from which we regard the event but every human action appears to us as a certain combination of freedom and inevitability In every action we examine we see a certain measure of freedom and a certain measure of inevitability And always the more freedom we see in any action the less inevitability do we perceive and the more inevitability the less freedom

The proportion of freedom to inevitability decreases and increases according to the point of view from which the action is regarded but their relation is always one of inverse proportion

A sinking man who clutches at another and drowns him or a hungry mother exhausted by feeding her baby who steals some food or a man trained to discipline who on duty at the word of command kills a defenseless man—seem less guilty that is less free and more subject to the law of necessity to one who knows the circumstances in which these people were placed and more free to one who does not know that the man was himself drowning that the mother was hungry that the soldier was in the ranks and so on Similarly a man who committed a murder twenty years ago and has since lived peaceably and harmlessly in society seems less guilty and his action more due to the law of inevitability to someone who considers his action after twenty years have elapsed than to one who examined it the day after it was committed And in the same way every action of an insane intoxicated or highly excited man appears less free and more inevitable to one who knows the mental condition of him who committed the action and seems more free and less inevitable to one who does not know it In all these cases the conception of freedom is increased or diminished and the conception of compulsion is correspondingly decreased or increased according to the point of view from which the action is regarded So that the greater the conception of necessity the smaller the conception of freedom and vice versa

Religion the common sense of mankind the science of jurisprudence and history itself understand alike this relation between

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duced by observation and by which man is controlled and the more correctly we perceive the physiological psychological and historical causes of the action and the simpler the action we are observing and the less complex the character and mind of the man in question the more subject to inevitability and the less free do our actions and those of others appear.

When we do not at all understand the cause of an action whether a crime a good action or even one that is simply nonmoral we ascribe a greater amount of freedom to it. In the case of a crime we most urgently demand the punishment for such an act in the case of a virtuous act we rate its merit much highly. In an indifferent case we recognize in it more individuality originality and independence. But if even one of the innumerable causes of the act is known to us we recognize a certain element of necessity and are less insistent on punishment for the crime or the acknowledgment of the merit of the virtuous act or the freedom

the conception of irresponsibility for crimes and the extenuating circumstances admitted by all legislative codes. The responsibility appears greater or less according to our greater or lesser knowledge of the circumstances in which the man was placed whose action is being judged and according to the greater or lesser interval of time between the commission of the action and its investigation and according to the greater or lesser understanding of the causes that led to the action.

CHAPTER X

THUS OUR CONCEPTION OF free will and inevitability gradually diminishes or increases according to the greater or lesser connection with the external world the greater or lesser remoteness of time and the greater or lesser dependence on the causes in relation to which we contemplate a man's life.

So that if we examine the case of a man whose connection with the external world is well known where the time between the action and its examination is great and where the causes of the action are most accessible we get the conception of a maximum of inevitability and a minimum of free will. If we examine a man little dependent on external conditions whose action is performed very recently and the causes of whose action are beyond our ken we get the conception of a minimum of inevitability and a maximum of freedom.

In neither case—however we may change our point of view—however plain we may make to ourselves the connection between the man and the external world—however inaccessible it may be to us—however long or short the period of time—however intelligible or inconceivable the causes of the action may be—can we ever conceive either complete freedom or complete necessity.

(1) To whatever degree we may imagine a man to be exempt from the influence of the external world we never get a concept of no freedom in space. Every human action is inevitably conditioned by what surrounds him and by his own body. I lift my arm and let it fall. My action seems to me free. I ask myself whether I could raise my arm in every direction. I see that I raised it in the direction in which there was least obstruction to that action either from things around me or from the construction of my own body. I chose one out of all the possible directions because in it there were fewest obstacles. For my arm to be free it was necessary that it should encoun-

or mother or self sacrifice with the possibility of a reward is more comprehensible than gratuitous self sacrifice and therefore seems less deserving of sympathy and less the result of free will. The founder of a sect or party or an inventor impresses us less when we know how or by what the way was prepared for his activity. If we have a large range of examples of our observation is constantly directed to seeking the correlation of cause and effect in people's actions. Their actions appear to us more under compulsion and less free the more correctly we connect the effects with the causes. If we examined simple actions and had a vast number of such actions under observation our conception of their inevitability would be still

The dishonest conduct of the son of

relapse into drunkenness. Actions that seem to us less free the better we understand their cause. If the man whose actions we are considering is on a very low stage of mental development like a child a madman or a simpleton—then knowing the causes of the act and the simplicity of the character and intelligence in question we see so large an element of necessity and so little free will that as soon as we know the cause prompting the action we can foretell the result.

On these three considerations alone is based

on the universe is constructed—the incomprehensible essence of life and the laws defining that essence

Reason says (1) space with all the forms of matter that give it visibility is infinite and cannot be imagined otherwise (2) Time is infinite motion without a moment of rest and is unthinkable otherwise (3) The connection between cause and effect has no beginning and can have no end

Consciousness says (1) I alone am and all that exists is but me consequently I include space (2) I measure flowing time by the fixed moment of the present in which alone I am conscious of myself as living consequently I am outside time (3) I am beyond cause for I feel myself to be the cause of every manifestation of my life

Reason gives expression to the laws of inevitability Consciousness gives expression to the essence of freedom

Freedom not limited by anything is the essence of life in man's consciousness Inevitability without content is man's reason in its three forms

Freedom is the thing examined Inevitability is what examines Freedom is the content Inevitability is the form

Only by separating the two sources of cognition related to one another as form to content do we get the mutually exclusive and separately incomprehensible conceptions of freedom and inevitability

Only by uniting them do we get a clear conception of man's life

Apart from these two concepts which in their union mutually define one another as form and content no conception of life is possible

All that we know of the life of man is merely a certain relation of free will to inevitability that is of consciousness to the laws of reason

All that we know of the external world of nature is only a certain relation of the forces of nature to inevitability or of the essence of life to the laws of reason

The great natural forces lie outside us and we are not conscious of them we call those forces gravitation inertia electricity animal force and so on but we are conscious of the force of life in man and we call that freedom

But just as the force of gravitation incomprehensible in itself but felt by every man is understood by us only to the extent to which we know the laws of inevitability to which it is subject (from the first knowledge that all

bodies have weight up to Newton's law) so too the force of free will incomprehensible in itself but of which everyone is conscious is intelligible to us only in as far as we know the laws of inevitability to which it is subject (from the fact that every man dies up to the knowledge of the most complex economic and historic laws)

All knowledge is merely a bringing of this essence of life under the laws of reason

Man's free will differs from every other force in that man is directly conscious of it but in the eyes of reason it in no way differs from any other force The forces of gravitation electricity or chemical affinity are only distinguished from one another in that they are differently defined by reason Just so the force of man's free will is distinguished by reason from the other forces of nature only by the definition reason gives it Freedom apart from necessity that is apart from the laws of reason that define it differs in no way from gravitation or heat or the force that makes things grow for reason it is only a momentary undefinable sensation of life

And as the undefinable essence of the force moving the heavenly bodies the undefinable essence of the forces of heat and electricity or of chemical affinity or of the vital force forms the content of astronomy physics chemistry botany zoology and so on just in the same way does the force of free will form the content of history But just as the subject of every science is the manifestation of this unknown essence of life's life that essence itself can only be the subject of metaphysics even so the manifestation of the force of free will in human beings in space in time and in dependence on cause forms the subject of history while free will itself is the subject of metaphysics

In the experimental sciences what we know we call the laws of inevitability what is unknown to us we call vital force Vital force is only an expression for the unknown remainder over and above what we know of the essence of life

So also in history what is known to us we call laws of inevitability what is unknown we call free will Free will is for history only an expression for the unknown remainder of what we know about the laws of human life

CHAPTER VI

HISTORY EXAMINES the manifestations of man's free will in connection with the external world in time and in dependence on cause that is

SECOND EPILOGUE

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CHAPTER VII

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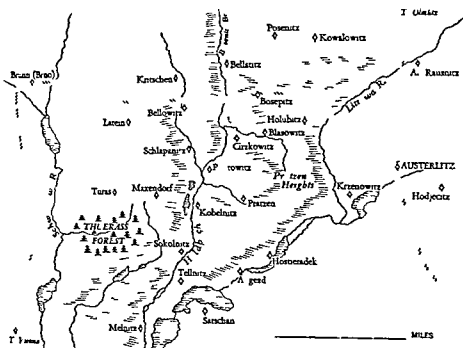
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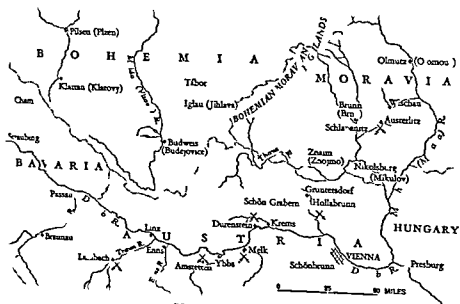
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CHAPTER VI

HISTORY EXAMINES the manifestations of man's free will in connection with the external world in time and in dependence on cause that is



I BATTLE OF AUSTERLITZ



II WAR OF 1805

the migrations can no longer be regarded as the cause

And yet the former history continues to be

philology and geography
dictate its assumptions

The struggle between the old views and the new was long and stubbornly fought out in physical philosophy. Theology stood on guard for the old views and accused the new of violating revelation. But when truth conquered, theology established itself just as firmly on the new foundation.

accuses the new view of subverting revelation

In the one case as in the other, on both sides the struggle provokes passion and stifles truth. On the one hand there is fear and regret for the loss of the whole edifice constructed through the ages; on the other is the passion for destruction.

To the men who fought against the rising truths of physical philosophy it seemed that if they admitted that truth it would destroy faith in God, in the creation of the firmament and in the miracle of Joshua the son of Nun. To the defenders of the laws of Copernicus and Newton, to Voltaire for example, it seemed that the laws of astronomy destroyed religion and he utilized the law of gravitation as a weapon against religion.

Just so it now seems as if we have only to admit the law of inevitability to destroy the conception of the soul of good and evil and all the institutions of state and church that have been built up on those conceptions.

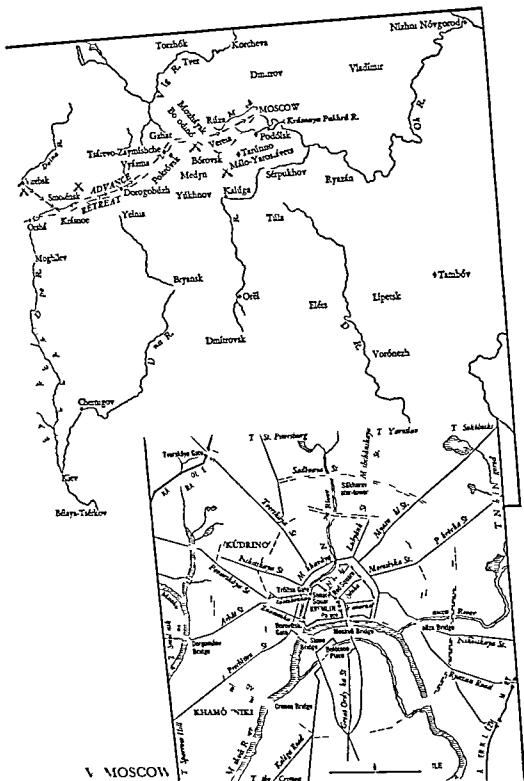
So too like Voltaire in his time, uninvited

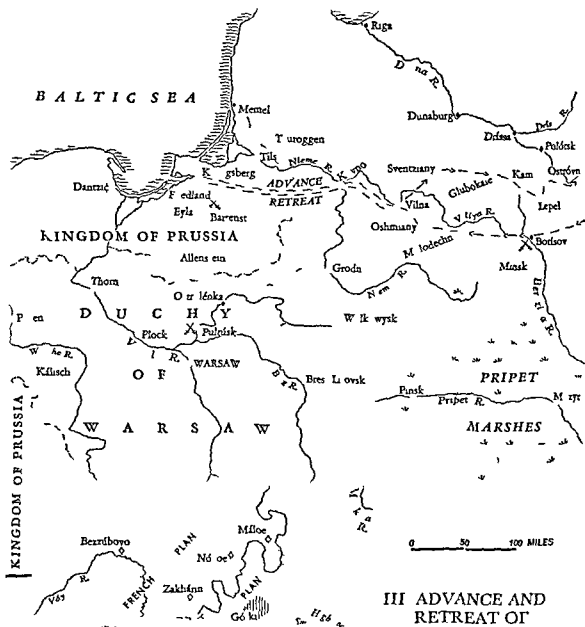
defenders of the law of inevitability today use that law as a weapon against religion. Though the law of inevitability in history like the law of Copernicus in astronomy far from destroying even strengthens the foundation on which the institutions of state and church are erected.

As in the question of astronomy then, so in the question of history now, the whole difference of opinion is based on the recognition or nonrecognition of something absolute serving as the measure of visible phenomena. In astronomy it was the immovability of the earth; in history it is the independence of personality—free will.

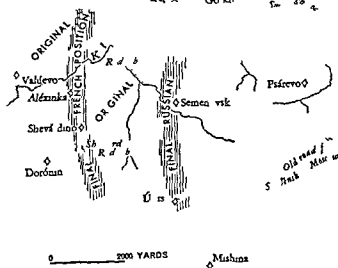
As with astronomy the difficulty of recognizing the motion of the earth lay in abandoning the immediate sensation of the earth's fixity and of the motion of the planets, so in history the difficulty of recognizing the subjection of personality to the laws of space, time and cause lies in renouncing the direct feeling of the independence of one's own personality. But as in astronomy the new view said, "It is true that we do not feel the movement of the earth, but by admitting its immobility we arrive at absurdity, while by admitting its motion (which we do not feel) we arrive at laws," so also in history the new view says, "It is true that we are not conscious of our dependence, but by admitting our free will we arrive at absurdity, while by admitting our dependence on the external world on time and on cause we arrive at laws."

In the first case it is necessary to renounce the consciousness of an unreal immobility in space and to recognize a motion we did not feel; in the present case it is similarly necessary to renounce a freedom that does not exist and to recognize a dependence of which we are not conscious.





III ADVANCE AND RETREAT OF NAPOLEON 1812



IV BORODINÓ

